

MPE Evaluation

FCC ID: CCKPC0245

FCC

Maximum exposure limits from CFR 47, FCC Part 1.1310:

Table 1—Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)						
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure										
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*100	6						
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*900/f ²	6						
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6						
300-1,500			f/300	6						
1,500-100,000			5	6						
	(B) Limits for Genera	I Population/Uncontrolle	d Exposure							
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*100	30						
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*180/f ²	30						
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30						
300-1,500			<mark>f/1500</mark>	30						
1,500-100,000			1.0	30						



Occupational/Controlled]						
General Population/uncontrolled		YES								
PC0245										
Frequency	Antenna Gain	Radiated EIRP	Radiated EIRP +10% for tolerance	Power Density	Limit at specified distance	% of limit	Result			
MHz	numerical	mW	mW	mW/cm^2	mW/cm^2					
903.3	NA	127.94	140.73	0.0278	0.602200	4.65	PASS			
915	NA	286.42	315.06	0.0627	0.610000	10.3	PASS			
926.7	NA	269.77	296.747	0.0590	0.617800	9.56	PASS			

Distance	20 cm	
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*The worst case between EIRP and Conducted Power is used, and unity gain is assigned.

Note: The user's manual will stipulate that a 20cm distance from the user is to be maintained.

EIRP values in mW were multiplied by 1.1 to account for a 10% tolerance

The power density is calculated as shown below:

$S = (P \times G)/(4 \times \pi \times d^2)$ – used to calculate exposure at 20 cm

EIRP = *P x G*, measured as field strength

$d = \sqrt{(S/(P \times G) \times 4 \times \pi)}$ – used to calculate minimum distance to meet limits

S= power density

- P = transmitter conducted power (in mW)
- G = antenna numeric gain
- D = distance to radiation center (20 cm)