

IDX8000NA RF Exposure Analysis

1.1 RF Exposure Compliance Requirements

Operating Band Center Frequency = 915 MHz

EUT Output Power = +30 dBm = 1 Watt

Antenna Gain = 6 dBi => Numeric Gain = 4

Power Density Limit for General Population from CFR 47 Part 1.1310, Table 1 is:

$S = F(\text{MHz}) / 1500 \Rightarrow 928/1500 = 0.62 \text{ mW} / \text{cm}^2$ (used high end of 915 MHz band)

Power Density at 25 cm = 0.51 mW/cm²

Minimum MPE safe distance (using equation below) = 23 cm

Assuming 1 watt output power into a maximum 6 dBi gain antenna, neglecting for cable losses to the antenna gives a 4 watt EIRP output.

Calculations from FCC OET-65, Sec. 2, Equation 3)

Power Density $S = (Pt * G) / (4 * \pi * d^2)$

$S = (1000 \text{mWatt} * 4 \text{gain}) / (4 * \pi * 25^2)$ at 25 cm distance

$S = (4000) / (7854) = 0.51 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

Or to find the safe distance that meets the MPE limit;

Power Density $S = (Pt * G) / (4 * \pi * d^2)$

Solve for d, the minimum safe distance to meet the MPE limit.

$d^2 = (Pt * G) / (4 * \pi * S)$

$d = \text{SqrRoot}((Pt * G) / (4 * \pi * S))$

$d = \text{SqrRoot}((1000 \text{mWatt} * 4 \text{gain}) / (4 * \pi * 0.62 \text{ mW/cm}^2))$

$d = \text{SqrRoot}((4000 \text{mW} / 4 * \pi * 0.62) \text{mW/cm}^2)$

$d = \text{SqrRoot}(1000 / \pi * 0.62) \text{cm}$

$d = 23 \text{ cm}$

Where

Pt= Transmit Power to the antenna in mWatts

G = Numeric Antenna Gain

d = Distance in centimeters

S = Power Density in mW / square cm