

---

**Appendix for the Report**  
**Dosimetric Assessment of the**  
**Ascom KATY-ACAAA/AGAAA**  
**(FCC ID: BXZKATY)**  
**According to the FCC Requirements**  
**Calibration Data**

November 24, 2005  
**IMST GmbH**  
**Carl-Friedrich-Gauß-Str. 2**  
**D-47475 Kamp-Lintfort**

Customer  
Nemko Comlab AS  
Gasevikveien 8  
CA 92127 - Kjeller, Norway

This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the testing laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **IMST**

Certificate No: **EX3-3536\_Sep05**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **EX3DV4 - SN:3536**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-01.v5, QA CAL-12.v4 and QA CAL-14.v2  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **September 23, 2005**

Condition of the calibrated item: **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-05
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499)	Aug-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00467)	May-05
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	7 Jan 05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan05)	Jan-05
DAE4	SN: 654	29-Nov-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Nov04)	Nov-05

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390565	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov 05

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: September 23, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3536

Manufactured:	April 30, 2004
Last calibrated:	August 27, 2004
Recalibrated:	September 23, 2005

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

**DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3536****Sensitivity in Free Space<sup>A</sup>****Diode Compression<sup>B</sup>**

NormX	<b>0.434</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	<b>93</b> mV
NormY	<b>0.451</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	<b>93</b> mV
NormZ	<b>0.368</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	<b>93</b> mV

**Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)**

Please see Page 8.

**Boundary Effect**

**TSL**                    **900 MHz**    **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		<b>2.0 mm</b>	<b>3.0 mm</b>
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	2.9	0.9
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.2

**TSL**                    **1750 MHz**    **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		<b>2.0 mm</b>	<b>3.0 mm</b>
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	4.1	2.3
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.7

**Sensor Offset**

Probe Tip to Sensor Center                    **1.0 mm**

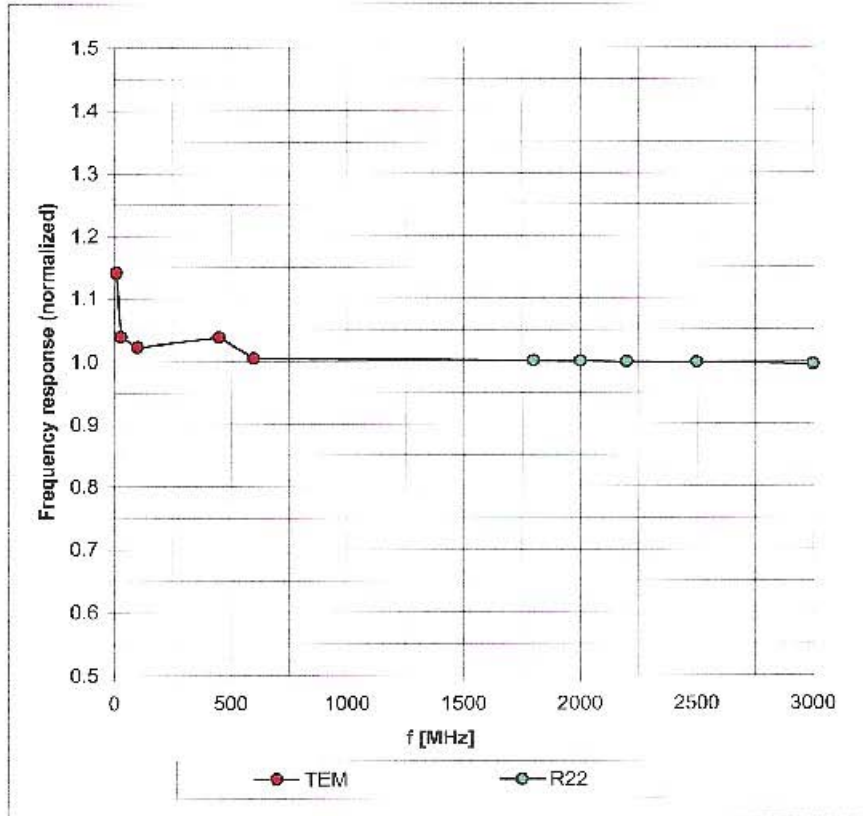
**The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.**

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

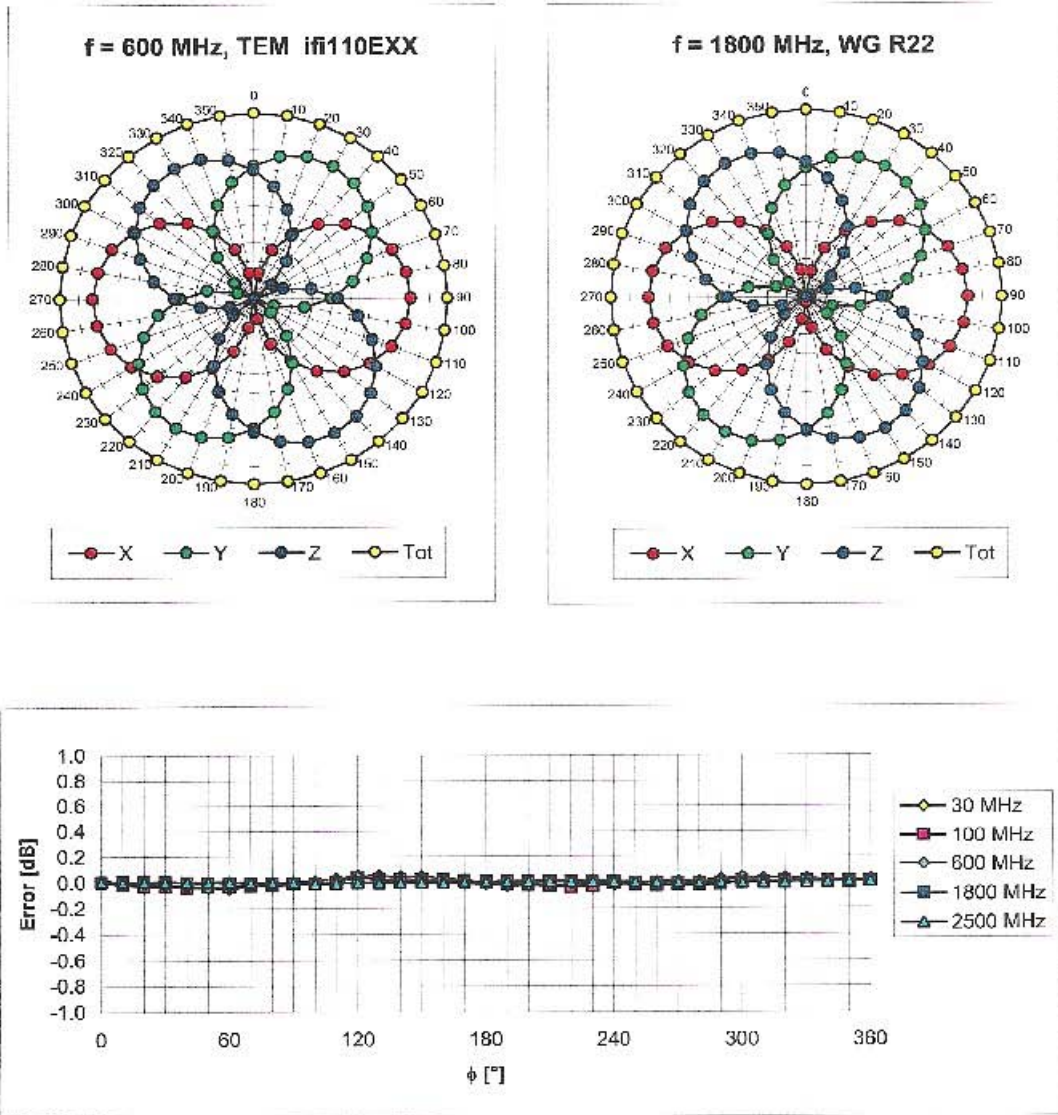
### Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



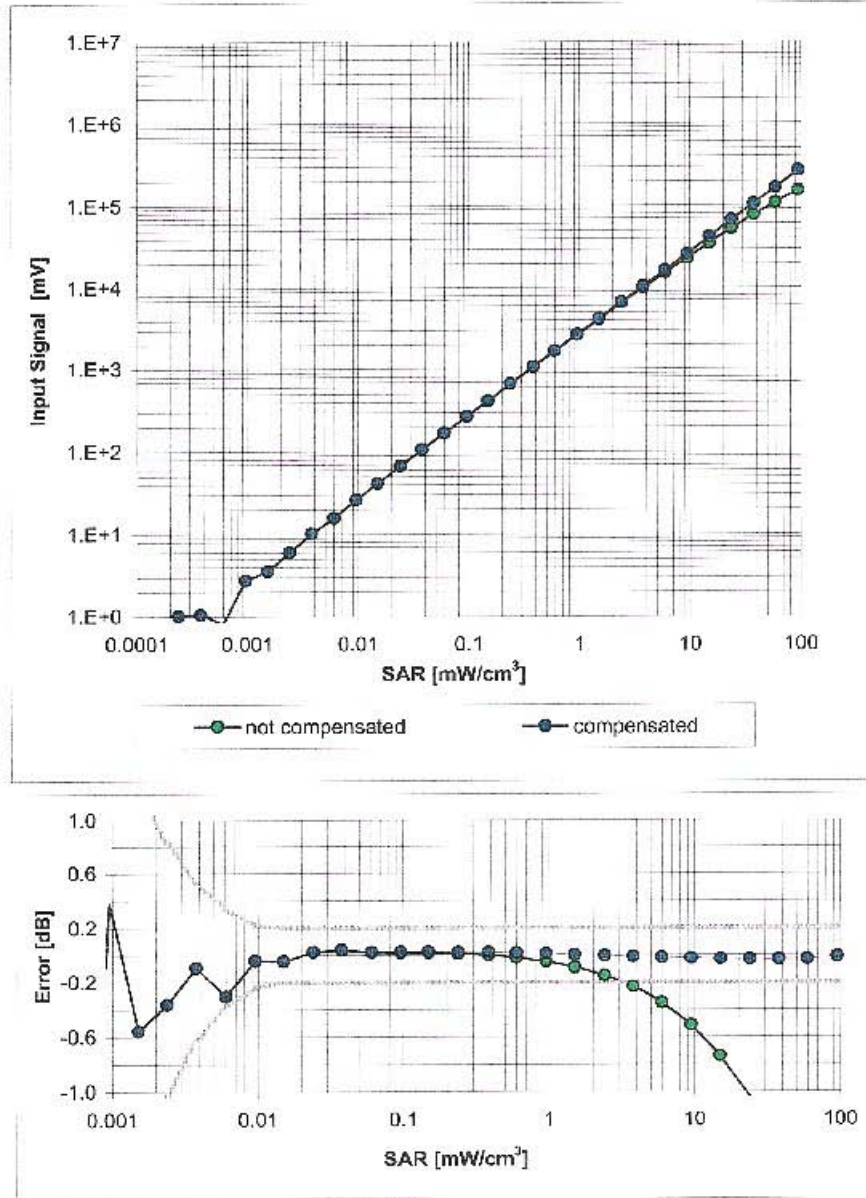
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

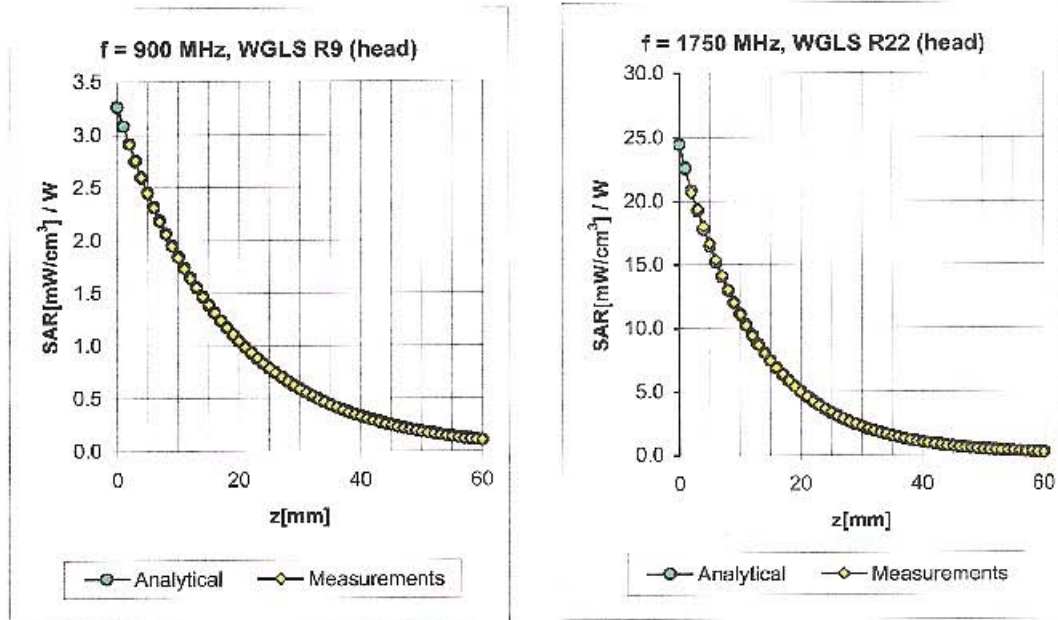
### Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ )



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )



### Conversion Factor Assessment

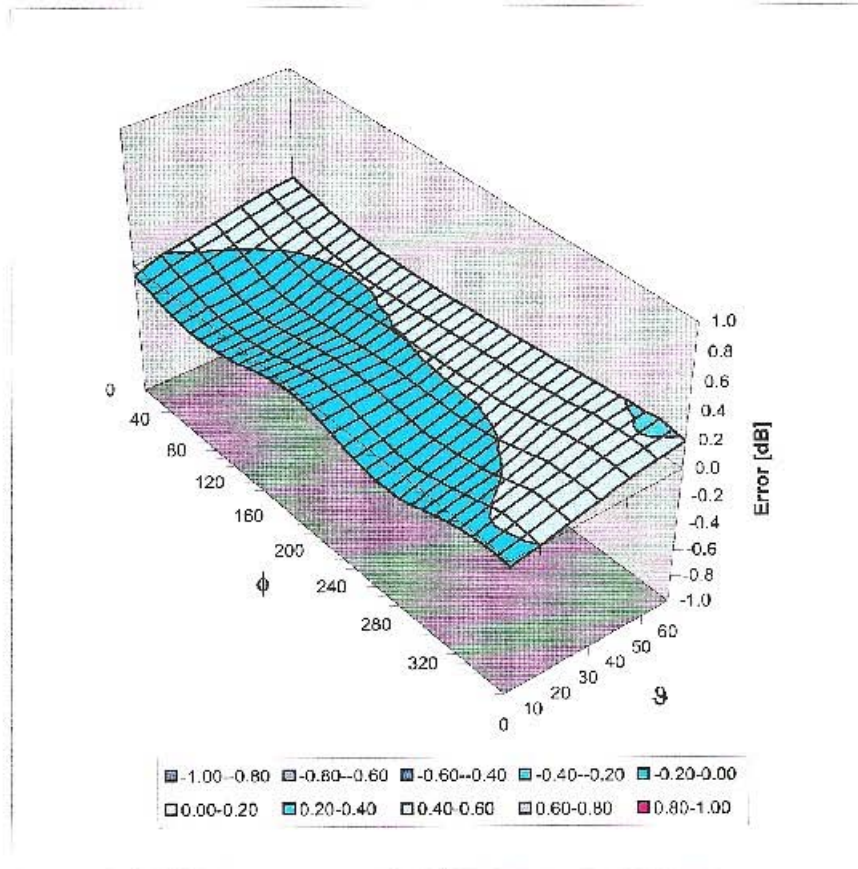


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup>	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	0.01	0.33	9.80 ± 13.3% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.77	0.57	9.72 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.63	0.65	9.37 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.43	0.90	8.28 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.47	0.90	8.25 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.49	0.81	7.97 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.53	0.72	7.63 ± 11.8% (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	0.02	0.43	10.33 ± 13.3% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.70	0.65	9.74 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.81	0.59	9.49 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.44	1.09	7.94 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.39	1.12	7.84 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.43	0.99	7.67 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.62	0.65	7.58 ± 11.8% (k=2)

<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

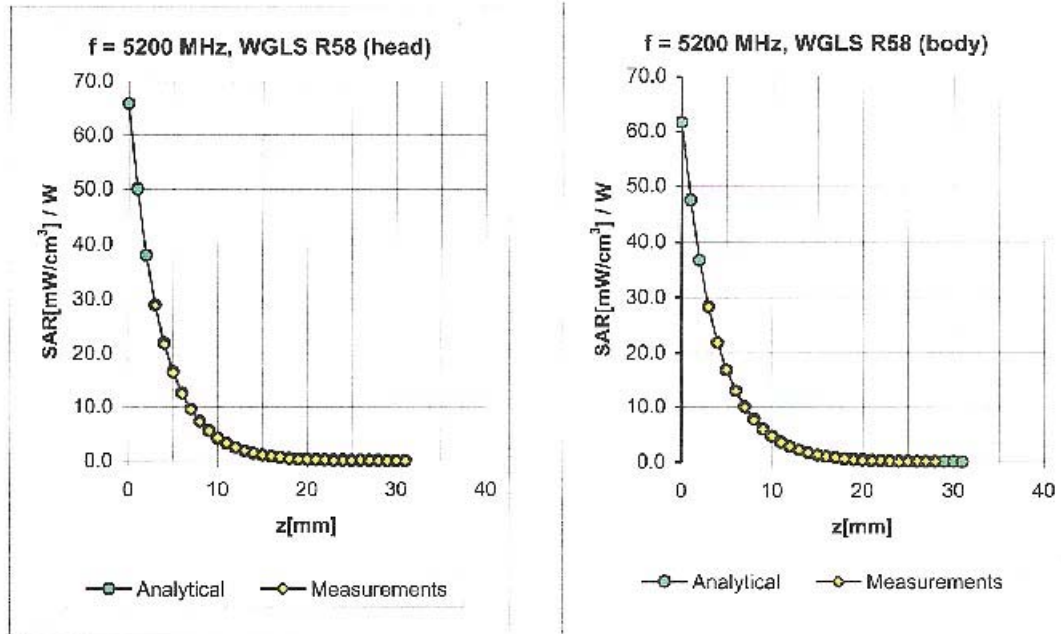
### Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\phi, \vartheta$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

# Appendix<sup>D</sup>



f [MHz] <sup>D</sup>	Validity [MHz]	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF	Uncertainty
3500	± 50	Head	37.9 ± 5%	2.91 ± 5%	0.48	0.92	7.14	± 13.6% (k=2)
5200	± 50	Head	36.0 ± 5%	4.76 ± 5%	0.50	1.13	5.42	± 13.6% (k=2)
5800	± 50	Head	35.3 ± 5%	5.27 ± 5%	0.56	0.97	4.73	± 13.6% (k=2)
3500	± 50	Body	51.3 ± 5%	3.31 ± 5%	0.44	1.08	6.71	± 13.6% (k=2)
5200	± 50	Body	49.0 ± 5%	5.30 ± 5%	0.49	1.63	4.98	± 13.6% (k=2)
5800	± 50	Body	48.2 ± 5%	6.00 ± 5%	0.53	1.29	4.56	± 13.6% (k=2)

<sup>D</sup> Accreditation for ConvF assessment above 3000 MHz is currently applied for. Accreditation is expected in spring 2005.

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client: IMST

Certificate No: D2450V2-709\_Jul05

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D2450V2 - SN: 709

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-05.v8  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: July 12, 2005

Condition of the calibrated item: In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&PE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal. Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter CPM E442	GD37402704	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292793	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00402)	Aug-05
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047 P (10g)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00402)	Aug-05
Reference Probe PB3DV7	SN 3025	29-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3 2025_Oct04)	Oct-05
DAE4	SN 601	07-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan05)	Jan-06
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (In house)	Schedule Check
Power sensor HP E481A	MY41092117	16-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct-05
RF generator RAB SML-33	100598	27-Mar-02 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390566 04206	16-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov-05

Calibrated by: Name: Mika Meil, Function: Laboratory Technician, Signature: *Mika Meil*

Approved by: Name: Katja Pokovic, Function: Technical Manager, Signature: *Katja Pokovic*

Issued: July 12, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Erstellt mit "Grewe Scanner-Interface" [www.grewe.de]

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation:  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

TSL tissue simulating liquid  
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z  
N/A not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz)", July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields: Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY4 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY4	V4.6
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Area Scan resolution</b>	dx, dy = 15 mm	
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	38.5 $\pm$ 6 %	1.73 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature during test</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	---	---

**SAR result with Head TSL**

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>2</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	53.2 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>2</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.13 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.5 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	24.7 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter 'SAR Sensitivities'

**Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.6 ± 0.2) °C	52.8 ± 8 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.6 ± 0.2) °C	---	---

**SAR result with Body TSL**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.6 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	54.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	53.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.30 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	24.6 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

<sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$62.9 \Omega - 1.3 j\Omega$
Return Loss	-30.3 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$48.4 \Omega - 2.7 j\Omega$
Return Loss	-29.9 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	~ 160 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 5, 2002



## DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 12.07.2005 11:31:01

Test Laboratory: SPHAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN709**

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.73$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: TS1DV2 - SN3325; Config(6.4, 7.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 29.10.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAFI Sn691; Calibrated: 22.07.2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 Head; Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 30; Postprocessing SW: SPMCAD, V1.8 Build 49

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm 2/Area Scan (41x61x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.7 mW/g

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

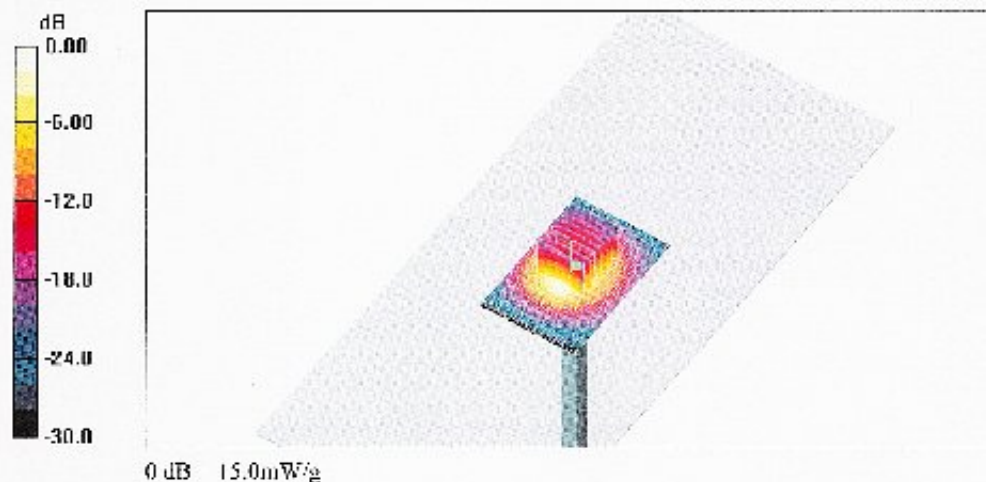
Reference Value = 93.4 V/m; Power Drill = -0.159 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.13 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.0 mW/g

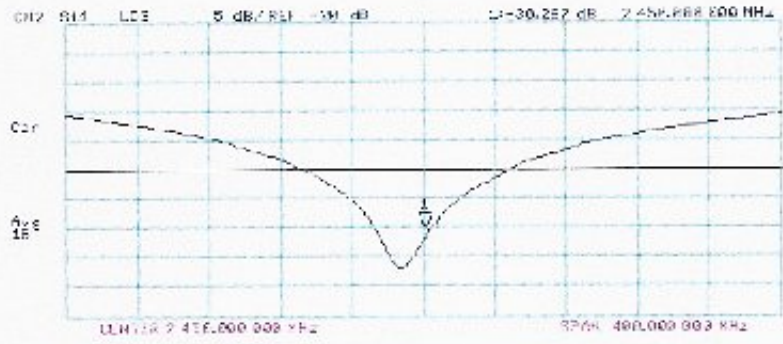
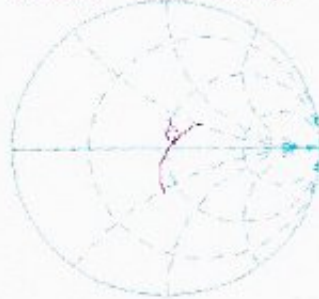
Erstellt mit "Grewe Scanner-Interface" [www.grewe.de]



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

12 Jul 2005 09:27:12  
S:1 I:1 F:R 1: 52.809 n 1: 0.742 n 66.023 pd 2: 120.000 000 Hz

Del  
Cor  
Horn  
16



Erstellt mit "Grewe Scanner-Interface" [ www.grewe.de ]

## DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 11.07.2005 13:57:47

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT:** Dipole 2450 MHz; **Type:** D2450V2; **Serial:** D2450V2 - SN709

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 2450

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025, Const(4.13, 4.13, 4.13); Calibrated: 29.10.2004
- Sensor Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAB4 Su601; Calibrated: 22.07.2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD00P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 4; Postprocessing SW: STMCAD, V1.8 Build 119

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1):**

Measurement grid: dx = 15mm, dy = 15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.9 mW/g

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx = 5mm, dy = 5mm, dz = 5mm

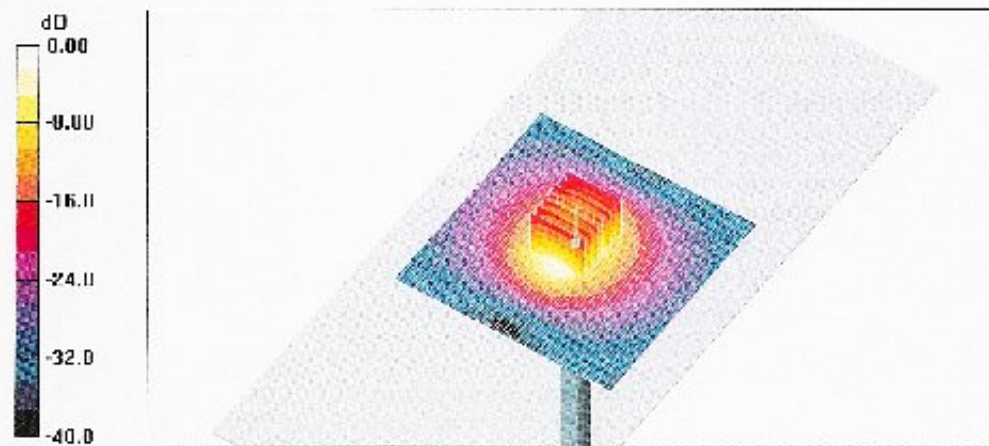
Reference Value = 85.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.135 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.3 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 mW/g

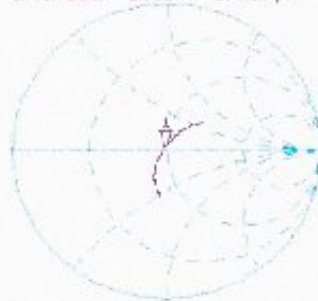
Erstellt mit "Grewe Scanner-Interface" [www.grewe.de]



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

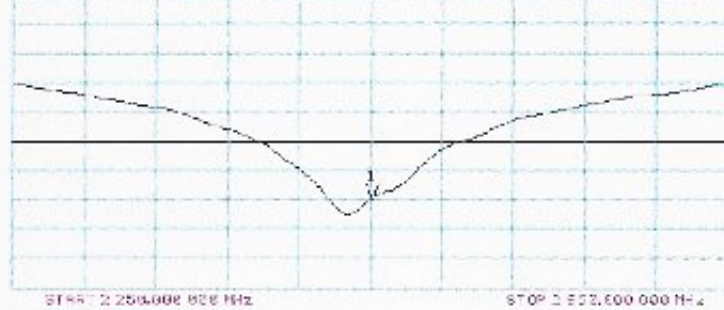
CH1 502 1 U FS 1:40.418  $\Omega$  2:7227  $\Omega$  176.37 pF 2 454.889 000 MHz

0  
0e-1  
0e-1  
0e0  
16



CH2 502 U02 F dB/PC1 -29 dB 17=24.003 dB 2 454.889 000 MHz

0e-1  
0e-1  
0e0  
16



Erstellt mit "Grewe Scanner-Interface" [ [www.grewe.de](http://www.grewe.de) ]