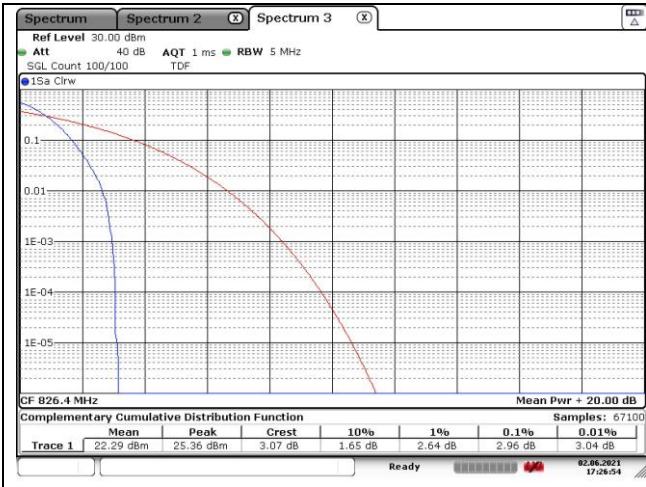
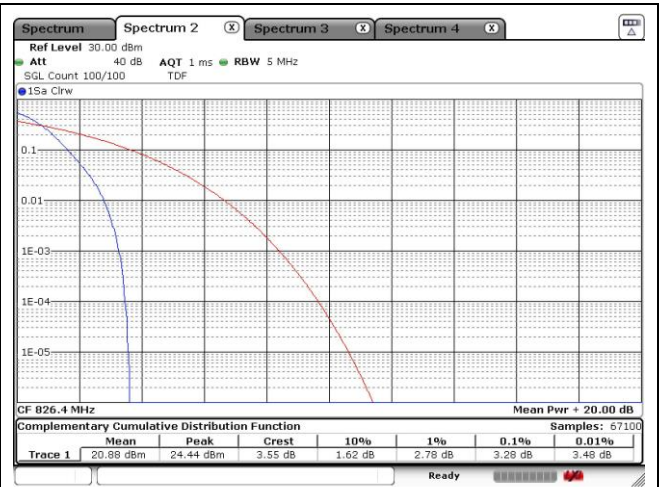


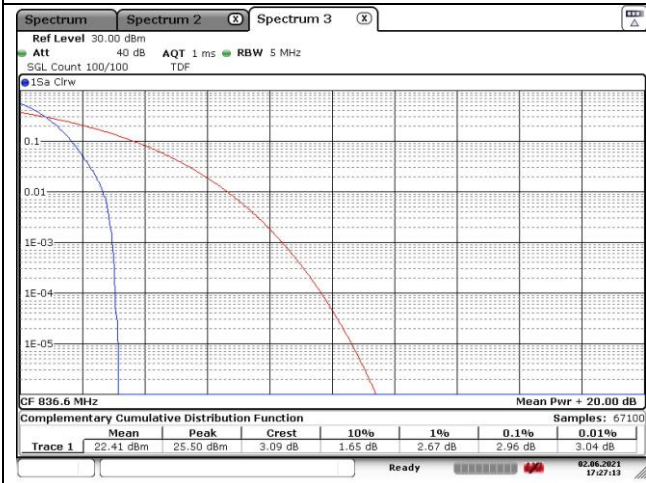
**WCDMA V**



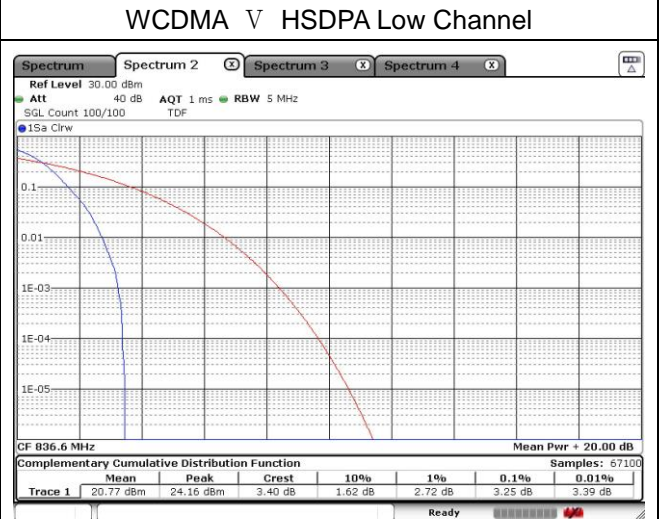
Date: 2 JUN 2021 17:26:55



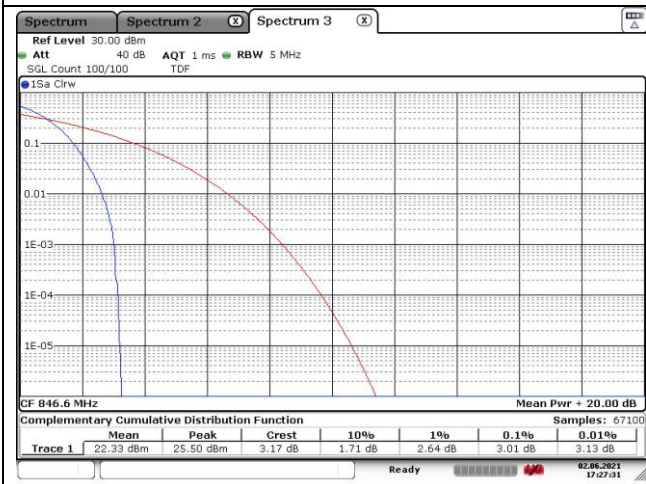
**WCDMA V RMC Low Channel**



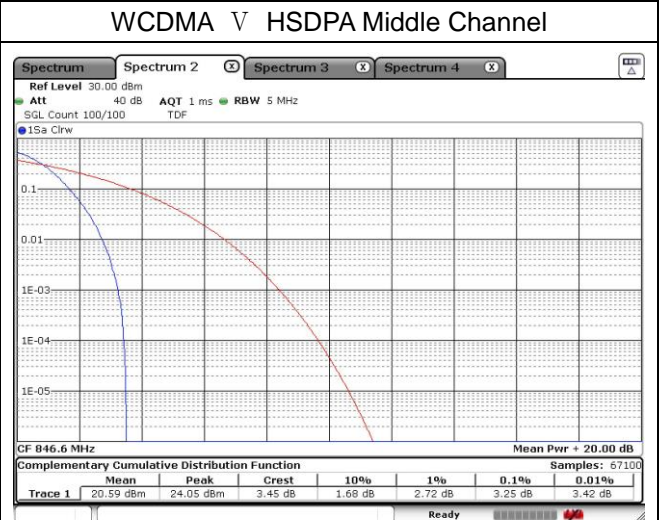
Date: 2 JUN 2021 17:27:14



**WCDMA V RMC Middle Channel**



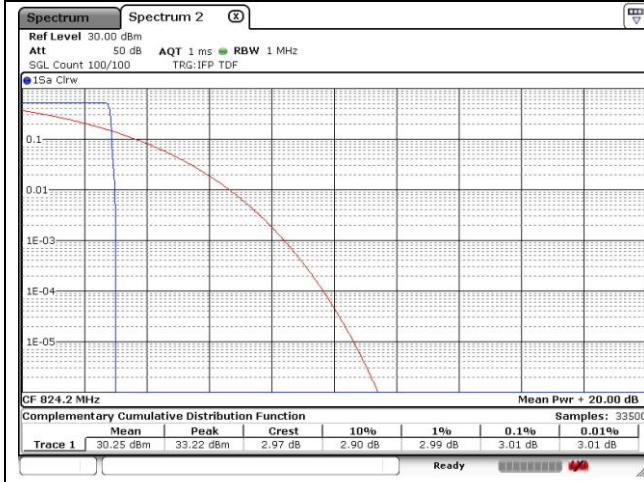
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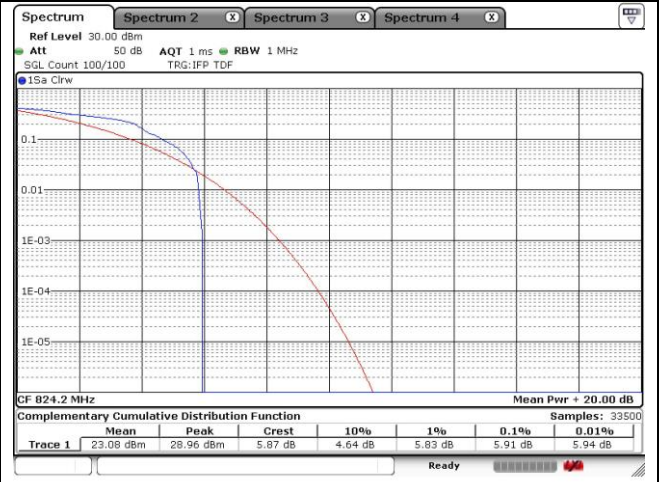
**WCDMA V RMC High Channel**

**WCDMA V HSDPA High Channel**

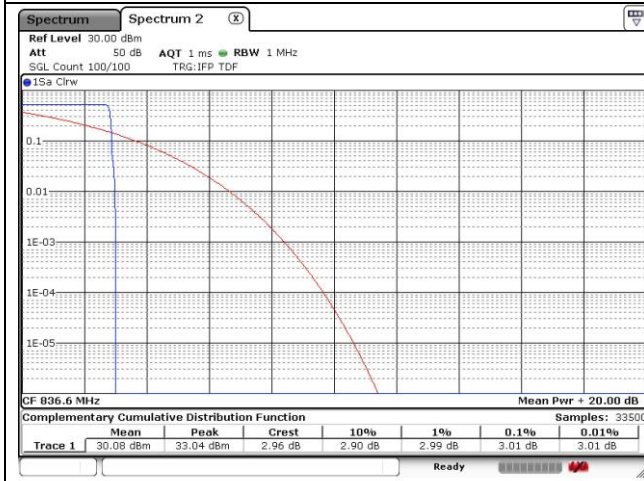
**GSM 850**



GSM 850 VOICE Low Channel



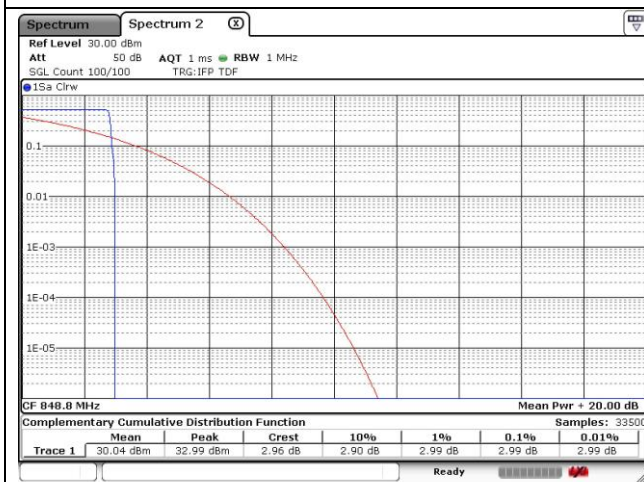
GSM 850 EDGE Low Channel



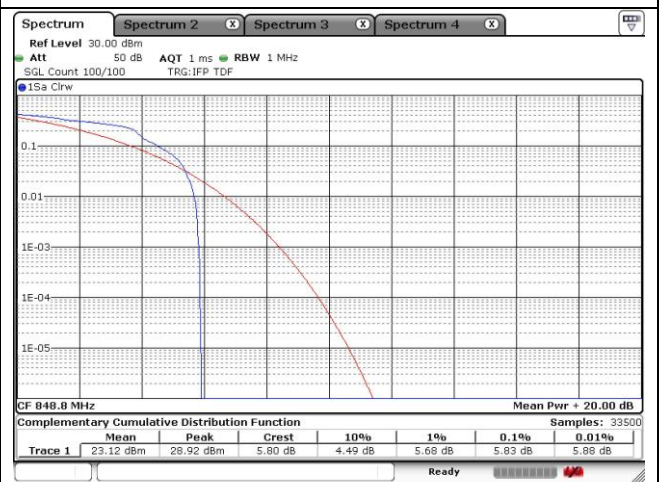
GSM 850 VOICE Middle Channel



GSM 850 EDGE Middle Channel

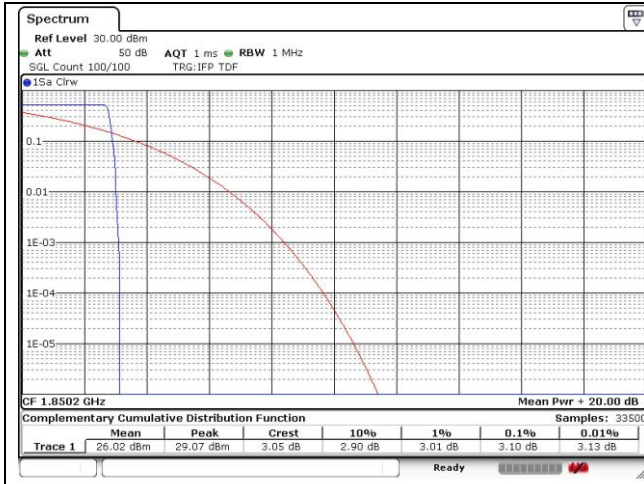


GSM 850 VOICE High Channel

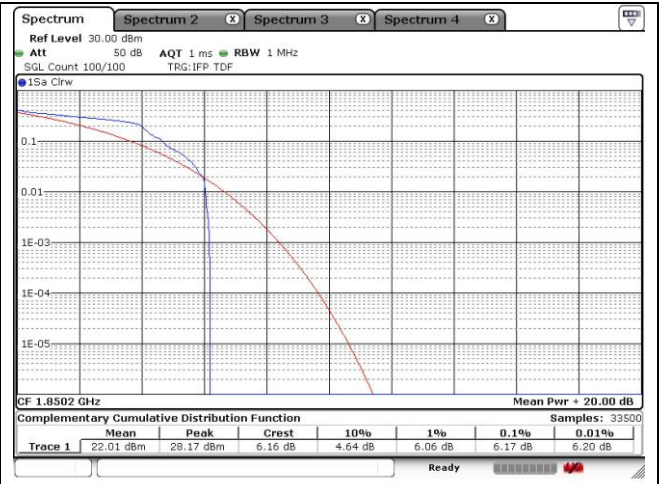


GSM 850 EDGE High Channel

**GSM 1900**



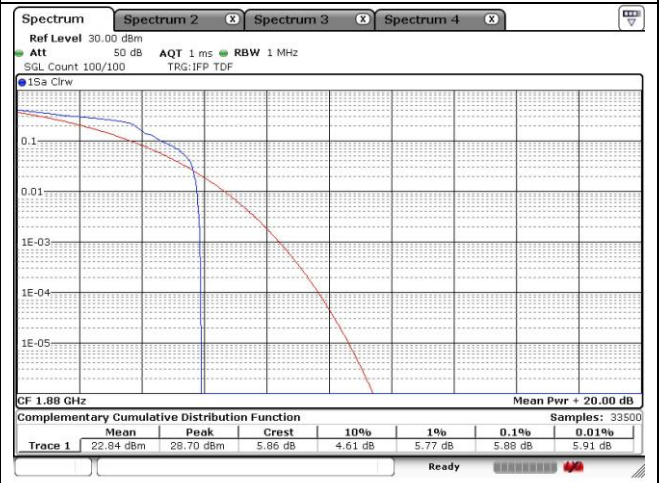
GSM 1900 VOICE Low Channel



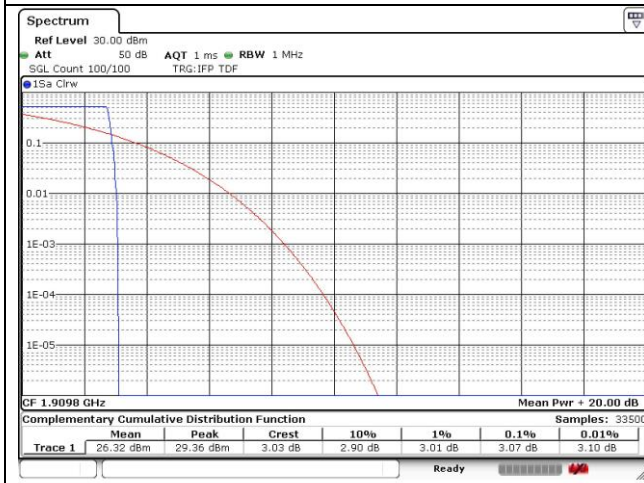
GSM 1900 EDGE Low Channel



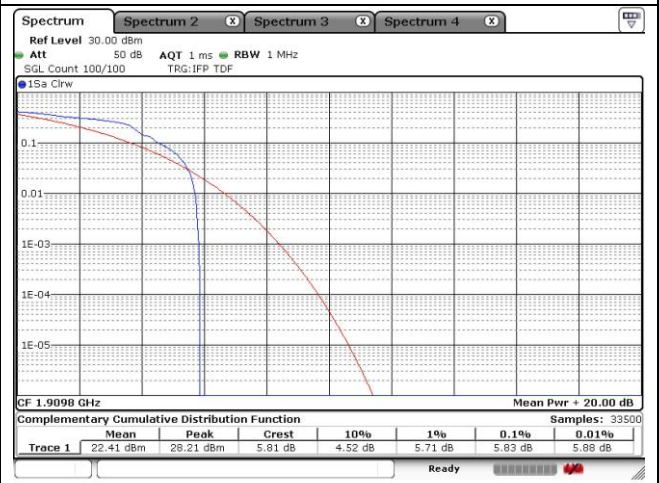
GSM 1900 VOICE Middle Channel



GSM 1900 EDGE Middle Channel



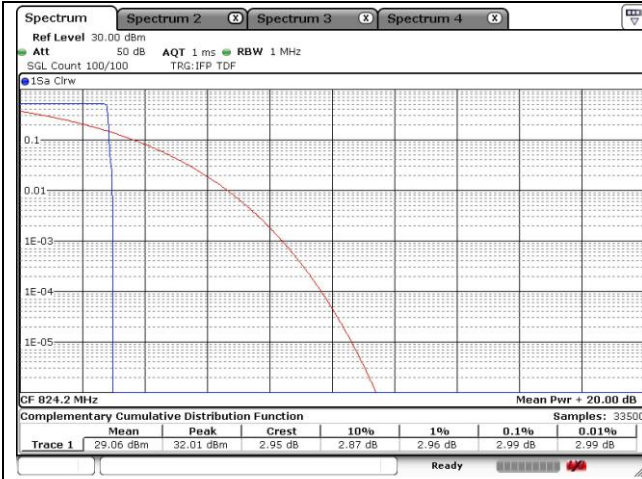
GSM 1900 VOICE High Channel



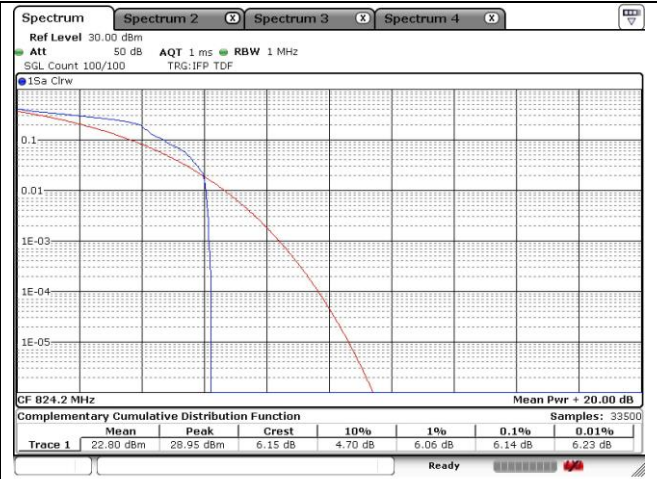
GSM 1900 EDGE High Channel

**SIM 2**

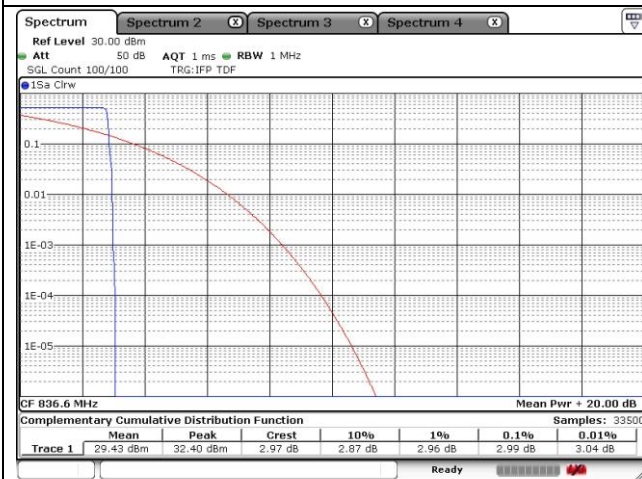
**GSM 850**



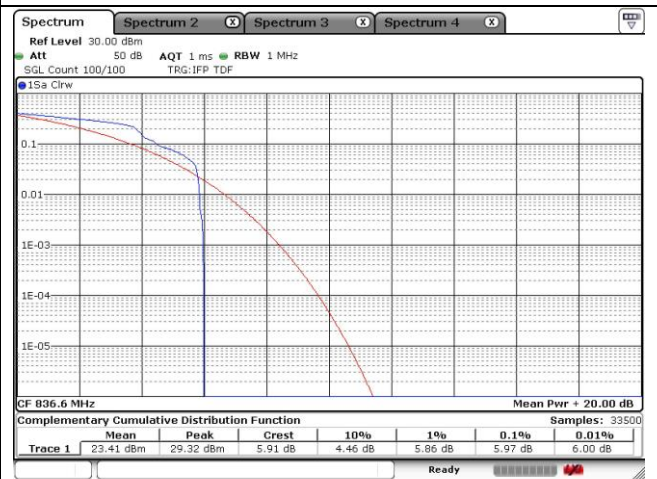
**GSM 850 VOICE Low Channel**



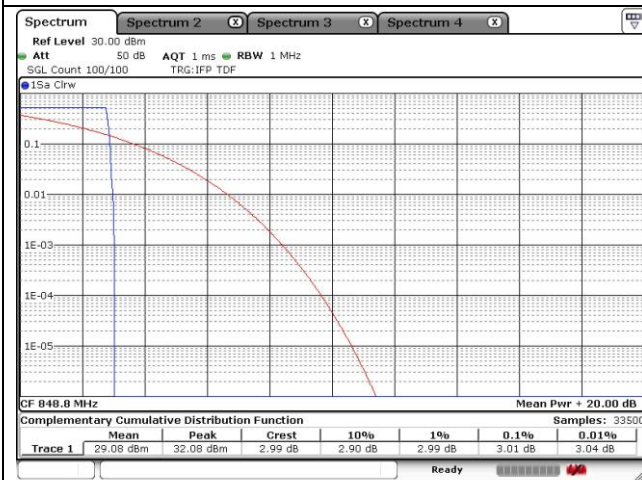
**GSM 850 EDGE Low Channel**



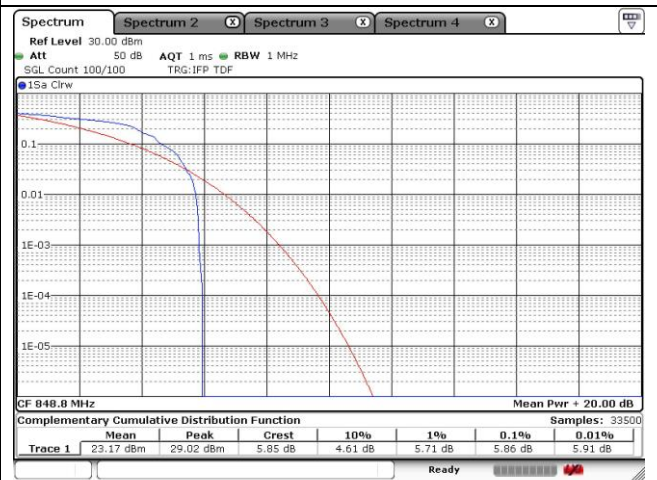
**GSM 850 VOICE Middle Channel**



**GSM 850 EDGE Middle Channel**

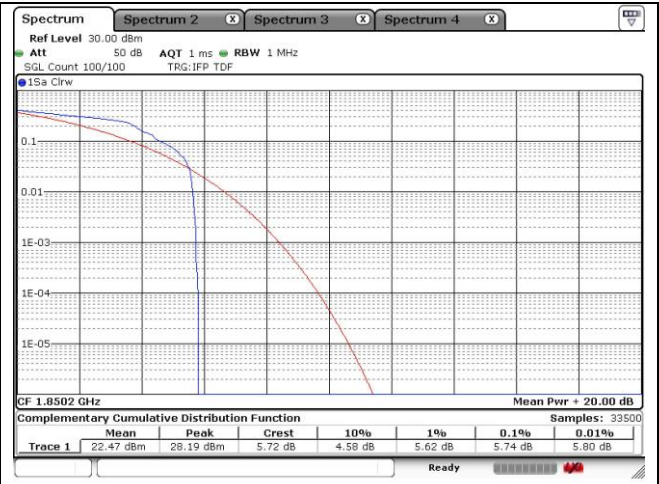
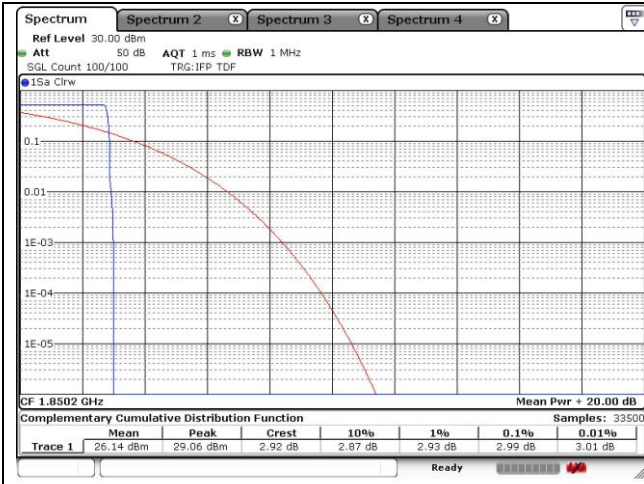


**GSM 850 VOICE High Channel**



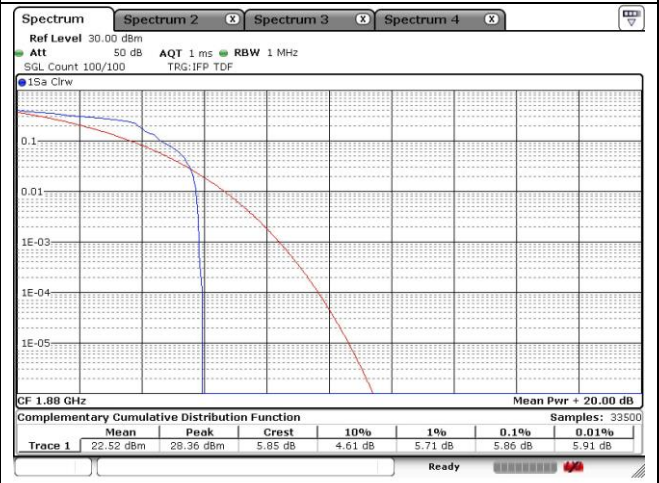
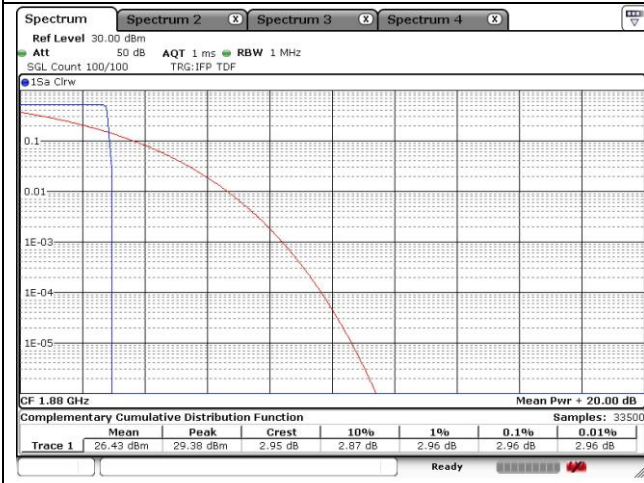
**GSM 850 EDGE High Channel**

**GSM 1900**



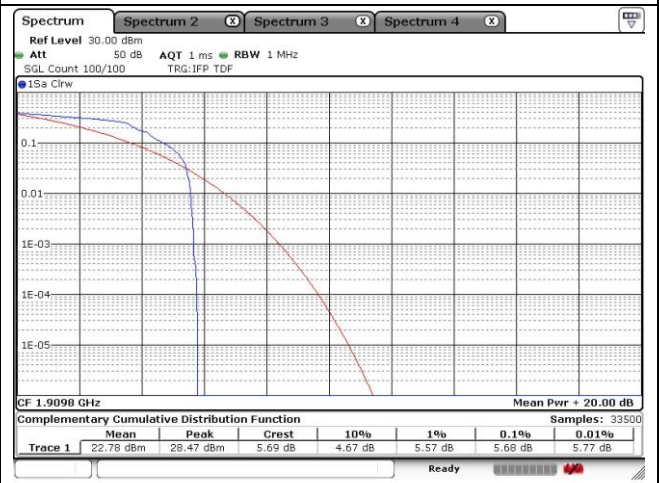
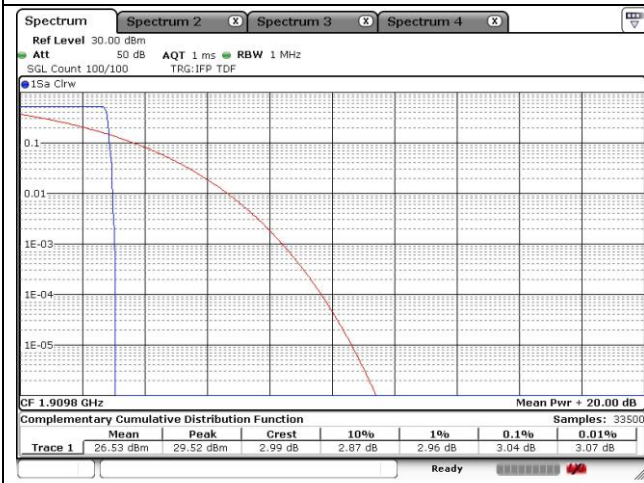
**GSM 1900 VOICE Low Channel**

**GSM 1900 EDGE Low Channel**



**GSM 1900 VOICE Middle Channel**

**GSM 1900 EDGE Middle Channel**



**GSM 1900 VOICE High Channel**

**GSM 1900 EDGE High Channel**

## 6. Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal

### 6.1. Limit

#### FCC

- §22.917(a), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10\log(P)$  dB.

- §24.238(a), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

- §27.53(h)(1), for operations in the 1 695-1 710 MHz, 1 710-1 755 MHz, 1 755-1 780 MHz, 1 915-1 920 MHz, 1 995-2 000 MHz, 2 000-2 020 MHz, 2 110-2 155 MHz, 2 155-2 180 MHz, and 2 180-2 200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  dB.

#### IC

- RSS-132 Issue 3

5.5, Mobile and base station equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

(i) In the first 1.0 MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands specified in Section 5.1, the power of emissions per any 1 % of the occupied bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts).

(ii) After the first 1.0 MHz immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands, the power of emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1 % of the occupied bandwidth, power integration over 100 kHz is required.

- RSS-133 Issue 6

6.5, Equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

(i) In the 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's operating frequency block, the emission power per any 1 % of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts).

(ii) After the first 1.0 MHz, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1 % of the emission bandwidth, power integration over 1.0 MHz is required.

- RSS-139 Issue 3

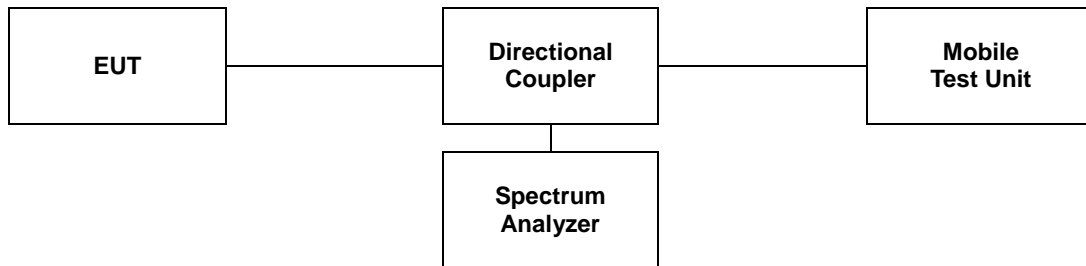
6.6, (i) In the first 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's smallest operating frequency block, which can contain the equipment's occupied bandwidth, the emission power per any 1 % of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (in dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts) dB.

(ii) After the first 1.0 MHz outside the equipment's smallest operating frequency block, which can contain the equipment's occupied bandwidth, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (in dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts) dB.

## 6.2. Test Procedure

The test follows section 5.7 of ANSI C63.26-2015.

1. Start frequency was set to 9 kHz and stop frequency was set to at least 10\* the fundamental frequency.
2. Detector = Peak.
3. Trace mode = Max hold.
4. Sweep time = Auto couple.
5. The trace was allowed to stabilize.
6. Please see notes below for RBW and VBW settings.
7. For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 9 kHz to 20 GHz, all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function.



### Note;

Compliance with the applicable limits is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater for frequencies less than 1 GHz and frequencies greater than 1 GHz. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two point, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

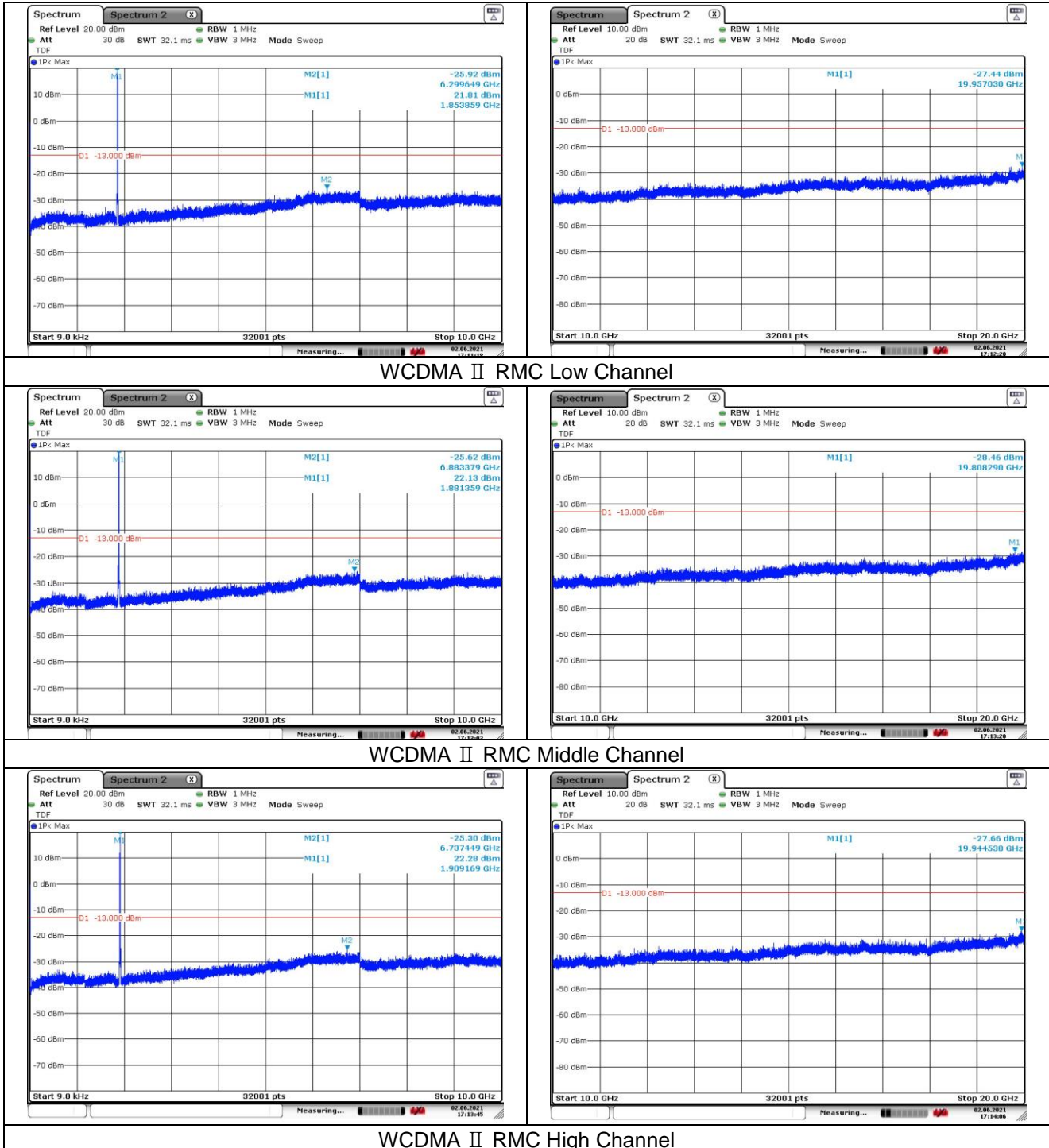
### 6.3. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C  
 Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

#### - Test plots

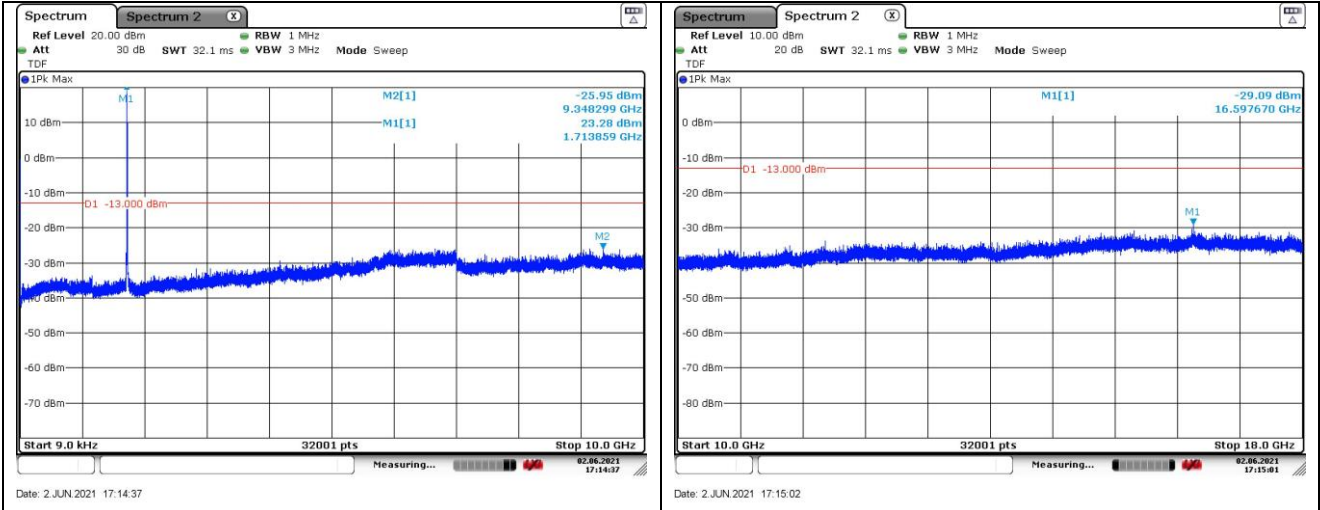
#### SIM 1

#### WCDMA II

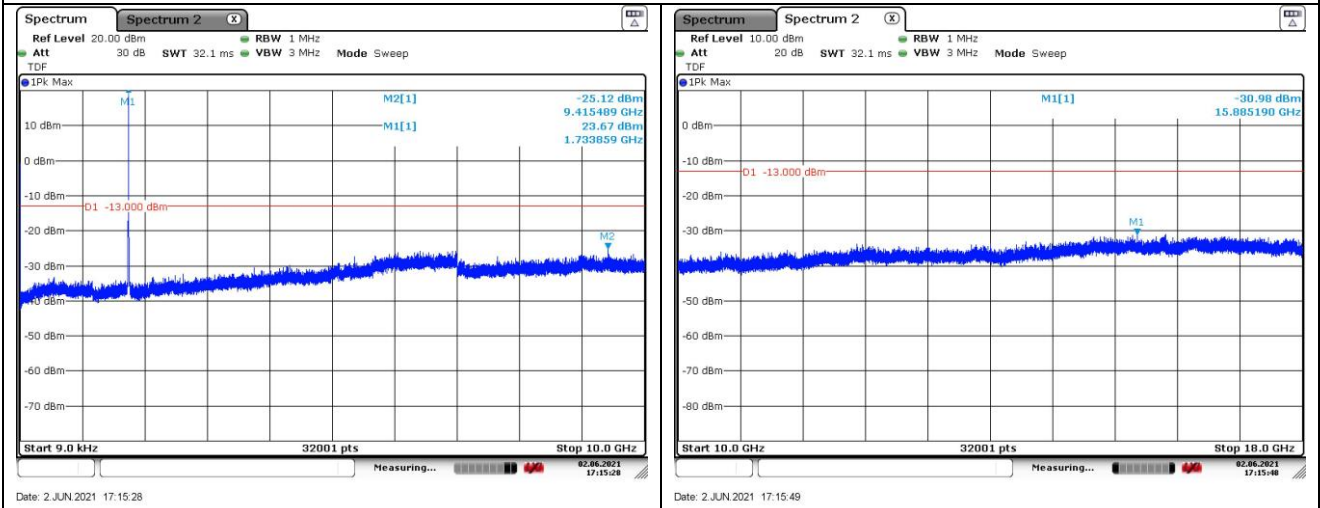




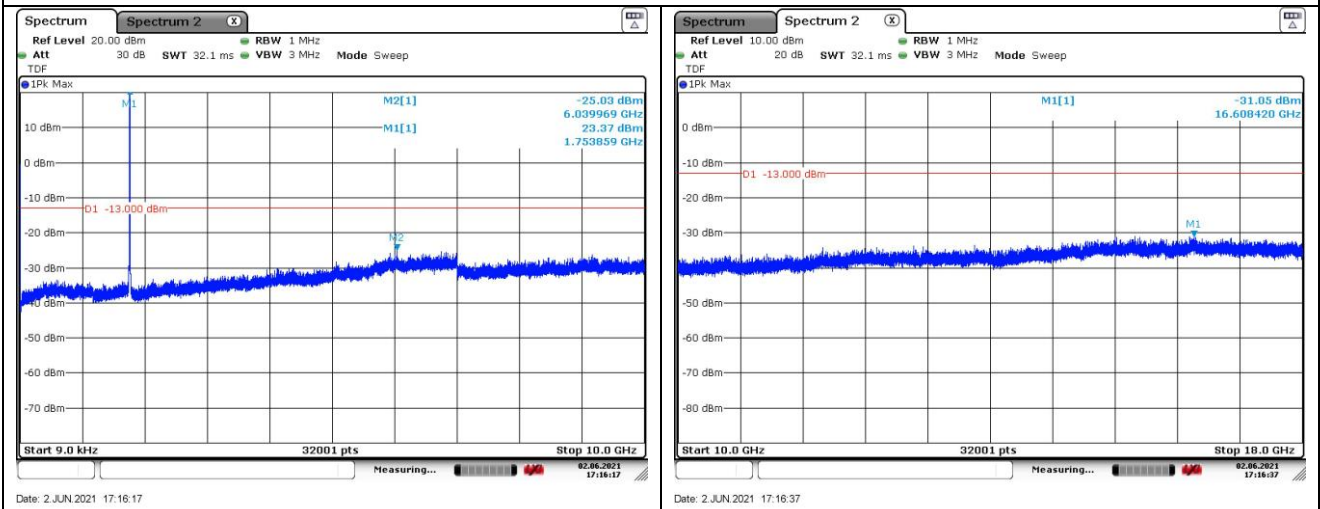
**WCDMA IV**



**WCDMA IV RMC Low Channel**

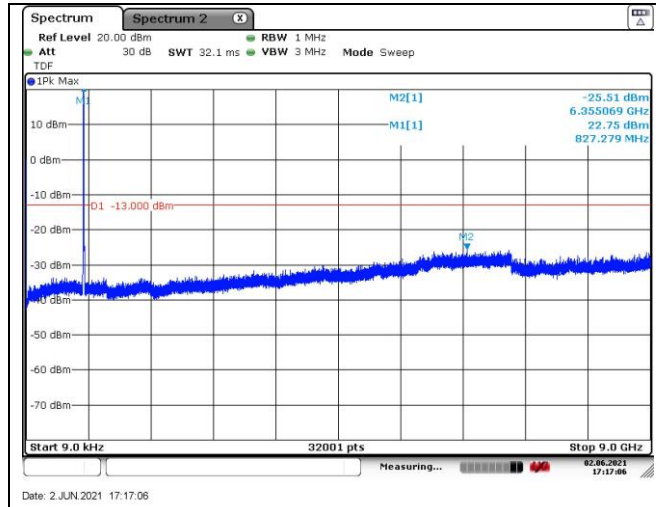


**WCDMA IV RMC Middle Channel**

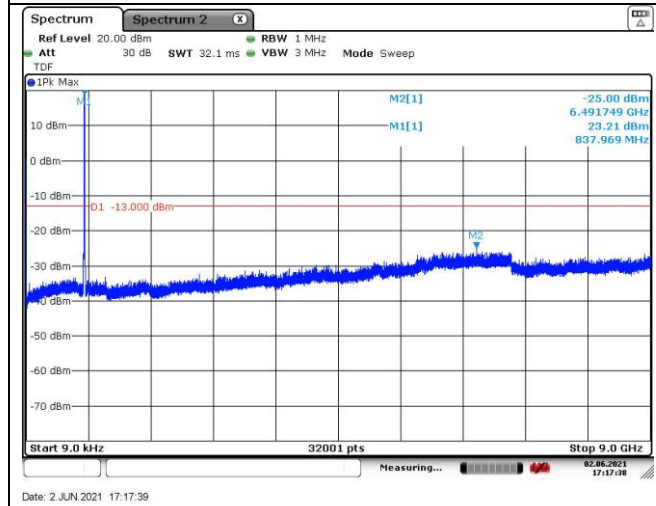


**WCDMA IV RMC High Channel**

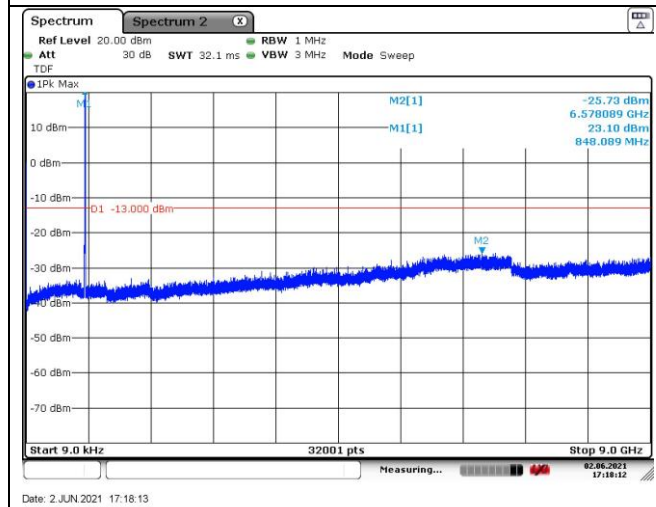
**WCDMA V**



**WCDMA V RMC Low channel**

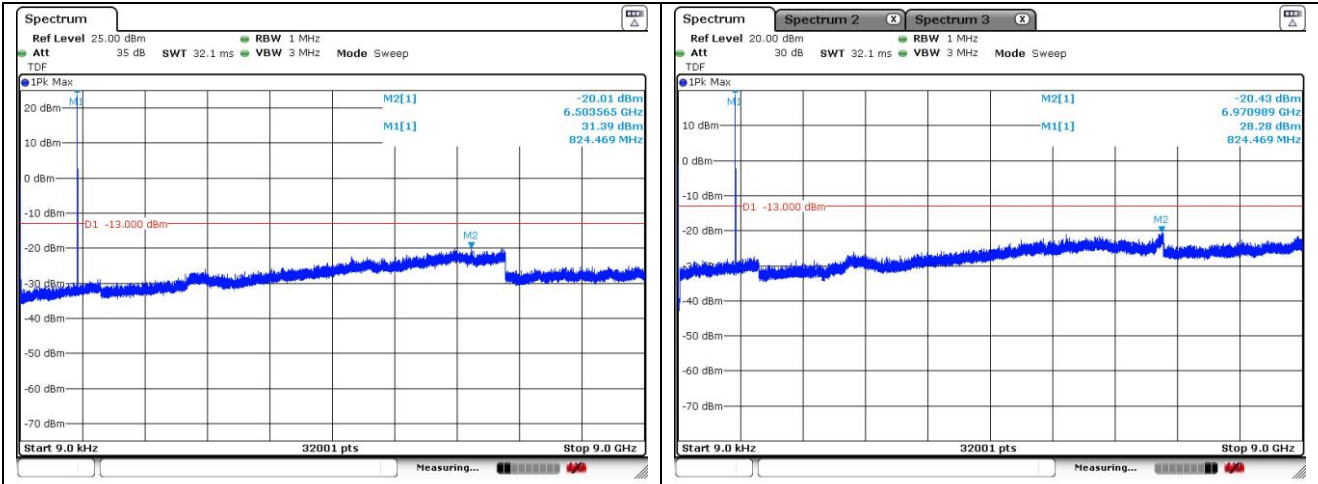


**WCDMA V RMC Middle channel**



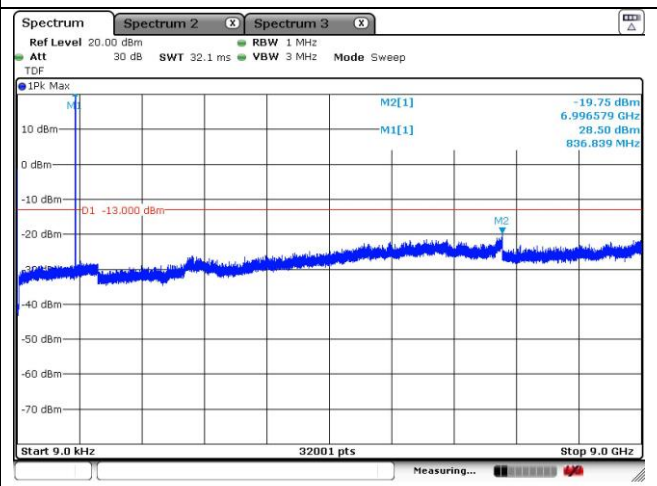
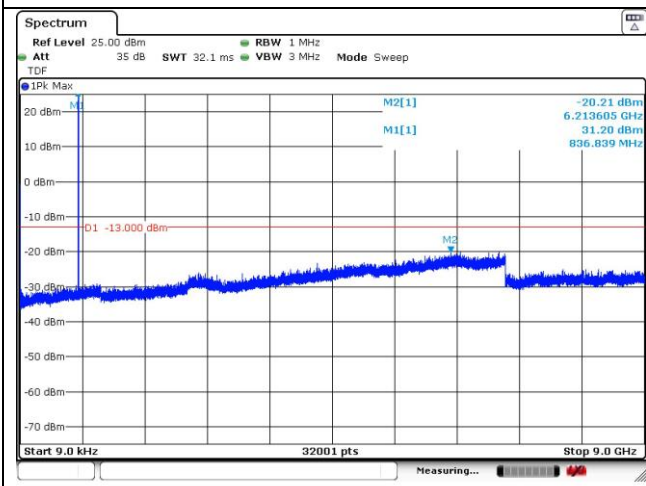
**WCDMA V RMC High channel**

**GSM 850**



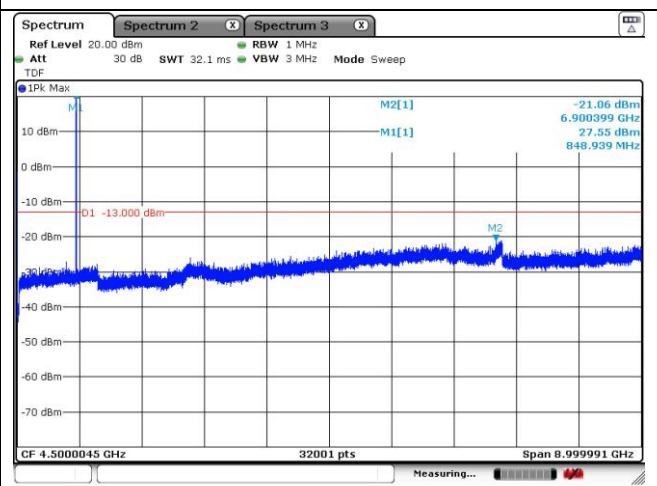
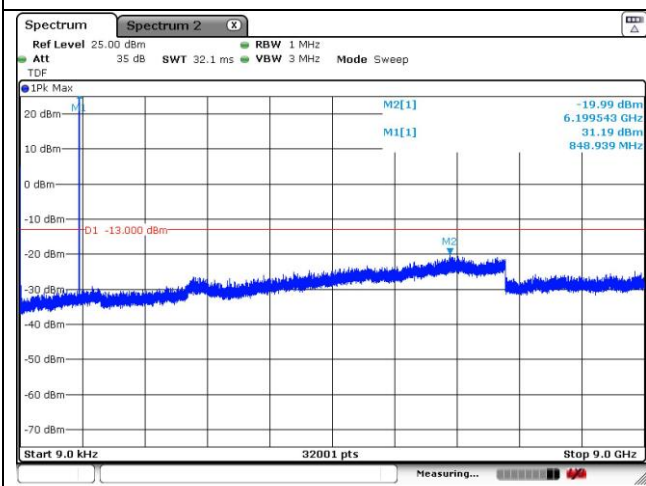
GSM 850 VOICE Low Channel

GSM 850 EDGE Low Channel



GSM 850 VOICE Middle Channel

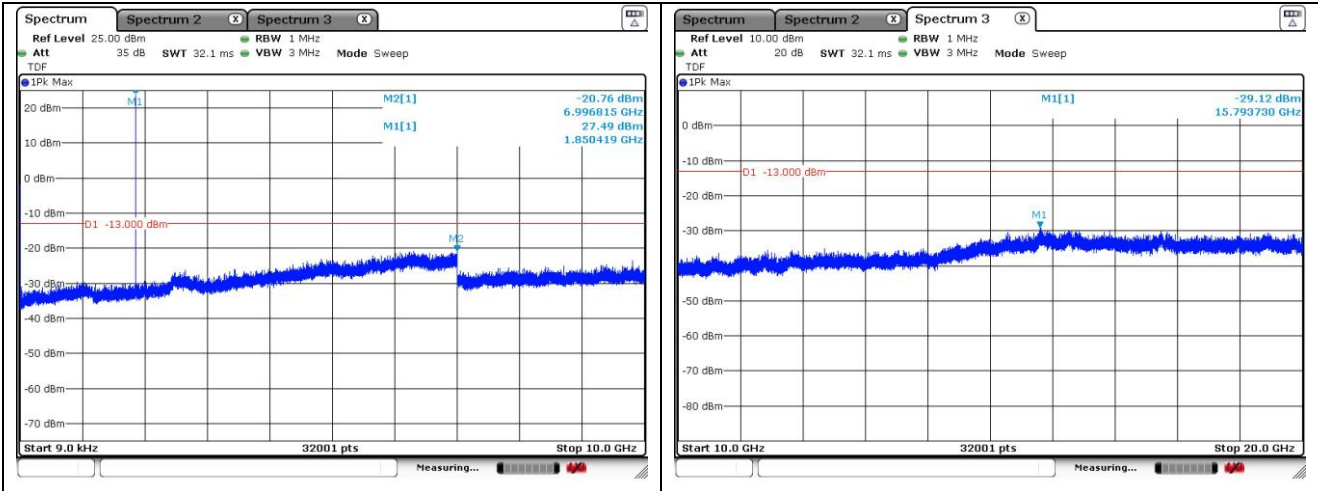
GSM 850 EDGE Middle Channel



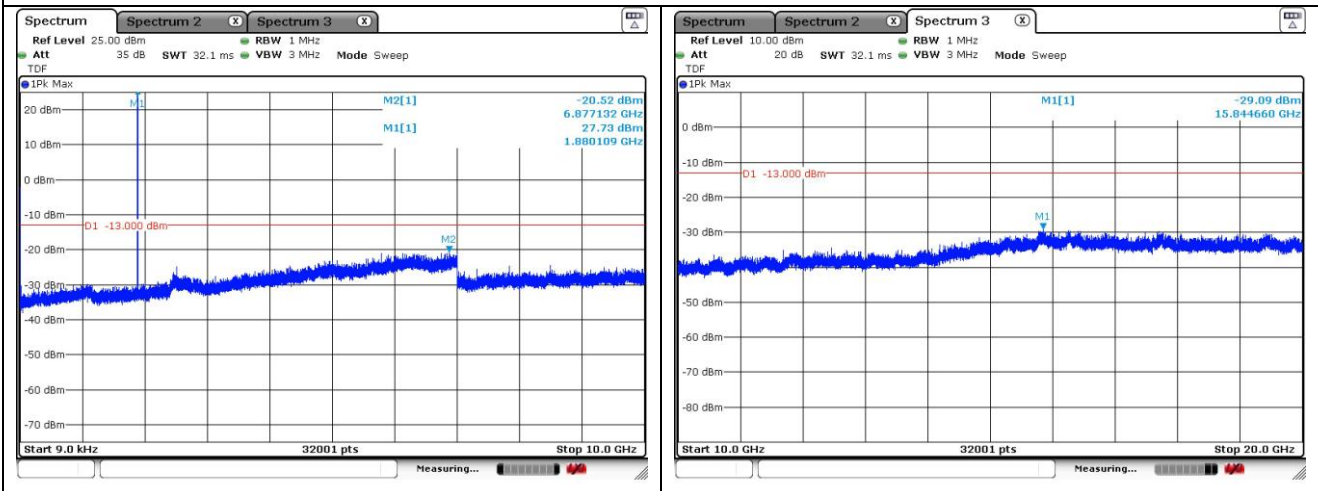
GSM 850 VOICE High Channel

GSM 850 EDGE High Channel

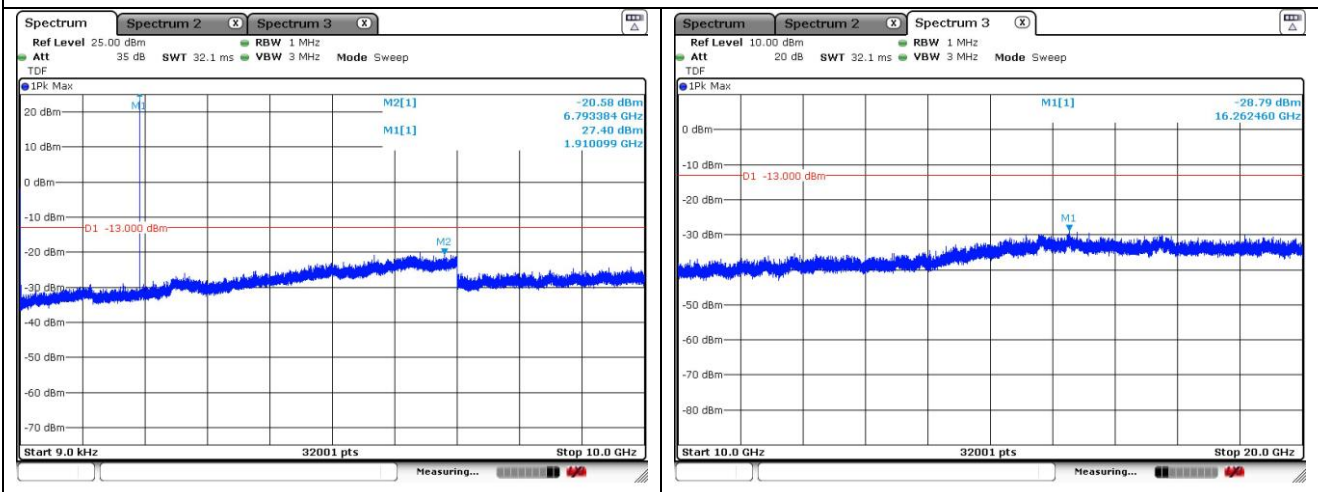
**GSM 1900**



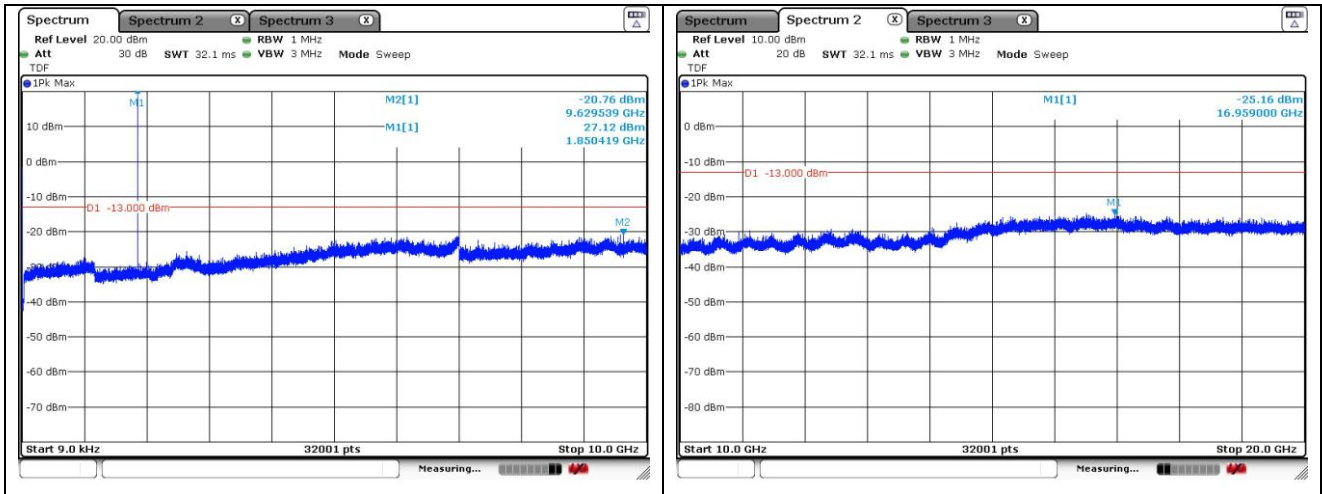
**GSM 1900 VOICE Low Channel**



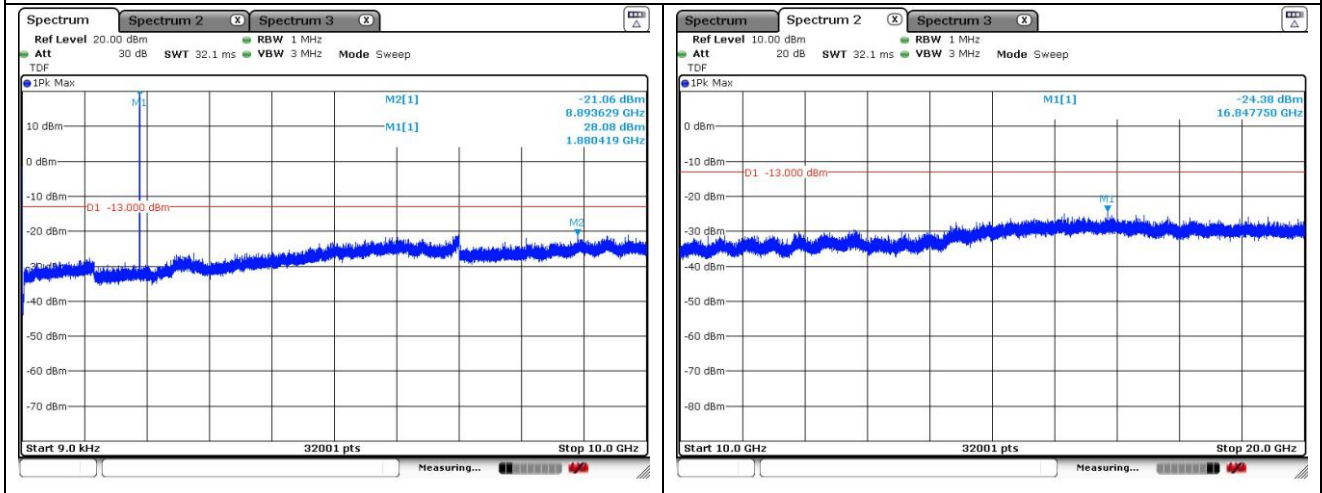
**GSM 1900 VOICE Middle Channel**



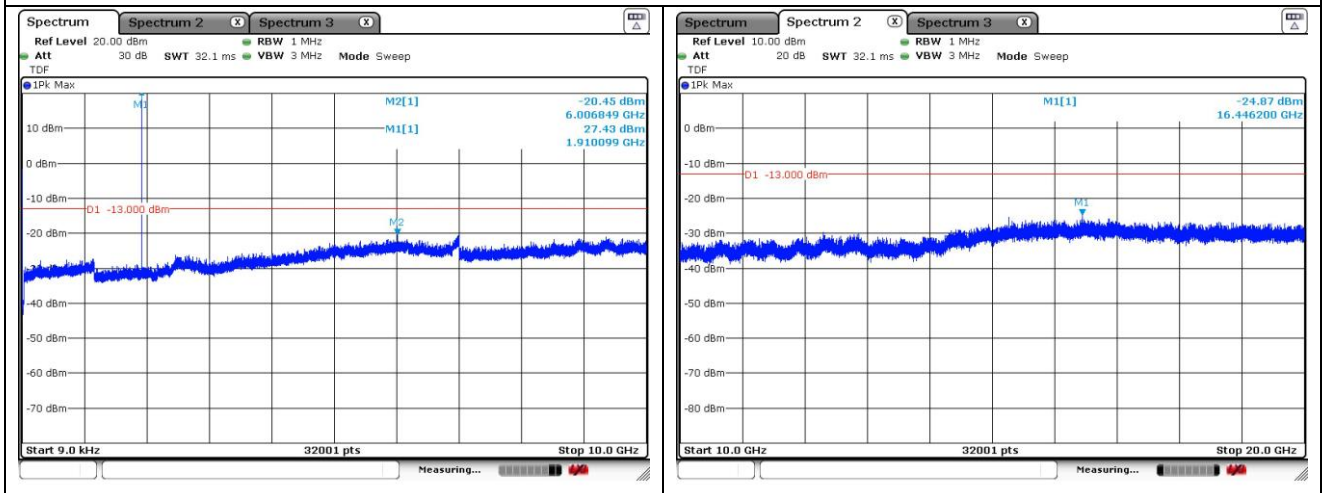
**GSM 1900 VOICE High Channel**



GSM 1900 EDGE Low Channel



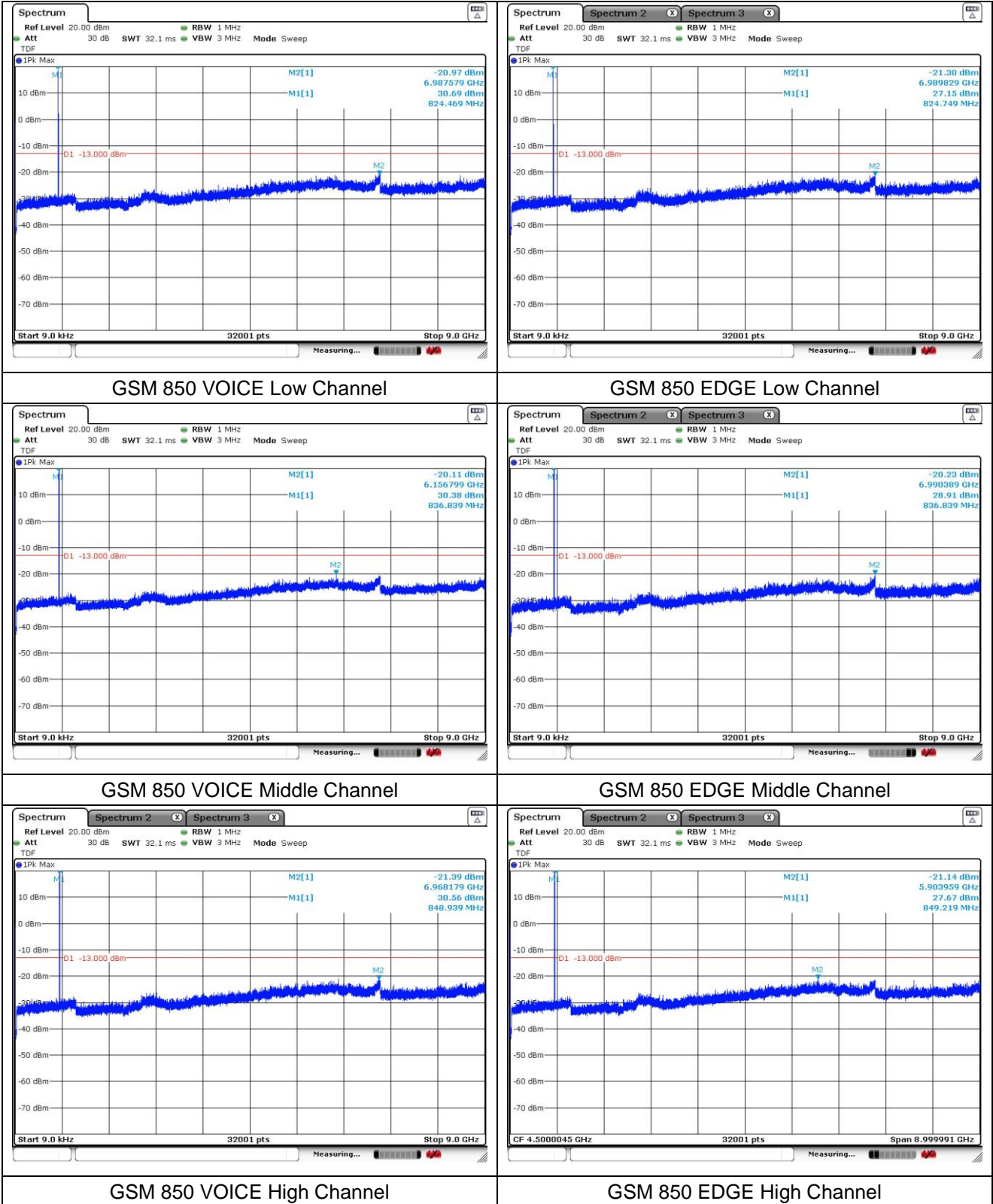
GSM 1900 EDGE Middle Channel



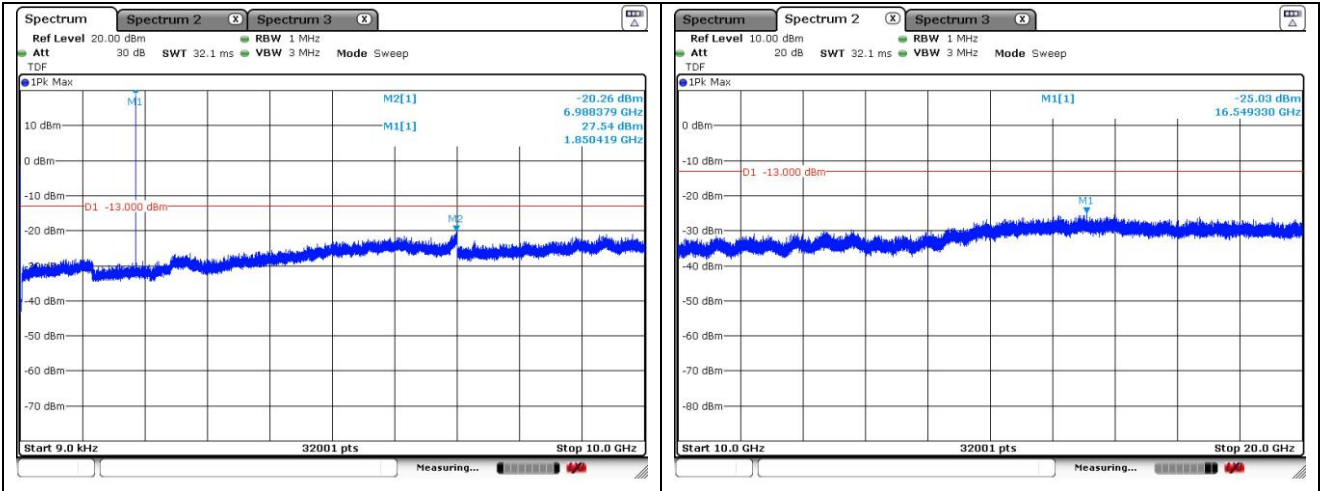
GSM 1900 EDGE High Channel

**SIM 2**

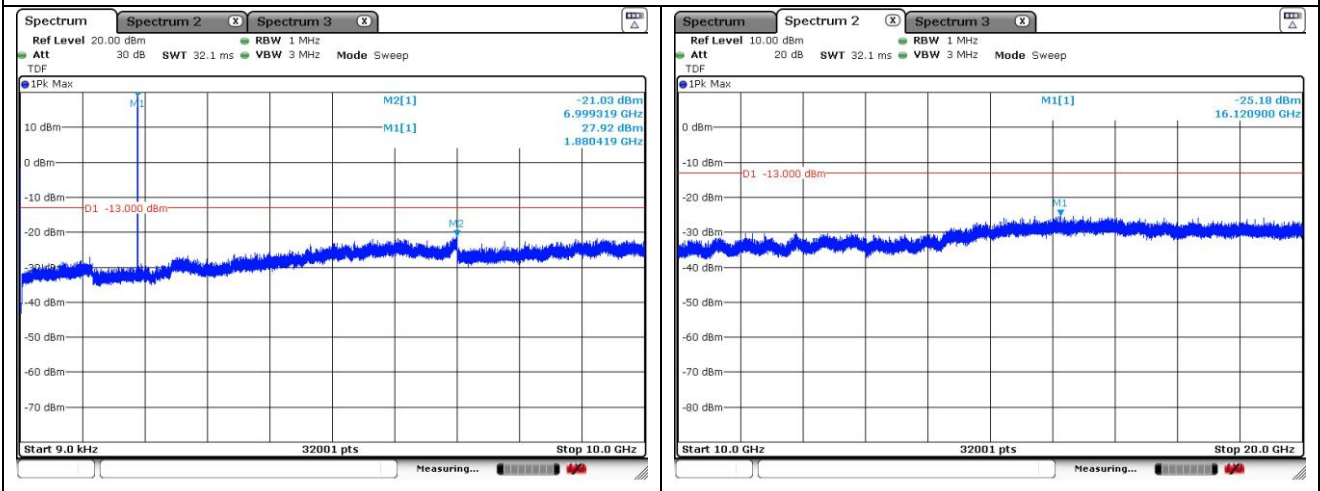
**GSM 850**



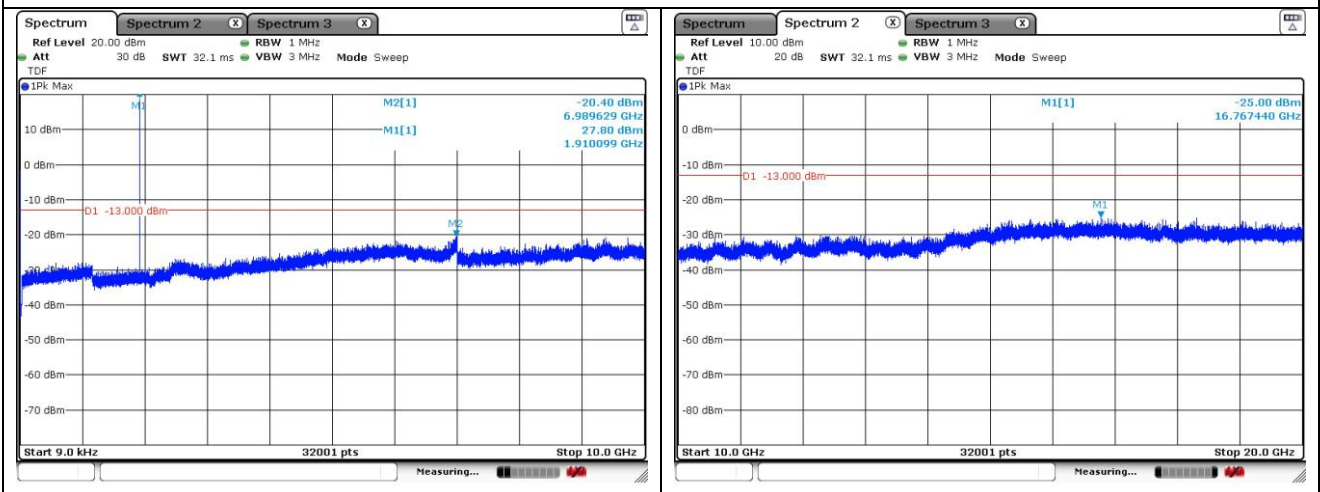
**GSM 1900**



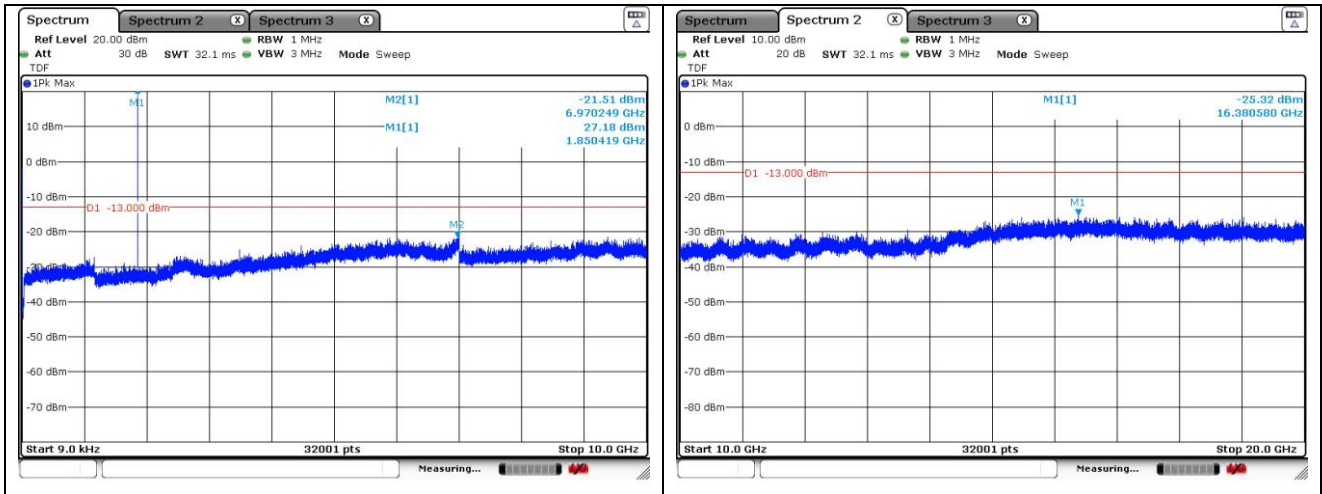
**GSM 1900 VOICE Low Channel**



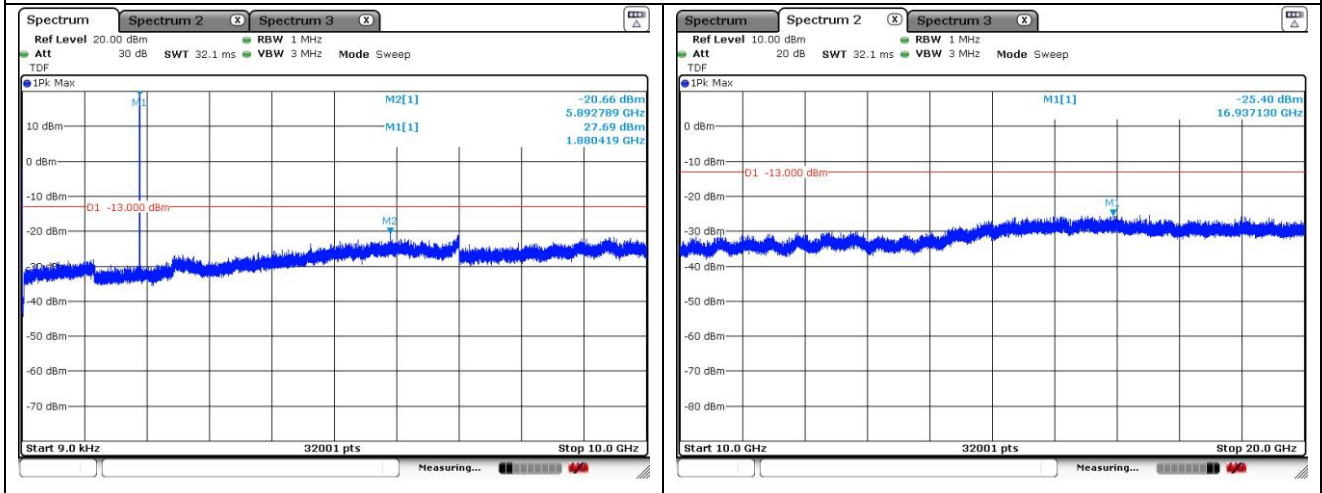
**GSM 1900 VOICE Middle Channel**



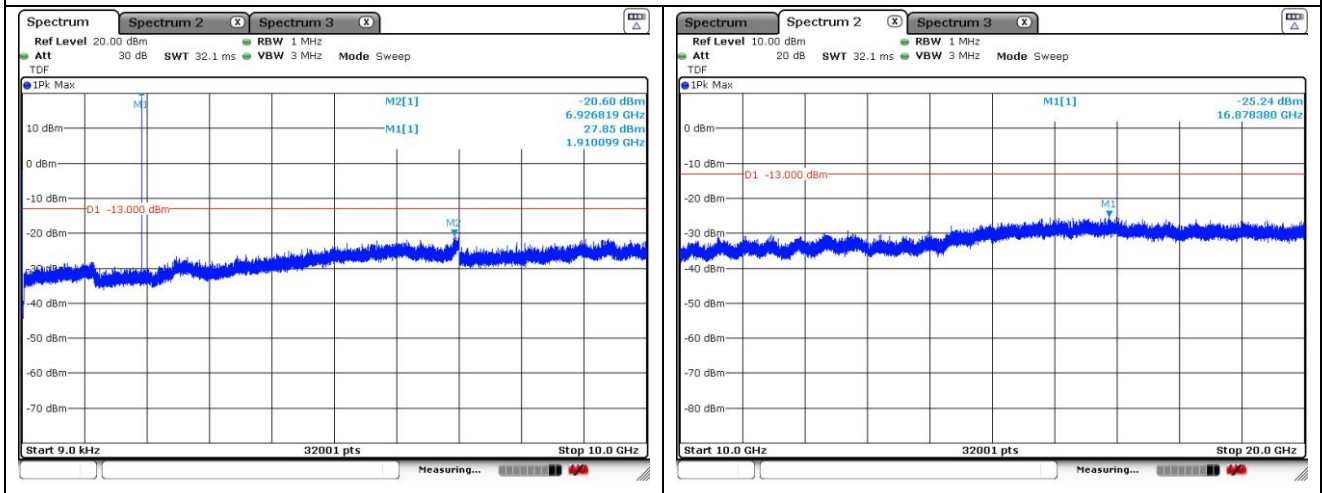
**GSM 1900 VOICE High Channel**



GSM 1900 EDGE Low Channel



GSM 1900 EDGE Middle Channel



GSM 1900 EDGE High Channel



## 7. Band Edge

### 7.1. Limit

#### FCC

- §22.917(a), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10\log(P)$  dB.

- §24.238(a), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

- §27.53(h)(1), for operations in the 1 695-1 710 MHz, 1 710-1 755 MHz, 1 755-1 780 MHz, 1 915-1 920 MHz, 1 995-2 000 MHz, 2 000-2 020 MHz, 2 110-2 155 MHz, 2 155-2 180 MHz, and 2 180-2 200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  dB.

#### IC

- RSS-132 Issue 3

5.5, Mobile and base station equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

(i) In the first 1.0 MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands specified in Section 5.1, the power of emissions per any 1 % of the occupied bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts).

(ii) After the first 1.0 MHz immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands, the power of emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1 % of the occupied bandwidth, power integration over 100 kHz is required.

- RSS-133 Issue 6

6.5, Equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

(i) In the 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's operating frequency block, the emission power per any 1 % of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts).

(ii) After the first 1.0 MHz, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1 % of the emission bandwidth, power integration over 1.0 MHz is required.

- RSS-139 Issue 3

6.6, (i) In the first 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's smallest operating frequency block, which can contain the equipment's occupied bandwidth, the emission power per any 1 % of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (in dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts) dB.

(ii) After the first 1.0 MHz outside the equipment's smallest operating frequency block, which can contain the equipment's occupied bandwidth, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (in dB W) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts) dB.

## 7.2. Test Procedure

The test follows section 5.7 of ANSI C63.26-2015.

- a. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge.
- b.  $RBW \geq 1\%$  of OBW
- c.  $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$ .
- d. Detector = RMS.
- e. Trace mode = Average.
- f. Sweep time = Auto.
- g. The trace was allowed to stabilize.
- h. All path loss of frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function.

