FCC RADIO TEST REPORT

According to

47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C § 15.247

Equipment	: WIFI BacPac
Brand Name	GoPro
Model	AWIFI-001
Marketing Name	: WiFi BacPac
Filing Type	New Application
Applicant	Woodman Labs dba GoPro 2450 Cabrillo Highway Ste 250 Half Moon Bay California United States 94019
FCC ID	CNF-WIFIBP-001
Manufacturer	Chicony Electronics Co., Ltd No.25, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Dist., New Taipei City 248, Taiwan (R.O.C.)
Received Date Final Test Date	: Dec. 30, 2011 : Mar. 01, 2012

Statement

Test result included is only for the Bluetooth part of the product.

The test result in this report refers exclusively to the presented test model / sample.

Without written approval of SPORTON International Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full. The measurements and test results shown in this test report were made in accordance with the procedures and found in compliance with the limit given in **ANSI C63.4-2003** and **47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C**. The test equipment used to perform the test is calibrated and traceable to NML/ROC.



SPORTON International Inc.

No. 52 Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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History of This Test Report

Original Issue Date: Mar. 21, 2012 Report No.: FR1D1003-01AD

■ No additional attachment.

Additional attachment were issued as following record:

Attachment No.	Issue Date	Description

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

According to

47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C § 15.247

Equipment	:	WIFI BacPac
Brand Name	:	GoPro
Model	:	AWIFI-001
Applicant	:	Woodman Labs dba GoPro
		2450 Cabrillo Highway Ste 250 Half Moon Bay California United States 94019

Sporton International as requested by the applicant to evaluate the EMC performance of the product sample received on Dec. 30, 2011 would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated and found to be in compliance with the tested rule parts. The data recorded as well as the test configuration specified is true and accurate for showing the sample's EMC nature.

Wayne Hsu / Assistant Manager

SPORTON International Inc.

No.52 Hwa Ya 1st Rd, Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

1 SUMMARY OF THE TEST RESULT

	Applied Standard: 47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C							
Part	Rule Section	Result	Under Limit					
3.1	15.207	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Complies	15.21 dB				
3.2	15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Output Power	Complies	26.78 dB				
3.3	15.247(a)(1)	Hopping Channel Separation	Complies	-				
3.4	15.247(b)(1)	Number of Hopping Frequency	Complies	-				
3.5	15.247(a)(1)	Dwell Time	Complies	-				
3.6	15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions	Complies	3.11 dB				
3.7	15.247(d)	Band Edge Emissions	Complies	6.06 dB				
3.8	15.203	Antenna Requirements	Complies	-				

Test Items	Uncertainty	Remark
AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	±2.3dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Peak Output Power	±0.8dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Hopping Channel Separation	±8.5×10 ⁻⁸	Confidence levels of 95%
Radiated Emissions (9kHz~30MHz)	±0.8dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1000MHz)	±1.9dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Radiated / Band Edge Emissions (1GHz~18GHz)	±1.9dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Radiated Emissions (18GHz~40GHz)	±1.9dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Temperature	±0.7 ℃	Confidence levels of 95%
Humidity	±3.2%	Confidence levels of 95%
DC / AC Power Source	±1.4%	Confidence levels of 95%

2 GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 Product Details

Only the radio detail of Bluetooth is shown in this report. For more detailed features description, please refer to the specifications or user's manual.

Items	Description
Power Type	5Vdc from host ; 3.7Vdc Li-ion battery
Modulation	FHSS (GFSK)
Data Rate (Mbps)	GFSK: 1/ π/4-DQPSK: 2/ 8DPSK: 3
Frequency Range 2400 ~ 2483.5MHz	
Channel Number 79	
Channel Band Width (99%)	1.242 MHz
Conducted Output Power	3.22 dBm

2.2 Table for Filed Antenna

Antenna Category Information				
Equipment placed on the market without antennas				
Integral antenna (antenna permanently attached)				
Temporary RF connector provided				
No temporary RF connector provided				
External antenna (dedicated antennas)				
Single power level with corresponding antenna(s)				
Multiple power settings and corresponding antenna(s)				
Professional Install				
Unique antenna connector				
BIOS lock.				

Antenna General Information						
Ant. No. Category Type Gain (dBi)						
1	Internal	PIFA	2.93			

2.3 Table for Carrier Frequencies

For Bluetooth 2.1+EDR

Frequency Band	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)
	0	2402	20	2422	40	2442	60	2462
	1	2403	21	2423	41	2443	61	2463
	2	2404	22	2424	42	2444	62	2464
	3	2405	23	2425	43	2445	63	2465
	4	2406	24	2426	44	2446	64	2466
	5	2407	25	2427	45	2447	65	2467
	6	2408	26	2428	46	2448	66	2468
	7	2409	27	2429	47	2449	67	2469
	8	2410	28	2430	48	2450	68	2470
2400 ~ 2483.5MHz	9	2411	29	2431	49	2451	69	2471
2400 ~ 2463.510112	10	2412	30	2432	50	2452	70	2472
	11	2413	31	2433	51	2453	71	2473
	12	2414	32	2434	52	2454	72	2474
	13	2415	33	2435	53	2455	73	2475
	14	2416	34	2436	54	2456	74	2476
	15	2417	35	2437	55	2457	75	2477
	16	2418	36	2438	56	2458	76	2478
	17	2419	37	2439	57	2459	77	2479
	18	2420	38	2440	58	2460	78	2480
	19	2421	39	2441	59	2461	-	-

2.4 Table for Test Modes

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

Test Items	Mode	Data Rate	Channel
AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Radiated Emissions Below 1GHz	Transmitter Mode	-	-
Maximum Peak Output Power	GFSK/π/4-DQPSK / 8DPSK	1 Mbps/ 2 Mbps/ 3 Mbps	0/39/78
Hopping Channel Separation	8DPSK	3 Mbps	0~1/39~40/77~78
Number of Hopping Frequency	8DPSK	3 Mbps	0~78
Dwell Time	DH1/DH3/DH5	3 Mbps	0/39/78
Radiated Emissions Above 1GHz	8DPSK	3 Mbps	0/39/78
Fundamental Emissions	GFSK/π/4-DQPSK / 8DPSK	1 Mbps/ 2 Mbps/ 3 Mbps	0/39/78
Band Edge Emissions	8DPSK	3 Mbps	0/78

2.5 Table for Testing Locations

Test Site No.	Site Category	Location			
CO04-HY	Conduction	Hwa Ya			
TH01-HY	OVEN Room	Hwa Ya			
03CH02-HY SAC Hwa Ya					
Cami Anachaia Chambar (CAC)					

Semi Anechoic Chamber (SAC).

2.6 Table for Supporting Units

Support Unit	Brand	Model	FCC ID
Notebook	DELL	E5520	DoC
HD HERO Cameras	GoPro	HER02	
Test Fixture			

**The HD HERO Cameras supporting Unit provide by customer.

2.7 Table for Parameters of Test Software Setting

During testing, Channel & Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.

Power Parameters of Bluetooth

Test Software Version	ttermpro-BP			
Frequency	2402	2441	2480	
Power Parameters (1Mbps)	11	11	11	
Power Parameters (2Mbps)	11	11	11	
Power Parameters (3Mbps)	11	11	11	

2.8 EUT Operation during Test

An executive program, "EMCTEST.exe" under Win XP, which generates a complete line of continuously repeating "H" pattern was used as the test software.

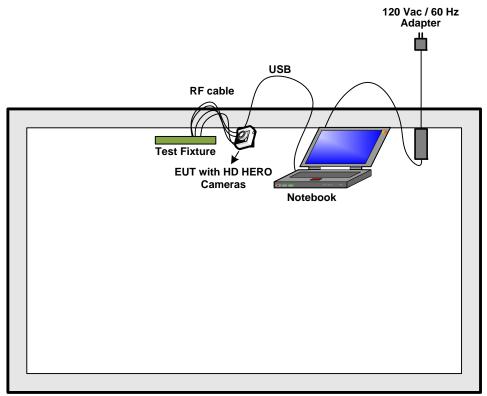
The programs were executed as follows:

- a. Turn on the power of all equipment.
- b. The NB reads the test program from the hard disk drive and runs it.
- c. The NB sends "H" messages to the internal hard disk, and the hard disk reads and writes the message.
- d. The NB sends "H" messages to the panel and displays "H" patterns on the screen.
- e. Repeat the steps from c to d.

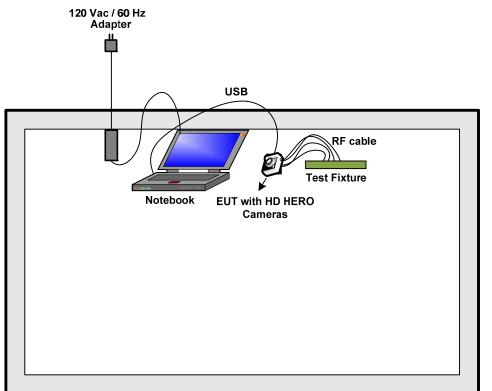
- Executed "ttermpro-BP" to keep transmitting signals at fixed frequency.

2.9 Test Configuration

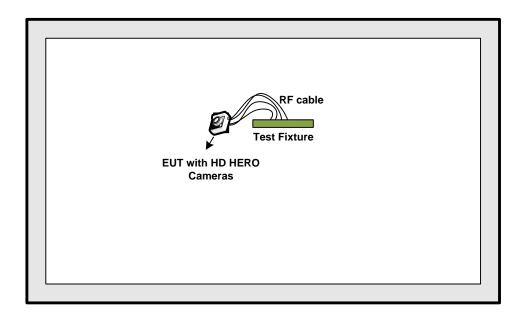
For conducted emissions



For radiated emissions 9kHz~1GHz



For radiated emissions above 1GHz



SPORTON International Inc.	Page No.	: 6 of 51
TEL : 886-2-2696-2468	Issued Date	: Mar. 21, 2012
FAX : 886-2-2696-2255	FCC ID	: CNF-WIFIBP-001

3 TEST RESULT

3.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Measurement

3.1.1 Limit

For this product which is designed to be connected to the AC power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed below limits table.

Class B

Frequency (MHz)	QP Limit (dBuV)	AV Limit (dBuV)
0.15~0.5	66~56	56~46
0.5~5	56	46
5~30	60	50

3.1.2 Measuring Instruments and Setting

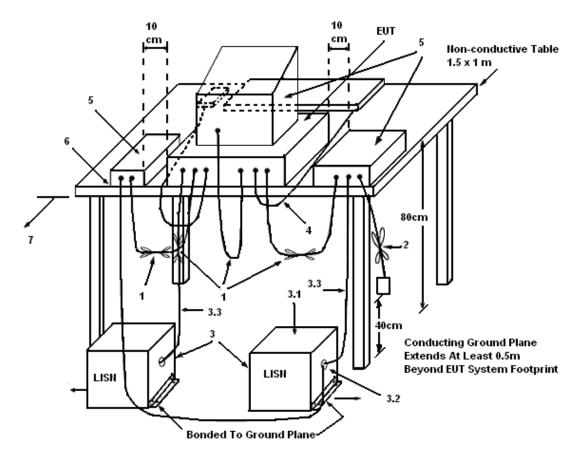
Please refer to section 4 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of the receiver.

Receiver Parameters	Setting
Attenuation	10 dB
Start Frequency	0.15 MHz
Stop Frequency	30 MHz
IF Bandwidth	9 KHz

3.1.3 Test Procedures

- 1. Configure the EUT according to ANSI C63.4. The EUT or host of EUT has to be placed 0.4 meter far from the conducting wall of the shielding room and at least 80 centimeters from any other grounded conducting surface.
- 2. Connect EUT or host of EUT to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
- 3. All the support units are connected to the other LISNs. The LISN should provide 50uH/50ohms coupling impedance.
- 4. The frequency range from 150 KHz to 30 MHz was searched.
- 5. Set the test-receiver system to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- 6. The measurement has to be done between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

3.1.4 Test Setup Layout



LEGEND:

(1) Interconnecting cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the ground plane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle 30 to 40 cm long.

(2) I/O cables that are not connected to a peripheral shall be bundled in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated, if required, using the correct terminating impedance. The overall length shall not exceed 1 m.

(3) EUT connected to one LISN. Unused LISN measuring port connectors shall be terminated in 50 Ω . LISN can be placed on top of, or immediately beneath, reference ground plane.

(3.1) All other equipment powered from additional LISN(s).

(3.2) Multiple outlet strip can be used for multiple power cords of non-EUT equipment.

(3.3) LISN at least 80 cm from nearest part of EUT chassis.

(4) Cables of hand-operated devices, such as keyboards, mice, etc., shall be placed as for normal use.

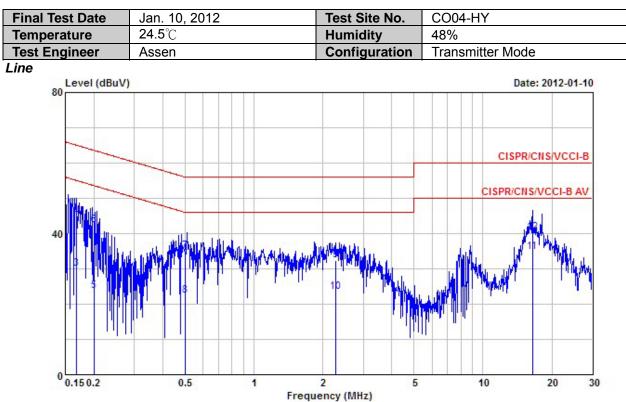
(5) Non-EUT components of EUT system being tested.

(6) Rear of EUT, including peripherals, shall all be aligned and flush with rear of tabletop.

(7) Rear of tabletop shall be 40 cm removed from a vertical conducting plane that is bonded to the ground plane.

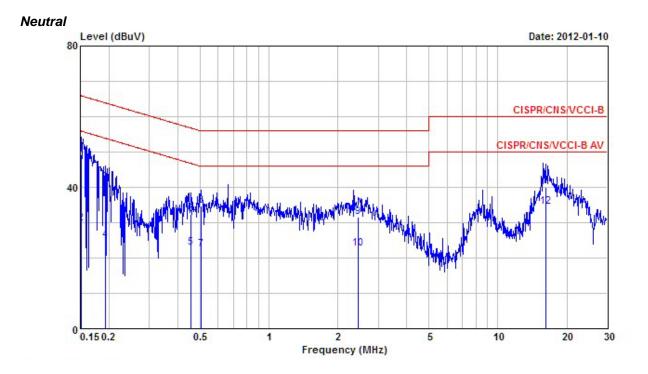
3.1.5 Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.



3.1.6 Results of AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Measurement

			Over	Limit	Read	LISN	Cable	
	Freq	Level	Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1	0.1500000	47.62	-18.38	66.00	47.06	0.30	0.26	QP
2	0.1500000	28.84	-27.16	56.00	28.28	0.30	0.26	Average
з	0.1676540	29.97	-25.11	55.08	29.39	0.30	0.28	Average
4	0.1676540	44.68	-20.40	65.08	44.10	0.30	0.28	QP
5	0.2010370	23.73	-29.84	53.57	23.13	0.30	0.30	Average
6	0.2010370	42.48	-21.09	63.57	41.88	0.30	0.30	QP
7	0.5028190	34.88	-21.12	56.00	34.57	0.29	0.02	QP
8	0.5028190	22.37	-23.63	46.00	22.06	0.29	0.02	Average
9	2.280	32.44	-23.56	56.00	32.04	0.32	0.08	QP
10	2.280	23.37	-22.63	46.00	22.97	0.32	0.08	Average
11	16.490	34.79	-15.21	50.00	34.10	0.55	0.14	Average
12	16.490	40.37	-19.63	60.00	39.68	0.55	0.14	QP



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1	0.1507970	49.25	-16.71	65.96	48.72	0.27	0.26	QP
2	0.1507970	29.69	-26.27	55.96	29.16	0.27	0.26	Average
3	0.1930290	41.22	-22.69	63.91	40.67	0.25	0.30	QP
4	0.1930290	25.06	-28.85	53.91	24.51	0.25	0.30	Average
5	0.4539490	22.95	-23.85	46.80	22.70	0.24	0.01	Average
6	0.4539490	32.50	-24.30	56.80	32.25	0.24	0.01	QP
7	0.5046930	22.28	-23.72	46.00	22.02	0.24	0.02	Average
8	0.5046930	34.83	-21.17	56.00	34.57	0.24	0.02	QP
9	2.450	31.55	-24.45	56.00	31.20	0.28	0.07	QP
10	2.450	22.53	-23.47	46.00	22.18	0.28	0.07	Average
11	16.190	39.97	-20.03	60.00	39.37	0.45	0.15	QP
12	16.190	34.47	-15.53	50.00	33.87	0.45	0.15	Average

Note:

Level = Read Level + LISN Factor + Cable Loss.

3.2 Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement

3.2.1 Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, the limit for peak output power is 30dBm. The limited has to be reduced by the amount in dB that the gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. In case of point-to-point operation, the limit has to be reduced by 1dB for every 3dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

3.2.2 Measuring Instruments and Setting

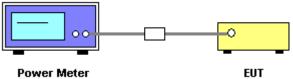
Please refer to section 4 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of the power meter.

Power Meter Parameter	Setting
Filter No.	Auto
Measurement time	0.135 s ~ 26 s
Used Peak Sensor	MA2411B

3.2.3 Test Procedures

- 1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the power meter.
- 2. Turn on the EUT and power meter and then record the peak power value.
- Repeat above procedures on all channels needed to be tested. 3.

3.2.4 Test Setup Layout



EUT

3.2.5 Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

EUT Operation during Test 3.2.6

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

3.2.7 Test Result of Maximum Peak Output Power

Final Test Date	Mar. 01, 2012	Test Site No.	TH01-HY
Temperature	22.5 ℃	Humidity	33%
Test Engineer	lan	Configurations	GFSK / π/4-DQPSK / 8DPSK

1Mbps

Channel	Frequency	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. Limit (dBm)	Result
0	2402	0.57	30.00	Complies
39	2441	0.18	30.00	Complies
78	2480	-0.61	30.00	Complies

2Mbps

Channel	Frequency	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. Limit (dBm)	Result
0	2402	2.86	30.00	Complies
39	2441	2.35	30.00	Complies
78	2480	1.54	30.00	Complies

3Mbps

Channel	Frequency	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. Limit (dBm)	Result
0	2402	3.22	30.00	Complies
39	2441	2.70	30.00	Complies
78	2480	1.96	30.00	Complies

3.3 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement

3.3.1 Limit

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

3.3.2 Measuring Instruments and Setting

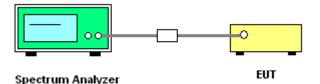
Please refer to section 4 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span Frequency	> Measurement Bandwidth or Channel Separation
RB	100 kHz (20dB Bandwidth) / 100 kHz (Channel Separation)
VB	300 kHz (20dB Bandwidth) / 300 kHz (Channel Separation)
Detector	Peak
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	Auto

3.3.3 Test Procedures

- 1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz were utilized for 20 dB bandwidth measurement.
- 3. The resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz were utilized for channel separation measurement.

3.3.4 Test Setup Layout



3.3.5 Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

3.3.6 EUT Operation during Test

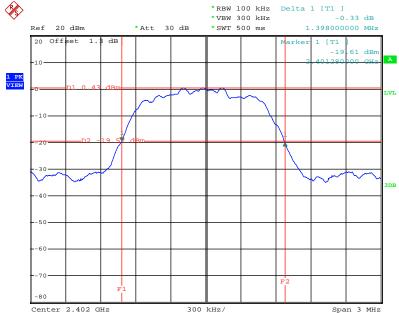
The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

3.3.7 Test Result of Hopping Channel Separation

Final Test Date	Mar. 01, 2012	Test Site No.	TH01-HY
Temperature	22.5 ℃	Humidity	33%
Test Engineer	lan	Configurations	8DPSK
-			

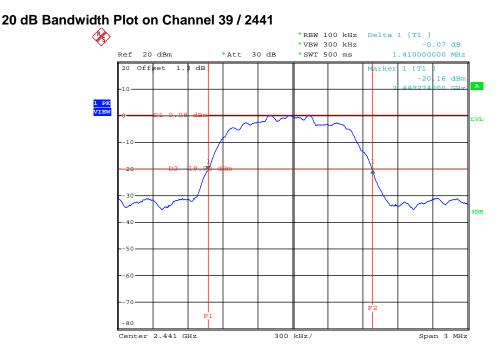
Frequency	Ch. Separation (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
2402	1.002	1.398	1.230	Complies
2441	1.002	1.410	1.242	Complies
2480	1.002	1.410	1.242	Complies

Ch. Separation Limits: >20dB bandwidth

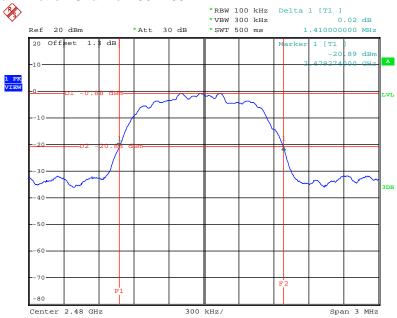


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 0 / 2402

Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:11:13



Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:17:18



20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78 / 2480

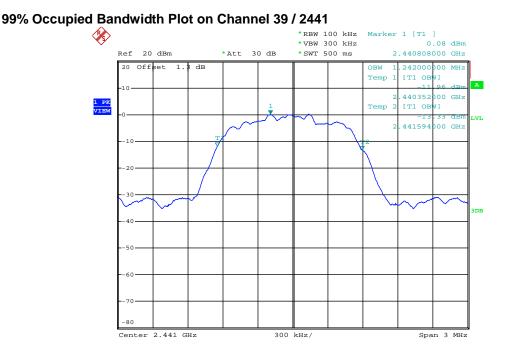
Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:24:04

SPORTON International Inc.		
TEL : 886-2-2696-2468		
FAX : 886-2-2696-2255		

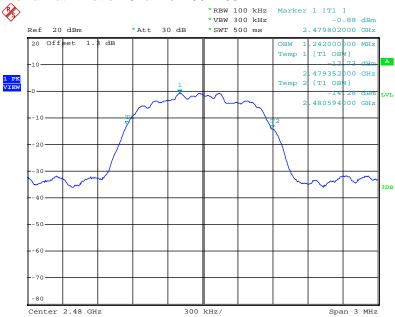


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 0 / 2402

Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:11:25

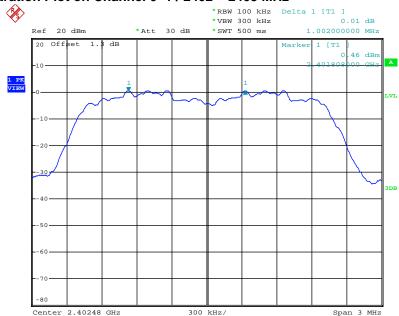


Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:17:27



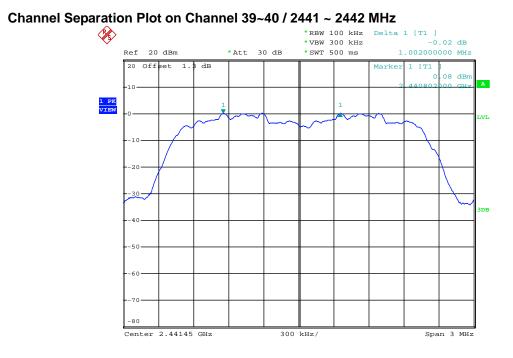
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78 / 2480

Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:24:12



Channel Separation Plot on Channel 0~1 / 2402 ~ 2403 MHz

Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:15:53



Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:18:27



Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77~78 / 2479 MHz ~ 2480

Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:26:23

3.4 Number of Hopping Frequency Measurement

3.4.1 Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels.

3.4.2 Measuring Instruments and Setting

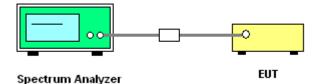
Please refer to section 4 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer.

Spectrum Parameters	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span Frequency	> Operating Frequency Range
RB	100 kHz
VB	300 kHz
Detector	Peak
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	Auto

3.4.3 Test Procedures

- 1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz were utilized.
- 3. Observe frequency hopping in 2400MHz~2483.5MHz, there are at least 75 non-overlapping channels.

3.4.4 Test Setup Layout



3.4.5 Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

3.4.6 EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

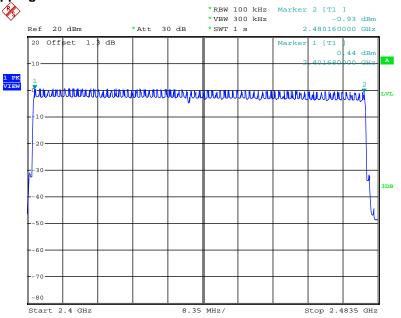
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3.4.7 Test Result of Number of Hopping Frequency

Final Test Date	Mar. 01, 2012	Test Site No.	TH01-HY
Temperature	22.5 ℃	Humidity	33%
Test Engineer	lan	Configurations	8DPSK

Modulation	Channel	Frequency	Hopping Ch.	Min. Limit	Test Result
Type	No.	(MHz)	(Channels)	(Channels)	
8DPSK	0 ~ 78	2402 ~ 2480	79	75	Complies

Number of Hopping Channel Plot on Channel 0~78 / 2402 ~ 2480



Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:38:14

3.5 Dwell Time Measurement

3.5.1 Limit

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

3.5.2 Measuring Instruments and Setting

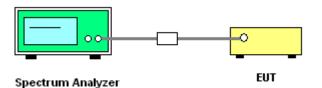
Please refer to section 4 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span Frequency	0 MHz
RB	1 MHz
VB	1 MHz
Detector	Peak
Trace	Single Trigger

3.5.3 Test Procedures

- 1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer
- 2. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1MHz and VBW to 1MHz.
- 3. Use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full pulses.
- 4. Sweep Time is more than once pulse time.
- 5. Set the center frequency on any frequency would be measure and set the frequency span to zero span.
- 6. Measure the maximum time duration of one single pulse.
- 7. Set the EUT for DH5, DH3 and DH1 packet transmitting.
- 8. Measure the maximum time duration of one single pulse.
- DH5 Packet permit maximum 1600/ 79 / 6 = 3.37 hops per second in each channel (5 time slots RX, 1 time slot TX). So, the dwell time is the time duration of the pulse times 3.37 x 31.6 = 106.6 within 31.6 seconds
- DH3 Packet permit maximum 1600 / 79 / 4 = 5.06 hops per second in each channel (3 time slots RX, 1 time slot TX). So, the dwell time is the time duration of the pulse times 5.06 x 31.6 = 160 within 31.6 seconds.
- 11. DH1 Packet permit maximum 1600 / 79 /2 = 10.12 hops per second in each channel (1 time slot RX, 1 time slot TX). So, the dwell time is the time duration of the pulse times 10.12 x 31.6 = 320 within 31.6 seconds.

3.5.4 Test Setup Layout



3.5.5 Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

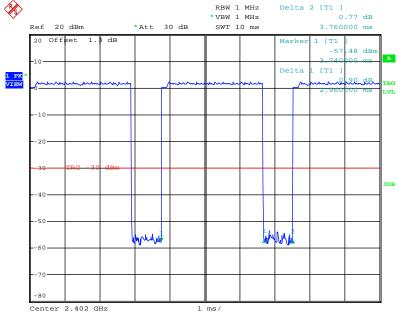
3.5.6 EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

3.5.7 Test Result of Dwell Time

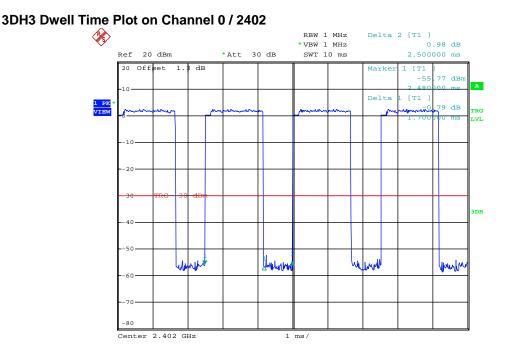
Final Test Date	Mar. 01, 2012	Test Site No.	TH01-HY
Temperature	22.5 ℃	Humidity	33%
Test Engineer	lan	Configurations	8DPSK 3DH1/3DH3/3DH5

Data Packet	Frequency	Pulse Duration (ms)	Dwell Time (s)	Limits (s)	Test Result
DH5	2402	2.9600	0.3157	0.4000	Complies
DH3	2402	1.7000	0.2720	0.4000	Complies
DH1	2402	0.4400	0.1408	0.4000	Complies
DH5	2441	2.9600	0.3157	0.4000	Complies
DH3	2441	1.7000	0.2720	0.4000	Complies
DH1	2441	0.4400	0.1408	0.4000	Complies
DH5	2480	2.9600	0.3157	0.4000	Complies
DH3	2480	1.7000	0.2720	0.4000	Complies
DH1	2480	0.4400	0.1408	0.4000	Complies

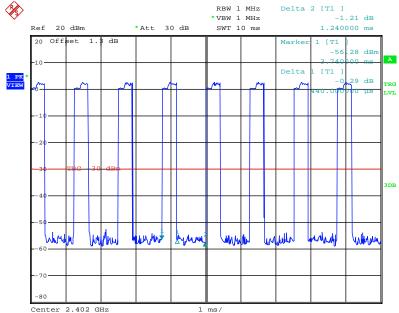


3DH5 Dwell Time Plot on Channel 0 / 2402

Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:12:46

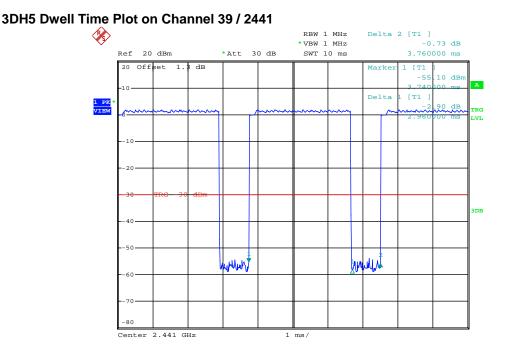


Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:13:33

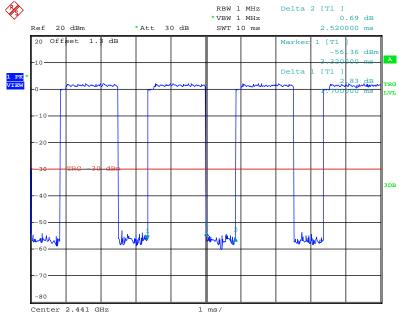


3DH1 Dwell Time Plot on Channel 0 / 2402

Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:14:13

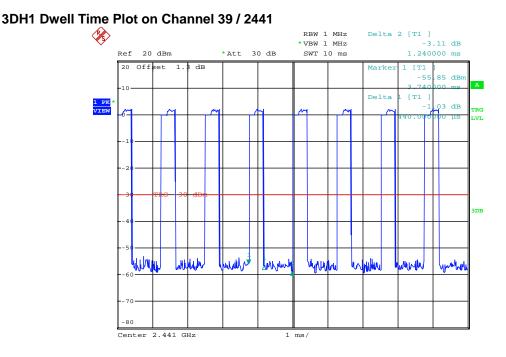


Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:19:23



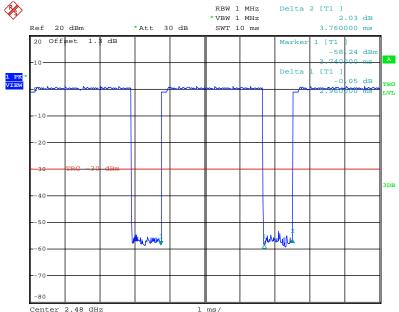
3DH3 Dwell Time Plot on Channel 39 / 2441

Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:20:00



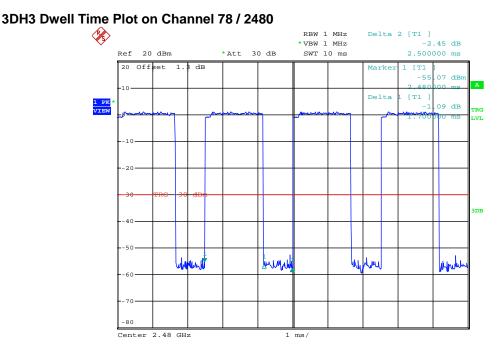
Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:20:48

SPORTON International Inc. TEL : 886-2-2696-2468 FAX : 886-2-2696-2255

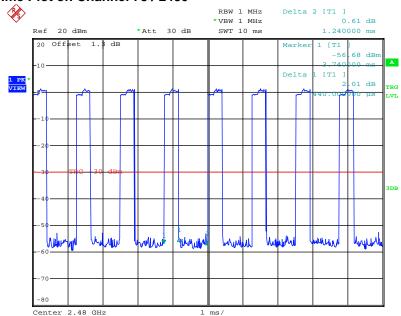


3DH5 Dwell Time Plot on Channel 78 / 2480

Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:23:06



Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:22:29



3DH1 Dwell Time Plot on Channel 78 / 2480

Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:21:47

3.6 Radiated Emissions Measurement

3.6.1 Limit

20dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (micorvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

3.6.2 Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 4 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	10th carrier harmonic
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 10Hz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for peak

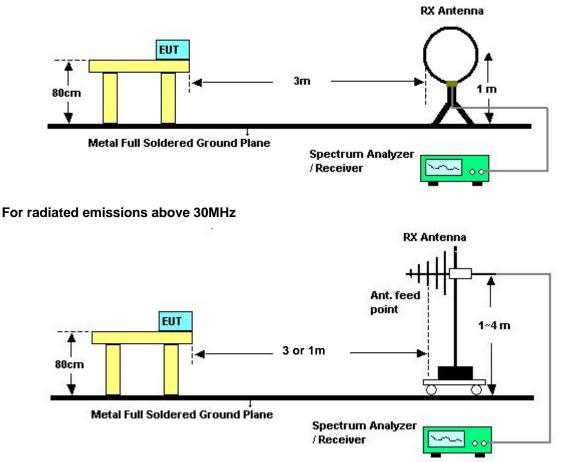
Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB 200Hz for QP
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB 9kHz for QP
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB 120kHz for QP

3.6.3 Test Procedures

- 1. Configure the EUT according to ANSI C63.4. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable 0.8 meter above ground. The phase center of the receiving antenna mounted on the top of a height-variable antenna tower was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable.
- 2. Power on the EUT and all the supporting units. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 3. The height of the broadband receiving antenna was varied between one meter and four meters above ground to find the maximum emissions field strength of both horizontal and vertical polarization.
- 4. For each suspected emissions, the antenna tower was scan (from 1 M to 4 M) and then the turntable was rotated (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading.
- 5. Set the test-receiver system to Peak or CISPR quasi-peak Detect Function with specified bandwidth under Maximum Hold Mode.
- 6. For emissions above 1GHz, use 1MHz VBW and RBW for peak reading. Then 1MHz RBW and 10Hz VBW for average reading in spectrum analyzer.
- 7. When the radiated emissions limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emissions, and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds. As an alternative (provided the transmitter operates for longer than 0.1 seconds) or in cases where the pulse train exceeds 0.1 seconds, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1 second interval during which the field strength is at its maximum value.
- 8. If the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was 3 dB lower than the average limit specified, then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions which do not have 3 dB margin will be repeated one by one using the quasi-peak method for below 1GHz.
- 9. For testing above 1GHz, the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was lower than average limit (that means the emissions level in peak mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.
- 10. In case the emission is lower than 30MHz, loop antenna has to be used for measurement and the recorded data should be QP measured by receiver. High Low scan is not required in this case.

3.6.4 Test Setup Layout

For radiated emissions below 30MHz



Above 10 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade from 3m to 1m.

Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (specific distance [3m] / test distance [1m]) (dB); Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [9.54 dB].

3.6.5 Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

3.6.6 EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

FCC TEST REPORT

3.6.7 Results of Radiated Emissions (9kHz~30MHz)

Final Test Date	Feb. 15, 2012	Test Site No.	03CH02-HY
Temperature	23 .1°C	Humidity	54%
Test Engineer	Streak		

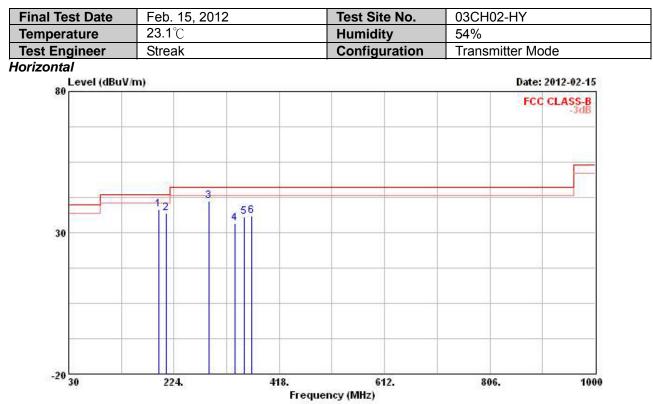
Freq.	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Remark
(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	
-	-	-	-	See Note

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

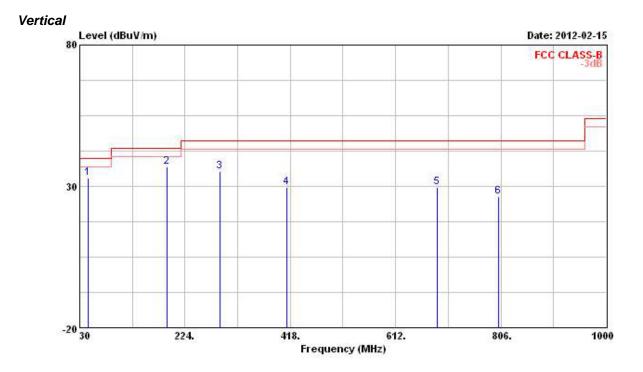
Distance extrapolation factor = 40 log (specific distance / test distance) (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.



3.6.8 Results of Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1GHz)

			Over	Limit	Readi	Antenna	Cable	Preamp		Ant	Table
	Freq	Level	Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Remark	Pos	Pos
10	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	5	cm	deg
10	195.870	38.26	-5.24	43.50	52.23	11.06	2.40	27.43	Peak		
2 @	210.420	36.95	-6.55	43.50	50.13	11.70	2.50	27.38	Peak	10000	1000
3 @	288.020	41.14	-4.86	46.00	51.87	13.54	2.92	27.19	Peak	000000	1000
4	335.550	33.35	-12.65	46.00	43.38	14.26	3.12	27.41	Peak	10000	3,000/8
5	353.980	35.70	-10.30	46.00	45.51	14.54	3.20	27.55	Peak		
6	366.590	35.93	-10.07	46.00	45.57	14.74	3.25	27.63	Peak		



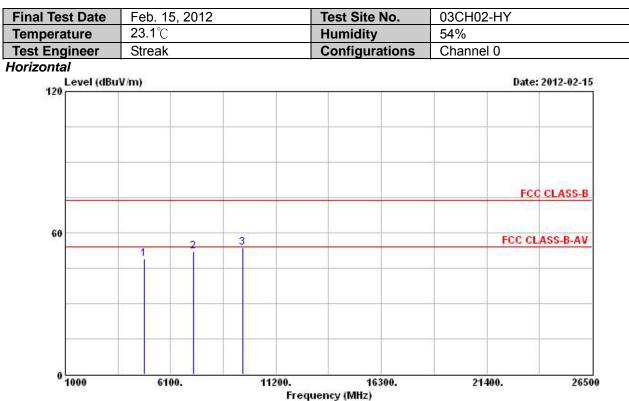
			Över	Limit	Readi	Antenna	Cable	Preamp		Ant	Table
	Freq	Level	Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Remark	Pos	Pos
53	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	a . (cm	deg
1	44.550	32.97	-7.03	40.00	47.73	12.02	1.10	27.88	Peak	1000	
2 @	191.020	36.75	-6.75	43.50	51.13	10.70	2.37	27.45	Peak	10000	
3	288.020	35.15	-10.85	46.00	45.88	13.54	2.92	27.19	Peak	0000000	000
4	412.180	29.81	-16.19	46.00	38.79	15.51	3.44	27.93	Peak	<u>1.0101</u>	
5	688.630	29.80	-16.20	46.00	34.61	18.99	4.50	28.30	Peak		
6	801.150	26.31	-19.69	46.00	29.09	20.27	4.89	27.94	Peak		

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

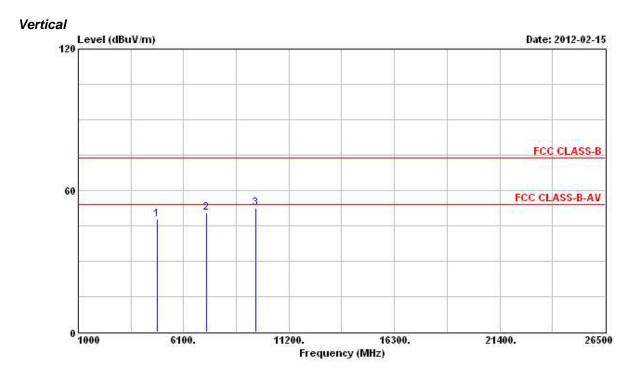
Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.



3.6.9 Results for Radiated Emissions (1GHz~10th Harmonic)

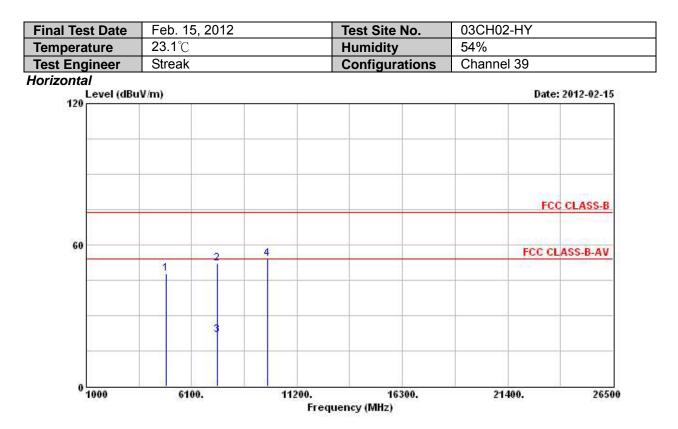
			Level	Over Limit			Antenna Factor		122-10/14/2016		Ant Pos	Table Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	0		deg	
1 (3 4804	. 000	48.97	-5.03	54.00	43.46	35.73	4.58	34.80	PK	1200	
2	7206	5.000	51.91			43.52	37.84	5.62	35.07	Peak		
3	9608	8.000	53.68			43.49	39.32	6.34	35.47	Peak	101000	10000

Note: The items 2 and 3 are on un-restricted band, so the limit is -20dB for the field strength of the fundamental emissions (see section 3.7.7).



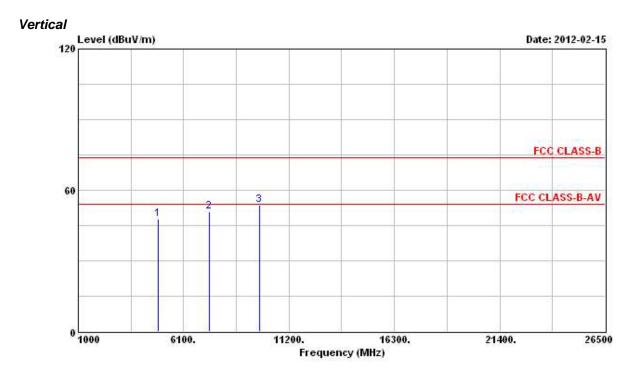
	Freq	[Level	Over Limit			Antenna Factor	- 17 <u>197</u> 17	Preamp Factor	Remark	Ant Pos	Table Pos
Ś	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB			deg
10	4804.000	47.89	-6.11	54.00	43.00	35.11	4.58	34.80	PK		
2	7206.000	50.63			43.20	36.88	5.62	35.07	Peak		
3	9608.000	52.58			43.19	38.52	6.34	35.47	Peak	000000	0000

Note: The items 2 and 3 are on un-restricted band, so the limit is -20dB for the field strength of the fundamental emissions (see section 3.7.7).



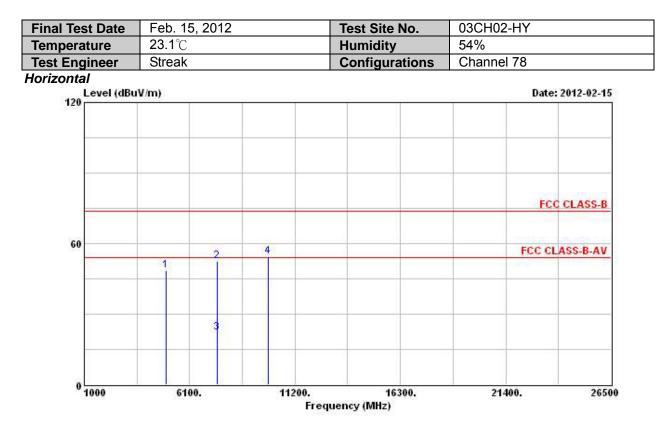
			Over	Limit	Readi	Antenna	Cable	Preamp		Ant	Table
	Freq	Level	Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Remark	Pos	Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	S 5	cm	deg
10	4882.000	47.95	-6.05	54.00	42.26	35.83	4.64	34.78	PK		
2	7323.000	51.92	-22.08	74.00	43.51	37.87	5.64	35.10	Peak		1000
3	7323.000	21.58	-32.42	54.00	13.17	37.87	5.64	35.10	Average	0000000	0000
4	9764.000	54.22			43.81	39.53	6.36	35.48	Peak		

Note: The item 4 is on un-restricted band, so the limit is -20dB for the field strength of the fundamental emissions (see section 3.7.7).



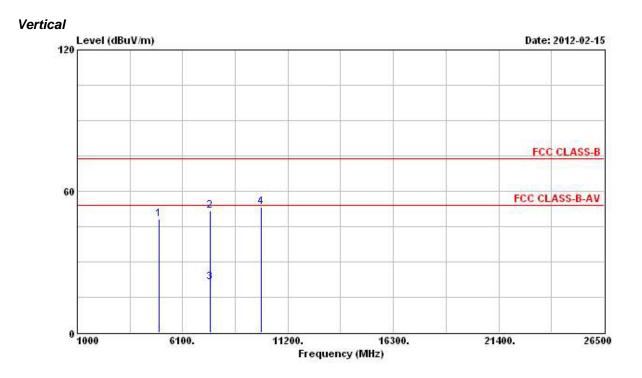
			Freq		Over Limit			Antenna Factor		122000000000		Ant Pos	Table Pos
	133 133		MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB		cm	deg
1 (0	4882	. 000	47.94	-6.06	54.00	42.90	35.18	4.64	34.78	PK	1000	
2 (9	7323	. 000	50.89	-3.11	54.00	43.42	36.93	5.64	35.10	PK		1000
3		9764	. 000	53.65			44.04	38.73	6.36	35.48	Peak	0000000	10000

Note: The item 3 is on un-restricted band, so the limit is -20dB for the field strength of the fundamental emissions (see section 3.7.7).



		Over	Limit	Readi	Antenna	Cable	Preamp		Ant	Table
Freq	Level	Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Remark	Pos	Pos
MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	a 5	cm	deg
4960.000	48.60	-5.40	54.00	42.70	35.95	4.71	34.76	PK	10000	
7440.000	52.57	-21.43	74.00	44.17	37.89	5.65	35.14	Peak	0000	
7440.000	22.23	-31.77	54.00	13.83	37.89	5.65	35.14	Average	0000000	1000
9920.000	54.65			44.03	39.72	6.39	35.49	Peak		<u></u>
	MHz 4960.000 7440.000 7440.000	MHz dBuV/m 4960.000 48.60 7440.000 52.57 7440.000 22.23	Freq Level Limit MHz dBuV/m dB 4960.000 48.60 -5.40 7440.000 52.57 -21.43 7440.000 22.23 -31.77	Freq Level Limit Line MHz dBuV/m dB dBuV/m 4960.000 48.60 -5.40 54.00 7440.000 52.57 -21.43 74.00 7440.000 22.23 -31.77 54.00	Freq Level Limit Line Level MHz dBuV/m dB dBuV/m dBuV 4960.000 48.60 -5.40 54.00 42.70 7440.000 52.57 -21.43 74.00 44.17 7440.000 22.23 -31.77 54.00 13.83	Freq Level Limit Line Level Factor MHz dBuV/m dB dBuV/m dBuV dB/m 4960.000 48.60 -5.40 54.00 42.70 35.95 7440.000 52.57 -21.43 74.00 44.17 37.89 7440.000 22.23 -31.77 54.00 13.83 37.89	Freq Level Limit Line Level Factor Loss MHz dBuV/m dB dBuV/m dBuV dB/m dB 4960.000 48.60 -5.40 54.00 42.70 35.95 4.71 7440.000 52.57 -21.43 74.00 44.17 37.89 5.65 7440.000 22.23 -31.77 54.00 13.83 37.89 5.65	Freq Level Limit Line Level Factor Loss Factor MHz dBuV/m dB dB dBuV/m dBuV dB/m dB dB 4960.000 48.60 -5.40 54.00 42.70 35.95 4.71 34.76 7440.000 52.57 -21.43 74.00 44.17 37.89 5.65 35.14 7440.000 22.23 -31.77 54.00 13.83 37.89 5.65 35.14	Freq Level Line Level Factor Loss Factor Remark MHz dBuV/m dB dBuV/m dBuV dB/m dB dB dB 4960.000 48.60 -5.40 54.00 42.70 35.95 4.71 34.76 PK 7440.000 52.57 -21.43 74.00 44.17 37.89 5.65 35.14 Peak 7440.000 22.23 -31.77 54.00 13.83 37.89 5.65 35.14 Average	Freq Level Line Level Factor Loss Factor Remark Pos MHz dBuV/m dB dBuV/m dBuV dB/m dB dB cm 4960.000 48.60 -5.40 54.00 42.70 35.95 4.71 34.76 PK 7440.000 52.57 -21.43 74.00 44.17 37.89 5.65 35.14 Peak 7440.000 22.23 -31.77 54.00 13.83 37.89 5.65 35.14 Average

Note: The item 4 is on un-restricted band, so the limit is -20dB for the field strength of the fundamental emissions (see section 3.7.7).



	Freq	Level	Over Limit		3383 ST	Antenna Factor	222772772	Preamp Factor	Remark	Ant Pos	Table Pos
		DUILL	DINEO	LINC	- De le Le Le	100001	2000	100001		100	100
2	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	5 - S	cm	deg
10	4960.000	48.25	-5.75	54.00	43.03	35.27	4.71	34.76	PK		
2	7440.000	51.73	-22.27	74.00	44.24	36.98	5.65	35.14	Peak		
3	7440.000	21.38	-32.62	54.00	13.89	36.98	5.65	35.14	Average	0000000	
4	9920.000	53.23			43.41	38.92	6.39	35.49	Peak	1.2.2	

Note: The item 4 is on un-restricted band, so the limit is -20dB for the field strength of the fundamental emissions (see section 3.7.7).

The amplitude of spurious emissions, which are attenuated by more than 20dB below, the permissible value, has no need to be reported. Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.

3.7 Band Edge and Fundamental Emissions Measurement

3.7.1 Limit

20dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (micorvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

3.7.2 Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 4 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span Frequency	100 MHz
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 10Hz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1MHz/1MHz for Peak

3.7.3 Test Procedures

- 1. The test procedure is the same as section 3.6.3; only the frequency range investigated is limited to 100MHz around band edges.
- 2. In case the emission is fail due to the used RB/VB is too wide, marker-delta method of FCC Public Notice DA00-705 will be followed.

3.7.4 Test Setup Layout

This test setup layout is the same as that shown in section 3.6.4.

3.7.5 Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

3.7.6 EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

3.7.7 Test Result of Band Edge and Fundamental Emissions

Final Test Date	Feb. 15, 2012	Test Site No.	03CH02-HY
Temperature	23 .1°C	Humidity	54%
Test Engineer	Streak	Configurations	Channel 0, 39, 78

1Mbps

Channel 0

			Over	Limit	Readi	Antenna	Cable	Preamp		Ant	Table
	Freq	Level	Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Remark	Pos	Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	s	cm	deg
1	2387.900	46.55	-7.45	54.00	11.74	31.79	3.02	0.00	Average		
2 @	2402.340	97.72			62.91	31.79	3.02	0.00	Average		
1	2371.940	58.90	-15.10	74.00	24.19	31.72	2.99	0.00	Peak		
2 @	2402.340	98.40			63.59	31.79	3.02	0.00	Peak	00000	1000

The item 2 is Fundamental Emissions.

Channel 39

	Freq	Level	Over Limit			Antenna Factor		22 10 10 10 10 10		Ant Pos	Table Pos
5	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	5	cm	deg
10	2441.100	98.65			63.61	31.99	3.05	0.00	Average	1000	
10	2441.100	99.39			64.35	31.99	3.05	0.00	Peak		

The item 1 is Fundamental Emissions.

Channel 78

					Readi	Antenna	Cable	Preamp		Ant	Table
	Freq	Level	Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Remark	Pos	Pos
5	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	s . 5		deg
10	2480.050	94.62			59.41	32.13	3.08	0.00	Average	يو بونين	
2 @	2483.500	47.94	-6.06	54.00	12.73	32.13	3.08	0.00	Average		
10	2480.050	95.69			60.48	32.13	3.08	0.00	Peak		
2	2491.260	60.53	-13.47	74.00	25.25	32.20	3.08	0.00	Peak		

The item 1 is Fundamental Emissions.

Notes:

Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.

2Mbps Channel 0

				Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Cable	Preamp		Ant	Table
		Freq	Level	Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Remark	Pos	Pos
	2	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	s	cm	deg
1		2384.290	46.56	-7.44	54.00	11.85	31.72	2.99	0.00	Average	-	لاعتب
2	0	2401.580	97.59			62.78	31.79	3.02	0.00	Average		
1		2369.850	58.62	-15.38	74.00	23.91	31.72	2.99	0.00	Peak		
2	0	2401.770	99.42			64.61	31.79	3.02	0.00	Peak		1000

The item 2 is Fundamental Emissions.

Channel 39

	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line		Antenna Factor		1.20 10 12 12 10 10		Ant Pos	Table Pos
53	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	3 	cm	deg
10	2440.530	98.50			63.46	31.99	3.05	0.00	Average	1000	
10	2440.530	100.26			65.22	31.99	3.05	0.00	Peak		

The item 1 is Fundamental Emissions.

Channel 78

		Ove		Limit	Read	ReadAntenna C		Preamp		Ant	Table
	Freq	Level	Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Remark	Pos	Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	5	cm	deg
10	2479.860	94.44			59.23	32.13	3.08	0.00	Average	-	
2 @	2483.500	47.50	-6.50	54.00	12.29	32.13	3.08	0.00	Average		
10	2479.860	96.01			60.80	32.13	3.08	0.00	Peak		
2	2483.850	59.15	-14.85	74.00	23.94	32.13	3.08	0.00	Peak		

The item 1 is Fundamental Emissions.

Notes:

Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m). Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.

3Mbps Channel 0

Chan	neru		Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Cable	Preamp		Ant	Table
	Freq	[Level	Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Remark	Pos	Pos
2	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	S	cm	deg
1	2389.610	46.63	-7.37	54.00	11.82	31.79	3.02	0.00	Average	-	
2 @	2401.580	97.25			62.44	31.79	3.02	0.00	Average	0000	1000
1	2377.260	58.93	-15.07	74.00	24.22	31.72	2.99	0.00	Peak		
2 @	2401.770	98.96			64.15	31.79	3.02	0.00	Peak		

The item 2 is Fundamental Emissions.

Channel 39

	Freq	Level	Over Limit			Antenna Factor		1200 00 0000000		Ant Pos	Table Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB			deg
102	2440.530	98.83			63.79	31.99	3.05	0.00	Average		
102	2441.100	100.06			65.02	31.99	3.05	0.00	Peak		

The item 1 is Fundamental Emissions.

Channel 78

			Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Cable	Preamp		Ant	Table
	Freg	Level	Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Remark	Pos	Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	5		deg
1 (2479.860	94.84			59.63	32.13	3.08	0.00	Average	-	
2 (2483.500	47.57	-6.43	54.00	12.36	32.13	3.08	0.00	Average		
1 (2480.050	96.32			61.11	32.13	3.08	0.00	Peak		
2	2488.220	59.07	-14.93	74.00	23.79	32.20	3.08	0.00	Peak		

The item 1 is Fundamental Emissions.

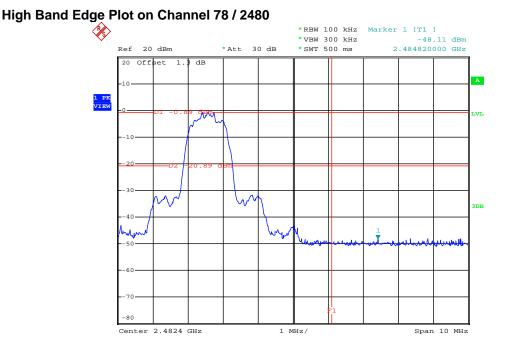
Notes:

Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m). Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.

Mar. 01, 2012 **Final Test Date** Test Site No. TH01-HY Temperature **22.5°**℃ Humidity 33% 8DPSK **Test Engineer** lan Configurations Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 0 / 2402 *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1] × -42 70 dBm * VBW 300 kHz Ref 20 dBm *Att 30 dB *SWT 500 ms 2.399480000 GHz 20 Offset 1. dB A l PK VIEW LVL 10 30 \sim WN 3DB 60 70 -80 Center 2.3995 GHz Span 10 MHz 1 MHz/

For Emission not in Restricted Band

Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:12:12



Date: 1.MAR.2012 11:24:59

SPORTON International Inc. TEL : 886-2-2696-2468 FAX : 886-2-2696-2255

3.8 Antenna Requirements

3.8.1 Limit

Except for special regulations, the Low-power Radio-frequency Devices must not be equipped with any jacket for installing an antenna with extension cable. An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that the user can replace a broken antenna, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

3.8.2 Antenna Connector Construction

Please refer to section 2.2 in this test report; antenna connector complied with the requirements.

4 LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENTS

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
EMC Receiver	R&S	ESCS 30	100174	9 kHz ~ 2.75 GHz	Apr 20, 2011	Conduction
EIMC Receiver	Rao	ESCS 30	100174	9 KHZ ~ 2.75 GHZ	Apr. 20, 2011	(CO04-HY)
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	0107 477	9kHz – 30MHz	Mar 10, 2011	Conduction
LISIN	MESS-ELEKTRONIK	NSLK 0127	8127-477		Mar. 10, 2011	(CO04-HY)
LISN	EMCO	3810/2NM	9703-1839	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	May 04, 2011	Conduction
(Support Unit)	EMCO	30 I U/ZINIVI	9703-1639	9 KHZ ~ 30 MHZ	May 04, 2011	(CO04-HY)
	HUBER+SUHNER	RG213/U	CB049	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Apr 21 2011	Conduction
RF Cable-CON	HUBER+SURNER	RG213/U	CB049	9 KHZ ~ 30 MHZ	Apr. 21, 2011	(CO04-HY)
	LINDGREN	LRE-2030	0651	< 450 Hz	NI/A	Conduction
EMI Filter	LINDGREN	LRE-2030	2651	< 400 HZ	N/A	(CO04-HY)

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is one year.

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP 30	100023	9 KHz ~ 30 GHz	Mar. 15, 2011	Conducted
Spectrum Analyzer	Ras	F3F 30	100023	9 KHZ ~ 30 GHZ	Wal. 15, 2011	(TH01-HY)
Temp. and Humidity	Giant Force	GTH-225-20-S	MAB0103-001	N/A	Nov. 17, 2011	Conducted
Chamber	Giant Force	GTH-225-20-5	WAD0103-001	IN/A	NOV. 17, 2011	(TH01-HY)
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	100116	10 MHz ~ 40 GHz	Jun. 07, 2011	Conducted
Signal Generator	Ras	SIVIR40	100116	10 MHZ ~ 40 GHZ	Jun. 07, 2011	(TH01-HY)
Power Sensor	Apritou	MA2411B	1027452	300 MHz ~ 40	Jun. 16, 2011	Conducted
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MAZ411B	1027452	GHz	Jun. 16, 2011	(TH01-HY)
Power Meter	Apritou	ML2495A	1124009	300 MHz ~ 40	lup 20 2011	Conducted
Power Meter	Anritsu	WIL2495A	1124009	GHz	Jun. 20, 2011	(TH01-HY)
DE Cable (m	his Dee	DC142	00004.4m		Dec. 02. 2011	Conducted
RF Cable-1m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB034-1m	20 MHz ~ 7 GHz	Dec. 03, 2011	(TH01-HY)
DE Cabla 2m	hua Data	DC142	00005.0m		Dec. 02, 2011	Conducted
RF Cable-2m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB035-2m	20 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Dec. 03, 2011	(TH01-HY)

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is one year.

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
AC Power Source	HPC	HPA-500W	HPA-9100024	AC 0 ~ 300V	Jun. 09, 2011*	Conducted (TH01-HY)

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is two year.

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP40	100593	9 kHz ~ 40 GHz	Aug. 08, 2011	Radiation (03CH02-HY)
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SIDT FRANKONIA	SAC-3M	03CH02-HY	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz 3m	May 11, 2011	Radiation (03CH02-HY)
Amplifier	Agilent	8447D	2944A11146	100 kHz ~ 1.3 GHz	Jul. 25, 2011	Radiation (03CH02-HY)
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02373	1 GHz ~ 26.5 GHz	Jul. 25, 2011	Radiation (03CH02-HY)
Horn Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	00091920	1 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Nov. 15, 2011	Radiation (03CH02-HY)
RF Cable-R03m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB021	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Nov. 11, 2011	Radiation (03CH02-HY)
RF Cable-high	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX106	03CH02-HY	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	Mar. 07, 2011	Radiation (03CH02-HY)
Bilog Antenna	SCHAFFNER	CBL61128	2723	30 MHz ~ 2 GHz	Oct. 22, 2011	Radiation (03CH02-HY)
Turn Table	HD	DS 420	420/649/00	0 - 360 degree	N/A	Radiation (03CH02-HY)
Antenna Mast	HD	MA 240	240/559/00	1 m - 4 m	N/A	Radiation (03CH02-HY)

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is one year.

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	860004/001	9 kHz - 30 MHz	Jul. 29, 2010*	Radiation (03CH02-HY)

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is two year.

5 TEST LOCATION

SHIJR	ADD	:	6Fl., No. 106, Sec. 1, Shintai 5th Rd., Shijr City, Taipei, Taiwan 221, R.O.C.
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	FAX	:	886-2-2696-2255
HWA YA	ADD	:	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.
	TEL	:	886-3-327-3456
	FAX	:	886-3-318-0055
LINKOU	ADD	:	No. 30-2, Dingfu Tsuen, Linkou Shiang, Taipei, Taiwan 244, R.O.C
	TEL	:	886-2-2601-1640
	FAX	:	886-2-2601-1695
DUNGHU	ADD	:	No. 3, Lane 238, Kangle St., Neihu Chiu, Taipei, Taiwan 114, R.O.C.
	TEL	:	886-2-2631-4739
	FAX	:	886-2-2631-9740
JUNGHE	ADD	:	7Fl., No. 758, Jungjeng Rd., Junghe City, Taipei, Taiwan 235, R.O.C.
	TEL	:	886-2-8227-2020
	FAX	:	886-2-8227-2626
NEIHU	ADD	:	4Fl., No. 339, Hsin Hu 2 nd Rd., Taipei 114, Taiwan, R.O.C.
	TEL	:	886-2-2794-8886
	FAX	:	886-2-2794-9777
JHUBEI	ADD	:	No.8, Lane 728, Bo-ai St., Jhubei City, HsinChu County 302, Taiwan, R.O.C.
	TEL	:	886-3-656-9065
	FAX	:	886-3-656-9085
	FAX	:	886-3-656-9085

6 TAF CERTIFICATE OF ACCREDITATION



The Appendix forms an integral part of this Certificate, which shall be invalid when use without the Appendix



Annex

Declaration for Bluetooth Device acc to Part 15.247



1 Output power and channel separation of a Bluetooth device in the different operating modes:

The different operating modes (data-mode, acquisition-mode) of a Bluetooth device has no influence on the output power and the channel spacing. There is only one transmitter which is driven by identical input parameters concerning these two parameters.

Only a different hopping sequence will be used. For this reason the check of these RF parameters in one op-mode is sufficient.

2 Frequency range of a Bluetooth device:

Hereby we declare that the maximum frequency of this device is: 2402 – 2480 MHz. This is according to the Bluetooth Core Specification (+ critical errata) for devices which will be operated in the USA.

This was checked during the Bluetooth Qualification tests (Test Case: TRM/CA/04-E). Other frequency ranges (e.g. for Spain, France, Japan) which are allowed according the Core Specification are not supported by this device.

3 Co-ordination of the hopping sequence in data mode to avoid simultaneous occupancy by multiple transmitters:

Bluetooth units which want to communicate with other units must be organised in a structure called piconet. This piconet consist of max. 8 Bluetooth units. One unit is the master the other seven are the slaves. The master co-ordinates frequency occupation in this piconet for all units. As the master hop sequence is derived from its BD address which is unique for each Bluetooth device, additional masters intending to establish new piconets will always use different hop sequences.

4 Example of a hopping sequence in data mode:

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode: 40, 21, 44, 23, 42, 53, 46, 55, 48, 33, 52, 35, 50, 65, 54, 67, 56, 37, 60, 39, 58, 69, 62, 71, 64, 25, 68, 27, 66, 57, 70, 59, 72, 29, 76, 31, 74, 61, 78, 63, 01, 41, 05, 43, 03, 73, 07, 75, 09, 45, 13, 47, 11, 77, 15, 00, 64, 49, 66, 53, 68, 02, 70, 06, 01, 51, 03, 55, 05, 04



5 Equally average use of frequencies in data mode and behaviour for short transmissions:

The generation of the hopping sequence in connection mode depends essentially on two input values:

- 1. LAP/UAP of the master of the connection
- 2. Internal master clock

The LAP (lower address part) are the 24 LSB's of the 48 BD_ADDRESS. The BD_ADDRESS is an unambiguous number of every Bluetooth unit. The UAP (upper address part) are the 24 MSB's of the 48 BD_ADDRESS.

The internal clock of a Bluetooth unit is derived from a free running clock which is never adjusted and is never turned off. For synchronisation with other units only offset are used. It has no relation to the time of the day. Its resolution is at least half the RX/TX slot length of 312.5 μ s. The clock has a cycle of about one day (23h30). In most case it is implemented as 28 bit counter. For the deriving of the hopping sequence the entire

LAP (24 bits), 4 LSB's (4 bits) (Input 1) and the 27 MSB's of the clock (Input 2) are used. With this input values different mathematical procedures (permutations, additions, XOR- operations) are performed to generate the sequence. This will be done at the beginning of every new transmission.

Regarding short transmissions the Bluetooth system has the following behaviour: The first connection between the two devices is established, a hopping sequence was generated. For transmitting the wanted data the complete hopping sequence was not used. The connection ended.

The second connection will be established. A new hopping sequence is generated. Due to the fact that the Bluetooth clock has a different value, because the period between the two transmission is longer (and it cannot be shorter) than the minimum resolution of the clock (312.5 μ s). The hopping sequence will always differ from the first one.

6 Receiver input bandwidth and behaviour for repeated single or multiple packets:

The input bandwidth of the receiver is 1 MHz. In every connection one Bluetooth device is the master and the other one is the slave. The master determines the hopping sequence (see chapter 5). The slave follows this sequence. Both devices shift between RX and TX time slot according to the clock of the master.

Additionally the type of connection (e.g. single or multislot packet) is set up at the beginning of the connection. The master adapts its hopping frequency and its TX/RX timing according to the packet type of the connection. Also the slave of the connection will use these settings.

Repeating of a packet has no influence on the hopping sequence. The hopping sequence generated by the master of the connection will be followed in any case. That means, a repeated packet will not be send on the same frequency, it is send on the next frequency of the hopping sequence.



7 Dwell time in data mode

The dwell time of 0.3797s within a 30 second period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length). The calculation for a 30 second period is a follows:

Dwell time = time slot length * hop rate / number of hopping channels *30s

Example for a DH1 packet (with a maximum length of one time slot) Dwell time = $625 \ \mu s$ * $1600 \ 1/s / 79 * 30s = 0.3797s$ (in a 30s period)

For multislot packet the hopping is reduced according to the length of the packet. Example for a DH5 packet (with a maximum length of five time slots)

Dwell time = 5 * 625 μ s * 1600 * 1/5 *1/s / 79 * 30s = 0.3797s (in a 30s period). This is according the Bluetooth Core Specification V 1.0B (+ critical errata) for all Bluetooth devices. Therefor all Bluetooth devices **comply** with the FCC dwell time requirement in data mode. This was checked during the Bluetooth Qualification tests. The Dwell time in hybrid mode is measured and stated in the test report.

8 Channel Separation in hybrid mode

The nominal channel spacing of the Bluetooth system is 1Mhz independent of the operating mode.

The maximum "initial carrier frequency tolerance" which is allowed for Bluetooth is fcenter = 75 kHz.

This was checked during the Bluetooth Qualification tests (Test Case: TRM/CA/07-E) for three frequencies (2402, 2441, 2480 MHz).

Additionally an example for the channel separation is given in the test report

9 Derivation and examples for a hopping sequence in hybrid mode

For the generation of the inquiry and page hop sequences the same procedures as described for the data mode are used (see chapter 5), but this time with different input vectors:

- For the inquiry hop sequence, a predefined fixed address is always used. This results in the same 32 frequencies used by all devices doing an inquiry but every time with a different start frequency and phase in this sequence.
- For the page hop sequence, the device address of the paged unit is used as input vector. This results in the use of a subset of 32 frequencies which is specific for that initial state of the connection establishment between the two units. A page to different devices would result in a different subset of 32 frequencies.

So it is ensured that also in hybrid mode the frequency use equally averaged.

Example of a hopping sequence in inquiry mode: 48, 50, 09, 13, 52, 54,41, 45, 56, 58, 11, 15, 60, 62, 43, 47, 00, 02, 64, 68, 04, 06, 17, 21, 08, 10, 66, 70, 12, 14, 19, 23



Example of a hopping sequence in paging mode: 08, 57, 68, 70, 51, 02, 42, 40, 04, 61, 44, 46, 63, 14, 50, 48, 16, 65, 52, 54, 67, 18, 58, 56, 20, 53, 60, 62, 55, 06, 66, 64

10 Receiver input bandwidth and synchronisation in hybrid mode:

The receiver input bandwidth is the same as in the data mode (1 MHz). When two Bluetooth devices establish contact for the first time, one device sends an inquiry access code, the other device is scanning for this inquiry access code. If two devices have been connected previously and want to start a new transmission, a similar procedure takes place. The only difference is, instead of the inquiry access code, an special access code, derived from the BD_ADDRESS of the paged device will be, will be sent by the master of this connection.

Due to the fact that both units have been connected before (in the inquiry procedure) the paging unit has timing and frequency information about the page scan of the paged unit. For this reason the time to establish the connection is reduced considerable.

11 Spread rate / data rate of the direct sequence signal

The Spread rate / Data rate in inquiry and paging mode can be defined via the access code. The access code is the only criterion for the system to check if there is a valid transmission or not. If you regard the presence of a valid access code as one bit of information, and compare it with the length of the access code of 68 bits, the Spread rate

/ Data rate will be 68/1.

12 Spurious emission in hybrid mode

The dwell time in hybrid mode is shorter than in data mode. For this reason the spurious emissions average level in data mode is worst case. The spurious emissions peak level is the same for both modes.

13 Peak power spectral density measurement

Since the transmitter is only active for some milliseconds on one channel you would get a result with many interruptions if using a sweep time of e.g. 1s as stated in the FCC rules. Therefore a fast sweep in maxhold function is used instead and the EUT is activated several times until the measurement curve has stabilized.