

5. Peak-Average Ratio

5.1. Limit

FCC

- s22.913(d) Measurement of the ERP of Cellular base transmitters and repeaters must be made using an average power measurement technique. The peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission must not exceed 13 dB.

- §24.232(d), power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a Commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with paragraph (e) of this section. In both instances, equipment employed must be authorized in accordance with the provisions of §24.51. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

- §27.50(d)(5), power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a Commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with paragraph (d)(6) of this section. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

IC

- RSS-132 Issue 3

5.4, the peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) of the transmitter shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1 % of the time using a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

- RSS-133 Issue 6

6.4, the transmitter's peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1 % of the time using a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

- RSS-139 Issue 3

6.5, the peak to average power ratio (PAPR) of the equipment shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1 % of the time, using a signal that corresponds to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.



5.2. Test Procedure

The test follows section 5.2.3.4 of ANSI C63.26-2015.

See instrumentation-specific application literature for further guidance regarding use of the CCDF capability. The following guidelines are offered for performing a CCDF measurement.

- a. Set resolution/measurement bandwidth ≥ OBW or specified reference bandwidth.
- b. Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve.
- c. Set the measurement interval as follows:
 - 1) For continuous transmissions, set to greater of [10 x (number of points in sweep) x (transmission symbol period)] or 1 ms.
- 2) For burst transmissions, employ an external trigger that is synchronized with the EUT burst timing sequence, or use the internal burst trigger with a trigger level that allows the burst to stabilize. Set the measurement interval to a time that is less than or equal to the burst duration.
- 3) If there are several carriers in a single antenna port, the peak power shall be determined for each individual carrier (by disabling the other carriers while measuring the required carrier) and the total peak power calculated from the sum of the individual carrier peak powers.
- d. Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1 %.
- e. The peak power level is calculated form the sum of the PAPR value from step d) to the measured average power.





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5.3 Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23 ±	- 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

- GSM

Band	Frequency (쌢)	PAR (dB)		
		GPRS	EDGE	
850	824.2	3.04	3.04	
	836.6	3.01	3.04	
	848.8	3.01	3.01	
1 900	1 850.2	3.04	3.04	
	1 880.0	3.04	3.10	
	1 909.8	3.04	3.04	

- WCDMA

Band	Frequency (쌘)	PAR (dB)
	1 852.4	2.81
П	1 880.0	2.67
	1 907.6	2.67
	1 712.4	2.78
IV	1 732.6	2.41
	1 752.6	2.84
V	826.4	3.10
	836.6	3.16
	846.6	2.93



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- Test plots



















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WCDMA





6. Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal

6.1. Limit

FCC

- \$22.917(a), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10log(P) dB.

- \$24.238(a), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

- \$27.53(h)(1), for operations in the 1 695-1 710 Mb, 1 710-1 755 Mb, 1 755-1 780 Mb, 1 915-1 920 Mb, 1 995-2 000 Mb, 2 000-2 020 Mb, 2 110-2 155 Mb, 2 155-2 180 Mb, and 2 180-2 200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ (P) dB.

IC

- RSS-132 Issue 3

5.5, Mobile and base station equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

(i) In the first 1.0 Mb band immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands specified in Section 5.1, the power of emissions per any 1 % of the occupied bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ p (watts).

(ii) After the first 1.0 Mb immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands, the power of emissions in any 100 kb bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ p (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1 % of the occupied bandwidth, power integration over 100 kb is required.

- RSS-133 Issue 6

6.5, Equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

(i) In the 1.0 Mb bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's operating frequency block, the emission power per any 1 % of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ p(watts).

(ii) After the first 1.0 Mz, the emission power in any 1 Mz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ p(watts). If the measurement is performed using 1 % of the emission bandwidth, power integration over 1.0 Mz is required.

- RSS-139 Issue 3

6.6, (i) In the first 1.0 Mb bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's smallest operating frequency block, which can contain the equipment's occupied bandwidth, the emission power per any 1 % of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (in dB W) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ p (watts) dB.

(ii) After the first 1.0 Mb outside the equipment's smallest operating frequency block, which can contain the equipment's occupied bandwidth, the emission power in any 1 Mb bandwidth shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (in dB W) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ p (watts) dB.



6.2. Test Procedure

The test follows section 5.7 of ANSI C63.26-2015.

- 1. Start frequency was set to 9 kHz and stop frequency was set to at least 10* the fundamental frequency.
- 2. Detector = Peak.
- 3. Trace mode = Max hold.
- 4. Sweep time = Auto couple.
- 5. The trace was allowed to stabilize.
- 6. Please see notes below for RBW and VBW settings.
- 7. For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 9 klz to 20 GHz, all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function.



Note;

Compliance with the applicable limits is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater for frequencies less than 1 GHz and frequencies greater than 1 GHz. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two point, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.



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6.3. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23 ±	± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

- Test plots

GSM





Spectrum 2

GSM Spectrum Ref Level 15.00

 Att TDF 9 1Pk Max

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. 4, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807 Tel. +82 31 428 5700 / Fax. +82 31 427 2370 http://www.sgsgroup.kr

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0 dBm
 RBW 1 MHz
25 dB SWT 32.1 ms
 VBW 3 MHz
 Mode Sweep

Spectrum 3 Spectrum 4 (X)



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WCDMA





7. Band Edge

7.1. Limit

FCC

- \$22.917(a), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10log(P) dB.

- \$24.238(a), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

- \$27.53(h)(1), for operations in the 1 695-1 710 Mb, 1 710-1 755 Mb, 1 755-1 780 Mb, 1 915-1 920 Mb, 1 995-2 000 Mb, 2 000-2 020 Mb, 2 110-2 155 Mb, 2 155-2 180 Mb, and 2 180-2 200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ (P) dB.

IC

- RSS-132 Issue 3 5.5, Mobile and base station equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

(i) In the first 1.0 Mb band immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands specified in Section 5.1, the power of emissions per any 1 % of the occupied bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ p (watts).

(ii) After the first 1.0 Mb immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands, the power of emissions in any 100 kb bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ p (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1 % of the occupied bandwidth, power integration over 100 kb is required.

- RSS-133 Issue 6

6.5, Equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

(i) In the 1.0 Mb bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's operating frequency block, the emission power per any 1 % of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ p(watts).

(ii) After the first 1.0 Mz, the emission power in any 1 Mz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dB W) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ p(watts). If the measurement is performed using 1 % of the emission bandwidth, power integration over 1.0 Mz is required.

- RSS-139 Issue 3

6.6, (i) In the first 1.0 Mb bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's smallest operating frequency block, which can contain the equipment's occupied bandwidth, the emission power per any 1 % of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (in dB W) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ p (watts) dB.

(ii) After the first 1.0 Mb outside the equipment's smallest operating frequency block, which can contain the equipment's occupied bandwidth, the emission power in any 1 Mb bandwidth shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (in dB W) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀ p (watts) dB.



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7.2. Test Procedure

The test follows section 5.7 of ANSI C63.26-2015.

- a. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge.
- b. RBW ≥ 1 % of OBW
- c. VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- d. Detector = RMS.
- e. Trace mode = Average.
- f. Sweep time = Auto.
- g. The trace was allowed to stabilize.
- h. All path loss of frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function.





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7.3. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23 =	± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

- Test plots

GSM 850





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GSM 1 900













8. Frequency Stability

8.1. Limit

FCC

- § 2.1055 (a), § 2.1055 (d) & following:

- §22.355, the carrier frequency of each transmitter in the Public Mobile Services must be maintained within the tolerances given in Table of this section.

For Mobile devices operating in the 824 to 849 Mb band at a power level less than or equal to 3 Watts, the limit specified in Table C-1 is +/- 2.5 ppm.

- §24.235, the frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

- §27.54, the frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation.

IC

- RSS-Gen Issue 5

6.11, for licensed devices, the following measurement conditions apply:

a. at the temperatures of -30°C (-22°F), +20°C (+68°F) and +50°C (+122°F), and at the manufacturer's rated supply voltage

- RSS-132 Issue 3

5.3, The carrier frequency shall not depart from the reference frequency in excess of ± 2.5 ppm for mobile stations and ± 1.5 ppm for base stations.

- RSS-133 Issue 6

6.3, the carrier frequency shall not depart from the reference frequency, in excess of ± 2.5 ppm for mobile stations and ± 1.0 ppm for base stations.

- RSS-139 Issue 3

6.4, the frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the occupied bandwidth stays within the operating frequency block when tested to the temperature and supply voltage variations specified in RSS-Gen.

the reference frequency, in excess of ± 2.5 ppm for mobile stations and ± 1.0 ppm for base stations.



8.2. Test Procedure

- 1. Frequency Stability vs. Temperature: The equipment under test was connected to an external DC power supply and the RF output was connected to a Mobile Test Unit via feed-through attenuators.
- 2. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber.
- 3. After the temperature stabilized for approximately 20 minutes, the frequency output was recorded from Mobile Test Unit.





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8.3. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23 ±	1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

GSM 850 mode at middle channel

Reference Frequency: 836.6 胍				
	Frequency Stability versus Temperature			
Environment	Power Supplied (V)	Frequency Measure	with Time Elapse	
(°C)		Frequency Error (Hz)	ppm	
50		5.2	-0.001 4	
40		-4.1	-0.012 6	
30		-1.6	-0.009 6	
23	12.5	6.4	-	
10		3.2	-0.003 8	
0		-2.4	-0.010 5	
-10		-4.3	-0.012 8	
-20		-5.3	-0.014 0	
-30		3.1	-0.003 9	
	Frequency Stability ve	rsus Power Supply		
Environment Temperature	Environment Temperature Power Supplied		with Time Elapse	
(°C)	(V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	ppm	
	14.375	3.1	-0.003 9	
23	10.625	1.9	-0.005 4	



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GSM 1 900 mode at middle channel

Reference Frequency: 1 880.0 Mb					
	Frequency Stability versus Temperature				
Environment	Power Supplied	Frequency Measure	with Time Elapse		
(°C)	(V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	ррт		
50		5.3	0.001 1		
40		2.4	-0.000 4		
30		1.5	-0.000 9		
23	12.5	3.2	-		
10		-4.4	-0.004 0		
0		-2.1	-0.002 8		
-10		-2.8	-0.003 2		
-20		3.2	0.000 0		
-30		4.3	0.000 6		
	Frequency Stability ve	rsus Power Supply			
Environment	Frequency Measure with Tir		with Time Elapse		
(°C)	(V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	ррт		
22	14.375	4.5	0.000 7		
23	10.625	1.6	-0.000 9		



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WCDMA II mode at middle channel

Reference Frequency: 1 880.0 Mb				
	Frequency Stability versus Temperature			
Environment Temperature	Power Supplied	Frequency Measure with Time Elapse		
(°C)	(V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	ppm	
50		5.4	0.005 3	
40		1.5	0.003 2	
30		-6.1	-0.000 8	
23	12.5	-4.6	-	
10		2.3	0.003 7	
0		4.2	0.004 7	
-10		-3.4	0.000 6	
-20		-3.5	0.000 6	
-30		-1.3	0.001 8	
	Frequency Stability ve	rsus Power Supply		
Environment Temperature	Power Supplied Frequency Measure with Time E		with Time Elapse	
(°C)	(V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	ррт	
22	14.375	-1.3	0.001 8	
23	10.625	2.3	0.003 7	



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WCDMA IV mode at middle channel

Reference Frequency: 1 732.5 Mb			
	Frequency Stability ve	ersus Temperature	
Environment Temperature	Power Supplied	Frequency Measure with Time Elapse	
(°C)	(V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	ppm
50		3.5	0.000 7
40		4.2	0.001 1
30		-5.1	-0.004 3
23	12.5	2.3	-
10		4.4	0.001 2
0		1.2	-0.000 6
-10		1.2	-0.000 6
-20		2.3	0.000 0
-30		-3.4	-0.003 3
	Frequency Stability ve	rsus Power Supply	
Environment Temperature	Power Supplied Frequency Measure with Time Ela		with Time Elapse
(°C)	(V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	ppm
22	14.375	-3.4	-0.003 3
23	10.625	-2.1	-0.002 5



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WCDMA V mode at middle channel

	Reference Frequency: 836.6 Mz			
	Frequency Stability versus Temperature			
Environment Temperature	Power Supplied (V)	Frequency Measure with Time Elaps		
(°C)		Frequency Error (Hz)	ppm	
50		3.1	0.006 6	
40		-4.6	-0.002 8	
30		1.5	0.004 6	
23	12.5	-2.3	-	
10		-2.4	-0.000 1	
0		2.4	0.005 7	
-10		4.5	0.008 3	
-20		3.1	0.006 6	
-30		6.2	0.010 3	
	Frequency Stability ve	rsus Power Supply		
Environment Temperature	Power Supplied	Power Supplied Frequency Measure with Time		
(°C)	(°C) (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	ppm	
22	14.375	-3.8	-0.001 8	
23	10.625	2.5	0.005 8	

- End of the Test Report -