



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, ChinaTel: +86-10-62304633-2512Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504E-mail: cttl@chinattl.comHttp://www.chinattl.cn

### Certificate No: Z20-60150

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Auden

Object

DAE4 - SN: 679

May 06, 2020

In Collaboration with

CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Calibration Procedure(s)

Client :

FF-Z11-002-01 Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)

Calibration date:

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) $^{\circ}$  and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID# C	al Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753 1971018 24-Jun-19 (CTTL, No		24-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05126)	Jun-20
Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	Antop
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	= # 16
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	200
This calibration certificate	shall not be repro	duced except in full without written ap	Issued: May 08, 2020 proval of the laboratory



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### **Glossary:** DAE Connector angle

data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



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### **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1µV,	full range =	-100+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV	full range =	-1 +3m\/
DASY measuremen	t parameters:	Auto Zero T	ime: 3 sec; Measu	uring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$404.253 \pm 0.15\% \text{ (k=2)}$	404.746 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.781 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	$3.96542 \pm 0.7\%$ (k=2)	3.95317 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.95734 ± 0.7% (k=2)

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	56° ± 1 °

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

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- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client AUDIX-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3855\_Sep19

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3855
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	September 26, 2019
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce	ents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). rtainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
DAE4	SN: 660	19-Dec-18 (No. DAE4-660_Dec18)	Dec-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-18 (No. ES3-3013_Dec18)	Dec-19
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	The
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	ally
			Issued: October 1, 2019

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#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	$\phi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization &	notation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
1 Oldhzation o	i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
	the participate system

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 𝔅 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
0.46	0.17	0.13	± 10.1 %
	92.7	86.5	
	Sensor X 0.46 94.9	0.46 0.17	0.46 0.17 0.13

#### **Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc <sup>⊨</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	130.2	±2.5 %	±4.7 %
0		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		129.1		
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		132.4		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Triangular
20.4
enabled
disabled
337 mm
10 mm
9 mm
2.5 mm
1 mm
1 mm
1 mm
1.4 mm

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
	41.9	0.89	10.12	10.12	10.12	0.48	0.94	± 12.0 %
750 835	41.5	0.90	9.50	9.50	9.50	0.58	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.41	9.41	9.41	0.42	0.91	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	9.00	9.00	9.00	0.42	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.80	8.80	8.80	0.34	0.87	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	0.35	0.87	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.39	8.39	8.39	0.28	0.87	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.70	7.70	7.70	0.32	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.40	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.02	7.02	7.02	0.25	1.35	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.63	6.63	6.63	0.25	1.35	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.29	5.29	5.29	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.90	4.90	4.90	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.82	4.82	4.82	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

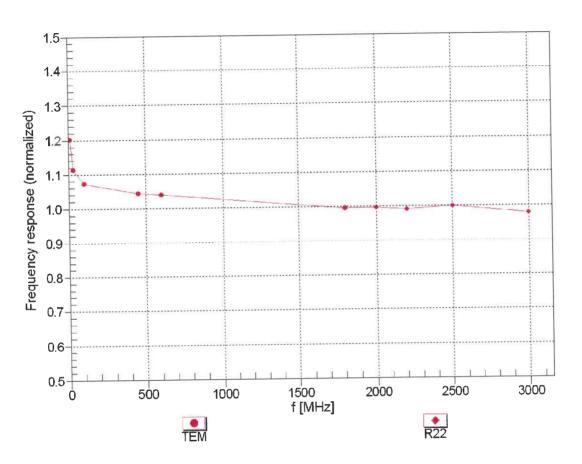
f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.89	9.89	9.89	0.38	0.87	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.78	9.78	9.78	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.76	9.76	9.76	0.53	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.57	8.57	8.57	0.28	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.30	8.30	8.30	0.35	0.87	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.95	7.95	7.95	0.34	0.87	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.47	0.87	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.63	7.63	7.63	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.56	7.56	7.56	0.26	0.90	± 12.0 9
3500	51.3	3.31	6.61	6.61	6.61	0.40	1.35	± 13.1 9
3700	51.0	3.55	6.39	6.39	6.39	0.40	1.35	± 13.1 °
5200	49.0	5.30	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 9
5300	48.9	5.42	4.44	4.44	4.44	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 °
5500	48.6	5.65	4.19	4.19	4.19	0.50	1.90	± 13.1
5600	48.5	5.77	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.50	1.90	± 13.1
5800	48.2	6.00	4.18	4.18	4.18	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 °

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is  $\pm$  10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm$  110 MHz.

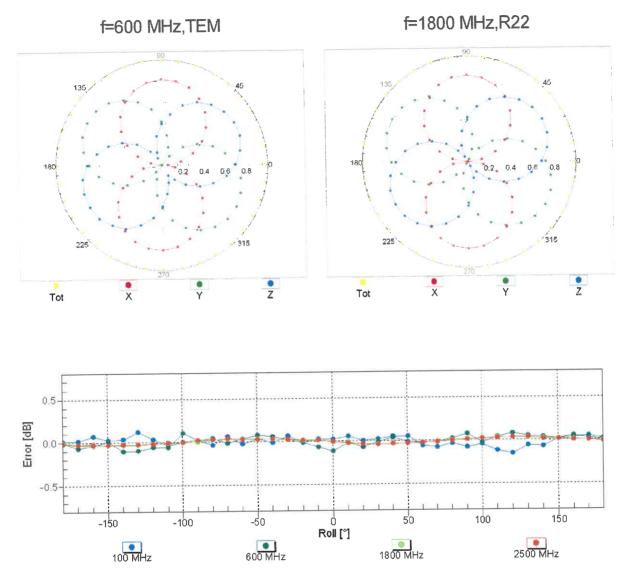
<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



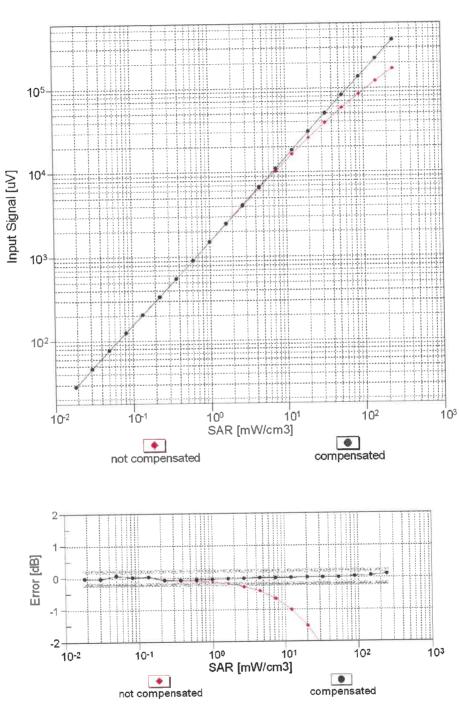
## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



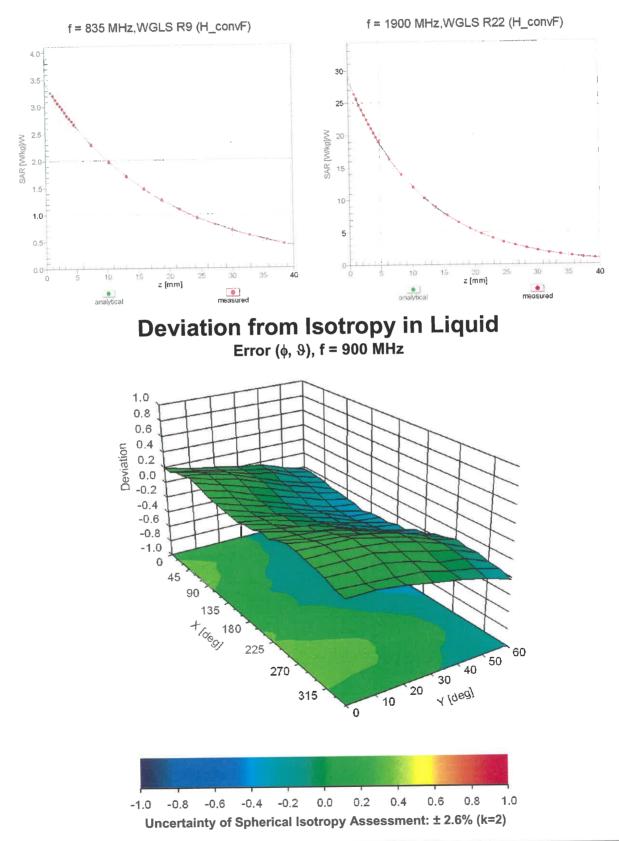
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



### **Conversion Factor Assessment**

#### **Calibration Laboratory of** Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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#### AUDIX-TW (Auden) Client

Certificate No: D	2450V2-8	88 Sep18
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# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object	D2450V2 - SN:88	38	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v10 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits at	oove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	September 27, 2	018	
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborator	onal standards, which realize the physical robability are given on the following pages ry facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$	and are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Data (Cartificate No.)	Schoolulad Calibratian
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Scheduled Calibration
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19 Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	and and a state
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	several sectors and the movement of the sectors of	Apr-19
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-7349_Dec17) 26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17)	Dec-18 Oct-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
ower sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	Jelk
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	ally
This calibration cartificate shall not	he reproduced except in	full without written approval of the laborate	Issued: September 27, 2018

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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S Swiss Calibration Service

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#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.9 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	6.08 W/kg

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.7 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 $\mbox{cm}^3$ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.06 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.4 Ω + 2.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.2 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.5 Ω + 5.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.1 dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.160 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG		
Manufactured on	October 06, 2011		

#### **DASY5** Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 27.09.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:888

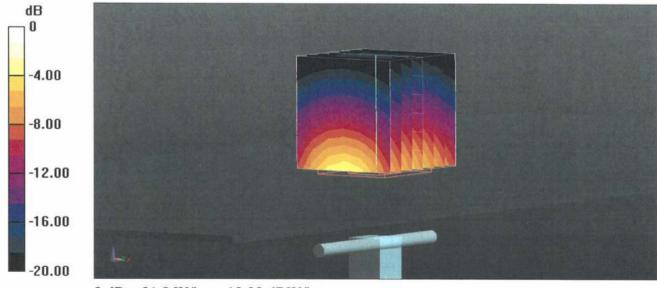
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.84 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 37.9;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

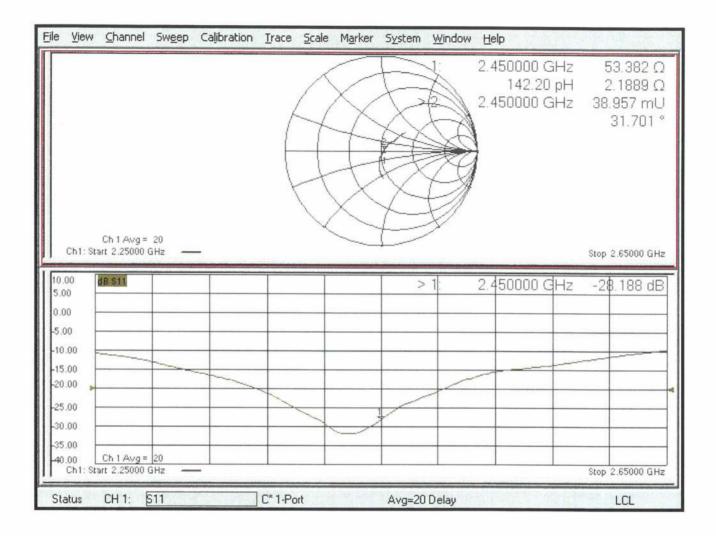
#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 116.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



0 dB = 21.8 W/kg = 13.38 dBW/kg

### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



#### **DASY5** Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 27.09.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:888

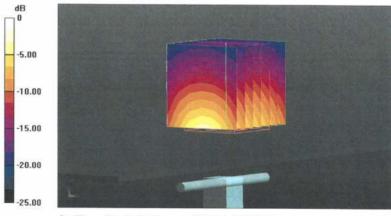
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 2$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 109.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.2 W/kg



0 dB = 21.2 W/kg = 13.26 dBW/kg

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

ile	Alem	Channel	Sw <u>e</u> ep	Calibration	Trace	<u>S</u> cale	Marker	System	Window	Help	
					Ę	XXX	XXX			2.450000 GHz 343.49 pH 2.450000 GHz	
10.0	Ch1: Sta	Ch 1 Avg = nt 2.25000 ( iB S11				$\sim$		E	¥	1	Stop 2.65000 GHz
5.0	° F							>	1:	2.450000 GHz	-25.092 dB
5.0 0.0 -5.0 -10. -15. -20. -25.	0 - 0 - 00 - 00 - 00 -							>		2.450000 GHz	-25.092 dB

### **Dipole Verified Data**

### Model Name: D2450V2

### SN:888

Pursuant to KDB 865664 D01 V01r04 section 3.2.2 that the reference dipole calibration can be extended to 3 years if Lab. does a confirmation on return loss and impedance annually, and compliance with following conditions,

- 1. Return loss deviates by less than 20% from the previous measurement and have 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement
- 2. The real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by less than 5  $\Omega$  from the previous measurement.

#### Plot for Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue

### **Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue**

Item	Verified on 9/28, 2020	Original Cal. Result	Deviation
Impedance, transformed to feed point	<b>52.819</b> Ω- <b>1.0803</b> Ω	<b>53.4</b> Ω+ <b>2.2</b> jΩ	< <b>5</b> Ω
Return Loss	-26.916 dB	-28.2 dB	-4.66%

