RF Exposure Lab

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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Tait International LTD 245 Wooldridge Road Christchurch 8051, New Zealand Dates of Test: Test Report Number: October 5-10, 2018 SAR.20181002 Revision A

·	
FCC ID:	CASTPDK5D
IC Certificate:	737A-TPDK5D
Model(s):	TPDK5D
Test Sample:	Engineering Unit Same as Production
Serial Number:	25847600
Equipment Type:	Push-To-Talk Handheld Radio for Occupational Use
Classification:	Portable Transmitter Next to Face and Body
TX Frequency Range:	757 – 776 MHz; 792 – 825 MHz; 850 – 870 MHz; 2402 – 2480 MHz
Frequency Tolerance:	± 0.5 ppm
Maximum RF Output:	800 MHz – 36.02 dBm; 2450 MHz – 12.04 dBm Conducted
Signal Modulation:	FM
Body Worn Accessories:	Model T03-00038-0005, T03-00038-0007, T03-00038-0009, T03-00038-0016,
	T03-00038-0017, T03-00038-0018, T03-00038-0021, T03-00038-0022,
	T03-00038-0023, T03-00038-0028, T03-00038-0033, T03-00038-0034,
	T03-00038-0037, TPA-CA-201, TPA-CA-208
Audio Accessories:	Model T03-00045-CFAA, T03-00045-DMAA, T03-00045-FRAA, T03-00046-EFAA,
	T03-00046-FAAA, T03-00046-GEAA, T03-00047-AAAA, T03-00047-CBAA, T03-
	00120-HAAE, T952-051
Antenna:	Model TPA-AN-022, TPA-AN-023, TPA-AN-028
Battery:	Model T03-00011-AAAA, T03-00011-CAAA, T03-00011-DAAA
Application Type:	Certification
FCC Rule Parts:	Part 2, 90
KDB Test Methodology:	KDB 447498 DO1 v06, KDB 643646 D01 v01r03, KDB 865664 D01 v01r04,
	KDB 865664 D02 v01r01
Industry Canada:	RSS-102 Issue 5, Safety Code 6
Maximum SAR Value:	1.95 W/kg for Face; 6.99 W/kg for Body Reported
Simultaneous SAR Value:	0.37 for Face: 1.00 for Body Limit Ratio
Separation Distance:	25 mm for Face; 0 mm for Body

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and EN/IEC 62209:2010 (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Jay M. Moulton Vice President





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1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Tait International LTD Model(s) TPDK5D FCC ID: CASTPDK5D with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices and IC Certificate: 737A-TPDK5D with RSS102 Issue 5 & Safety Code 6. The FCC have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Tait International LTD Model TPDK5D and therefore apply only to the tested sample.

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], , IEEE Std.1528 – 2013 Recommended Practice [4], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

The following table indicates all the wireless technologies operating in the Model TPDK5D PTT. The table also shows the tolerance for the power level for each mode.

Band	Technology	Class	Nominal Power dBm	Setpoint Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
800 MHz	FM	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	36.02
2450 MHz	Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	12.04



SAR Definition [5]

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)



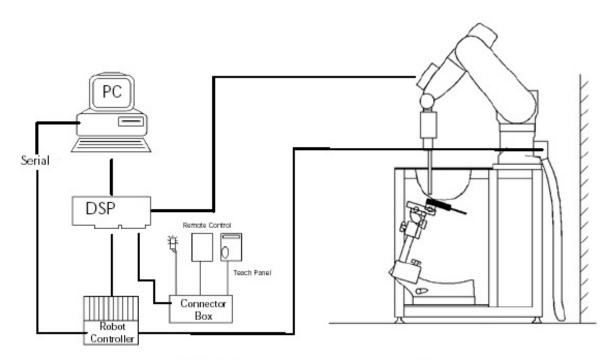
2. SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

These measurements are performed using the DASY52 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY52 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY52, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.







System Electronics

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with autozeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

Probe Measurement System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 2.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. (see Fig. 2.3) It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY52 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



DAE System



Probe Specifications

- Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 835 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz, 3500 MHz, 5200 MHz, 5300 MHz, 5600 MHz, 5800 MHz
- Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz
- Linearity: ±0.2dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)



- **Range:** Linearity: ±0.2dB
- Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm
- Tip length: 20 mm
- Body diameter: 12 mm
- Tip diameter: 2.5 mm
- Distance from probe tip to sensor center: 1 mm
- Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of wireless device



Figure 2.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique

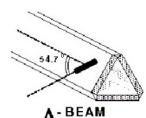


Figure 2.2 Triangular Probe Configurations



Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe

SAR =
$$C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$\mathsf{SAR} = \frac{\left|\mathsf{E}\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

simulated tissue conductivity,

Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

where:

where:

σ

ρ

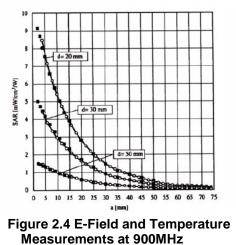
 Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place.

Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;



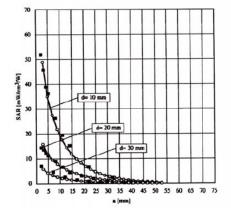


Figure 2.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz



Data Extrapolation

The DASY52 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below:

$$W_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$
with V_{i} = compensated signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 U_{i} = input signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 Cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_{i} = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:	with	V _i Normi	= compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z) = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z)	
$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot Con}}$	vF		μ V/(V/m) ² for E-field probes = sensitivity of enhancement in solution = electric field strength of channel i in V/m	

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^{2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$
 with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pure} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 with
$$P_{pwe} = \text{equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm}^2$$
$$= \text{total electric field strength in V/m}$$



Scanning procedure

- The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.
- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The highest integrated SAR value is the main concern in compliance test applications. These values can mostly be found at the inner surface of the phantom and cannot be measured directly due to the sensor offset in the probe. To extrapolate the surface values, the measurement distances to the surface must be known accurately. A distance error of 0.5mm could produce SAR errors of 6% at 1800 MHz. Using predefined locations for measurements is not accurate enough. Any shift of the phantom (e.g., slight deformations after filling it with liquid) would produce high uncertainties. For an automatic and accurate detection of the phantom surface, the DASY5 system uses the mechanical surface detection. The detection is always at touch, but the probe will move backward from the surface the indicated distance before starting the measurement.
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The scan uses different grid spacings for different frequency measurements. Standard grid spacing for head measurements in frequency ranges 2GHz is 15 mm in x and y- dimension. For higher frequencies a finer resolution is needed, thus for the grid spacing is reduced according the following table:

Area scan grid spacing for different frequency ranges				
Frequency range	Grid spacing			
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15 mm			
2 – 4 GHz	≤ 12 mm			
4 – 6 GHz	≤ 10 mm			

Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex B.

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• A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. It uses a fine meshed grid where the robot moves the probe in steps along all the 3 axis (x,y and z-axis) starting at the bottom of the Phantom. The grid spacing for the cube measurement is varied according to the measured frequency range, the dimensions are given in the following table:

Zoom scan grid spacing and volume for different frequency ranges					
Frequency range	Grid spacing	Grid spacing	Minimum zoom		
r requency range	for x, y axis	for z axis	scan volume		
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 8 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 30 mm		
2 – 3 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 28 mm		
3 – 4 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 4 mm	≥ 28 mm		
4 – 5 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 3 mm	≥ 25 mm		
5 – 6 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 2 mm	≥ 22 mm		

DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see section 3) are shown in table form in section 7.



Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of all points in the three directions x, y and z. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 1 to 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three onedimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on E-field probes.



SAM PHANTOM

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 2.6)

Phantom Specification

Phantom:	S
Shell Material:	
Thickness:	2

SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0) Vivac Composite 2.0 ± 0.2 mm

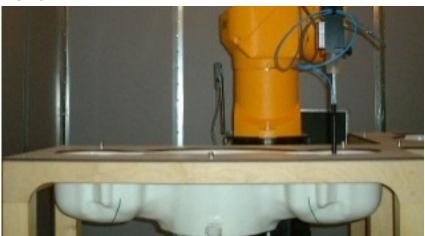


Figure 2.6 SAM Twin Phantom

Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 the Mounting Device (see Fig. 2.7), enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeat ably be positioned according to the FCC, CENELEC, IEC and IEEE specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Figure 2.7 Mounting Device

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worstcase condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



3. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.

4. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

Head & Body Simulating Mixture Characterization

The head and body mixtures consist of the material based on the table listed below. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. Body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE1528-2013 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

Ingredients		Simulating Tissue				
		750 MHz Head	835 MHz Head	750 MHz Body	835 MHz Body	
Mixing Percentage						
Water			40.92		52.50	
Sugar			56.65		45.00	
Salt HEC		Proprietary Procured from Speag	1.49	Proprietary Procured from	1.40	
			1.00	Speag	1.00	
Bactericide	Bactericide		0.10		0.10	
DGBE			0.00		0.00	
Dielectric Constant	Target	41.94	41.50	55.53	55.20	
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	0.89	0.90	0.96	0.97	

Table 4.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue

5. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF Exposure Limits [2]

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Head	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

Table 5.1 Human Exposure Limits

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



6. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty table is not required per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 section 2.8.2 page 12. SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in the SAR report only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is \geq 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) should be applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions. The highest reported value is less than 1.5 W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required.



7. System Validation

Tissue Verification

Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Farameters					
		750 MHz Head		750 MHz Body	
Date(s)		Oct.	Oct. 5, 2018		9, 2018
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		41.94	41.46	55.53	55.57
Conductivity: σ		0.89	0.90	0.96	0.99
		835 N	1Hz Head	835 M	Hz Body
Date(s)		Oct. 5, 2018		Oct. 8, 2018	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		41.50	41.33	55.20	55.91
Conductivity: σ		0.90	0.94	0.97	0.99

Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Parameters

See Appendix A for data printout.

Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is normalized to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached, P_{IN}=100 mW)

 Table 7.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR1g (W/kg)	Measure SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Tissue Used for Verification	Deviation (%)	Plot
05-Oct-2018	750 MHz	8.23	8.23	Head	+ 0.00	1
05-Oct-2018	835 MHz	9.44	9.57	Head	+ 1.38	2
09-Oct-2018	750 MHz	8.55	8.65	Body	+ 1.17	3
08-Oct-2018	835 MHz	9.57	9.61	Body	+ 0.42	4

See Appendix A for data plots.

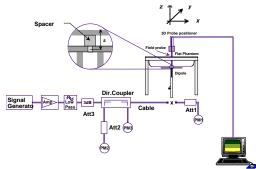
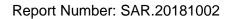


Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup





8. SAR Test Data Summary

See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was either placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes or the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

Device Test Condition

The power drift of each test is measured at the start of the test and again at the end of the test. The drift is calculated returned in dBs. The drift is calculated into the resultant SAR value on the data sheet for each test.

The TPDK5D was tested in the face position with the front of the device 25 mm away from the flat phantom. The TPDK5D was then tested in the body position with the body accessory in contact with the flat phantom. The audio accessory (T03-00045-FRAA) was used for all body measurements. All other audio accessories have been excluded per KDB 643646 D01 v01r03 section A2. All the audio accessories are 50 ohm connections to the radio and the standard audio accessory was used for all measurements next to the body per KDB 643646 D01 v01r03 section A2. For each of the tests conducted, the device was set to continuously transmit at a maximum output power on the channel specified in the test data. The SAR was scaled to 50% duty cycle per KDB 643646 D01 v01r03. All test reductions were reduced based on the reductions in KDB 643646 D01 v01r03. See pages 28-30 for a table of test reductions.

The Bluetooth testing was excluded from SAR testing due to the low power of the transmitter. For the FCC, the exclusion was based on the calculation in KDB447498 v06 section 4.3.1 a). The following is the formula for the Bluetooth transmitter.

 $[(16 \text{ mW})/(17 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{2.48}=1.48$ which is equal to or less than 3.0

For ISED, the exclusion is based on RSS-102 Issue 5 section 2.5.1 table 1. For devices evaluated to the controlled environment limit of 8.0 W/kg, the numbers in the table are multiplied by 5. Therefore, for a separation distance of 15 mm in the table, the exclusion limit is (15mW*5)=75 mW. The Bluetooth transmitter has a maximum transmit power of 16 mW which is below the 75 mW threshold.

Battery B and Battery C are identical batteries. The only difference is the manufacturer is different for each part number. Therefore, the testing was conducted with the two batteries interchanged.

Accessory	Description	Part Number
Battery A	Li-Ion, 1880 mAh	T03-00011-AAAA
Battery B	Li-Ion, 2400 mAh	T03-00011-CAAA
Battery C	Li-Ion, 2400 mAh	T03-00011-DAAA
Antenna A	½ Wave Whip (762-870 MHz)	TPA-AN-022
Antenna B	Helical (762-870 MHz)	TPA-AN-023
Antenna C	Helical (762-870 MHz)	TPA-AN-028
Audio Accessory A	Spkr Mic Storm IP68 E-Button 2.5mm-Jack	T03-00045-CFAA
Audio Accessory B	Spkr Mic Genesis IP68 E-Button	T03-00045-DMAA
Audio Accessory C	Spkr Mic Medium-Weight	T03-00045-FRAA
Audio Accessory D	Headset Behind-Head Boom-Mic Finger	T03-00046-EFAA
Audio Accessory E	Headset Heavy-Duty Overhead	T03-00046-FAAA
Audio Accessory F	Headset Hurricane II Behind Head	T03-00046-GEAA
Audio Accessory G	Wire Surveillance Kit	T03-00047-AAAA
Audio Accessory H	Covert Kit Earhook Lapel Mic	T03-00047-CBAA
Audio Accessory I	Earphone Transparent D-Ring Hi-Vol	T03-00120-HAAE
Audio Accessory J	Earphone In-Ear	T952-051
Body Worn Accessory A	Belt Clip 55mm	TPA-CA-201
Body Worn Accessory B	Belt Loop for D-Clip 75mm	TPA-CA-208
Body Worn Accessory C	Carry Case Heavy Duty Leather 4Key Spring Clip	T03-00038-0005
Body Worn Accessory D	Carry Case Heavy Duty Leather 16Key D-Stud Belt Loop	T03-00038-0007
Body Worn Accessory E	Carry Case Heavy Duty Leather 16Key Belt Loop	T03-00038-0009
Body Worn Accessory F	Carry Case Nylon 16Key D-Stud Belt Loop	T03-00038-0016
Body Worn Accessory G	Carry Case Nylon 16Key Belt Loop	T03-00038-0017
Body Worn Accessory H	Carry Case Nylon 16Key Use Battery Clip	T03-00038-0018
Body Worn Accessory I	Carry Case Soft Leather 16Key Use Battery Clip	T03-00038-0021
Body Worn Accessory J	Belt Loop for D-Stud 55mm	T03-00038-0022
Body Worn Accessory K	Spring Clip for D-Stud 40mm	T03-00038-0023
Body Worn Accessory L	Carry Case Nylon 4Key D-Stud Chest Harness	T03-00038-0028
Body Worn Accessory M	Carry Case Polyester Green 16Key Use Battery Clip	T03-00038-0033
Body Worn Accessory N	Shoulder Strap Carry Case Heavy Duty Leather	T03-00038-0034
Body Worn Accessory O	Carry Case Heavy Duty Leather 16Key Belt Loop D-rings	T03-00038-0037

Audio Accessory C was chosen for the testing body worn radio configuration. Audio Accessory A-B and D-J are excluded. The following tables shows all combinations with the tested combination marked yes.

Radio Face Test

Ante	enna A	Ant	enna B	Antenna C		
Battery A Battery B/C		Battery A	Battery B/C	Battery A	Battery B/C	
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	



	Antenna A										
Audio Accessory	Audio Ad	Accessory A Audio		cessory B	Audio Accessory C		Audio Accessory D				
	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C			
Body Worn A	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No			
Body Worn B	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn C	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn D	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn E	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No			
Body Worn F	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn G	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn H	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn I	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn J	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn K	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn L	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn M	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn N	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn O	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			

Radio Body Test

				Ante	nna A			
Audio Accessory	Audio Accessory E		Audio Accessory F		Audio Accessory G		Audio Accessory H	
	Bat A	Bat B/C						
Body Worn A	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn B	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn C	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn D	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn E	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn F	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn G	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn H	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn I	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn J	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn K	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn L	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn M	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn N	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn O	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

		Ante	nna A		
Audio Accessory	Audio A	ccessory I	Audio Accessory J		
	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C	
Body Worn A	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn B	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn C	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn D	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn E	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn F	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn G	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn H	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn I	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn J	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn K	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn L	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn M	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn N	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn O	No	No	No	No	



	Antenna B										
Audio Accessory	Audio Ad	Accessory A Audio Ac		ccessory B Audio Acce		cessory C	Audio Ac	Audio Accessory D			
	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C			
Body Worn A	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No			
Body Worn B	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn C	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn D	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn E	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No			
Body Worn F	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn G	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn H	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn I	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn J	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn K	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn L	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn M	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn N	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn O	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			

Radio Body Test

		Antenna B									
Audio Accessory	Audio Accessory E		Audio Accessory F		Audio Accessory G		Audio Accessory H				
	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C			
Body Worn A	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn B	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn C	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn D	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn E	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn F	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn G	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn H	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn I	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn J	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn K	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn L	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn M	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn N	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn O	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			



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		Ante	nna B		
Audio Accessory	Audio A	ccessory l	Audio Accessory J		
	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C	
Body Worn A	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn B	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn C	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn D	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn E	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn F	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn G	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn H	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn I	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn J	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn K	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn L	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn M	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn N	No	No	No	No	
Body Worn O	No	No	No	No	



	Antenna C										
Audio Accessory	Audio Ac	Accessory A Audio A		cessory B	Audio Accessory C		Audio Accessory D				
	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C			
Body Worn A	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No			
Body Worn B	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn C	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn D	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn E	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No			
Body Worn F	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn G	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn H	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn I	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn J	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn K	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn L	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn M	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn N	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Body Worn O	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			

Radio Body Test

				Ante	enna C			
Audio Accessory	Audio Accessory E		Audio A	Audio Accessory F		cessory G	Audio Accessory H	
	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C
Body Worn A	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn B	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn C	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn D	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn E	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn F	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn G	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn H	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn I	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn J	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn K	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn L	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn M	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn N	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Body Worn O	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No



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		Ante	nna C	
Audio Accessory	Audio A	ccessory l	Audio A	ccessory J
	Bat A	Bat B/C	Bat A	Bat B/C
Body Worn A	No	No	No	No
Body Worn B	No	No	No	No
Body Worn C	No	No	No	No
Body Worn D	No	No	No	No
Body Worn E	No	No	No	No
Body Worn F	No	No	No	No
Body Worn G	No	No	No	No
Body Worn H	No	No	No	No
Body Worn I	No	No	No	No
Body Worn J	No	No	No	No
Body Worn K	No	No	No	No
Body Worn L	No	No	No	No
Body Worn M	No	No	No	No
Body Worn N	No	No	No	No
Body Worn O	No	No	No	No



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	UHF									
Freq	Channel	Power (dB)								
757	1	35.26								
769.6	2	35.42								
802.2	3	35.57								
824.8	4	35.30								
850	5	35.48								
870	6	35.27								

Per KDB 447498 D01 v06 page 7 section 6) pages 7-8, the number of channels required to be tested is as follows:

 $\begin{array}{l} F_{high} = 870 \mbox{ MHz} \\ F_{c} = 813.5 \mbox{ MHz} \\ F_{low} = 757 \mbox{ MHz} \end{array}$

 $N_{c} = Round \left\{ [100(f_{high} - f_{low})/f_{c}]^{0.5} \ x \ (f_{c}/100)^{0.2} \right\} = Round \left\{ [100(870-757)/813.5]^{0.5} \ x \ (813.5/100)^{0.2} \right\} = 6$

Therefore, for the frequency band from 757 MHz to 870 MHz, 6 channels are required for testing.

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Avg Power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
	Bluetooth	0	2402		11.36	12.04
2450 MHz		39	2441	Basic Rate GFSK	11.52	12.04
		78	2480	GLOK	11.49	12.04



	He	ad SAR – In Fro	ont of Face (Hands	set)	
	Channel Fred	Batt	ery A ¹	Batter	y B/C ¹
Antenna	Channel Freq. (MHz)	Measured	Reported SAR	Measured	Reported SAR
	(10112)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)
	757	35.26	2	35.26	2
	769.6	35.42	1.49	35.42	1.32
A ¹	802.2	35.57	2	35.57	2
136 – 151 MHz	824.8	35.30	2	35.30	2
	850	35.48	1.30	35.48	1.20
	870	35.27	2	35.27	2
	757	35.26	2	35.26	2
	769.6	35.42	1.73	35.42	1.75
B ¹	802.2	35.57	2	35.57	2
162 – 174 MHz	824.8	35.30	2	35.30	2
	850	35.48	0.89	35.48	1.19
	870	35.27	2	35.27	2
	757	35.26	2	35.26	2
	769.6	35.42	1.95	35.42	1.92
C ¹	802.2	35.57	2	35.57	2
136 – 174 MHz	824.8	35.30	2	35.30	2
	850	35.48	1.25	35.48	1.32
	870	35.27	2	35.27	2

¹See Accessory table on page 20 of this report. ²Measurement was reduced.



		Body SAR (H	Handset)									
				ery A ¹								
	Channel		Audio Accessory C ¹									
Antenna	Freq. (MHz)	Body W	orn E ¹	Body Worn A ¹								
		Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported							
		Power (dBm)	SAR (W/kg)	Power (dBm)	SAR (W/kg)							
	757	35.26	4.54	35.26	3.78							
	769.6	35.42	5.47	35.42	4.20							
A ¹	802.2	35.57	6.99	35.57	3.80							
136 – 151 MHz	824.8	35.30	6.19	35.30	4.11							
	850	35.48	5.94	35.48	3.42							
	870	35.27	6.32	35.27	3.47							
	757	35.26	3.87	35.26	4.19							
	769.6	35.42	5.19	35.42	5.26							
B ¹	802.2	35.57	4.89	35.57	5.00							
162 – 174 MHz	824.8	35.30	4.50	35.30	5.38							
	850	35.48	3.52	35.48	4.65							
	870	35.27	3.35	35.27	5.09							
	757	35.26	4.27	35.26	4.27							
	769.6	35.42	5.09	35.42	4.89							
C ¹	802.2	35.57	5.35	35.57	5.87							
136 – 174 MHz	824.8	35.30	5.69	35.30	5.93							
	850	35.48	3.93	35.48	4.76							
	870	35.27	4.05	35.27	4.46							

¹See Accessory table on page 20 of this report. ²Measurement was reduced.



		Body SAR (I	Handset)								
				ry B/C¹							
	Channel	Audio Accessory C ¹									
Antenna	Freq. (MHz)	Body W	orn E ¹	Body Worn A ¹							
		Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported						
		Power (dBm)	SAR (W/kg)	Power (dBm)	SAR (W/kg)						
	757	35.26	3.96	35.26	3.16						
	769.6	35.42	6.05	35.42	3.35						
A ¹	802.2	35.57	6.27	35.57	3.66						
136 – 151 MHz	824.8	35.30	5.66	35.30	3.34						
	850	35.48	6.35	35.48	2.87						
	870	35.27	5.78	35.27	3.12						
	757	35.26	4.50	35.26	3.74						
	769.6	35.42	5.63	35.42	5.02						
B ¹	802.2	35.57	5.97	35.57	5.18						
162 – 174 MHz	824.8	35.30	5.48	35.30	4.40						
	850	35.48	5.05	35.48	4.13						
	870	35.27	5.25	35.27	4.44						
	757	35.26	4.73	35.26	4.39						
	769.6	35.42	5.67	35.42	4.12						
C ¹	802.2	35.57	5.75	35.57	3.98						
136 – 174 MHz	824.8	35.30	5.70	35.30	5.50						
	850	35.48	5.03	35.48	4.36						
	870	35.27	3.79	35.27	4.19						

¹See Accessory table on page 20 of this report. ²Measurement was reduced.

SAR Data Summary – Head SAR Face Measurements

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Conf.	Battery	Frequency		Mod.	Ant.	End Power	Drift	Measured SAR	Adjusted SAR	SAR (W/kg) 50% Duty
-				MHz	Ch.			(dBm)	(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Cycle
				769.6	2	FM	А	35.42	-0.42	2.36	2.99	1.49
				850	5	FM		35.48	-0.39	2.10	2.60	1.30
			А	769.6	2	FM	В	35.42	-0.28	2.82	3.45	1.73
			A	850	5	FM		35.48	-0.46	1.41	1.78	0.89
				769.6	2	FM	С	35.42	-0.50	3.02	3.89	1.95
25		Radio		850	5	FM		35.48	-0.47	1.98	2.50	1.25
mm	1	Raulo		769.6	2	FM	۸	35.42	-0.38	2.11	2.64	1.32
				850	5	FM	A	35.48	-0.42	1.92	2.40	1.20
			B/C	769.6	2	FM	D	35.42	-0.39	2.78	3.49	1.75
			B/C	850	5	FM	В	35.48	-0.44	1.90	2.38	1.19
				769.6	2	FM	C	35.42	-0.46	3.01	3.84	1.92
			-	850	5	FM	С	35.48	-0.42	2.11	2.63	1.32

Head 8.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

- 1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Power Measured Conducted
- 2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- 3. Test Signal Call Mode
- 4. Test Configuration
- 5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

The adjusted SAR value was calculated by first scaling the SAR value up by the drift. This value was then scaled up based on the difference of the upper end of the tolerance (36.02 dB) and the measured conducted power. The resultant value is then multiplied by 0.5 to give the SAR value at 50% duty cycle.

ERP EIRP \boxtimes Eli4 Right Head Body Base Station Simulator Without Belt Clip N/A

Head Test Code

With Belt Clip

Left Head

SAR Data Summary – Body SAR Measurements (Battery A, Body E)

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

0 mm	2 	Acc.		MHz 757 769.6 802.2 824.8 850 870	Ch. 1 2 3 4 5	FM FM FM FM		(dBm) 35.26 35.42	- (dB) -0.49 -0.54	(W/kg) 6.81 8.41	(W/kg) 9.08	Cycle 4.54
-	2 	F		769.6 802.2 824.8 850 870	2 3 4	FM FM		35.42				4.54
-	2 	F		802.2 824.8 850 870	3 4	FM	-		-0.54	Q / 1		
-	 	F		824.8 850 870	4						10.93	5.47
-	 	F		850 870		FM	A	35.57	-0.25	11.90	13.98	6.99
-	 	F		870	5			35.30	-0.56	9.22	12.38	6.19
-	 	F				FM		35.48	-0.44	9.48	11.88	5.94
-	 	F			6	FM		35.27	-0.41	9.68	12.64	6.32
-		F		757	1	FM		35.26	-0.52	5.77	7.75	3.87
-		F		769.6	2	FM	- В	35.42	-0.49	8.07	10.37	5.19
-		Е	А	802.2	3	FM		35.57	-0.43	7.98	9.77	4.89
		-	~	824.8	4	FM		35.30	-0.45	6.87	8.99	4.50
				850	5	FM		35.48	-0.44	5.62	7.04	3.52
				870	6	FM		35.27	-0.48	5.04	6.69	3.35
				757	1	FM		35.26	-0.38	6.57	8.54	4.27
				769.6	2	FM	с	35.42	-0.45	7.99	10.18	5.09
				802.2	3	FM		35.57	-0.40	8.80	10.70	5.35
				824.8	4	FM		35.30	-0.54	8.51	11.37	5.69
				850	5	FM		35.48	-0.62	6.01	7.85	3.93
				870	6	FM		35.27	-0.57	5.97	8.09	4.05
		Rep	eated	802.2	3	FM		35.57	-0.21	11.80	13.74	6.87
										Body D W/kg (mW/g averaged over 1 gram	3)	
		1. Batte	ery is fully o	charged f	or all t	ests.						
		Powe	er Measured	1		Con	ducted	Г	ERP	Г	EIRP	
			Measurem						_			
			tom Config				Head		Eli4	Г	Right Head	I
			•							L		L
			Configurat			Hea			Body	. ~		
			Signal Call			Test				ion Simulator		
	 Test Configuration Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm 						h Belt C	Clip	Without]	Belt Clip 🛛 🗋	⊴N/A	
		J. 11880	ie Depth 18	at least I	5.0 cm	L						

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

SAR Data Summary – Body SAR Measurements (Battery A, Body A)

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Body Worn	Battery	Freque	-	Mod.	Ant.	End Power	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR	Adjusted SAR	SAR (W/kg) 50% Duty
-		Acc.	_	MHz	Ch.			(dBm)	(UD)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Cycle
				757	1	FM		35.26	-0.26	5.97	7.55	3.78
				769.6	2	FM		35.42	-0.38	6.71	8.41	4.20
				802.2	3	FM	А	35.57	-0.22	6.52	7.61	3.80
				824.8	4	FM	A	35.30	-0.41	6.34	8.22	4.11
				850	5	FM		35.48	-0.32	5.61	6.84	3.42
				870	6	FM		35.27	-0.27	5.48	6.93	3.47
				757	1	FM		35.26	-0.46	6.32	8.37	4.19
				769.6	2			35.42	-0.33	8.49	10.52	5.26
0		A	А	802.2	3	FM	В	35.57	-0.27	8.46	9.99	5.00
mm		~		824.8	4	FM		35.30	-0.31	8.48	10.75	5.38
				850	5	FM		35.48	-0.25	7.75	9.30	4.65
				870	6	FM		35.27	-0.44	7.73	10.17	5.09
				757	1	FM		35.26	-0.36	6.59	8.53	4.27
				769.6	2	FM	с	35.42	-0.39	7.79	9.78	4.89
		-		802.2	3	FM		35.57	-0.42	9.61	11.74	5.87
				824.8	4	FM		35.30	-0.40	9.16	11.85	5.93
				850	5	FM		35.48	-0.37	7.72	9.52	4.76
				870	6	FM		35.27	-0.29	7.02	8.92	4.46
										Body 0 W/kg (mW/g averaged over 1 gram	g)	
			ery is fully c		or all t							
			er Measured			Con	ducted]ERP	L	EIRP	
		2. SAR	Measurem	ent								
		Phan	tom Config	uration		Left	Head	\succ	Eli4		Right Head	1
		SAR	Configurat	ion		Hea	d	\square	Body		U	
			Signal Call			Test				ion Simulator		
			Configurati				h Belt C	lin 🗌	Without I		N/A	
			e Depth is		5.0 cm			mh 「				
	\langle		\sim									

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

SAR Data Summary – Body SAR Measurements (Battery B, Body E)

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Body Worn	Battery	Freque	-	Mod.	Ant.	End Power	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR	Adjusted SAR	SAR (W/kg) 50% Duty
		Acc.		MHz	Ch.			(dBm)	(UD)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Cycle
				757	1	FM		35.26	-0.35	6.13	7.92	3.96
				769.6	2	FM		35.42	-0.29	9.85	12.09	6.05
				802.2	3	FM	А	35.57	-0.36	10.40	12.53	6.27
				824.8	4	FM	~	35.30	-0.34	8.87	11.32	5.66
				850	5	FM		35.48	-0.41	10.20	12.69	6.35
				870	6	FM		35.27	-0.37	8.93	11.56	5.78
				757	1	FM		35.26	-0.44	6.83	9.00	4.50
				769.6	2	FM	– – B	35.42	-0.28	9.19	11.25	5.63
0		Е	В	802.2	3	FM		35.57	-0.36	9.90	11.93	5.97
mm		L	В	824.8	4	FM		35.30	-0.40	8.47	10.96	5.48
				850	5	FM		35.48	-0.29	8.34	10.10	5.05
				870	6	FM		35.27	-0.32	8.20	10.49	5.25
				757	1	FM		35.26	-0.37	7.29	9.46	4.73
				769.6	2	FM	с	35.42	-0.27	9.27	11.33	5.67
				802.2	3	FM		35.57	-0.35	9.56	11.49	5.75
				824.8	4	FM		35.30	-0.42	8.77	11.40	5.70
				850	5	FM		35.48	-0.25	8.38	10.05	5.03
				870	6	FM		35.27	-0.32	5.92	7.57	3.79
										Body 0 W/kg (mW/g averaged over 1 gram	g)	
			ery is fully c		or all t				-		-	
			er Measured			Con	ducted		ERP	L	EIRP	
		2. SAR	Measurem	ent								
		Phan	tom Config	uration		Left	Head	\square	⊲Eli4	Г	Right Head	1
			Configurat			Hea			Body	_		
			Signal Call			Test		Ľ		ion Simulator		
			0					Nia L		_	N/A	
			Configurati		5.0 cm		h Belt C	_np _	Without]	Ben Chp	N/A	
	\langle		\bigcirc									

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

SAR Data Summary – Body SAR Measurements (Battery B, Body A)

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Body Worn	Battery	Freque	-	Mod.	Ant.	End Power	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR	Adjusted SAR	SAR (W/kg) 50% Duty
		Acc.		MHz	Ch.			(dBm)	(UD)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Cycle
				757	1	FM		35.26	-0.27	4.99	6.33	3.16
				769.6	2	FM		35.42	-0.35	5.39	6.71	3.35
				802.2	3	FM	А	35.57	-0.26	6.22	7.33	3.66
				824.8	4	FM	~	35.30	-0.22	5.38	6.68	3.34
				850	5	FM		35.48	-0.37	4.65	5.73	2.87
				870	6	FM		35.27	-0.32	4.88	6.24	3.12
				757	1	FM		35.26	-0.41	5.71	7.48	3.74
				769.6	2	FM	_	35.42	-0.36	8.05	10.04	5.02
0		А	В	802.2	3 FM	в	35.57	-0.33	8.66	10.36	5.18	
mm		A	В	824.8	4	FM	в	35.30	-0.35	6.87	8.79	4.40
				850	5	FM		35.48	-0.24	6.90	8.26	4.13
				870	6	FM		35.27	-0.39	6.82	8.87	4.44
				757	1	FM		35.26	-0.41	6.71	8.78	4.39
				769.6	2	FM	с	35.42	-0.22	6.81	8.23	4.12
		-		802.2	3	FM		35.57	-0.37	6.58	7.95	3.98
				824.8	4	FM		35.30	-0.26	8.77	10.99	5.50
				850	5	FM		35.48	-0.22	7.32	8.72	4.36
				870	6	FM		35.27	-0.40	6.42	8.37	4.19
										Body D W/kg (mW/g averaged over 1 gram	g)	
			ery is fully c		or all t			_	-		_	
			er Measured			Con	ducted]ERP	L	EIRP	
		2. SAR	Measurem	ent								
			tom Config				Head		Eli4	Ľ	Right Head	1
		SAR	Configurat	ion		Hea	d	\geq	Body			
		3. Test	Signal Call	Mode		Test	Code	Г	Base Stat	ion Simulator		
			Configurati				h Belt C	'lin	Without I		N/A	
	5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm							·h [
	\langle		\sim									

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Evaluation

MEASL	MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Config.	Freque	ency	Modulation	Frequ	ency	Modulation	SAR₁	SAR ₂				
eeg.	MHz	Ch.	moudation	MHz	Ch.	moudation	•	•				
Head	769.6	2	FM	2440	39	GFSK	1.95	0.20				
Body	802.2	3	FM									

The calculated value for the Bluetooth radio is based on KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 b) 1). Below is the formula used.

[(max. power, mW) / (min. distance, mm)] * $\left[\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}/x}\right]$ where x=7.5 for 1 g SAR

[16 mW/17mm]*[√2.48/7.5]=0.20

For a device with one transmitter used in a controlled environment and the second transmitter used in an uncontrolled environment, the ratio of the two transmitters to the respective limit must be less than 1.0. Below are the calculations.

(1.95/8.0) + (0.20/1.6) = 0.37(6.99/8.0) + (0.20/1.6) = 1.00

Both configurations are less than or equal to 1.0; therefore, simultaneous Tx meets the requirements of the FCC guidelines.



9. Test Equipment List

Table 9.1 Equipment Specifications

Туре	Calibration Due Date	Calibration Done Date	Serial Number
Staubli Robot TX60L	N/A	N/A	F07/55M6A1/A/01
Measurement Controller CS8c	N/A	N/A	1012
ELI4 Flat Phantom	N/A	N/A	1065
Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	04/13/2019	04/13/2018	1416
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	04/20/2019	04/20/2018	3662
Speag Validation Dipole D750V3	07/13/2019	07/13/2018	1016
Speag Validation Dipole D835V2	07/13/2019	07/13/2018	4d089
Agilent N1911A Power Meter	05/20/2019	03/20/2017	GB45100254
Agilent N1922A Power Sensor	06/21/2019	06/21/2017	MY45240464
Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	31720068
Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	2749A10226
Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	2647A01172
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	3135A01724
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	2904A00595
Anritsu MT8820C	03/30/2019	03/30/2017	6201176199
Agilent 778D Dual Directional Coupler	07/27/2019	07/27/2017	MY48220184
MiniCircuits BW-N20W5+ Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	N/A	N/A	N/A
MiniCircuits SPL-10.7+ Low Pass Filter	N/A	N/A	R8979513746
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	N/A	0011
Head Equivalent Matter (750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head Equivalent Matter (835 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (835 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A



10. Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC/IC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



11. References

[1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996

[2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.

[3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 – 2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 2002.

[4] International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC 62209-2 (Edition 1.0), Human Exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010.

[5] IEEE Standard 1528 – 2013, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013.

[6] Industry Canada, RSS – 102 Issue 5, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), March 2015.

[7] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 2009.



Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

Limits for Head

Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Fri 05/Oct/2018 Freq Frequency(GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM FCC_eH FCC_sH Test_e Test_s 42.20 0.89 41.76 0.86 42.15 0.89 41.69 0.87 Freq 0.7000 0.7100 0.710042.150.8941.690.870.720042.100.8941.640.880.730042.050.8941.570.890.740041.990.8941.510.890.750041.940.8941.460.900.757041.9050.8941.4180.907*0.760041.890.8941.400.910.769641.8420.8941.3420.92*0.770041.840.8941.310.92 * value interpolated Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Fri 05/Oct/2018 Freq Frequency(GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM

* value interpolated



Limits for Body

Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Tue 09/Oct/2018 Freq Frequency(GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s FreqFCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s0.700055.730.9655.720.970.710055.690.9655.690.980.720055.650.9655.660.980.730055.610.9655.630.980.740055.570.9655.600.990.750055.530.9655.570.990.757055.5020.9655.5490.99*0.760055.490.9655.5021.00*0.770055.450.9655.501.000.780055.410.9655.471.00 Freq * value interpolated Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Mon 08/Oct/2018 Freq Frequency(GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test s Sigma of UIM

* value interpolated



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN 1016

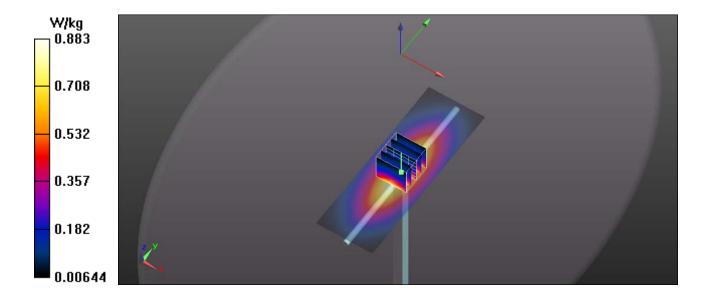
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.9 mho/m; ϵ_r = 41.46; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 10/5/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 4/20/2018; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

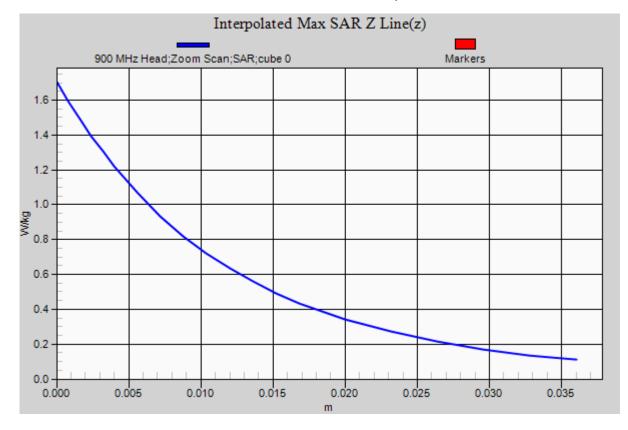
Procedure Notes:

750 MHz Head/Verification/Area Scan (41x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.883 W/kg

750 MHz Head/Verification /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.949 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.691 mW/g Pin= 100 mW SAR(1 g) = 0.823 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.533 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.888 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 2

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d089

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.935 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.33; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 10/5/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.29, 9.29, 9.29); Calibrated: 4/20/2018; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

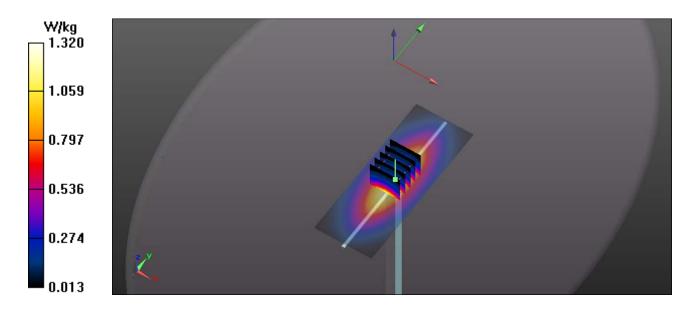
Procedure Notes:

835 MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (61x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

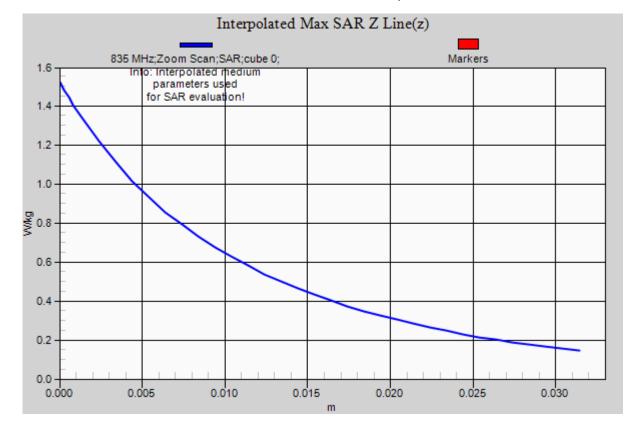
Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.32 W/kg

835 MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 33.283 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg Pin= 100 mW SAR(1 g) = 0.957 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.624 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 3

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1016

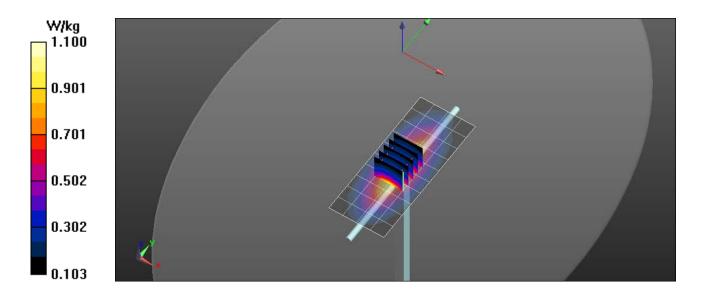
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.99 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.57; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 10/9/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.62, 9.62, 9.62); Calibrated: 4/20/2018; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

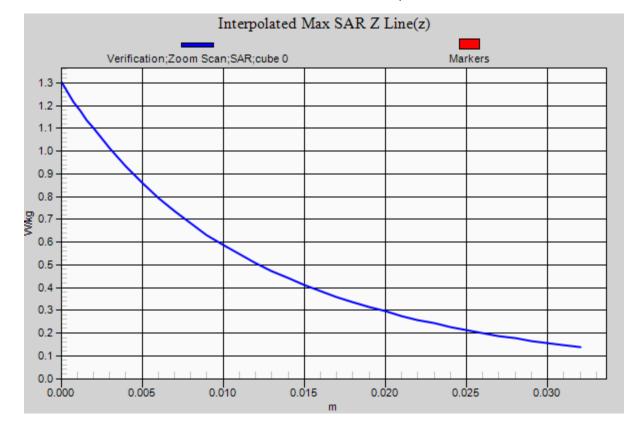
Procedure Notes:

750 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg

750 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.865 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.569 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 4

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d089

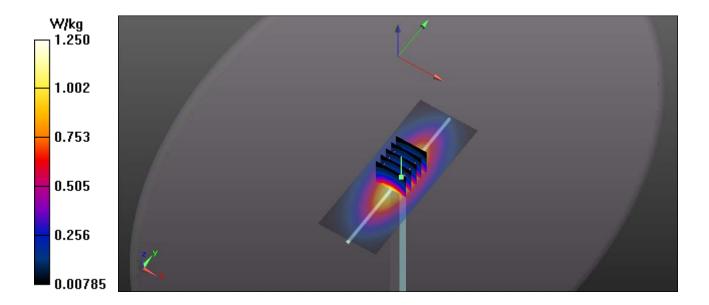
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.99 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.91; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 10/8/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.21, 9.21, 9.21); Calibrated: 4/20/2018; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

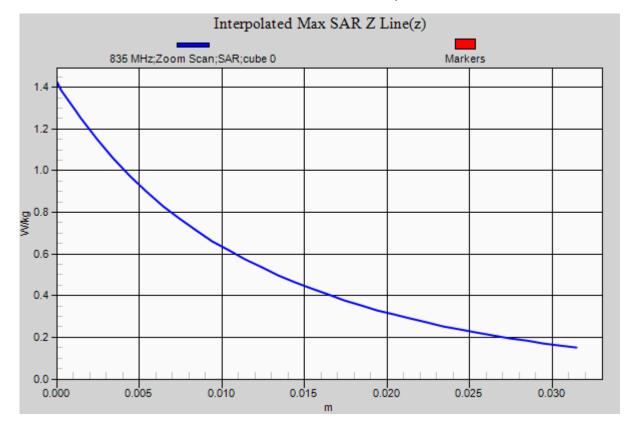
835 MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (61x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.25 W/kg

835 MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 33.283 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg Pin= 100 mW SAR(1 g) = 0.961 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.628 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20181002





Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: TPDK5D; Type: PTT; Serial: 26079539

Communication System: FM; Frequency: 769.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 769.6 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.342; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 10/5/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 4/20/2018; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

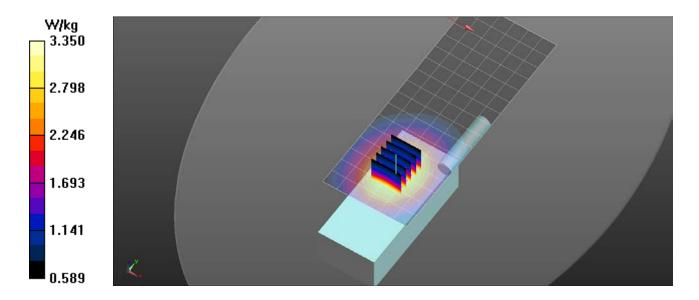
Procedure Notes:

Face/Ant 028, Std Bat 766.5/Area Scan (7x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.28 W/kg

Face/Ant 028, Std Bat 766.5/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 35.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.50 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.89 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.35 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 2

DUT: TPDK5D; Type: PTT; Serial: 26079539

Communication System: FM; Frequency: 802.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 802.2 MHz; σ = 0.97 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.061; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 10/8/2018; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(9.62, 9.62, 9.62); Calibrated: 4/20/2018; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/13/2018 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

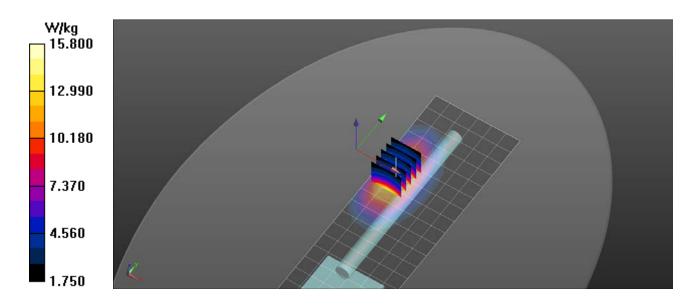
Body/Ant 022, Std Bat Belt Loop 776/Area Scan (7x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.5 W/kg

Body/Ant 022, Std Bat Belt Loop 776/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 15.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.25 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 11.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 8.6 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 W/kg





Appendix C – SAR Test Setup Photos



Handset Face Ant B Configuration





Handset with Antenna B, Audio C and Body E Accessories Configuration





Handset with Antenna B, Audio C and Body A Accessories Configuration





Front of Device





Back of Device





Battery (A, B, C)





Body Worn Accessories (E)





Body Worn Accessories (A)





Audio Accessory (C)





Antennas (A, B, C)



Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

С

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- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: EX3-3662_Apr18

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client RF Exposure Lab

CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE
Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3662
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	April 20, 2018
	uments the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). ncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been cor	iducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-17 (No. ES3-3013_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 660	21-Dec-17 (No. DAE4-660_Dec17)	Dec-18
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18

	Name	Function	Signature	
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Sal They	~
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Alt	Ţ.
			Issued: April 20, 2	018
This calibration certificate	e shall not be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the labo	ratory.	

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3662

Calibrated:

Manufactured: October 20, 2008 April 20, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.44	0.45	0.48	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	102.6	97.6	96.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID Commu	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB 0.00	VR mV 136.8	Unc ⁻ (k=2) ±3.3 %
	CW	X	0.0	0.0				
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		132.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		148.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

 ^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 ^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.80	9.80	9.80	0.43	0.90	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.29	9.29	9.29	0.40	0.91	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.29	8.29	8.29	0.29	0.84	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.01	8.01	8.01	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.71	7.71	7.71	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.39	7.39	7.39	0.28	0.91	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.14	7.14	7.14	0.36	0.85	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.08	7.08	7.08	0.25	1.20	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.99	6.99	6.99	0.25	1.20	<u>± 13.1 %</u>
5250	35.9	4.71	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

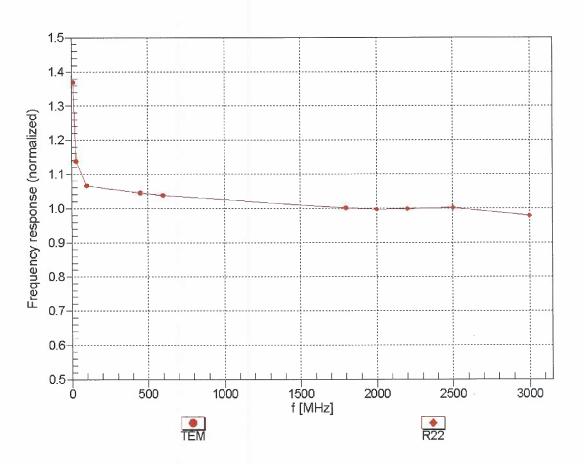
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.62	9.62	9.62	0.37	0.98	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.21	9.21	9.21	0.44	0.84	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.96	7.96	7.96	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.61	7.61	7.61	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.29	7.29	7.29	0.36	0.87	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.15	7.15	7.15	0.26	0.99	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.25	1.20	± 13.1 %
3700	51.0	3.55	6.71	6.71	6.71	0.23	1.20	± 13.1_%
5250	48.9	5.36	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.91	3.91	3.91	0.50	1.90	<u>± 13.1 %</u>
5750	48.3	5.94	4.08	4.08	4.08	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

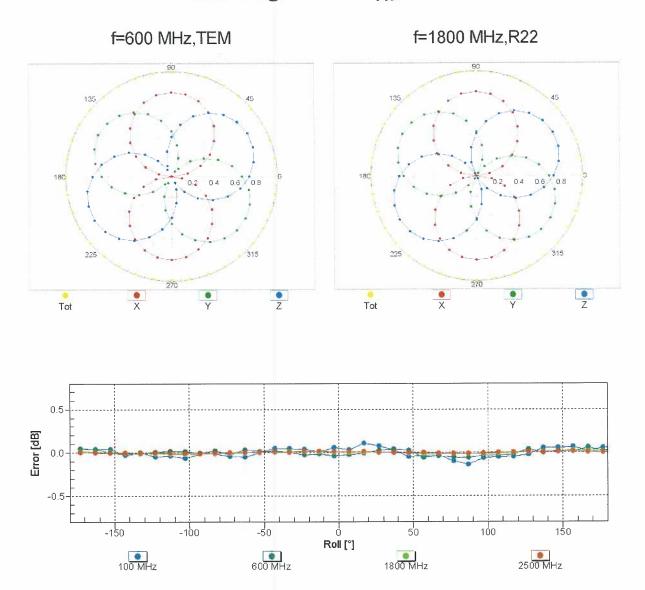
^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



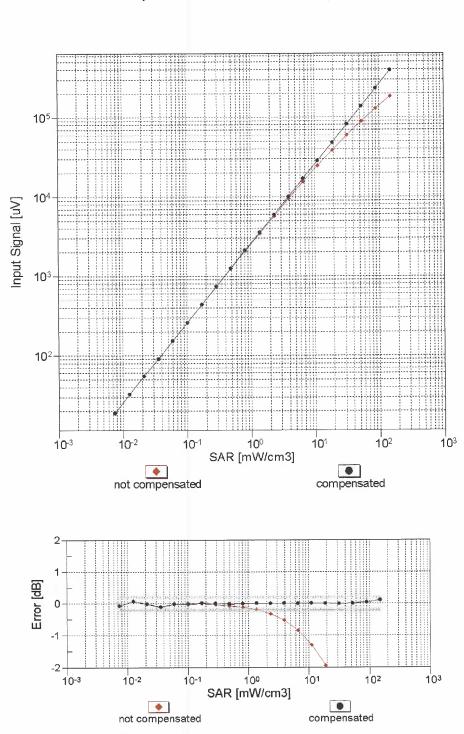
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



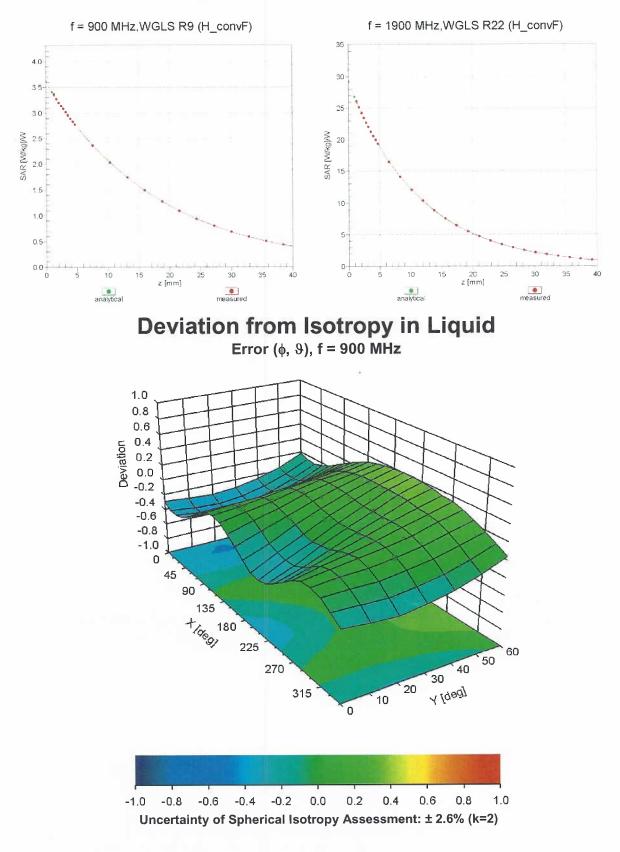
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



Conversion Factor Assessment

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-22.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm



Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Client RE Exposure La	9	Centific	ne No: D750V3-1016_Jul18
CALIBRATION C	BUIGAT		
Object	D750V3 - SN:10	16	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v10 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	July 13, 2018		
		onal standards, which realize the physi robability are given on the following pag	
All calibrations have been conducte	ed in the closed laborato	ry facility: environment temperature (22	± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-7349_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 601	26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17)	Oct-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
	News	Function	Signature
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Manu Seitz	Laboratory Technician	Sido
		e eren i mandalerin i andra da	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	ally
	e sanonan kanakana sa sasana ta'un	and an and L	Issued: July 16, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole • positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

	<u> </u>	
DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.9 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.23 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.38 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.3 ± 6 %	0.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.55 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.64 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.4 Ω + 0.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8 Ω - 2.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction) 1.038 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 22, 2010

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 13.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1016

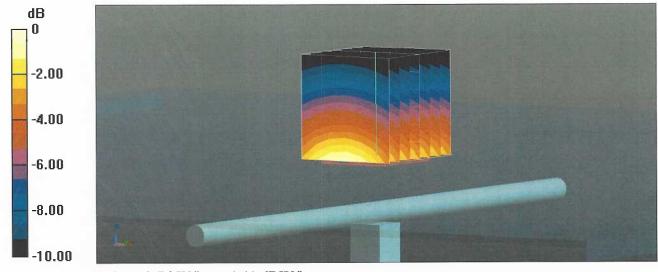
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(10.22, 10.22, 10.22) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

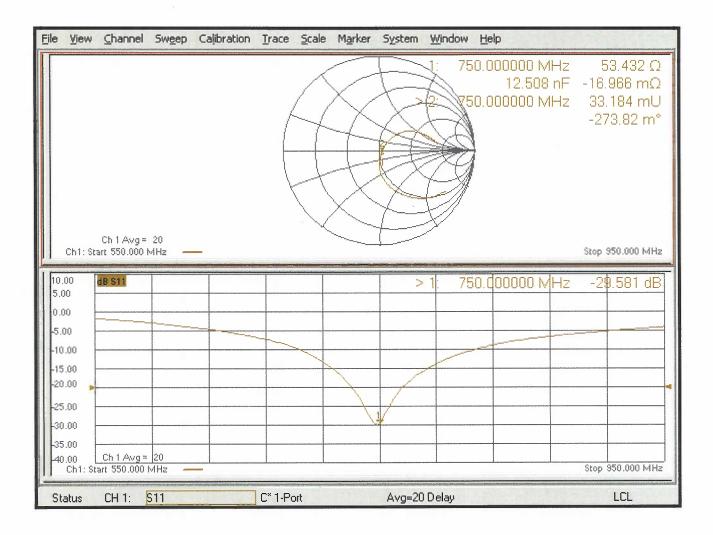
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 59.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.10 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.35 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.76 W/kg



0 dB = 2.76 W/kg = 4.41 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 13.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1016

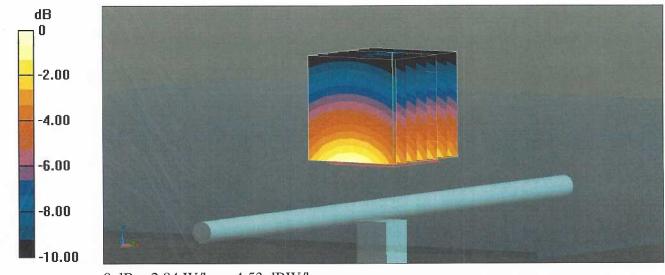
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (Back); Type: QD 00R P49 AA; Serial: 1005
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

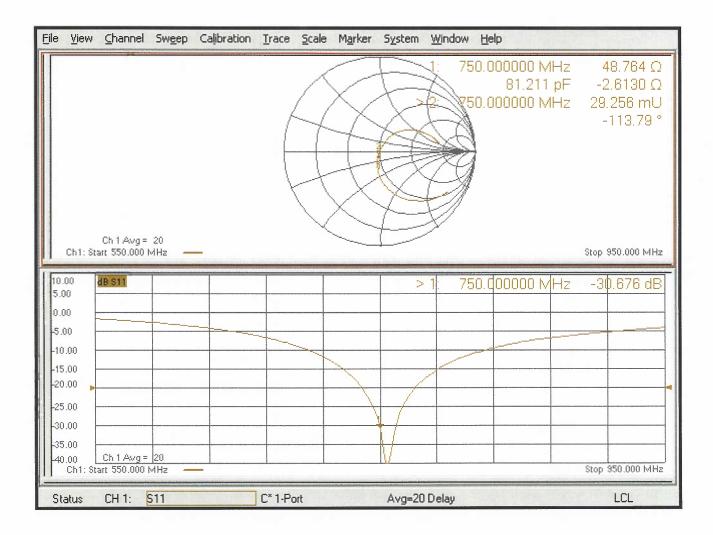
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 57.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.18 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.84 W/kg



0 dB = 2.84 W/kg = 4.53 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

S **Swiss Calibration Service**

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: D835V2-4d089_Jul18

RF Exposure Lab AN IDDATION O-DIVISION

Client

Object	D835V2 - SN:4d	089	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v10 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits abo	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	July 13, 2018		energia, provinski provinski politika Bran provinski politika politika Bran provinski politika
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborato	ional standards, which realize the physical un probability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°(nd are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
ower sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
ype-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-7349_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 601	26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17)	Oct-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
	SN. 0007292700	07-Oct-10 (IT House check Oct-10)	
Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	
Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477 Name	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17) Function	In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A Calibrated by:	SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477 Name Manu Seitz	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17) Function Laboratory Technician	In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. • No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna ٠ connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.7 ± 6 %	0.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.44 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.55 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.10 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

.	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.2 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.57 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.58 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.24 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6 Ω - 3.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.3 Ω - 5.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.391 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG					
Manufactured on	October 17, 2008					

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 13.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d089

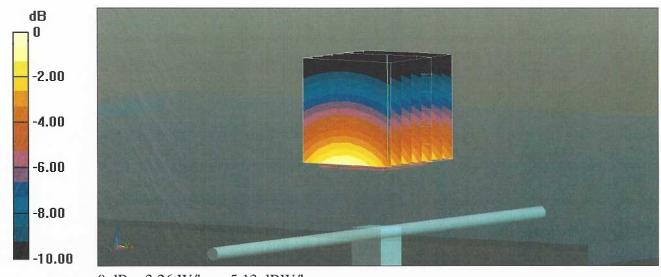
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(9.9, 9.9, 9.9) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

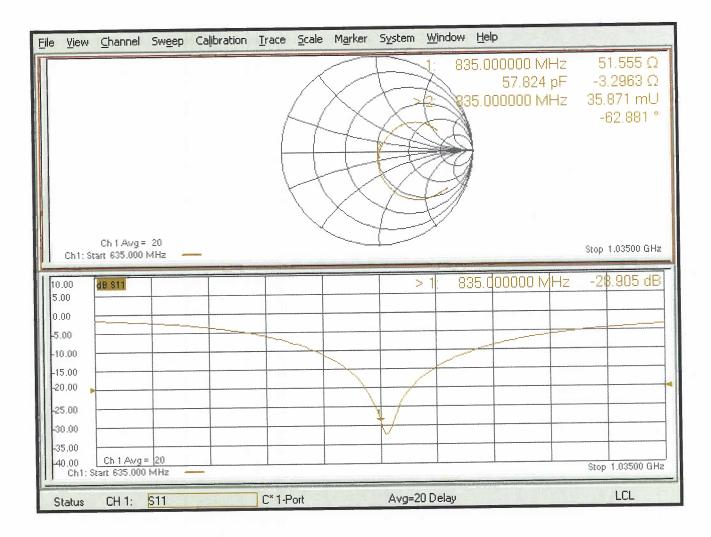
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 62.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.70 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.26 W/kg



0 dB = 3.26 W/kg = 5.13 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 13.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d089

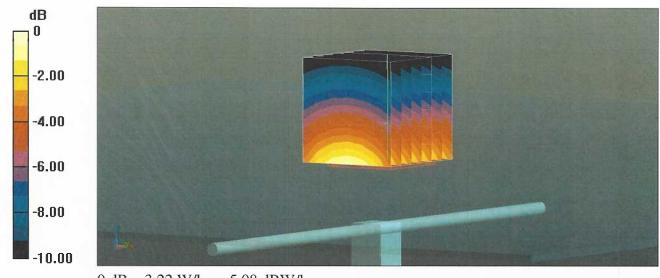
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (Back); Type: QD 00R P49 AA; Serial: 1005
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

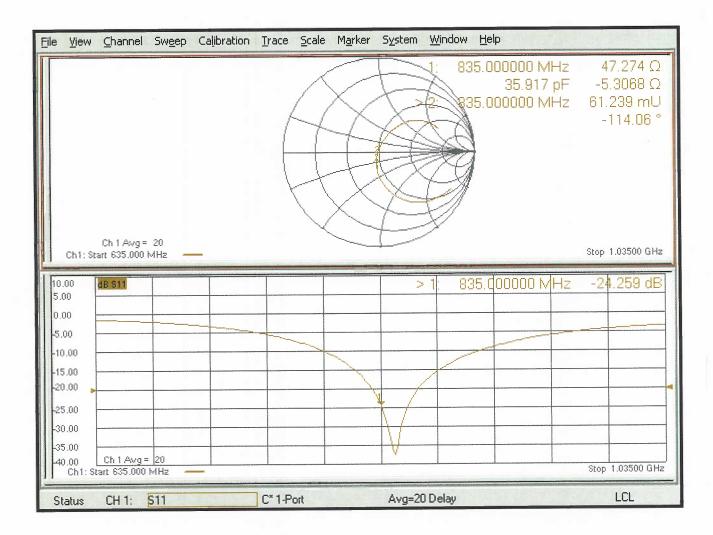
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 60.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 2.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.22 W/kg**



0 dB = 3.22 W/kg = 5.08 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets

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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

ltem	Oval Flat Phantom ELI 4.0
Type No	QD OVA 001 B
Series No	1003 and higher
Manufacturer	Untersee Composites
	Knebelstrasse 8
	CH-8268 Mannenbach, Switzerland

Tests

Complete tests were made on the prototype units QD OVA 001 AA 1001, QD OVA 001 AB 1002, pre-series units QD OVA 001 BA 1003-1005 as well as on the series units QD OVA 001 BB, 1006 ff.

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Material	Compliant with the standard	Bottom plate:	all
thickness	requirements	2.0mm +/- 0.2mm	
Material	Dielectric parameters for required	< 6 GHz: Rel. permittivity = 4	Material
parameters	frequencies	+/-1, Loss tangent ≤ 0.05	sample
Material	The material has been tested to be	DGBE based simulating	Equivalent
resistivity	compatible with the liquids defined in	liquids.	phantoms,
-	the standards if handled and cleaned	Observe Technical Note for	Material
	according to the instructions.	material compatibility.	sample
Shape	Thickness of bottom material,	Bottom elliptical 600 x 400 mm	Prototypes,
	Internal dimensions,	Depth 190 mm,	Sample
	Sagging	Shape is within tolerance for	testing
	compatible with standards from	filling height up to 155 mm,	
	minimum frequency	Eventual sagging is reduced or	
		eliminated by support via DUT	

Standards

- CENELEC EN 50361-2001, « Basic standard for the measurement of the Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz – 3 GHz) », July 2001
- [2] IEEE 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques, December 2003
- [3] IEC 62209 1, "Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz Measurement Procedure, Part 1: Hand-held mobile wireless communication devices", February 2005
- [4] IEC 62209 2, Draft, "Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices – Human models, Instrumentation and Procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the head and body for 30 MHz to 6 GHz Handheld and Body-Mounted Devices used in close proximity to the Body.", February 2005
- [5] OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields", Edition January 2001

Based on the tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the standards [1] to [5] if operated according to the specific requirements and considering the thickness. The dimensions are fully compliant with [4] from 30 MHz to 6 GHz. For the other standards, the minimum lower frequency limit is limited due to the dimensional requirements ([1]: 450 MHz, [2]: 300 MHz, [3]: 800 MHz, [5]: 375 MHz) and possibly further by the dimensions of the DUT. **S P G a G**

Date	28.4.2008	Signature / Stamp	Schmid_& Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41,44,245 9779 info@speag.com; http://www.speag.com
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Doc No 881 - QD OVA 001 B - D

Page 1 (1)



Appendix G – Validation Summary

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue equivalent media for system validation according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

	SAN System valuation Summary														
SAR	F				Probe Cal. Point				CW Validation			Modulation Valildation			
System #	Freq. (MHz)	Date	Probe S/N	Probe Type						Cond. (σ)	Perm. (ε _r)	Sens- itivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type
2	750	10/5/2018	3662	EX3DV4	750	Head	0.90	41.46	Pass	Pass	Pass	FM	N/A	Pass	
2	750	10/9/2018	3662	EX3DV4	750	Body	0.99	55.57	Pass	Pass	Pass	FM	N/A	Pass	
2	835	10/5/2018	3662	EX3DV4	835	Head	0.94	41.33	Pass	Pass	Pass	FM	N/A	Pass	
2	835	10/8/2018	3662	EX3DV4	835	Body	0.99	55.91	Pass	Pass	Pass	FM	N/A	Pass	

Table G-1 SAR System Validation Summary