

6. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

Control No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Test Item	Calibration Date * Interval(month)
SAF-05	Pre Amplifier	TOYO Corporation	TPA0118-36	1440490	RE	2011/03/23 * 12
SCC-G02	Coaxial Cable	Suhner	SUCOFLEX 104A	46498/4A	RE	2011/04/28 * 12
SCC-G22	Coaxial Cable	Suhner	SUCOFLEX 104	296199/4	RE	2011/05/27 * 12
SHA-02	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	9120D-726	RE	2011/08/28 * 12
SOS-03	Humidity Indicator	A&D	AD-5681	4063325	RE	2011/02/23 * 12
KSA-08	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY46180525	RE	2011/02/02 * 12
SJM-02	Measure	KOMELON	KMC-36	-	RE	-
COTS-SEMI-1	EMI Software	TSJ	TEPTO-DV(RE,CE,RFI,MF)	-	RE	-
SAT20-01	Attenuator(above1GHz)	Agilent	8493C-020	74889	RE	2010/12/15 * 12
SFL-02	Highpass Filter	MICRO-TRONICS	HPM50111	051	RE	2010/12/15 * 12
SAF-09	Pre Amplifier	TOYO Corporation	HAP18-26W	00000018	RE	2011/03/16 * 12
SCC-G17	Coaxial Cable	Suhner	SUCOFLEX 104A	46291/4A	RE	2011/03/16 * 12
SHA-05	Horn Antenna	ETS LINDGREN	3160-09	LM4210	RE	2011/03/15 * 12
SOS-01	Humidity Indicator	A&D	AD-5681	4062555	RE	2011/02/23 * 12
SJM-12	Measure	PROMART	SEN1935	-	RE	-
SAEC-02(NSA)	Semi-Anechoic Chamber	TDK	SAEC-02(NSA)	2	RE	2010/09/04 * 12
SAF-01	Pre Amplifier	SONOMA	310N	290211	RE	2011/02/17 * 12
SAT6-01	Attenuator	JFW	50HF-006N	-	RE	2011/02/17 * 12
SAT3-04	Attenuator	JFW	50HF-003N	-	RE	2011/02/17 * 12
SBA-01	Biconical Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBA9106	91032664	RE	2011/08/17 * 12
SCC-A1/A3/A5/A7/A8/A13/SRSE-01	Coaxial Cable&RF Selector	Fujikura/Fujikura/Suhner/Suhner/Suhner/Suhner/TOYO	8D2W/12DSFA/141PE/141PE/141PE/141PE/NS4906	-/0901-269(RF Selector)	RE	2011/04/28 * 12
SCC-A2/A4/A6/A7/A8/A13/SRSE-01	Coaxial Cable&RF Selector	Fujikura/Fujikura/Suhner/Suhner/Suhner/Suhner/TOYO	8D2W/12DSFA/141PE/141PE/141PE/141PE/NS4906	-/0901-269(RF Selector)	RE	2011/04/28 * 12
SLA-01	Logperiodic Antenna	Schwarzbeck	UHALP9108A	UHALP 9108-A 0888	RE	2011/08/17 * 12
STR-01	Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	100093	RE	2010/10/29 * 12
SAEC-01(NSA)	Semi-Anechoic Chamber	TDK	SAEC-01(NSA)	1	RE	2010/09/11 * 12

The expiration date of the calibration is the end of the expired month.

As for some calibrations performed after the tested dates, those test equipment have been controlled by means of an unbroken chains of calibrations.

All equipment is calibrated with valid calibrations. Each measurement data is traceable to the national or international standards.

Test Item:

RE: Radiated emission

Control No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Test Item	Calibration Date * Interval(month)
SSA-02	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4448A	MY4825010 6	AT	2011/03/07 * 12
SAT10-09	Attenuator	Weinschel Corp.	54A-10	W5692	AT	2010/11/24 * 12
SCC-G12	Coaxial Cable	Suhner	SUCOFLEX 102	30790/2	AT	2011/03/23 * 12
SPM-06	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0850009	AT	2011/04/12 * 12
SPSS-03	Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0917063	AT	2011/04/12 * 12
SOS-09	Humidity Indicator	A&D	AD-5681	4061484	AT	2011/03/02 * 12

The expiration date of the calibration is the end of the expired month.

As for some calibrations performed after the tested dates, those test equipment have been controlled by means of an unbroken chains of calibrations.

All equipment is calibrated with valid calibrations. Each measurement data is traceable to the national or international standards.

Test Item:

AT: Antenna terminal disturbance voltage

7. ANTENNA PORT TEST RESULTS

7.1. BASIC DATA RATE GFSK MODULATION

7.1.1. 20 dB AND 99% BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

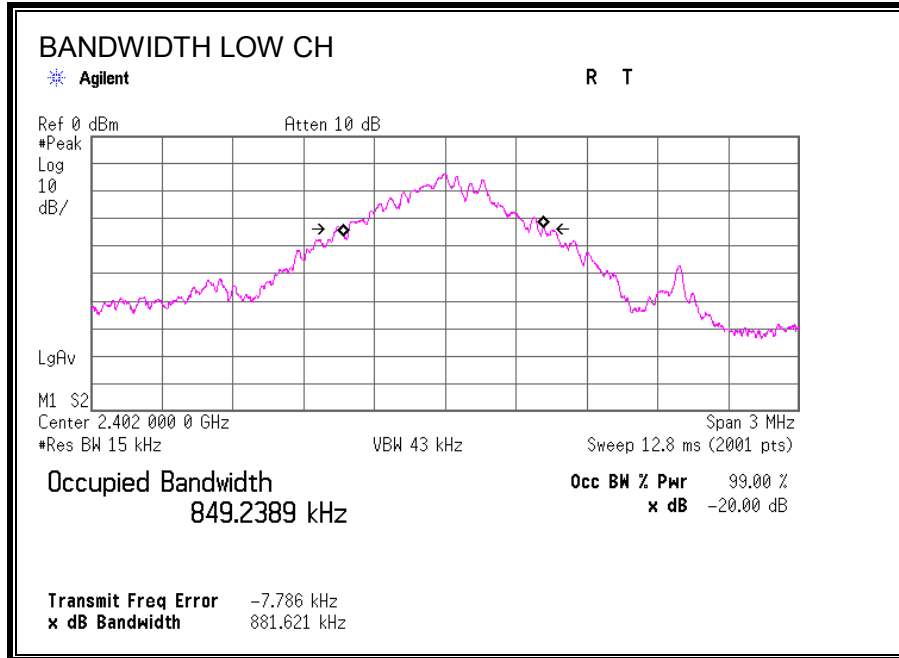
TEST PROCEDURE

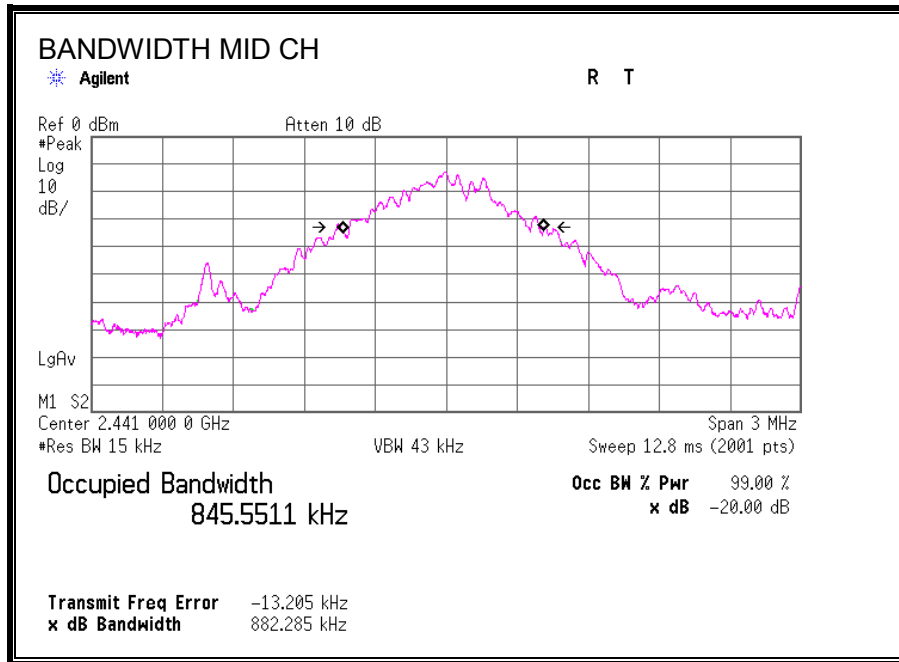
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to $\geq 1\%$ of the 20 dB bandwidth. The VBW is set to \geq RBW. The sweep time is coupled.

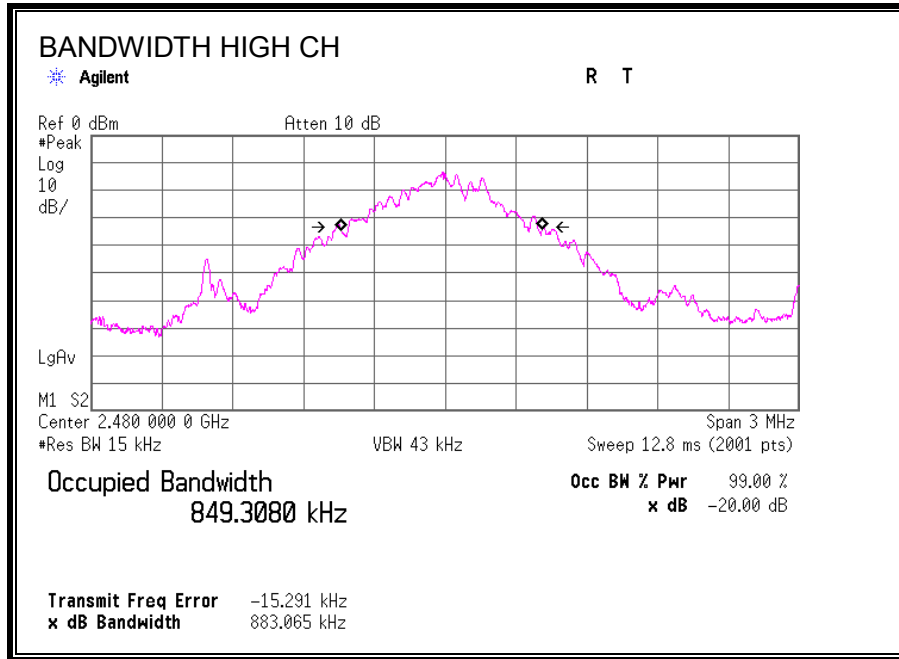
RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	99% Bandwidth (kHz)
Low	2402	881.621	889.5282
Middle	2441	882.285	886.9304
High	2480	883.065	882.2608

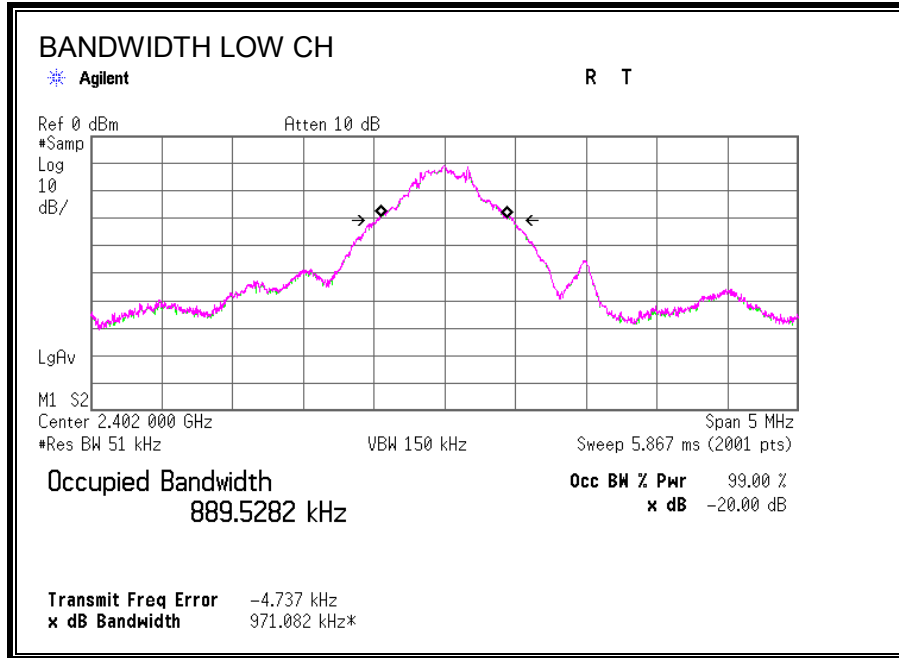
20 dB BANDWIDTH

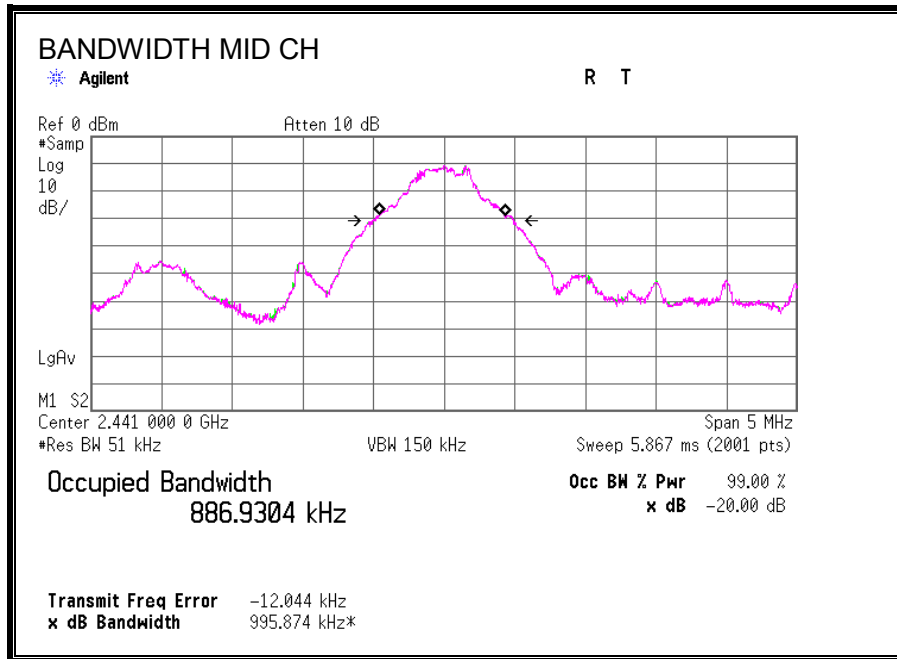


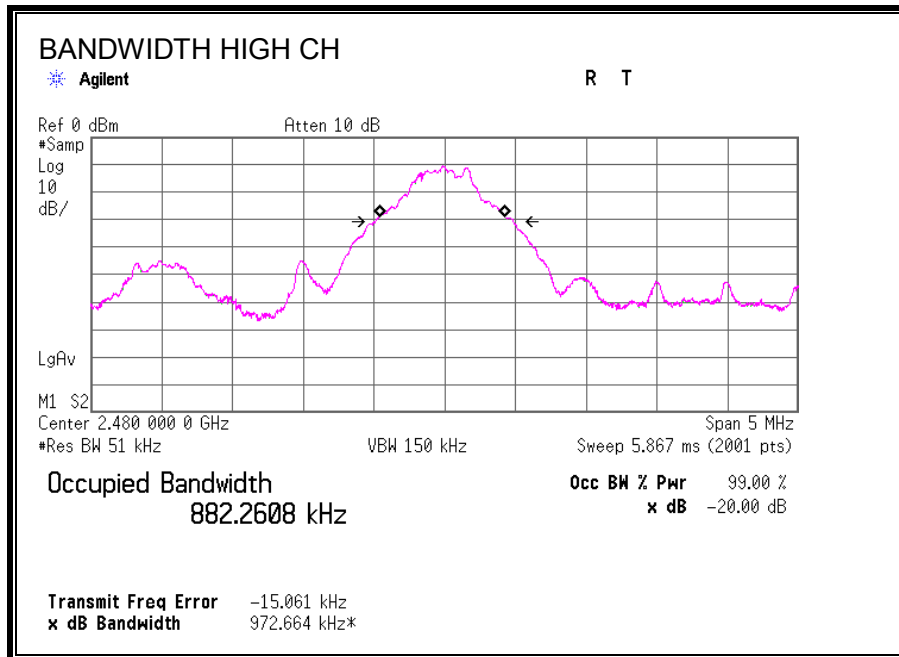




99% BANDWIDTH







7.1.2. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION

LIMIT

FCC §15.247 (a) (1)

IC RSS-210 A8.1 (b)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

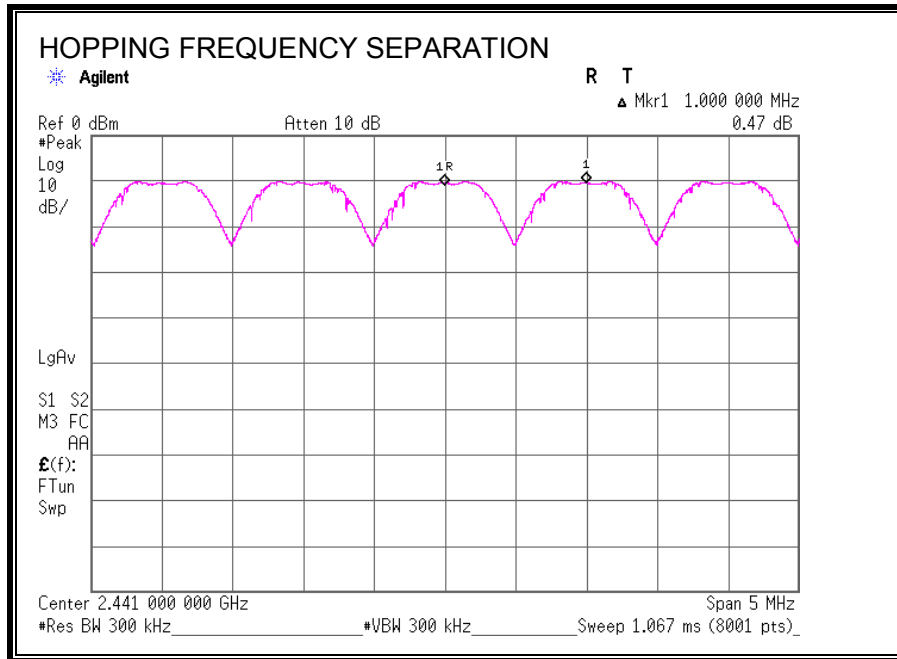
Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 300 kHz and the VBW is set to 300 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

RESULTS

HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION



7.1.3. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS

LIMIT

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

IC RSS-210 A8.1 (d)

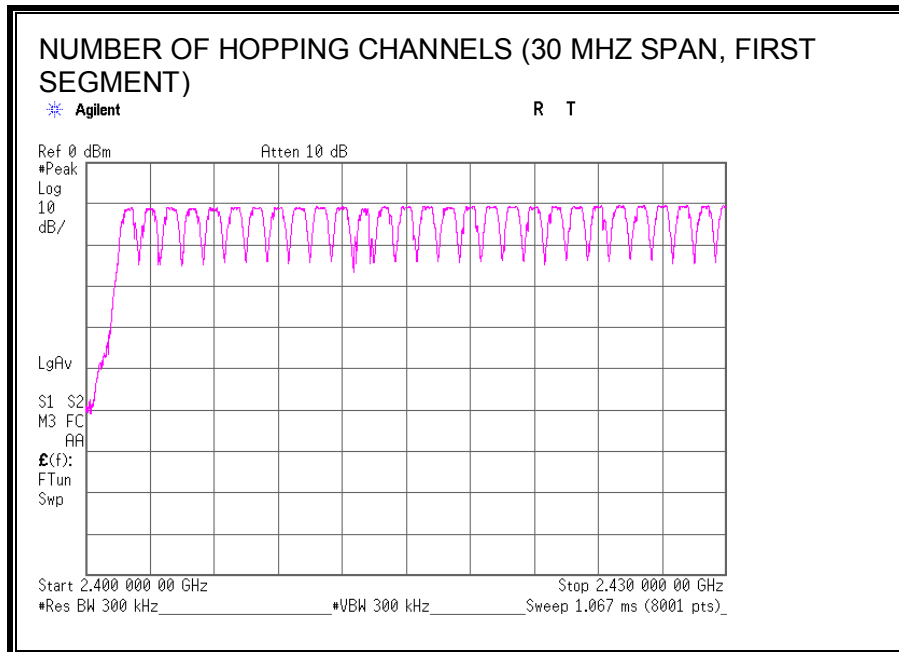
Frequency hopping systems in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels.

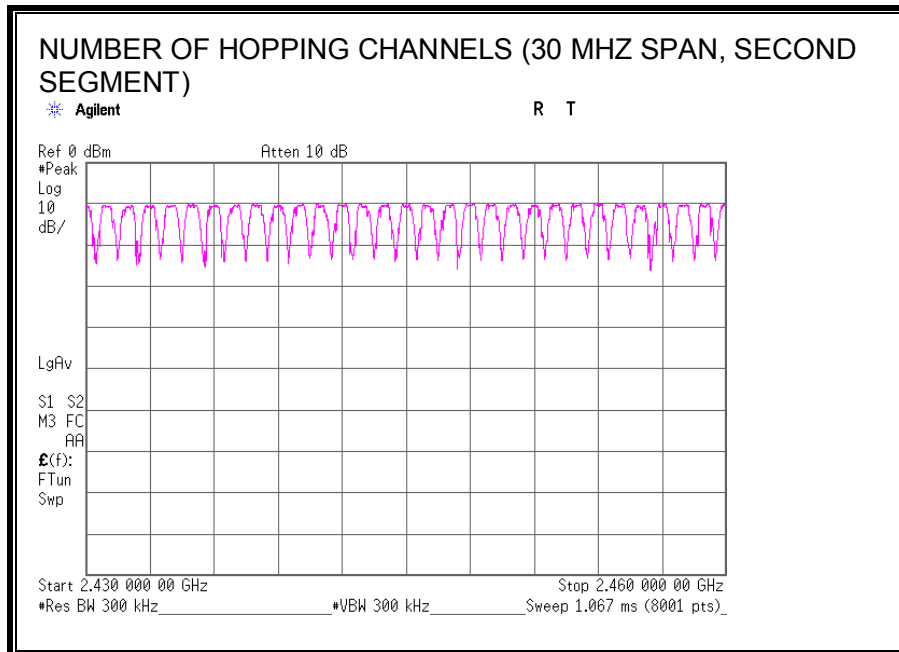
TEST PROCEDURE

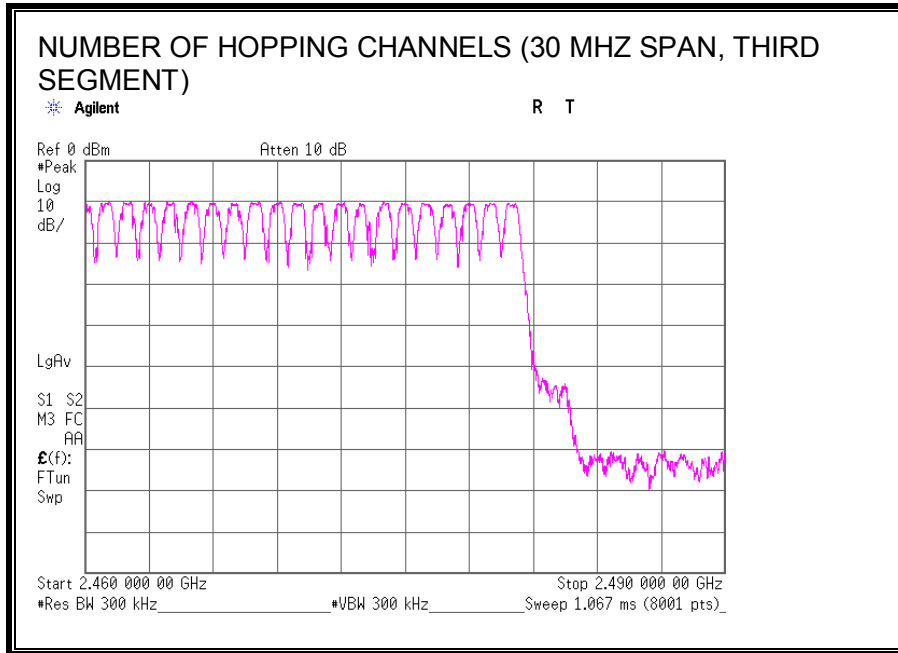
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to cover the entire authorized band, in either a single sweep or in multiple contiguous sweeps. The RBW is set to a maximum of 1 % of the span. The analyzer is set to Max Hold.

RESULTS

79 Channels observed.







7.1.4. AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY

LIMIT

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

IC RSS-210 A8.1 (d)

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to 0 Hz, centered on a single, selected hopping channel. The width of a single pulse is measured in a fast scan. The number of pulses is measured in a 3.16 second scan, to enable resolution of each occurrence.

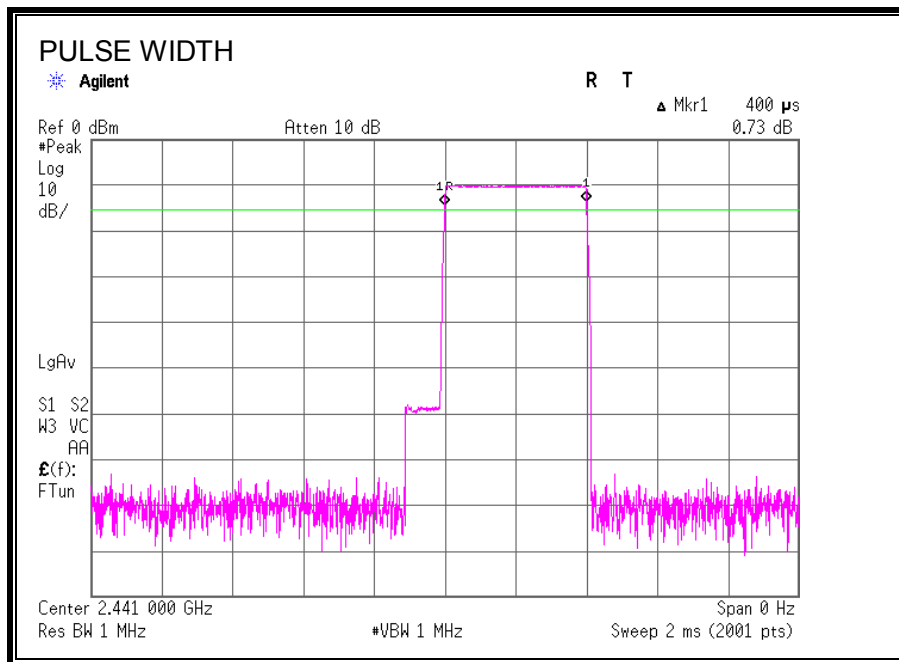
The average time of occupancy in the specified 31.6 second period (79 channels * 0.4 s) is equal to $10 * (\# \text{ of pulses in } 3.16 \text{ s}) * \text{ pulse width}$.

RESULTS

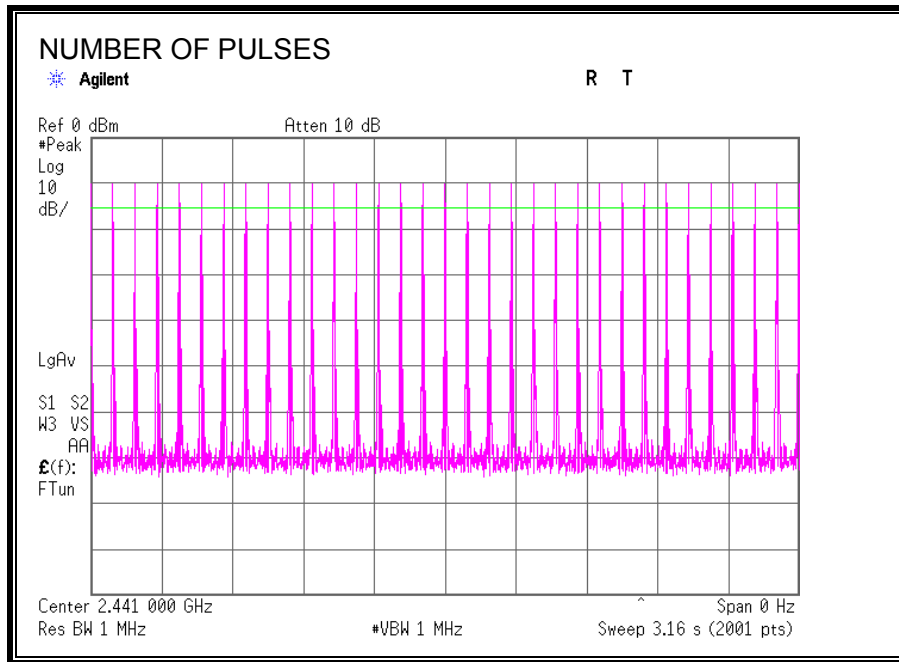
Time Of Occupancy = $10 * \text{xx pulses} * \text{yy msec} = \text{zz msec}$

DH Packet	Pulse Width (msec)	Number of Pulses in 3.16 seconds	Average Time of (sec)	Limit (sec)	Margin (sec)
DH1	0.4000	33	0.1320	0.4	0.2680
DH3	1.6540	17	0.2812	0.4	0.1188
DH5	2.9030	11	0.3193	0.4	0.0807

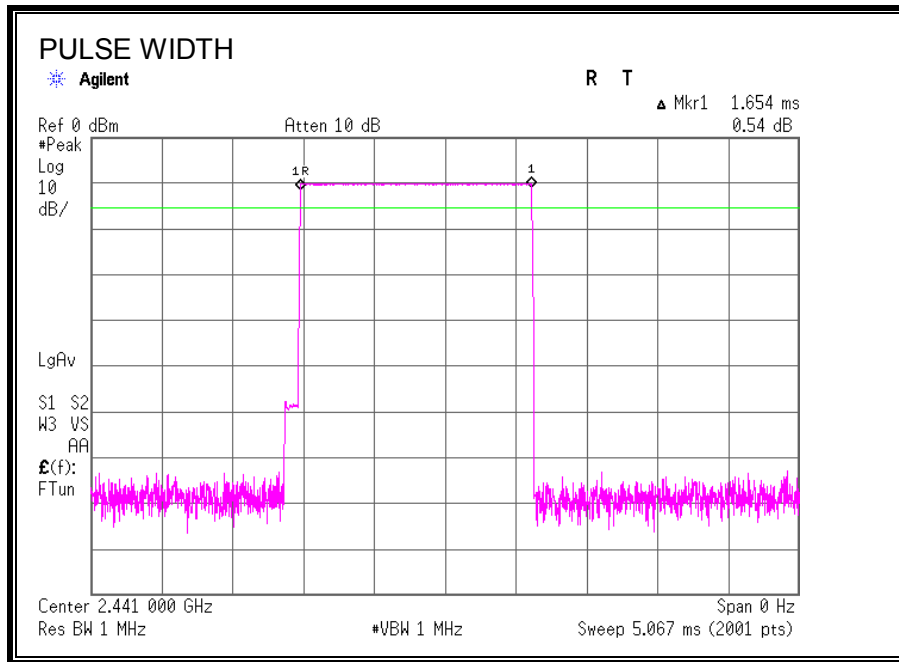
DH1 PULSE WIDTH



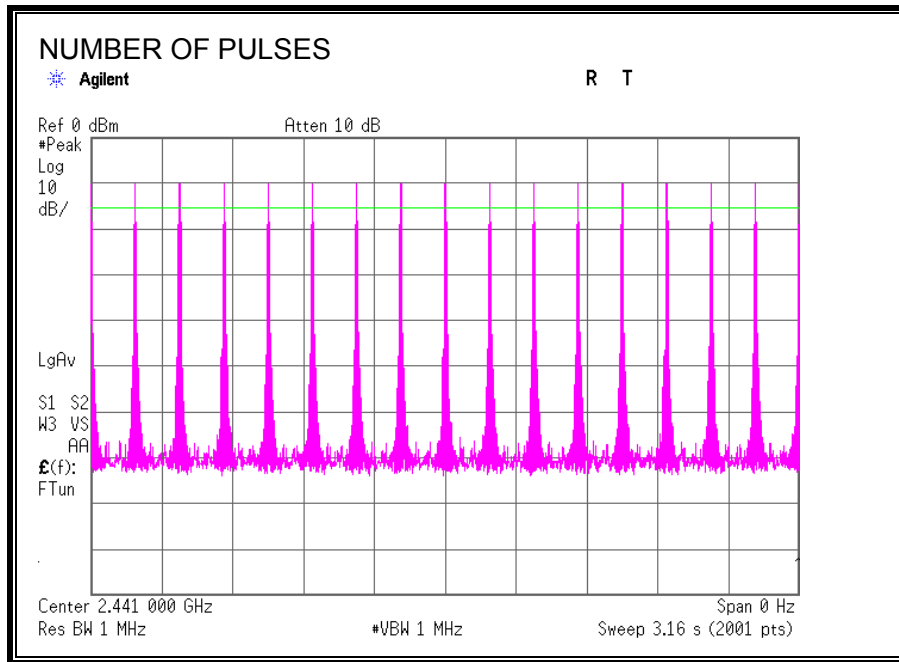
DH1 NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD



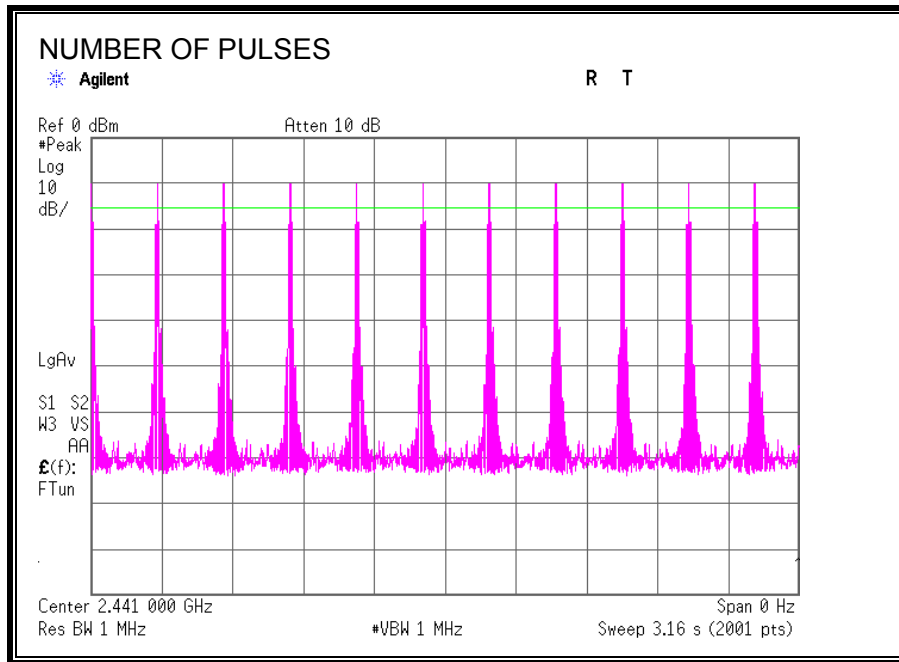
DH3 PULSE WIDTH



DH3 NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD



DH5 NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD



7.1.5. OUTPUT POWER

LIMIT

§15.247 (b) (1)

RSS-210 Issue 7 Clause A8.4

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer the analyzer bandwidth is set to a value greater than the 20 dB bandwidth of the EUT.

RESULTS

(Spectrum analyzer measurement)

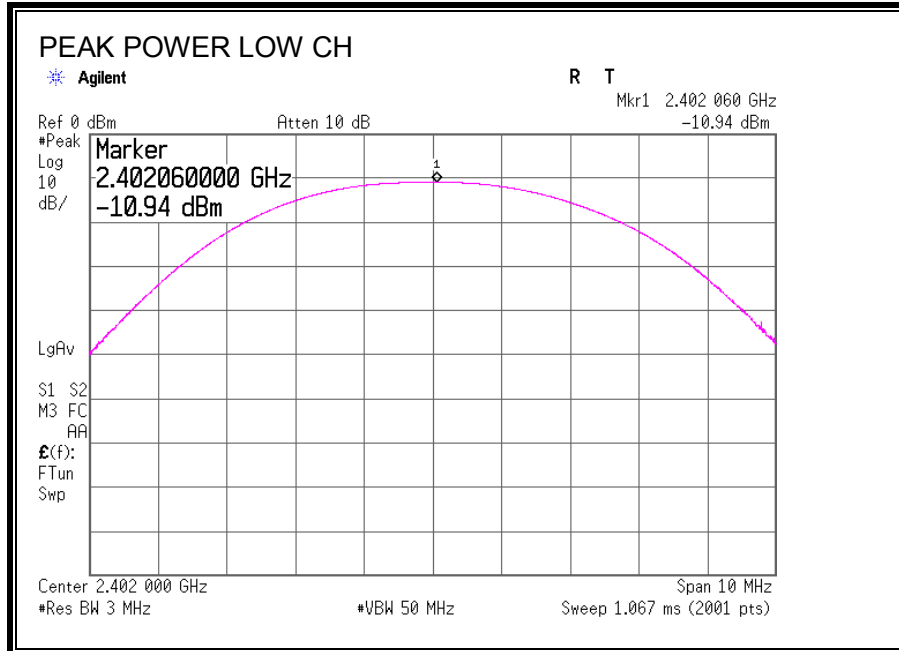
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power Reading (dBm)	factor (cable ,ATT) (dB)	Output Power Result (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2402	-10.94	10.66	-0.28	30	-30.28
Middle	2441	-10.11	10.67	0.56	30	-29.44
High	2480	-10.43	10.68	0.25	30	-29.75

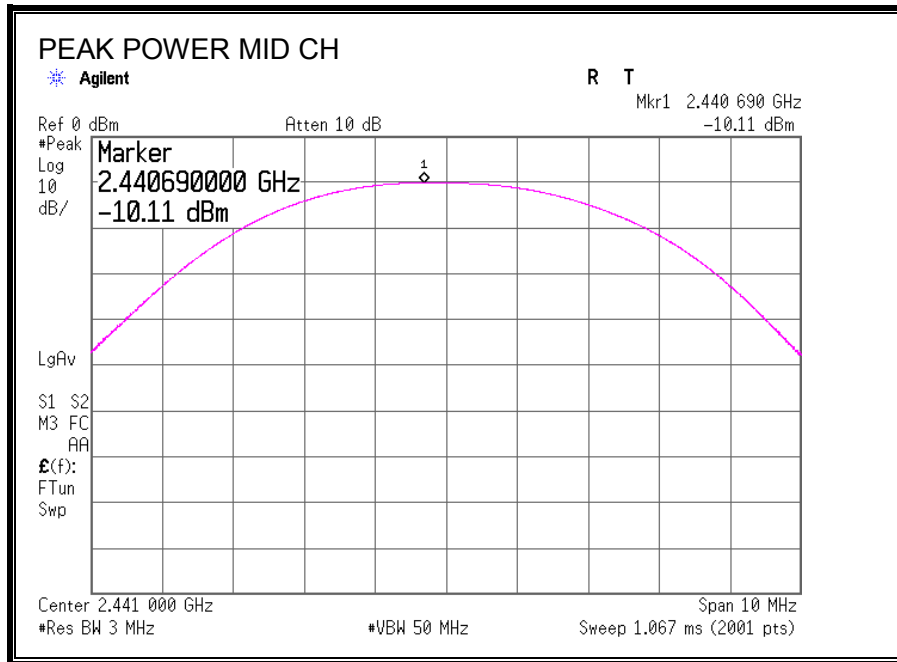
(Power meter measurement)

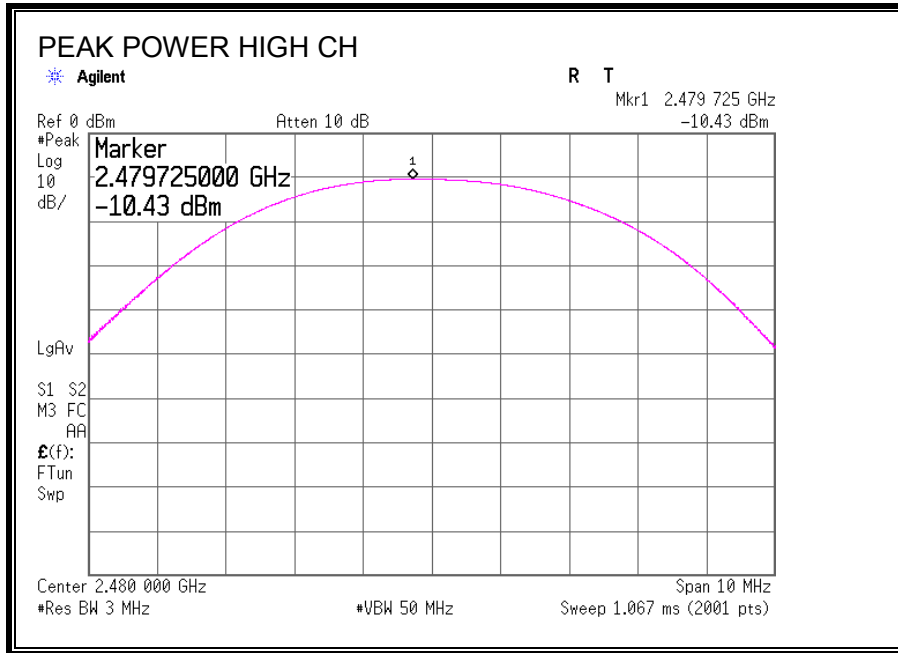
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power Reading (dBm)	factor (cable ,ATT) (dB)	Output Power Result (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2402	-10.13	9.98	-0.15	30	-30.15
Middle	2441	-9.23	9.98	0.75	30	-29.25
High	2480	-9.45	9.98	0.53	30	-29.47

Sample calculation: Output Power Reading [dBm] + factor [dB]

OUTPUT POWER







7.1.6. AVERAGE POWER

LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

RESULTS

The cable assembly insertion loss of 9.98 dB (including 9.57 dB pad and 0.41 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Reading (dBm)	Factor (cable ,ATT) (dB)	Average Power Result (dBm)
Low	2402	-11.48	9.98	-1.50
Middle	2441	-10.60	9.98	-0.62
High	2480	-10.82	9.98	-0.84

7.1.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

FCC §15.247 (d)

IC RSS-210 A8.5

Limit = -20 dBc

TEST PROCEDURE

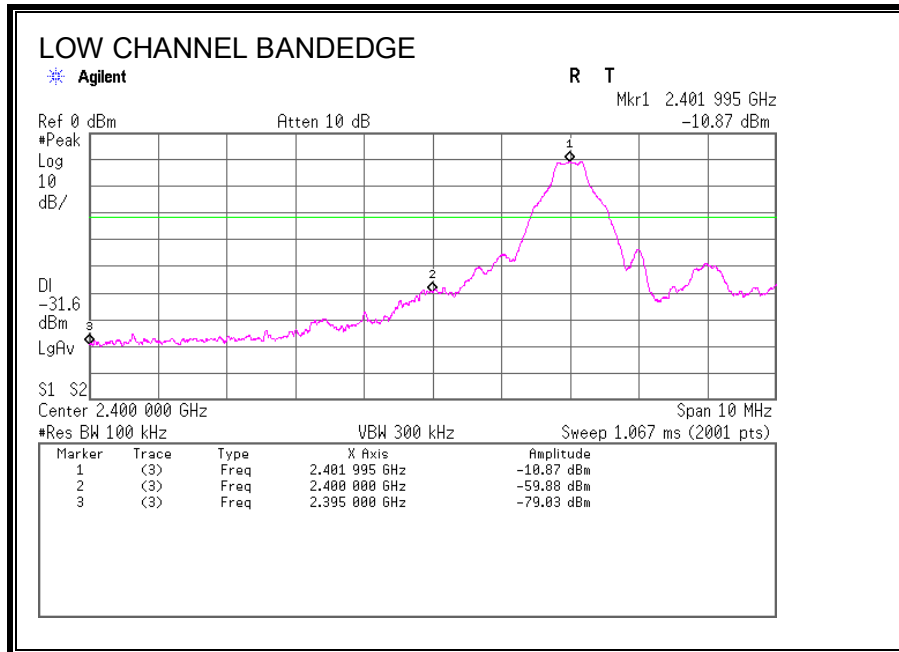
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

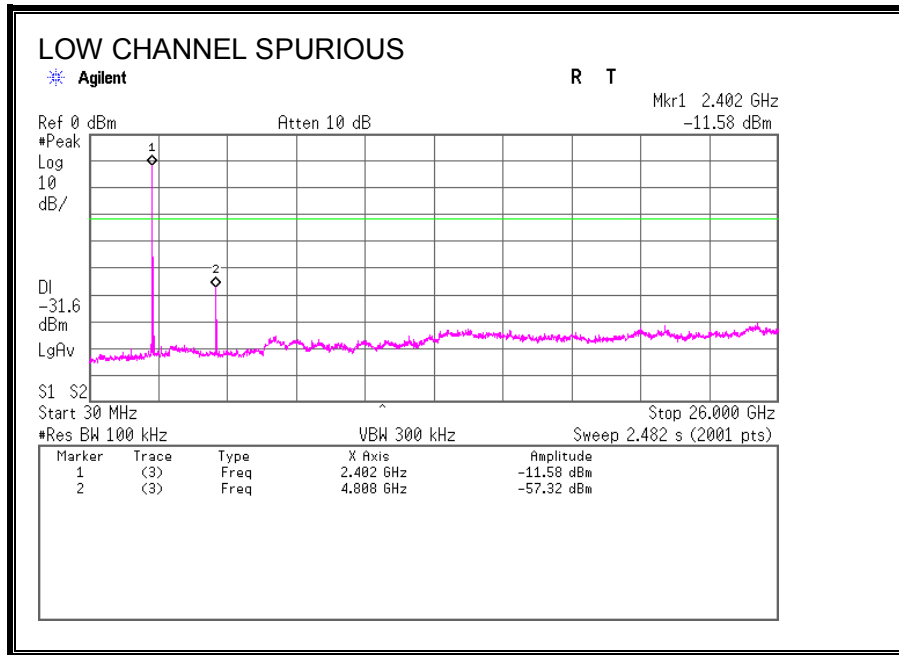
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

The bandedges at 2.4 and 2.4835 GHz are investigated with the transmitter set to the normal hopping mode.

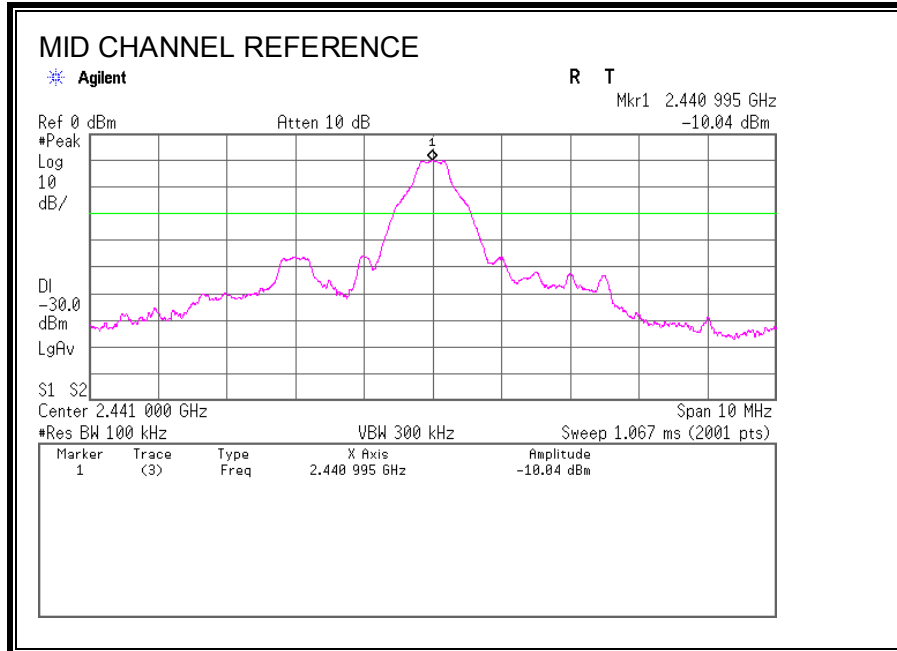
RESULTS

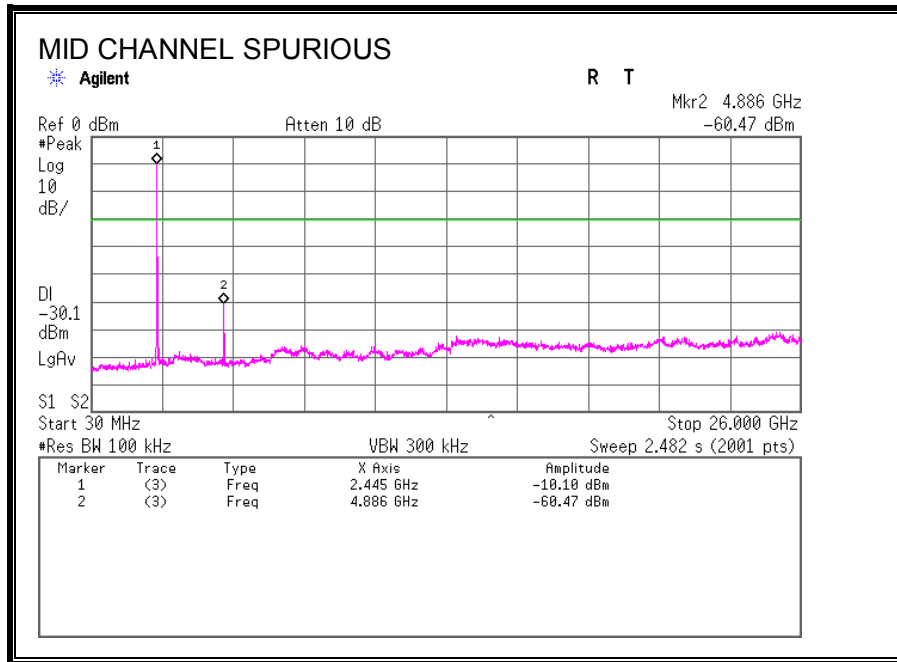
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL



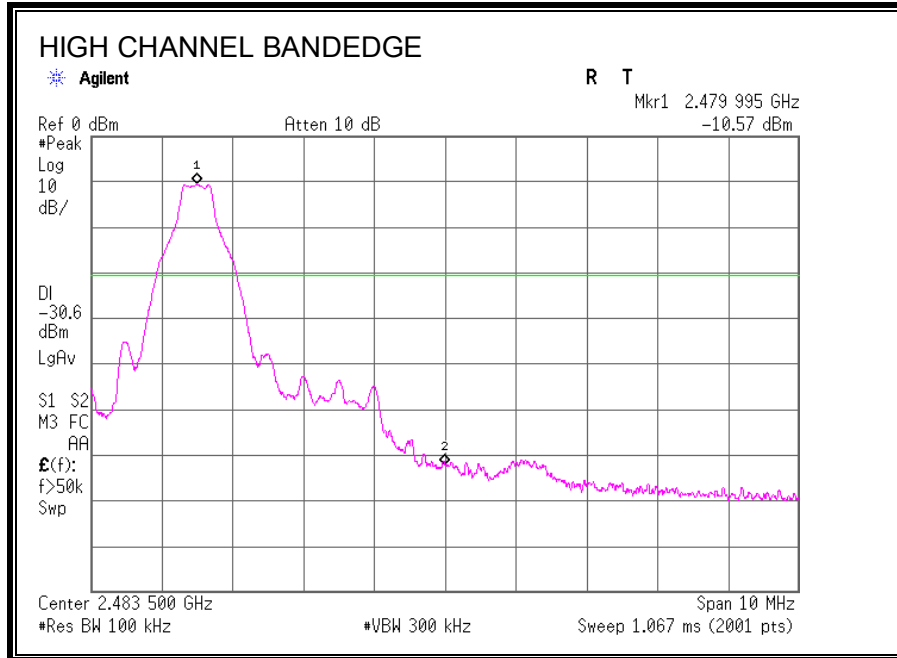


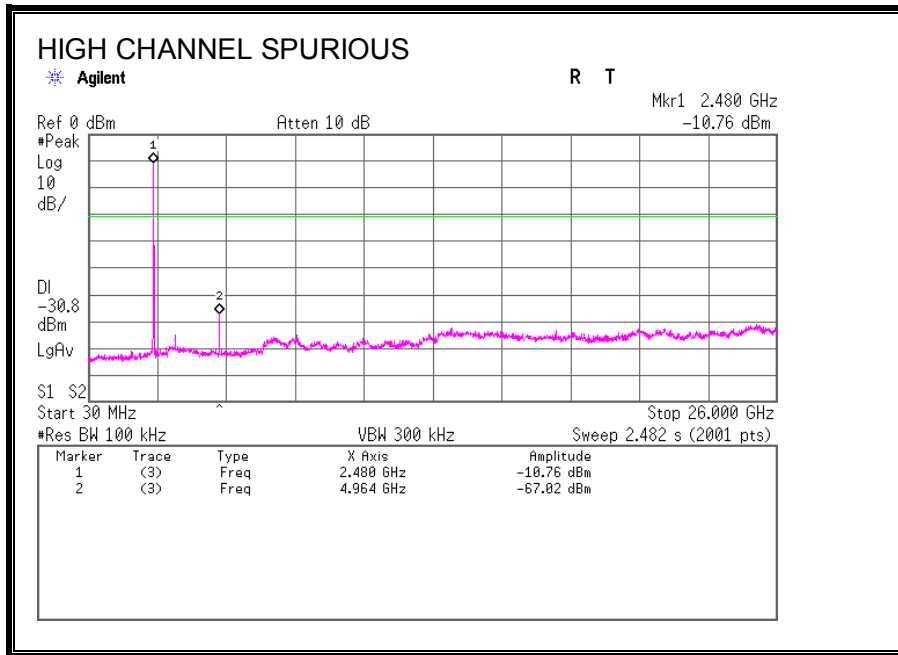
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL



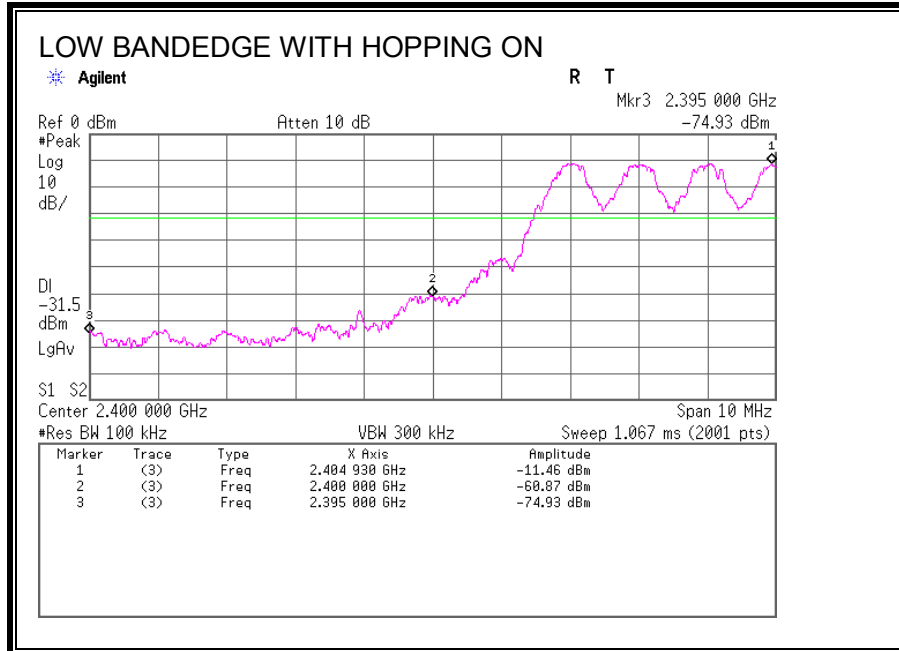


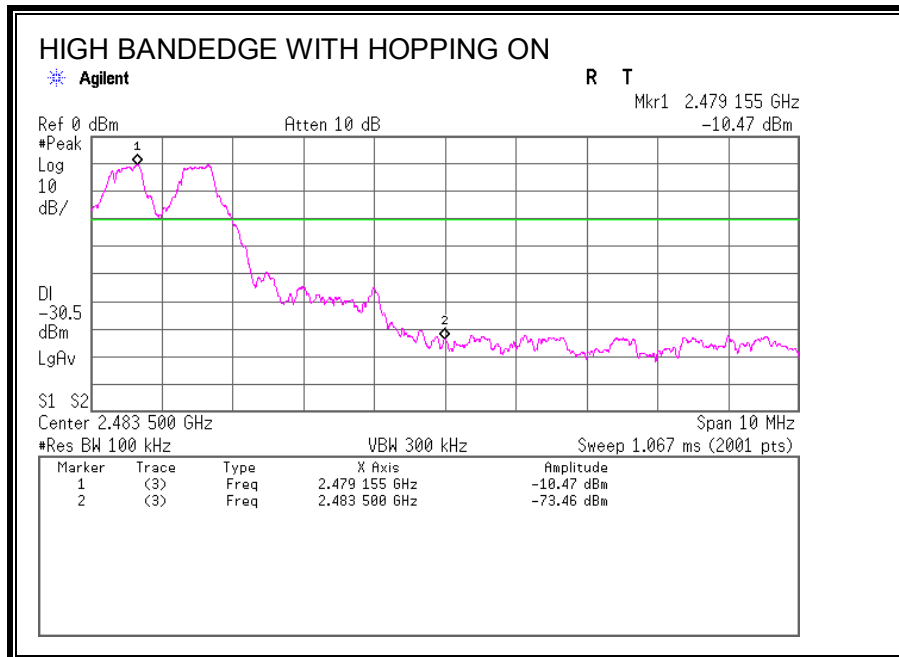
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL





SPURIOUS BANDEDGE EMISSIONS WITH HOPPING ON





8. RADIATED TEST RESULTS

8.1 LIMITS AND PROCEDURE

LIMITS

FCC §15.205 and §15.209

IC RSS-210 Clause 2.6 (Transmitter)

IC RSS-GEN Clause 6 (Receiver)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Field Strength Limit (uV/m) at 3 m	Field Strength Limit (dBuV/m) at 3 m
30 - 88	100	40
88 - 216	150	43.5
216 - 960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

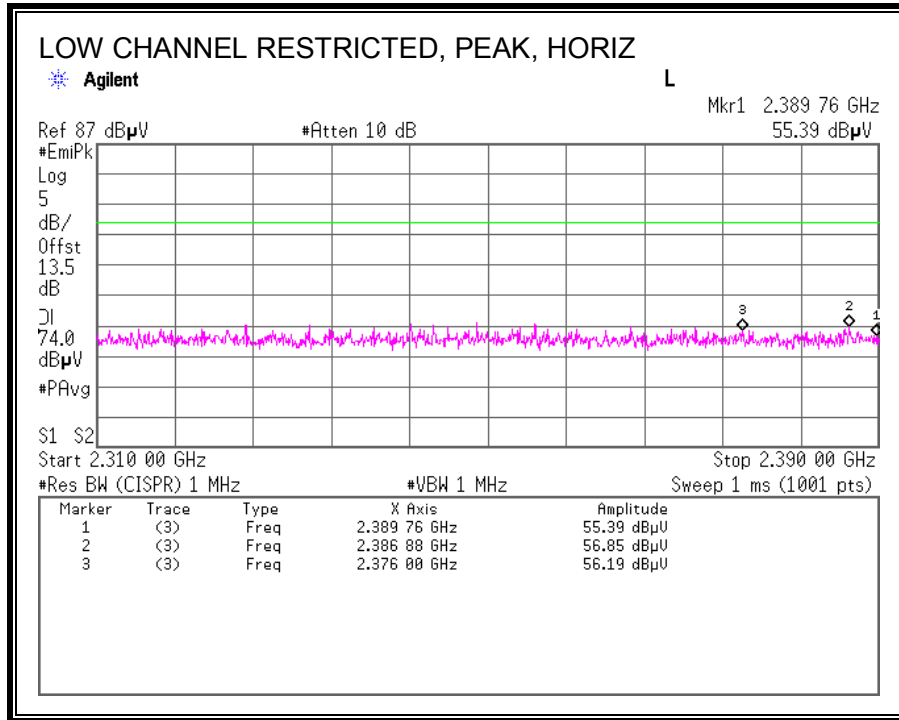
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

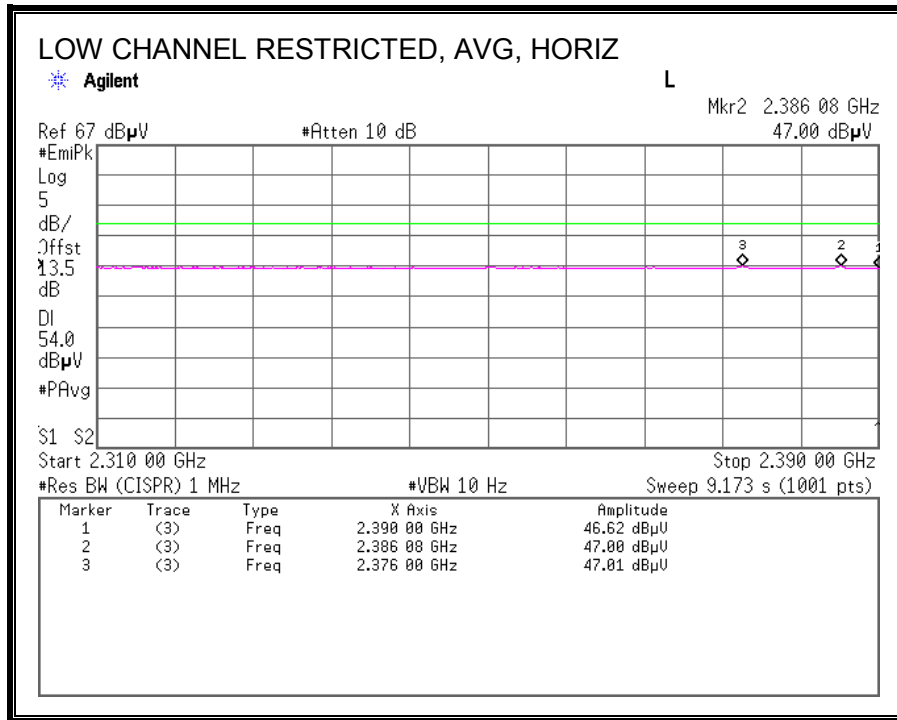
The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

8.2 TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz

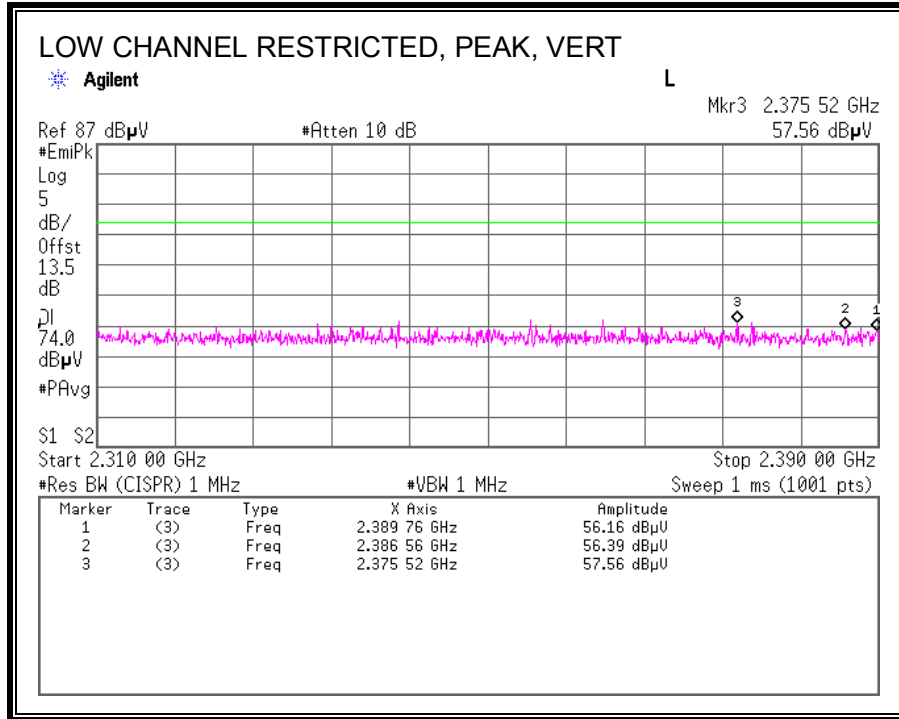
8.2.1 BASIC DATA RATE GFSK MODULATION

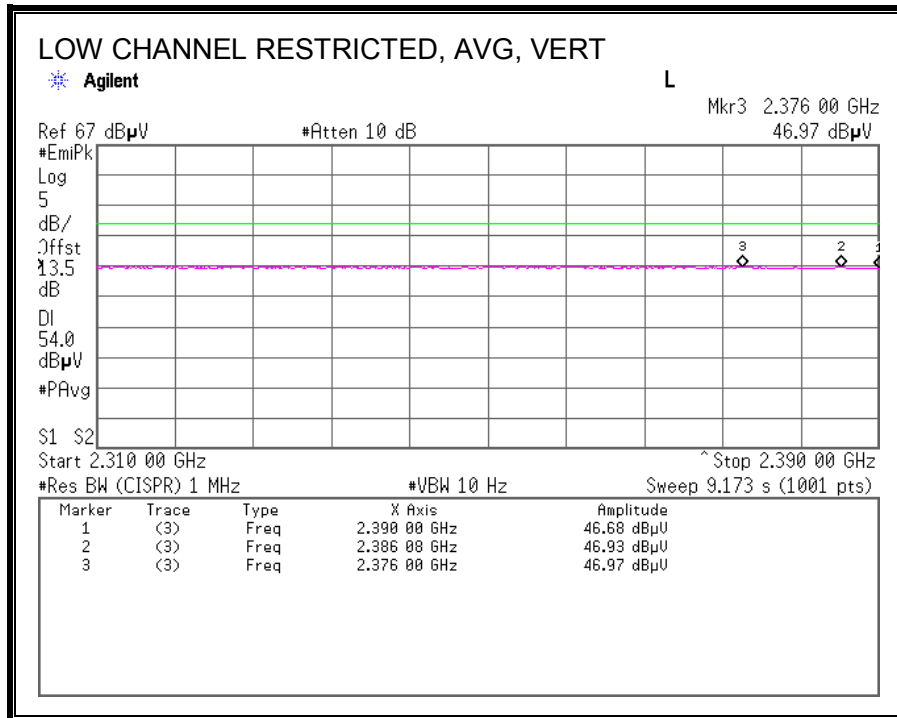
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



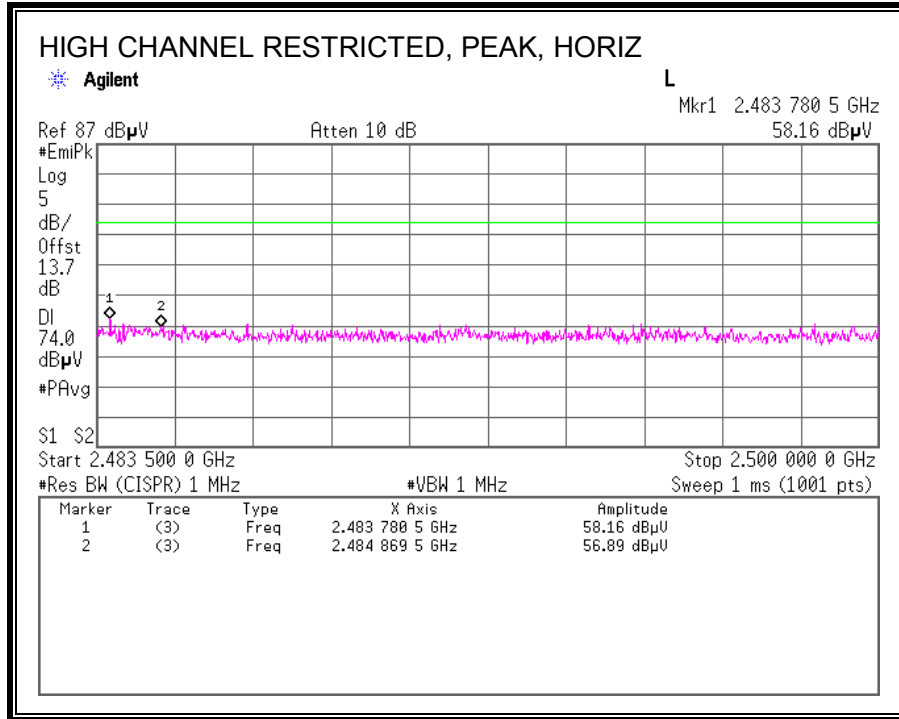


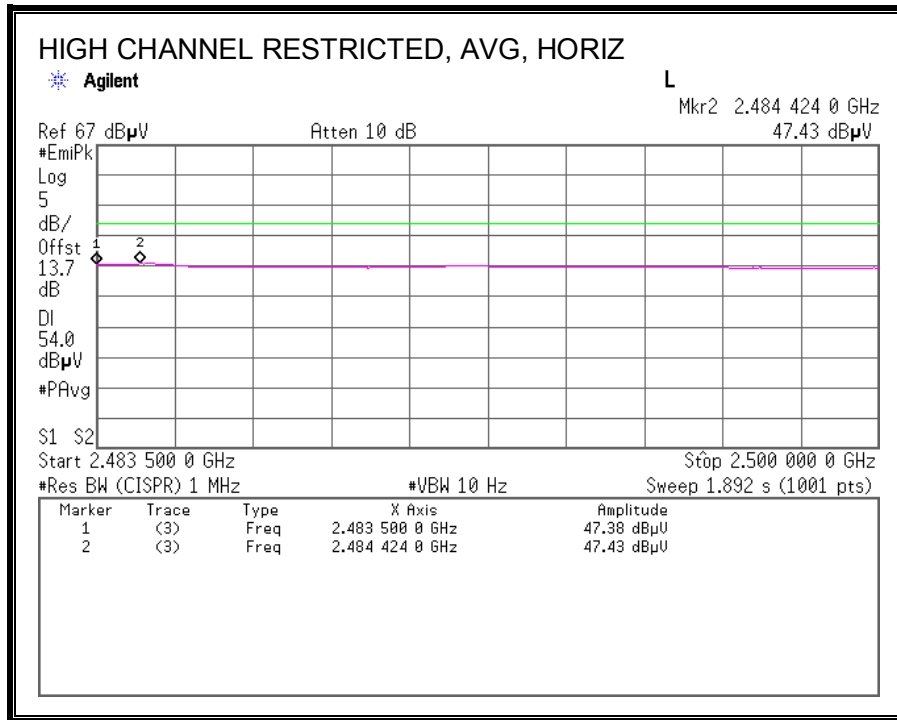
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



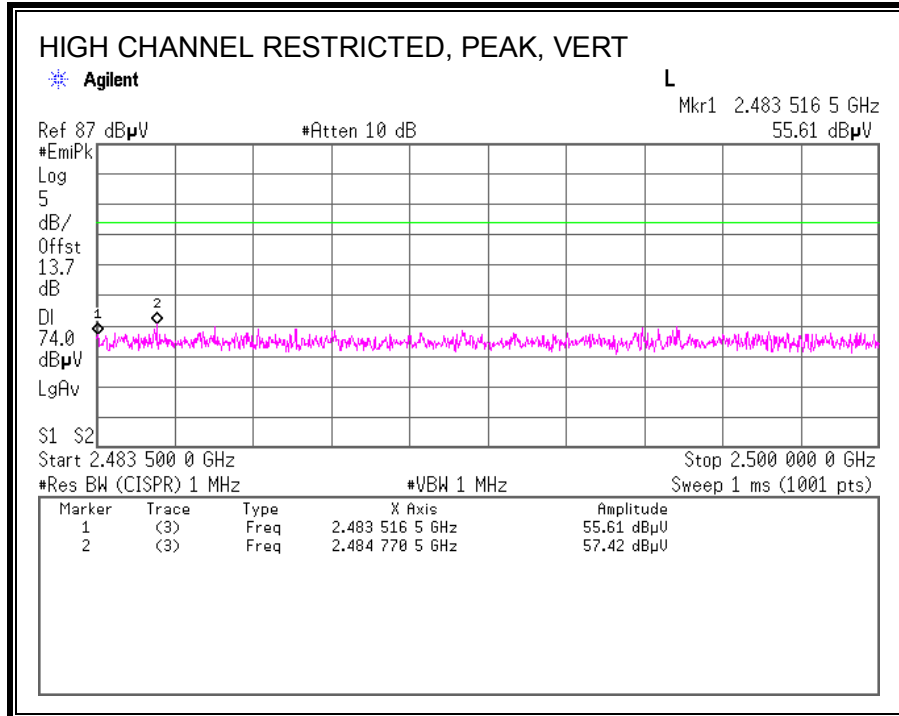


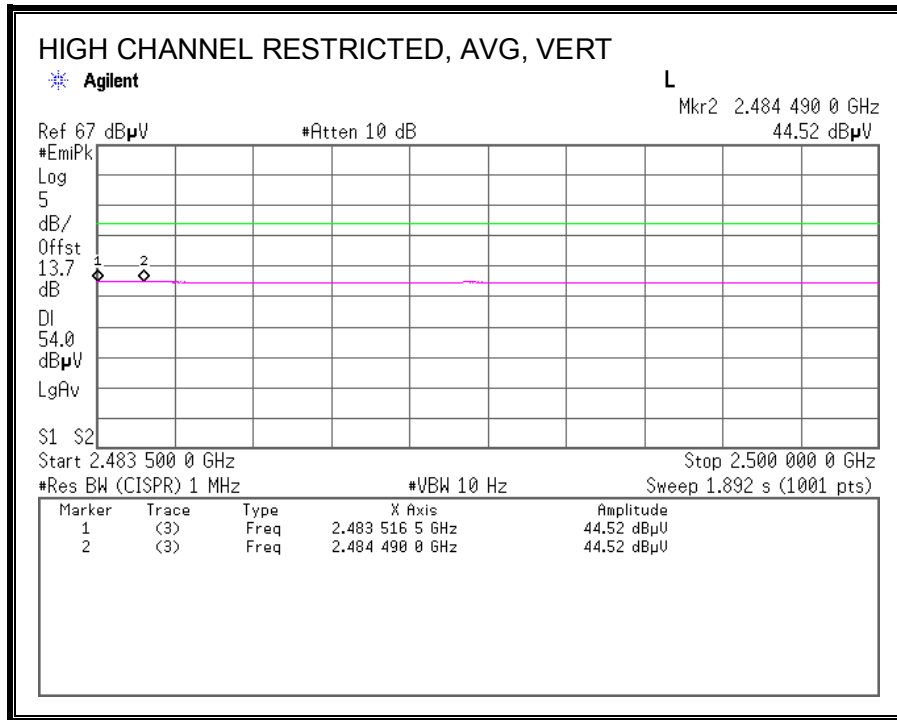
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)





RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)





HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Radiated Emission												
Test place		UL Japan, Inc. Shonan EMC Lab.				No.2 Semi Anechoic Chamber						
Date		2011/7/8										
Temperature / Humidity		26deg.C , 57%RH										
Engineer		Akio Hayashi (above 1GHz)										
Mode		Tx, Bluetooth, BDR, PRBS9										
Polarity	Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Reading [dBuV]	Ant.Fac. [dB/m]	Loss [dB]	Gain [dB]	Result [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [deg.]	Remark
[Tx 2402MHz]												
Hori.	4804.000	PK	53.7	30.5	5.9	36.6	53.5	73.9	20.4	107	234	
Hori.	4804.000	AV	42.5	30.5	5.9	36.6	42.3	53.9	11.6	107	234	
Vert.	4804.000	PK	53.3	30.5	5.9	36.6	53.1	73.9	20.8	124	191	
Vert.	4804.000	AV	41.7	30.5	5.9	36.6	41.5	53.9	12.4	124	191	
[Tx 2441MHz]												
Hori.	4882.000	PK	51	30.8	5.9	36.6	51.1	73.9	22.8	100	312	
Hori.	4882.000	AV	38.1	30.8	5.9	36.6	38.2	53.9	15.7	100	312	
Vert.	4882.000	PK	52.4	30.8	5.9	36.6	52.5	73.9	21.4	100	216	
Vert.	4882.000	AV	40.5	30.8	5.9	36.6	40.6	53.9	13.3	100	216	
[Tx 2480MHz]												
Hori.	4960.000	PK	51	31	5.9	36.5	51.4	73.9	22.5	100	314	
Hori.	4960.000	AV	38.4	31	5.9	36.5	38.8	53.9	15.1	100	314	
Vert.	4960.000	PK	50.9	31	5.9	36.5	51.3	73.9	22.6	118	201	
Vert.	4960.000	AV	38.1	31	5.9	36.5	38.5	53.9	15.4	118	201	
Result = Reading + Ant Factor + Loss (Cable+Attenuator+Filter-Distance factor(above 13GHz)) - Gain(Amplifier)												
*Other frequency noises omitted in this report were not seen or have enough margin (more than 20dB).												

8.2.2 ENHANCED DATA RATE 8PSK MODULATION

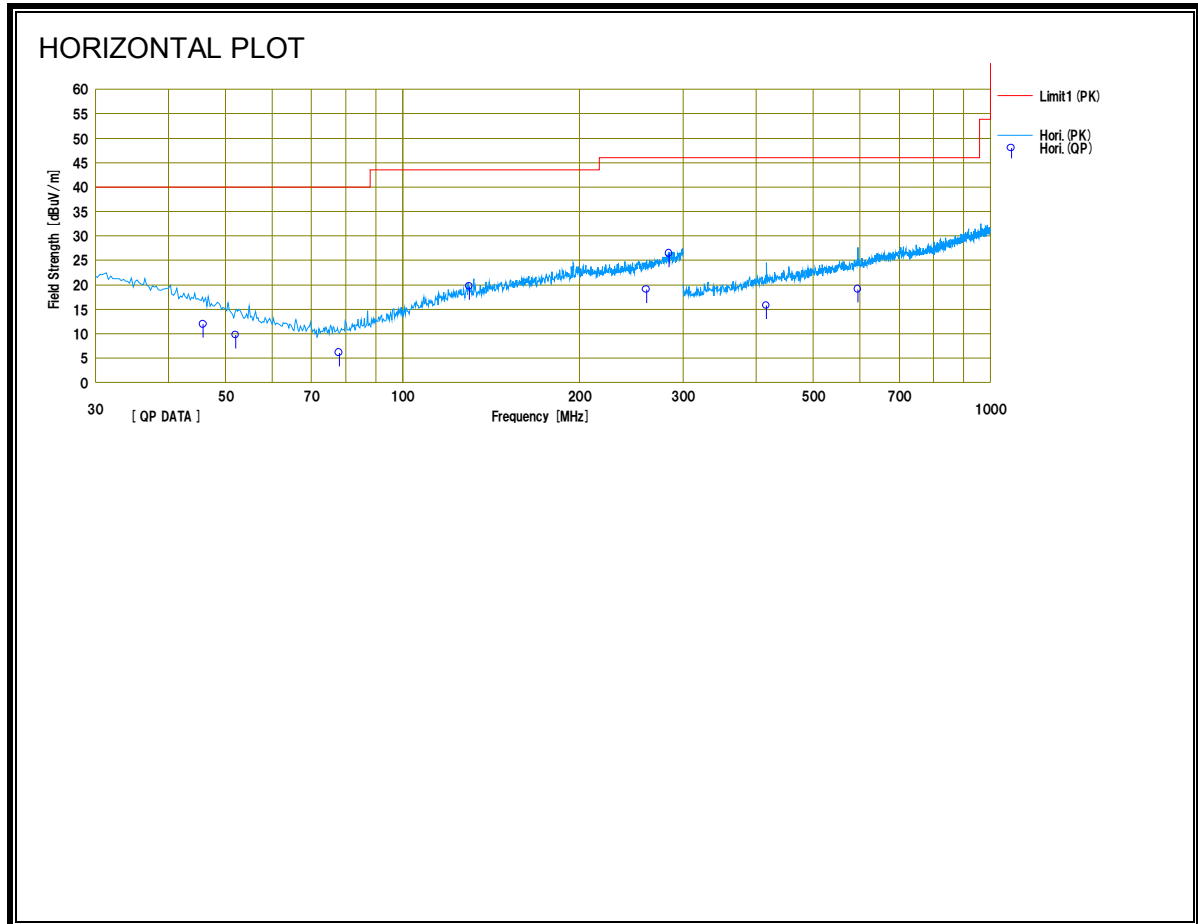
N/A

8.3 RECEIVER ABOVE 1 GHz

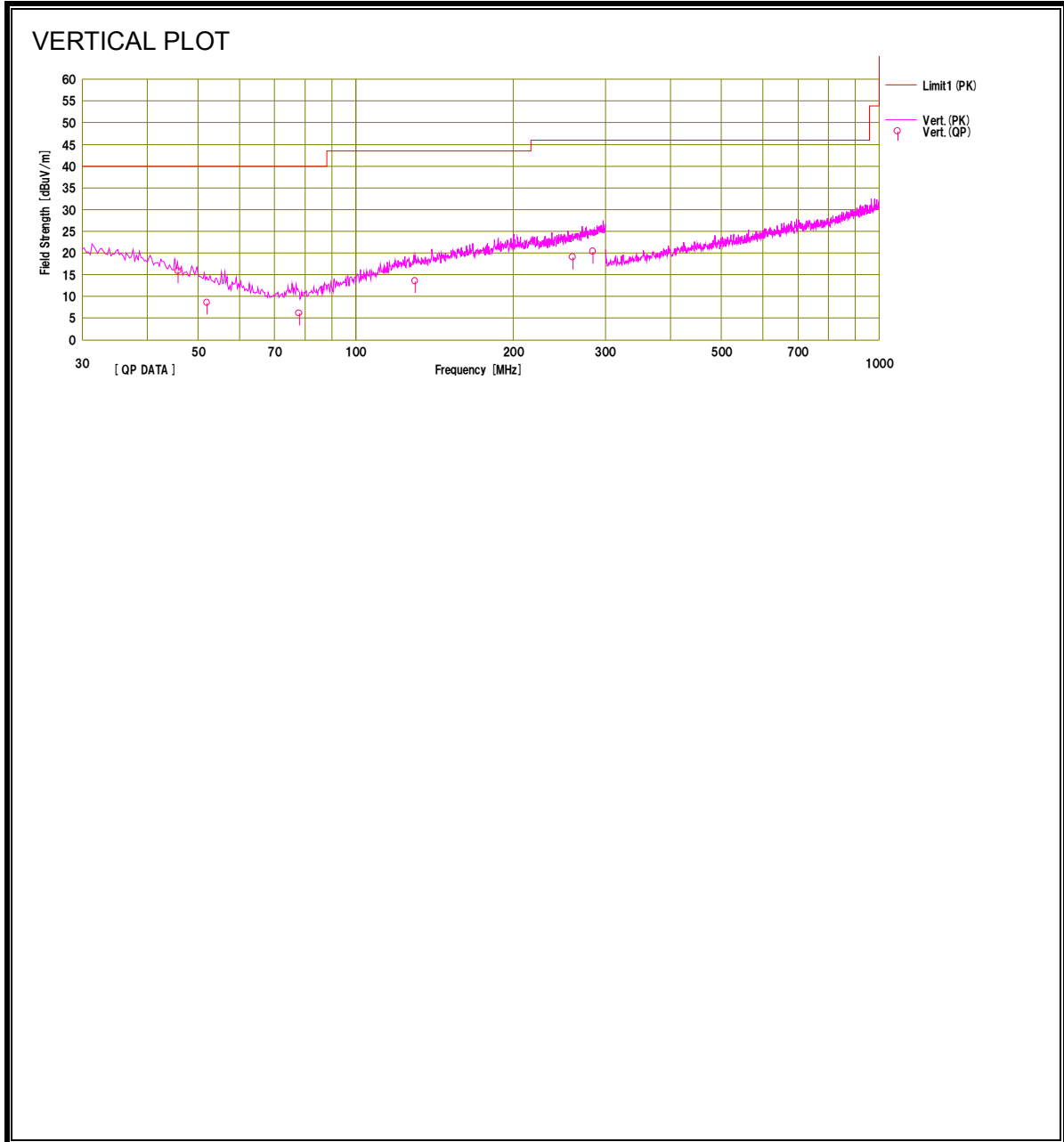
Radiated Emission												
Test place	UL Japan, Inc. Shonan EMC Lab.		No.2 Semi Anechoic Chamber									
Date	2011/7/8											
Temperature / Humidity	26deg.C. , 57%RH											
Engineer	Akio Hayashi (above 1GHz)											
Mode	Rx, 2441 MHz Rx, Bluetooth, BDR											
Polarity	Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Reading [dBuV]	Ant.Fac. [dB/m]	Loss [dB]	Gain [dB]	Result [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [deg.]	Remark
Hori.	1628.350	PK	54.3	25.8	2.9	40.8	42.2	73.9	31.7	100	118	
Hori.	1628.350	AV	51.6	25.8	2.9	40.8	39.5	53.9	14.4	100	118	
Vert.	1628.350	PK	54.6	25.8	2.9	40.8	42.5	73.9	31.4	100	179	
Vert.	1628.350	AV	51.5	25.8	2.9	40.8	39.4	53.9	14.5	100	179	
Hori.	2442.508	PK	50.5	27.4	3.7	40.6	41	73.9	32.9	100	32	
Hori.	2442.508	AV	45.2	27.4	3.7	40.6	35.7	53.9	18.2	100	32	
Vert.	2442.508	PK	51	27.4	3.7	40.6	41.5	73.9	32.4	100	83	
Vert.	2442.508	AV	46	27.4	3.7	40.6	36.5	53.9	17.4	100	83	
Result = Reading + Ant Factor + Loss (Cable+Attenuator+Filter-Distance factor(above 13GHz)) - Gain(Amplifier)												
*Other frequency noises omitted in this report were not seen or have enough margin (more than 20dB).												

8.4 WORST-CASE BELOW 1 GHz

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, HORIZONTAL)



SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, VERTICAL)



HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATA

Radiated Emission

Test place UL Japan, Inc. Shonan EMC Lab. No.2 Semi Anechoic Chamber
 Date 2011/8/30
 Temperature / Humidity 26deg.C. , 64%RH
 Engineer Hikaru Shirasawa
 (below 1GHz)
 Mode Tx, 2441 MHz
 Tx, Bluetooth, BDR, PRBS9

Polarity	Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Reading [dBuV]	Ant.Fac. [dB/m]	Loss [dB]	Gain [dB]	Result [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [deg.]	Remark
Hori.	45.800	QP	23.8	12.7	7.2	31.8	11.9	40.0	28.1	300	0	
Hori.	52.000	QP	23.6	10.6	7.3	31.8	9.7	40.0	30.3	300	0	
Hori.	78.000	QP	23.7	6.6	7.6	31.8	6.1	40.0	33.9	300	0	
Hori.	130.000	QP	29.6	13.6	8.3	31.8	19.7	43.5	23.8	300	0	
Hori.	260.000	QP	23.4	17.8	9.5	31.7	19.0	46.0	27.0	300	0	
Hori.	284.400	QP	29.5	19.0	9.7	31.8	26.4	46.0	19.6	300	0	
Hori.	416.218	QP	23.4	16.4	7.7	31.8	15.7	46.0	30.3	100	275	
Hori.	595.490	QP	23.6	18.9	8.6	32.0	19.1	46.0	26.9	100	192	
Vert.	45.800	QP	27.7	12.7	7.2	31.8	15.8	40.0	24.2	100	0	
Vert.	52.000	QP	22.4	10.6	7.3	31.8	8.5	40.0	31.5	100	354	
Vert.	78.000	QP	23.7	6.6	7.6	31.8	6.1	40.0	33.9	100	0	
Vert.	130.000	QP	23.4	13.6	8.3	31.8	13.5	43.5	30.0	100	0	
Vert.	260.000	QP	23.4	17.8	9.5	31.7	19.0	46.0	27.0	100	0	
Vert.	284.400	QP	23.4	19.0	9.7	31.8	20.3	46.0	25.7	100	0	

Result = Reading + Ant Factor + Loss (Cable+Attenuator) - Gain(Amplifier)

*Other frequency noises omitted in this report were not seen or have enough margin (more than 20dB).

9 AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

EUT is only powered by batteries and it does not connect to the public power network; therefore, this test is not required.

10 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

FCC RULES

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/F ²)	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500 .....	.....	.....	f/300	6
1500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/F ²)	30

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)—Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500 .....	.....	.....	f/1500	30
1500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

IC RULES

IC Safety Code 6, Section 2.2.1 (a) A person other than an RF and microwave exposed worker shall not be exposed to electromagnetic radiation in a frequency band listed in Column 1 of Table 5, if the field strength exceeds the value given in Column 2 or 3 of Table 5, when averaged spatially and over time, or if the power density exceeds the value given in Column 4 of Table 5, when averaged spatially and over time.

**Table 5
 Exposure Limits for Persons Not Classed As RF and Microwave Exposed Workers (Including the General Public)**

1 Frequency (MHz)	2 Electric Field Strength; rms (V/m)	3 Magnetic Field Strength; rms (A/m)	4 Power Density (W/m ²)	5 Averaging Time (min)
0.003–1	280	2.19		6
1–10	280/ <i>f</i>	2.19/ <i>f</i>		6
10–30	28	2.19/ <i>f</i>		6
30–300	28	0.073	2*	6
300–1 500	1.585 <i>f</i> ^{0.5}	0.0042 <i>f</i> ^{0.5}	<i>f</i> /150	6
1 500–15 000	61.4	0.163	10	6
15 000–150 000	61.4	0.163	10	616 000 / <i>f</i> ^{1.2}
150 000–300 000	0.158 <i>f</i> ^{0.5}	4.21 x 10 ⁻⁴ <i>f</i> ^{0.5}	6.67 x 10 ⁻⁵ <i>f</i>	616 000 / <i>f</i> ^{1.2}

* Power density limit is applicable at frequencies greater than 100 MHz.

- Notes:**
1. Frequency, *f*, is in MHz.
 2. A power density of 10 W/m² is equivalent to 1 mW/cm².
 3. A magnetic field strength of 1 A/m corresponds to 1.257 microtesla (μT) or 12.57 milligauss (mG).

EQUATIONS

Power density is given by:

$$S = \text{EIRP} / (4 * \text{Pi} * D^2)$$

where

- S = Power density in W/m²
- EIRP = Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power in W
- D = Separation distance in m

Power density in units of W/m² is converted to units of mW/cm² by dividing by 10.

Distance is given by:

$$D = \text{SQRT} (\text{EIRP} / (4 * \text{Pi} * S))$$

where

- D = Separation distance in m
- EIRP = Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power in W
- S = Power density in W/m²

In the table(s) below, Power and Gain are entered in units of dBm and dBi respectively and conversions to linear forms are used for the calculations.

LIMITS

From FCC §1.1310 Table 1 (B), the maximum value of S = 1.0 mW/cm²

From IC Safety Code 6, Section 2.2 Table 5 Column 4, S = 10 W/m²

RESULTS

Band	Mode	Separation Distance (m)	Output Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	IC Power Density (W/m ²)	FCC Power Density (mW/cm ²)
2.4 GHz	Bluetooth	0.20	0.75	1.83	0.0036	0.0004