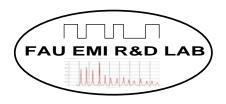


EMI Research and Development Laboratory Department of Electrical Engineering Florida Atlantic University 3998 FAU Blvd, Suite 310 Boca Raton, Florida 33431 (561) 361-4390



Technical Report No. 06-071

"EMI Evaluation of the Audiovox, Inc. Xpress XM Satellite Radio Receiver to FCC Class B Conducted and Radiated Emission Requirements And Intentional Radiator Requirements"

Date Performed: 9/11/2006 – 9/29/2006

Customer: XM Satellite Radio, Inc.

Attn: Terry Helstrom 3161 S.W. 10th street

Deerfield Beach, FL 33442

Company Official responsible

for product(s) tested:

Terry Helstrom, Engineer

Test Performed and Reported By:

Raymond Aina, Test Engineer FAU EMI R&D Laboratory

Approved by:

Vichate Ungvichian, Ph.D., P.E. Director, FAU EMI R&D Laboratory

Date of Test Report: 2 October 2006



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1. INTRODUCTION

The Audiovox, Inc., Xpress Model 136-4345 was evaluated for compliance to the FCC Class B requirements and the results apply only to the specific items of equipment, configurations and procedures supplied to the Florida Atlantic University EMI Research Lab by XM Satellite Radio, Inc., as reported in this document.

2. OBJECTIVE

Test Specifications

This evaluation was performed to verify conformance of the Audiovox, Inc., Xpress XM Satellite Radio receiver to U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Title 47 - Telecommunication, Part 15 - Radio Frequency Devices,

- Subpart B Unintentional Radiators, Section 15.107(a) Conducted limits, and Section 15.109(a) Radiated Class B Emission limits.
- Subpart C Paragraph 15.239 (a) (b) (c) Operation in the band 88MHz to 108MHz

Mode of Operation

- During FCC Part 15 Subpart C, Paragraph 15.239 (b)(c) radiated emissions tests, the EUT was configured to transmit a continuous FM signal with normal modulation at 88.1MHz, 96.9MHz, and 107.9MHz using the XM Satellite Radio's FM Coupler attached to a standard FM aerial antenna attached to a large ground plane.
- During FCC Part 15 Subpart C, Paragraph 15.239(b)(c), the EUT was also configured to transmit a continuous FM signal with normal modulation at 88.7MHz, 96.9MHz, and 107.1MHz in three representative vehicles, using the XM Satellite Radio's SureConnect adapter, attached to the vehicle's inglass FM antennas, in accordance with the intentional radiator limits described in 15.239(b).
- During FCC Part 15 Subpart B, Paragraph 15.107(a) conducted emissions tests, the EUT was configured to receive an XM Satellite Radio signal, with the EUT in the Xpress home cradle with the XM Home AC adaptor.
- During FCC Part 15 Subpart B, Paragraph 15.109(a), the EUT was configured to receive an XM Satellite Radio signal, with the EUT in three different modes:
 - o In an Xpress car cradle, using only an XM Satellite Radio car antenna.
 - o In an Xpress car cradle, using an FM Direct Adaptor and car antenna.
 - o In an Xpress home cradle, using only an XM Satellite Radio home antenna.

3. CONCLUSION

The Audiovox, Inc., Xpress Model 136-4345, met the FCC Class B conducted and radiated emission requirements, as well as the intentional radiation limits, as described in the following pages.

4. TEST PROCEDURES AND RESULTS

4.1 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

The measurement techniques identified in the measurement procedure of ANSI C63.4-2003 "American National Standard of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz" were followed as close as practical during this evaluation. Complete details and specific procedures used are discussed in the respective test result sections.

4.2 CONDUCTED EMISSIONS – Section 15.107(a)

4.2.1 Test Setup – Conducted Emissions

The Audiovox, Inc., Xpress Model 136-4345; was powered by a I.T.I Power Supply Model No. SMPS5V2A-XMRT. The 120VAC/ DC 5V switching power supply was then installed in the FAU EMI Research facilities conducted emissions shielded enclosure on a wooden test table 80 centimeters above the ground plane floor and 40 centimeters from the rear wall. The I.T.E Power Supply was then plugged into an EMCO Model No.3825/2R Serial No. 1095, 50 Ω , 50 μ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN).

Conducted power line emissions were measured on both the phase and neutral lines with reference to earth ground, over the specified 150 kHz to 30 MHz range on a Hewlett Packard HP 8566B Spectrum Analyzer operated in the peak detection mode with a bandwidth of 9 kHz obtained through the HP 85650A Quasi Peak Adapter.

4.2.2 Test Data – Conducted Emissions

The EUT was tested for the peak-detected emissions on phase and neutral lines while the Xpress unit was receiving a live XM broadcast.

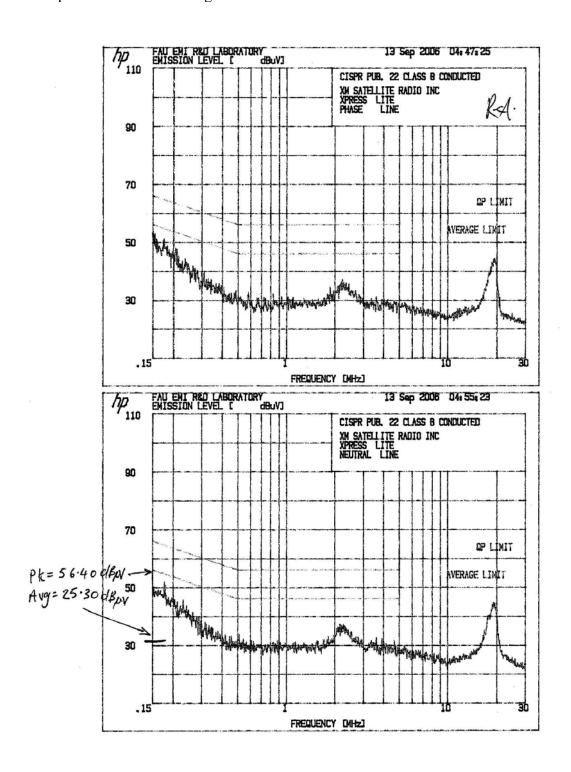


FIGURE 1: Phase and Neutral Conducted Emissions 150 kHz-30 MHz

4.3 RADIATED EMISSIONS – Section 15.109(a)

4.3.1 General Test Setup

The Audiovox, Inc., Xpress Model 136-4345 was set up on a wooden table 80 centimeters above the ground plane turntable of the FCC listed Semi-Anechoic test site.

An EMCO 3104 Broadband Biconical antenna was installed on an EMCO pneumatically controlled Antenna Mast at a distance of 3 meters from the system. The 30 to 200 MHz frequency range was automatically scanned on the HP 8566B Spectrum Analyzer operated in the peak detector mode with a bandwidth of 120 kHz obtained through the HP 85650A Quasi Peak Adapter. It should be noted that the RES BW and VBW of the spectrum analyzer must be set to 1 MHz for the Quasi Peak Adaptor to provide 120 kHz bandwidth correctly. Hence, in the figures RES BW and VBW are still indicated as 1 MHz. The turntable was incrementally rotated through 360 degrees and at the same time the receiving antenna was scanned in height from 1 to 4 meters in both the horizontal and vertical polarizations. An EMCO 3146 Log Periodic antenna was then installed and the above procedure was repeated for the 200 to 1000 MHz ranges.

The FCC Class B limit lines have been corrected for the appropriate antenna factors, cable loss, and amplifier gain based on the following equation:

 $E (dB\mu V/m) = SA \text{ reading } (dB\mu V) + Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) - Amp Gain (dB)$

The EUT was tested in three configurations under Section 15.109(a)

- o Home Cradle with Speaker attached
- o Car Cradle using FM Direct Adaptor
- o Car Cradle using XM antenna only

4.3.2 Radiated Emissions - Home Cradle

4.3.2.1 Test Setup – Home Cradle

In the home cradle setup, the EUT was placed into the Xpress home cradle, with an XM home antenna and XM 5V AC power adaptor. External speakers were connected to the audio output connector on the home cradle with the unit receiving a live XM broadcast signal.

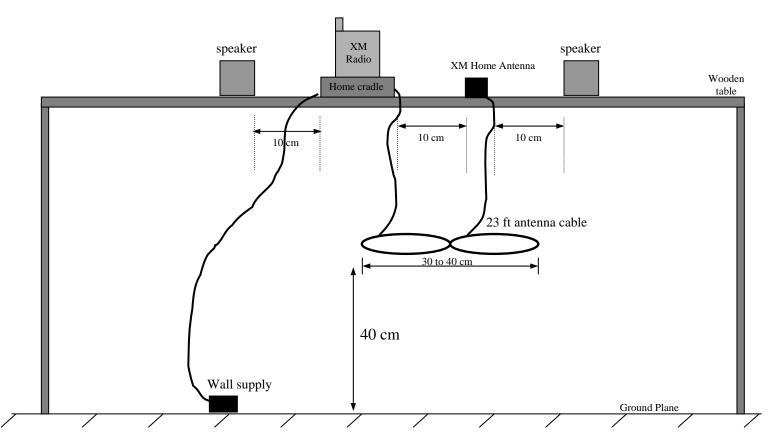
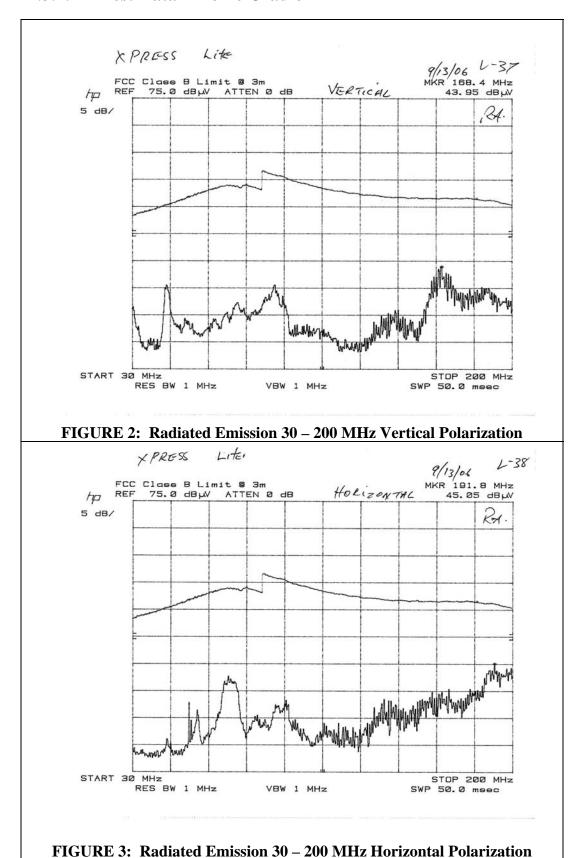


Diagram 1: Home Cradle Radiated Emissions Setup

4.3.2.2 Test Data – Home Cradle



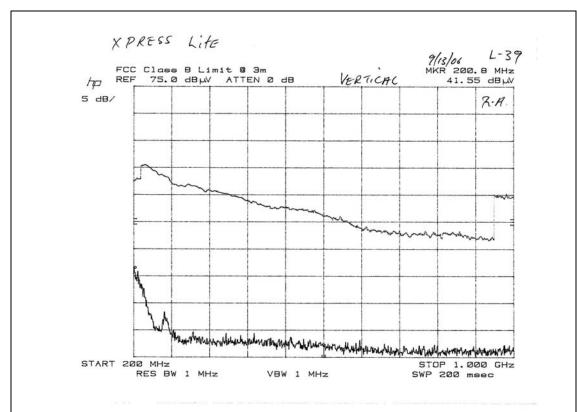
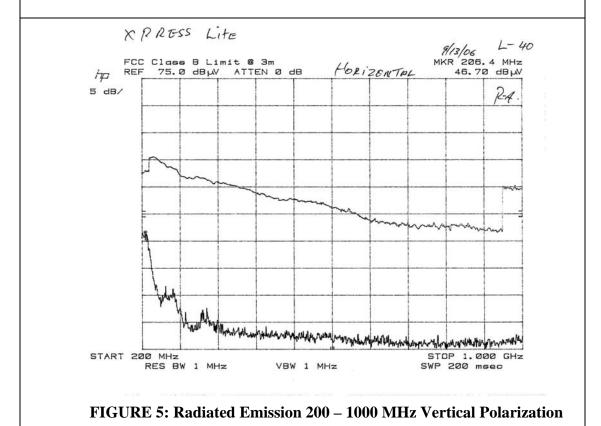


FIGURE 4: Radiated Emission 200MHz - 1 GHz Vertical Polarization



4.3.3 Radiated Emissions - FM Direct Adapter

4.3.3.1 Test Setup – FM Direct Adapter

In the FM Direct Adaptor setup, the EUT was placed in the Xpress car cradle, with an XM FM Direct Adapter, XM car antenna and XM 5V cigarette adaptor power supply. The FM Direct Adapter FM OUT cable was terminated with 75 ohms to simulate an FM radio's FM input jack. The FM Direct Adaptor FM IN cable was attached to an FM aerial antenna on a ground plane to simulate a vehicle's FM antenna. The ground plane is connected to the negative supply of the vehicle battery.

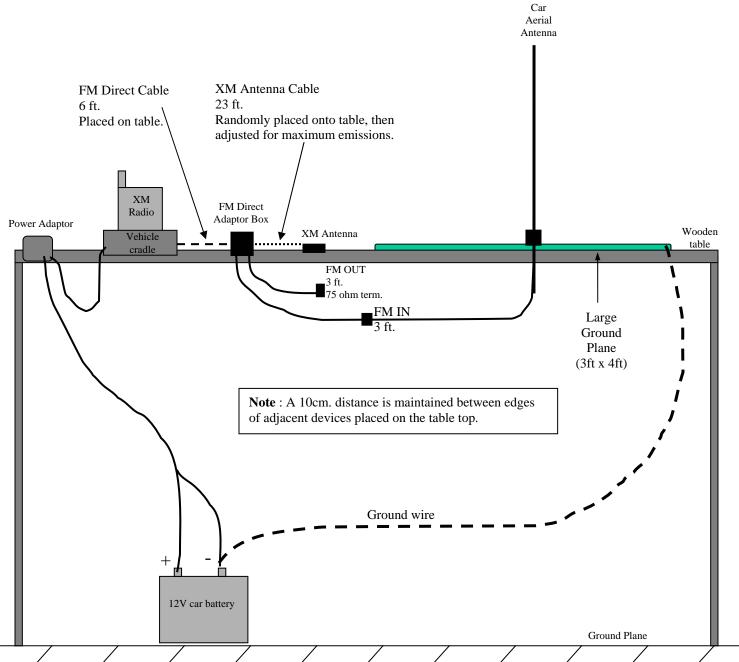
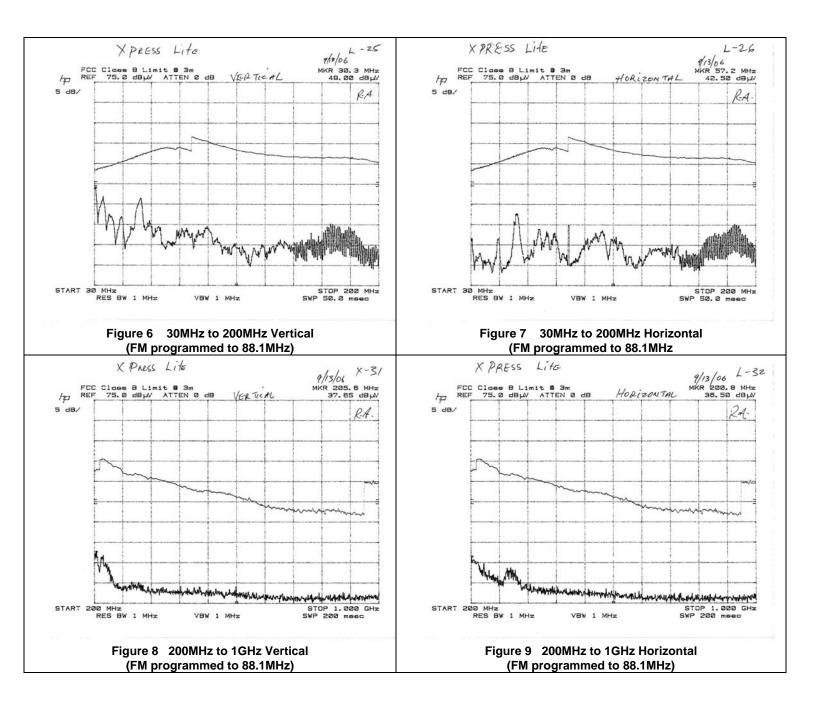
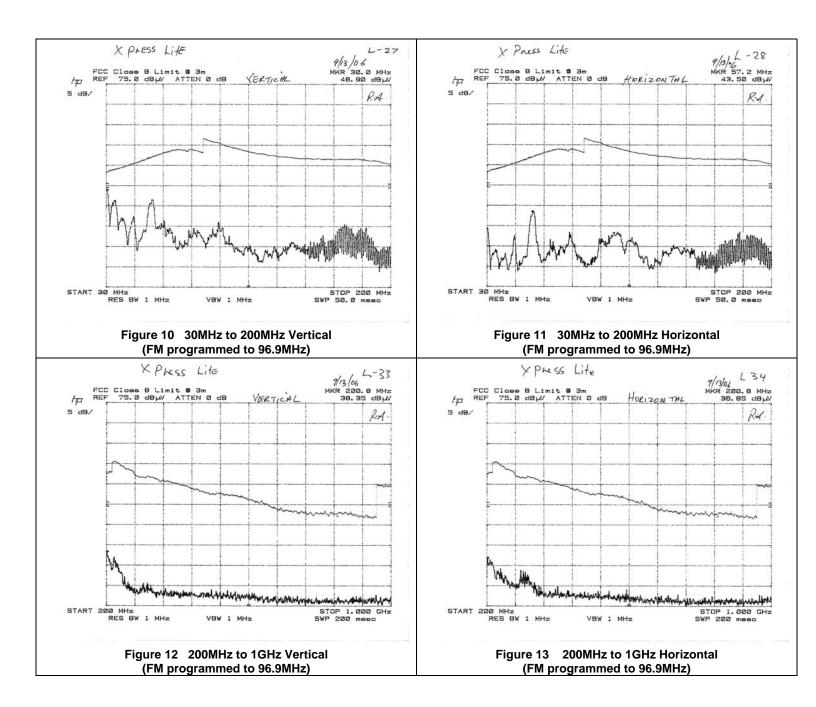
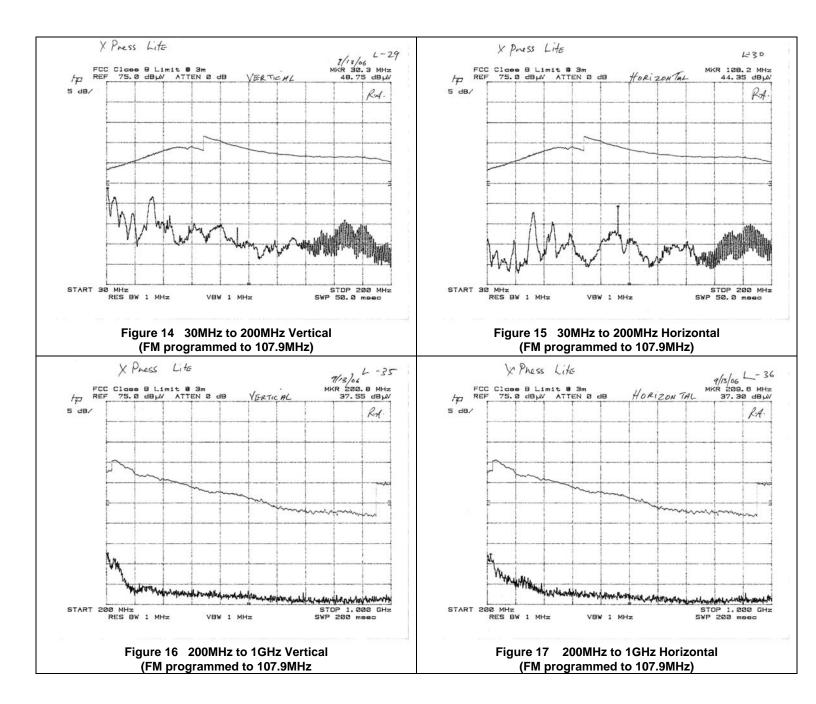


Diagram 2: FM Direct Adapter Radiated Emissions Setup

4.3.3.2 Test Data – FM Direct Adapter







4.3.4 Radiated Emissions – Car Cradle and XM Antenna only

4.3.4.1 Test Setup – Car Cradle and XM Antenna only

In this test setup, the EUT was placed into a Xpress car cradle with an XM antenna and 5V Cigarette adaptor power supply connected to the radio.

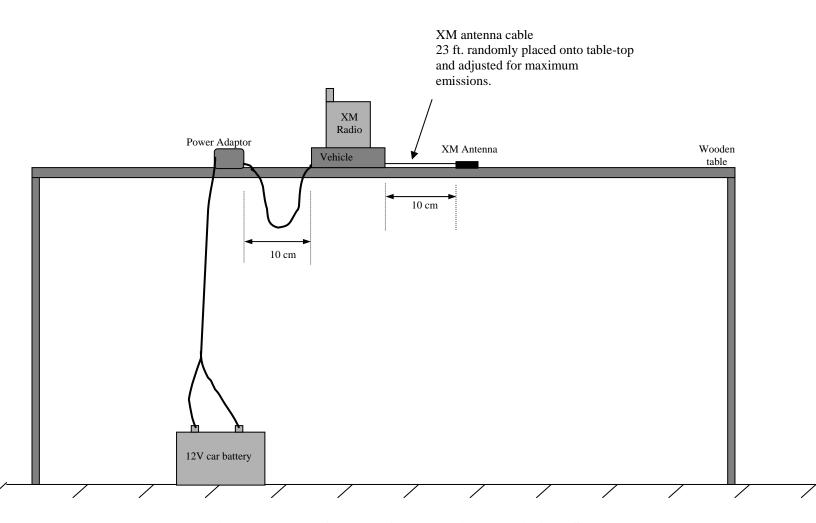
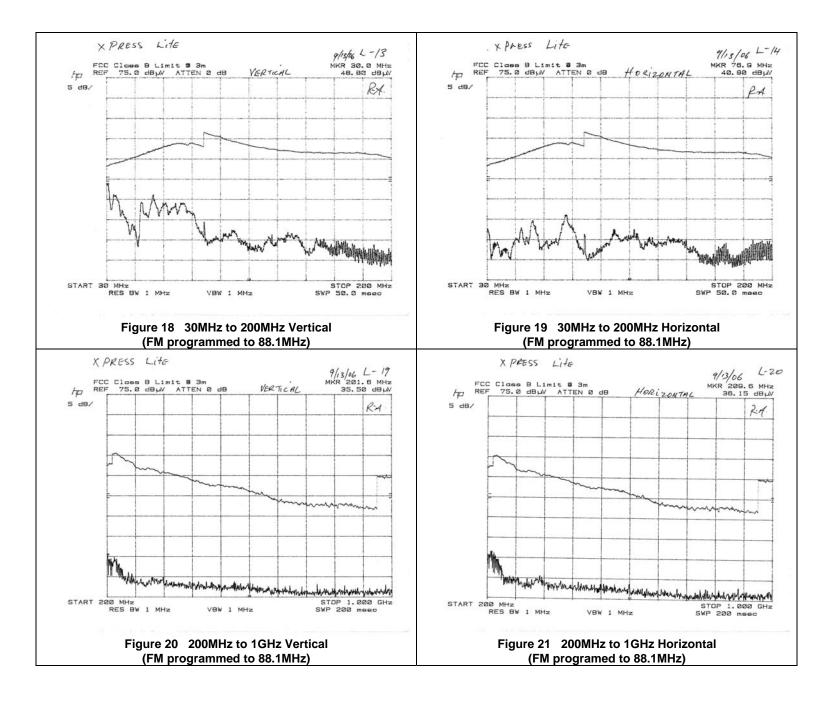
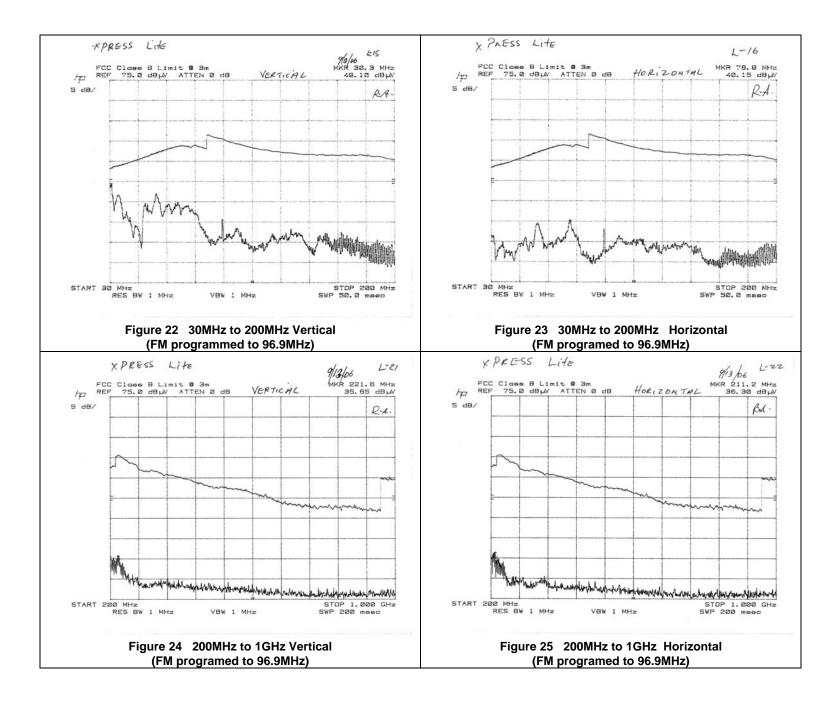
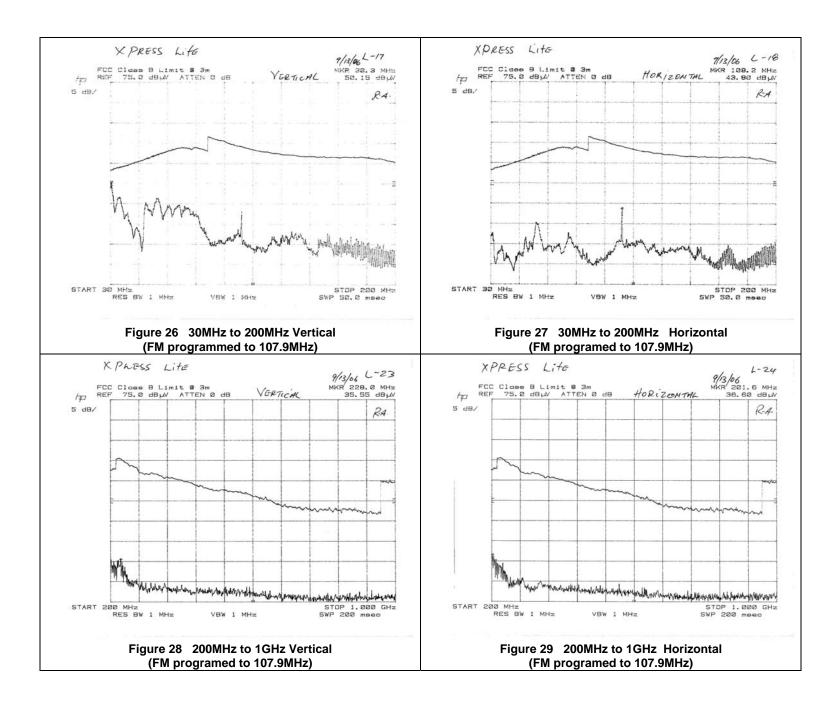


Diagram 3: XM Antenna Only - Radiated Emissions Setup

4.3.4.2 Test Data – Car Cradle and XM antenna only







4.4 INTENTIONAL RADIATOR – Section 15.239 Operation in the Band 88MHz to 108MHz

4.4.1 Test Setup – Using FM Aerial antenna

The Audiovox, Inc Xpress Model 136-4345 was set up on a wooden table 80 centimeters above the ground plane turntable of the FCC listed Semi-Anechoic test site.

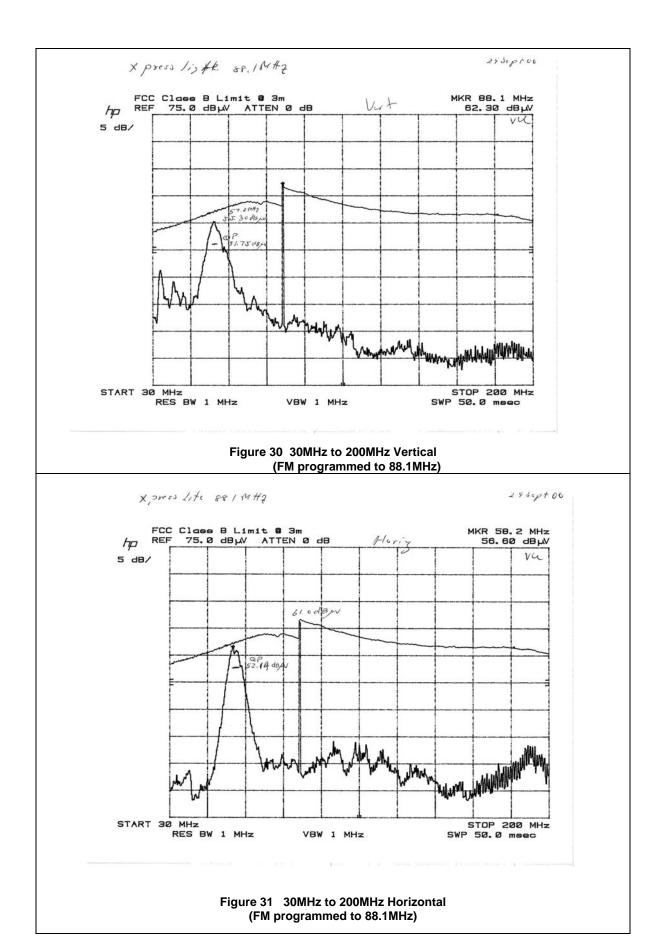
An EMCO 3104 Broadband Biconical antenna was installed on an EMCO pneumatically controlled Antenna Mast at a distance of 3 meters from the system. The 30 to 200 MHz frequency range was automatically scanned on the HP 8566B Spectrum Analyzer operated in the peak detector mode with a bandwidth of 120 kHz obtained through the HP 85650A Quasi Peak Adapter. It should be noted that the RES BW and VBW of the spectrum analyzer must be set to 1 MHz for the Quasi Peak Adaptor to provide 120 kHz bandwidth correctly. Hence, in the figures RES BW and VBW are still indicated as 1 MHz. The turntable was incrementally rotated through 360 degrees and at the same time the receiving antenna was scanned in height from 1 to 4 meters in both the horizontal and vertical polarizations. An EMCO 3146 Log Periodic antenna was then installed and the above procedure was repeated for the 200 to 1000 MHz ranges.

The FCC Class B limit lines have been corrected for the appropriate antenna factors, cable loss, and amplifier gain based on the following equation:

 $E (dB\mu V/m) = SA \text{ reading } (dB\mu V) + Antenna \text{ Factor } (dB/m) + Cable \text{ Loss } (dB) - Amp \text{ Gain } (dB)$

Note: The setup diagram for this test is located in the Test setup photograph document.

4.4.2 Test Data - FM Aerial Antenna



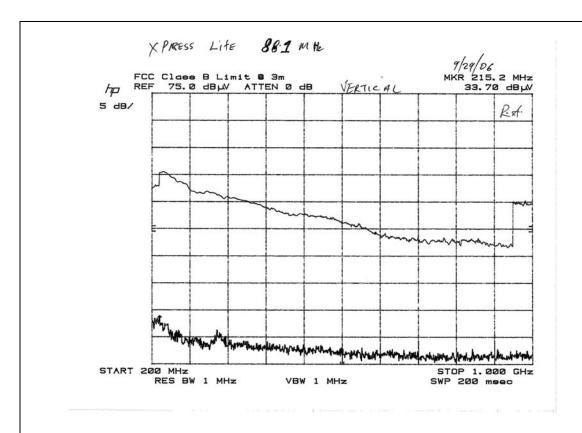
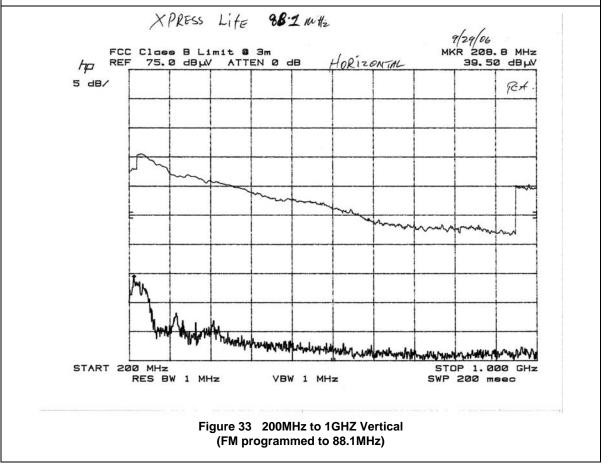
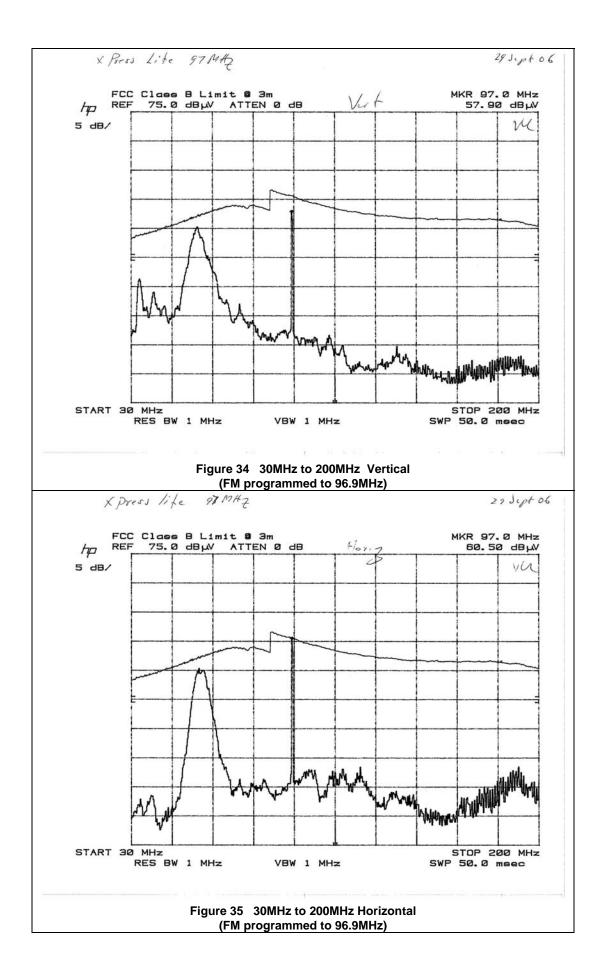
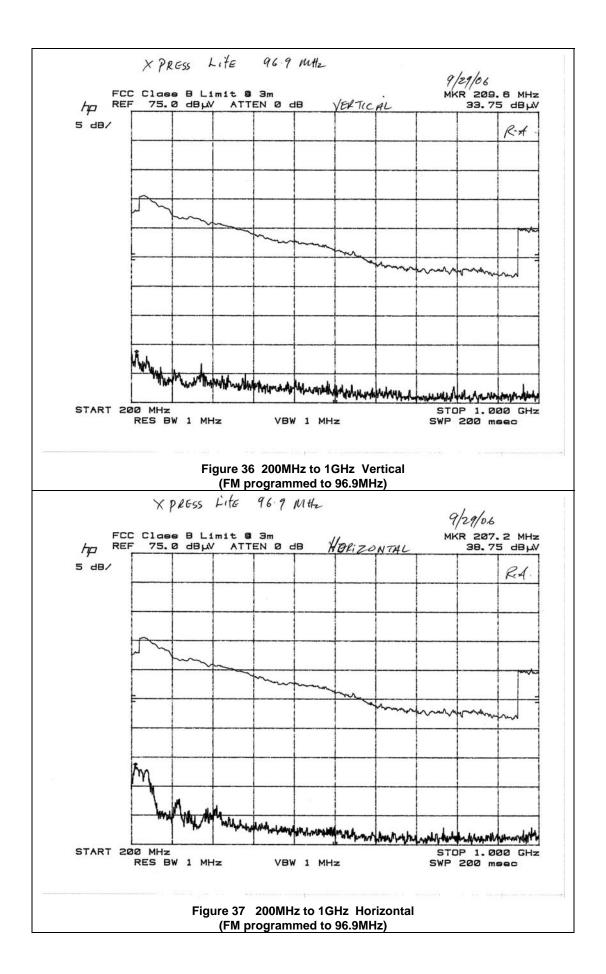


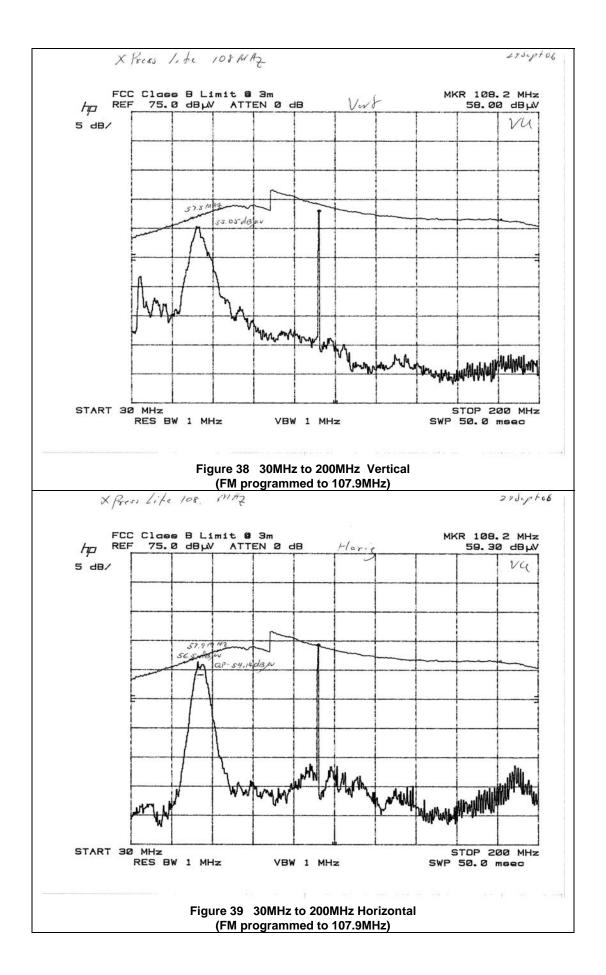
Figure 32 200MHz to 1GHZ Vertical (FM programmed to 88.1MHz)

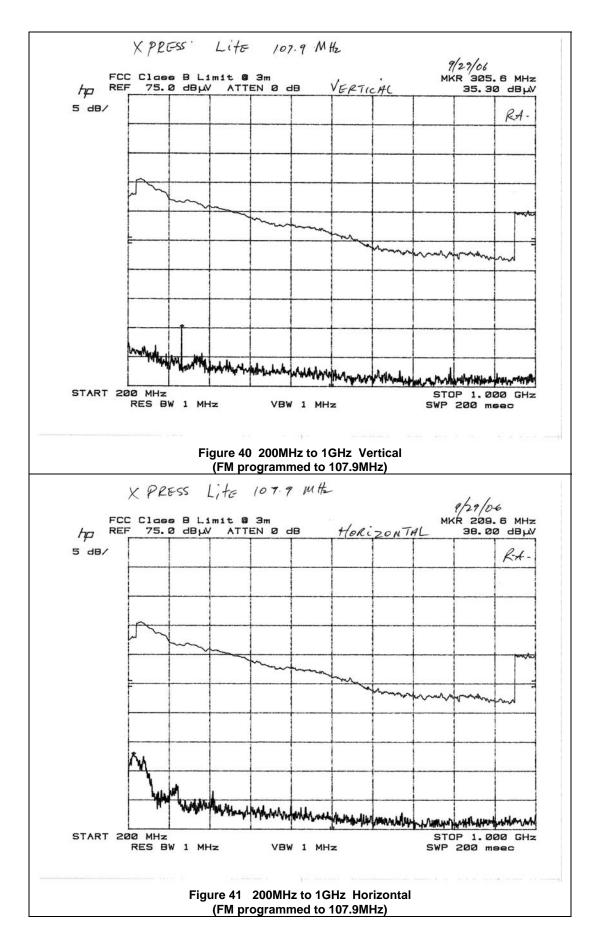


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4.5 Tabular Data of Peak Voltage Measurements

The following table shows peak voltage measurements for all plots that were taken in the 3 meter chamber. Where noted, the intentional radiator limit is used.

	Chamber. vv	,		Corrected		
	Peak	Peak	Correction	Peak	FCC	Margin to
Plot	Frequency	Voltage	Factor	Voltage	Limit	Limit
ID	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	dBuV/m	dB
L1	88.10	62.3	-18.5	43.8	48 ¹	4.2
L2	88.10	61.0	-18.5	42.5	48 ¹	5.5
L3	96.90	57.9	-17.5	40.4	48 ¹	7.6
L4	96.90	60.5	-17.5	43.0	48 ¹	5.0
L5	107.90	58.0	-16.4	41.6	48 ¹	6.4
L6	107.90	59.3	-16.4	42.9	48 ¹	5.1
L7	215.2	33.7	-14.6	19.10	43.5	24.4
L8	209.60	39.5	-14.4	25.10	43.5	18.4
L9	209.6	33.8	-14.5	19.3	43.5	24.2
L10	208.80	38.8	-14.4	24.4	43.5	19.1
L11	305.6	35.5	-14.5	20.8	43.5	22.7
L12	208.00	38.0	-14.4	23.6	43.5	19.9
L13	30.00	48.80	-13.7	35.10	40	4.90
L14	76.90	40.90	-18.9	22.00	40	18.00
L15	30.30	49.10	-13.7	35.40	40	4.60
L16	76.90	40.15	-18.9	21.25	40	18.75
L17	30.30	50.15	-13.7	36.45	40	3.55
L18	107.90	43.80	-16.4	27.40	43.5	16.10
L19	201.60	35.50	-14.6	20.90	43.5	22.60
L20	209.60	36.15	-14.4	21.75	43.5	21.75
L21	221.60	35.65	-14.2	21.45	46	24.55
L22	211.20	36.30	-14.3	22.00	43.5	21.50
L23	228.00	35.55	-14.1	21.45	46	24.55
L24	201.60	36.60	-14.6	22.00	43.5	21.50
L25	30.30	49.00	-13.7	35.30	40	4.70
L26	57.20	42.50	-17.7	24.80	40	15.20
L27	30.00	48.90	-13.7	35.20	40	4.80
L28	57.20	43.50	-17.7	25.80	40	14.20
L29	30.30	48.80	-13.7	35.1	40	4.90
L30	107.90	44.40	-16.4	28	43.5	15.50
L31	205.60	37.70	-14.4	23.3	43.5	20.20
L32	200.80	36.50	-14.6	21.9	43.5	21.60
L33	200.80	38.40	-14.6	23.8	43.5	19.70
L34	200.80	36.90	-14.6	22.3	43.5	21.20
L35	200.80	37.60	-14.6	23	43.5	20.50
L36	209.60	37.30	-14.4	22.9	43.5	20.60
L37	168.40	44.00	-13.7	30.3	43.5	13.20
L38	191.80	45.10	-12.3	32.8	43.5	10.70
L39	200.80	41.60	-14.6	27	43.5	16.50
L40	206.40	46.70	-14.5	32.2	43.5	11.30

Note 1: The intentional radiator limit is used for these frequency points.

Table 1: Voltage Measurements from FAU 3-m chamber 4.6 Radiated Emissions – Section 15.239 – Measured On-Vehicle

Per FCC instructions, the FM fundamental power measurements using the FM Coupler device were measured on three different vehicles which utilize embedded FM antennas in the vehicle's glass.

The test vehicles that were used during the test include:

- Chrysler Pacifica
- Toyota Camry
- Nissan Maxima

4.6.1 Test Setup – In Vehicle Measurements

TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The satellite radio receiver and SureConnect accessory were installed in each vehicle per the installation guidelines provided to the user and tuned to one of the three test FM frequencies.
- 2. The RBW and VBW of the spectrum analyzer were set to 120KHz and 300KHz respectively. A peak detector was utilized.
- 3. For tests where the receiving antenna is in Vertical polarization, the receive antenna is initially placed at one meter from the ground. For Horizontal polarization, the receive antenna is initially placed at three meters from the ground.
- 4. While monitoring the power of the fundamental FM emission, the receive antenna base is moved horizontally along one of the vehicles sides, at 3 meters from the vehicle. The position that produces the highest emission is found.
- 5. At the position found in step (4) above, the antenna is moved vertically from 1 meter to 4 meters. The highest FM emission is found and recorded.
- 6. The above procedure is repeated for each of the four sides of the vehicle.
- 7. The above procedure is repeated for each of three FM frequencies (88.7MHz, 96.9MHz, and 107.1MHz). These frequencies are chosen due to FM co-channel interfering signals at the extreme band edges.
- 8. The cable loss, amplifier gain, and antenna factors are used to determine the absolute field strength from each peak power measurement as shown in the table below.

Test Frequency	Vertical Polarization	Horizontal Polarization
	V-Factor	H-Factor
88.7MHz	-19.2 dB	-18.8 dB
96.9MHz	-20.0 dB	-18.2 dB
107.1MHz	-21.0 dB	-18.7 dB

Table 2 : Calibration Factors for In-Vehicle Measurements

Diagram 4: In-Vehicle Measurement Method

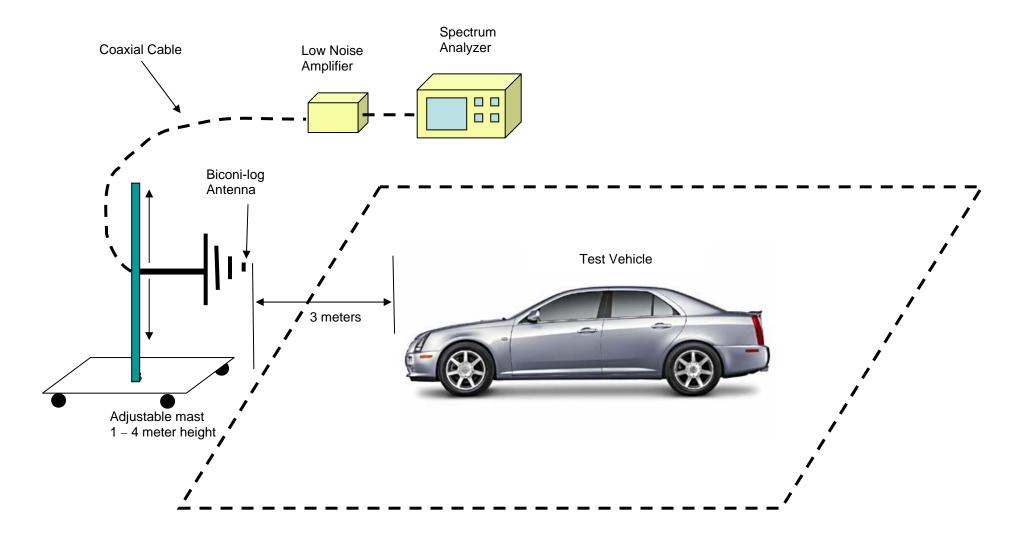
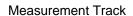
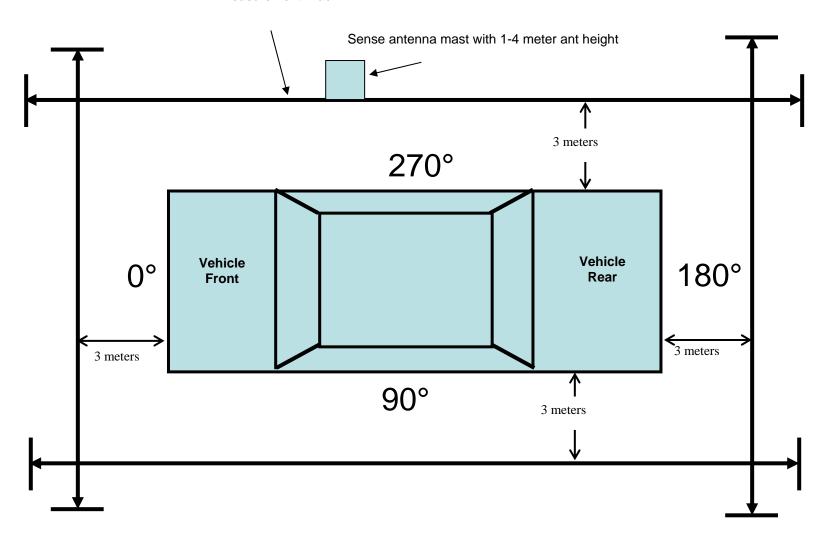


Diagram 5 : In Vehicle Measurement Method





4.6.2 Test Data – In-Vehicle Measurements

Product	Freq	Vfactor	FAU OATS reading VERTICAL (dBuV)			Meas. Peak	Corr. Peak	Limit	Margin	
Description	(MHz)	dB	0 deg	90 deg	180 deg	270 deg	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuv/m	dB
	88.7	-19.20	54.7	47.6	51.5	55.2	55.2	35.99	48	12.01
Pacifica	96.9	-20.00	54.1	47.8	49.9	52.3	54.1	34.09	48	13.91
	107.1	-21.00	53.0	53.2	56.3	58.2	58.2	37.19	48	10.81
	88.7	-19.20	54.8	56.1	55.0	55.7	56.1	36.89	48	11.11
Camry	96.9	-20.00	58.6	57.9	56.3	53.8	58.6	38.59	48	9.41
	107.1	-21.00	48.5	53.7	56.5	54.7	56.5	35.49	48	12.51
	88.7	-19.20	50.9	50.0	50.0	48.8	50.9	31.69	48	16.31
Maxima	96.9	-20.00	55.3	53.5	51.7	49.5	55.3	35.29	48	12.71
	107.1	-21.00	54.4	51.8	51.5	49.1	54.4	33.39	48	14.61

Table 3: Vertical Polarization results from In-Vehicle Measurements

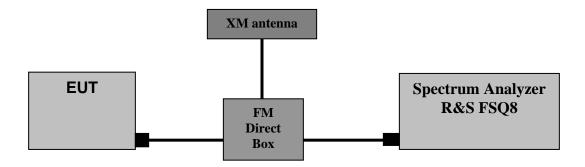
Product	Freq	H factor	FAU O		ing HORIZONTAL BuV)		Meas. Peak	Corr. Peak	Limit	Margin
Description	(MHz)	dB	0 deg	90 deg	180 deg	270 deg	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuv/m	dB
	88.7	-18.8	50.8	45.6	51.2	49.8	51.2	32.39	48	15.61
Pacifica	96.9	-18.2	50.4	49.3	50.2	52.6	52.6	34.39	48	13.61
	107.1	-18.7	54.8	50.5	54.4	53.6	54.8	36.09	48	11.91
	88.7	-18.8	49.6	55.5	48.7	52.0	55.5	36.69	48	11.31
Camry	96.9	-18.2	54.5	57.0	51.0	57.1	57.1	38.89	48	9.11
	107.1	-18.7	51.2	56.2	52.2	55.2	56.2	37.49	48	10.51
	88.7	-18.8	48.7	50.3	47.7	50.2	50.3	31.49	48	16.51
Maxima	96.9	-18.2	53.5	53.7	53.9	53.7	53.9	35.70	48	12.30
	107.1	-18.7	52.7	54.9	52.9	53.0	54.9	36.19	48	11.81

Table 4: Horizontal Polarization results from In-Vehicle Measurements

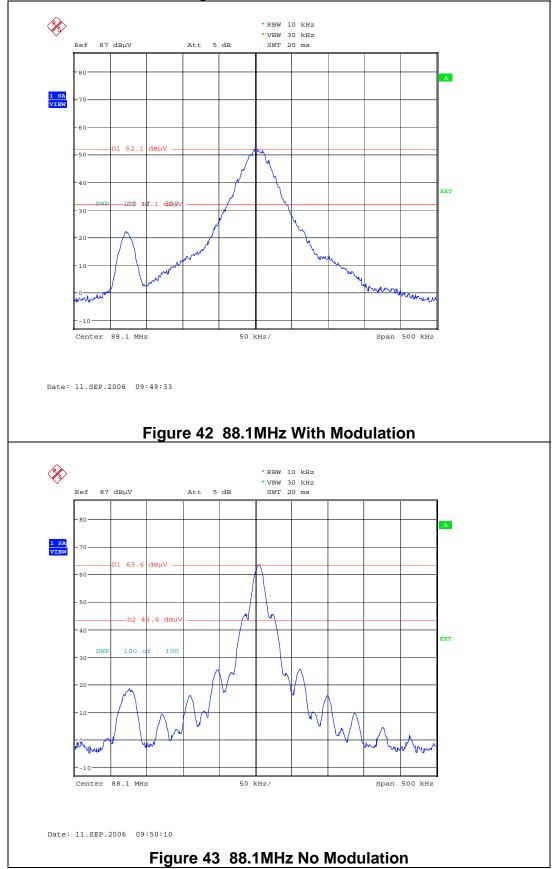
4.7 Occupied Bandwidth – Section 15.239(a)

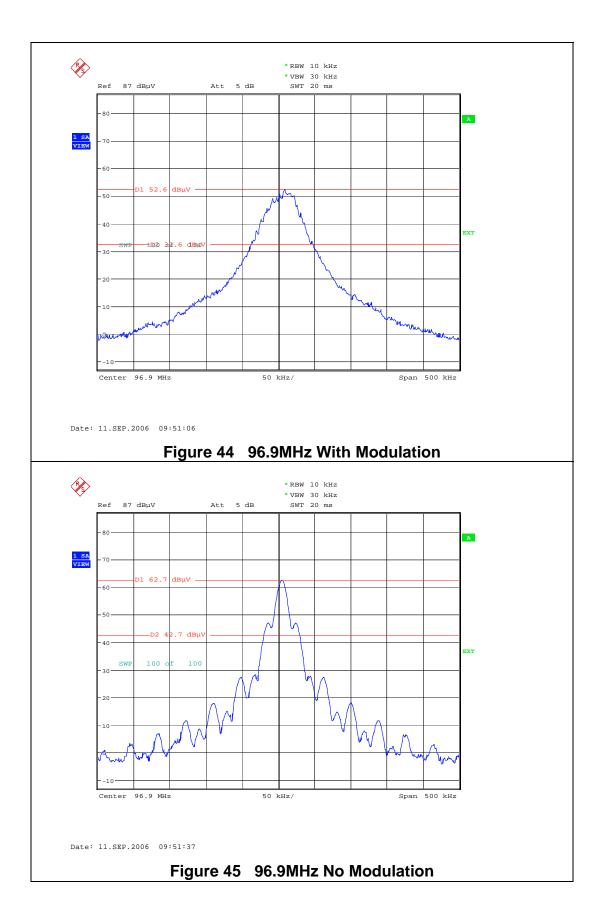
4.7.1 Test Setup – Occupied Bandwidth

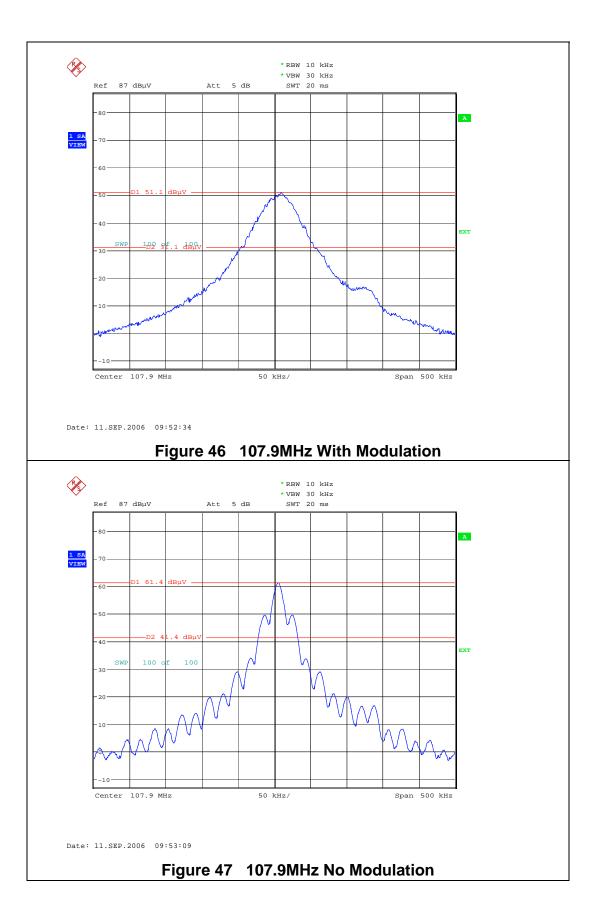
The occupied bandwidth test was performed using an FM direct adaptor to maximize the power into the spectrum analyzer. The unit was programmed to the three FM test frequencies (88.1MHz, 96.9MHz, and 107.9MHz) while receiving live over-the-air signal. The FM audio level was maximized to find the highest occupied bandwidth.



4.7.2 Test Data – Occupied Bandwidth







4.8 FM Tuning Range

The FM tuning range of the device was verified to be restricted to the range of 88.1MHz to 107.9MHz in step sizes of 200KHz.

4.9 TEST EQUIPMENT

FAU EMI LAB

	FAU EMI R&D LABORATORY TEST EQUIPMENT						
Equipment Type	Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval (Years)	
Spectrum Analyzer	Hewlett Packard	RF Section	8566B	2403A06381	Aug-22-06	2	
Spectrum Analyzer	Hewlett Packard	Display	85662A	2407A06381	Aug-22-06	2	
Spectrum Analyzer	Hewlett Packard	Quasi Peak Adapter	85650A	2430A00559	Aug-22-06	2	
RF Preselector	Hewlett Packard	Preselector	85685A	2510A00151	Feb-8-06	2	

IN-VEHICLE TEST SETUP

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Cal Date	Due Date
Type				
Spectrum	R&S	FSIQ7	3/28/2006	3/28/2007
Analyzer				
Low Noise	Sonoma	Inst310	6/9/2006	6/9/2007
Amplifier				
Biconilog	ETS-Lindgren	3142C	6/5/2006	6/5/2007
Antenna				

OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH TEST SETUP

Equipment Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal Date	Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSQ8	3/28/2006	3/28/2007

TEST FACILITY

FAU EMI Research and Development Laboratory Department of Electrical Engineering Florida Atlantic University Boca Raton, Florida 33431 (561) 361-4390

A2LA Certificate Number: 2129.01

FCC Registration: 90599

Industry of Canada: IC46405-4076

Description:	The 3-m semi-anechoic chamber and Power Line Conducted Spurious Voltage test setup is constructed and calibrated to meet the FCC requirements of Section 2.948, as well as Industry Canada RSS 212 Issue 1.					
Site Filing:	A site description is on file with the Federal Communications Commission, 7435 Oakland Mills Road, Columbia, MD 21046, and with the Industry Canada, Certification and Engineering Bureau, 3701 Carling Ave., Building 94, P.O. Box 11490, Station "H", Ottawa Ontario, K2H 8S2.					
Instrument Tolerance:	All measuring equipment is in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 22 requirements.					

End Report