



FCC PART 15.247 & IC RSS-247 2.4 GHz DTS Test Report

APPLICANT	ADEMCO INC.
ADDRESS	2 CORPORATE CENTER DRIVE SUITE 1009040, MELVILLE NY 11747
FCC ID	CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
IC	573F-SiXSMOKE
MODEL NUMBER	SiXSMOKE
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	WIRELESS SMOKE DETECTOR
DATE SAMPLE RECEIVED	8/01/2019
FINAL TEST DATE	8/22/2019
TESTED BY	Tim Royer
TEST RESULTS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PASS <input type="checkbox"/> FAIL

Report Number	Report Version	Description	Issue Date
1991UT19_TestReport_	Rev1	Initial Issue	10/01/2019
1991UT19_TestReport_	Rev2	Radiated Emissions Plots were added	10/03/2019
1991UT19_TestReport_	Rev3	Updated lower bandedge plot	10/25/2019

THE ATTACHED REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL WITHOUT THE WRITTEN APPROVAL OF TIMCO ENGINEERING, INC.

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GENERAL REMARKS

Summary

The device under test does:

- Fulfill the general approval requirements as identified in this test report and was selected by the customer.
- Not fulfill the general approval requirements as identified in this test report

Attestations

This equipment has been tested in accordance with the standards identified in this test report. To the best of my knowledge and belief, these tests were performed using the measurement procedures described in this report.

All instrumentation and accessories used to test products for compliance to the indicated standards are calibrated regularly in accordance with ISO 17025 requirements.

I attest that the necessary measurements were made at:

Timco Engineering Inc.
849 NW State Road 45
Newberry, FL 32669

Tested by:   Sr. EMC Engineer
EMC-003838-NE 
Name and Title: Tim Royer, Project Manager/Testing Engineer

Date: 10/01/2019

Reviewed and approved by:
Name and Title: Franklin Rose, Project Manager/EMC Specialist

Date: 10/03/2019

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

GENERAL INFORMATION

EUT Information

EUT Description	WIRELESS SMOKE DETECTOR		
FCC ID	CFS8DLSiXSMOKE		
IC	573F-SiXSMOKE		
Model Number	SIXSMOKE		
EUT Power Source	<input type="checkbox"/> 110–120Vac, 50–60Hz	<input type="checkbox"/> DC Power	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Battery Operated
Test Item	<input type="checkbox"/> Prototype	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Production	<input type="checkbox"/> Production
Type of Equipment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fixed	<input type="checkbox"/> Mobile	<input type="checkbox"/> Portable
Antenna Connector	None		
Test Conditions	The temperature was 26°C Relative humidity of 50%.		
Test Configuration	Normal Operation, Antenna 2 was tested Radiated due to worst case.		
Modification to the EUT	No Modification to EUT.		
Model Family Version	There are two version of the device that are electrically and mechanically identical. The difference pertains to the marketing of the product – HVIN: SIXSMOKE, PMN: PROSiXSMOKEV is the version that is marketed to the General Market and HVIN: SIXSMOKEVA, PMN: SiXSMOKEVA is the version that is marketed to ADT. The lab tested the HVIN: SIXSMOKE version.		
Applicable Standards	FCC CFR 47 Part 2, Part 15, RSS-GEN Issue 5, RSS-247, Issue 2, Referring to ANSI C63.10-2013 for Test Procedures		
Test Facility	Timco Engineering Inc. at 849 NW State Road 45 Newberry, FL 32669 USA. Designation #: US1070 ISED Test Site Registration: 2056A		

Peripherals Used in Testing

Description	Type	Connector	Length
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

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Test Results Summary

FCC Rule Part No.	IC Rule Part No.	Requirement	Test Item	Result
15.215(c)	RSS-GEN 6.6	Occupied Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	Pass
15.247(a), (e)	RSS-247 § 5.2	Digital Transmission Systems	6 dB Bandwidth	Pass
			Power Spectral Density	Pass
15.247(d)	RSS-247 § 5.5	Unwanted Emissions	Bandedge	Pass
			Radiated Spurious	Pass
			AC Powerline Conducted Emissions	n/a

Frequency Range(s) of EUT

Operating Frequency Band 1	2405 – 2475 MHz
Test Frequencies	2405, 2445, 2475 MHz

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Definition of EUT

RULE PART NO.: FCC PART 15.3

(i) *Class B digital device.* A digital device that is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in commercial, business and industrial environments. Examples of such devices include, but are not limited to, personal computers, calculators, and similar electronic devices that are marketed for use by the general public.

NOTE: The responsible party may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business or industrial environment as a Class B device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B digital device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B digital device, regardless of its intended use.

(k) *Digital device.* (Previously defined as a computing device). An unintentional radiator (device or system) that generates and uses timing signals or pulses at a rate in excess of 9,000 pulses (cycles) per second and uses digital techniques; inclusive of telephone equipment that uses digital techniques or any device or system that generates and uses radio frequency energy for the purpose of performing data processing functions, such as electronic computations, operations, transformations, recording, filing, sorting, storage, retrieval, or transfer. A radio frequency device that is specifically subject to an emanation requirement in any other FCC Rule part or an intentional radiator subject to subpart C of this part that contains a digital device is not subject to the standards for digital devices, provided the digital device is used only to enable operation of the radio frequency device and the digital device does not control additional functions or capabilities.

NOTE: Computer terminals and peripherals that are intended to be connected to a computer are digital devices.

(o) *Intentional radiator.* A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

MEASUREMENT STANDARDS

RULE PART NO.: FCC PART 15.31

(a) The following measurement procedures are used by the Commission to determine compliance with the technical requirements in this part. Except where noted, copies of these procedures are available from the Commission's current duplicating contractor whose name and address are available from the Commission's Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau at 1-888-CALL-FCC (1-888-225-5322).

(2) Unlicensed Personal Communications Service (UPCS) devices are to be measured for compliance using ANSI C63.17-2013: "American National Standard Methods of Measurement of the Electromagnetic and Operational Compatibility of Unlicensed Personal Communications Services (UPCS) Devices" (incorporated by reference, see §15.38).

(3) Other intentional radiators are to be measured for compliance using the following procedure: ANSI C63.10-2013 (incorporated by reference, see §15.38).

(e) For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

(l) Measurements of radio frequency emissions conducted to the public utility power lines shall be performed using a 50 ohm/50 uH line-impedance stabilization network (LISN).

(m) Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers, other than TV broadcast receivers, shall be performed and, if required, reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band specified in the following table:

Frequency range over which device operates	Number of frequencies	Location in the range of operation
1 MHz or less	1	Middle.
1 to 10 MHz	2	1 near top and 1 near bottom.
More than 10 MHz	3	1 near top, 1 near middle and 1 near bottom.

(o) The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

FREQUENCY RANGE OF RADIATED MEASUREMENTS

RULE PART NO.: FCC PART 15.33

§15.33 Frequency range of radiated measurements.

(a) For an intentional radiator, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown in this paragraph:

(1) If the intentional radiator operates below 10 GHz: to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

(2) If the intentional radiator operates at or above 10 GHz and below 30 GHz: to the fifth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 100 GHz, whichever is lower.

(3) If the intentional radiator operates at or above 30 GHz: to the fifth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 200 GHz, whichever is lower, unless specified otherwise elsewhere in the rules.

(4) If the intentional radiator contains a digital device, regardless of whether this digital device controls the functions of the intentional radiator or the digital device is used for additional control or function purposes other than to enable the operation of the intentional radiator, the frequency range shall be investigated up to the range specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this section or the range applicable to the digital device, as shown in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, whichever is the higher frequency range of investigation.

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METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

RULE PART NO.: FCC PART 15.35

§15.35 Measurement detector functions and bandwidths.

The conducted and radiated emission limits shown in this part are based on the following, unless otherwise specified in this part:

(a) On any frequency or frequencies below or equal to 1000 MHz, the limits shown are based on measuring equipment employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector function and related measurement bandwidths, unless otherwise specified. The specifications for the measuring instrumentation using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in ANSI C63.4-2014, clause 4 (incorporated by reference, see §15.38). As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurements, the responsible party, at its option, may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits using measuring equipment employing a peak detector function as long as the same bandwidth as indicated for CISPR quasi-peak measurements are employed.

(b) Unless otherwise specified, on any frequency or frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emission limits are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 1000 MHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. When average radiated emission measurements are specified in this part, including average emission measurements below 1000 MHz, there also is a limit on the peak level of the radio frequency emissions. Unless otherwise specified, *e.g.*, see §§15.250, 15.252, 15.253(d), 15.255, 15.256, and 15.509 through 15.519, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device, *e.g.*, the total peak power level. Note that the use of a pulse desensitization correction factor may be needed to determine the total peak emission level. The instruction manual or application note for the measurement instrument should be consulted for determining pulse desensitization factors, as necessary.

(c) Unless otherwise specified, *e.g.*, §§15.255(b), and 15.256(l)(5), when the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission, and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds. As an alternative (provided the transmitter operates for longer than 0.1 seconds) or in cases where the pulse train exceeds 0.1 seconds, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1 second interval during which the field strength is at its maximum value. The exact method of calculating the average field strength shall be submitted with any application for certification or shall be retained in the measurement data file for equipment subject to Supplier's Declaration of Conformity.

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OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Rule Part No.: FCC 2.1049(h), 15.215(c), IC RSS GEN Section 6.6

Requirements: The 99% Bandwidth is for reporting only.

§15.215 Additional provisions to the general radiated emission limitations.

(c) Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. In the case of intentional radiators operating under the provisions of subpart E, the emission bandwidth may span across multiple contiguous frequency bands identified in that subpart. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Test Method: ANSI C63.10 § 6.9.3

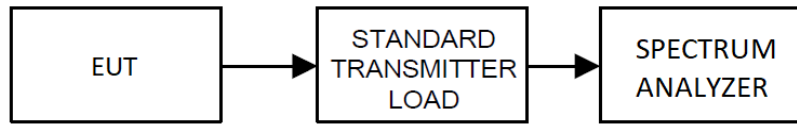
6.9.3 Occupied bandwidth—power bandwidth (99%) measurement procedure

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

- a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
- d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.
- e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
- h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Test Setup:

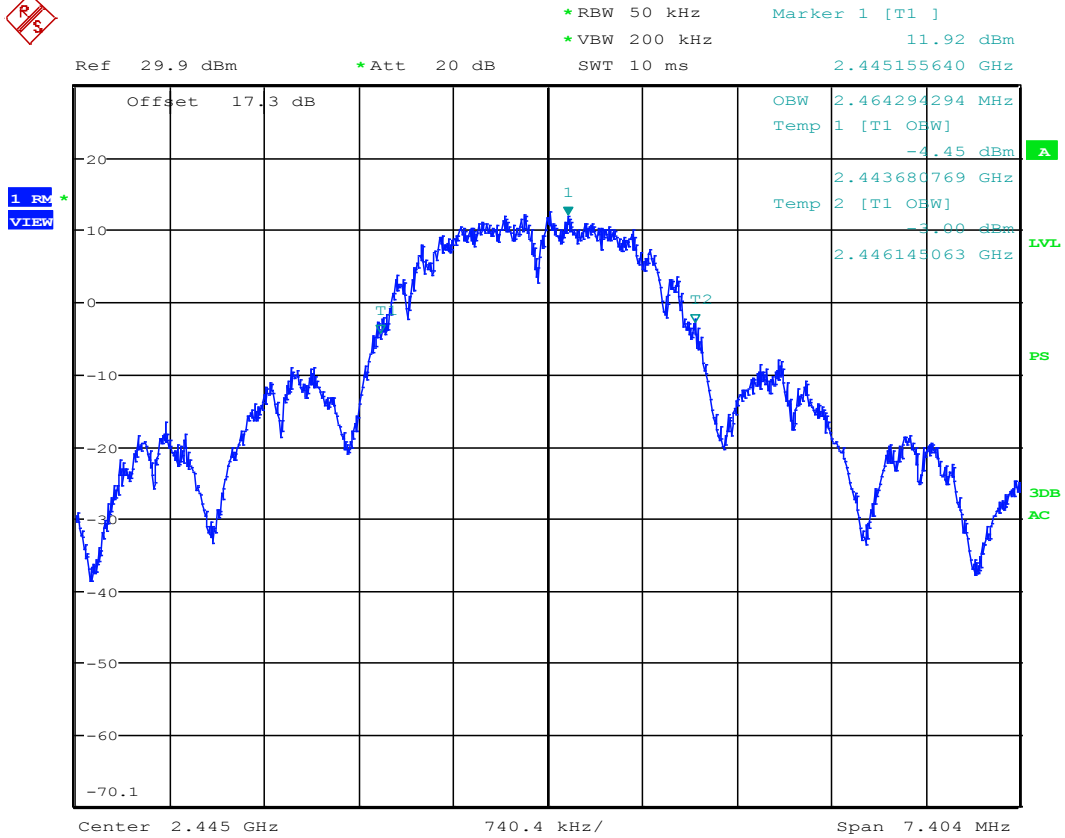


Test Data: Occupied Bandwidth Measurement Table

Tuned Frequency (MHz)	99% BW (MHz)
ANT1	
2404	2.405
2445	2.46
2475	2.516
ANT2	
2404	2.405
2445	2.464
2475	2.505

OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Test Data: 99% Bandwidth 2445 MHz, ANT1



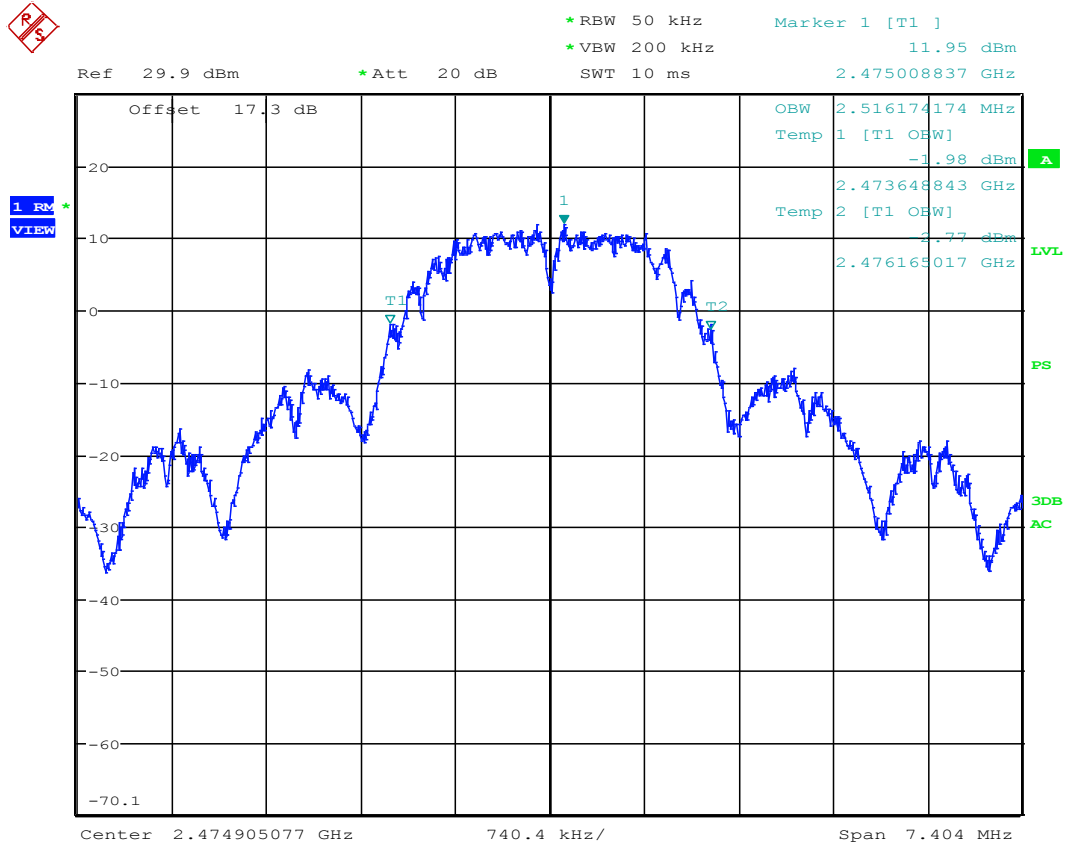
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:10:21

RESULT: 99% OBW = 2.46 MHz

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Test Data: 99% Bandwidth 2475 MHz, ANT1



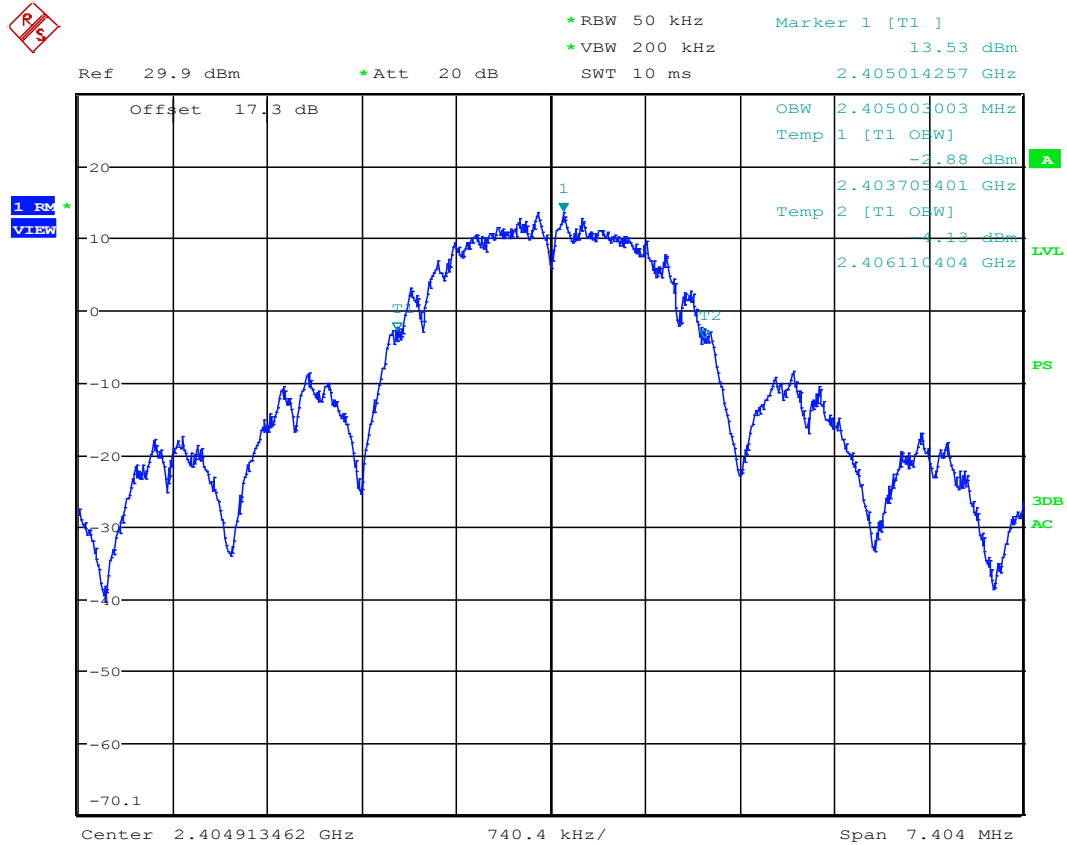
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:11:02

RESULT: 99% OBW = 2.516 MHz

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Test Data: 99% Bandwidth 2404 MHz, ANT2



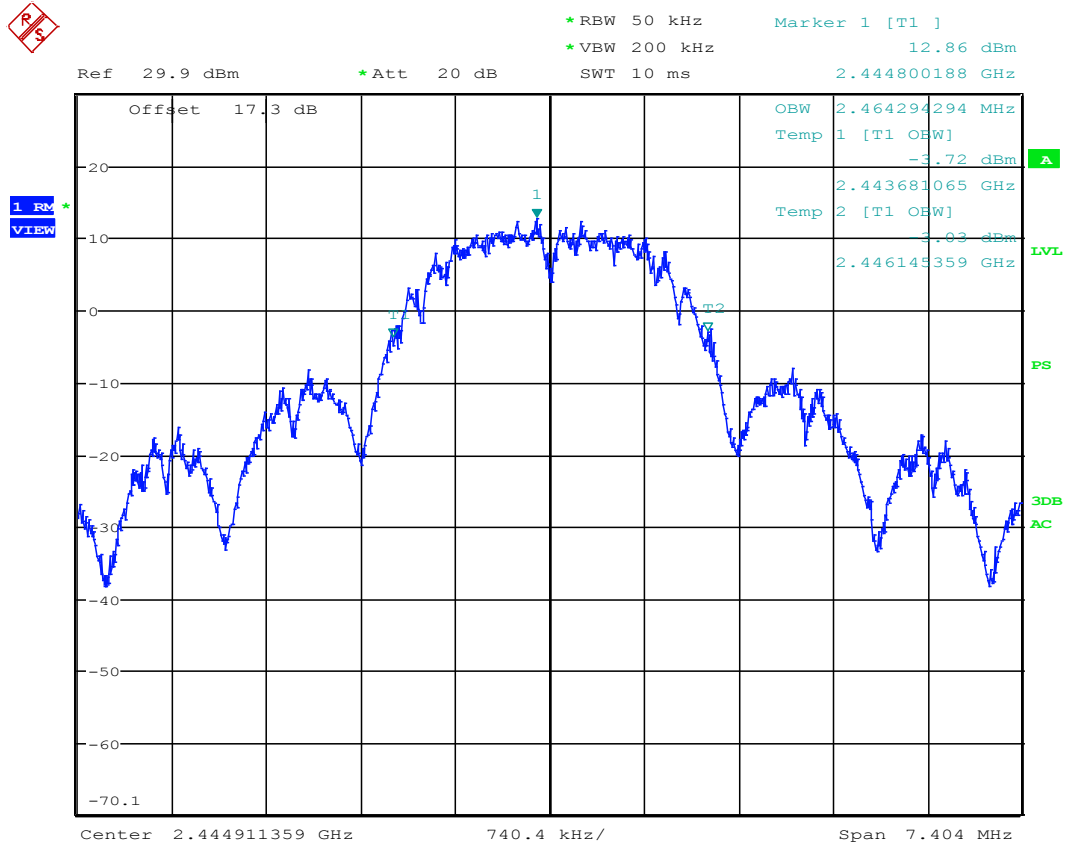
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:09:37

RESULT: 99% OBW = 2.405 MHz

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Test Data: 99% Bandwidth 2445 MHz, ANT2



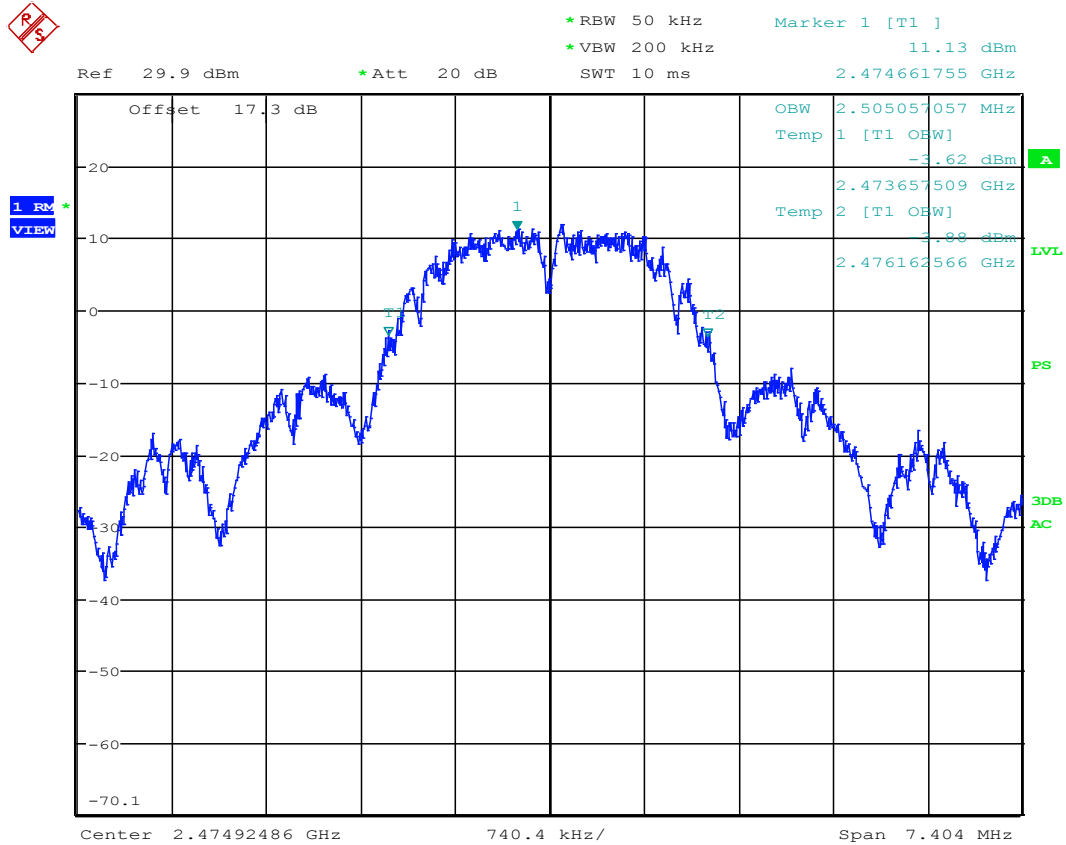
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:14:52

RESULT: 99% OBW = 2.464 MHz

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Test Data: 99% Bandwidth 2475 MHz, ANT2



Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:15:35

RESULT: 99% OBW = 2.505 MHz

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

DTS BANDWIDTH

Rule Part No.: FCC 15.247 (a)(2) , IC RSS 247 Section 5.2, a

Requirements:

§15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz.

(2) Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

RSS 247, Section 5.2:

DTSs include systems that employ digital modulation techniques resulting in spectral characteristics similar to direct sequence systems. The following applies to the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz: 1

- a. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.
- b. The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of [section 5.4\(d\)](#), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

Test Method: ANSI C63.10 § 11.8

11.8 DTS bandwidth

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the modulated DTS bandwidth.

11.8.1 Option 1

The steps for the first option are as follows:

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- c) Detector = peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.

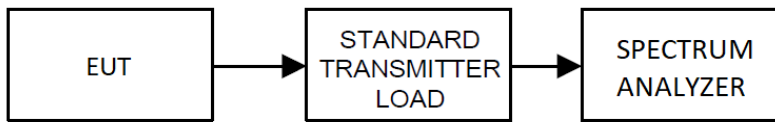
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

11.8.2 Option 2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described in 11.8.1 (i.e., $RBW = 100$ kHz, $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$, and peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be ≥ 6 dB.

DTS BANDWIDTH

Test Setup:



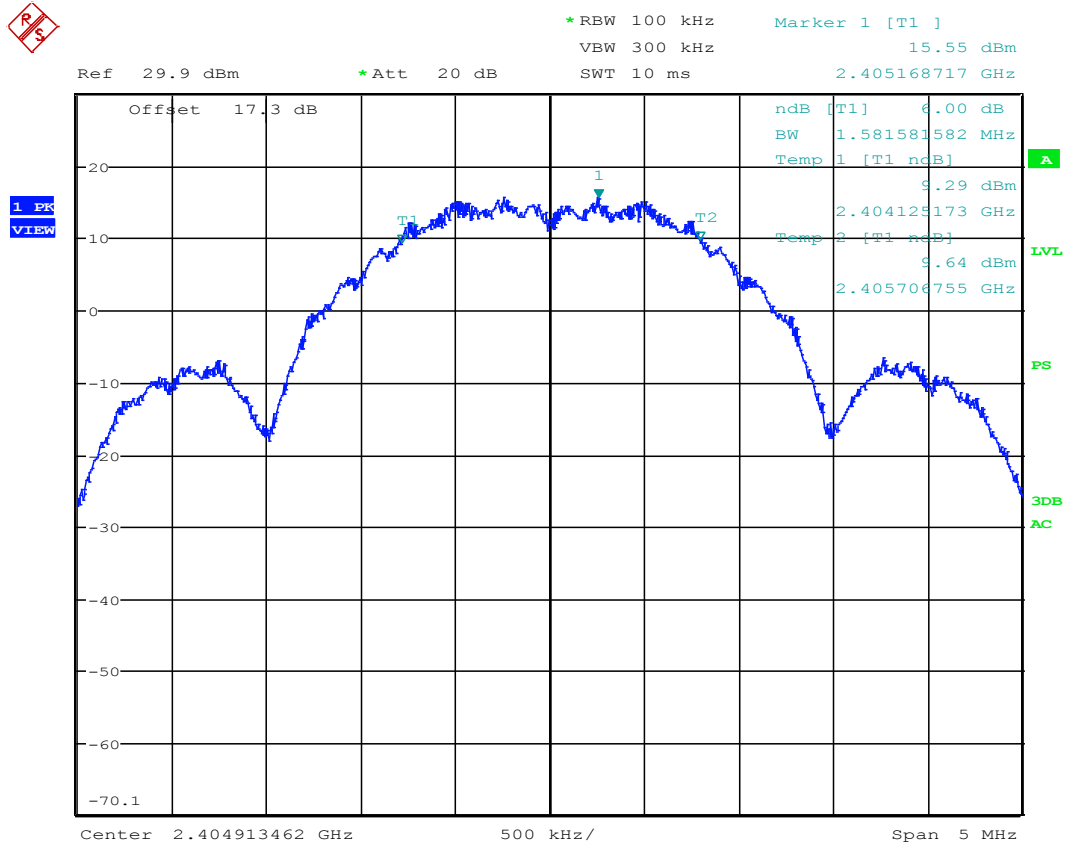
Test Data: DTS Bandwidth Measurement Table

Tuned Frequency (MHz)	DTS BW (MHz)
ANT1	
2404	1.581
2445	1.609
2475	1.671
ANT2	
2404	1.471
2445	1.604
2475	1.651

Result: Complies.

DTS BANDWIDTH

Test Data: DTS Bandwidth 2404 MHz, ANT1



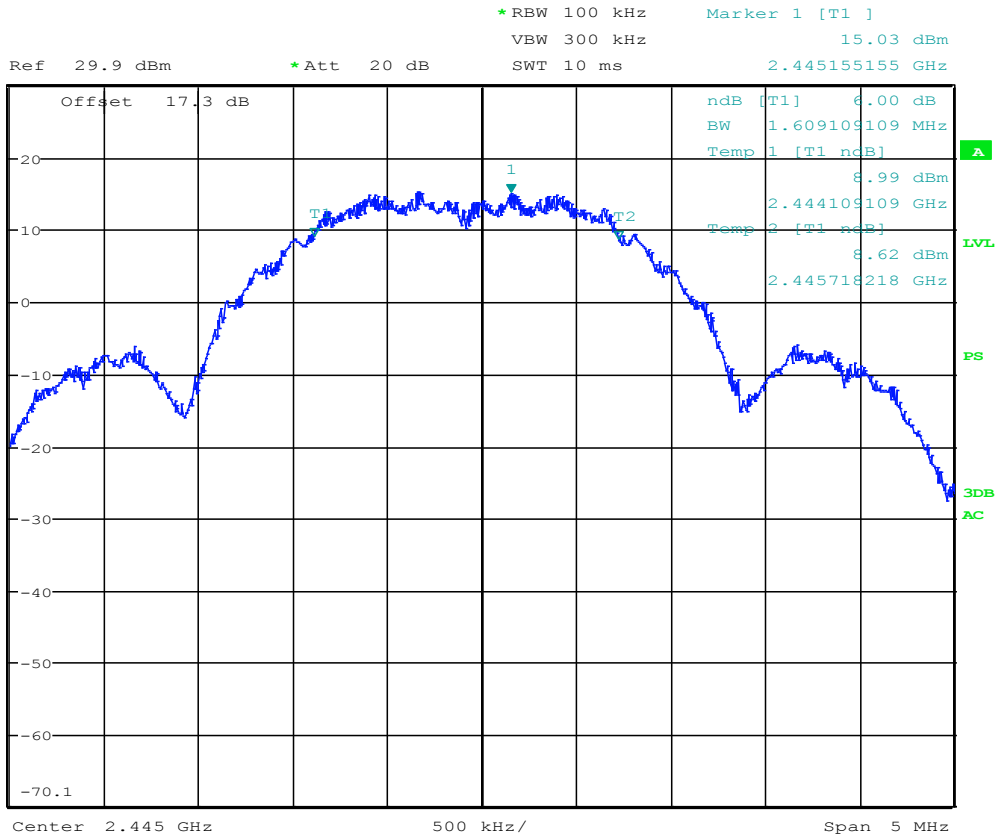
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:08:08

RESULT: DTS Bandwidth = 1.581 MHz

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
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 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
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DTS BANDWIDTH

Test Data: DTS Bandwidth 2445 MHz, ANT1



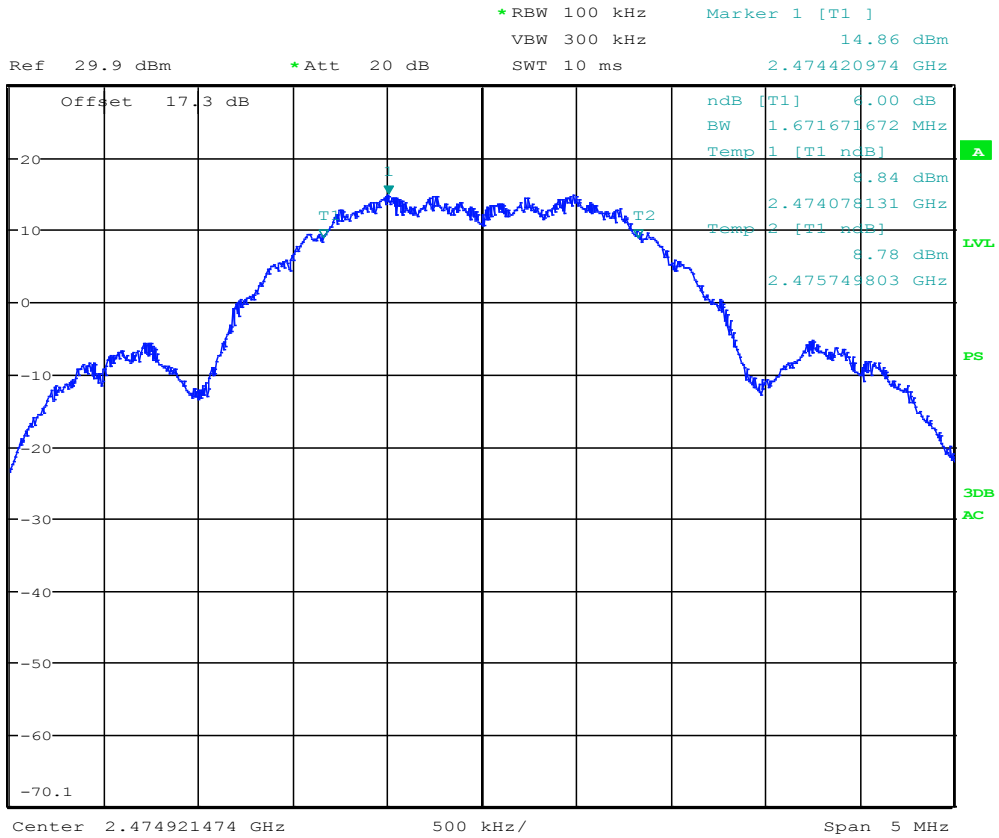
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:05:38

RESULT: DTS Bandwidth = 1.609 MHz

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

DTS BANDWIDTH

Test Data: DTS Bandwidth 2475 MHz, ANT1



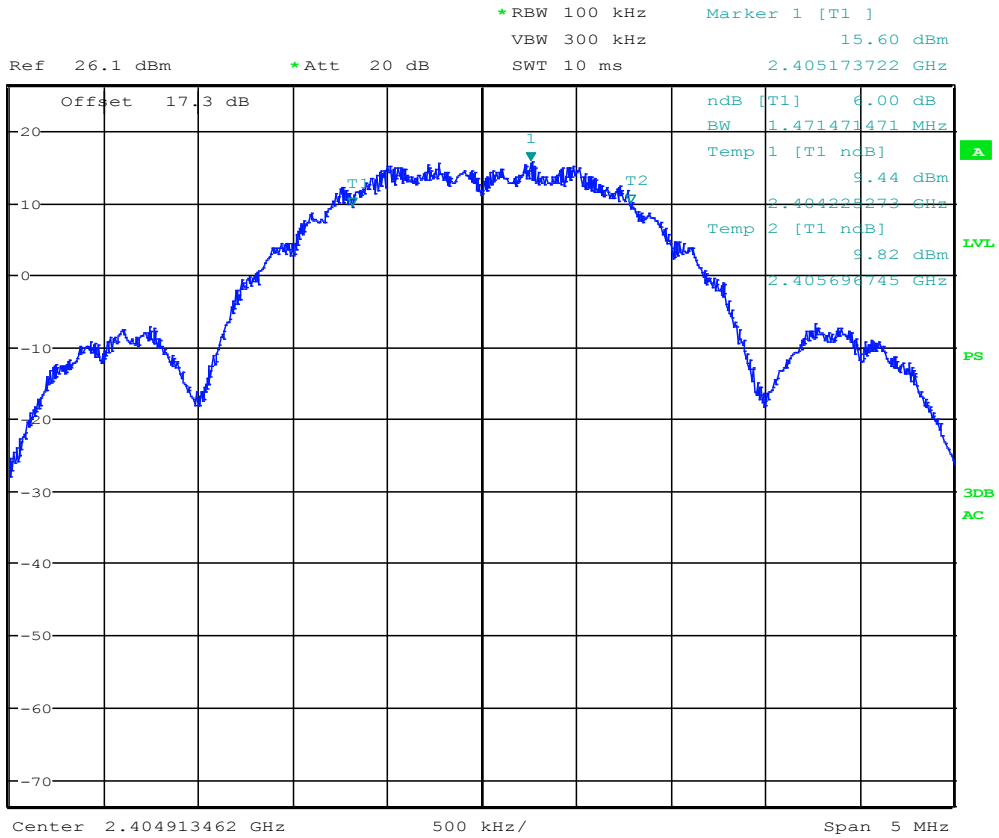
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:06:50

RESULT: DTS Bandwidth = 1.671 MHz

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

DTS BANDWIDTH

Test Data: DTS Bandwidth 2404 MHz, ANT2



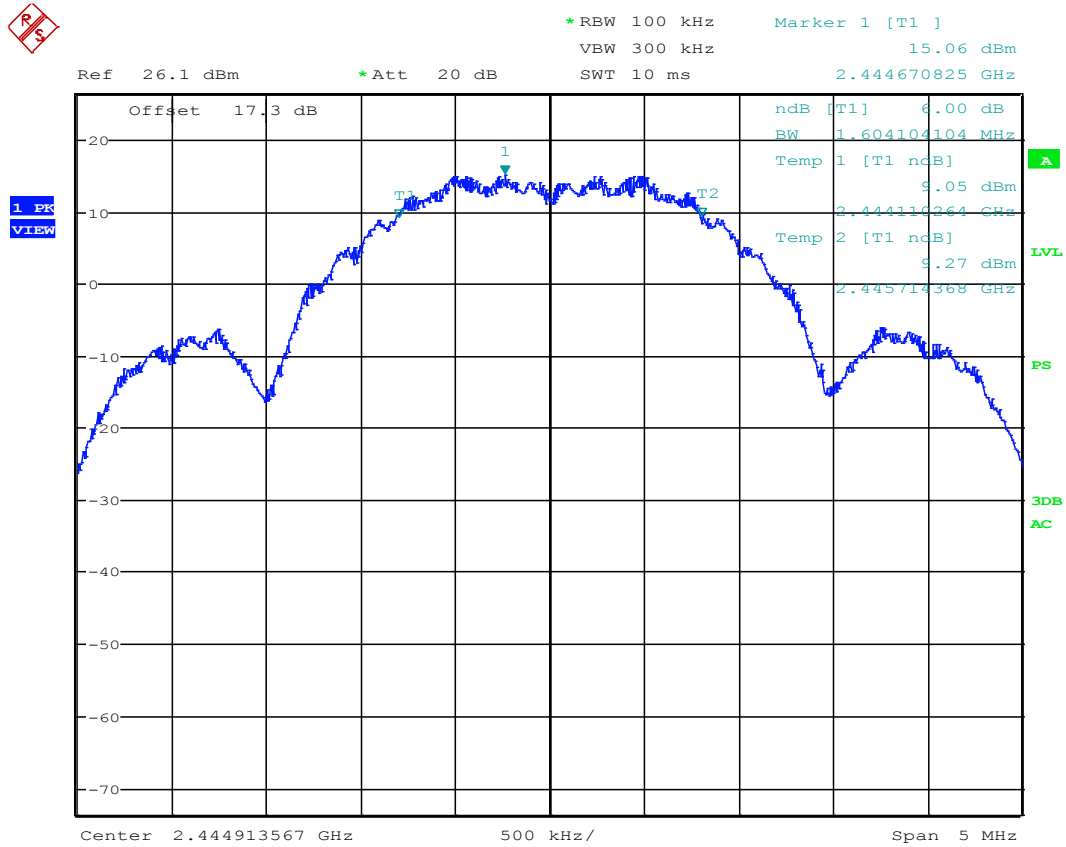
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:36:47

RESULT: DTS Bandwidth = 1.471 MHz

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

DTS BANDWIDTH

Test Data: DTS Bandwidth 2445 MHz, ANT2



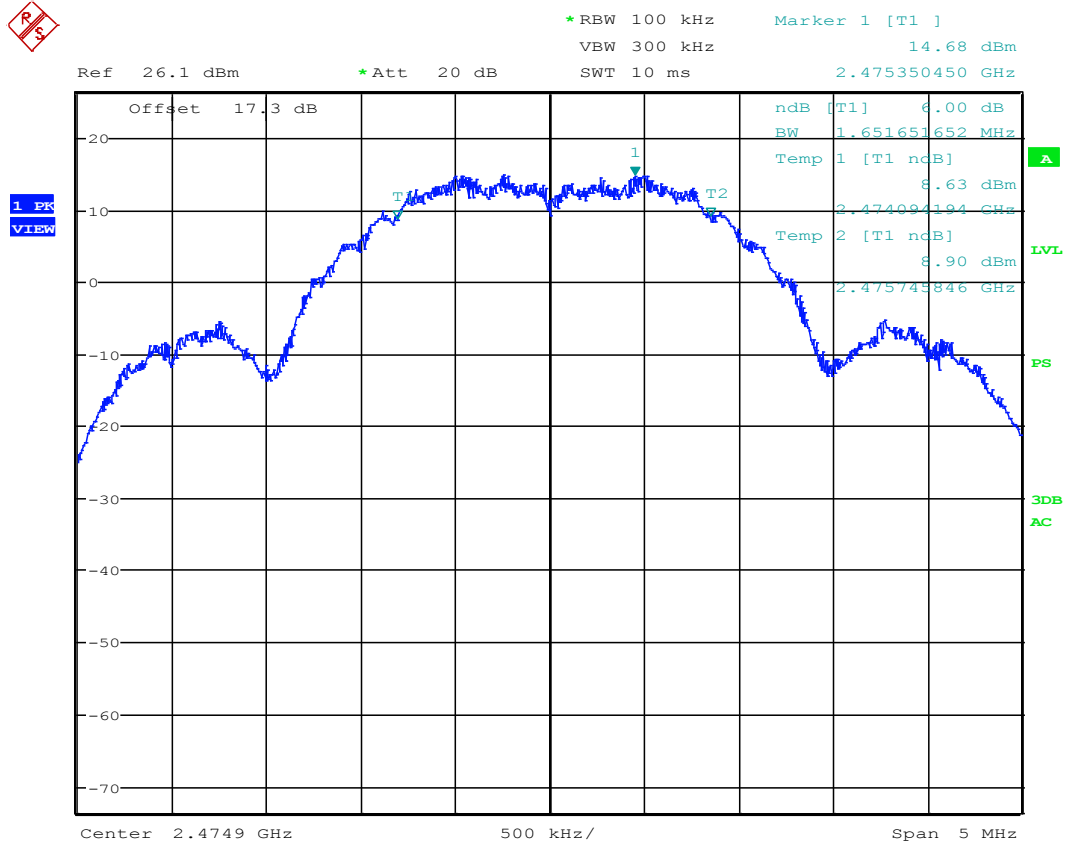
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:34:33

RESULT: DTS Bandwidth = 1.604 MHz

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

DTS BANDWIDTH

Test Data: **DTS Bandwidth 2475 MHz, ANT2**



Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:35:39

RESULT: DTS Bandwidth = 1.651 MHz

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

PEAK POWER OUTPUT

Rules Part No.: FCC 15.247(b) (3) (4), IC RSS 247 Section 5.4, d

Requirements:

§15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz.

(b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

(3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the *maximum conducted output power* is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

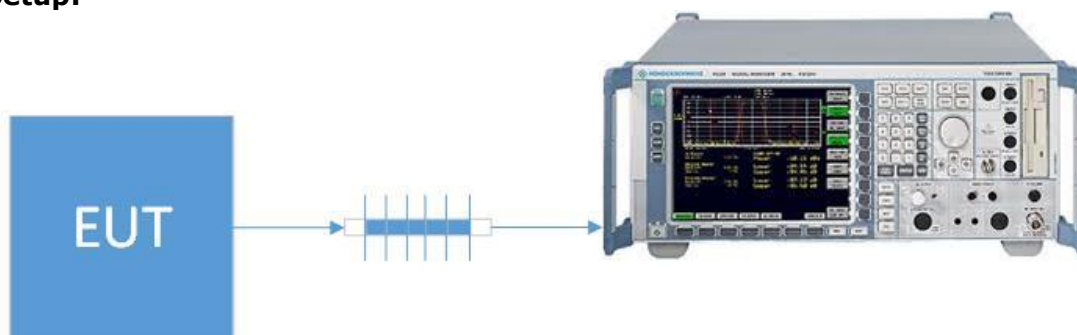
(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

RSS 247, Section 5.4:

d. For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

Test Method: ANSI C63.10 § 11.2 Power Limits, definitions, and device configuration
 ANSI C63.10 § 11.9.1.1 Fundamental Output Power RBW \geq DTS Bandwidth
 ANSI C63.10 § Annex G Relationship among Field Strength and ERP/EIRP

Test Setup:



Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

PEAK POWER OUTPUT

Test Data: Peak Power Output Measurement Table Antenna 1

Peak Conducted Power Output Measurement				
Tuned Frequency (MHz)	PConducted (dBm)	PConducted (W)	15.247 Limit (W)	Margin (W)
2405	19.20	0.08318	1.00	0.91682
2445	18.93	0.07816	1.00	0.92184
2475	18.89	0.07745	1.00	0.92255

ERP to EIRP Conversion formula: $EIRP = ERP + 2.15 \text{ dB}$

Peak EIRP Power Output Calculation				
Tuned Frequency (MHz)	PConducted (dBm)	EIRP (W)	RSS-247 Limit (W)	Margin (W)
2405	19.20	0.13646	4.00	3.86354
2445	18.93	0.12823	4.00	3.87177
2475	18.89	0.12706	4.00	3.87294

Test Data: Peak Power Output Measurement Table Antenna 2

Peak Conducted Power Output Measurement				
Tuned Frequency (MHz)	PConducted (dBm)	PConducted (W)	15.247 Limit (W)	Margin (W)
2405	19.22	0.08356	1.00	0.91644
2445	18.82	0.07621	1.00	0.92379
2475	18.90	0.07762	1.00	0.92238

ERP to EIRP Conversion formula: $EIRP = ERP + 2.15 \text{ dB}$

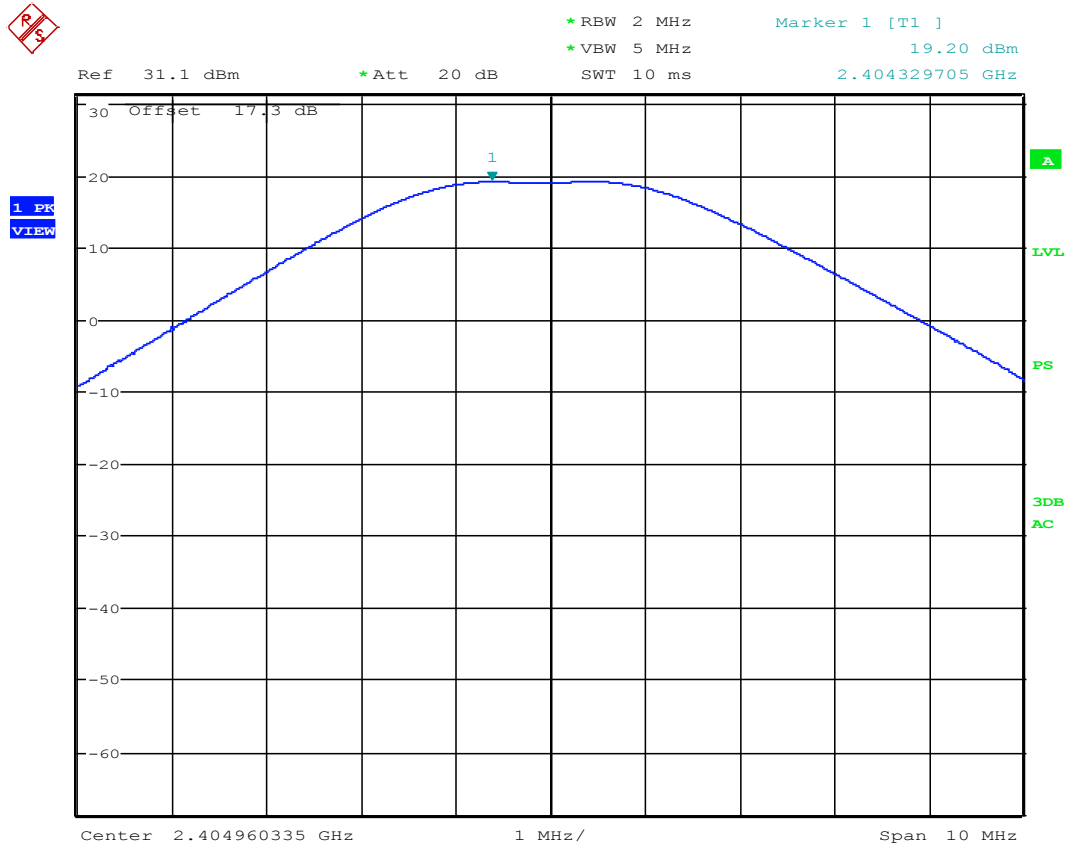
Peak EIRP Power Output Calculation				
Tuned Frequency (MHz)	PConducted (dBm)	EIRP (W)	RSS-247 Limit (W)	Margin (W)
2405	19.22	0.13709	4.00	3.86291
2445	18.82	0.12503	4.00	3.87497
2475	18.90	0.12735	4.00	3.87265

RESULT: Meets Requirements

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

PEAK POWER OUTPUT

Test Data: Peak Power Output Plot Low End of Band Antenna 1



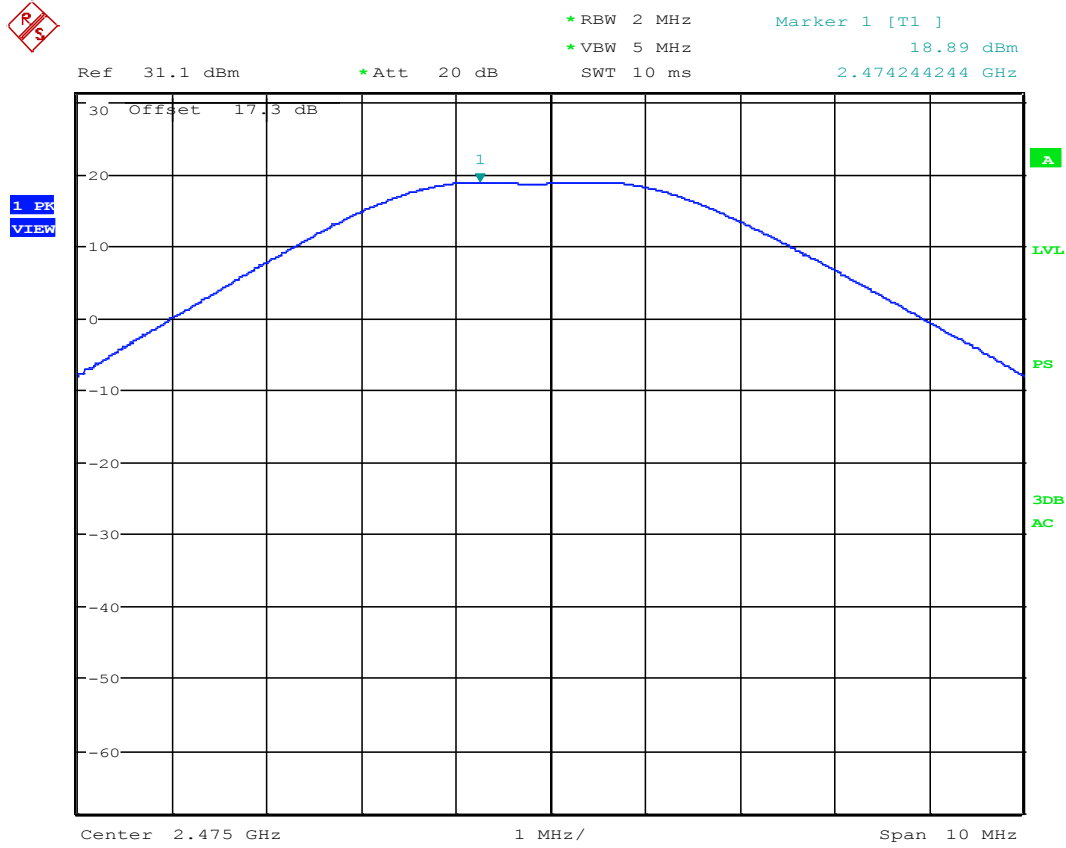
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:19:59

RESULT: Power Output = 19.2 dBm

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

PEAK POWER OUTPUT

Test Data: Peak Power Output Plot High End of Band Antenna 1



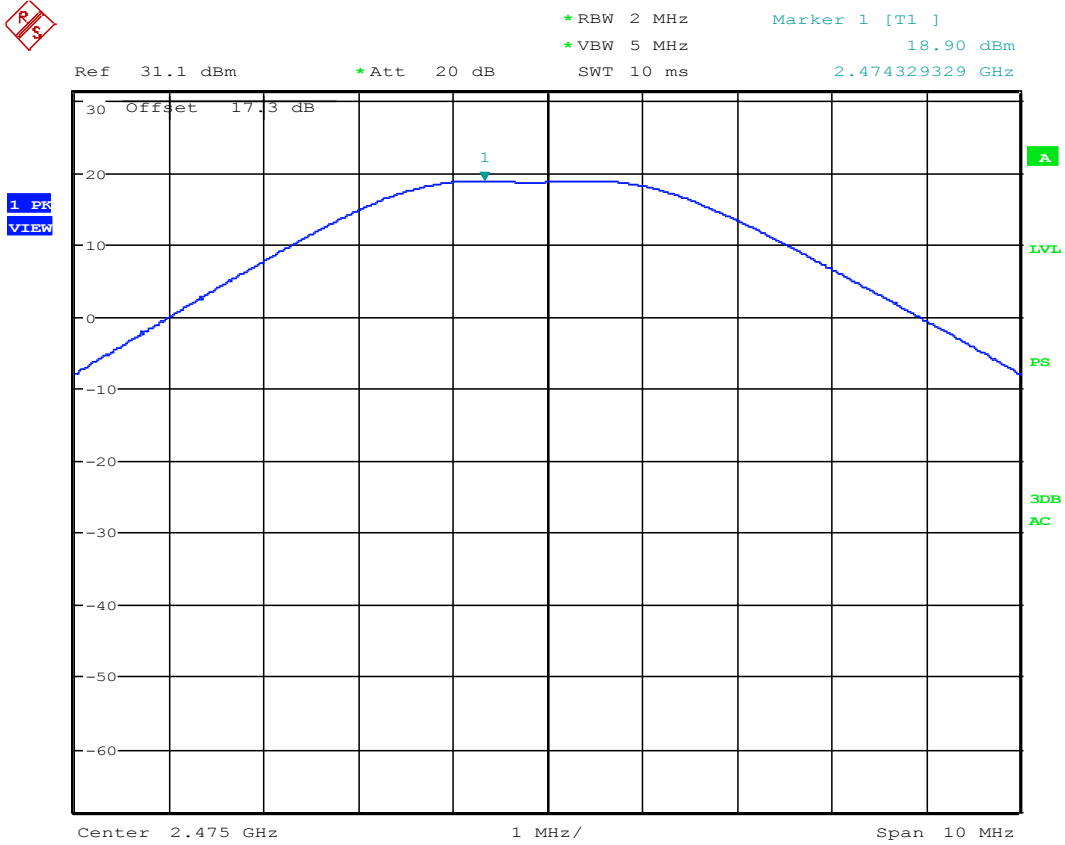
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:20:58

RESULT: Power Output = 18.89 dBm

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

PEAK POWER OUTPUT

Test Data: Peak Power Output Plot High End of Band Antenna 2



Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:22:42

RESULT: Power Output = 18.9 dBm

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Rule Part No.: FCC 15.247(e) , IC RSS 247 Section 5.2, b

Requirements:

§15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz.

(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

RSS 247, Section 5.2:

DTSs include systems that employ digital modulation techniques resulting in spectral characteristics similar to direct sequence systems. The following applies to the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz: 1

- a. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.
- b. The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of [section 5.4\(d\)](#), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

Test Method: ANSI C63.10 § 11.10

11.10.2 Method PKPSD (peak PSD)

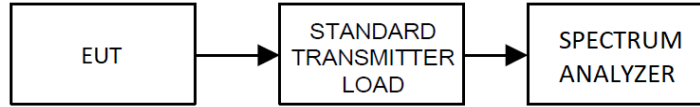
The following procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to determine compliance, and it is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to determine compliance:

- a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW to $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- d) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- j) If measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

Power Spectral Density

Test Setup:



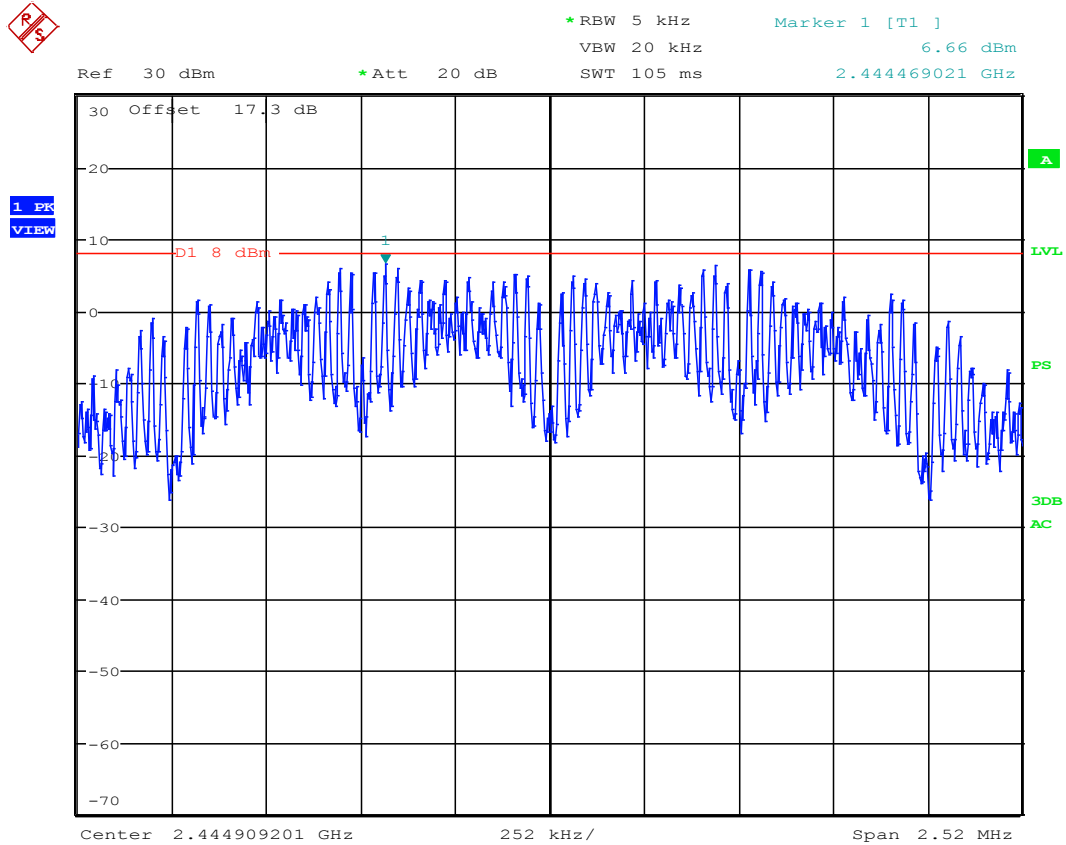
Test Data: PSD Measurement Table

Tuned Frequency (MHz)	PSD Level (dBm)
ANT1	
2404	7.91
2445	6.66
2475	6.8
ANT2	
2404	7.94
2445	6.92
2475	7.58

Result: Complies.

Power Spectral Density

Test Data: PSD 2445 MHz, ANT1



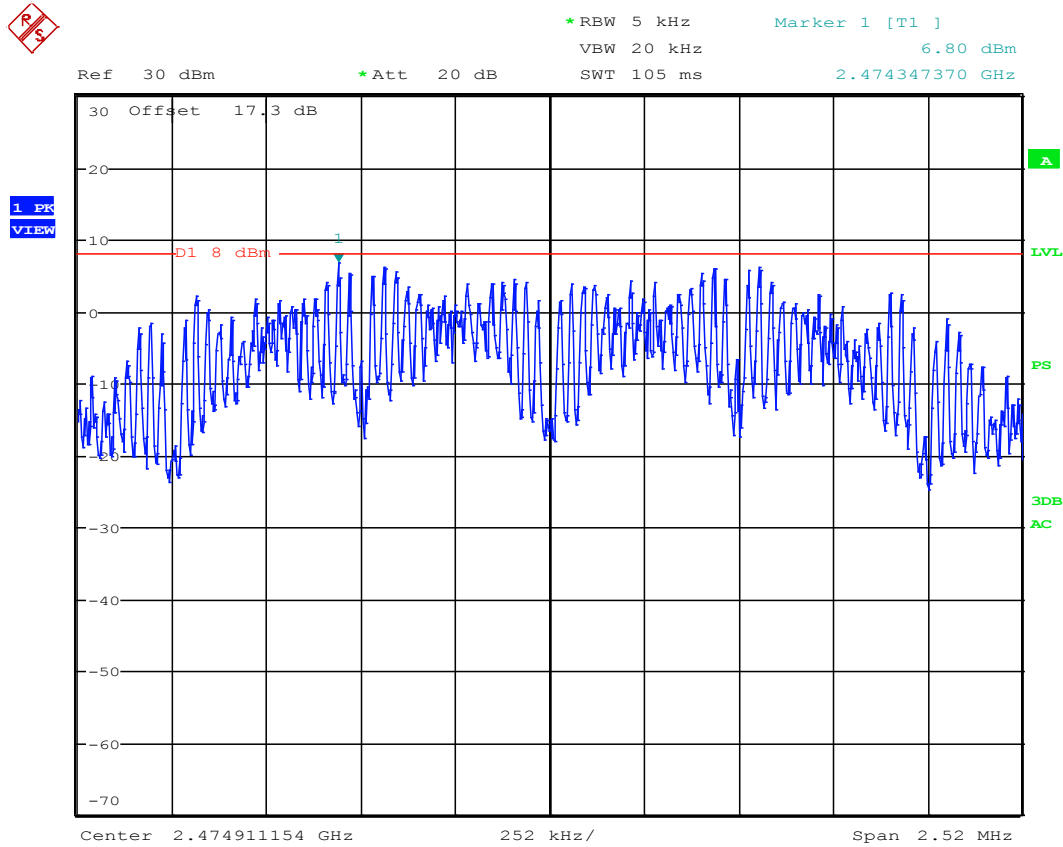
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:30:36

RESULT: PSD = 6.66 dBm

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

Power Spectral Density

Test Data: PSD 2475 MHz, ANT1



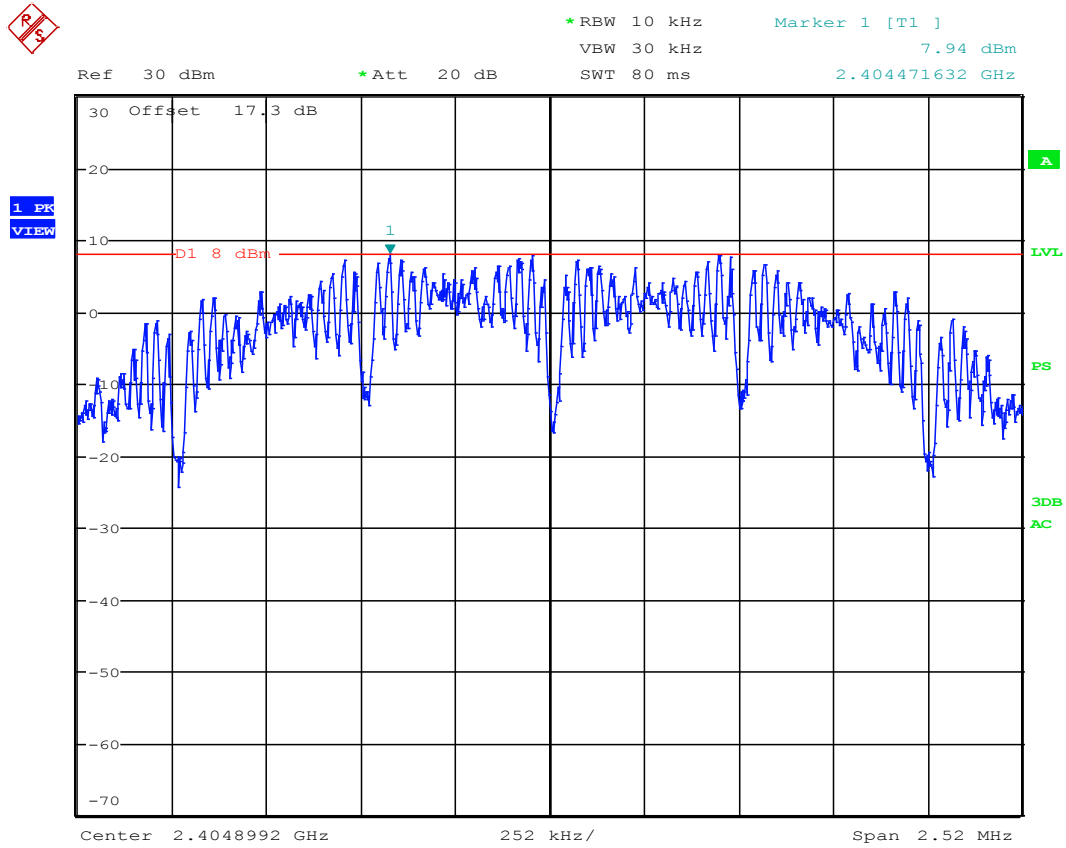
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:31:14

RESULT: PSD = 6.8 dBm

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

Power Spectral Density

Test Data: PSD 2404 MHz, ANT2



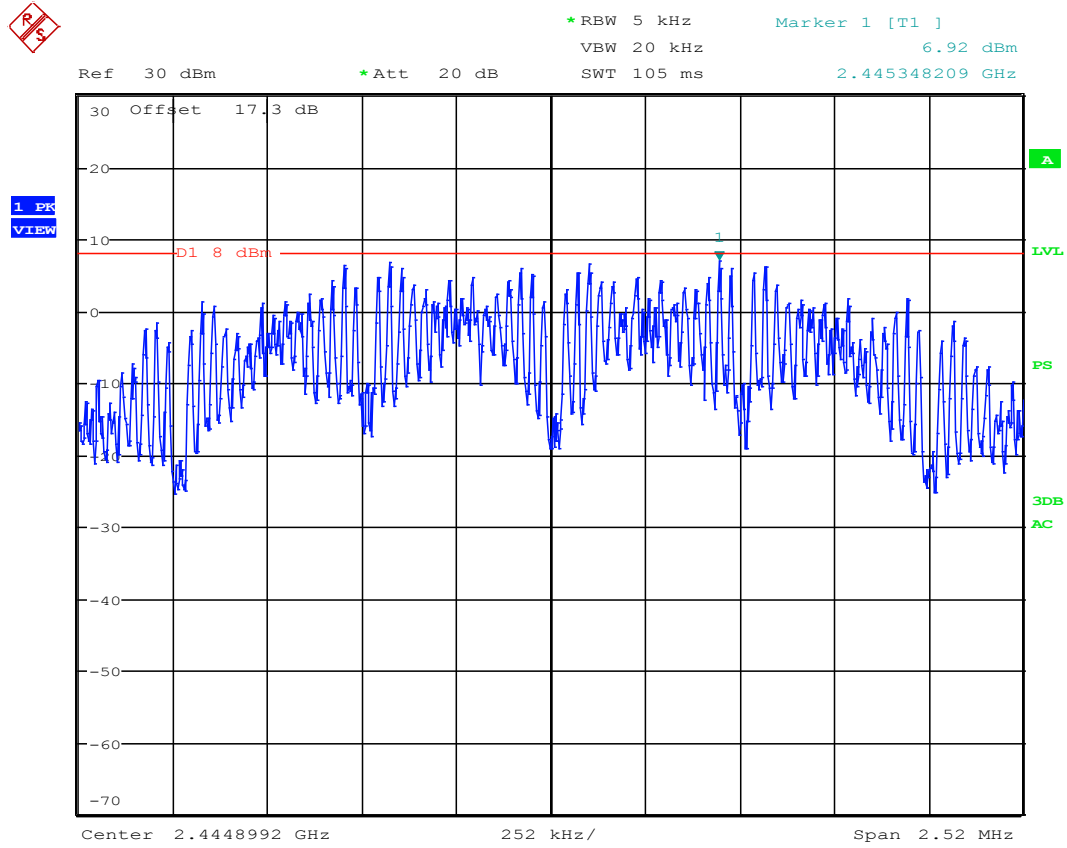
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:32:11

RESULT: PSD = 7.94 dBm

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

Power Spectral Density

Test Data: PSD 2445 MHz, ANT2



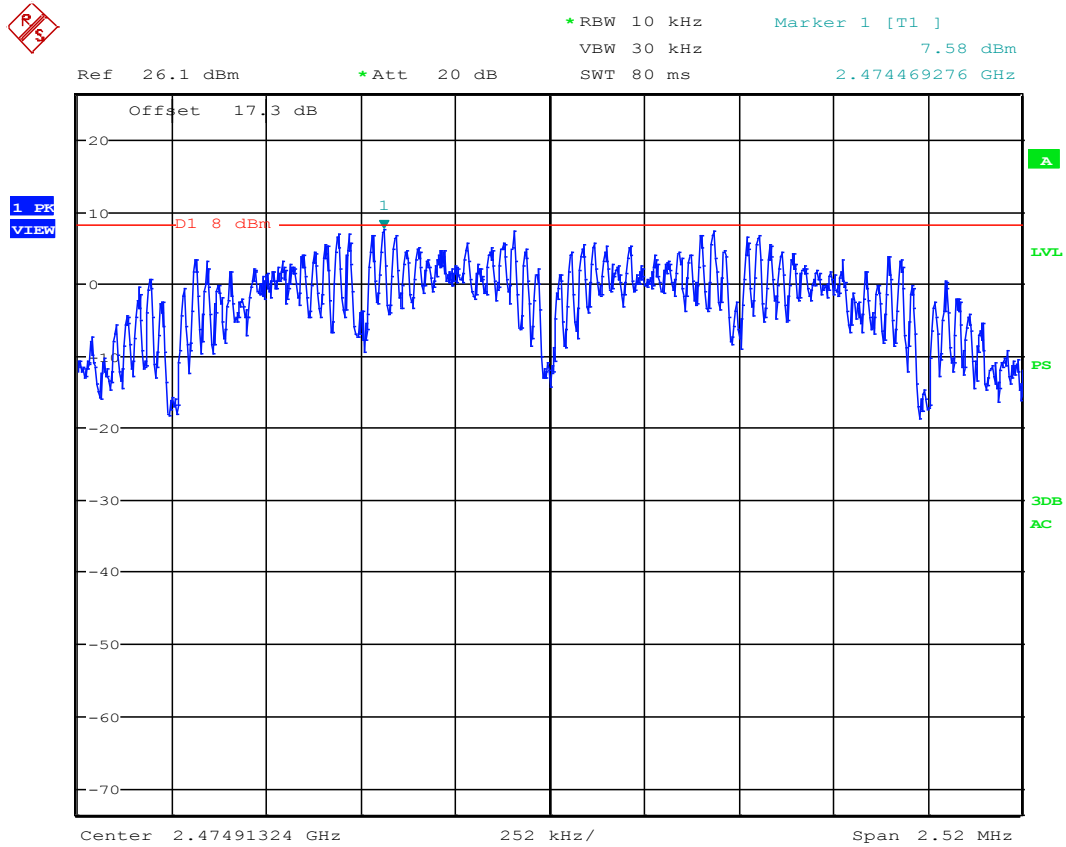
Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:32:51

RESULT: PSD = 6.92 dBm

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

Power Spectral Density

Test Data: PSD 2475 MHz, ANT2



Date: 7.AUG.2019 12:27:10

RESULT: PSD = 7.58 dBm

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE EMISSIONS

Rule Part No.: FCC 15.247(d) , IC RSS 247 Section 5.5

Requirements:

§15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz.

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

RSS 247, Section 5.5:

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under [section 5.4\(d\)](#), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10 § 6.10.4

6.10.4 Authorized-band band-edge measurements (relative method)

These procedures are applicable for determining compliance at authorized-band band-edges where the requirements are expressed as a value relative to the in-band signal level. Procedures for determining compliance with field strength limits at or close to the band-edges are given in 6.10.6 (see also Table A.2).

Band-edge tests are typically performed as a conducted test but may be performed as radiated measurements on a test site meeting the specifications in 5.2, at the measurement distances specified in 5.3. The instrumentation shall meet the requirements in 4.1.1 using the bandwidths and detectors specified in 4.1.4.2.

When performing radiated measurements, the measurement antenna(s) shall meet the specifications in 4.3. The EUT shall be connected to an antenna and operated at the highest power settings following procedures in 6.3.

For other than frequency-hopping devices, this test sequence shall be performed once.

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

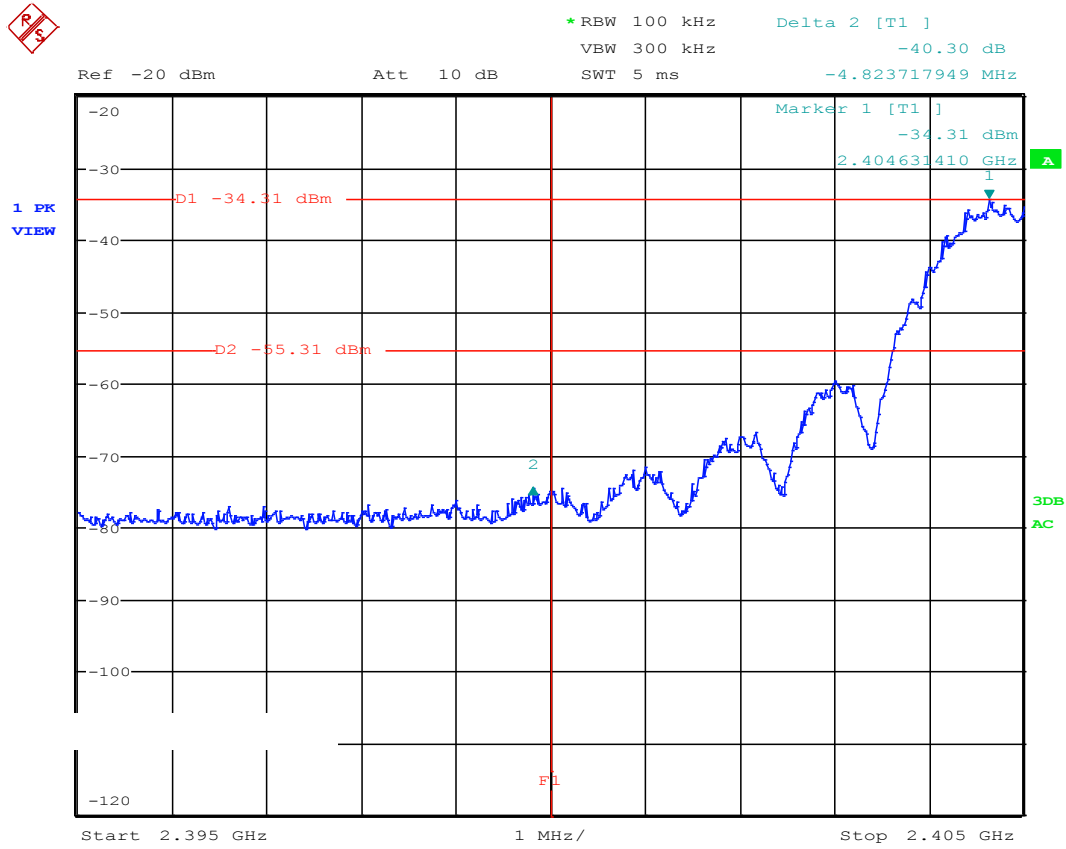
AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE EMISSIONS

- a) Connect the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described in step e) (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).
- b) Set the EUT to the lowest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the lowest frequency channel).
- c) Set the EUT to operate at maximum output power and 100% duty cycle, or equivalent “normal mode of operation” as specified in 6.10.3.
- d) If using the radiated method, then use the applicable procedure(s) of 6.4, 6.5, or 6.6, and orient the EUT and measurement antenna positions to produce the highest emission level.
- e) Perform the test as follows:
 - 1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.
 - 2) Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
 - 3) Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).
 - 4) Sweep time: Coupled.
 - 5) Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.⁵⁶
 - 6) Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.⁵⁶
 - 7) Detector: Peak.⁵⁶
 - 8) Trace: Max hold.⁵⁶
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize. For the test with the hopping function turned ON, this can take several minutes to achieve a reasonable probability of intercepting any emissions due to oscillator overshoot.
- g) Set the marker on the emission at the band edge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the band edge. Enable the marker-delta function, and then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission.
- h) Repeat step c) through step e) for every applicable modulation.
- i) Set the EUT to the highest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the highest frequency channel) and repeat step c) through step d).
- j) The band-edge measurement shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

BANDEDGE EMISSIONS

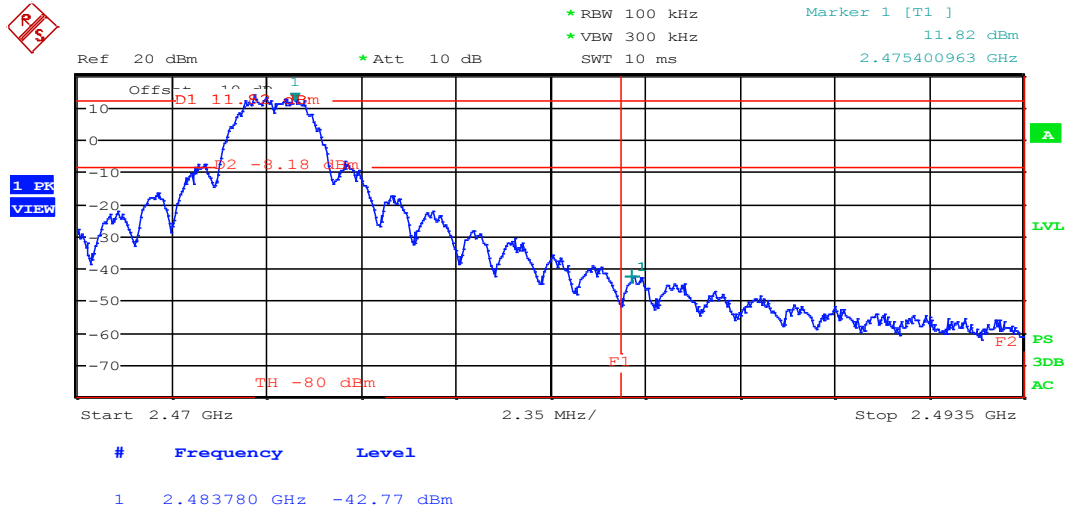
Test Data: Lower Band Edge Plot



Date: 17.OCT.2019 10:25:50

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

Test Data: Upper Band Edge Plot



Date: 30.OCT.2019 15:39:12

RESULT: Meets Requirements

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

RESTRICTED BANDEDGE EMISSIONS

Rule Part No.: FCC 15.247(d), KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 c) 1) , IC RSS 247 Section 5.5

Requirements:

§15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz.

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

RSS 247, Section 5.5:

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under [section 5.4\(d\)](#), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10 § 6.10.5

6.10.5.1 Test setup

Restricted-band band-edge tests shall be performed as radiated measurements, on a test site meeting the specifications in 5.2 at the measurement distances specified in 5.3.⁵⁷

The instrumentation shall meet the requirements in 4.1.1 using the bandwidths and detectors specified in 4.1.4.2. Considering the requirements of 5.8, the antenna(s) shall be connected to the antenna ports. When performing radiated measurements, the measurement antenna(s) shall meet the specifications in 4.3. The EUT shall be connected to an antenna and operated at the highest power settings following procedures in 6.3, and the relevant procedure in 6.4, 6.5, or 6.6.

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

RESTRICTED BANDEDGE EMISSIONS

6.10.5.2 Test methodology

The following test methodology shall be used for the restricted-band band-edge measurements:

- a) For frequency-hopping systems, the hopping shall be turned OFF during this test.
- b) Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described in step e) (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).
- c) Set the unlicensed wireless device to the lowest frequency channel.
- d) Set the unlicensed wireless device to operate at maximum output power and 100% duty cycle, or equivalent “normal mode of operation” as specified in 6.10.3.
- e) Perform the test as follows:
 - 1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.
 - 2) Reference level offset: Corrected for gains and losses of test antenna factor, preamp gain and cable loss, so as to indicate field strength, in units of dB μ V/m at 3 m, directly on the instrument display. Alternatively, the reference level offset may be set to zero and calculations shall be provided showing the conversion of raw measured data to the field strength in dB μ V/m at 3 m.
 - 3) Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
 - 4) Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).
 - 5) Sweep time: Coupled.

RESTRICTED BANDEDGE EMISSIONS

6.10.5.2 Con't.

- 6) Resolution bandwidth:
 - i) Below 150 kHz: 300 Hz or CISPR 200 Hz (CISPR 200 Hz required if using QP detector)
 - ii) 150 kHz to 30 MHz: 10 kHz or CISPR 9 kHz, (CISPR 9 kHz required if using QP detector)
 - iii) 30 MHz to 1000 MHz: 100 kHz or CISPR 120 kHz, (CISPR 120 kHz required if using QP detector)
 - iv) Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
- 7) Video bandwidth:
 - i) VBW for Peak, Quasi-peak, or Average Detector Function: $3 \times \text{RBW}$
 - ii) VBW for alternative average measurements using peak detector function; refer to 4.1.4.2.3
- 8) Detector (unless specified otherwise):
 - i) QP below 1 GHz (however, peak detector measurements may be used to determine compliance with QP requirements).
 - ii) Peak and average above 1 GHz
- 9) Trace: Max hold for final measurement; a combination of two traces, clear-write and max hold, is recommended for maximizing the emission.
- f) Using the applicable procedure(s) of 6.4, 6.5, or 6.6, orient the EUT and measurement antenna positions to produce the highest emission level.
- g) Set the marker on the emission at the restricted band edge, or on the highest modulation product within the restricted band, if this level is greater than that at the band edge.
- h) Repeat step d) through step g) for every applicable modulation.
- i) Repeat step d) through step h) for the highest gain of each type of antenna to be used with the EUT.
- j) Set the EUT to the highest frequency channel and repeat step d) through step i).
- k) The band-edge measurement shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

RESTRICTED BANDEGE EMISSIONS

KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 c) 1)

- c) Test procedures for DTS device EMC and radio parameters, such as power, OBW, radiated and band-edge measurements, are described in the following subclauses, including cross-references to Clause 11 of ANSI C63.10.

In addition the following clarifications relative to ANSI C63.10 are also applicable.

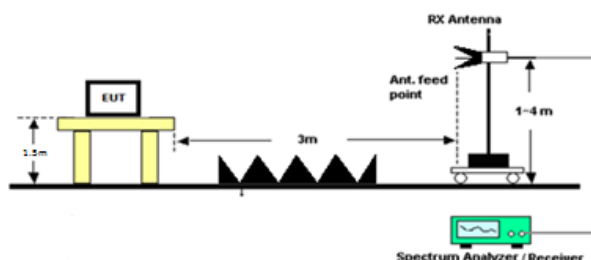
- 1) Concerning 11.13 (Band-edge measurements) of ANSI C63.10:

The requirement in 11.13.1 that the DTS bandwidth (or EBW) edge falls within 2 MHz of the band edge applies only for use of the marker-delta method; use of the integration method is not subject to the same limitation.

ANSI C63.10 s.11.13

11.13.1 General

Emissions within a restricted band and within 2 MHz of an authorized band edge may be measured using either the marker-delta method or the integration method, which is described in 11.13.3, provided that the DTS bandwidth (or EBW) edge falls within 2 MHz of the band edge. Otherwise, all unwanted emissions measurements shall be performed using the standard methods.



ANSI C63.10 s.6.10.6.1

6.10.6.1 General requirements

In making radiated band-edge measurements, there can be a problem obtaining meaningful data because a measurement instrument that is tuned to a band-edge frequency might also capture some in-band signals when using the specified RBW. In an effort to compensate for this problem, the following technique has been developed for determining band-edge compliance.

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

RESTRICTED BANDEGE EMISSIONS

This method may be used only when the edge of the occupied bandwidth of the emission falls within two “standard bandwidths” of the restricted-band band-edge frequency, where “standard bandwidth” is the RBW required by the measurement procedure (generally, the “standard bandwidth,” i.e., reference bandwidth, is 10 kHz for measurements below 30 MHz, 100 kHz for measurements between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, and 1 MHz for measurements above 1 GHz). For this purpose, the occupied bandwidth is based on the 99% power bandwidth. Detailed explanations and examples of these constraints are given subsequently.

For example, for band-edge measurements in the restricted band that begins at 2483.5 MHz, a measurement bandwidth of 1 MHz is required. Therefore the “delta” technique may be used if the upper frequency edge of the occupied bandwidth of the fundamental emission is greater than or equal to 2481.5 MHz (2 MHz removed from the band edge). If the upper frequency edge of the occupied bandwidth is less than 2481.5 MHz, then radiated emissions within the restricted band shall be measured in the conventional manner. The report shall include photographs or plots of the measuring instrument display, with the lower and/or upper frequency limit(s), as applicable, clearly labeled.

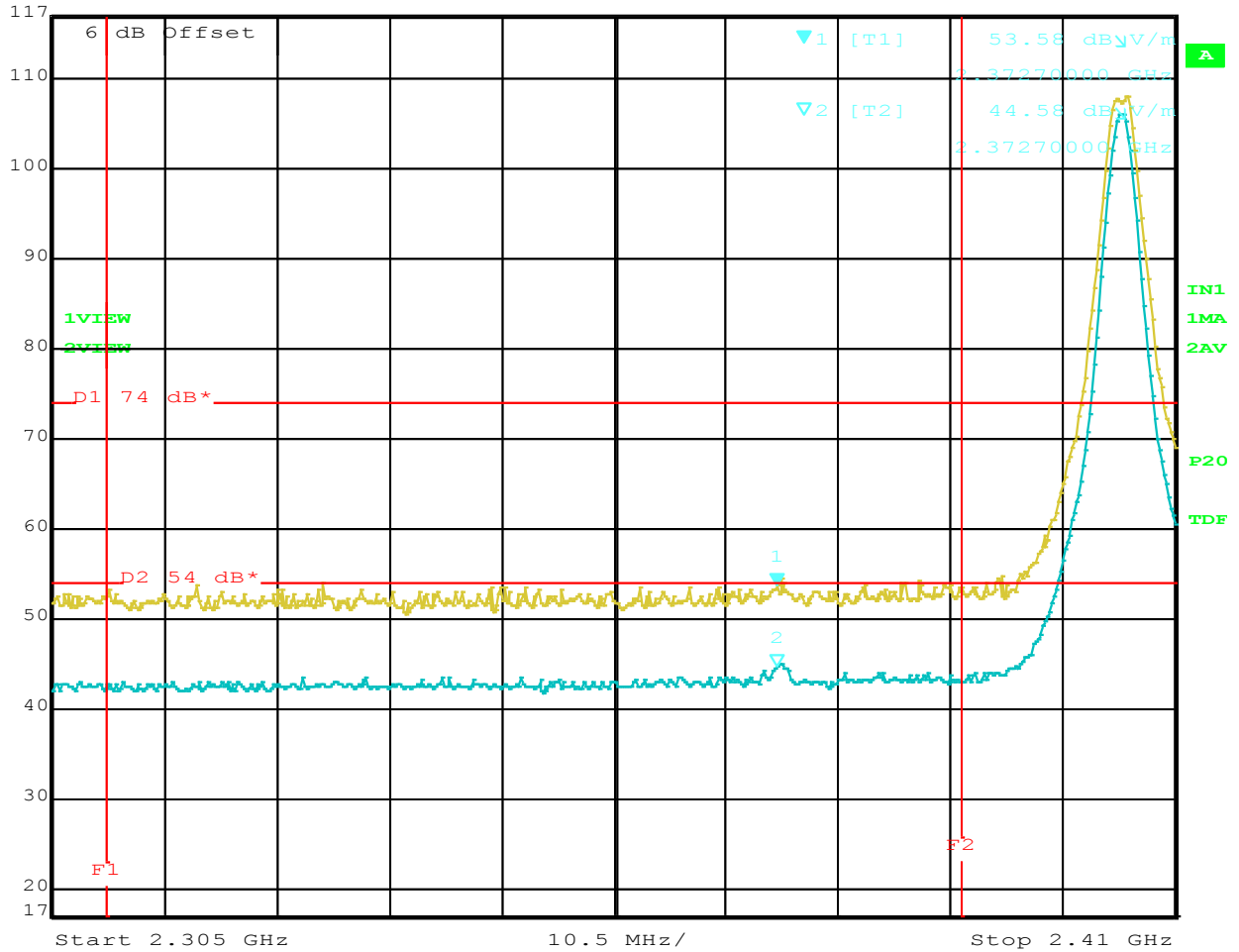
Additionally this method may be used only when the emission being measured falls within two “standard bandwidths” of the restricted band band-edge frequency. For example, for band-edge measurements in the restricted band that begins at 2483.5 MHz, a measurement bandwidth of 1 MHz is required. Therefore the “delta” technique may be used if the restricted-band emission is between 2483.5 MHz and 2485.5 MHz. If the restricted-band emission is at a frequency greater than 2485.5 MHz, then radiated emissions within the restricted band shall be measured in the conventional manner.

Standard Method Rational

Upper Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (MHz)	2x 99% OBW (MHz)	Total (MHz)	Upper Frequency within 2 bandwidths from 2483.5 MHz
2475	2.516	5.032	2480.032	No

Test Data: Low Channel Plot

	Max/Ref Lvl	Marker 1 [T1]	RBW	1 MHz	RF Att	0 dB
	117 dB*	53.58 dB μ V/m	VBW	3 MHz		
	78 dB*	2.37270000 GHz	SWT	5 ms	Unit	dB μ V/m



Date: 1.JAN.1997 05:15:40

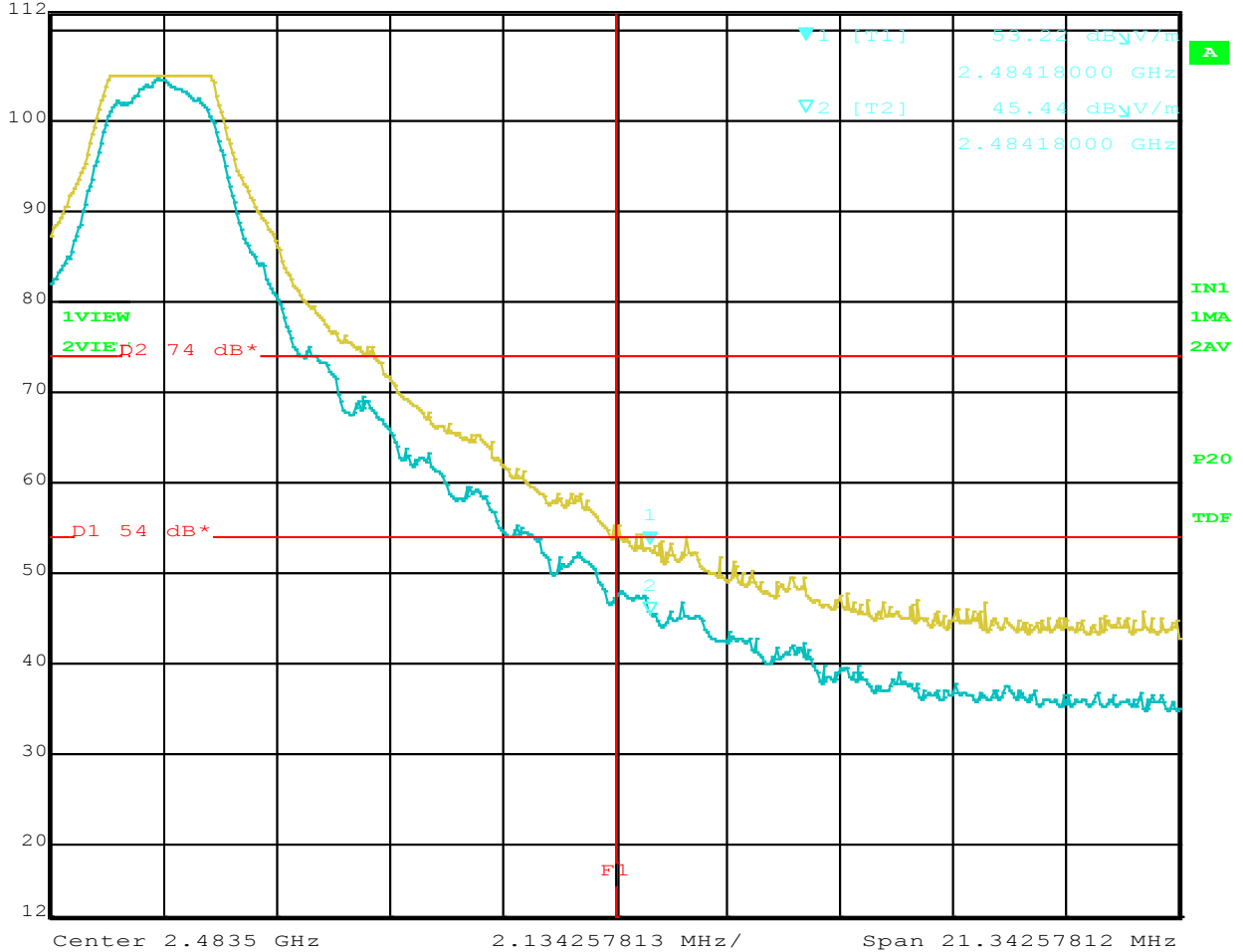
D1 line = 15.209 Emissions Peak Limit
 D2 line = 15.209 Emissions Average Limit

RESULT: Meets Requirements

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

Test Data: High Channel Plot

	Max/Ref Lvl	Marker 1 [T1]	RBW	1 MHz	RF Att	0 dB
	112 dB*	53.22 dB μ V/m	VBW	3 MHz		
	72 dB*	2.48418000 GHz	SWT	5 ms	Unit	dB μ V/m



Date: 1.JAN.1997 00:11:07

Yellow line = Peak Trace
 Blue Line – Average Trace

RESULT: Meets Requirements

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

RULE PART NO.: FCC part 15.247 (d) & 15.209, IC RSS 247 Section 5.5 & RSS GEN Section 8.9

Requirements:

§15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz.

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

§15.209 Radiated emission limits; general requirements.

(a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

Frequency (MHz)	Limit ($\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$)	Limit ($\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(in kHz) @ 300m	-
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(in kHz) @ 30m	-
1.705 kHz – 30	30.0 @ 30 m	29.54 @ 30m
30 – 88	100.0	40.0
88 – 216	150.0	43.5
216 – 960	200.0	46.0
Above 960	500.0	54.0

§15.35 Measurement detector functions and bandwidths.

(b) Unless otherwise specified, on any frequency or frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emission limits are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 1000 MHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. When average radiated emission measurements are specified in this part, including average emission measurements below 1000 MHz, there also is a limit on the peak level of the radio frequency emissions. Unless otherwise specified, e.g., see §§15.250, 15.252, 15.253(d), 15.255, 15.256, and 15.509 through 15.519, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device, e.g., the total peak power level. Note that the use of a pulse desensitization correction factor may be needed to determine the total peak emission level. The instruction manual or application note for the measurement instrument should be consulted for determining pulse desensitization factors, as necessary.

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
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RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

RSS 247, Section 5.5:

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under [section 5.4\(d\)](#), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

Test Procedure: ANSI C63.4 § Annex D Validation of radiated emissions standard test sites
 ANSI C63.10 § 6.3 Common requirements radiated emissions
 ANSI C63.10 § 6.4 Emissions below 30 MHz
 ANSI C63.10 § 6.5 Emissions between 30 & 1000 MHz
 ANSI C63.10 § 6.6 Emissions above 1 GHz

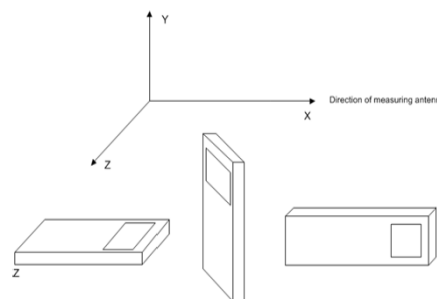
Radiated Emissions Test Setup:

EUT setup and arrangement was completed as described in ANSI C63.4. Exploratory measurements were taken following different peripheral placement and cable manipulations as described in ANSI C63.4. A photo is provided of the Test setup to record the exact peripheral equipment and cable manipulation arrangement found to produce the highest possible level of radiated emissions.

The test procedure used for radiated emissions is described ANSI C63.4 using a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth used was 100 kHz with an appropriate sweep speed. The analyzer was calibrated in dB above a microvolt at the output of the antenna. All cable loss and antenna factors were calibrated to provide plots with correction factors applied to results using the formula and example described below. The video bandwidth of the analyzer was always greater than or equal to the resolution bandwidth, and a peak detector with max hold was used.

The unit under test was placed on a table 80 cm high for $f < 1\text{GHz}$ and 1.5m high for $f > 1\text{GHz}$. With table dimensions of 1m by 1.5m. The table used for radiated measurements is capable of continuous rotation. When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. At this point, the antenna was raised and lowered from 1m to 4m. The antenna was placed in both the horizontal and vertical planes. The frequency was scanned from 30 MHz to 1.0 GHz. The EUT was measured in three parts of the tunable band of EUT and (3) orthogonal planes.

EUT Orientation(s):



Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
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RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Formula of Conversion Factors:

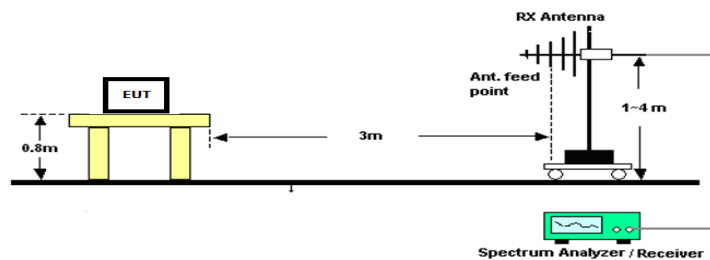
The field strength at 3m was established by adding the meter reading of the spectrum analyzer (which is set to read in units of dB μ V) to the antenna correction factor supplied by the antenna manufacturer plus the coax loss. The antenna correction factors are stated in terms of dB. The gain of the preselector was accounted for in the spectrum analyzer meter reading.

Field Strength Correction Factor Conversion Example:

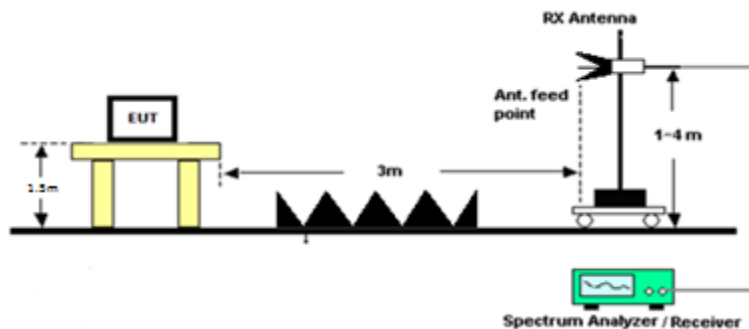
Freq (MHz)	Meter Reading	+ ACF	+CL	= FS
33	20 dB μ V	+ 10.36 dB/m	+0.40 dB	=30.76 dB μ V/m @ 3m

Test Setup:

Emissions 30 – 1000 MHz



Emissions above 1 GHz



RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Notes: The spectrum was measured from 9 KHz to 25 GHz. Six or more of the Spurious Emissions equal to or less than 20 dB from the limits are required to be reported, therefore the worst ase data rate and output power which produced emissions within 30 dB of the limit are reported below.

The measurement of restricted bands were taken in Peak Hold, and shown to comply with the average limit of 15.209. In cases where the Peak measurement does not meet or exceed the Average limit of 15.209, the Average detector was used, and the peak is to then meet the level of 15.35(b), 20 dB higher that the limit of 15.209.

Note: Where the Peak value complies with Average Limits within 15.205 Restricted Bands, the same values were substituted for the Average measurement.

For all other emissions (in non-restricted bands) they are shown to comply with the limit of 15.247(d). The Radiated Fundamental Power Output is taken below, using a Peak detector.

Test Data: Field Strength of the Fundamental

Tuned Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Antenna Polarity	Coax Loss (dB)	Horn 1 Correction Factor (dB/m)	Distance (m)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)
2405.00	PK	72.77	H	7.23	31.66	3.00	111.66
2405.00	PK	67.08	V	7.23	31.66	3.00	105.97
2445.00	PK	68.84	H	7.25	31.69	3.00	107.78
2445.00	PK	67.57	V	7.25	31.69	3.00	106.51
2475.00	PK	78.72	H	7.26	31.71	3.00	117.69
2475.00	PK	67.11	V	7.26	31.71	3.00	106.08

Test Data: 2405 MHz Field Strength table

Tuned Frequency (MHz)	Emission Frequency (MHz)	15.205 Restricted Band	15.205, 15.35, 15.247(d) Detector	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Antenna Polarity	Coax Loss (dB)	Duty Cycle Correction (dB)	Horn 1 Correction Factor (dB/m)	Distance (m)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit	Margin (dBm)
2405.00	4810.00	X	PK	2.31	H	8.34	0.00	33.41	3.00	44.06	73.98	29.92
2405.00	4810.00	X	PK	6.40	V	8.34	0.00	33.41	3.00	48.15	73.98	25.83
2405.00	4810.00	X	AVG	2.31	H	8.34	0.00	33.41	3.00	44.06	53.98	9.92
2405.00	4810.00	X	AVG	6.40	V	8.34	0.00	33.41	3.00	48.15	53.98	5.83
2405.00	7215.00		PK	13.21	H	9.45	0.00	35.16	3.00	57.82	97.69	39.87
2405.00	7215.00		PK	17.15	V	9.45	0.00	35.16	3.00	61.76	97.69	35.93
2405.00	9620.00		PK	0.03	H	10.56	0.00	36.91	3.00	47.51	97.69	50.19
2405.00	9620.00		PK	3.80	V	10.56	0.00	36.91	3.00	51.28	97.69	46.42
2405.00	12025.00	X	PK	-0.46	H	11.67	0.00	38.67	3.00	49.88	73.98	24.10
2405.00	12025.00	X	PK	-3.32	V	11.67	0.00	38.67	3.00	47.02	73.98	26.96
2405.00	12025.00	X	AVG	-0.46	H	11.67	0.00	38.67	3.00	49.88	53.98	4.10
2405.00	12025.00	X	AVG	-3.32	V	11.67	0.00	38.67	3.00	47.02	53.98	6.96
2405.00	14430.00		PK	-3.68	H	12.78	0.00	40.42	3.00	49.52	97.69	48.17
2405.00	14430.00		PK	-0.16	V	12.78	0.00	40.42	3.00	53.04	97.69	44.65
2405.00	16835.00		PK	-2.17	H	13.90	0.00	42.17	3.00	53.89	97.69	43.80
2405.00	16835.00		PK	-2.76	V	13.90	0.00	42.17	3.00	53.30	97.69	44.39

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RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Data: 2445 MHz Field Strength table

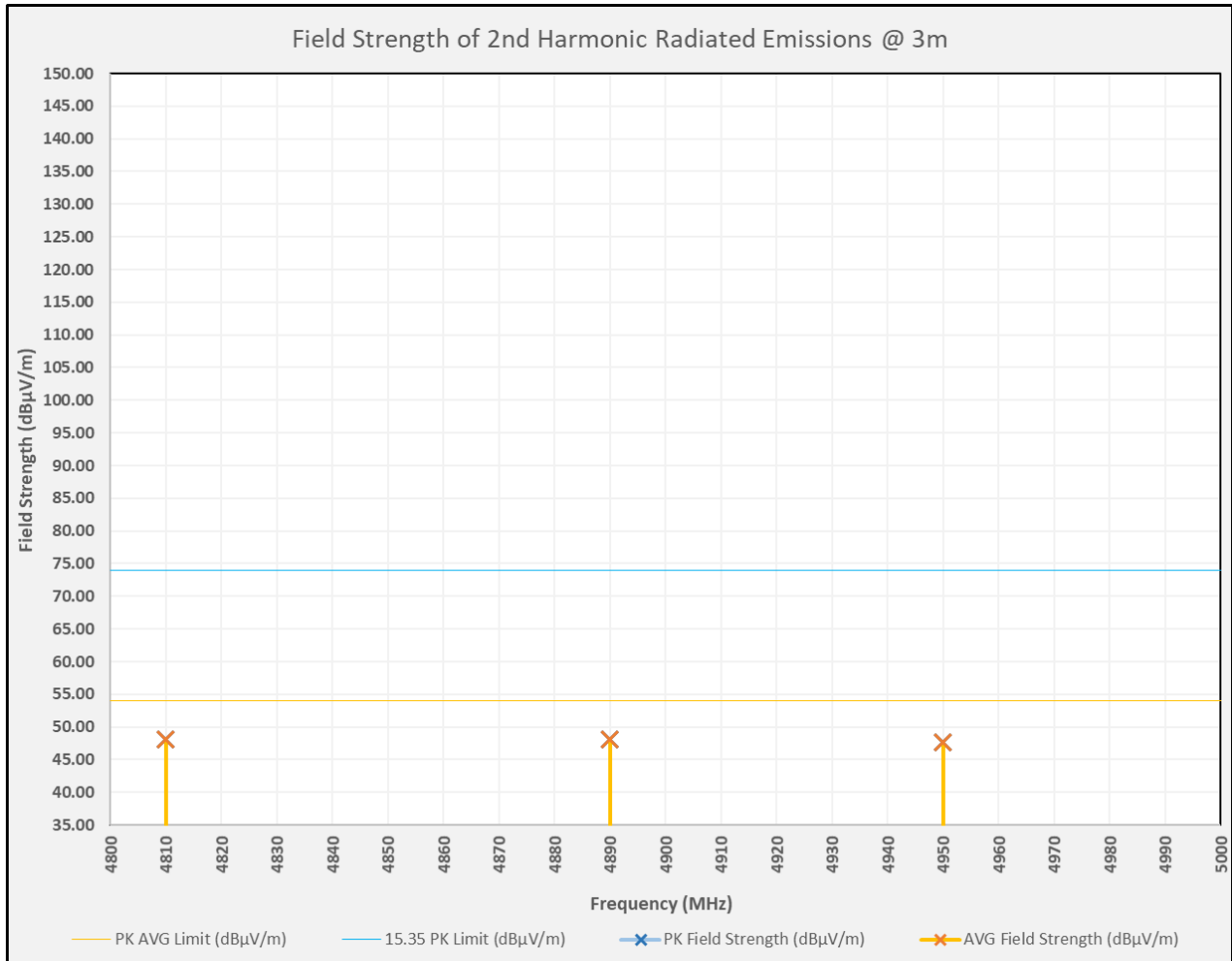
Tuned Frequency (MHz)	Emission Frequency (MHz)	15.205 Restricted Band	15.205, 15.35, 15.247(d) Detector	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Antenna Polarity	Coax Loss (dB)	Duty Cycle Correction (dB)	Horn 1 Correction Factor (dB/m)	Distance (m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Limit	Margin (dBm)
2445.00	4890.00	X	PK	3.00	H	8.38	0.00	33.47	3.00	44.85	73.98	29.13
2445.00	4890.00	X	PK	6.19	V	8.38	0.00	33.47	3.00	48.04	73.98	25.94
2445.00	4890.00	X	AVG	3.00	H	8.38	0.00	33.47	3.00	44.85	53.98	9.13
2445.00	4890.00	X	AVG	6.19	V	8.38	0.00	33.47	3.00	48.04	53.98	5.94
2445.00	7335.00	X	PK	15.94	H	9.51	0.00	35.25	3.00	60.70	73.98	13.28
2445.00	7335.00	X	PK	9.83	V	9.51	0.00	35.25	3.00	54.59	73.98	19.39
2445.00	7335.00	X	AVG	6.70	H	9.51	0.00	35.25	3.00	51.46	53.98	2.52
2445.00	7335.00	X	AVG	6.70	V	9.51	0.00	35.25	3.00	51.46	53.98	2.52
2445.00	9780.00		PK	2.98	H	10.64	0.00	37.03	3.00	50.65	97.69	47.05
2445.00	9780.00		PK	6.23	V	10.64	0.00	37.03	3.00	53.90	97.69	43.80
2445.00	12225.00	X	PK	-0.33	H	11.77	0.00	38.81	3.00	50.25	73.98	23.73
2445.00	12225.00	X	PK	1.10	V	11.77	0.00	38.81	3.00	51.68	73.98	22.30
2445.00	12225.00	X	AVG	-0.33	H	11.77	0.00	38.81	3.00	50.25	53.98	3.73
2445.00	12225.00	X	AVG	1.10	V	11.77	0.00	38.81	3.00	51.68	53.98	2.30
2445.00	14670.00		PK	-2.99	H	12.90	0.00	40.59	3.00	50.50	97.69	47.20
2445.00	14670.00		PK	-1.97	V	12.90	0.00	40.59	3.00	51.52	97.69	46.18
2445.00	17115.00		PK	-3.92	H	14.03	0.00	42.37	3.00	52.48	97.69	45.22
2445.00	17115.00		PK	-3.97	V	14.03	0.00	42.37	3.00	52.43	97.69	45.27

Test Data: 2475 MHz Field Strength table

Tuned Frequency (MHz)	Emission Frequency (MHz)	15.205 Restricted Band	15.205, 15.35, 15.247(d) Detector	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Antenna Polarity	Coax Loss (dB)	Duty Cycle Correction (dB)	Horn 1 Correction Factor (dB/m)	Distance (m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Limit	Margin (dBm)
2475.00	4950.00	X	PK	5.64	H	8.40	0.00	33.51	3.00	47.56	73.98	26.42
2475.00	4950.00	X	PK	5.73	V	8.40	0.00	33.51	3.00	47.65	73.98	26.33
2475.00	4950.00	X	AVG	5.64	H	8.40	0.00	33.51	3.00	47.56	53.98	6.42
2475.00	4950.00	X	AVG	5.73	V	8.40	0.00	33.51	3.00	47.65	53.98	6.33
2475.00	7425.00	X	PK	9.69	H	9.55	0.00	35.32	3.00	54.55	73.98	19.42
2475.00	7425.00	X	PK	15.62	V	9.55	0.00	35.32	3.00	60.48	73.98	13.49
2475.00	7425.00	X	AVG	6.90	H	9.55	0.00	35.32	3.00	51.76	53.98	2.21
2475.00	7425.00	X	AVG	6.90	V	9.55	0.00	35.32	3.00	51.76	53.98	2.21
2475.00	9900.00		PK	4.29	H	10.69	0.00	37.12	3.00	52.10	97.69	45.59
2475.00	9900.00		PK	6.07	V	10.69	0.00	37.12	3.00	53.88	97.69	43.81
2475.00	12375.00	X	PK	0.95	H	11.84	0.00	38.92	3.00	51.71	73.98	22.27
2475.00	12375.00	X	PK	-3.60	V	11.84	0.00	38.92	3.00	47.16	73.98	26.82
2475.00	12375.00	X	AVG	0.95	H	11.84	0.00	38.92	3.00	51.71	53.98	2.27
2475.00	12375.00	X	AVG	-3.60	V	11.84	0.00	38.92	3.00	47.16	53.98	6.82
2475.00	14850.00		PK	-5.10	H	12.98	0.00	40.72	3.00	48.60	97.69	49.09
2475.00	14850.00		PK	-4.25	V	12.98	0.00	40.72	3.00	49.45	97.69	48.24
2475.00	17325.00		PK	-2.28	H	14.12	0.00	42.52	3.00	54.37	97.69	43.33
2475.00	17325.00		PK	1.94	V	14.12	0.00	42.52	3.00	58.59	97.69	39.11

RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Data: Field Strength Plot, 2nd Harmonic



Note: Peak value plots are behind the Average plots.

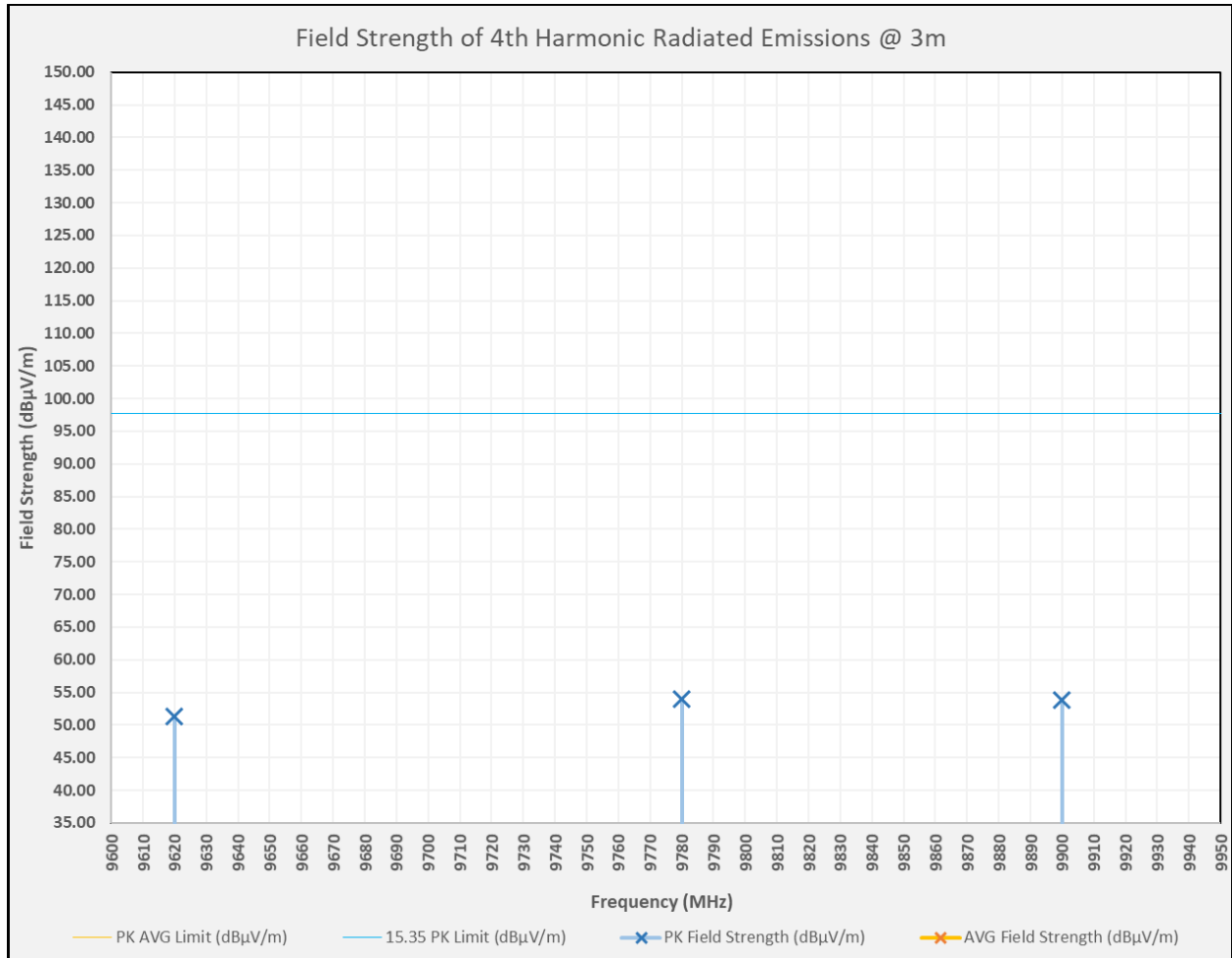
RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Data: Field Strength Plot, 3rd Harmonic



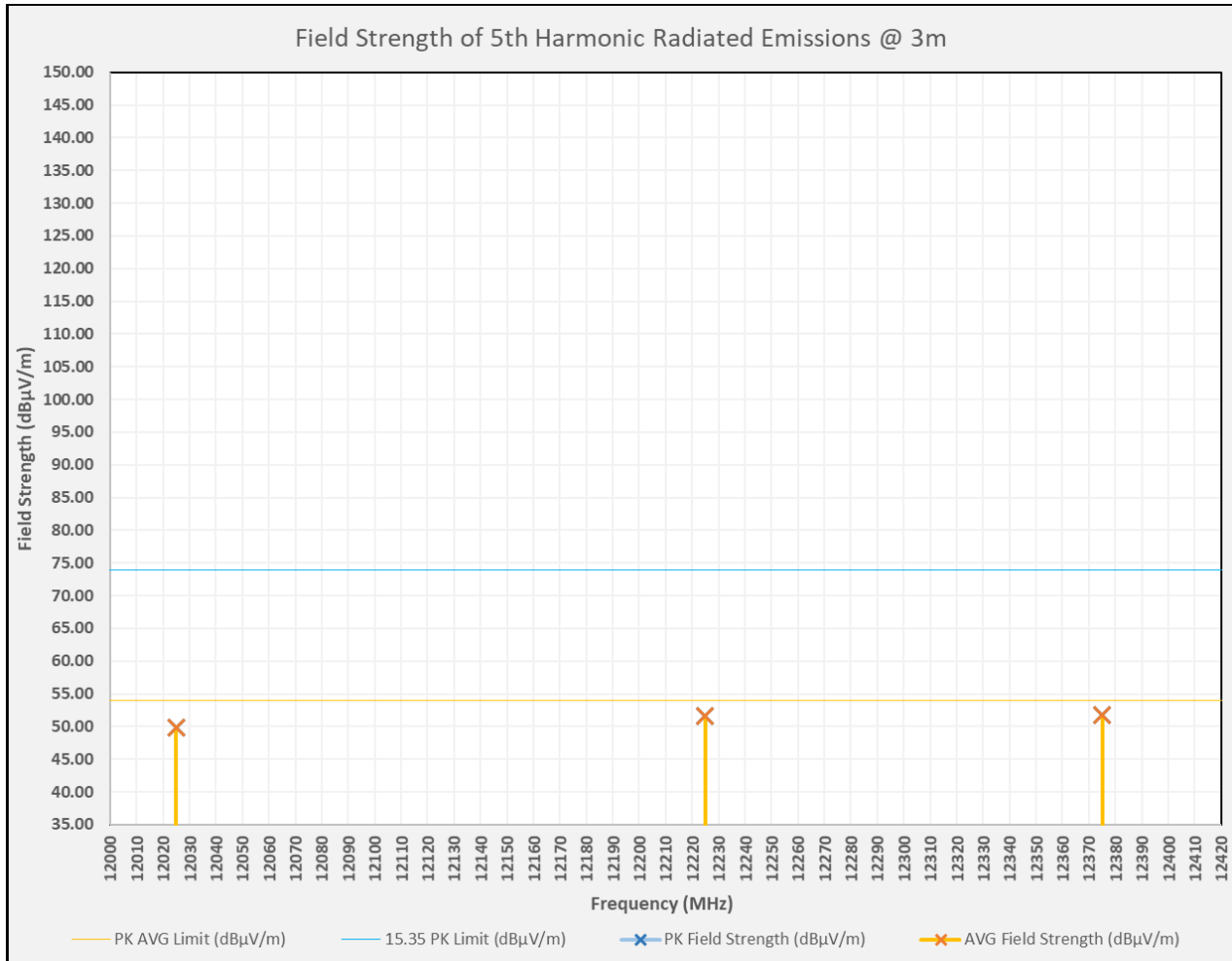
RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Data: Field Strength Plot, 4th Harmonic



RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

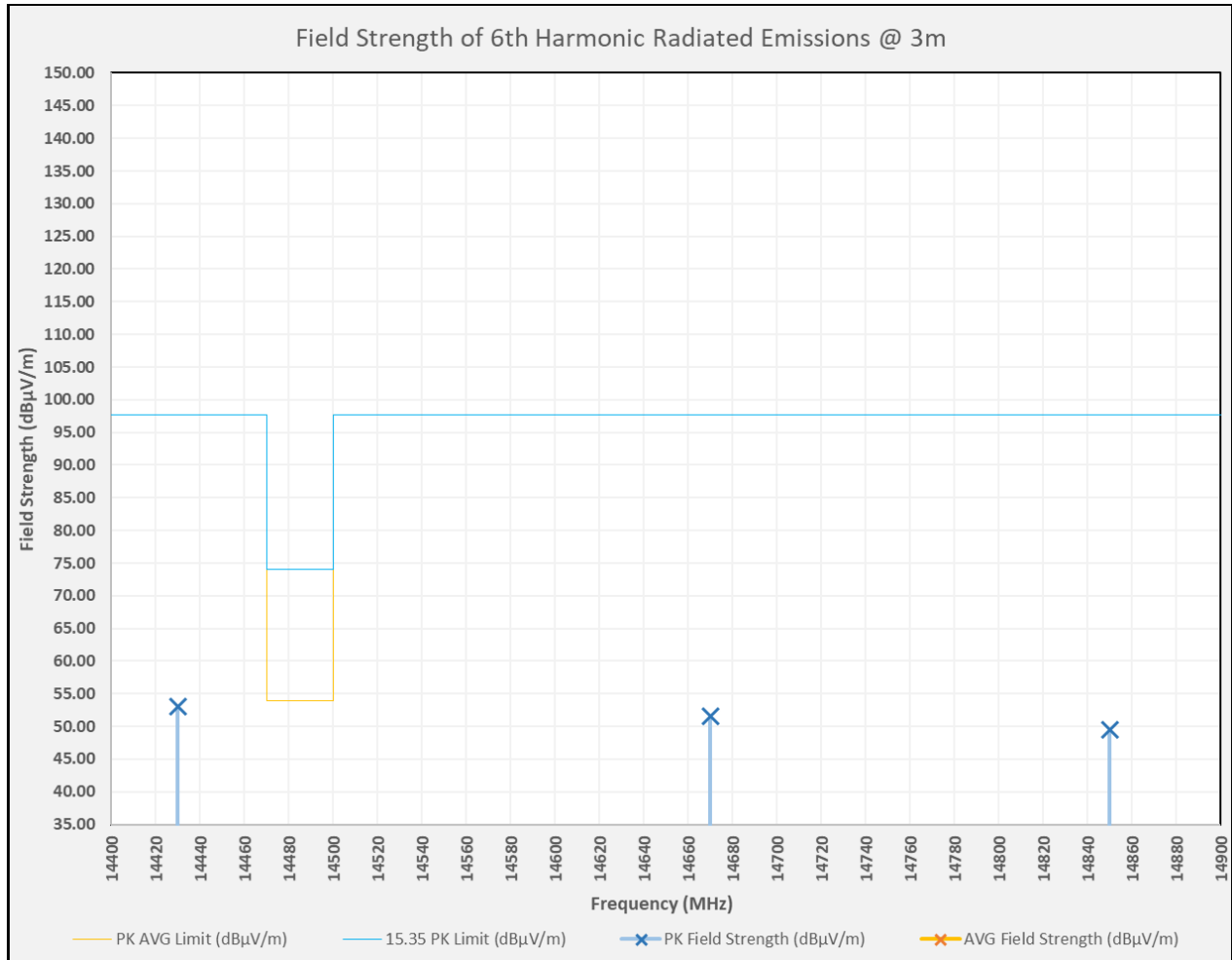
Test Data: Field Strength Plot, 5th Harmonic



Note: Peak value plots are behind the Average plots.

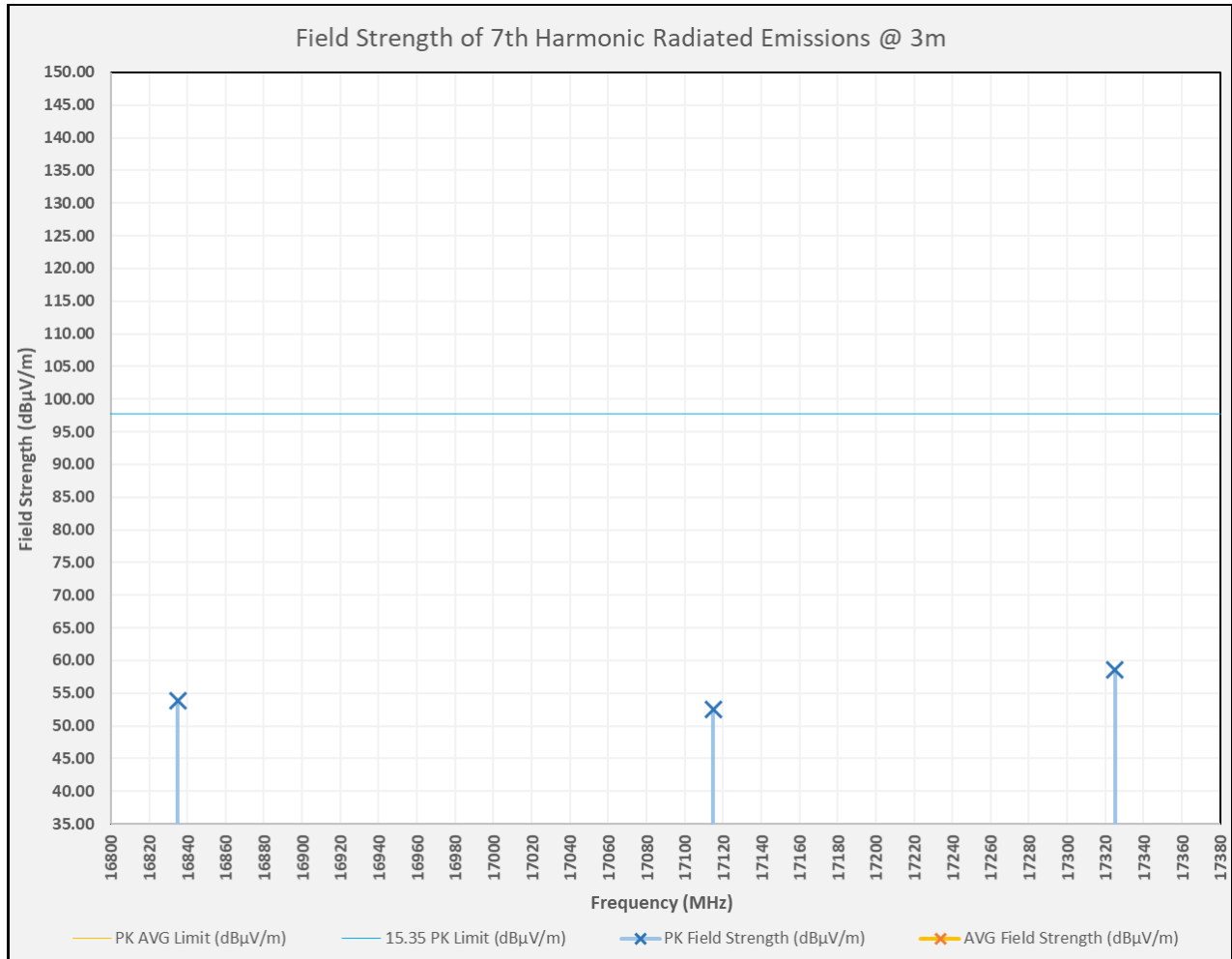
RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Data: Field Strength Plot, 6th Harmonic



RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Data: Field Strength Plot, 7th Harmonic



POWER LINE CONDUCTED INTERFERENCE

FCC Rule Part No.: FCC Part 15.207(a) & ICES-003 § 6.1

Requirements:

§15.207 Conducted limits.

(a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

(c) Measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines. Devices that include, or make provisions for, the use of battery chargers which permit operating while charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators or that connect to the AC power lines indirectly, obtaining their power through another device which is connected to the AC power lines, shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits.

Method of Measurement:

The procedure used was ANSI C63.4 using a 50uH LISN. Both lines were observed. The bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was 10 kHz with an appropriate sweep speed. The spectrum was scanned from 0.15 to 30 MHz.

The following plots represent the emissions for power line conducted. Both lines were observed.

Test Data: N/A

The EUT does not connect to an external powerline.

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Device	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal/Char Date	Due Date
Antenna: Active Loop	ETS-Lindgren	6502	62529	12/11/2017	12/11/2019
Antenna: Biconical 1057	Eaton	94455-1	1057	12/13/2017	12/13/2019
Antenna: Log-Periodic 1122	Electro-Metrics	LPA-25	1122	7/26/2017	7/26/2020
CHAMBER	Panashield	3M	N/A	3/15/2019	3/15/2021
EMI Test Receiver R & S ESU 40 Chamber	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 40	100320	08/28/18	08/28/2021
Software: Field Strength Program	Timco	N/A	Version 4.10.7.0	N/A	N/A
Antenna: Double-Ridged Horn/ETS Horn 2	ETS-Lindgren	3117	41534	3/1/2017	3/1/2020
Bore-sight Antenna Positioning Tower	Sunol Sciences	TLT2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Coaxial Cable - Chamber 3 cable set (Primary)	Micro-Coax	Chamber 3 cable set (Primary)	KMKM-0244-01 KMKM-0670-00 KFKF-0198-01	4/12/2019	4/12/2021
Band Reject Filter 2.4 GHz	Micro-Tronics	BRM50702-02	0	4/12/2019	4/12/2021
Pre-amp	RF-LAMBDA	RLNA00M45GA	N/A	2/27/2019	2/27/2021
Antenna: Double-Ridged Horn 18-40 GHz	EMCO	3116	9011-2145	12/8/2017	12/8/2019

*EMI RECEIVER SOFTWARE VERSION

The receiver firmware used was version 4.43 Service Pack 3

STATE OF THE MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report according To CISPR 16-4 or ENTR 100-028 Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: “Uncertainty in EMC Measurements” and is documented in the Timco Engineering, Inc. quality system according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device. Hereafter the best measurement capability for Timco Engineering, Inc. is reported:

Test Items	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
RF Frequency Accuracy	± 49.5 Hz	(1)
RF Conducted Power	±0.93dB	(1)
Conducted spurious emission of transmitter valid up to 40GHz	±1.86dB	
Occupied Bandwidth	±2.65%	
Audio Frequency Response	±1.86dB	
Modulation limiting	±1.88%	
Radiated RF Power	±1.4dB	
Maximum frequency deviation: Within 300 Hz and 6kHz of audio freq. Within 6kHz and 25kHz of audio Freq.	±1.88% ±2.04%	
Rad Emissions Sub Meth up to 26.5GHz	±2.14dB	
Adjacent channel power	±1.47dB	(1)
Transient Frequency Response	±1.88%	
Temperature	±1.0°C	(1)
Humidity	±5.0%	

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=1.96.

END OF REPORT

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
 FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
 IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE
 Report: 1991UT19_TestReport_Rev3

Report Template Revision History

Document Name	Description of Change	Revision Date	Approved By
PT 15109 Ver Rpt	Initial Issue	150812	SS Sanders
	Added Document History to Template	160920	G Greene
_15.247_TestReport_	Revised Template to new company standards	180625	FROSE

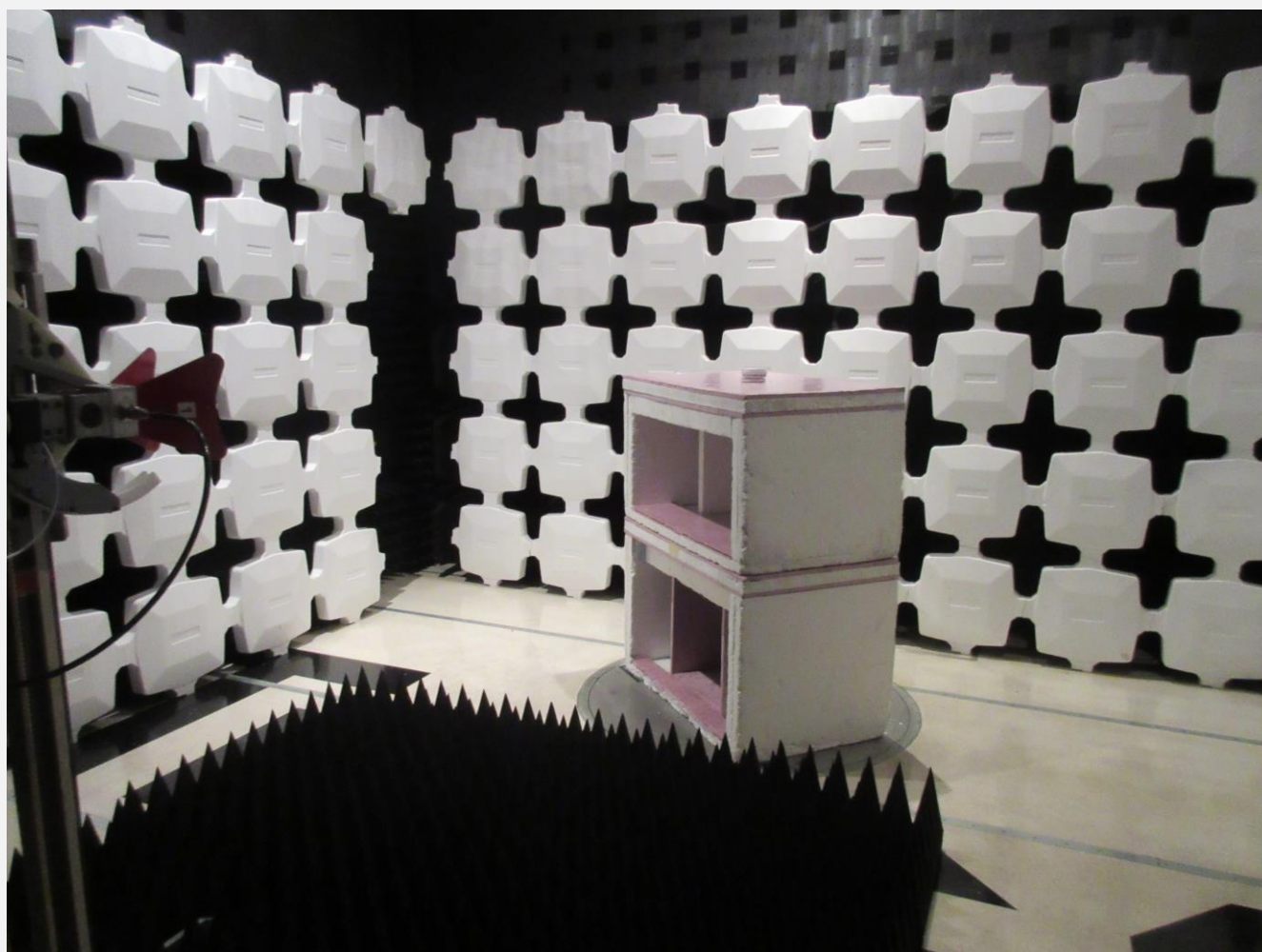
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EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST PHOTOGRAPHS

Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
FCC ID: CFS8DLSiXSMOKE
IC: 573F-SiXSMOKE

Radiated Emissions Test Setup Photographs

Radiated Emissions



Applicant: ADEMCO, INC.
FCC ID: CFS8DL-GRIPAI07A
IC: 573F-GRIPAI07A