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TEST REPORT

Report Number: 19101304HKG-001

Application for Original Grant of 47 CFR Part 15 Certification

Single New of RSS-247 Issue 2 Equipment

FCC ID: BJ4-WLTRX9600

IC: 3984A-WLTRX9600

Prepared and Checked by:

Approved by:

Signed On File Wong Cheuk Ho, Herbert Lead Engineer

Wong Kwok Yeung, Kenneth Senior Lead Engineer Date: December 20, 2019

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant Name: HeathCo LLC

Applicant Address: 2445 Nashville Road, Bowling Green, KY 42101

USA

FCC Specification Standard: FCC Part 15, October 1, 2018 Edition

FCC ID: BJ4-WLTRX9600 FCC Model(s): WLTRX-9600

IC Specification Standard: RSS-247 Issue 2, February 2017

RSS-Gen Issue 5, April 2018

IC: 3984A-WLTRX9600

PMN: WLTRX-9600 WLTRX-9600

Type of EUT: Spread Spectrum Transmitter **Description of EUT:** Video Doorbell with 2.4GHz wifi

Serial Number: N/A

Sample Receipt Date: November 26, 2019

Date of Test: November 26, 2019 to December 20, 2019

Report Date: December 20, 2019

Environmental Conditions: Temperature: +10 to 40°C

Humidity: 10 to 90%

Conclusion: Test was conducted by client submitted sample. The submitted

sample as received complied with the 47 CFR Part 15 / RSS-247 Issue

2 Certification.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	4
	1.1 Summary of Test Results	4
	1.2 Statement of Compliance	
2.0	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	5
	2.1 Product Description	5
	2.2 Test Methodology	6
	2.3 Test Facility	6
	2.4 Related Submittal(s) Grants	6
3.0	SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION	7
	3.1 Justification	7
	3.2 EUT Exercising Software	8
	3.3 Details of EUT and Description of Accessories	9
	3.4 Measurement Uncertainty	9
4.0	TEST RESULTS	10
	4.1 Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals	10
	4.2 Minimum 6dB RF Bandwidth	12
	4.3 Maximum Power Spectral Density	21
	4.4 Out of Band Conducted Emissions	30
	4.5 Field Strength Calculation	47
	4.6 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions	48
	4.6.1 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph	48
	4.6.2 Radiated Emission Data	48
	4.6.3 Radiated Emission Test Setup	62
	4.6.4 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation	63
	4.7 AC Power Line Conducted Emission	64
	4.7.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph	64
	4.7.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Data	64
	4.7.3 Conducted Emission Test Setup	67
5.0	EQUIPMENT LIST	72



1.0 TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

1.1 Summary of Test Results

Test Items	FCC Part 15 Section	RSS-247/ RSS-Gen# Section	Results	Details See Section
Antenna Requirement	15.203	7.1.2#	Pass	2.1
Max. Conducted Output Power (Peak)	15.247(b)(3)&(4)	5.4(4)	Pass	4.1
Min. 6dB RF Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	5.2(1)	Pass	4.2
Max. Power Density (average)	15.247(e)	5.2(2)	Pass	4.3
Out of Band Antenna Conducted Emission	15.247(d)	5.5	Pass	4.4
Radiated Emission in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions	15.247(d), 15.209 & 15.109	5.5	Pass	4.6
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	15.207 & 15.107	7.2.4#	Pass	4.7

Note: Pursuant to FCC Part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered.

1.2 Statement of Compliance

The equipment under test is found to be complying with the following standard:

FCC Part 15, October 1, 2018 Edition RSS-247 Issue 2, February 2017 RSS-Gen Issue 5 Amendment 1, March 2019



2.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2.1 Product Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a is a Video Doorbell with 2.4GHz wifi. When the button of the EUT is activated, the EUT will send the camera video via wifi to the smartphone when the smartphone is running the corresponding Apps.

For 802.11b mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Direct-sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) modulation. Maximum bit rate can be up to 11Mbps.

For 802.11g mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulation. Maximum bit rate can be up to 54Mbps.

For 802.11n (with 20MHz bandwidth) mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulation. Maximum bit rate can support up to 65Mbps.

For 802.11n (with 40MHz bandwidth) mode, it operates at frequency range of 2422.000MHz to 2452.000MHz with 7 channels. It transmits via Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulation. Maximum bit rate can support up to 65Mbps.

The EUT is power by 16VAC.

The antenna(s) used in the EUT is integral, and the test sample is a prototype.

The circuit description is saved with filename: descri.pdf.



2.2 Test Methodology

Both AC power line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10 (2013). Preliminary radiated scans and all radiated measurements were performed in radiated emission test sites. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application. Antenna port conducted measurements were performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013) and KDB Publication No.558074 D01 v05r01 (11-February-2019). All other measurements were made in accordance with the procedures in 47 CFR Part 2 and RSS-Gen Issue 5 + Amendment 1, March 2019).

2.3 Test Facility

The radiated emission test site and antenna port conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data and conductive data are at Workshop No. 3, G/F., World-Wide Industrial Centre, 43-47 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, Sha Tin, N.T., Hong Kong SAR, China. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC and Industry Canada No.: 2042H.

2.4 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a single application for certification of a transceiver (WiFi portion)



3.0 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For radiated emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) was setup to transmit / receive continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, all cables (if any) were manipulated to produce worst case emissions.

The EUT was powered by a 16VAC transformer.

For the measurements, the EUT was attached to a plastic stand if necessary and placed on the wooden turntable. If the base unit attached to peripherals, they were connected and operational (as typical as possible).

The signal was maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization were varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions were taken at three meters unless the signal level was too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier was used and/or the test was conducted at a closer distance.

For any intentional radiator powered by AC power line, measurements of the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission was performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

Radiated emission measurement for transmitter were performed from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

Emission that are directly caused by digital circuits in the transmit path and transmitter portion were measured, and the limit are according to FCC Part 15 Section 15.209 / RSS-247 2.5. Digital circuitries used to control additional functions other than the operation of the transmitter are subject to FCC Part 15 Section 15.109 / RSS-247 Section 5.5 Limits.



3.1 Justification – Cont'd

Detector function for radiated emissions was in peak mode. Average readings, when required, were taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in section 4.8.3.

Determination of pulse desensitization was made according to *Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, Spectrum Analysis... Pulsed RF.* The effective period (Teff) was referred to Exhibit 4.8.3. With the resolution bandwidth 1MHz and spectrum analyzer IF bandwidth 3dB, the pulse desensitization factor was 0dB.

For AC line conducted emission test, the EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0m(W)x1.5m(L) and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN), which provided 50ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument. The LISN housing, measuring instrument case, reference ground plane, and vertical ground plane were bounded together. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled.

All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were manipulated to find the maximum emission.

Different data rates have been tested. Worst case is reported only.

All relevant operation modes have been tested, and the worst case data is included in this report.

All data rates were tested under normal mode of WiFi. Only the worst-case data is shown in the report for DSSS and OFDM

3.2 EUT Exercising Software

The EUT exercise program (if any) used during radiated and conducted testing was designed to exercise the various system components in a manner similar to a typical use.



3.3 Details of EUT and Description of Accessories

Details of EUT:

An AC transformer (provided with the unit) was used to power the device. Their description is listed below.

(1) An 16V AC transformer (Input 120VAC) (Provided by applicant)

Description of Accessories:

N/A

3.4 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining of the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test at a level of confidence of 95% has been considered. The values of the Measurement uncertainty for radiated emission test and RF conducted measurement test are \pm 5.3dB and \pm 0.99dB respectively. The value of the Measurement uncertainty for conducted emission test is \pm 4.2dB.

Uncertainty and Compliance - Unless the standard specifically states that measured values are to be extended by the measurement uncertainty in determining compliance, all compliance determinations are based on the actual measured value.

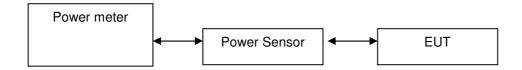


4.0 TEST RESULTS

4.1 Maximum Conducted (peak) Output Power at Antenna Terminals

RF Conduct Measurement Test Setup

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer.

- The antenna power of the EUT was connected to the input of a power meter. Power was read directly and cable loss correction was added to the reading to the obtain power at the EUT antenna terminals. The measurement procedure 9.1.2 was used.
- The EUT should be configured to transmit continuously (at a minimum duty cycle of 98%) at full power over the measurement duration. The measurement procedure AVG1 was used.

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps) Antenna Gain = 0 dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2412	23.8	239.9
Middle Channel: 2437	24.2	263.0
High Channel: 2462	24.4	275.4

IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps) Antenna Gain = 0 dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2412	19.5	89.1
Middle Channel: 2437	20.2	104.7
High Channel: 2462	20.8	120.2

IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0) Antenna Gain = 0 dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2412	19.2	83.2
Middle Channel: 2437	19.8	95.5
High Channel: 2462	20.6	114.8



4.1 Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals – Cont'd

IEEE 802.11n (40MHz) (OFDM, MCS0) Antenna Gain = 0 dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2422	18.6	72.4
Middle Channel: 2437	19.2	83.2
High Channel: 2452	19.6	91.2

Cable loss : <u>0.5</u> dB External Attenuation : <u>0</u> dB		
Cable loss, external attenuation: included in OFFSET function added to SA raw reading		
IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps) max. conducted (peak) output level = <u>24.4</u> dBm		
IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 9 Mbps) max. conducted (peak) output level = 20 <u>.8</u> dBm		
IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0) max. conducted (peak) output level = 20 <u>.6</u> dBm		
IEEE 802.11n (40MHz) (OFDM, MCS0) max. conducted (peak) output level = <u>19.6</u> dBm		
Limits: IW (30dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less W (dBm) for antennas with gains more than 6dBi		

The plots of conducted output power are saved as below.



4.2 Minimum 6dB RF Bandwidth

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. The EBW measurement procedure was used. A PEAK output reading was taken, a DISPLAY line was drawn 6dB lower than PEAK level. The 6dB bandwidth was determined from where the channel output spectrum intersected the display line.

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	10.24
Middle Channel: 2437	10.24
High Channel: 2462	10.24

IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	16.68
Middle Channel: 2437	16.60
High Channel: 2462	16.64

IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	17.76
Middle Channel: 2437	17.76
High Channel: 2462	17.72

IEEE 802.11n (40MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	35.52
Middle Channel: 2437	35.52
High Channel: 2462	35.52

Limits

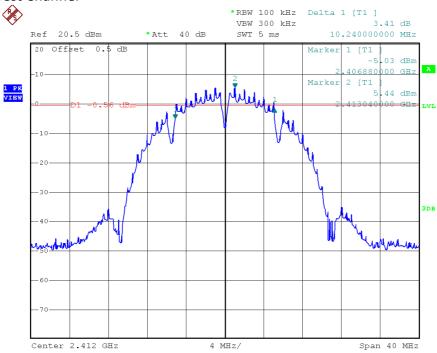
6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz

The plots of 6dB RF bandwidth are saved as below.



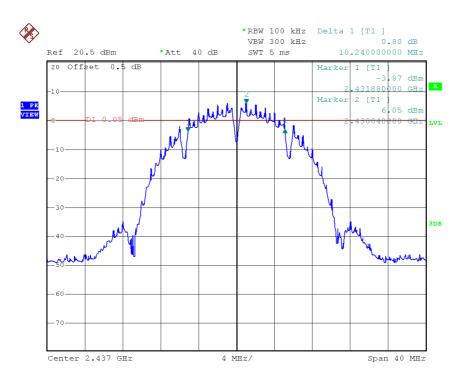
PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

802.11b, Lowest Channel



Date: 19.DEC.2019 16:13:39

802.11b, Middle Channel

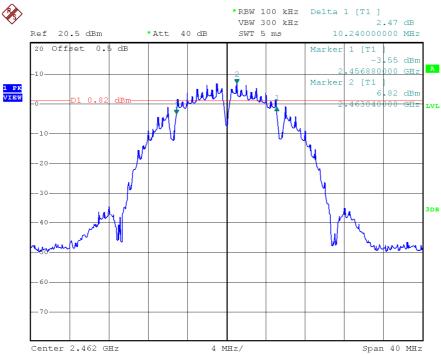


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PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

802.11b, Highest Channel

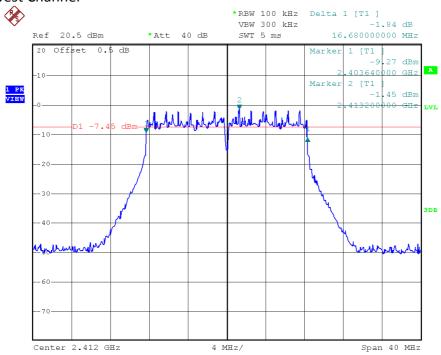


Date: 19.DEC.2019 16:17:47



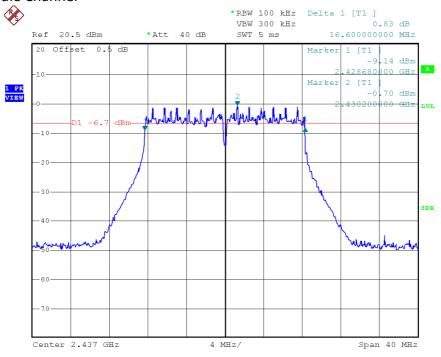
PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

802.11g, Lowest Channel



Date: 19.DEC.2019 16:24:09

802.11g, Middle Channel

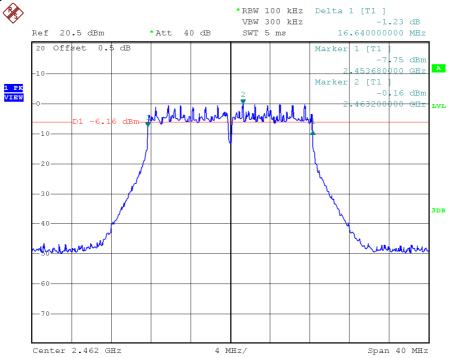


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PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

802.11g, Highest Channel

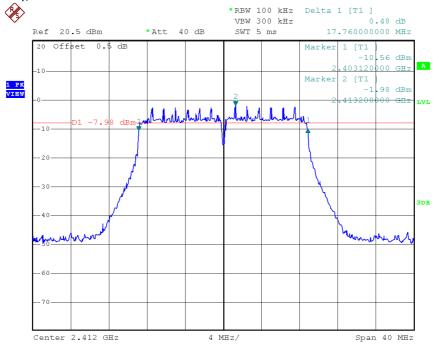


Date: 19.DEC.2019 16:28:42



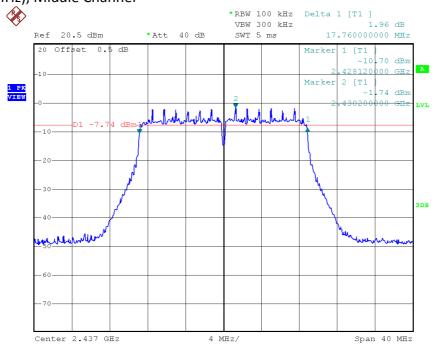
PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

802.11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel



Date: 19.DEC.2019 16:33:09

802.11n (20MHz), Middle Channel

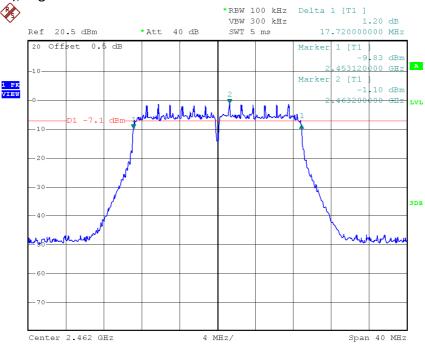


Date: 19.DEC.2019 16:34:22



PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

802.11n (20MHz), Highest Channel

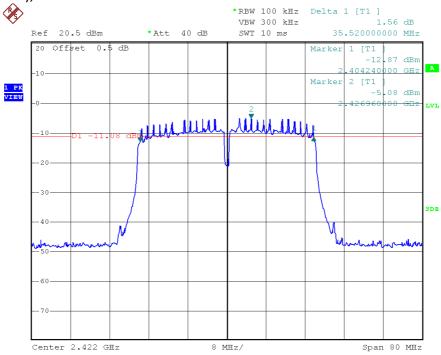


Date: 19.DEC.2019 16:36:08



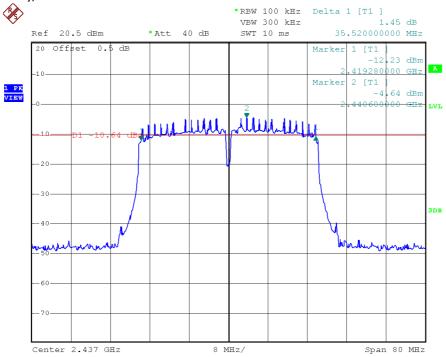
PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

802.11n (40MHz), Lowest Channel



Date: 19.DEC.2019 16:45:37

802.11n (40MHz), Middle Channel

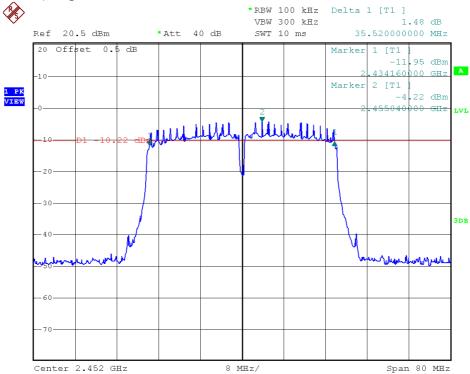


Date: 19.DEC.2019 16:48:01



PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

802.11n (40MHz), Highest Channel



Date: 19.DEC.2019 16:49:52



4.3 Maximum Power Spectral Density

Antenna output of the EUT was coupled directly to spectrum analyzer. The measurement procedure 10.2 PKPSD was used. If an external attenuator and/or cable was used, these losses are compensated for using the OFFSET function of the analyser.

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

Frequency (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel: 2412	5.34
Middle Channel: 2437	6.08
High Channel: 2462	6.85

IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

Frequency (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel: 2412	-1.65
Middle Channel: 2437	-0.66
High Channel: 2462	0.14

IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

Frequency (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel: 2412	-2.45
Middle Channel: 2437	-1.82
High Channel: 2462	-1.22

IEEE 802.11n (40MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Frequency (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel: 2422	-5.04
Middle Channel: 2437	-4.66
High Channel: 2452	-4.15

Cable Loss: 0.5 dB

Limit: 8dBm

The plots of power spectral density are as below.



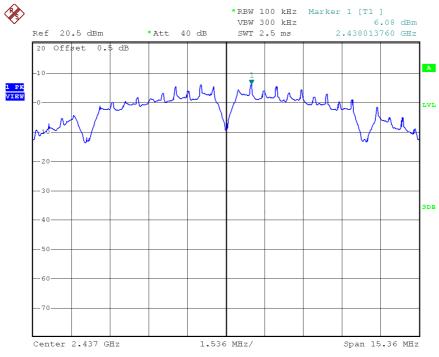
PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (100kHz RBW)

802.11b, Lowest channel



Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:12:40

802.11b, Middle channel

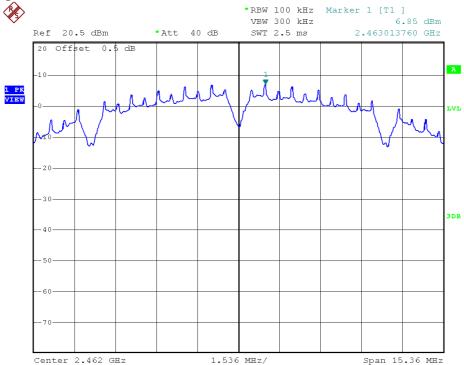


Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:13:59



PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (100kHz RBW)

802.11b, Highest channel

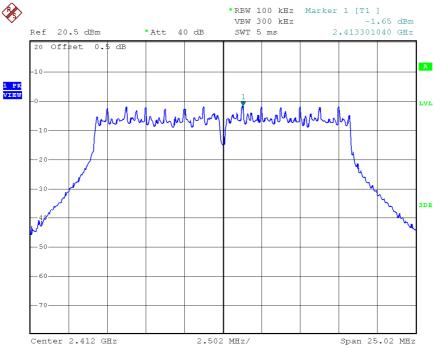


Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:15:01



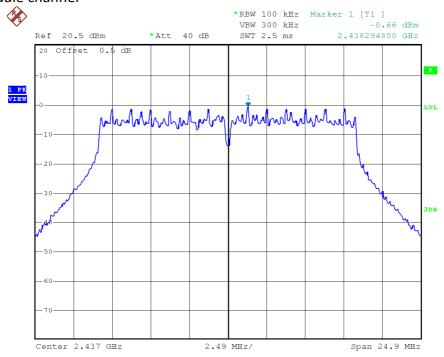
PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11g, Lowest channel



Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:17:08

802.11g, Middle channel

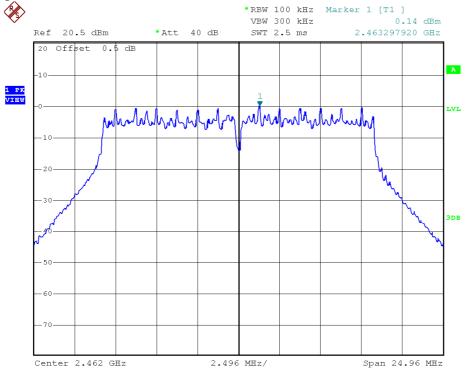


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PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11g, Highest channel

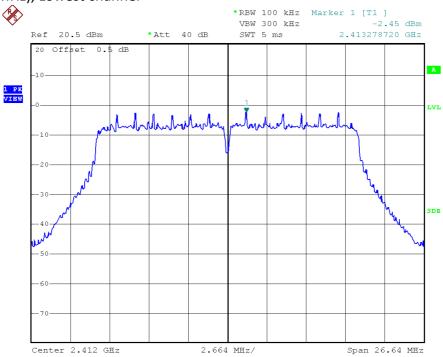


Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:20:09



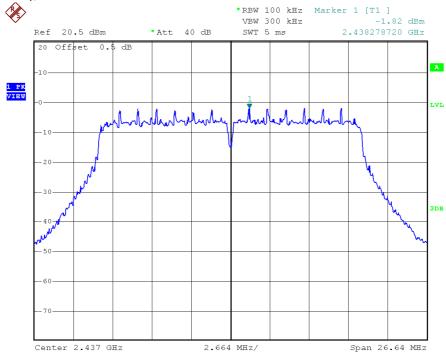
PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11n (20MHz), Lowest channel



Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:22:09

802.11n (20MHz), Middle channel

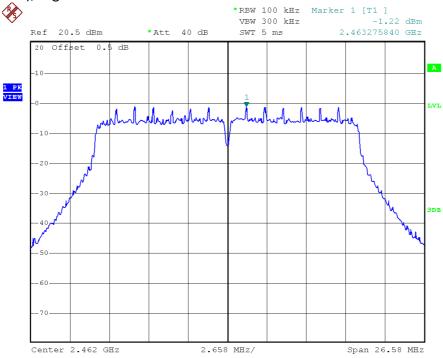


Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:23:48



PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11n (20MHz), Highest channel

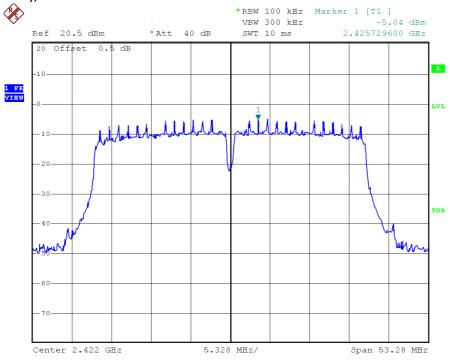


Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:25:16



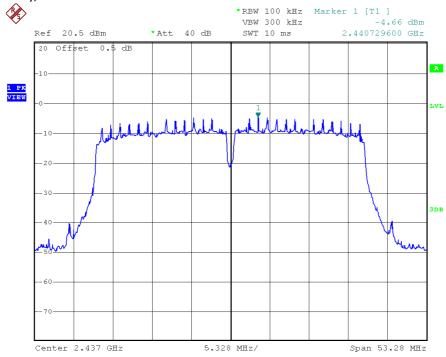
PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11n (40MHz), Lowest channel



Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:26:58

802.11n (40MHz), Middle channel

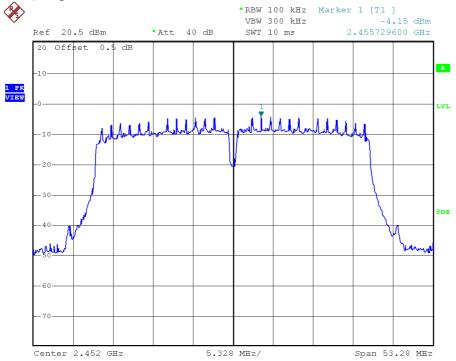


Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:28:29



PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11n (20MHz), Highest channel



Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:29:30



4.4 Out of Band Conducted Emissions

For 802.11b/g/n20/n40MHz, the maximum conducted (peak) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1. Then the display line (in red) shown in the following plots denotes the limit at 20dB below maximum measured in-band peak PSD level in 100 KHz bandwidth for 802.11b/g/n20/n40MHz.

The measurement procedures under KDB Publication No.558074 D01 v05r01 (11-February-2019) were used.

Furthermore, delta measurement technique for measuring bandedge emissions was incorporated in the test of the edge at 2483.5MHz.

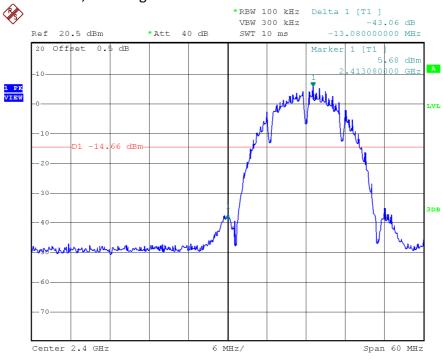
Limits:

All spurious emission and up to the tenth harmonic was measured and they were found to be at least for 802.11b,g,n20MHz, n40MHz below the maximum measured in-band peak PSD level.



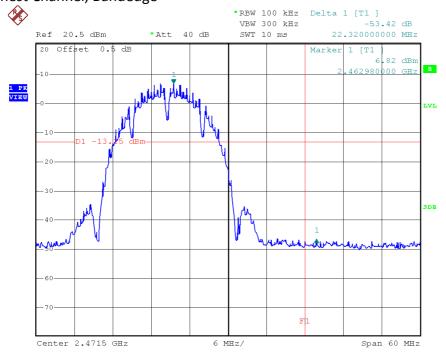
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Lowest Channel, Bandedge



Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:29:21

802.11b, Highest Channel, Bandedge

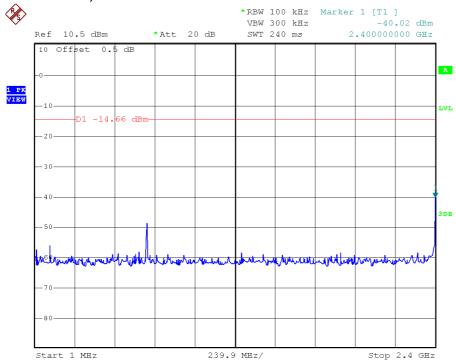


Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:31:33



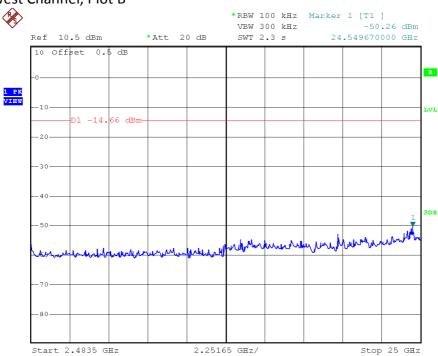
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Lowest Channel, Plot A



Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:39:23

802.11b, Lowest Channel, Plot B

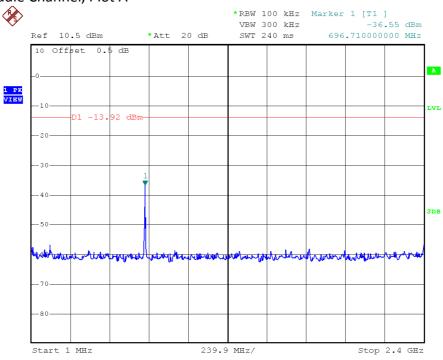


Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:41:10



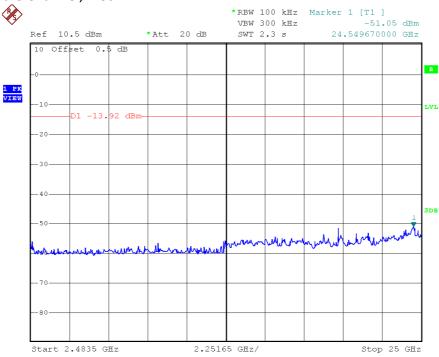
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Middle Channel, Plot A



Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:44:57

802.11b, Middle Channel, Plot B

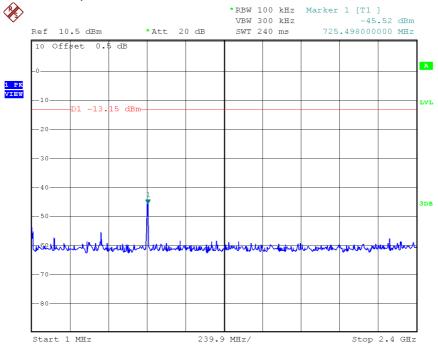


Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:45:50



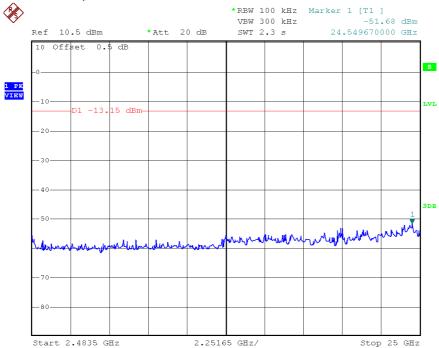
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Highest Channel, Plot A



Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:47:53

802.11b, Highest Channel, Plot B

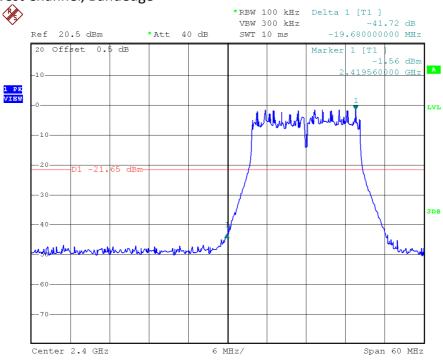


Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:48:40



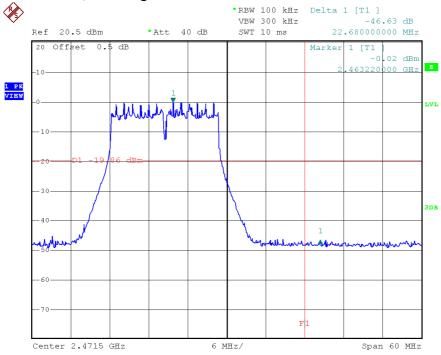
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Lowest Channel, Bandedge



Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:36:00

802.11g, Highest Channel, Bandedge

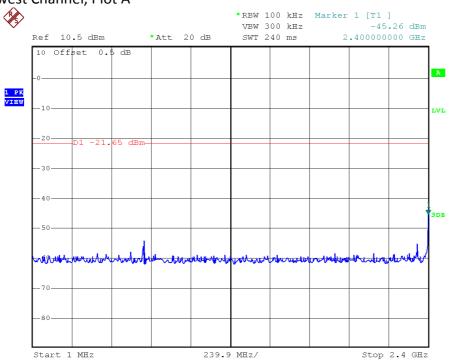


Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:34:49



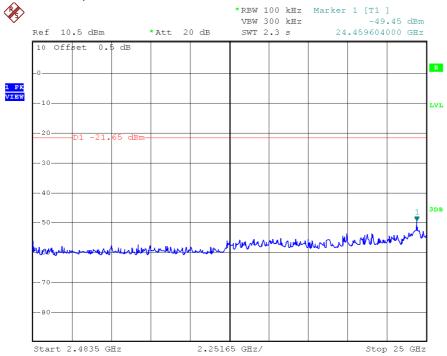
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Lowest Channel, Plot A



Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:50:49

802.11g, Lowest Channel, Plot B

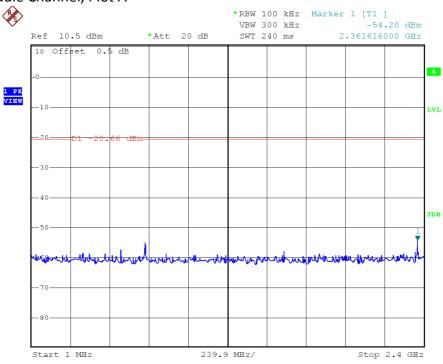


Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:51:49



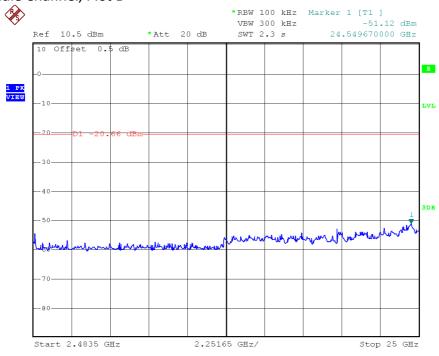
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Middle Channel, Plot A



Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:54:01

802.11g, Middle Channel, Plot B

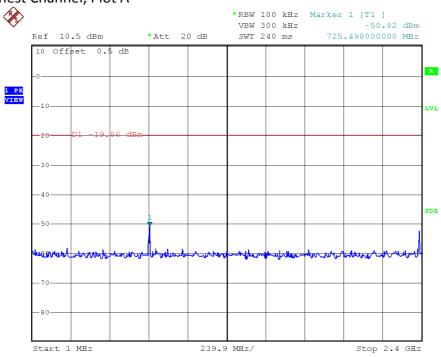


Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:52:59



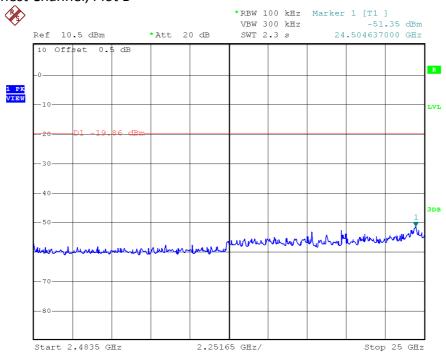
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Highest Channel, Plot A



Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:55:12

802.11g, Highest Channel, Plot B

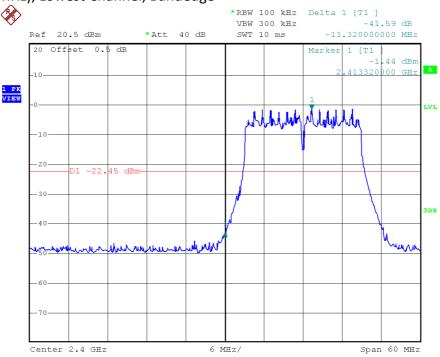


Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:56:19



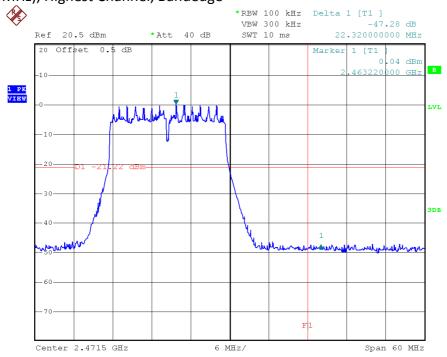
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802. 11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel, Bandedge



Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:37:19

802. 11n (20MHz), Highest Channel, Bandedge

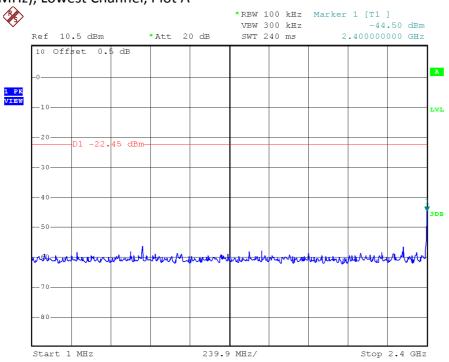


Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:41:27



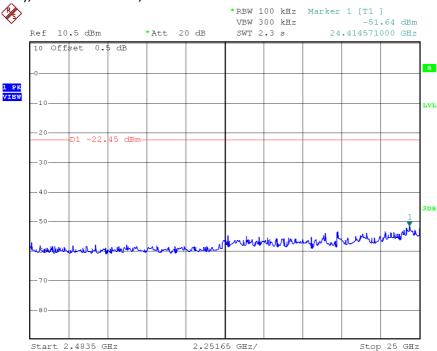
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel, Plot A



Date: 19.DEC.2019 17:58:00

802.11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel, Plot B

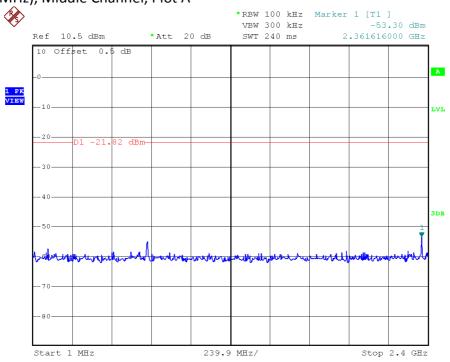


Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:00:06



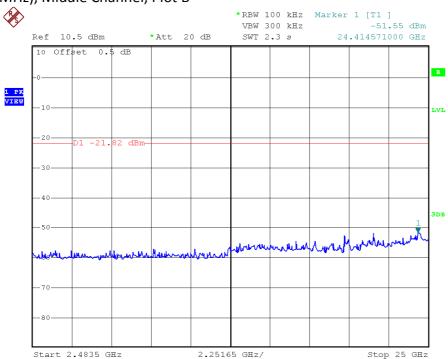
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (20MHz), Middle Channel, Plot A



Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:01:25

802.11n (20MHz), Middle Channel, Plot B

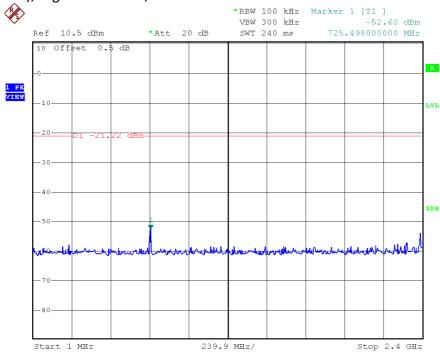


Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:02:41



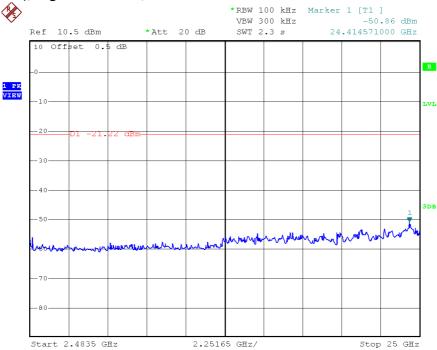
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (20MHz), Highest Channel, Plot A



Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:03:58

802.11n (20MHz), Highest Channel, Plot B

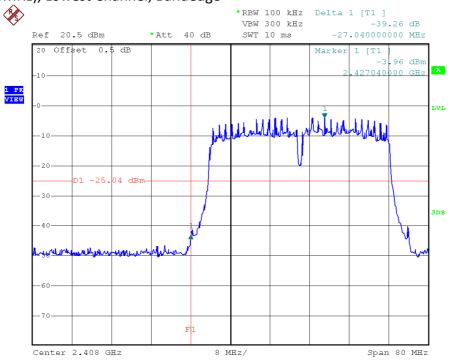


Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:04:42



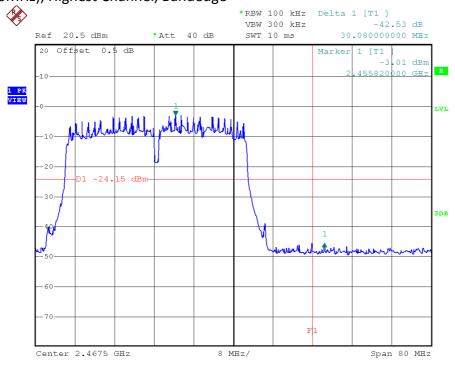
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802. 11n (40MHz), Lowest Channel, Bandedge



Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:43:44

802. 11n (40MHz), Highest Channel, Bandedge

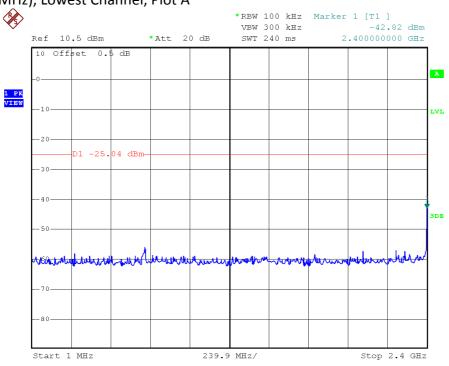


Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:47:02



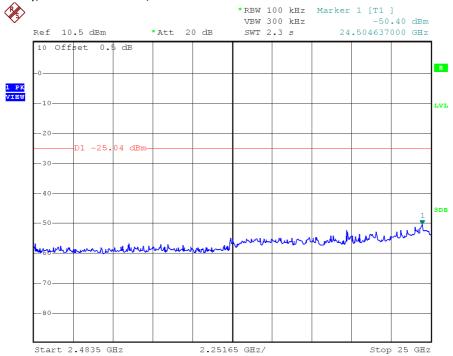
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (40MHz), Lowest Channel, Plot A



Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:06:20

802.11n (40MHz), Lowest Channel, Plot B

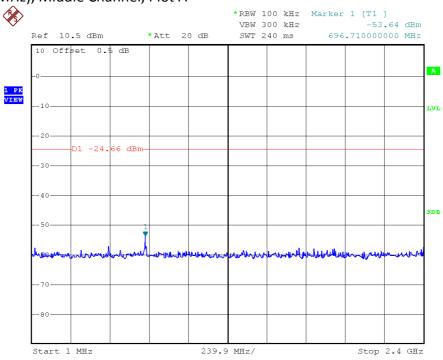


Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:07:34



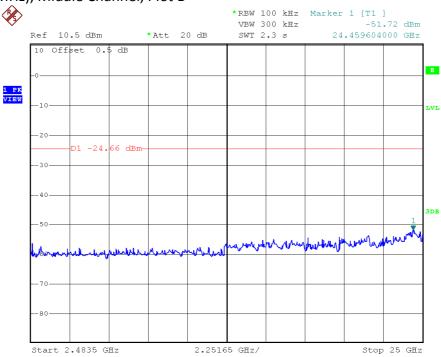
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (40MHz), Middle Channel, Plot A



Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:09:04

802.11n (40MHz), Middle Channel, Plot B

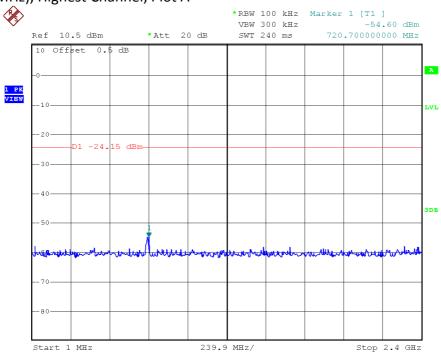


Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:14:11



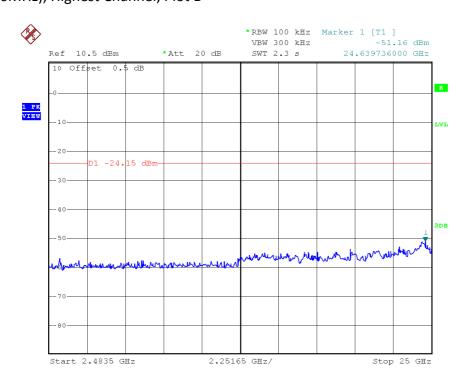
PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (40MHz), Highest Channel, Plot A



Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:16:34

802.11n (40MHz), Highest Channel, Plot B



Date: 19.DEC.2019 18:15:23



4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

Where $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in $dB\mu V$

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB

AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB

AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

Example

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dB μ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29.0 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer is 0.0 dB, and the resultant average factor is -10.0 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32.0 dB μ V/m. This value in dB μ V/m is converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

 $RA = 62.0 dB\mu V$

AF = 7.4 dB

CF = 1.6 dB

AG = 29.0 dB

PD = 0.0 dB

AV = -10 dB

 $FS = 62.0 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29.0 + 0.0 + (-10.0) = 32.0 \, dB\mu V/m$

Level in $\mu V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32.0 dB<math>\mu V/m)/20] = 39.8 \mu V/m$



4.6 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions

Data is included of the worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

The data on the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

4.6.1 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Restricted Band Radiated Emission at

2390.000 MHz

The worst case radiated emission configuration photographs are saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.6.2 Radiated Emission Data

The data in tables 1-13 list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Judgement -

Passed by 0.2 dB margin



RADIATED EMISSION DATA

Mode: TX-Channel 01

Table 1 IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	36.0	33	29.4	32.4	54.0	-21.6
Н	4824.000	30.1	33	34.9	32.0	54.0	-22.0
Н	12060.000	29.3	<i>33</i>	40.5	36.8	54.0	-17.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	48.8	33	29.4	45.2	74.0	-28.8
Н	4824.000	45.9	33	34.9	47.8	74.0	-26.2
Н	12060.000	42.7	33	40.5	50.2	74.0	-23.8

- 2. Average measurement method is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.



Mode: TX-Channel 06

Table 2
IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	36.9	33	34.9	38.8	54.0	-15.2
Н	7311.000	30.9	33	37.9	<i>35.8</i>	54.0	-18.2
Н	12185.000	31.7	<i>33</i>	40.5	39.2	54.0	-14.8

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	45.6	33	34.9	47.5	74.0	-26.5
Н	7311.000	42.3	33	37.9	47.2	74.0	-26.8
Н	12185.000	42.9	33	40.5	50.4	74.0	-23.6

- 2. Average measurement method is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.



Mode: TX-Channel 11

Table 3 IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	35.8	33	29.4	32.2	54.0	-21.8
Н	4924.000	36.3	33	34.9	38.2	54.0	-15.8
Н	7386.000	30.6	33	37.9	<i>35.5</i>	54.0	-18.5
Н	12310.000	31.7	33	40.5	39.2	54.0	-14.8

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	48.4	33	29.4	44.8	74.0	-29.2
Н	4924.000	44.9	33	34.9	46.8	74.0	-27.2
Н	7386.000	41.7	33	37.9	46.6	74.0	-27.4
Н	12310.000	43.0	33	40.5	50.5	74.0	-23.5

- 2. Average measurement method is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.



Mode: TX-Channel 01

Table 4
IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	53.8	33	29.4	50.2	54.0	-3.8
Н	4824.000	39.6	33	34.9	41.5	54.0	-12.5
Н	12060.000	32.0	33	40.5	39.5	54.0	-14.5

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	76.8	33	29.4	73.2	74.0	-0.8
Н	4824.000	52.6	33	34.9	54.5	74.0	-19.5
Н	12060.000	43.3	33	40.5	50.8	74.0	-23.2

- 2. Average measurement method is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.



Mode: TX-Channel 06

Table 5
IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	39.7	33	34.9	41.6	54.0	-12.4
Н	7311.000	30.3	33	37.9	35.2	54.0	-18.8
Н	12185.000	31.7	<i>33</i>	40.5	39.2	54.0	-14.8

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	52.5	33	34.9	54.4	74.0	-19.6
Н	7311.000	41.6	33	37.9	46.5	74.0	-27.5
Н	12185.000	43.0	33	40.5	50.5	74.0	-23.5

- 2. Average measurement method is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.



Mode: TX-Channel 11

Table 6
IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	36.8	33	29.4	33.2	54.0	-20.8
Н	4924.000	30.9	33	34.9	32.8	54.0	-21.2
Н	7386.000	30.6	33	37.9	<i>35.5</i>	54.0	-18.5
Н	12310.000	31.3	<i>33</i>	40.5	38.8	54.0	-15.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	45.0	33	29.4	41.4	74.0	-32.6
Н	4924.000	43.9	33	34.9	45.8	74.0	-28.2
Н	7386.000	43.6	33	37.9	48.5	74.0	-25.5
Н	12310.000	42.9	33	40.5	50.4	74.0	-23.6

- 2. Average measurement method is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.



Mode: TX-Channel 01

Table 7
IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polar	i- Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zatio	n (MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	57.4	33	29.4	53.8	54.0	-0.2
Н	4824.000	44.9	33	34.9	46.8	54.0	-7.2
Н	12060.000	41.9	33	40.5	49.4	54.0	-4.6

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	77.2	33	29.4	73.6	74.0	-0.4
Н	4824.000	53.9	33	34.9	55.8	74.0	-18.2
Н	12060.000	48.9	33	40.5	56.4	74.0	-17.6

- 2. Average measurement method is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.



Mode: TX-Channel 06

Table 8
IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

	1			1			
					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	44.5	33	34.9	46.4	54.0	-7.6
Н	7311.000	40.5	33	37.9	45.4	54.0	-8.6
Н	12185.000	42.3	33	40.5	49.8	54.0	-4.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
Н	4874.000	53.5	33	34.9	55.4	74.0	-18.6
Н	7311.000	51.7	33	37.9	56.6	74.0	-17.4
Н	12185.000	49.3	33	40.5	56.8	74.0	-17.2

- 2. Average measurement method is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.



Mode: TX-Channel 11

Table 9
IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	52.4	33	29.4	48.8	54.0	-5.2
Н	4924.000	44.9	33	34.9	46.8	54.0	-7.2
Н	7386.000	40.7	33	37.9	45.6	54.0	-8.4
Н	12310.000	41.9	33	40.5	49.4	54.0	-4.6

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	56.0	33	29.4	52.4	74.0	-21.6
Н	4924.000	52.9	33	34.9	54.8	74.0	-19.2
Н	7386.000	51.6	33	37.9	56.5	74.0	-17.5
Н	12310.000	49.1	33	40.5	56.6	74.0	-17.4

- 2. Average measurement method is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.



Mode: TX-Channel 01

Table 10 IEEE 802.11n (40MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	56.4	33	29.4	52.8	54.0	-1.2
Н	4844.000	46.9	33	34.9	48.8	54.0	-5.2
Н	12110.000	42.3	33	40.5	49.8	54.0	-4.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	75.8	33	29.4	72.2	74.0	-1.8
Н	4844.000	51.6	33	34.9	53.5	74.0	-20.5
Н	12110.000	47.3	33	40.5	54.8	74.0	-19.2

- 2. Average measurement method is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.



Mode: TX-Channel 06

Table 11 IEEE 802.11n (40MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	46.5	33	34.9	48.4	54.0	-5.6
Н	7311.000	40.9	33	37.9	45.8	54.0	-8.2
Н	12185.000	42.3	33	40.5	49.8	54.0	-4.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	54.5	33	34.9	56.4	74.0	-17.6
Н	7311.000	51.3	33	37.9	56.2	74.0	-17.8
Н	12185.000	49.3	33	40.5	56.8	74.0	-17.2

- 2. Average measurement method is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.



Mode: TX-Channel 11

Table 12
IEEE 802.11n (40MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	İ
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	46.4	33	29.4	42.8	54.0	-11.2
Н	4904.000	44.7	33	34.9	46.6	54.0	-7.4
Н	7356.000	40.7	33	37.9	45.6	54.0	-8.4
Н	12260.000	42.1	33	40.5	49.6	54.0	-4.4

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	56.0	33	29.4	52.4	74.0	-21.6
Н	4904.000	56.7	33	34.9	58.6	74.0	-15.4
Н	7356.000	51.9	33	37.9	56.8	74.0	-17.2
Н	12260.000	52.1	33	40.5	59.6	74.0	-14.4

- 2. Average measurement method is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.



Mode: WIFI Operating

Table 13

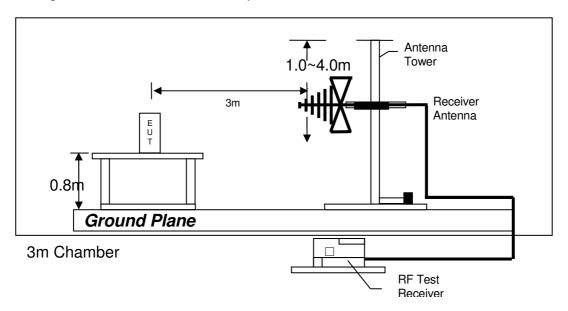
			Pre-	Antenna	Net	Limit	
	Frequency	Reading	amp	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
Polarization	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
V	35.360	39.5	16	10.0	33.5	40.0	-6.5
V	144.194	40.0	16	14.0	38.0	43.5	-5.5
Н	188.922	20.2	16	16.0	20.2	43.5	-23.3
Н	351.006	37.5	16	24.0	45.5	46.0	-0.5
Н	400.008	37.6	16	24.0	45.6	46.0	-0.4
Н	891.016	29.0	16	32.0	45.0	46.0	-1.0

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.

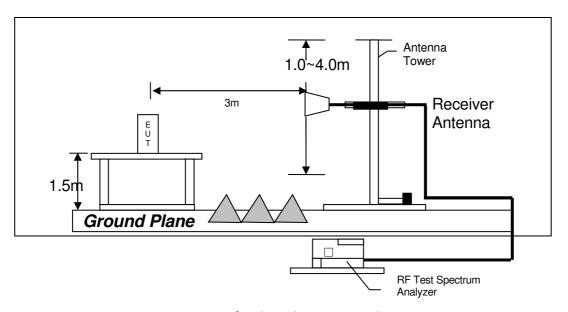


4.6.3 Radiated Emission Test Setup

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



Test setup of radiated emissions up to 1GHz



Test setup of radiated emissions above 1GHz



4.6.4 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation

Not applicable – No average factor is required.



4.7	AC Power Line Conducted Emission
	Not applicable – EUT is only powered by battery for operation.
	EUT connects to AC power line. Emission Data is listed in following pages.
	Base Unit connects to AC power line and has transmission. Handset connects to AC power line but has no transmission. Emission Data of Base Unit is listed in following pages.
4.7.1	AC Power Line Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph
	Worst Case Line-Conducted Configuration at
	0.213 MHz
Tho	worst case line conducted configuration photographs are attached in

The worst case line conducted configuration photographs are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.7.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Data

The plot(s) and data in the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Passed by 1.6 dB margin



AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

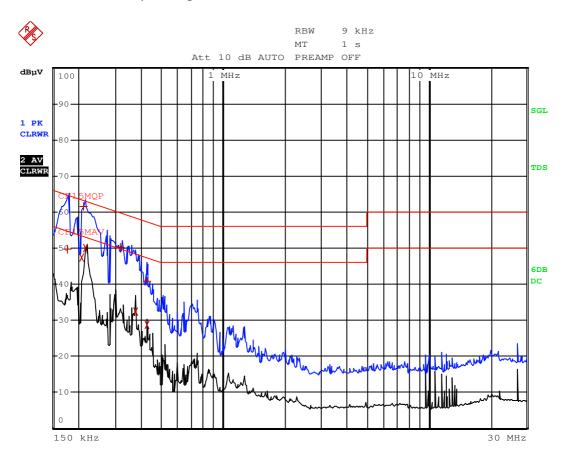
Worst Case: WIFI Operating

	EDIT	PEAK LIST (Final	l Measuremen	it Results)	
Tra	ce1:	CF15MQP			
Tra	.ce2:	CF15MAV			
Tra	.ce3:				
	TRACE	FREQUENCY	LEVEL dBµV	V DELTA LIMIT de	
1	Quasi Peak	177 kHz	49.74 N	-14.88	
2	CISPR Average	208.5 kHz	47.34 N	N -5.91	
1	Quasi Peak	213 kHz	61.46 L1	1 -1.62	
2	CISPR Average	217.5 kHz	50.12 L1	1 -2.79	
1	Quasi Peak		50.30 N	n -9.37	
2	CISPR Average	€375 kHz	32.29 L1	1 -16.09	
1	Quasi Peak	424.5 kHz	40.82 N	n -16.54	
2	CISPR Average	€424.5 kHz	28.80 L1	1 -18.55	

Date: 20.DEC.2019 11:28:37



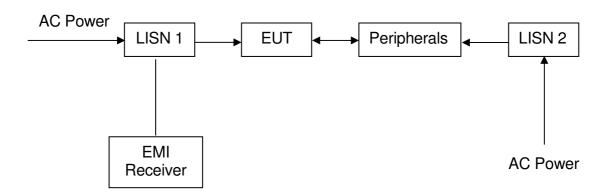
Worst Case: WIFI Operating



Date: 20.DEC.2019 11:29:04



4.7.3 Conducted Emission Test Setup

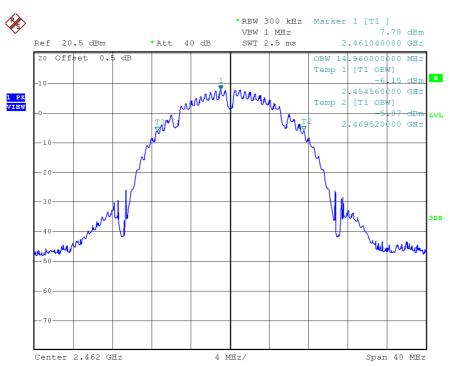




4.8 Occupied Bandwidth

Occupied Bandwidth Results: (802.11b)

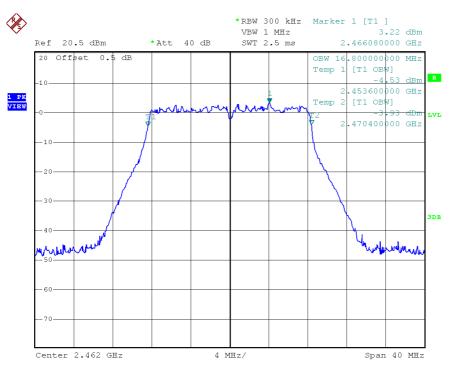
(802.11b)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	14.96
Middle Channel: 2437	14.96
High Channel: 2462	14.96





Occupied Bandwidth Results: (802.11g)

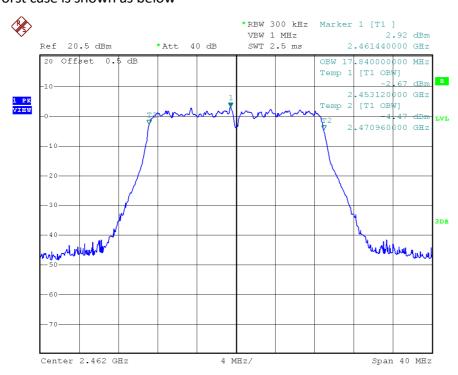
(802.11g)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	16.80
Middle Channel: 2437	16.80
High Channel: 2462	16.80





Occupied Bandwidth Results: (802.11n HT20)

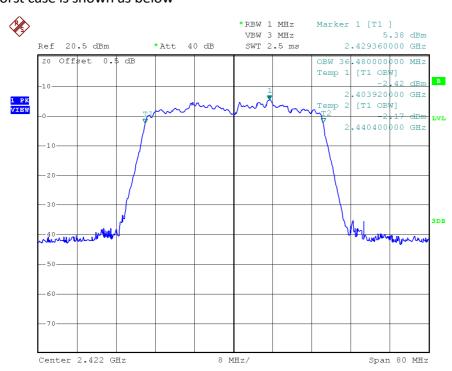
(802.11n HT20)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	17.84
Middle Channel: 2437	17.84
High Channel: 2462	17.84





Occupied Bandwidth Results: (802.11n HT40)

(802.11n HT40)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2422	36.48
Middle Channel: 2437	36.48
High Channel: 2452	36.48





EQUIPMENT LIST

1) Radiated Emissions Test

Equipment	EMI Test Receiver	Spectrum Analyzer	Biconical Antenna
Registration No.	EW-3156	EW-2466	EW-0571
Manufacturer	R&S	ROHDESCHWARZ	EMCO
Model No.	ESR26	FSP30	3104C
Calibration Date	August 01, 2019	January 06, 2019	July 23, 2019
Calibration Due Date	August 01, 2020	January 06, 2020	July 23, 2021

Equipment	Log Periodic Antenna	Double Ridged Guide Antenna	14m Double Shield RF Cable (20MHz - 6GHz)
Registration No.	EW-0447	EW-1133	EW-2074
Manufacturer	EMCO	EMCO	RADIALL
Model No.	3146	3115	Nm-RG142-
Calibration Date	September 25, 2019	November 29, 2018	March 31, 2019
Calibration Due Date	March 25, 2021	May 29, 2020	March 31, 2020

Equipment	15m 40GHz indoor RF Cable	RF Preamplifier (9kHz to 6000MHz)	Solid State Low Noise Preamplifier Assembly (1 - 18)GHz
Registration No.	EW-3032	EW-3424	EW-3229
Manufacturer	GREATBILLION	SCHWARZBECK	BONN ELEKTRO
Model No.	SMA(m) St-SMA (m) St, 15m long	BBV9744	BLMA 0118-5G
Calibration Date	May 14, 2019	July 23, 2019	June 28, 2019
Calibration Due Date	May 14, 2020	July 23, 2020	June 28, 2020

Equipment	Pyramidal Horn Antenna	Notch Filter (cutoff frequency 2.4GHz to 2.5GHz) 2 pieces	Active Loop H-field (9kHz to 30MHz)
Registration No.	EW-0905	EW-2213	EW-3326
Manufacturer	EMCO	MICROTRONICS	EMCO
Model No.	3160-09	BRM50701-02	6502
Calibration Date	July 23, 2019	July 12, 2019	March 21, 2019
Calibration Due Date	January 23, 2021	May 13, 2020	September 21, 2020



2) Conducted Emissions Test

Equipment	RF Cable 80cm (RG142) (9kHz to 30MHz)	Artificial Mains Network	EMI Test Receiver
Registration No.	EW-2453	EW-2874	EW-2666
Manufacturer	RADIALL	ROHDESCHWARZ	R&S
Model No.	RF Cable 120cm (RG142) (9kHz to 30MHz)	ENV-216	ESCI7
Calibration Date	December 24, 2018	July 05, 2019	August 28, 2019
Calibration Due Date	December 24, 2019	July 05, 2020	August 28, 2020



3) Bandwidth/Bandedge Measurement

Equipment	40GHz 5m RF Cable	Spectrum Analyzer
Registration No.	EW-2701	EW-2466
Manufacturer	GREATBILLION	ROHDESCHWARZ
Model No.	sma m-m 5m 40G	FSP30
Calibration Date	May 14, 2019	January 06, 2019
Calibration Due Date	May 14, 2020	January 06, 2020

4) Conductive Measurement Test

Equipment	Spectrum Analyzer	RF Power Meter with Power Sensor	40GHz 5m RF Cable
Registration No.	EW-2466	EW-2270	EW-2701
Manufacturer	R&S	AGILENTTECH	GREATBILLION
Model No.	FSP30	N1911A	sma m-m 5m 40G
Calibration Date	January 06, 2019	March 09, 2019	May 14, 2019
Calibration Due Date	January 06, 2020	March 09, 2020	May 14, 2020

END OF TEST REPORT