

# FCC SAR Test Report (Class II Permissive Change)

Product Name : Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX201

Model No. : AX201NGW

Applicant : Dynabook Inc.

Address : 6-15, Toyosu 5-chome, Koto-ku, Tokyo, 135-8505, Japan

Date of Receipt : 2022/03/30

Issued Date : 2022/06/30

Report No. : 2231068R-SAUSSARV02-A

Report Version : V1.0





The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration report of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.

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The test report shall not be reproduced without the written approval of DEKRA Testing and Certification Co., Ltd. Measurement uncertainties evaluated for each testing system and associated connections are given here to provide the system information for reference. Compliance determinations do not take into account measurement uncertainties for each testing system, but are based on the results of the compliance measurement.



# Test Report

Issued Date: 2022/06/30

Report No.: 2231068R-SAUSSARV02-A



Product Name : Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX201

Applicant : Dynabook Inc.

Address : 6-15, Toyosu 5-chome, Koto-ku, Tokyo, 135-8505, Japan

Manufacturer : Intel Mobile Communications

Model No. : AX201NGW

Trade Name : Intel

FCC ID : CJ6AX201NGWWB Applicable Standard : IEEE 1528-2013

> KDB 447498 D01 v06 KDB 865664 D01 v01r04

Measurement : 47CFR § 2.1093

procedures KDB 248227 D01 v02r02

KDB 616217 D04 v01r02

Test Result : Max. SAR Measurement (1g)

2.4GHz: **0.887** W/kg 5 GHz: **0.883** W/kg

Application Type : Certification

The above equipment has been tested by DEKRA, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

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		( Project Specialist / Ida Tung )
Tested By	:	Luke Cheng
		( Senior Engineer / Luke Cheng )
Approved By	:	Gan Van
		( Supervisor / San Lin )



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# **Revision History**

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
2231068R-SAUSSARV02-A	V1.0	Initial issue of report	2022/06/30



# 1. General Information

# 1.1 EUT Description

Product Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX201				
Trade Name	Intel				
Model No.	AX201NGW				
Serial Number	P/N: 7330945200006 (for A	P/N: 7330945200006 (for ANT1: High-Tek)			
	P/N: 7330945200044 (for A				
FCC ID	CJ6AX201NGWWB	,			
Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4GHz: 2412-2472N	MHz			
	WLAN 5GHz: 5180-5240MF BT: 2402-2480MHz	Hz, 5260-5320, 5500-5720N	1Hz, 5745-5825MHz		
Type of Modulation	802.11b: DSSS				
	802.11a/g/n/ac/ax: OFDM, 0	OFDMA			
	GFSK(1Mbps) / $\pi$ /4DQPSK	((2Mbps) / 8DPSK(3Mbps)			
Antenna Type	PIFA				
Device Category	Portable				
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled				
Summary of test result-Report	ed 1g SAR (W/kg)				
Test configuration	DTS	NII	DSS(BT)		
Body-Standalone	0.887 0.883 0.120				
Body-Simultaneous	DTS (Main + Aux) NII (Main + Aux) NII + DSS(BT)				
	1.276 1.484 1.604				
		(SPLSR=0.024)			

# Note:

NOIC.	Note.				
	Host information				
Brand	Brand Product Name Model No. Difference				
dynabook	Notebook Computer	SATELLITE PRO C40-K	All models are electrically identical, different		
	dynabook E40-K model names are for marketing purpose.				
The identifi	The identification of test sample is SATELLITE PRO C40-K.				



# 1.2 Antenna List

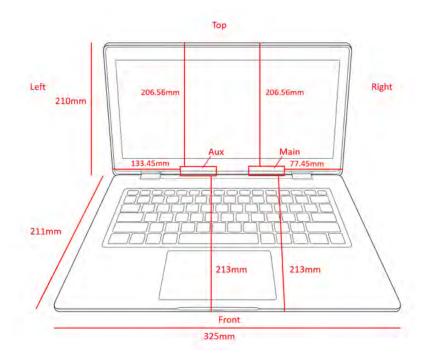
No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1.	High-Tek Electronics Co., Ltd	DC33002PR00 (0ACCN021059N) (Main)(Aux)		2.92dBi for 2.4GHz 2.85dBi for 5.15~5.25GHz 2.71dBi for 5.25~5.35GHz 2.84dBi for 5.47~5.725GHz
				2.95dBi for 5.725~5.850GHz
2	SOUTHSTAR TECHNOLOGY	DC33002PW00(N12-8273-R0A) (Main)(Aux)		1.87dBi for 2.4GHz
	CO.,LTD	(, (,		2.73dBi for 5.15~5.25GHz
			2.73dBi for 5.25~5.35GHz	
				2.66dBi for 5.47~5.725GHz
				2.35dBi for 5.725~5.850GHz

Note: The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer.



# 1.3 SAR Test Exclusion Calculation

According to KDB Publication 616217 D04, SAR evaluation is required for the bottom surface of the laptop keyboard.





## 1.4 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Test Date: Apr. 07, 2022

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	23.1± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	54

Test Date: Apr. 08, 2022

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	23.2± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52

USA : FCC Registration Number: TW0033

Canada : CAB Identifier Number: TW3023 / Company Number: 26930

Site Description : Accredited by TAF

Accredited Number: 3023

Test Laboratory : DEKRA Testing and Certification Co., Ltd Address : No. 26, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist.,

Taoyuan City 333411, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Phone number : 886-3-275-7255

Fax number : 866-3-327-8031

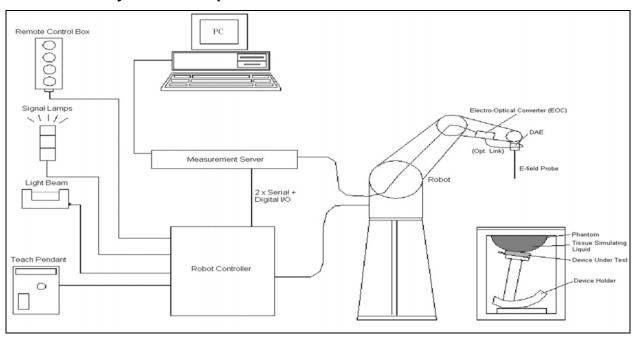
Email address : info.tw@dekra.com

Website : http://www.dekra.com.tw



# 2. SAR Measurement System

# 2.1 DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- ➤ A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



# 2.1.1 Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

#### 2.1.2 Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm<sup>2</sup> step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2013, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

# 2.1.3 Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

## 2.1.4 Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat

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distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}}\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$

$$f_2(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}}\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2}\left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2}\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

#### 2.2 DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

# 2.2.1 Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	Ex3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding again charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solved DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	/
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision 30%.	enables



# 2.3 Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.



# 2.4 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is

above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.





#### 2.5 Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller



# 2.6 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.





#### 2.7 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon r = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



#### 2.8 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



# 3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

# 3.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT	2450MHz	5GHz
(% Weight)	Head	Head
Water	46.7	68.29
Salt	0.00	0.00
Sugar	0.00	0.00
HEC	0.00	0.00
Preventol	0.00	0.00
DGBE	53.3	2.44
Triton X-100	0.00	29.27

# 3.2 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using Dielectric Probe Kit and Vector Network Analyzer.

Head Tissue Simulate Measurement					
Frequency	Description	Dielectric Pa	Dielectric Parameters		
[MHz]	Description	€r	σ [s/m]	[°C]	
	Reference result	39.2	1.8	N/A	
2450 MHz	± 5% window	37.24 to 41.16	1.71 to 1.89	IN/A	
	07-Apr-22	40.24	1.81	21.8	
2412 MHz	Channel 1	40.38	1.75	21.8	
2437 MHz	Channel 6	40.29	1.78	21.8	
2441 MHz	Channel 39	40.27	1.78	21.8	
2462 MHz	Channel 11	40.19	1.81	21.8	

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Head Tissue Simulate Measurement						
Frequency	ncy Dielectric Parameters			Tissue Temp.		
[MHz]	Description	εΓ	σ [s/m]	[°C]		
	Reference result	35.95	4.71	N/A		
5250 MHz	± 5% window	34.15 to 37.75	4.47 to 4.95	IN/A		
	08-Apr-22	35.97	4.68	22.1		
5250 MHz	Channel 50	35.97	4.68	22.1		

Head Tissue Simulate Measurement						
Frequency	Description	Dielectric F	Dielectric Parameters			
[MHz]	Description	εr	ਰ [s/m]	Temp. [°C]		
	Reference result	35.5	5.07	N/A		
5600 MHz	± 5% window	33.73 to 37.28	4.82 to 5.32	IN/A		
	08-Apr-22	35.01	5.16	22.1		
5570 MHz	Channel 114	35.08	5.12	22.1		
5690 MHz	Channel 138	34.76	5.27	22.1		

Head Tissue	Head Tissue Simulate Measurement						
Frequency	Description	Dielectric F	Dielectric Parameters			Parameters Tissue	
[MHz]	Description	εr	σ [s/m]	Temp. [°C]			
	Reference result	35.3	5.27	N/A			
5800MHz	± 5% window	33.54 to 37.07	5.01 to 5.53	IN/A			
	08-Apr-22	34.45	5.42	22.1			
5775 MHz	Channel 155	34.52	5.38	22.1			



# 3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head tissue parameters that have not been specified are interpolated according to the head parameters specified in IEC 62209-1

Target Frequency	Head		
(MHz)	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ (S/m)	
300	45.3	0.87	
450	43.5	0.87	
750	41.9	0.89	
835	41.5	0.90	
900	41.5	0.97	
1450	40.5	1.20	
1640	40.2	1.31	
1750	40.1	1.37	
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	
2450	39.2	1.80	
3000	38.5	2.40	
5000	36.2	4.45	
5200	36.0	4.66	
5400	35.8	4.86	
5600	35.3	5.27	
5800	35.3	5.27	
6000	35.1	5.48	

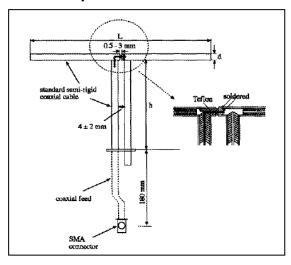
( $\varepsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>)



# 4. SAR Measurement Procedure

# 4.1 SAR System Check

# 4.1.1 Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6
5200M~5800MHz	20.6	40.3	3.6

# 4.1.2 System Check Result

	System Performance Check at 2450MHz Dipole Kit: D2450V2					
Frequency [MHz] Description SAR [w/kg] SAR [w/kg] Tissue Temp. 10g [°C]						
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	53.1 47.79 to 58.41	24.6 22.14 to 27.06	N/A		
	07-Apr-22	50.8	23.56	21.8		

Note: (1) The power level is used 250mW

(2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.

(3) The reference result is from Appendix E.



System Perfo	ormance Check at 5GHzV2	: 5250MHz			
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]	
Reference result ± 10% window		81.6 73.44 to 89.76	23.2 20.88 to 25.52	N/A	
	08-Apr-22 88.4 25.3		22.1		
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW					
(2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.					
(3) T	he reference result	is from Appendix E.			

System Performance Check at 5600MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2						
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]		
Reference result 85.9 24.2 5600 MHz ± 10% window 77.31 to 94.49 21.78 to 26.62			N/A			
08-Apr-22 91.5 25.7 22.1				22.1		
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW  (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.  (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.						

System Performance Check at 5800MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2						
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]		
Reference result ± 10% window		82.0 73.80 to 90.20	22.8 20.52 to 25.08	N/A		
08-Apr-22 86.3 24.2 22.1				22.1		
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW  (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.  (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.						



#### 4.2 SAR Measurement Procedure

The Dasy5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

σ: represents the simulated tissue conductivity

ρ: represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm<sup>2</sup>) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm<sup>3</sup>).



# 5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg



# 6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last	Next
				Calibration	Calibration
Reference Dipole 2450MHz	Speag	D2450V2	930	2019/11/21	2022/11/20
Reference Dipole 5GHz	Speag	D5GHzV2	1041	2020/05/25	2023/05/24
Device Holder	Speag	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1207	2021/11/22	2022/11/21
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3698	2021/11/24	2022/11/23
SAR Software	Speag	DASY52	V52.10.0.1446	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVE-8G	541100241	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	87300C	MY44300353	N/A	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Attenuator	Woken	WATT-218FS-10	N/A	N/A	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Attenuator	Mini-Circuit	BW-S20W2+	N/A	N/A	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Vector Network Analyzer	Keysight	E5071C	MY46106342	2021/10/18	2022/10/17
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3694A	041902	2021/08/26	2022/08/25
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00001447	2021/11/02	2022/11/01
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1339194	2021/11/02	2022/11/01

Note: 1. System Check, the path loss measured by the network analyzer, includes the signal generator, amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler.

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#### Note:

Per KDB 865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the following are recommended FCC procedures for SAR dipole calibration.

- 1. After a dipole is damaged and properly repaired to meet required specifications.
- 2. When the measured SAR deviates from the calibrated SAR value by more than 10% due to changes in physical, mechanical, electrical or other relevant dipole conditions.
- 3. When the most recent return-loss, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 20% from the previous measurement (i.e. 0.2 of the dB value) or not meeting the required -20 dB return-loss specification.

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	2450	Head	-25.2 dB		2019/11/21
Measurement	2450	Head	-24.77 dB	Within 20%	2020/11/18
Measurement	2450	Head	-25.29 dB		2021/11/16

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5250	Head	-26.9 dB	Within 20%	2020/5/25
Measurement	5250	Head	-24.16 dB		2021/5/18

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5600	Head	-24.4 dB	Within 20%	2020/5/25
Measurement	5600	Head	-27.05 dB	VVIIIIII 20%	2021/5/18

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5800	Head	-26.8 dB	Within 20%	2020/5/25
Measurement	5800	Head	-25.64 dB	VVIIIIIII ZU%	2021/5/18



4. When the most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 5  $\Omega$  from the previous measurement.

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	2450	Head	54.4 dB		2019/11/21
Measurement	2450	Head	56.58 dB	Within 5Ω	2020/11/18
Measurement	2450	Head	55.9 dB		2021/11/16

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5250	Head	49.0 dB	Within 5Ω	2020/5/25
Measurement	5250	Head	45.54 dB	VVIUIIII 312	2021/5/18

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5600	Head	56.3 dB	Within 5Ω	2020/5/25
Measurement	5600	Head	52.24 dB	VVIIIIII 312	2021/5/18

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5800	Head	54.3 dB	Within 5Ω	2020/5/25
Measurement	5800	Head	49.85 dB	VVILIIII 312	2021/5/18

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# 7. Measurement Uncertainty

Measu	rement u	ncerta	inty f	or 30	MHz	to 3 GHz	<u> </u>	
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	Veff
Measurement System		•					•	
Probe Calibration	±6%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Test Sample Related		•	•	•	1			
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	
Phantom and Setup		•					•	
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	√3	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.2%	±11.1%	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±22.3%	±22.2%	

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Meası	urement u	uncerta	ainty	for 30	Hz to	6 GHz		
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	Veff
Measurement System		•	•	•	•			•
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	√3	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Post-processing	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6%	R	√3	1	1	±3.8%	±3.8%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty	•	•	•	•	•	±12.3%	±12.2%	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±24.6%	±24.5%	

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# 8. Conducted Power Measurement (Including tolerance allowed for production unit)

WLA	N 2.4G 2TX SISO								
	Frequency	Mode	BW	SI	ISO-Main	(TX1)	S	ISO-Aux(	TX2)
	Troquency	Wiodo	BVV	СН	AV Power	AV Target	СН	AV Power	AV Target
				1	17.82	18	1	17.32	18
				6	17.85	18	6	17.74	18
		b	20	11	17.81	18	11	17.42	18
oort				12	17.54	18	12	17.35	18
na				13	17.11	18	13	17.31	18
ıten				1	16.89	17	1	16.68	17
n ar				6	17.61	18	6	17.66	18
at al		g	20	11	17.39	17.5	11	17.05	17.5
/er				12	15.16	15.5	12	14.85	15
wod				13	12.31	12.5	13	12.29	12.5
put	DSSS/OFDM mode specified maximum output power at an antenna port  R A B A A B A H H			1	16.77	17	1	16.77	17
out				6	17.69	18	6	17.62	18
Шn			20	11	15.93	16	11	16.21	16.5
xi				12	15.12	15.5	12	14.84	15
Шa	WLAN 2.4GHz	n		13	11.92	12	13	12.81	13
fied	WLAIN 2.40112	(HT)		3	17.15	17.5	3	16.87	17
Seci				6	17.68	18	6	15.56	16
e sk			40	9	15.86	16	9	15.64	16
pou				10	12.31	12.5	10	11.77	12.5
Σ				11	12.46	12.5	11	12.11	12.5
[년				1	17.28	17.5	1	17.18	17.5
38/0				6	17.66	18	6	17.61	18
)SS			20	11	15.76	16	11	15.77	16
				12	15.41	15.5	12	15.38	15.5
		ax		13	10.22	10.5	13	11.75	12
		(HE)		3	16.28	16.5	3	16.14	16.5
				6	16.33	16.5	6	15.81	16
			40	9	15.61	16	9	15.77	16
			40	10	12.08	12.5	10	11.86	12
				11	12.34	12.5	11	12.59	13

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WI	AN 5G 2TX S	ISO															
				SIS	SO-Mair	n(TX1)	SI	SO-Aux	(TX2)				SISO-Mair	n(TX1)	SIS	SO-Aux	(TX2)
	Frequency	Mode	ВW		AV	AV		AV	AV	Frequency	Mode	BW	Δ\/	AV		AV	AV
	. 1 ,			СН	Power		СН		Target				CLI	Target	СН	Power	
				36	13.02	13.5	36	13.03	13.5				100 13.12	13.5	100	13.09	13.5
			0.0	40	13.06	13.5	40	13.01	13.5				112 13.09	13.5	112	13.11	13.5
		а	20	44	13.12	13.5	44	13.08	13.5		а	20	116 13.19	13.5		13.07	13.5
				48	13.17	13.5	48	13.05	13.5				128 13.18	13.5	128	13.03	13.5
				36	13.11	13.5	36	13.13	13.5				132 13.14	13.5	132	13.09	13.5
			00	40	13.14	13.5	40	13.07	13.5				100 13.18	13.5	100	13.02	13.5
		n	20	44	13.18	13.5	44	13.02	13.5				112 13.13	13.5	112	13.11	13.5
		(HT)		48	13.16	13.5	48	13.12	13.5			20	116 13.06	13.5	116	13.09	13.5
	U-NII-1		40	38	13.11	13.5	38	13.06	13.5				128 13.13	13.5	128	13.03	13.5
	(5150~5250MHz)		40	46	13.19	13.5	46	13.07	13.5		n		132 13.18	13.5	132	13.03	13.5
		ac(VHT)	80	42	13.21	13.5	42	13.09	13.5		(HT)		102 13.18	13.5	102	13.04	13.5
				36	13.12	13.5	36	13.03	13.5				110 13.19	13.5	110	13.08	13.5
			20	40	13.12	13.5	40	13.09	13.5			40	118 13.07	13.5	118	13.04	13.5
١		0.4	20	44	13.13	13.5	44	13.06	13.5				126 13.11	13.5	126	13.07	13.5
ort		ax (HE)		48	13.12	13.5	48	13.07	13.5				134 13.11	13.5	134	13.04	13.5
าล ผ		()	40	38	13.19	13.5	38	13.03	13.5			20	144 13.19	13.5	144	13.09	13.5
an antenna port				46	13.19	13.5	46	13.07	13.5			40	142 13.15	13.5	142	13.02	13.5
ant			80	42	13.15	13.5	42	13.06	13.5	U-NII-2C	ac		138 13.27	13.5	138	13.26	13.5
an				52	13.02	13.5	52	13.06	13.5	(5470~5725MHz)	(VHT)	80	106 13.14	13.5	106	13.08	13.5
at		а	20	56	13.09	13.5	56	13.06	13.5				122 13.15	13.5	122	13.11	13.5
wer		_ ~		60	13.06	13.5	60	13.11	13.5			160	114 13.38	13.5		13.45	13.5
maximum output power				64	13.15	13.5	64	13.06	13.5				100 13.19	13.5	100	13.09	13.5
put				52	13.11	13.5	52	13.02	13.5				112 13.16	13.5	112	13.02	13.5
out			20	56	13.19	13.5	56	13.03	13.5			20	116 13.18	13.5	116	13.08	13.5
Ē		n (HT)		60	13.11	13.5	60	13.04	13.5				128 13.18	13.5	128	13.09	13.5
ıш		(HT)		64	13.13	13.5	64	13.09	13.5				132 13.14	13.5	132	13.02	13.5
Jax			40	54	13.15	13.5	54	13.08	13.5				144 13.08	13.5	144	13.02	13.5
	U-NII-2A		0.0	62	13.06	13.5	62	13.01	13.5		ax		102 13.15	13.5	-	13.02	13.5
ifie	(5250~5350MHz)	ac	80	58	13.19	13.5	58	13.08	13.5		(HE)		110 13.17	13.5		13.05	13.5
bec		(VHT)	160	50	13.36	13.5	50	13.43	13.5			40	118 13.19	13.5	-	13.02	13.5
e s				52	13.17	13.5	52	13.09	13.5				126 13.11	13.5	126	13.04	13.5
pou			20	56	13.18	13.5	56	13.11	13.5				134 13.17	13.5		13.09	13.5
M				60 64	13.16 13.15	13.5	60 64	13.06	13.5 13.5				142     13.11       106     13.18	13.5	142 106	13.02 13.09	13.5
OFDM mode specified		ax (HE)		54	13.19	13.5 13.5	54	13.05 13.02	13.5			80	106 13.18 122 13.21	13.5 13.5	122	13.09	13.5 13.5
0		(1112)	40	62	13.19	13.5	_	13.02				160	114 13.15			13.09	
			80	58	13.17	13.5	58	13.04	13.5			100	149 13.16	13.5	-	13.05	13.5
			160		13.17	13.5	50		13.5		а	20	157 13.11	13.5		13.05	13.5
			100	50	10.21	10.0	50	13.03	13.3		а	20	165 13.19	13.5		13.09	13.5
													149 13.19	13.5	-	13.09	13.5
												20	157 13.17	13.5	157	13.08	13.5
											n	20	165 13.14			13.05	13.5
											(HT)		151 13.18	13.5	-	13.06	13.5
										U-NII-3		40	159 13.17	13.5		13.05	13.5
										(5725~5850MHz)	ac(VHT)	80	155 13.25	13.5		13.11	13.5
													149 13.17	13.5	-	13.09	13.5
												20	157 13.12	13.5		13.08	13.5
													165 13.19	13.5		13.09	13.5
											ax		151 13.22	13.5		13.06	13.5
										(HE)	40	159 13.14	13.5		13.09	13.5	
													138 13.13	13.5		13.04	13.5
												80	155 13.22	13.5		13.06	13.5
										1					. 50		



BT On	ly Support Aux								
	_			S	ISO-Main	(TX1)	SI	SO-Aux(	TX2)
maximum output power	Frequency	Mode	Modulation		AV	AV	-	AV	AV
nt pc				CH	Power	Target	СН	Power	Target
outp				0	N/A	N/A	0	8.11	9.0
un.	BR	GFSK	39	N/A	N/A	39	8.50	9.0	
axim				78	N/A	N/A	78	8.50	9.0
				0	N/A	N/A	0	7.78	8.5
30 E	BT 2.4GHz	EDR	8DPSK	39	N/A	N/A	39	7.83	8.5
ooth				78	N/A	N/A	78	7.55	8.5
Bluetooth mode				0	N/A	N/A	0	6.65	7.0
<u> </u>	BLE		GFSK	19	N/A	N/A	19	6.44	7.0
				39	N/A	N/A	39	6.23	7.0



# 9. Test Results

# 9.1 SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEASUR	EMENT								
Liquid Temperat	ure (°C) : 2	21.8 ±2				Relative H	Humidity (%): 54		
Ambient Temper	ature (°C)	: 23.1	<u>+</u> 2			Depth of L	_iquid (cm):>15		
	Frequency Conducted Power (dBm) SAR 1g (W/kg)								
Test Position	Antenna Position	Dist (mm)	Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up	Measurement	Tune-up	Plot No.
						Limit		Scaled	
Test Mode: 802.11	b(AX201N	GW)_Ma	ain_High-Te	k		T	<b>-</b>	T	
Bottom	Fixed	0	1	2412	17.82	18	0.830	0.865	
Bottom	Fixed	0	6	2437	17.85	18	0.761	0.788	
Bottom	Fixed	0	11	2462	17.81	18	0.849	0.887	1
Test Mode: 802.11	lb(AX201N	GW)_Ma	ain_SOUTH	ISTAR					
Bottom	Fixed	0	6	2437	17.85	18	0.445	0.461	
Test Mode: 802.11	b(AX201N	GW)_Au	ıx_High-Tek	(					
Bottom	Fixed	0	6	2437	17.74	18	0.341	0.362	
Test Mode : 802.1	1b(AX201N	IGW)_A	ux_SOUTH	STAR					
Bottom	Fixed	0	1	2412	17.32	18	0.569	0.665	
Bottom	Fixed	0	6	2437	17.74	18	0.768	0.815	
Bottom	Fixed	0	11	2462	17.42	18	0.494	0.565	
Test Mode : BT-1N	M(AX201NC	3W)_Au	x_High-Tek						
Bottom	Fixed	0	39	2441	8.5	9	0.048	0.054	
Test Mode : BT-1N	И(AX201NC	GW)_Au	x_SOUTHS	TAR					
Bottom	Fixed	0	39	2441	8.5	9	0.107	0.120	2

Note: 1. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required.

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<sup>2.</sup> When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.



SAR MEASUR	EMENT								
Liquid Temperate	ure (°C) : 2	22.1 ±2				Relative H	Humidity (%): 52		
Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.2 ±2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				
			Freque	ency	Conducted Pow	ver (dBm)	SAR 1g (V	V/kg)	
Test Position	Antenna Position	Dist (mm)	Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	Plot No.
Test Mode: 802.11	ac80M(AX	201NGV	V)_Main_Hi	gh-Tek					
Bottom	Fixed	0	138	5690	13.27	13.5	0.559	0.589	
Bottom	Fixed	0	155	5775	13.25	13.5	0.494	0.523	
Test Mode: 802.11	ac80M(AX	201NGV	V)_Main_S	CHTUC	ΓAR				
Bottom	Fixed	0	138	5690	13.27	13.5	0.837	0.883	3
Bottom	Fixed	0	155	5775	13.25	13.5	0.542	0.574	
Test Mode: 802.11	ac160M(A)	X201NG	SW)_Main_l	ligh-Tek					
Bottom	Fixed	0	50	5250	13.36	13.5	0.329	0.340	
Bottom	Fixed	0	114	5570	13.38	13.5	0.502	0.516	
Test Mode: 802.11	ac160M(A)	X201NG	SW)_Main_S	SOUTHS	STAR				
Bottom	Fixed	0	50	5250	13.36	13.5	0.658	0.680	
Bottom	Fixed	0	114	5570	13.38	13.5	0.755	0.776	
Test Mode: 802.11	ac80M(AX	201NGV	V)_Aux_Hig	h-Tek					
Bottom	Fixed	0	138	5690	13.26	13.5	0.452	0.478	
Bottom	Fixed	0	155	5775	13.11	13.5	0.393	0.430	
Test Mode: 802.11	ac80M(AX	201NGV	V)_Aux_SO	UTHST	AR				
Bottom	Fixed	0	138	5690	13.26	13.5	0.453	0.479	
Bottom	Fixed	0	155	5775	13.11	13.5	0.549	0.601	4
Test Mode: 802.11	ac160M(A	X201NG	W)_Aux_H	igh-Tek					
Bottom	Fixed	0	50	5250	13.43	13.5	0.802	0.815	5
Bottom	Fixed	0	114	5570	13.45	13.5	0.591	0.598	
Test Mode: 802.11	ac160M(A)	X201NG	W)_Aux_S	OUTHS	TAR				
Bottom	Fixed	0	50	5250	13.43	13.5	0.508	0.516	
Bottom	Fixed	0	114	5570	13.45	13.5	0.461	0.466	

Note: 1. When multiple transmission modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected.

<sup>2.</sup> When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.

<sup>3.</sup> When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum U-NII-2A for the exposure configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.



# 9.2 Simultaneous Transmission

Simultaneo	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations						
1	1 WLAN 2.4GHz Main + WLAN 2.4GHz Aux						
2	WLAN 2.4GHz Main + BT Aux						
3	WLAN 5GHz Main + BT Aux						
4	WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux						
5	WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Aux						

# 9.2.1 Simultaneous transmission of MIMO in 802.11 test exclusion considerations

ANTENNA	ANTENNA : High-Tek											
Frequency (GHz)	Test Position (Body)	WLAN Main SAR (W/kg)	WLAN Aux SAR (W/kg)	Simultaneous Transmission (W/kg)	Antenna pair in mm	Peak location separation ratio						
2.4	Bottom	0.887	0.362	1.249	N/A	N/A						
5	Bottom	0.589	0.815	1.404	N/A	N/A						

ANTENNA	ANTENNA: SOUTHSTAR											
Frequency (GHz)	Test Position (Body)	WLAN Main SAR (W/kg)	WLAN Aux SAR (W/kg)	Simultaneous Transmission (W/kg)	Antenna pair in mm	Peak location separation ratio						
2.4	Bottom	0.461	0.815	1.276	N/A	N/A						
5	Bottom	0.883	0.601	1.484	N/A	N/A						

Note: The sum of value is less than 1.6W/kg or the ratio is determined by  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}/Ri$ , rounded to two decimal digits, and must be  $\leq 0.04$  for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for SAR test exclusion.

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# 9.2.2 simultaneous transmission of Wi-Fi and other wireless technologies

When the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, The ratio is determined by (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5/Ri, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be ≤ 0.04 for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion. The estimation result as below:

#### For DTS Band:

ANTENNA : High-Tek									
Mode	WLAN Main	BT	Simultaneous	Antenna pair	Peak location				
Mode	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	Transmission (W/kg)	•	separation ratio				
Bottom	0.887	0.054	0.941	N/A	N/A				

The sum of value is less than 1.6W/kg, thus simultaneous SAR testing is not needed.

ANTENNA:	ANTENNA: SOUTHSTAR									
Mode	WLAN Main	BT	Simultaneous	Antenna pair	Peak location					
iviode	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	Transmission (W/kg)	in mm	separation ratio					
Bottom	0.461	0.120	0.581	N/A	N/A					

The sum of value is less than 1.6W/kg, thus simultaneous SAR testing is not needed.

## For U-NII Band:

ANTENNA : High-Tek									
Mode	WLAN Main	BT	Simultaneous	Antenna pair	Peak location				
Mode	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	Transmission (W/kg)	in mm	separation ratio				
Bottom	0.589	0.054	0.643	N/A	N/A				

The sum of value is less than 1.6W/kg, thus simultaneous SAR testing is not needed.

<b>ANTENNA</b>	ANTENNA : High-Tek										
Modo	WLAN Main	WLAN Aux	BT	Simultaneous	Antenna pair	Peak location					
Mode	SAR (W/kg)		SAR (W/kg)	Transmission (W/kg)	in mm	separation ratio					
Bottom	0.589	0.815	0.054	1.458	N/A	N/A					

The sum of value is less than 1.6W/kg, thus simultaneous SAR testing is not needed.

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ANTENNA:	ANTENNA: SOUTHSTAR									
Mada	WLAN Main	BT	Simultaneous	Antenna pair	Peak location					
Mode	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	Transmission (W/kg)	in mm	separation ratio					
Bottom	0.883	0.120	1.003	N/A	N/A					

The sum of value is less than 1.6W/kg, thus simultaneous SAR testing is not needed.

ANTENNA	ANTENNA: SOUTHSTAR									
Mode	WLAN Main	WLAN Aux	BT	Simultaneous	Antenna pair	Peak location				
Mode	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	Transmission (W/kg)	in mm	separation ratio				
Bottom	0.883	0.601	0.120	1.604	84.9	0.024				

The ratio of value is less than 0.04, thus simultaneous SAR testing is not needed.



# 10. SAR measurement variability

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Freque	ency	SAR 1g (W/kg)							
	Channel MHz Original			First Repeated		Second Repeated		Third Repeated	
Channel		Original	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	
11	2462	0.849	0.829	1.024	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
138	5690	0.837	0.831	1.007	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

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# **Appendix**

Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

**Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs** 

**Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data** 

**Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data** 

Appendix F. Product Photos-Please refer to the file: 2231068R-Product Photos



#### Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Date: 2022/04/07

#### System Performance Check\_2450MHz-Head

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 10000, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.24$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

# Configuration/2450MHz\_Head/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

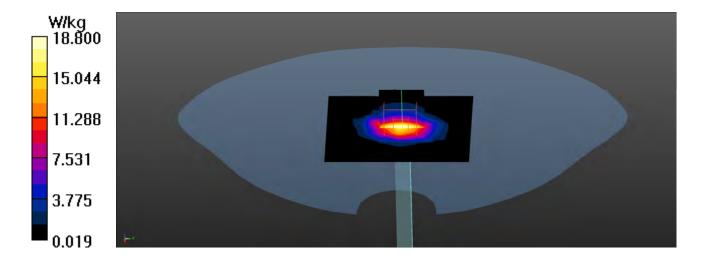
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

# Configuration/2450MHz\_Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 113.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.89 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.6 W/kg





#### System Performance Check\_5250MHz-Head

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.68 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.97$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 22.1 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

# Configuration/5250MHz-Head/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.4 W/kg

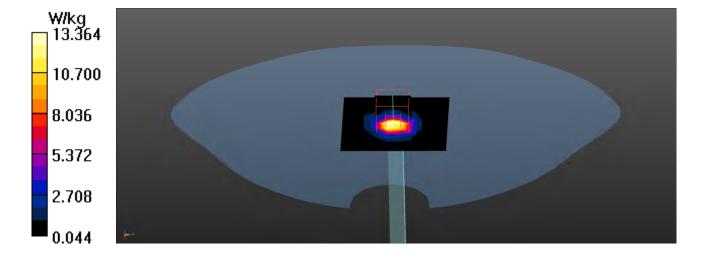
## Configuration/5250MHz-Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 76.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.84 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.53 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.8 W/kg





#### System Performance Check 5600MHz-Head

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.16 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.01$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 22.1 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

# Configuration/5600MHz-Head/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 W/kg

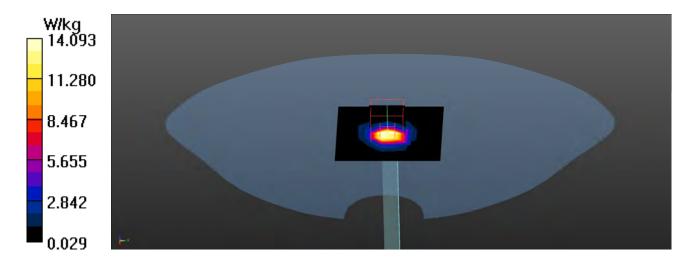
## Configuration/5600MHz-Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 75.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.57 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.0 W/kg





#### System Performance Check 5800MHz-Head

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.42 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 34.45$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 22.1 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

# Configuration/5800MHz-Head/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.5 W/kg

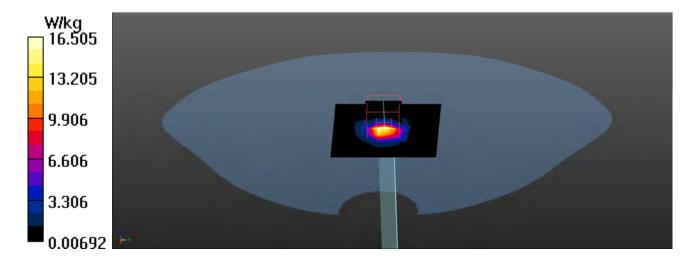
## Configuration/5800MHz-Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 70.98 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.8 W/kg





#### Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Date: 2022/04/07

01\_802.11b\_11-Bottom Main\_HighTek

**DUT: Notebook Computer; Type: SATELLITE PRO C40-K** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

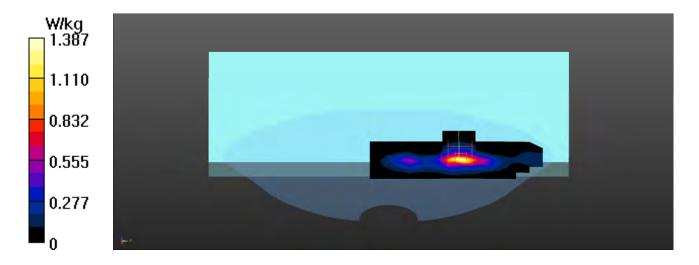
Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.39 W/kg

Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.849 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.365 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.48 W/kg





#### 02\_BT-1M\_39-Bottom Aux\_SouthStar

**DUT: Notebook Computer; Type: SATELLITE PRO C40-K** 

Communication System: UID 0, BT 1M&3M&BLE; Frequency: 2441 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.78$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.27$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011) DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 W/kg

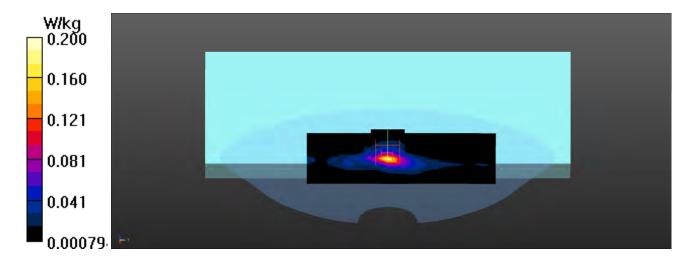
Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.923 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.256 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.107 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 W/kg

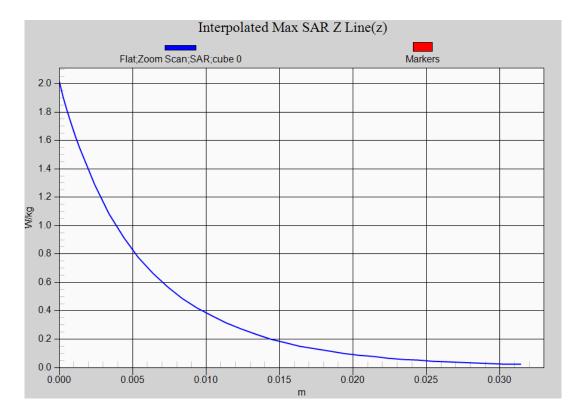
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.191 W/kg





## 802.11b EUT Bottom (High-Tek Main Antenna) Z-Axis plot

#### Channel: 11





03\_802.11ac80M\_138-Bottom Main\_SouthStar

**DUT: Notebook Computer; Type: SATELLITE PRO C40-K** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5690 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5690 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.27 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 34.76$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 22.1 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

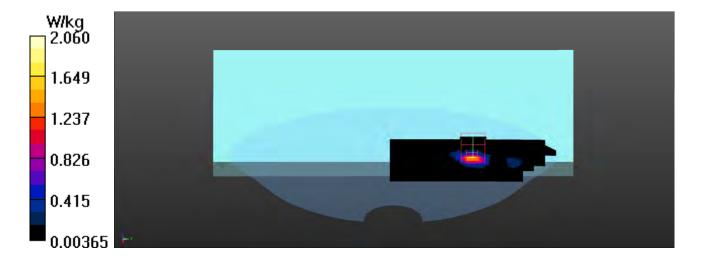
Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.36 W/kg

**Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 2.011 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.837 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.06 W/kg





#### 04\_802.11ac80M\_155-Bottom Aux\_SouthStar

**DUT: Notebook Computer; Type: SATELLITE PRO C40-K** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.38$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 22.1 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- · Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (8x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 W/kg

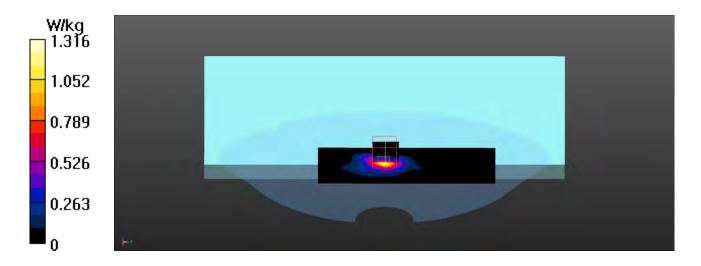
**Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 15.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.549 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg





05\_802.11ac160M\_50-Bottom Aux\_HighTek

DUT: Notebook Computer; Type: SATELLITE PRO C40-K

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5250 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.68 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.97$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 22.1 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

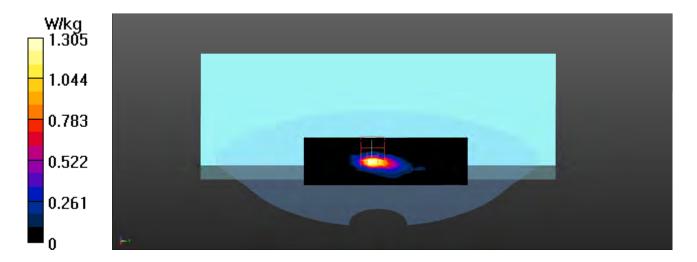
Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 W/kg

**Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 12.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.12 W/kg

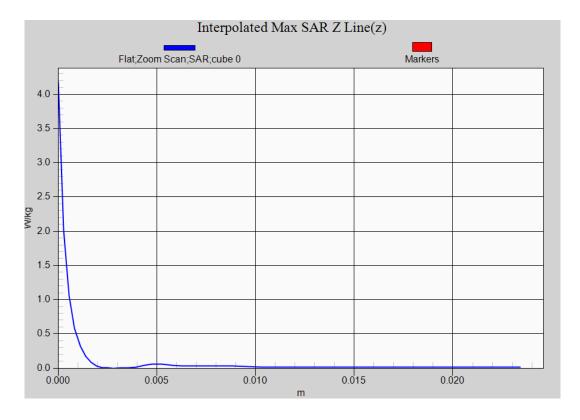
SAR(1 g) = 0.802 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.88 W/kg





## 802.11ac80M EUT Bottom (SOUTHSTAR Main Antenna) Z-Axis plot

#### Channel: 138





#### **SAR** measurement variability

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Date: 2022/04/07

802.11b\_11-Bottom Main\_HighTek-Verify

DUT: Notebook Computer; Type: SATELLITE PRO C40-K

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.1, Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 W/kg

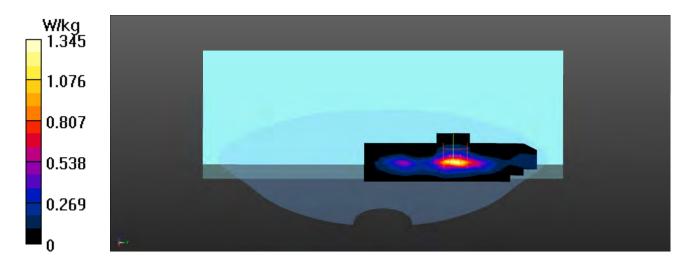
**Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.829 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.356 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 W/kg





802.11ac80M\_138-Bottom Main\_SouthStar-Verify

**DUT: Notebook Computer; Type: SATELLITE PRO C40-K** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5690 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5690 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.27 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 34.76$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 23.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 22.1 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

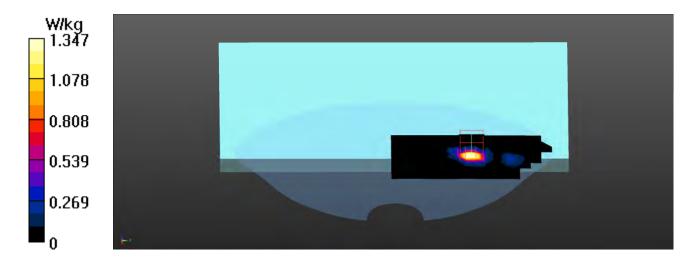
Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 W/kg

**Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 2.011 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.831 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.242 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.04 W/kg





# **Appendix D. Probe Calibration**

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

**DEKRA** (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3698\_Nov21

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3698

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

November 24, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature
Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Niels Kuster
Quality Manager

Issued: November 26, 2021

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## Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF

crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

A, B, C, D Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices -Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

**Basic Calibration Parameters** 

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.41	0.34	0.37	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	105.0	101.0	105.0	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	147.1	±3.3 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		129.5		1
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		141.3		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3698 November 24, 2021

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-137
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	9.73	9.73	9.73	0.16	1.30	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.10	9.10	9.10	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	8.90	8.90	8.90	0.38	0.96	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.81	8.81	8.81	0.47	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.18	8.18	8.18	0.58	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	40.2	1.31	8.08	8.08	8.08	0.30	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.96	7.96	7.96	0.28	0.86	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	7.60	7.60	7.60	0.39	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.39	7.39	7.39	0.33	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.19	7.19	7.19	0.27	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.97	6.97	6.97	0.36	0.90	± 12.0 %
3300	38.2	2.71	6.65	6.65	6.65	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.30	6.30	6.30	0.35	1.30	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.15	6.15	6.15	0.35	1.30	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.35	4.35	4.35	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.58	4.58	4.58	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

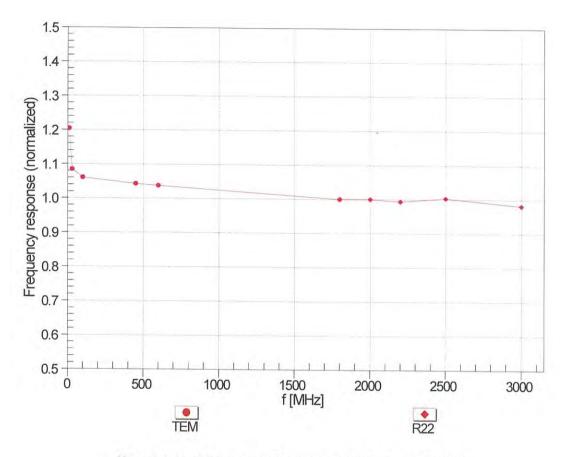
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

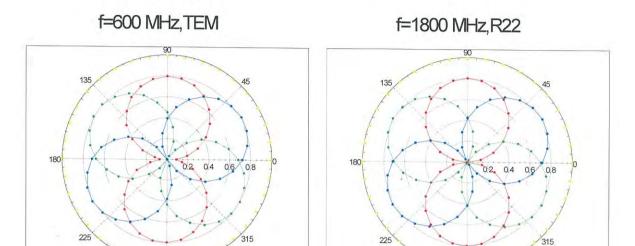
# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



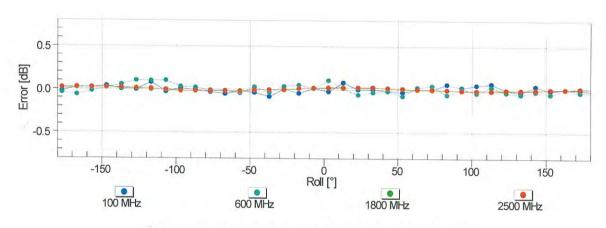
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Tot

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

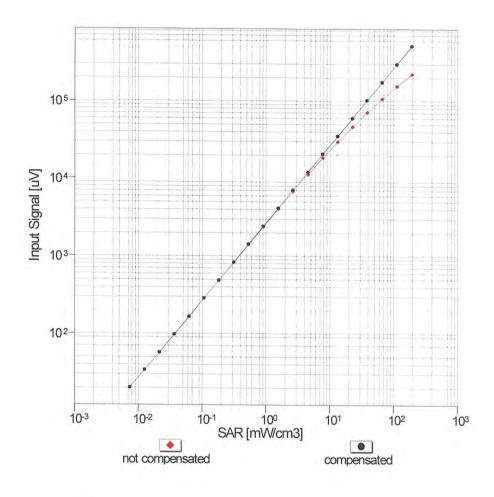


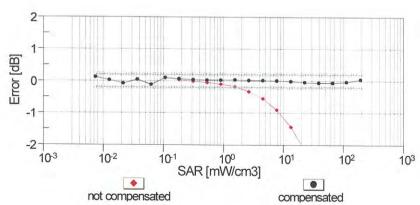
Tot



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

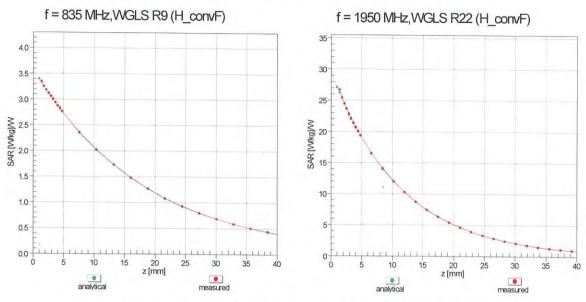
# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)



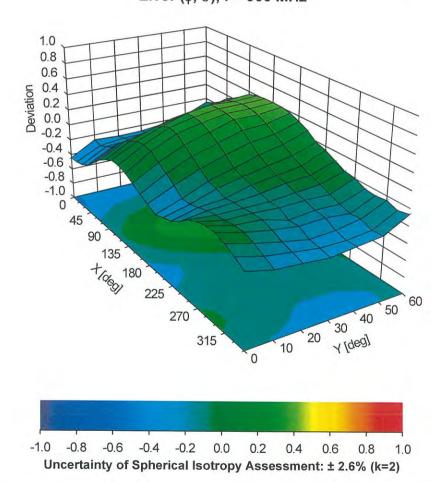


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz





# Appendix E. Dipole Calibration

139811

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: D2450V2-930\_Nov19

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Client

**DEKRA** (Auden)

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** 

Object D2450V2 - SN:930

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v11

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date: November 21, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19)	May-20
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19)	Apr-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
		Technical Manager	40

Issued: November 25, 2019

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#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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#### Glossary:

TSL \_

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of

300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.

• Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.

 Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.

Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.

No unportainty required.

No uncertainty required.

SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.

 SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.

 SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

ASY system configuration, as far as not		V52.10.3
DASY Version	DASY5	V 32.10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, $dy$ , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

ne following parameters and calculations were appli	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.2 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		<b>-</b>

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.5 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

he following parameters and calculations were appli	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.8 ± 6 %	2.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Body TSL

Condition	
250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
normalized to 1W	52.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
	250 mW input power

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-930\_Nov19

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.4 Ω + 3.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.2 dB

### **Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.2 Ω + 5.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB
1 tetatii 2000	

## **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.158 ns
Electrical Delay (one direction)	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured by	

Certificate No: D2450V2-930\_Nov19 Page 4 of 8

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 21.11.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:930

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.84$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 29.05.2019

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.10.3(1513); SEMCAD X 14.6.13(7474)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 117.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

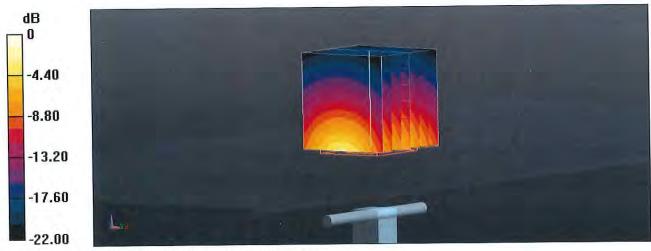
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

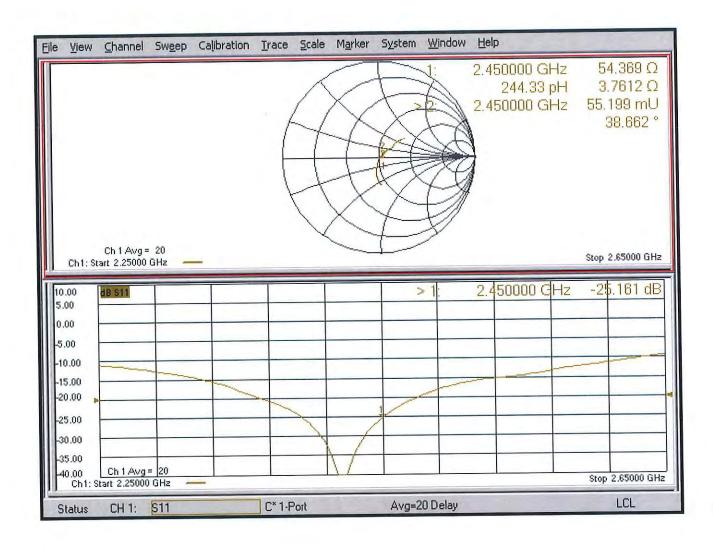
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.0 W/kg



0 dB = 22.0 W/kg = 13.42 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 21.11.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:930

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.01$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 50.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 29.05.2019

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002

• DASY52 52.10.3(1513); SEMCAD X 14.6.13(7474)

# Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 110.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.17 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.5 mm

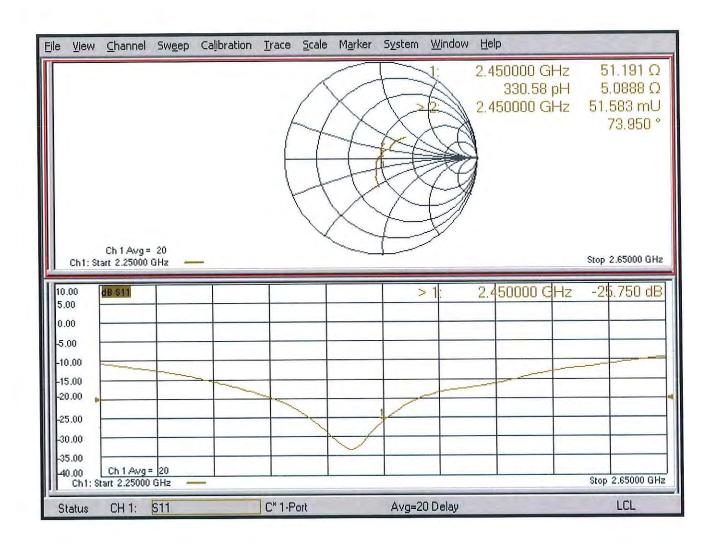
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



0 dB = 21.9 W/kg = 13.40 dBW/kg

#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1041\_May20

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Client DEKRA (Auden)

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** 

Object D5GHzV2 - SN:1041

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-22.v4

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date: May 25, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104)	Apr-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-3503_Dec19)	Dec-20
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19)	Dec-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M. Wese T
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	BULL

Issued: May 26, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 10.0  mm, dz = 10.0  mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.3 ± 6 %	4.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

#### Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.8 ± 6 %	4.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		4,000

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.63 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	85.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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## Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.5 ± 6 %	5.11 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	النبيد	

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.0 Ω - 4.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.9 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.3 Ω - 1.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.4 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.3 Ω - 2.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.8 dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

1.197 ns	Electrical Delay (one direction)
1.137 113	Licentical Belay (one direction)

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

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Manufactured by	SPEAG

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 25.05.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.55$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 35.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.9$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 34.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.11$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 34.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63,19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.5, 5.5, 5.5) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 79.63 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.8 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 8.20 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 69.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 79.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.6 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 8.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.43 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg

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# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 77.63 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

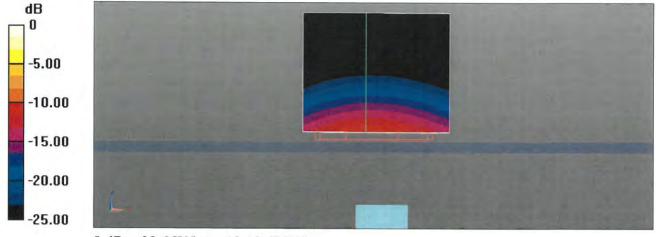
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 8.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.30 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg



0 dB = 20.6 W/kg = 13.13 dBW/kg

#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

