

EXHIBIT B

Measurement Report

MEASUREMENT REPORT of CORDLESS TELEPHONE

Applicant : STARLIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.
Model : TL-2900
EUT : 900 MHz Digital Spread Spectrum Telephone
FCC ID : BGRTL-2900
Report No.: S4115551

Test by :

Training Research Co., Ltd.

TEL : 886-2-27820280 FAX : 886-2-27857408

No. 5-3, Lane 21, Yen Chiu Yuan Rd., Sec. 4, Taipei, 11521 Taiwan R.O.C.

CERTIFICATION

We here by verify that:

The test data, data evaluation, test procedures and equipment configurations shown in this report were made mainly in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4 (1992) as a reference. All test were conducted by **Training Research Co., Ltd.**, No. 5-3, Lane 21, Yen-Chiu-Yuan Rd., Sec. 4, Taipei, 11521 Taiwan, R.O.C. Also, we attest to the accuracy of each.

We further submit that the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in the report is **in compliance with** the technical requirements set forth in the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.233.

Applicant : STARLIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Equipment : 900MHz Digital Spread Spectrum Telephone

Model No. : TL-2900

FCC ID : BGRTL-2900

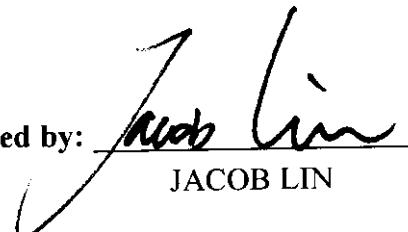
Report No. : S4115551

Test Date : JUL. 4, 1998

Prepared by:


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I. GENERAL

1.1 Introduction

The following measurement report is submitted on behalf of Applicant in support of a Cordless Telephone certification in accordance with Part 2 Subpart J and Part 15 Subpart A and C of the Commission's Rules and Regulations.

1.2 Description of EUT

EUT	: 900MHz Digital Spread Spectrum Telephone
Model	: TL-2900
FCC ID	: BGRTL-2900
Frequency Range	: Base: 902 - 928 MHz Handset: 902 - 928 MHz
Support Channel	: 20 Channel
Modulation Skill	: TDMA / Spread spectrum
Security Code	: 12-bit P/N code, 8-bit scramble, 16-bit 2D
Power Type	: Base Powered by 120 Vac 60 Hz 14W / 9 Vdc 500 mA Handset powered by 3.6 V / 600 mA.
Power Cord	: Nonshielded
Phone Line	: RJ-11C => Nonshielded, 7' long, Plastic hoods, No bead
Applicant	: STARLIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. 6/F, SHING DAO IND'L BLDG, 252 ABERDEEN MAIN ROAD, ABERDEEN, HONG KONG.

1.3 Description of Support Equipment

In order to construct the minimum testing, following equipment were used as the support units.

PSTN Simulator: TRC Public Switched Telephone Network Simulator
Model No. : RC-PSTN-130
Serial No. : N/A
Notebook : CER Notebook
Model No. : 386SL
Serial No. : 001855
Power Type: Linear
Power Core: unshielded, 6' long, Plastic hoods, No ferrite bead
FCC ID : Q8V486S

1.4 Configuration of System Under Test

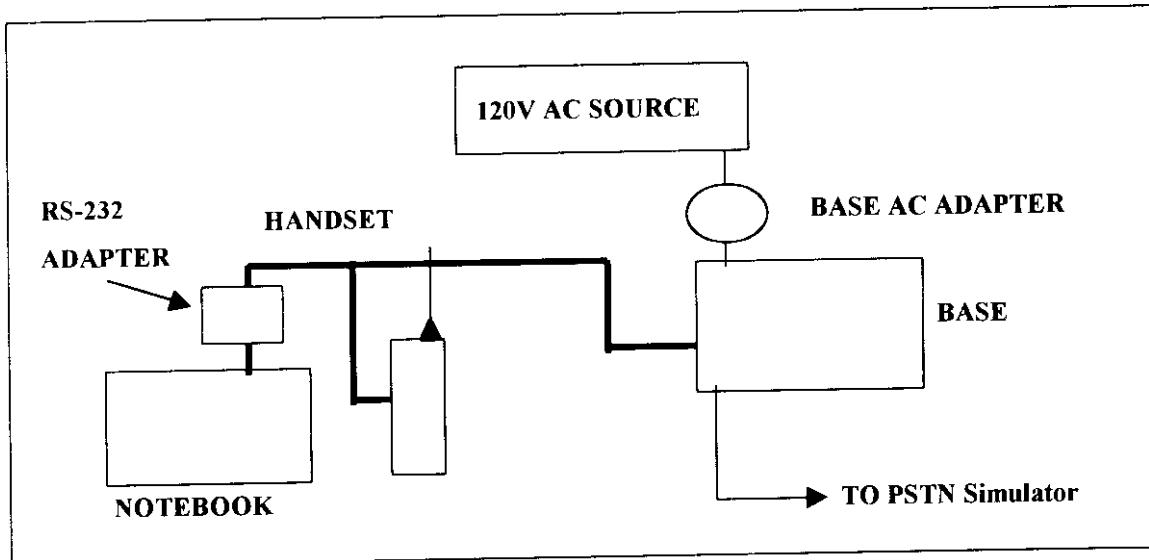


Fig. 1 Configuration of system under test

The tests below are run with the DCT transmitter set at high power in TDD mode. A serial port from a computer to the DCT UUT is needed to force selection of output power level and channel number.

The setting up procedure was recorded in Appendix A.

1.5 Verify the frequency and channel

1.5.1 Verify the Frequency Pairs

Channel	Base (MHz)	Handset (MHz)	Channel	Base (MHz)	Handset (MHz)
1	903.82515	903.82510	11	915.60287	915.59848
2	904.82146	904.79980	12	916.79846	916.80078
3	906.02245	906.00408	13	918.04690	918.04688
4	907.21890	907.21859	14	919.25848	919.26008
5	908.42280	908.40859	15	920.39996	920.39889
6	909.59895	909.59898	16	921.59888	921.60846
7	910.81880	910.79084	17	922.79988	922.79988
8	912.00880	912.01746	18	924.00846	924.00488
9	913.21260	913.20260	19	925.22808	925.21808
10	914.80020	914.76324	20	926.52506	926.66300

Note:

1. This is for sure that all frequencies are in 902 MHz to 928 MHz.
2. Section 15.31(m): Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers shall be performed at three frequencies for operating frequency range over 10 MHz. (The locations of these frequencies one near the top, one near the middle and one near the bottom.)
3. After test, the EUT operating frequencies are in 903 MHz to 927 MHz. So all the items as followed in testing report are need to test these three frequencies: top: channel 1, middle: channel 10, bottom: channel 20.

1.6 Test Procedure

All measurements contained in this report were performed mainly according to the techniques described in ANSI C63.4 (1992) and the pre-setup was written on Appendix A. the detail setup was written on each test item.

1.7 Location of the Test Site

The radiated emissions measurements required by the rules were performed on the three-meter, open-field test site maintained by Training Research Co., Ltd. No. 5-3, Lane 21, Yen-Chiu-Yuan Rd., Sec. 4, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C. Complete description and measurement data have been placed on file with the commission. The conducted power line emissions tests and other test items were performed in a shielded enclosure also located at Training Research Co., Ltd. 1F, No. 569, Chung Hsiao E. Sec. 7, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C. Training Research Co., Ltd. is listed by the FCC as a facility available to do measurement work for others on a contract basis.

1.8 General Test Condition

The conditions under which the EUT operates were varied to determine their effect on the equipment's emission characteristics. The final configuration of the test system and the mode of operation used during these tests was chosen as that which produced the highest emission levels. However, only those conditions which the EUT was considered likely to encounter in normal use were investigated.

In test, the base and handset are tested separately. They were set in high power and continuously transmitting mode that controlled by computer. The ch01, ch10 and ch20 of base and handset were all tested. The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

II. Section 15.207: Power line conducted emissions for AC powered units

2.1 Test Condition & Setup

The power line conducted emission measurements were performed in a shielded enclosure. The EUT was assembled on a wooden table which is 80 centimeters high, was placed 40 centimeters from the backwall and at least 1 meter from the sidewall.

Power was fed to the EUT from the public utility power grid through a line filter and EMCO Model 3825/2 Line Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs). The LISN housing, measuring instrumentation case, ground plane, etc., were electrically bonded together at the same RF potential. The Spectrum analyzer was connected to the AC line through an isolation transformer. The 50-ohm output of the LISN was connected to the spectrum analyzer directly. Conducted emission levels were in the CISPER quasi-peak detection mode. The analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 9 KHz. No post-detector video filter was used.

The spectrum was scanned from 450 KHz to 30 MHz. The physical arrangement of the test system and associated cabling was varied (within the scope of arrangements likely to be encountered in actual use) to determine the effect on the unit's emanations in amplitude and frequency. All spurious emission frequencies were observed. The highest emission amplitudes relative to the appropriate limit were measured and have been recorded in paragraph 2.4.

There are three test condition apply in this test item, the test procedure description as the following:

1. Base station transmit only:
Using the RS-232 port of notebook and Rockwell software to control the base, handset.
Then making access to the mode of continuous transmission. Three channel is tested, one in the top (CH01), one in the middle (CH10) and the other in bottom (CH20).
2. Idle state (handset park, on hook mode)

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

2.2 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input impedance
Hewlett Packard	100Hz-1.5GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8591EM	50.00
EMCO	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	3825/2	50.00
TRC	Shielded Room	TRC-SR!	N/A

2.4 Test Result of Conducted Emissions

2.4.1 Base station transmit only

The following table shows a summary of the highest emissions of power line conducted emissions on the HOT and NATURAL conductors of the EUT power cord.

Model No. : TL-2900

EUT : 900MHz Digital Spread Spectrum Telephone

Table 1 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Channel 01)

(Channel 01)Power Emissions		Connected	FCC	Class B
Conductor	Frequency (KHz)	Peak Amplitude (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
Line 1	5080.00	22.78	48	-25.22
	5190.00	23.78	48	-24.22
	5390.00	25.67	48	-22.33
	5780.00	26.70	48	-21.30
	6020.00	33.84	48	-14.16
	6420.00	23.43	48	-24.57
	17950.00	27.66	48	-20.34
	24120.00	22.53	48	-25.47
	28570.00	22.36	48	-25.64
	29800.00	35.50	48	-12.50
LINE 2	5050.00	22.54	48	-25.46
	5430.00	25.27	48	-22.73
	5610.00	26.96	48	-21.04
	6020.00	33.63	48	-14.37
	6140.00	24.79	48	-23.21
	6340.00	23.83	48	-24.17
	6840.00	21.78	48	-26.22
	17950.00	27.59	48	-20.41
	24120.00	22.58	48	-25.42
	29800.00	36.03	48	-11.97

NOTE:

1. Margin = Peak Amplitude - Limit
2. A "+" sign in the margin column means the emission is OVER the Class B Limit and "-" sign of means UNDER the Class B limit.

Table 2 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Channel 10)

Power Conductor	Connected Frequency (KHz)	Emissions Peak Amplitude (dBuV)	FCC Limit (dBuV)	Class B Margin (dB)
LINE1	4950.00	21.44	48	-26.56
	5430.00	27.04	48	-20.96
	5610.00	26.67	48	-21.33
	5820.00	28.18	48	-19.82
	6020.00	33.53	48	-14.47
	6510.00	23.93	48	-24.07
	7120.00	21.77	48	-26.23
	17950.00	27.14	48	-20.86
	24120.00	24.21	48	-23.79
	29800.00	34.85	48	-13.15
LINE2	5250.00	23.48	48	-24.52
	5430.00	24.36	48	-23.64
	5650.00	25.81	48	-22.19
	5780.00	26.52	48	-21.48
	6020.00	32.48	48	-15.52
	6380.00	22.92	48	-25.08
	6650.00	21.05	48	-26.95
	17950.00	27.59	48	-20.41
	23940.00	21.88	48	-26.12
	29800.00	35.69	48	-12.31

NOTE:

1. Margin = Peak Amplitude - Limit
2. A "+" sign in the margin column means the emission is OVER the Class B Limit and "-" sign of means UNDER the Class B limit.

Table 3 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Channel 20)

Power Conductor	Connected Frequency (KHz)	Emissions Peak Amplitude (dBuV)	FCC Limit (dBuV)	Class B Margin (dB)
LINE1	4950.00	21.27	48	-26.73
	5080.00	21.76	48	-26.24
	5320.00	25.31	48	-22.69
	5610.00	27.19	48	-20.81
	6020.00	33.98	48	-14.02
	6300.00	24.22	48	-23.78
	7120.00	21.26	48	-26.74
	17950.00	26.97	48	-21.03
	23940.00	25.33	48	-22.67
	29800.00	35.11	48	-12.89
LINE2	4810.00	21.29	48	-26.71
	5050.00	22.75	48	-25.25
	5150.00	23.89	48	-24.11
	5320.00	24.41	48	-23.59
	5700.00	26.75	48	-21.25
	6020.00	32.69	48	-15.31
	6300.00	23.41	48	-24.59
	17950.00	27.21	48	-20.79
	24120.00	22.23	48	-25.77
	29800.00	36.29	48	-11.71

NOTE:

1. Margin = Peak Amplitude- Limit
2. A "+" sign in the margin column means the emission is OVER the Class B Limit and "-" sign of means UNDER the Class B limit.

Table 4 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Idle State)

Power Conductor	Connected Frequency (KHz)	Emissions Peak Amplitude (dBuV)	FCC Limit (dBuV)	Class B Margin (dB)
LINE1	769.00	23.93	48	-24.07
	788.00	22.56	48	-25.44
	7490.00	22.15	48	-25.85
	7820.00	22.7	48	-25.30
	9640.00	22.17	48	-25.83
	10090.00	23.52	48	-24.48
	10440.00	26.50	48	-21.50
	10810.00	26.55	48	-21.45
	17950.00	25.13	48	-22.87
	29800.00	27.76	48	-20.24
LINE2	7170.00	20.21	48	-27.79
	7450.00	21.49	48	-26.51
	7820.00	20.43	48	-27.57
	8150.00	20.25	48	-27.75
	8640.00	21.09	48	-26.91
	10090.00	22.20	48	-25.80
	10810.00	25.57	48	-22.43
	17950.00	24.83	48	-23.17
	23800.00	20.37	48	-27.63
	29800.00	28.95	48	-19.05

NOTE:

1. Margin = Peak Amplitude - Limit.
2. A "+" sign in the margin column means the emission is OVER the Class B Limit and "-" sign of means UNDER the Class B limit.

III. Section 15.247(a)(2): Bandwidth for direct sequence system.

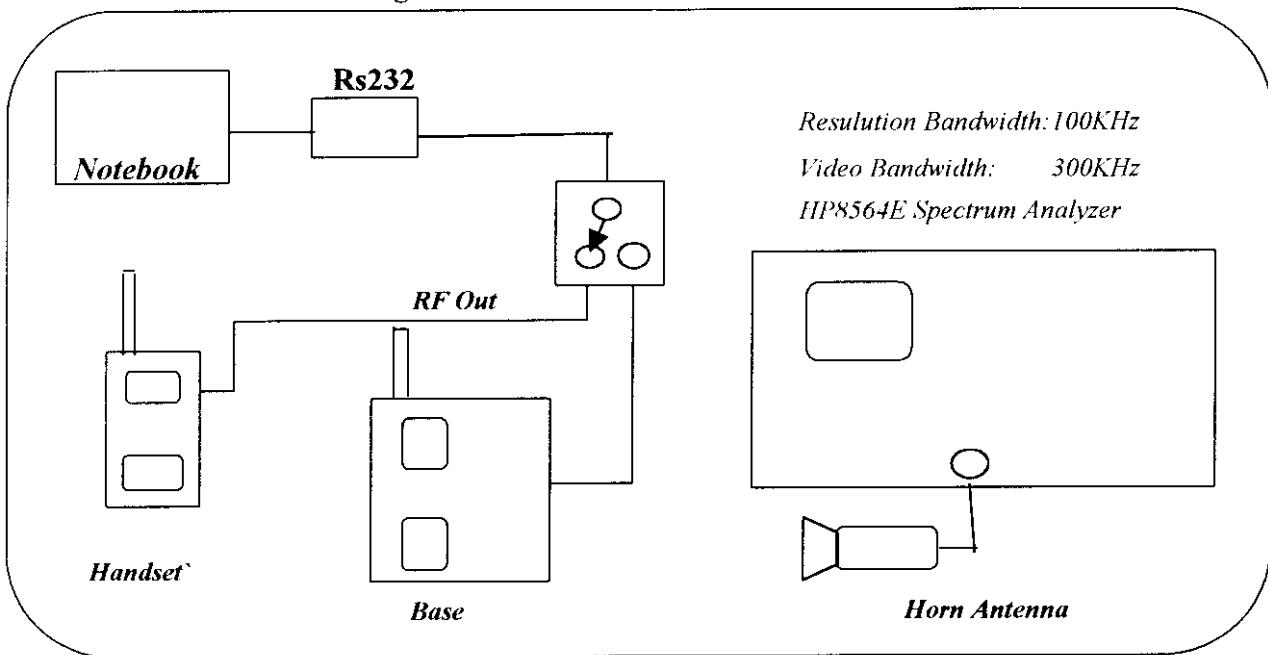
3.1 Test Condition & Setup

The transmitter bandwidth measurements were performed in a shielded enclosure. The EUT was placed on a wooded table which is 0.8 meters height. The EUT was set to transmit continuously. Various channels were also investigated to find the maximum occupied bandwidth. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 KHz.

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 KHz. Set the span>> RBW. The detector function was set to peak and hold mode to clearly observe the components.

Setting up procedure is written on Appendix A.

3.2 Test Instruments Configuration



P.S. A serial port from notebook computer to control the EUT at maximal power output and channel Number.

Fig 10. Test Configuration of bandwidth for direct sequence system

3.3 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input	Impedance
Hewlett Packard	.9KHz – 40 GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8564E		50.00

3.4 Test Result of Bandwidth

Bandwidth of Channel 1

Bandwidth of Base : 1.22 MHz

Bandwidth of Handset : 1.25 MHz

The min. 6 dB BW at least : 500 KHz

Bandwidth of Channel 10

Bandwidth of Base : 1.25 MHz

Bandwidth of Handset : 1.25 MHz

The min. 6 dB BW at least : 500 KHz

Bandwidth of Channel 20

Bandwidth of Base : 1.22 MHz

Bandwidth of Handset : 1.23 MHz

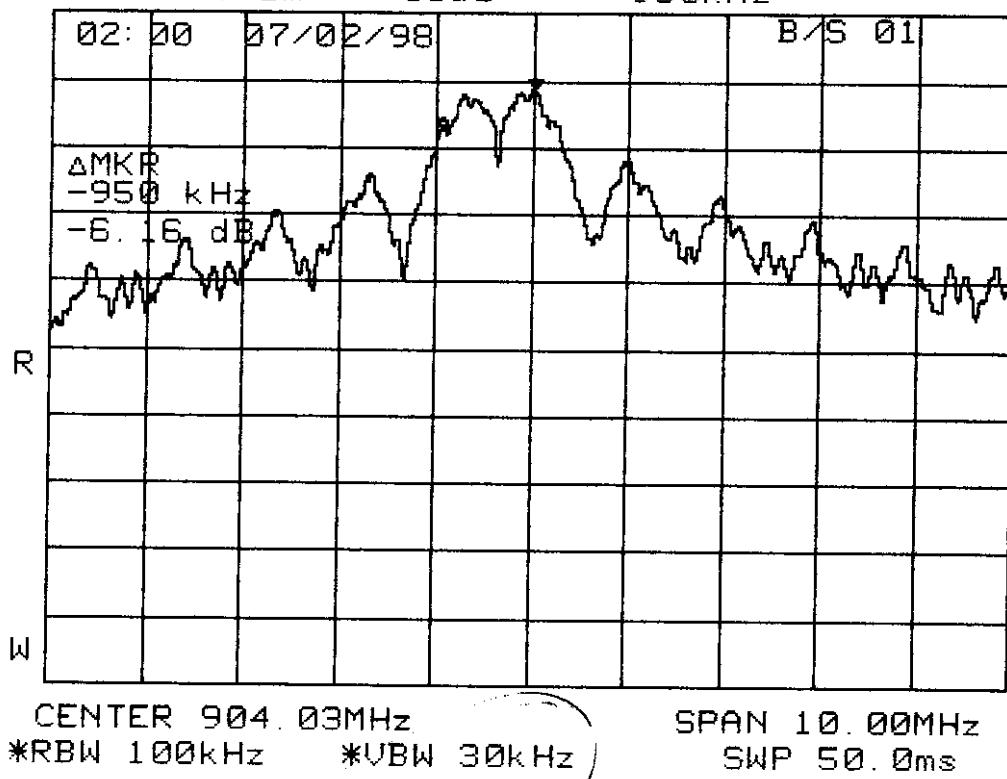
The min. 6 dB BW at least : 500 KHz

Note:

1. The data in the above table are summarize the following attachment spectrum analyzer hard copy.
2. The attachment follow by this page and there is no page number.

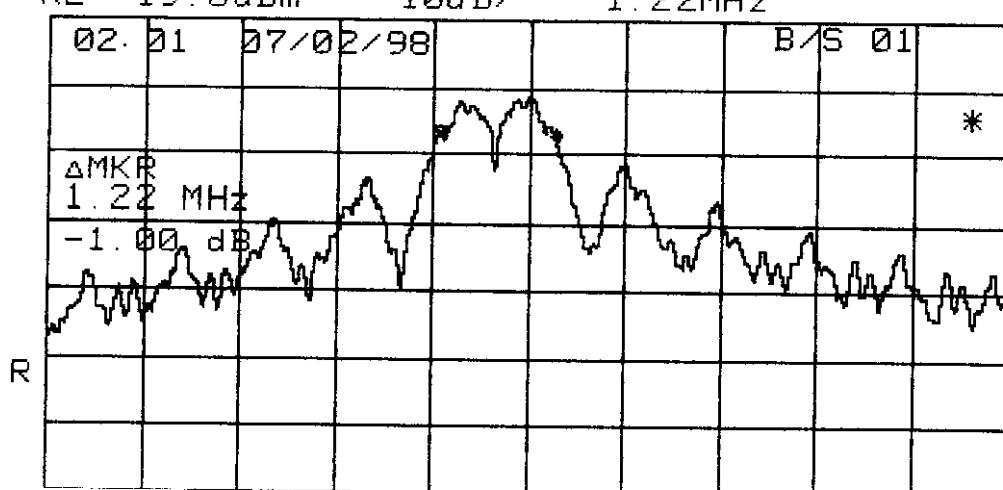
*ATTEN 30dB
RL -19.8dBm 10dB/

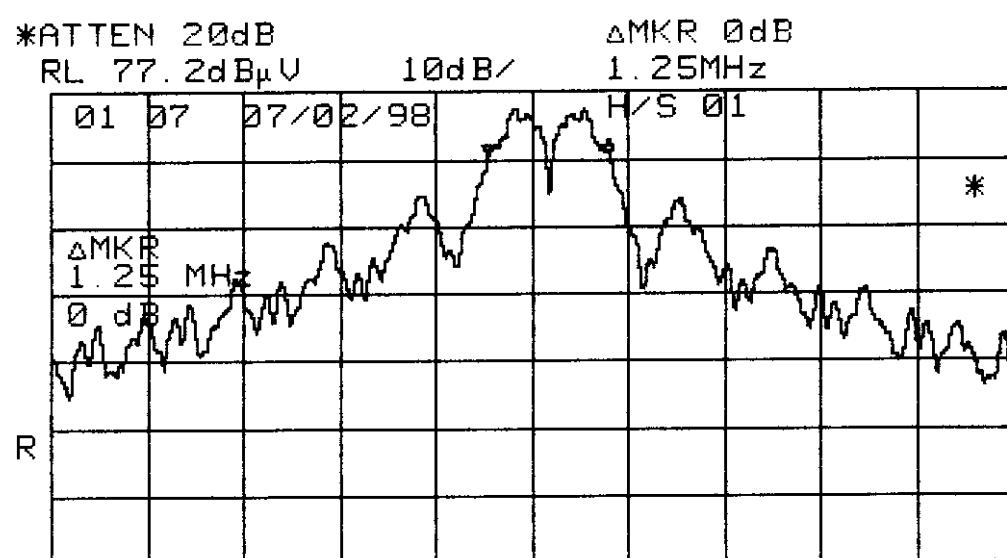
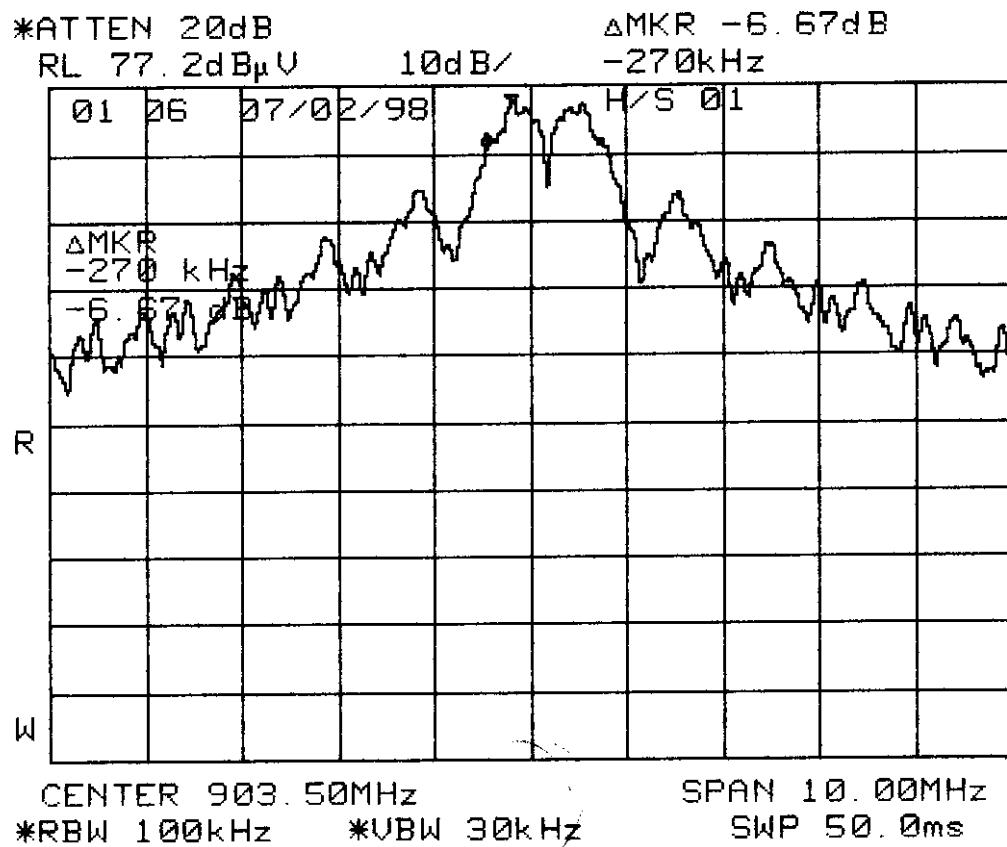
ΔMKR -6.16dB
-950kHz



*ATTEN 30dB
RL -19.8dBm 10dB/

ΔMKR -1.00dB
1.22MHz





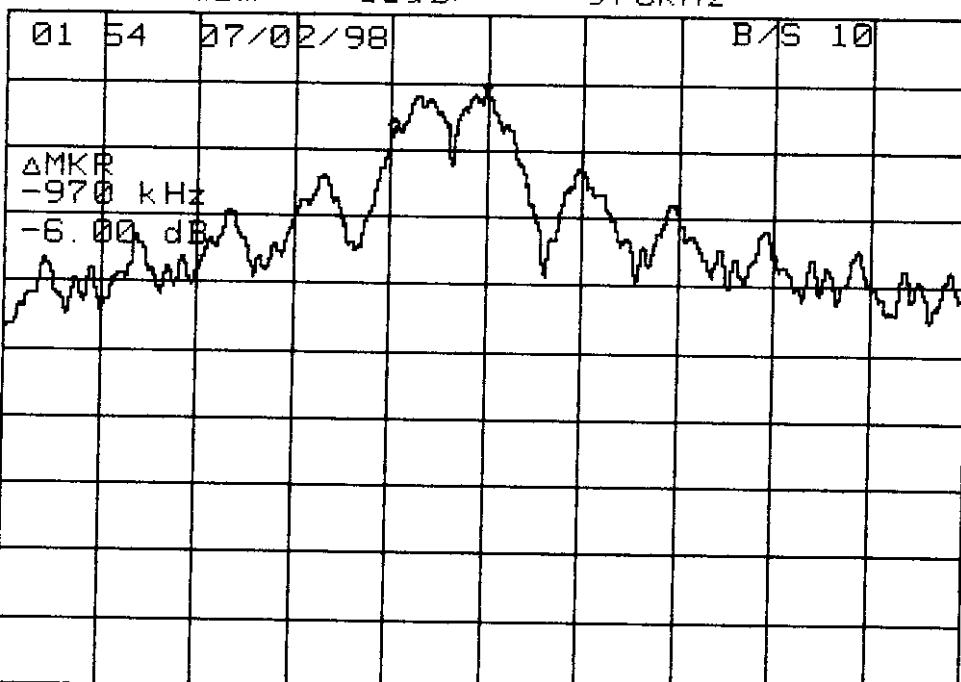
*ATTEN 30dB

RL -19.8dBm

10dB/

ΔMKR -6.00dB

-970kHz



CENTER 914.83MHz

*RBW 100kHz

*VBW 30kHz

SPAN 10.00MHz

SWP 50.0ms

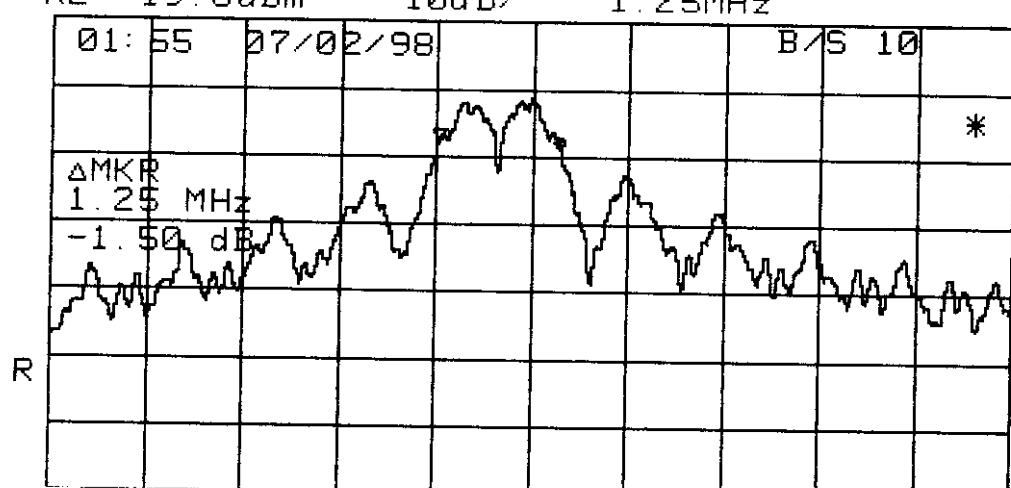
*ATTEN 30dB

RL -19.8dBm

10dB/

ΔMKR -1.50dB

1.25MHz



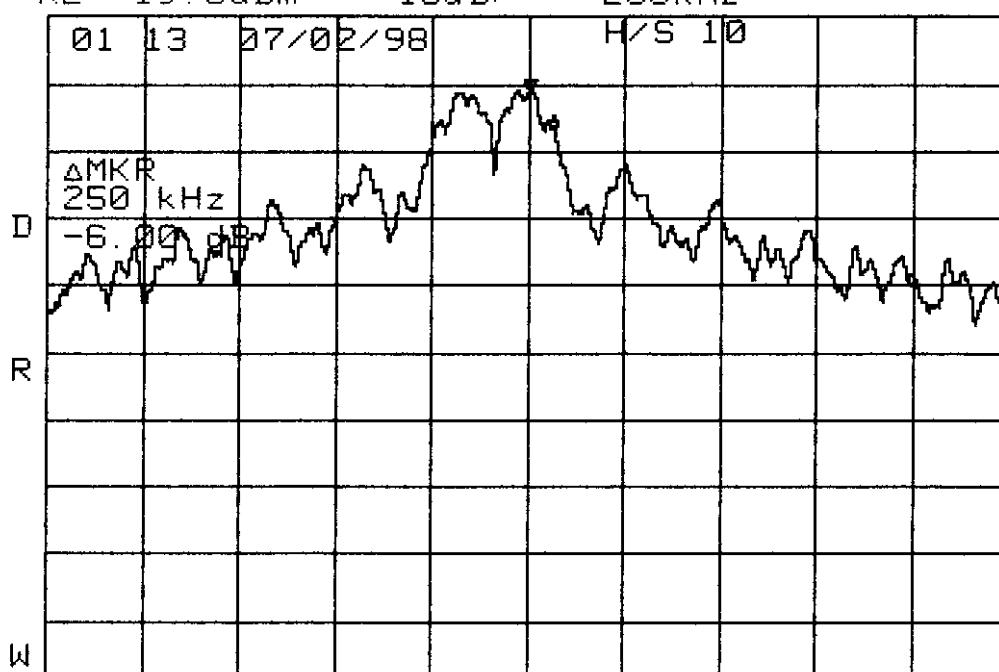
*ATTEN 30dB

RL -19.8dBm

10dB/

ΔMKR -6.00dB

250kHz



CENTER 914.83MHz
*RBW 100kHz *UBW 30kHz

SPAN 10.00MHz
SWP 50.0ms

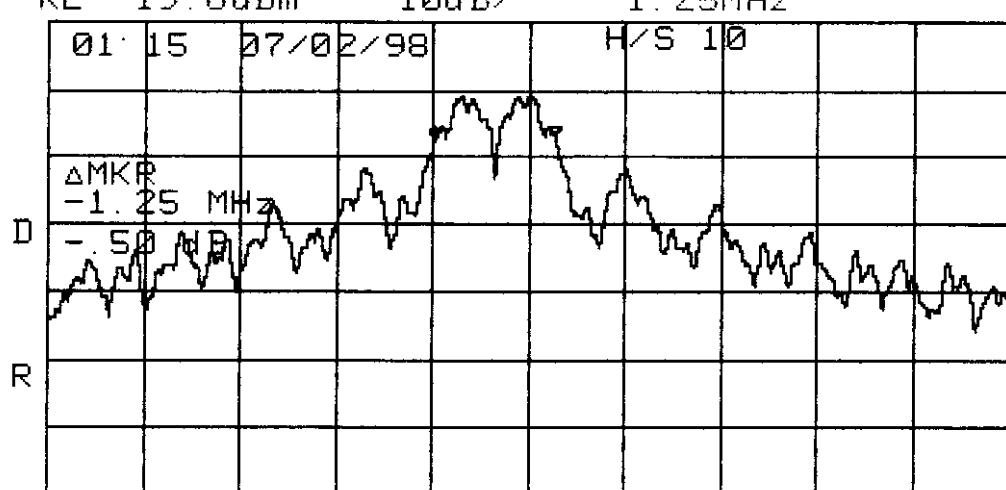
*ATTEN 30dB

RL -19.8dBm

10dB/

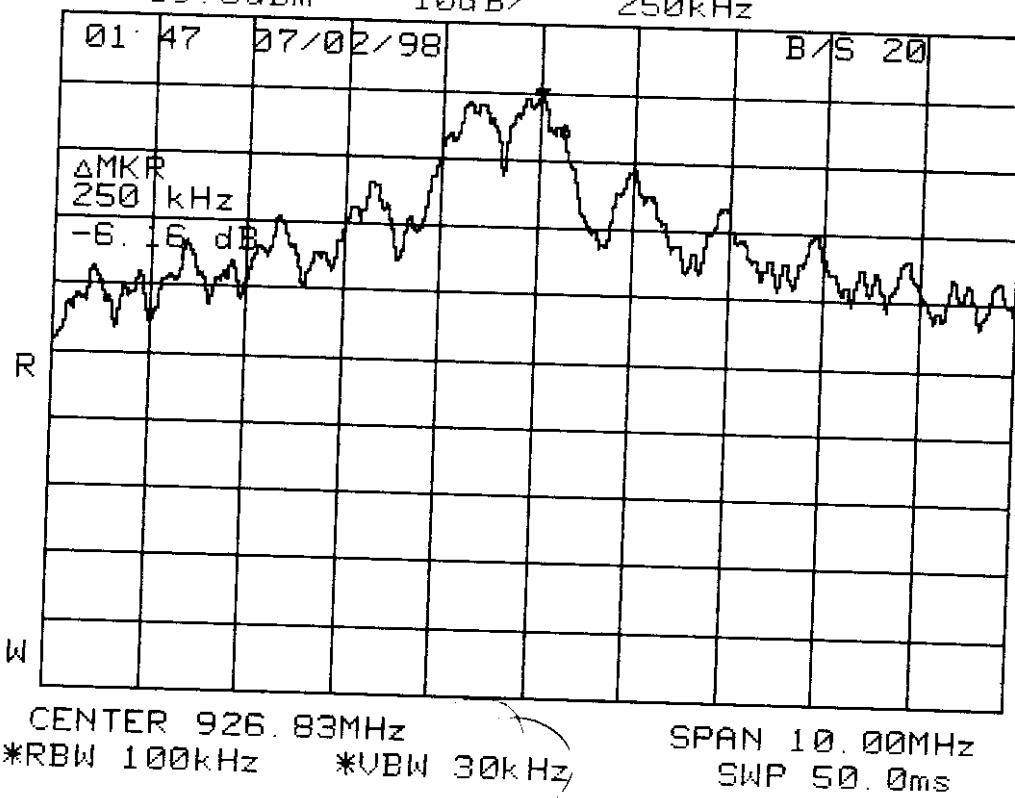
ΔMKR -1.50dB

-1.25MHz



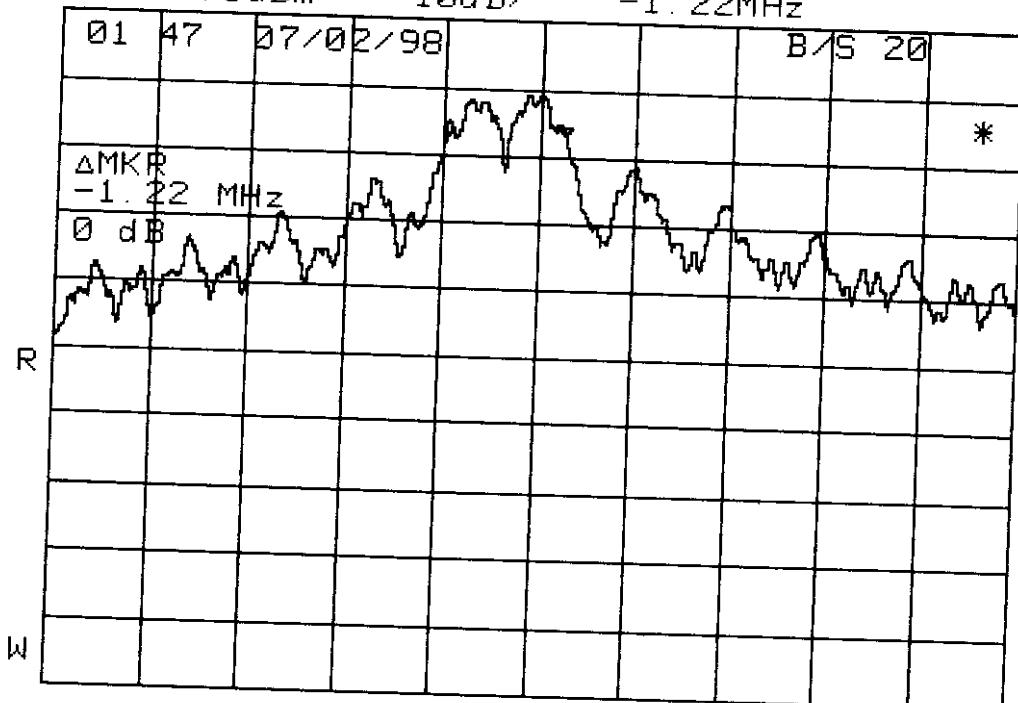
*ATTEN 30dB
RL -19.8dBm 10dB/
ΔMKR -6.16dB

250kHz



*ATTEN 30dB
RL -19.8dBm 10dB/
ΔMKR 0dB

-1.22MHz



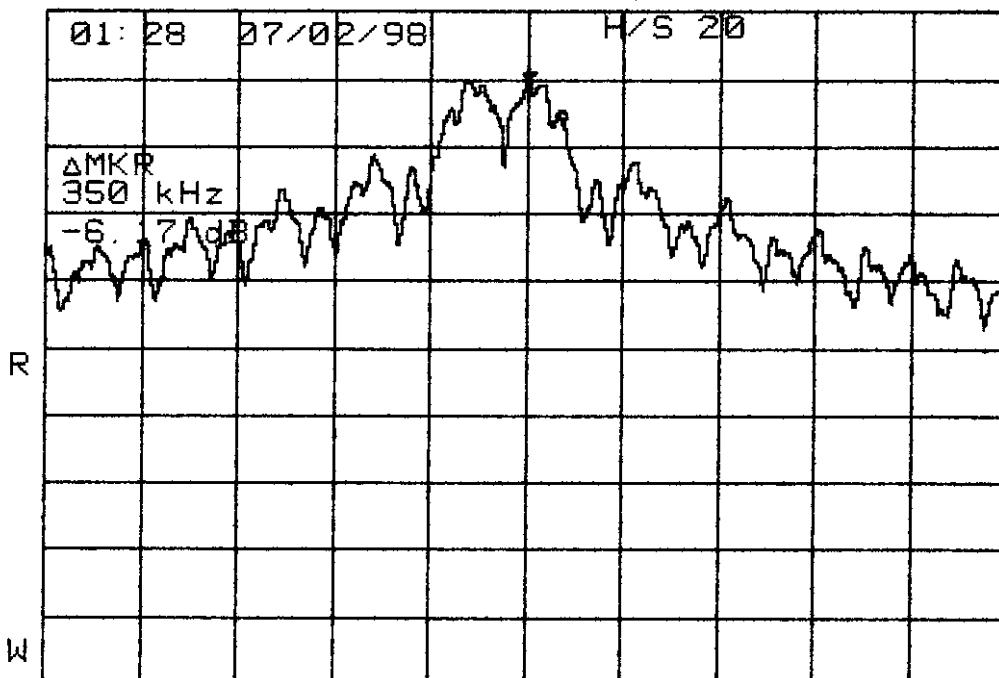
*ATTEN 30dB

RL -19.8dBm

10dB/

ΔMKR -6.17dB

350kHz



CENTER 926.72MHz

*RBW 100kHz

*VBW 30kHz

SPAN 10.00MHz

SWP 50.0ms

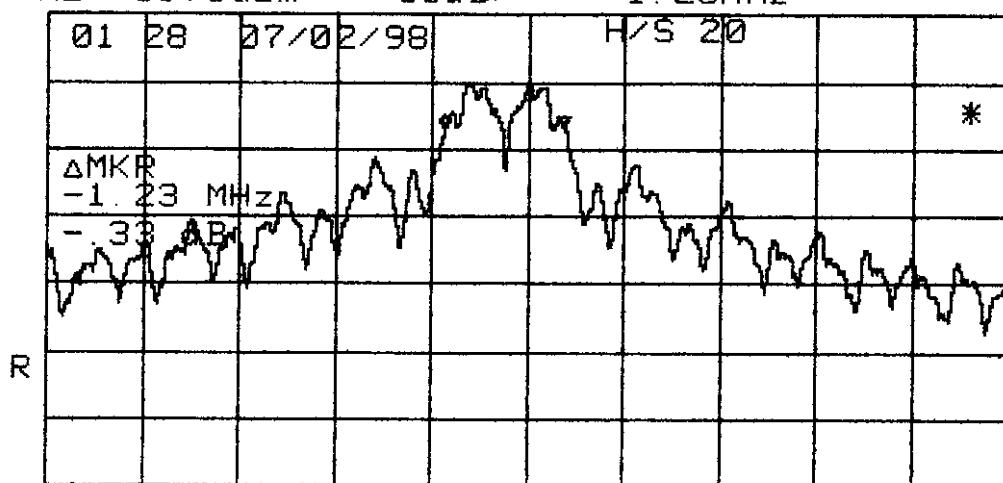
*ATTEN 30dB

RL -19.8dBm

10dB/

ΔMKR -33dB

-1.23MHz



IV. Section 15.247(B): Power Output

4.1 Test Condition & Setup

Prior to open-field testing, the EUT was placed in a shielded enclosure and scanned at a close distance to determine its emission characteristics. The physical arrangement of the EUT was varied (within the scope of arrangements likely to be encountered in actual use) to determine the effect on the unit's emanations in amplitude, directivity, and frequency. The exact system configuration which produced the highest emissions was noted so it could be reproduced later during the open-field tests. This was done to ensure that the final measurements would demonstrate the worst-case interference potential of the EUT.

Final radiation measurements were made on a three-meter, open-field test site. The EUT system was placed on a nonconductive turntable which is 0.8 meters height, top surface 1.0 x 1.5 meter.

The spectrum was examined from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using an Hewlett Packard 8591A Spectrum Analyzer, EMCO Biconical Antenna (Model 3110) for 30 - 200 MHz, EMCO Log-Periodic Antenna (Model 3146) for 200 - 1000 MHz.

At each frequency, the EUT was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna was raised and lowered from one to four meters to find the maximum emission levels. Measurements were taken using both horizontal and vertical antenna polarization.

Appropriate preamplifiers were used for improving sensitivity and precautions were taken to avoid overloading or desensitizing the spectrum analyzer. The spectrum analyzer HP8568b used on this testing for frequency 30MHz to 1000MHz. No post-detector video filters were used in the test. Set the RB= 3 MHz, VB = 3MHz and the span = 5 MHz. The analyzer was operated in the maximum hold mode.

There are two test condition apply in this test item, the test procedure description as the following:

(1) Base and handset station transmit only:

Using the RS-232 port of notebook and Rockwell software to control the base, handset. Then making access to the mode of continuous transmission. Three channel is tested, one in the top (CH01), one in the middle (CH10) and the other in bottom (CH20).

With the transmitter operating from a fully charged battery and using the internal antenna.

Radiates spurious emissions falling within the restricted bands of 15.209 were measured at operating frequencies corresponding to low, mid and high channels in the 902-928 MHz band.

The actual field intensity in decibels referenced to 1 microvolt per meter (dB_{BuV/m}) is determined by algebraically adding the measured reading in dB_{BuV}, the antenna factor (dB), and cable loss (dB) at the appropriate frequency.

4.2 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	100Hz-1.5GHz Spectrum Analyze	HP8568B	50.00
Hewlett Packard	50kHz-22GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8592B	50.00
Hewlett Packard	10KHz-1GHz Quasi-peak Adapte	HP85650A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	20Hz-2GHz RF Preselector	HP85685A	50.00
Anritsu	0.1-1200MHz Preamplifier	MH648A	50.00
EMCO	20-300MHz Biconical Antenna	3110.00	50.00
EMCO	200-1000MHz Log-Periodic Antenna	3146.00	50.00
TRC	Open Field Test Site	TRC-OFTS1	N/A
TRC	Notch Filter	N/A	50.00

4.3 Test Result of Fundamental Emissions

The peak values of fundamental emissions from the EUT at various antenna heights, antenna polarization, EUT orientation, etc. are recorded on the following.

Model No. : TL-2900

EUT : 900MHz Digital Spread Spectrum Telephone

Table 6 Open Field Fundamental Emissions

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	A.P. (H/V)	A.H. (CM)	Table (degree)	Amplitude (Peak) (dBuV/m)	E.R.P.(Peak)	
						mW	dBm
Base 01	903.825	H	100.00	125.00	108.91	14.23	11.53
		V	100.00	49.00	109.19	15.18	11.81
Base 10	914.800	H	100.00	301.00	108.94	14.33	11.56
		V	100.00	256.00	109.19	15.18	11.81
Base 20	926.525	H	100.00	196.00	107.76	10.92	10.38
		V	100.00	309.00	108.54	13.07	11.16
Handset 01	903.825	H	100.00	350.00	102.77	3.46	5.39
		V	100.00	359.00	107.61	10.55	10.23
Handset 10	914.763	H	100.00	190.00	101.76	2.72	4.35
		V	100.00	209.00	108.77	13.78	11.39
Handset 20	926.663	H	100.00	288.00	101.52	2.60	4.14
		V	100.00	298.00	106.75	8.66	9.37

Note.

1. A.P. means antenna polarization, horizontal and vertical.
2. A.H. means antenna height.
3. Table means turntable turning position.
4. Amplitude means the fundamental emission measured.
5. Effective Radiation Power (E.R.P.) = $(E \cdot d)^2 / 30G$

E is the measured maximum field strength in V/m utilizing the maximum hold mode RBW (3MHz).

G is the numeric gain of the transmitting antenna over an isotropic radiator (1.64).

d is the distance in meters from which the field strength was measured (3M).

Example: the Max Radiation Emission of base ch01 = 108.91 dBuV/m

$$10^{108.91/20} \times 10^{-6} = 0.27893 \text{ V}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{E.R.P.} &= (0.27893 \times 3)^2 / 49.2 = 14.23 \text{ mW} = 10 \times \log (14.23 \text{ mW}/1\text{mW}) \\ &= 11.53 \text{ dBm} \end{aligned}$$

V. Section 15.247 (C)(2): Spurious emissions (Radiated)

5.1 Test Condition & Setup

Prior to open-field testing, the EUT was placed in a shielded enclosure and scanned at a close distance to determine its emission characteristics. The physical arrangement of the EUT was varied (within the scope of arrangements likely to be encountered in actual use) to determine the effect on the unit's emanations in amplitude, directivity, and frequency. The exact system configuration which produced the highest emissions was noted so it could be reproduced later during the open-field tests. This was done to ensure that the final measurements would demonstrate the worst-case interference potential of the EUT.

Final radiation measurements were made on a three-meter, open-field test site. The EUT system was placed on a nonconductive turntable which is 0.8 meters height, top surface 1.0 x 1.5 meter.

The spectrum was examined from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using an Hewlett Packard 8591A Spectrum Analyzer, EMCO Biconical Antenna (Model 3110) for 30 - 200 MHz, EMCO Log-Periodic Antenna (Model 3146) for 200 - 1000 MHz and spectrum was examined from 1 GHz to 18GHz using an Hewlett Packard 8592A Spectrum Analyzer, EMCO Horn Antenna (Model 3115) for 1 G - 18 GMHz.

At each frequency, the EUT was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna was raised and lowered from one to four meters to find the maximum emission levels. Measurements were taken using both horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations.

Appropriate preamplifiers were used for improving sensitivity and precautions were taken to avoid overloading or desensitizing the spectrum analyzer. There are two spectrum analyzers use on this testing ,HP8568b for frequency 30MHz to 1000MHz, and HP8592A for frequency 1 GHz to 18 GHz. No post-detector video filters were used in the test. The spectrum analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 120 KHz (spectrum was examined from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz), the spectrum analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 1 MHz (spectrum was examined from 1 GHz to 18GHz) and the analyzer was operated in the maximum hold mode.

There are two test condition apply in this test item, the test procedure description as the following:

(1) Base and handset station transmit only:

Using the RS-232 port of notebook and Rockwell software to control the base , handset. Then making access to the mode of continuous transmission. Three channel is tested, one in the top (CH01), one in the middle (CH10) and the other in bottom (CH20).

With the transmitter operating from a fully charged battery and using the internal antenna, radiates spurious emissions falling within the restricted bands of 15.209 were measured at operating frequencies corresponding to low, mid and high channels in the 902-928 MHz band.

The actual field intensity in decibels referenced to 1 microvolt per meter (dB_{UV}/m) is determined by algebraically adding the measured reading in dB_{UV}, the antenna factor (dB), and cable loss (dB) at the appropriate frequency.

For frequency between 30MHz to 1000MHz

FIa (dBuV/m) = FIr (dBuV) + Correction Factors

FIa : Actual Field Intensity

FIr : Reading of the Field Intensity

Correction Factors = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss

For frequency between 1 GHz to 18 GMHz

FIa(dBuV/m) = FIr(dBuV) + Correction Factor - Duty Cycle

FIa : Actual Field Intensity

FIr : Reading of the Field Intensity

Correction Factors = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Distance Factor (9.54dB)- Amplifier Gain

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

5.2 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	9KHz-2.9 GHz Spectrum Analyze	HP8594EM	50.00
Hewlett Packard	50kHz-22GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8592A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	10KHz-1GHz Quasi-peak Adapte	HP85650A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	20Hz-2GHz RF Preselector	HP85685A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	1GHz-26.5GHz Preamplifier	HP8449B	50.00
Anritsu	0.1-1200MHz Preamplifier	MH648A	50.00
EMCO	20-300MHz Biconical Antenna	3110.00	50.00
EMCO	200-1000MHz Log-Periodic Antenna	3146.00	50.00
EMCO	1G-18GMHz Double Ridge Antenna	3115.00	50.00
TRC	Open Field Test Site	TRC-OFTS1	N/A
TRC	Notch Filter	N/A	50.00
TRC	Horn Antenna with Amplifier	TRC1	50.00

5.2.1 Duty Cycle Factor Measurement

The duty cycle factor measurement is performed in a shield enclosure. The test condition and setup is as same as paragraph III . Set the RB = 1MHz, VB=1MHz, and span = 0 MHz. Link the base and handset ,then get the Time of duty and cycle as follow page.

The duty cycle factor = $20 \log (T_{duty} / T_{cycle}) = 20 \log (1.9 / 4) = -6.46$

09:31:15 JUL 18, 1998

REF 107.0 dB μ V AT 10 dB

MKRA -1.9000 msec

-.11 dB

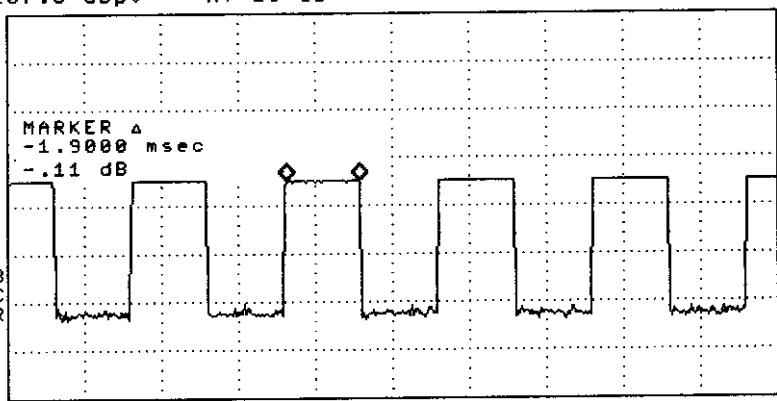
PEAK

LOG

10

dB/

VA SB
SC FC
CORR



MARKER
NORMAL

MARKER
AMPTD

SELECT
1 2 3 4

MARKER 1
ON OFF

More
1 of 3

09:31:58 JUL 18, 1998

REF 107.0 dB μ V AT 10 dB

MKRA 4.0000 msec

-.02 dB

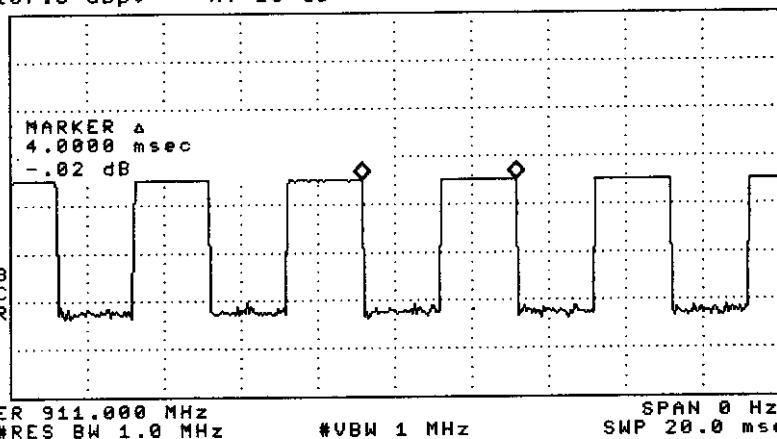
PEAK

LOG

10

dB/

VA SB
SC FC
CORR



MARKER
NORMAL

MARKER
AMPTD

SELECT
1 2 3 4

MARKER 1
ON OFF

More
1 of 3

5.4 Test Result of Second Harmonic

Set the spectrum RB = 3 MHz, VB = 3 MHz and span = 5 MHz. The correction factors of the second harmonic is. The second harmonic must lower 20 dB than the fundamental.

6dB

Model No. : TL-2900

EUT : 900MHz Digital Spread Spectrum Telephone

Table 31. Second Harmonic Attendation

Channel	Fundamental (MHz)	Fundamental (dBuV/m)	2 nd Harmonic (MHz)	2 nd Har. (dBuV/m)	Result (F/H dB)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
B/S CH 01	903.825	109.19	1807.50	49.26	59.93	20.00	39.93
B/S CH 10	914.800	109.19	1829.00	48.93	60.26	20.00	40.26
B/S CH 20	926.525	108.54	1852.90	45.93	62.61	20.00	42.61
H/S CH 01	903.825	107.61	1807.30	48.09	59.52	20.00	39.52
H/S CH 10	914.763	108.77	1829.00	52.43	56.34	20.00	36.34
H/S CH 20	926.663	106.75	1853.20	49.09	57.66	20.00	37.66

Note:

1. The data in the above table are summarize the following attachment spectrum analyzer hard copy.
2. The attachment follow by this page and there is no page number.
3. Result = Fundamental – 2nd Harmonic must over 20 dB.

5.5 Test Result of Spurious Radiated Emissions

5.5.1 Base and handset station transmit only

The highest peak values of radiated emissions from the EUT at various antenna heights, antenna polarizations, EUT orientation, etc. are recorded on the following.

Model No. : TL-2900

EUT : 900MHz Digital Spread Spectrum Telephone

Table 7. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 1, Base Horizontal]

Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
						Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
288.019	46.50	1.00	206	-16.48	30.02	46.00	-15.98
422.437	41.28	1.00	168	-11.87	29.41	46.00	-16.59
441.632	37.73	1.00	0	-7.88	29.85	46.00	-16.15
480.034	44.27	1.00	15	-10.52	33.75	46.00	-12.25
499.238	39.62	1.00	318	-10.04	29.58	46.00	-16.42
806.451	41.76	1.00	77	-12.16	29.60	46.00	-16.40
892.967	54.84	1.00	282	-14.00	40.84	46.00	-5.16

Note:

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 8. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 1, Base Horizontal]

Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
							Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2711	44.79	100.00	035	-6.84	-6.46	31.49	54	-22.51
3614	41.43	100.00	147	-5.64	-6.46	29.33	54	-24.67

Note:

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude+ Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 9. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 1, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC	Class B (3 M)
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
288.019	41.09	1.00	215	-16.48	24.61	46.00	-21.39
422.437	46.04	1.00	314	-11.87	34.17	46.00	-11.83
441.632	42.20	1.00	292	-7.88	34.32	46.00	-11.68
480.034	45.93	1.00	317	-10.52	35.41	46.00	-10.59
499.238	38.96	1.00	166	-10.04	28.92	46.00	-17.08
806.451	43.74	1.00	124	-12.16	31.58	46.00	-14.42
892.967	56.15	1.00	263	-14.00	42.15	46.00	-3.85

Note:

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 10. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 1, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC	Class B (3 M)
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2711	51.79	100.00	135	-6.84	-6.46	38.49	54	-15.51
3614	49.76	100.00	047	-5.64	-6.46	37.66	54	-16.34

Note:

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 11. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 10, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
288.019	40.46	1.00	200	-16.48	23.98	46.00	-22.02
345.620	40.30	1.00	31	-14.53	25.77	46.00	-20.23
441.631	34.53	1.00	186	-7.88	26.65	46.00	-19.35
480.034	35.24	1.00	200	-10.52	24.72	46.00	-21.28
499.238	36.39	1.00	129	-10.04	26.35	46.00	-19.65
556.844	38.24	1.00	22	-11.44	26.80	46.00	-19.20
844.859	39.86	1.00	233	-13.53	26.33	46.00	-19.67

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 12. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 10, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2743	47.79	100.00	87	-6.84	-6.46	34.49	54	-19.51
3657	45.93	100.00	102	-5.64	-6.46	33.83	54	-20.17

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor+ Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 13. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 10, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
288.019	37.86	1.00	257	-16.48	21.38	46.00	-24.62
345.620	42.79	1.00	299	-14.53	28.26	46.00	-17.74
441.631	34.88	1.00	167	-7.88	27.00	46.00	-19.00
480.034	34.39	1.00	10	-10.52	23.87	46.00	-22.13
499.238	35.77	1.00	317	-10.04	25.73	46.00	-20.27
556.844	38.56	1.00	49	-11.44	27.12	46.00	-18.88
844.859	40.43	1.00	111	-13.53	26.90	46.00	-19.10

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 14. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 10, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2743	52.79	100.00	105	-6.84	-6.46	39.49	54	-14.51
3657	52.93	100.00	65	-5.64	-6.46	40.83	54	-13.17

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 15. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GHz [Channel 20, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant. H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
480.024	44.76	1.00	16	-10.52	34.24	46.00	-11.76
499.235	39.62	1.00	175	-10.04	29.58	46.00	-16.42
844.859	44.20	1.00	23	-13.53	30.67	46.00	-15.33
883.259	48.72	1.00	294	-13.87	34.85	46.00	-11.15
888.299	48.71	1.00	36	-13.95	34.76	46.00	-11.24
902.460	49.93	1.00	283	-14.13	35.80	46.00	-10.20
915.761	53.57	1.00	48	-14.54	39.03	46.00	-6.97

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

3. Table 16. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GHz [Channel 20, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant. H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2779	47.79	100.00	33	-6.84	-6.46	34.49	54	-19.51
3706	44.26	100.00	67	-5.64	-6.46	32.12	54	-21.84

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 17. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 20, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant. H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
480.024	38.76	1.00	62	-10.52	28.24	46.00	-17.76
499.235	39.37	1.00	151	-10.04	29.33	46.00	-16.67
844.859	44.13	1.00	42	-13.53	30.60	46.00	-15.40
883.259	46.50	1.00	34	-13.87	32.63	46.00	-13.37
888.299	46.25	1.00	36	-13.95	32.30	46.00	-13.70
902.460	49.26	1.00	287	-14.13	35.13	46.00	-10.87
915.761	56.18	1.00	6	-14.54	41.64	46.00	-4.36

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 18. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 20, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant. H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2779	52.79	100.00	69	-6.84	-6.46	39.49	54	-14.51
3706	59.8	100.00	123	-5.64	-6.46	47.70	54	-6.3

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 19. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 01, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()			Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
422.437	49.19	1.00	30	-11.87	37.32	46.00	-8.68
441.632	46.40	1.00	203	-7.88	38.52	46.00	-7.48
451.231	43.39	1.00	127	-10.18	33.21	46.00	-12.79
460.830	44.75	1.00	200	-10.73	34.02	46.00	-11.98
480.030	45.26	1.00	42	-10.52	34.74	46.00	-11.26
806.451	38.92	1.00	262	-12.16	26.76	46.00	-19.24
892.967	45.39	1.00	287	-14.00	31.39	46.00	-14.61

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 20. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 01, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()				(dB)	(dB)
2711	51.29	100.00	10	-6.84	-6.46	37.99	54	-16.01
3614	61.09	100.00	8	-5.64	-6.46	48.99	54	-5.01
4518	43.54	100.00	66	3.91	-6.46	40.99	54	-13.01

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 21. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GHz [Channel 01, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	
422.437	49.26	1.00	29	-11.87	37.39	46.00	-8.61
441.632	46.30	1.00	202	-7.88	38.42	46.00	-7.58
451.231	43.44	1.00	129	-10.18	33.26	46.00	-12.74
460.830	44.63	1.00	198	-10.73	33.90	46.00	-12.10
480.030	45.45	1.00	41	-10.52	34.93	46.00	-11.07
806.451	38.98	1.00	264	-12.16	26.82	46.00	-19.18
892.967	45.34	1.00	285	-14.00	31.34	46.00	-14.66

Note :

- 1 Margin = Corrected - Limit
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors= Corrected

Table 22. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GHz [Channel 01, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)	(dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	
2711	49.79	100.00	21	-6.84	-6.46	36.49	54	-17.51
3614	62.93	100.00	45	-5.64	-6.46	50.83	54	-3.17
4518	41.88	100.00	36	3.91	-6.46	39.35	54	-14.67

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 23. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GHz [Channel 10, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant. H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
422.437	56.75	1.00	270	-11.87	44.88	46.00	-1.12
441.632	44.39	1.00	207	-7.88	36.51	46.00	-9.49
451.231	43.69	1.00	121	-10.18	33.51	46.00	-12.49
460.830	42.19	1.00	205	-10.73	31.46	46.00	-14.54
480.030	46.51	1.00	38	-10.52	35.99	46.00	-10.01
844.865	40.92	1.00	41	-13.53	27.39	46.00	-18.61
876.341	43.39	1.00	306	-13.76	29.63	46.00	-16.37

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 24. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GHz [Channel 10, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2743	53.63	100.00	21	-6.84	-6.46	40.33	54	-13.67
3658	61.63	100.00	45	-5.64	-6.46	49.53	54	-4.47
4572	42.71	100.00	55	3.91	-6.46	40.10	54	-13.84

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 25. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 10, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
422.437	53.55	1.00	194	-11.87	41.68	46.00	-4.32
441.632	49.21	1.00	283	-7.88	41.33	46.00	-4.67
451.231	46.06	1.00	41	-10.18	35.88	46.00	-10.12
460.830	45.79	1.00	281	-10.73	35.06	46.00	-10.94
480.030	50.31	1.00	3	-10.52	39.79	46.00	-6.21
844.865	44.03	1.00	12	-13.53	30.50	46.00	-15.50
876.341	47.52	1.00	96	-13.76	33.76	46.00	-12.24

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 26. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 10, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2743	52.63	100.00	3	-6.84	-6.46	39.33	54	-14.67
3658	62.43	100.00	8	-5.64	-6.46	50.33	54	-3.67
4572	42.71	100.00	57	3.91	-6.46	40.16	54	-13.84

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 27. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 20, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant. H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
422.435	50.07	1.00	157	-11.87	38.20	46.00
441.637	45.83	1.00	203	-7.88	37.95	46.00
451.236	43.99	1.00	127	-10.18	33.81	46.00
460.835	43.19	1.00	200	-10.73	32.46	46.00
480.026	46.04	1.00	45	-10.52	35.52	46.00
844.861	40.90	1.00	14	-13.53	27.37	46.00
876.337	42.46	1.00	240	-13.76	28.70	46.00

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 28. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 20, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)	(dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2779	55.46	100.00	36	-6.84	-6.46	42.16	54
3706	61.93	100.00	56	-5.64	-6.46	49.83	54
4632	42.38	100.00	74	3.91	-6.46	39.83	54

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 29. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GHz [Channel 20, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
422.435	56.52	1.00	196	-11.87	44.65	46.00	-1.35
441.637	49.84	1.00	280	-7.88	41.96	46.00	-4.04
451.236	46.11	1.00	43	-10.18	35.93	46.00	-10.07
460.835	45.72	1.00	278	-10.73	34.99	46.00	-11.01
480.026	50.76	1.00	0	-10.52	40.24	46.00	-5.76
844.861	44.22	1.00	3	-13.53	30.69	46.00	-15.31
876.337	48.83	1.00	343	-13.76	35.07	46.00	-10.93

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 30. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GHz [Channel 20, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ()	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2779	55.79	100.00	105	-6.84	-6.46	42.49	54	-11.51
3706	61.26	100.00	123	-5.64	-6.46	49.16	54	-4.84
4632	39.21	100.00	278	3.91	-6.46	36.66	54	-17.34

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

VI Section 15.247(d): Power spectral density.

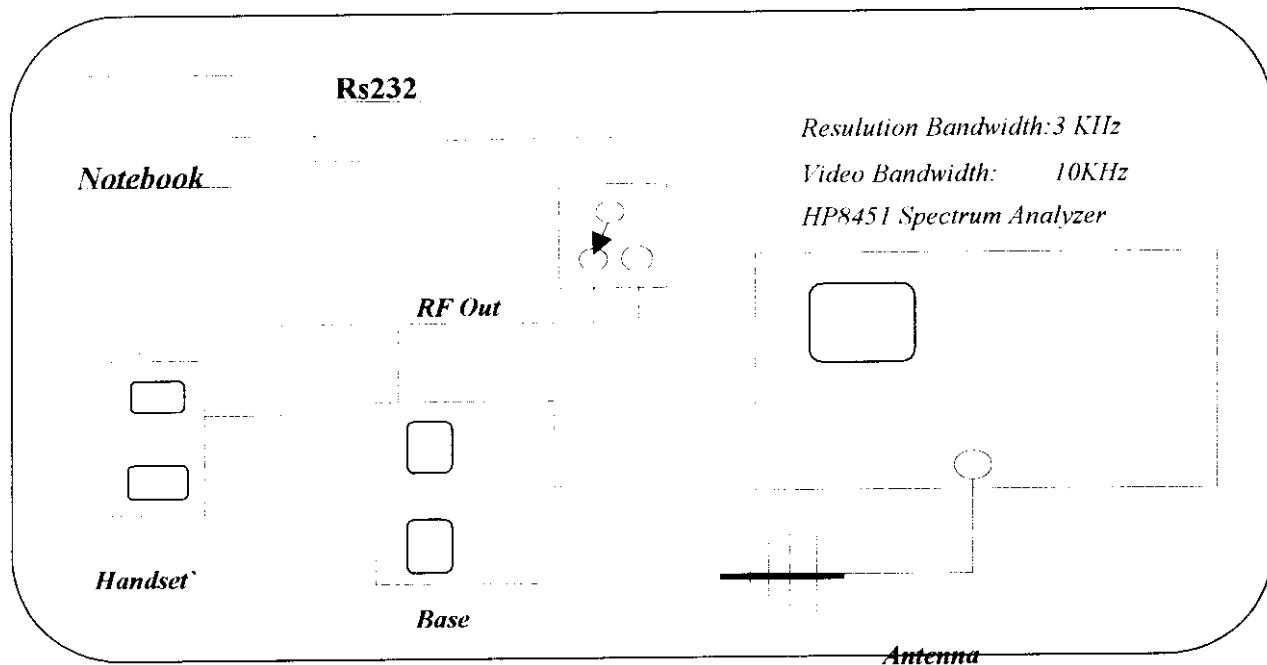
6.1 Test Condition & Setup

The tests below are running with the DCT transmitter set at high power in TDD mode. A serial port from a computer to the DCT UUT is needed to force selection of output power level and channel number. While testing, EUT was set to transmit continuously. A log antenna was connected with the spectrum analyzer.

The EUT is tested in open field site. Put EUT on the middle of a wooden table. Set spectrum analyzer RBW = 3 KHz, VBW > RBW (e.g. VBW = 10 KHz), Span = 1.5 MHz. Turn around the table to find maximum emission. Then set the Span = 300 KHz and sweep time = 100 sec. Peak the maximum emission again. The peak level measured must be no greater than +8 dBm.

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

6.2 Test Instruments Configuration

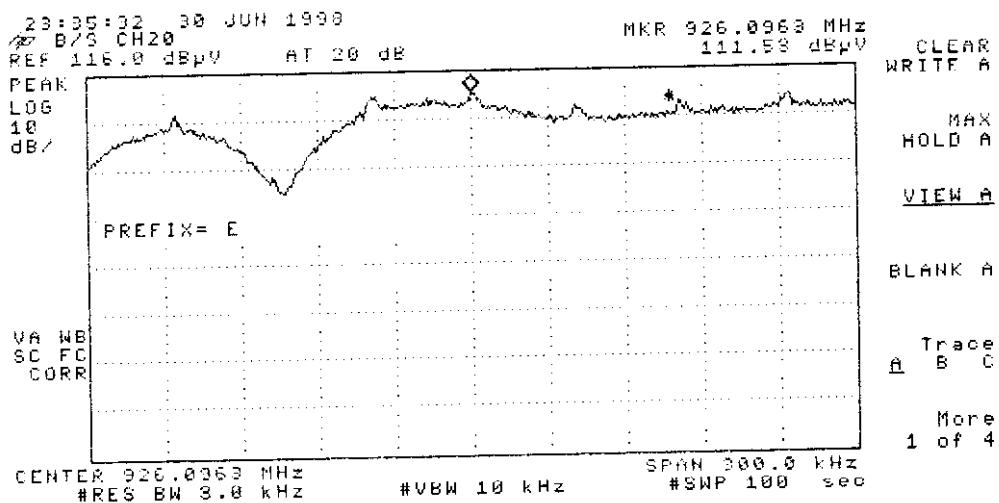
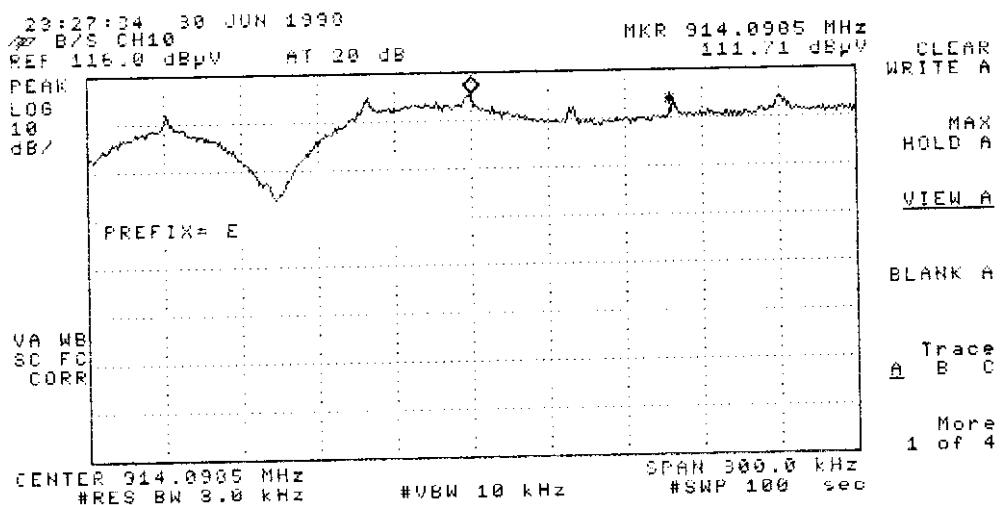
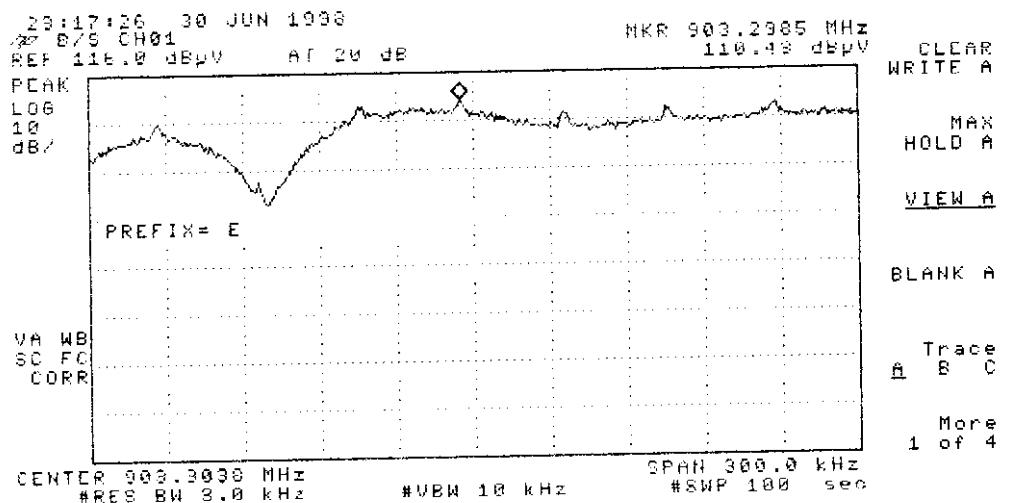


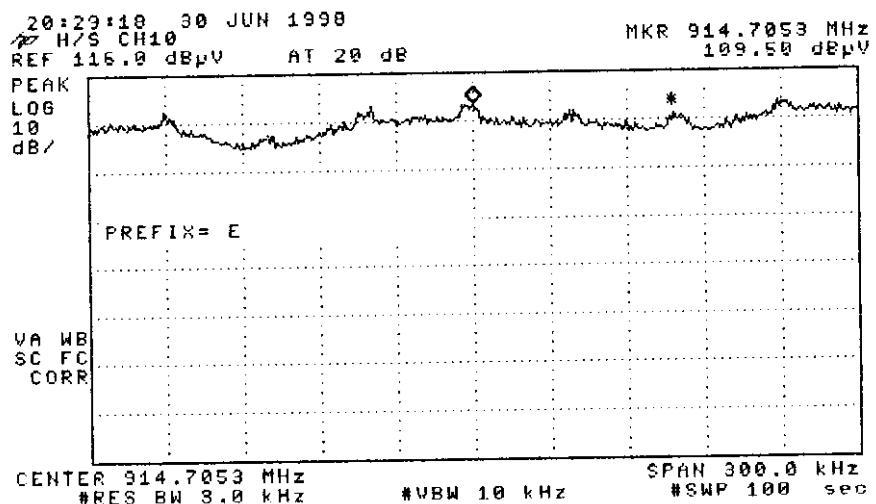
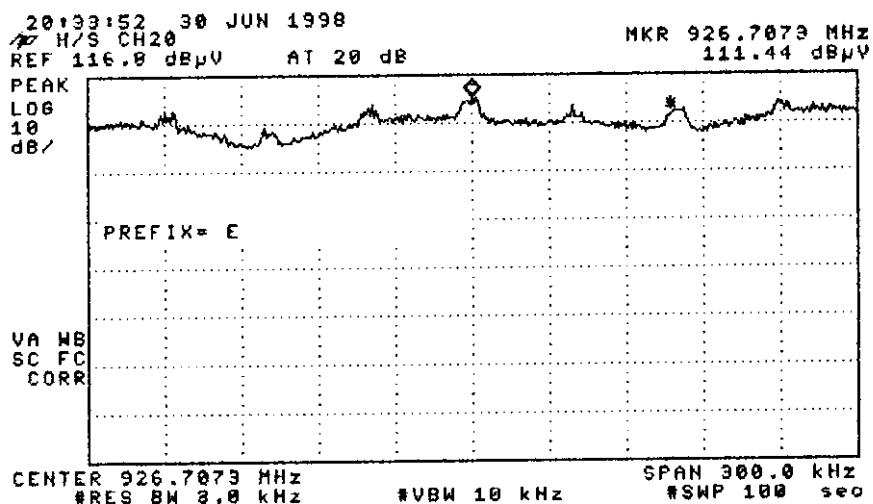
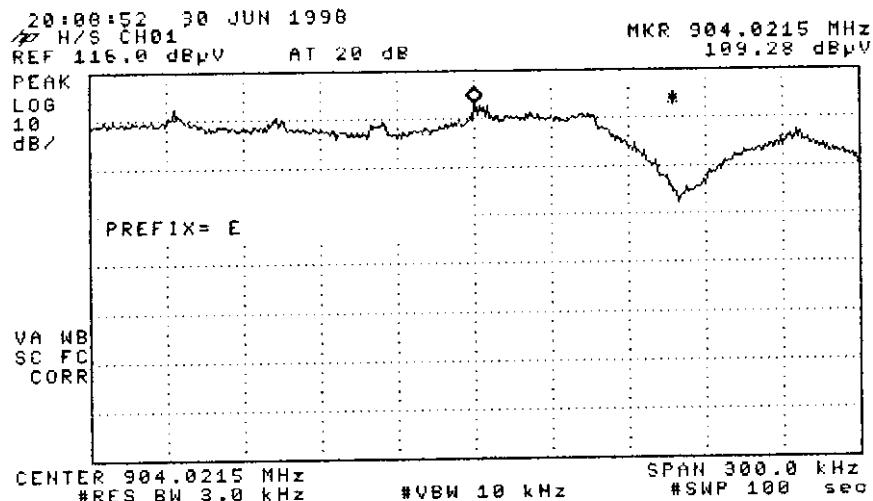
P.S.A serial port from notebook computer to control the EUT at maximal power output and channel Number.

Fig 12. Test Configuration of power spectral density

6.3 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input	Impedance
Hewlett Packard	9KHz-2.9 GHz Spectrum Analyze	HP8594EM		50.00





6.4 Test Result of Power spectral density.

The following table shows a summary of the highest power out of UT.

Model No. : TL-2900

EUT : 900MHz Digital Spread Spectrum Telephone

Table 33. Power Spectral Density

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Ppr (dBuV)	CF (dB)	Ppq (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
B/S CH 01	903.2985	110.48	-14.19	-1.09	8.00	-9.09
B/S CH 10	914.0985	111.71	-14.49	-0.16	8.00	-8.16
B/S CH 20	926.0963	111.53	-14.83	-0.68	8.00	-8.68
H/S CH 01	904.0215	109.28	-14.18	-2.28	8.00	-10.28
H/S CH 10	914.7053	109.50	-14.51	-2.39	8.00	-10.39
H/S CH 20	926.7073	111.44	-14.84	-0.78	8.00	-8.78

Note:

1. The attachment follow by this page and there is no page number.
2. Ppr: spectrum read power density (using peak search mode). CF: correct factor Ppq: actual peak power density in the spread spectrum band.
3. $Ppq = Ppr + CF$
4. Effective Radiation Power (E.R.P.) = $(E d)^2 / 30G$

E is the measured maximum field strength in V/m utilizing the maximum hold mode

RBW (3KHz).

G is the numeric gain of the transmitting antenna over an isotropic radiator (1.64).

d is the distance in meters from which the field strength was measured (3M).

Example: the Max Radiation Emission of base ch01 = $110.48 - 14.19 = 96.29$ dBuV/m

$$10^{(96.29/20)} \times 10^{-6} = 0.06523 \text{ V}$$

~~$$\text{E.R.P.} = (0.06523 \times 3)^2 / 49.2 = 0.778 \text{ mW} = 10 \times \log (0.778 \text{ mW}/1\text{mW})$$

$$= -1.09 \text{ dBm}$$~~

Use isotropic

VII Section 15.247(e): Processing Gain.

7.1 Test Condition & Setup

A. Bit Error Rate (Pe)

The subjective device RF module (base & handset) digital modulation by Differential Phase -Shift Keying (DPSK). the DPSK can use it's previous waveform as the phase reference for demodulation and thus requires no coherent detection. which greatly simplifies the receiver structure but with some Bit Error Rate (BER) degradation because of noisy phase reference. There is tradeoff between system complexity and system performance. In order to driver the DPSK error probability , we observe that DPSK using differential coding , we observable that DPSK using different coding is essentially an orthogonal signal scheme. A binary 1 is transmitted a scquence of two pulse (P,P) or (-P,-P) over 2 To seconds (no transition). Similarly, a binary 0 is transmitted by a sequence of two plus (P,-P) or (-P,P) over 2 TO seconds (transition). Either of the pulse sequences used for binary 1 is orthogonal to either of the pulse sequences used for binary 0. Because no local carrier is generated for demodulation, the detection is noncoherent . with an effective pulse energy equal to 2 Ep (twice the energy of pulse P). The actual energy transmitted per digit only Ep. however, the same as in noncoherent FSK. Consequently, the performance of DPSK is 3 dB superior to that of noncoherent FSK. We can write Pe for DPSK as :

The major component inside the subjective device are supplied by Rock well , Included RF block transmitter (RF101). Receiver (RF 100). and Base band block ASIC (c8502-13). CODEC (10497-14). above 4 IC chips are affected the processing gain as following :

$$J/S = (W/RD) / (ED/NO) \text{ [without CODING]}$$

Where : W= Spread Chip Rate = Required Transmitted Base band Bandwidth

Rb = Information Data Rate

Eb/No = Require Energy per Bit over noise Spectral Density for a Specific Bit Error Probability.

The subjective Device Information Data Rate are 80k and the Spread Chip Rate are 960k So the processing gain (10 log w/Rb) at least 10.79 dB(without Coding).

The ASIC (c8502-13) and CODEC (10497-14) these two chip included the coding function. So, it is great improve the processing gain and also improve the J/S ratio.

The Engineer work for Rock well System in Taiwan had pass us the information about the probability of error rate (Pe) must be lower than 0.001 that the system performance will satisfy for communication between Handset and Base station.

Why we need the Pe lower than 0.001, the Rockwell Semiconductor System is not explained . Since it relative with ASIC and Codec, it is confidential area that Rockwell is not allow to disdouse to the public.

When Pe = 0.001 and then Signal to Noise Ratio (S/N) = 6.2194 = 7.9dB.

B. Jamming Margin Method

The Rockwell Semiconductor System give us a software operated in the personal computer, and use the computer series port COM1 and COM2 connect Handset and Base than we can measure the Bit Error Rate.

Using this software we can perform Jamming Margin method testing. The test consists of stepping a signal generator in 50 KHz increments across the pass band of the system (up to 960 KHz away in RI's DCT). At each point, the generator level required to produce the recommend Bit Error Rate (BER = 10⁻³) is recorded. This level is the jamming level. The maximum implementation loss a system can claim in calculating processing gain is 2 dB. The equation to calculate the processing gain (G_p) is the following:

$$G_p = (S/N) + M_j + L_{sys}$$

$$G_p = 8 \text{ dB} + M_j + 2 \text{ dB}$$

FCC regulation section 15.247 (e) rewire the processing gain of a direct sequence system shall be at least 10 dB. when G_p must be greater than 10 dB, then the Jammer must be greater than 0 dB.

The processing gain may be measured using the CW jamming margin method. The Jammer to Signal (J/S) ratio is then calculated. Discard the worst 20% of the J/S data points.

1. For avoid the handset and basestation arc situation, so, the UUT were in low power mode.

2. The signal generator was selected in interference band. using this software we can perform Jamming Margin method testing. the test consists of stepping a signal generator is 50 KHz increments across the pass band of the system (up to 960 KHz away in RI's DCT). So, the BER will keep in 0.1%.

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

7.2 Test Instruments Configuration

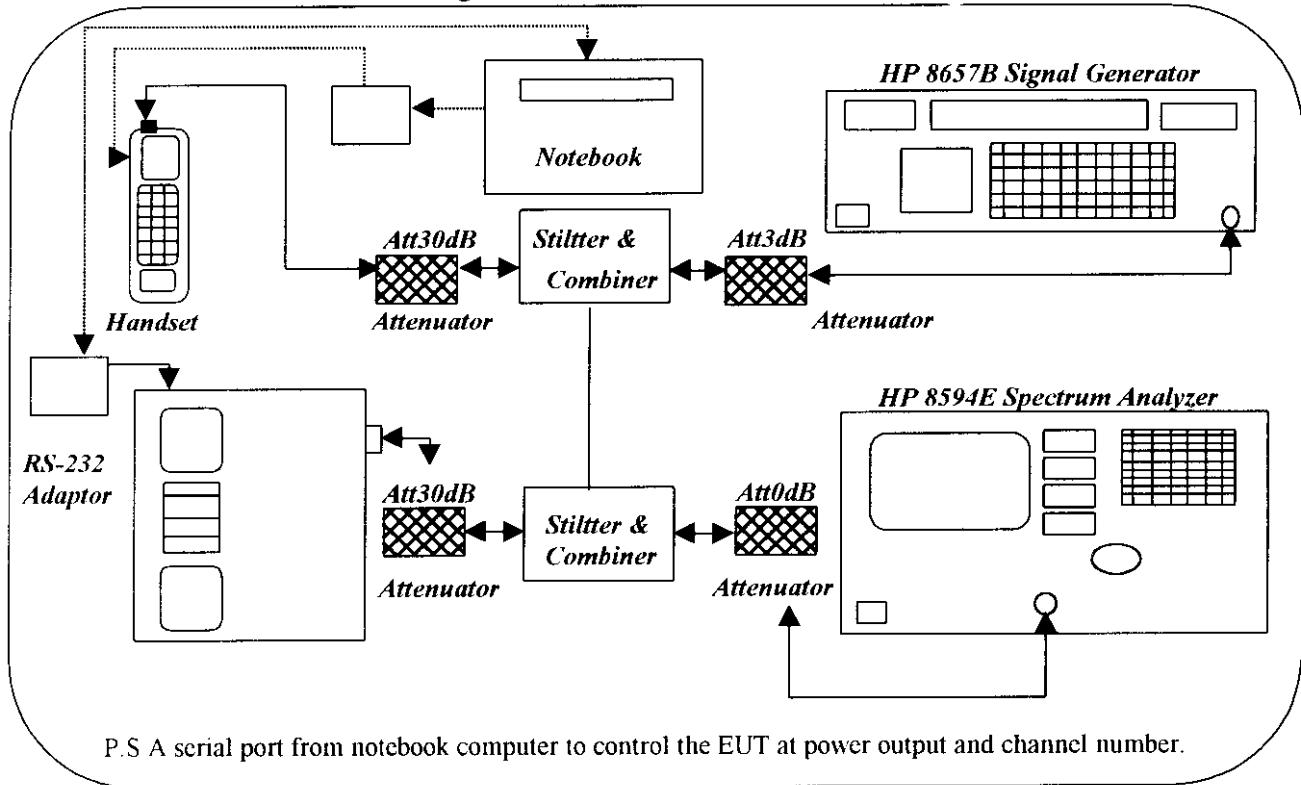
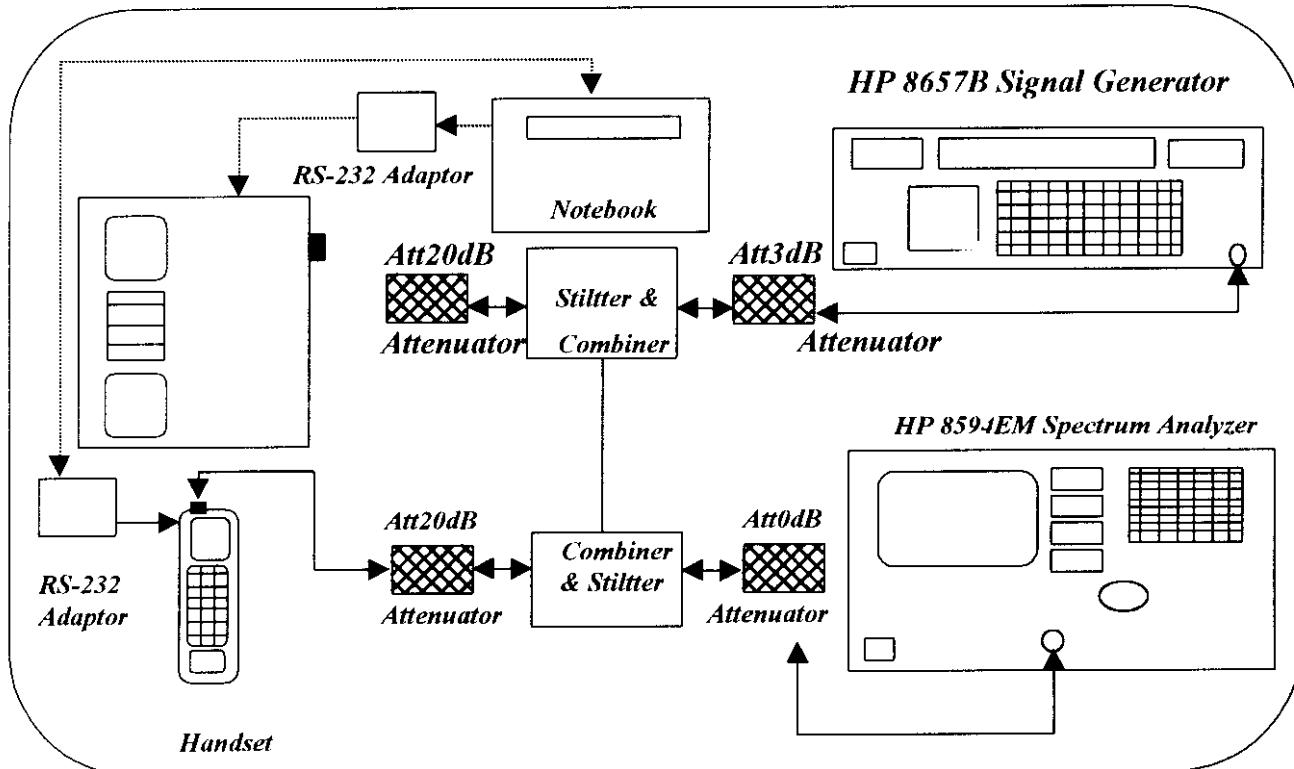


Fig 13. Test Configuration of processing gain for base station



P.S A serial port from notebook computer to control the EUT at power output and channel number.

Fig. 14, Test Configuration of processing gain for handset

7.3 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	100Hz-1.8GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8592A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	100Hz-2.6GHz Signal Generator	HP8657B	50.00
Mini Circuits	10MHz-2GHz Power Stlitter/Combiner	ZESC-2-11	50.00
Mini Circuits	DC-1.5GHz 3dB Attenuator	CAT-3	50.00
Mini Circuits	DC-1.5GHz 20dB Attenuator	CAT-20	50.00
Mini Circuits	DC-1.5GHz 30dB Attenuator	CAT-30	50.00

7.4 Test Procedure

According to the Fig. 13 of the page 42, combine the stuffs.

Measure the low power output of the channel 10 of the handset while the handset is in "Transmit-Only-Test" and the whole circuit is as same as Fig. 13. What we measure in this step is "S".

Change to the "BER Test" program. Increase the RF output of the signal generator till the BER is close to the 0.1% but under 0.1%.

Stop the program and turn off the base, handset then record the highest point of the spectrum. What we measure in this step is "J".

Star the Program again and test the next point.

7.5 Test Result of Processing Gain.

Model No. : TL-2900

EUT : 900MHz Digital Spread Spectrum Telephone

Table. 34 Processing Gain [Channel 10, Base]

Jammer Frequency (MHz)	S (dBm)	J (dBm)	M _j (J/S)	Process Gain (dB)
913.65	-42.10	-36.20	5.90	15.80
913.70	-42.10	-38.71	3.39	13.29
913.75	-42.10	-33.28	8.82	18.72
913.80	-42.10	-33.88	8.22	18.12
913.85	-42.10	-38.20	3.90	13.80
913.90	-42.10	-38.67	3.43	13.33
913.95	-42.10	-36.02	6.08	15.98
914.00	-42.10	-37.78	4.32	14.22
914.05	-42.10	-40.80	1.30	11.20
914.10	-42.10	-42.42	-0.32	9.58
914.15	-42.10	-40.81	1.29	11.19
914.20	-42.10	-39.98	2.12	12.02
914.25	-42.10	-39.24	2.86	12.76
914.30	-42.10	-38.12	3.98	13.88
914.35	-42.10	-39.34	2.76	12.66
914.40	-42.10	-39.82	2.28	12.18
914.45	-42.10	-37.00	5.10	15.00
914.50	-42.10	-38.48	3.62	13.52
914.55	-42.10	-39.13	2.97	12.87
914.60	-42.10	-40.03	2.07	11.97
914.65	-42.10	-39.76	2.34	12.24
914.70	-42.10	-39.67	2.43	12.33
914.75	-42.10	-39.15	2.95	12.85
914.80	-42.10	-39.74	2.36	12.26
914.85	-42.10	-39.76	2.34	12.24
914.90	-42.10	-38.79	3.31	13.21
914.95	-42.10	-39.12	2.98	12.88
915.00	-42.10	-35.75	6.35	16.25
915.05	-42.10	-39.48	2.62	12.52
915.10	-42.10	-35.75	6.35	16.25

Test -Result:

Processing Gain: 12.33 dB

Note:

1. $GP = (S/No) + M_j + L_{sys} = 7.9 \text{ dB} + M_j + 2 \text{ dB}$
2. S = Signal Level
3. J = Signal Generator RF Output

Table 35. Processing Gain [Channel 10, Handset]

Jammer Frequency (MHz)	S (dBm)	J (dBm)	M _j (J/S)	Process Gain (dB)
913.65	-40.14	-34.71	5.43	15.33
913.70	-40.14	-36.65	3.49	13.39
913.75	-40.14	-34.85	5.29	15.19
913.80	-40.14	-37.00	3.14	13.04
913.85	-40.14	-35.24	4.90	14.80
913.90	-40.14	-37.09	3.05	12.95
913.95	-40.14	-33.71	6.43	16.33
914.00	-40.14	-33.80	6.34	16.24
914.05	-40.14	-37.87	2.27	12.17
914.10	-40.14	-40.39	-0.25	9.65
914.15	-40.14	-38.54	1.60	11.50
914.20	-40.14	-38.64	1.50	11.40
914.25	-40.14	-38.24	1.90	11.80
914.30	-40.14	-35.90	4.24	14.14
914.35	-40.14	-40.12	0.02	9.92
914.40	-40.14	-38.50	1.64	11.54
914.45	-40.14	-36.57	3.57	13.47
914.50	-40.14	-35.07	5.07	14.97
914.55	-40.14	-38.72	1.42	11.32
914.60	-40.14	-38.55	1.59	11.49
914.65	-40.14	-37.40	2.74	12.64
914.70	-40.14	-37.96	2.18	12.08
914.75	-40.14	-37.24	2.90	12.80
914.80	-40.14	-37.35	2.79	12.69
914.85	-40.14	-40.02	0.12	10.02
914.90	-40.14	-37.84	2.30	12.20
914.95	-40.14	-37.12	3.02	12.92
915.00	-40.14	-36.83	3.31	13.21
915.05	-40.14	-37.67	2.47	12.37
915.10	-40.14	-34.14	6.00	15.90

Test Result:

Processing Gain: 11.50 dB

Note:

1. $GP = (S/No) + M_j + L_{sys} = 7.9 \text{ dB} + M_j + 2 \text{ dB}$
2. S = Signal Level
3. J = Signal Generator RF Output

Sep 27 '98 21:54 P.02
from Joseph Tsai

10: RAZIUK KWAN

請客戶簽回,並提供 Base 3塊圖(傳真印可), Handset & Base RF module 路由,上次傳給你修改,不甚清楚,請試由客戶直接传真給我,也請勿再傳
FCC.不接受不清楚的資料

Attached 1

Modification List

1. Base:

- (1) C239=10pf
- (2) Other parts of CNS201 connect each by - pass capacitor 100pf to ground besides GND pin of CNS201.
- (3) RF module: Cut away trace lay - out between C105 and antenna then put 1pf capacitor on the same location.

2. Handset:

- (1) C28=10pf
- (2) RF module: L101=1pf

Statement of Applicant:

I acknowledge that the modifications made to the EUT for compliance during testing will be incorporated into mass production units.

Applicant: STARLIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

By: J. Kwan JOSEPH KWAN Date: JULY 10, 1998

Signature

Printed Title: Manager - engineering support

Appendix A

Setting up Procedure

1. Using a RS-232 adaptor which is given by customer connected with the com 1 of the computer.
2. The other end of the RS-232 adaptor is connected with the EUT.
3. Use the software which is given by the customer and operated in the windows to control the EUT's continuous transmission.

Appendix B

Antenna Sketch

Star Light Electronics Co., Ltd.

Antenna Specification

900 MHz HANDY ANTENNA

Application

The antenna specified in this specification is applicable for the cordless phone.

1 Electrical Characteristics

The following characteristics have been measured under the suitable ground plane

Resonate Frequency	: 965 ± 20 MHz
Impedance	: 50Ω Nominal (Depend on available ground plane)
Radiation Pattern	: Omni Directional
Polarization	: Vertical
S.W.R.	: 2.0 or Less

2 Mechanical Characteristics

The strength of fixing between sleeve and stud shall withstand the following stresses.

Vertical Direction	: 3 Kg
Rotating Direction	: 3 Kg

3 Materials :

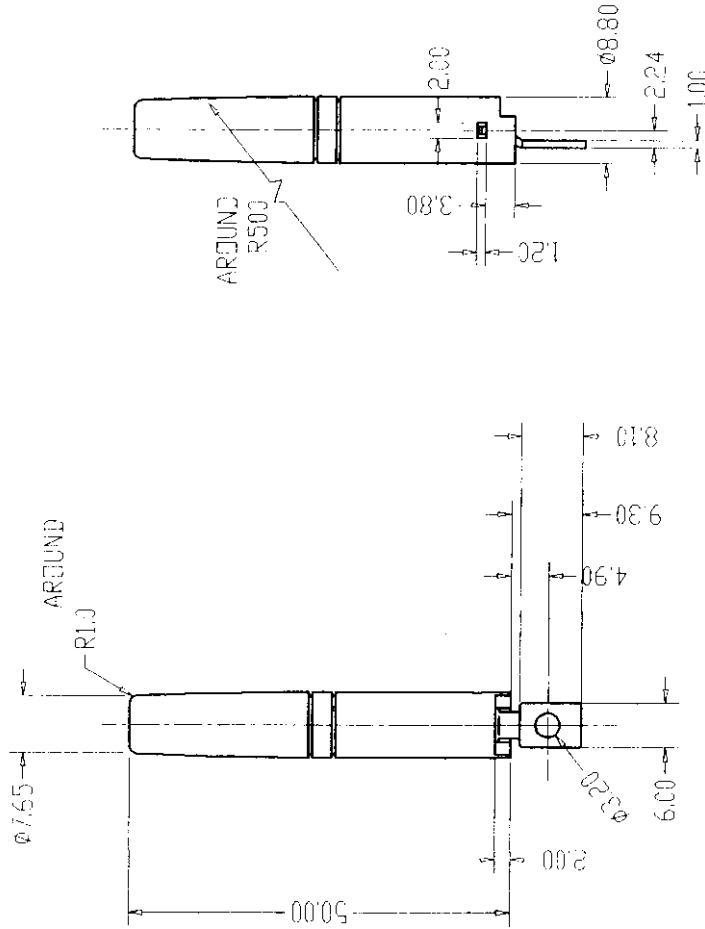
Spring	: Stainless Steel w/Plated Copper
Stud	: Copper
Sleeve	: P.U.

4 General Characteristics

Storage Temperature	: - 30° C to 70° C
Operating Temperature	: - 20° C to 60° C
Dielectric Strength	: AC 1500V for one minute
Insulation Resistance	: 100M Ω at DC 500V
Humidity Resistance	: Satisfy the electrical and mechanical characteristics after 6 hours in 95% RH at 40°C and one hour drying
Vibration Resistance	: Satisfy the electrical and mechanical characteristics after two hours in each of 3 dimension with 10 - 55Hz, amplitude 1.5mm and interval one minute
Shock Resistance	: Satisfy the electrical and mechanical characteristics after drop down with 100g upon rubber block.

REV.

DESCRIPTION



1. PART SHOULD BE FREE FROM ANY MOLDING IMPERFECTIONS.
2. GENERAL WALL THICKNESS TO BE 1.5 mm.

DO NOT SCALE THIS DRAWING

DUMPRIES ELECTRONICS CO., LTD	
CAD FILE: HSANTSL1	PART NO.
USED ON 2900	OWN. BY: BILLY
MODEL: 01	DATE: 28/8/97
3rd ANGLE PROJ.	CHECK BY:
UNLESS OTHERWISE	DATE:
SPECIFIED	APPD. BY:
TOLERANCE:	SCALE: FULL
UNIF. ± 0.1	UNIT: mm
ANGULAR ± 0.1	DATE: 19/1/98
SHEET 1 OF 1	REV. B

Star Light Electronics Co., Ltd.

Antenna Specification

900 MHz BASE ANTENNA

Application

The antenna specified in this specification is applicable for the cordless phone.

1 Electrical Characteristics

The following characteristics have been measured under the suitable ground plane

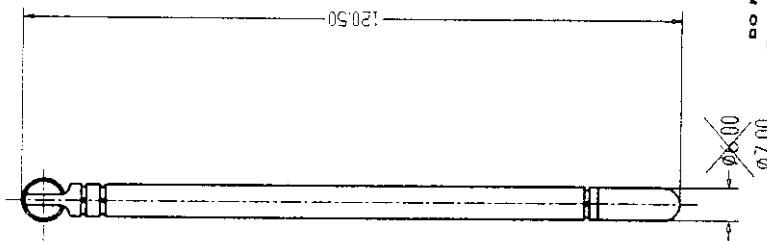
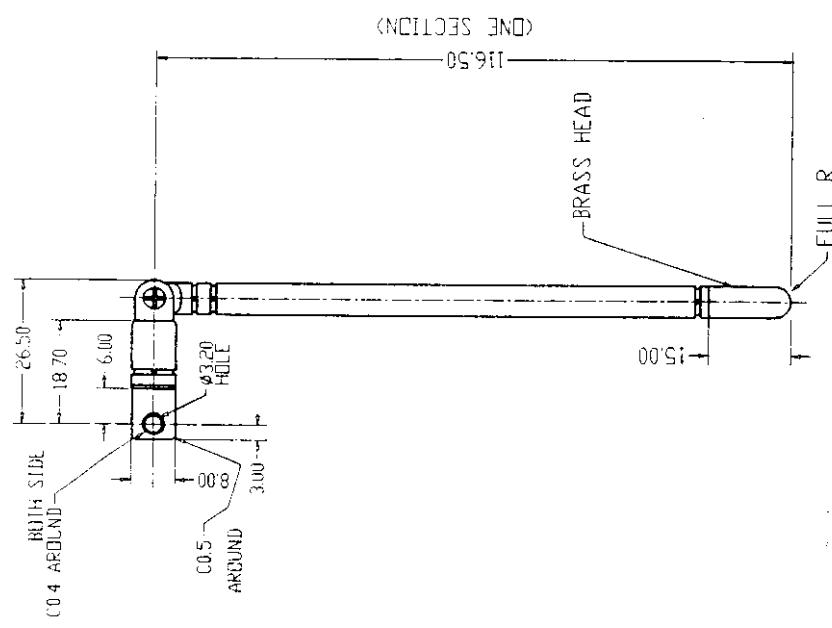
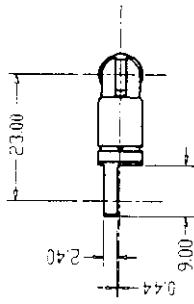
Resonate Frequency : 925 ± 20 MHz
Impedance : 50Ω Nominal
(Depend on available ground plane)
Radiation Pattern : Omni Directional
Polarization : Vertical
S.W.R. : 2.0 or Less

2 Materials : : Copper w/ Black Plating

3 General Characteristics

Storage Temperature : - 30° C to 70°C
Operating Temperature : - 20° C to 60°C
Insulation Resistance : $100M\Omega$ at DC 500V
Humidity Resistance : Satisfy the electrical and mechanical
characteristics after 6 hours in 95% RH at
40°C and one hour drying
Vibration Resistance : Satisfy the electrical and mechanical characteristics
after two hours in each of 3 dimension with 10 - 55Hz,
amplitude 1.5mm and interval one minute
Shock Resistance : Satisfy the electrical and mechanical characteristics
after drop down with 100g upon rubber block.

[REV.] [DESCRIPTION]



DUMPRIES ELECTRONICS CO.			
PART NO		TITLE	
BANT1		BASE ANTENN	
DES. BY	BILL	DATE	MATERIAL
2/9/97		BLACK COATING	
2/9/97		NICKEL PLATING (FOR L-1000)	
USED OR	MODEL	CHECK BY	DATE
2/9/97		2/9/97	
UNLESS OTHERWISE		APPROV. BY	
SPECIFIED		DATE	
TOLERANCE:		SCALE:	
LAYER & OI		FULL	
ANGULAR & OI		SHEET	REV
		1	A
			DATE

Appendix C

The antenna of the device is screwed inside the device, the user can not remove it freely without any tools from outside the device. This is comply with the FCC rules part 15.203

Appendix D

Security Code

Description of 900 MHz Direct Spectrum Cordless Phone

The subject device's 20 independent channels, autoscan at link establishment and smart channel hopping combine to find the clearest channels at all times, automatically.

Spread spectrum technology ensures the highest level of security available in a cordless phone.

The spread spectrum technique provides better security than other solutionssince only the receiver has a copy of the pre-assigned spreading code, making itereception virtually impossible. The transmitting singal diluted over a large bandwidth with power density at any point being very light, so the singal goes unnoticed by other systems since they are not tuned to receive it. Moreover the scrambling code changes every 8 times the phone is parked, and there are millions of codes.

Scambler / Descrambler A16-code randomizes the voice and supervisory data for transmission and reception, more than 64K scramble codes are available from the 16-bit maximal length pesudo-noise sequencu generator.

Sread Spectrum Spreader Each transmitted bit is multiplied with a 12-chip spreading code, meeting FCC Part 15.247 requirements.