

Transmitter

1.1 The transmitter is a narrow band Fm transmitter for 900Mhz ISM band. A crystal oscillator is modulated with a varactor diode to generate a 14 MHz reference signal.

There is divider for phase locked loop. That is not used in this circuit.

$F_o = \text{output Frequency} = \text{crystal frequency} \times 64$.

$F_c = \text{Crystal frequency:}$ Channel 1, 14.156203Mhz.

Channel 2, 14.166667Mhz.

1.2 FM modulation

TA-7137 is Amp with ALC (automatic level control). Circuit and it is control modulation V_{co} and varactor diode.

1.3 Antenna

Antenna is on PC board.

Receiver

2.1 Local oscillation.

Receiving signal 14Mhz as reference phase locked loop .

2.2 Local frequency

divider $\times 64$

Channel 1 : (14.323390Mhz $\times 64$) 916.69696Mhz.

Channel 2 : (14.333781Mhz $\times 64$) 917.36198Mhz.

$RF = \text{Local Frequency (F1, 2)} - \text{Intermediate Frequency (IF)}$.

Channel 1 916.69696 MHz – 10.7Mhz = 905.997Mhz

Channel 2 917.36198Mhz - 10.7Mhz= 906.662Mhz.

2.3 receiving type

Superheterodyne receiver with Intermediate frequency control harmonic

2.4 RF amp.

Amp is 2 phases and filter is 3 phases

Antenna receiving signals (PC board antenna) and go through Band Pass filter. Between phase 1 and phase 2 there is Dielectric band pass filter.

2.5 Antenna

Antenna is fixed on PC board..