

# **RF EXPOSURE REPORT**

**REPORT NO.:** SA950615L13 **MODEL NO.:** 1062

ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure IEEE C95.1

- **APPLICANT:** Microsoft Corporation
  - ADDRESS: One Microsoft Way, Redmond WA 98052-6399,U.S.A
- **ISSUED BY:** Advance Data Technology Corporation
- **LAB ADDRESS:** No. 47, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Tsuen, Lin Kou Hsiang 244, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.
- **TEST LOCATION:** No. 19, Hwa Ya 2<sup>nd</sup> Rd., Wen Hwa Tsuen, Kwei Shan Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien 333, Taiwan, R.O.C.



## **RF Exposure Measurement**

### 1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in ADT, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

### 2. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Average Time	
Range	Strength (V/m)	Strength (A/m)	(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(minutes)	
(MHz)					
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures					
300-1500			F/300	6	
1500-100,000			5	6	
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure					
300-1500			F/1500	6	
1500-100,000			1.0	30	

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

F = Frequency in MHz



### 3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula:  $Pd = (Pout^{*}G) / (4^{*}pi^{*}r^{2})$ 

where Pd = power density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup> Pout = output power to antenna in mW G = gain of antenna in linear scale Pi = 3.1416 R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance 20cm.

Ref.: David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition, Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

### 4 EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.



#### **5** Conclusion

No Evaluation Required if power is below this threshold:

F(0	GHz)	mW	
Low	2.402	24,585	
High	2.480	24.000	

Maximum measured transmitter power:

Pout (dBr	Pout (mW)	
Conducted Power	2.260	1.683
EIRP Power	0.210	1.050

\*Note: The antenna is PCB antenna with –2.05dBi gain.

Threshold for no SAR evaluation is 24.585mW Transmitter power is 1.683mW

Conclusion: No SAR evaluation required since Transmitter Pout is below FCC threshold