

1 Safety Human Exposure

1.1 Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance

1.1.1 Electromagnetic Fields

RESULT:**Pass****Test Specification**

Test standard

: CFR47 FCC Part 2: Section 2.1091
CFR47 FCC Part 1: Section 1.1310
FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 v06
FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r04
FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02 v01r02
RSS-102 Issue 5 March 2015

➤ FCC requirements

FCC requirement: Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 20cm normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

MPE Calculation Method according to KDB 865664 D01Power Density: $S_{(mW/cm^2)} = PG/4\pi R^2$ or $EIRP/4\pi R^2$

Where:

S = power density (mW/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (cm)

The nominal maximum conducted output power specified:

BT: -1.49 dBm

Wi-Fi 802.11 b/g/n: 14.13 dBm

From the peak RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=20 cm, as well as the antenna gain (Max. 0.0 dBi for BT, 0.0 dBi for Wi-Fi 802.11 b/g/n), the RF power density can be calculated as below:

For BT: $S_{(mW/cm^2)} = PG/4\pi R^2 = 0.0001 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ For Wi-Fi 802.11 b/g/n: $S_{(mW/cm^2)} = PG/4\pi R^2 = 0.016 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ **Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) according to FCC Part 1.1310:** 1.0 mW/cm²simultaneous transmission mode (BT & WIFI): $0.0001/1.0 + 0.016/1.0 = 0.0161$

➤ **IC requirements:** The EUT shall comply with the requirement of RSS-102 section 2.5.2.

Exemption from Routine Evaluation Limits – RF Exposure Evaluation

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;

- RF exposure evaluation exempted power for BT: 2.670 W
- RF exposure evaluation exempted power for Wi-Fi 802.11 b/g/n: 2.684 W

The nominal maximum conducted output power specified:

BT: -1.49 dBm

Wi-Fi 802.11 b/g/n: 14.13 dBm

Antenna Gain: 0.0 dBi for BT

Antenna Gain: 0.0 dBi for Wi-Fi 802.11 b/g/n

The Max. e.i.r.p. for BT: -1.49 dBm = 0.001 W

The Max. e.i.r.p. for Wi-Fi 802.11 b/g/n: 14.13 dBm = 0.026 W

1. Both e.i.r.p. for BT and Wi-Fi 802.11 b/g/n are less than the RF exposure evaluation exempted power.
 2. For simultaneous transmission mode (BT & WIFI): $0.001/2.67 + 0.026/2.684 = 0.01$
- So RF exposure evaluation is not required.

“RF Radiation Exposure Statement Caution: This Transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons.”