

# FCC 2.1093 SAR Test Report

for

# LG Electronics Inc.

# 222, LG-ro, Jinwi-myeon Pyeongtaek-Si, Gyeonggi-Do, 17709 Republic of Korea

**Product Name : Notebook PC** 

Model Name : (1)14ZB90Q (2)14ZG90Q

Brand LG

FCC ID : BEJNT-14ZB90Q

Prepared by: : AUDIX Technology Corporation,

**EMC Department** 





The test report is based on a single evaluation of one sample of the above-mentioned products. It does not imply an assessment of the whole production and does not permit the use of the test lab logo.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

De	escrip	otion	Page
TE	ST RI	EPORT	3
1.		VISION RECORD OF TEST REPORT	
2.	SUN	MMARY OF TEST RESULTS	5
3.		NERAL INFORMATION	STEST REPORT
	3.1.	Description of Application	6
	3.2.	Description of EUT	
	3.3.	Reference Test Guidance	8
	3.4.	Antenna Information	8
	3.5.	EUT Specifications Assessed in Current Report	9
	3.6.	Description of Key Components	11
	3.7.	Test Environment	13
	3.8.	Description of Test Facility	13
	3.9.	Measurement Uncertainty	14
4.	ME	ASUREMENT EQUIPMENTLIST	
5.	SAF	R MEASUREMENT SYSTEM	17
	5.1.	Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	17
	5.2.		
	5.3.		
	5.4.	SAR Measurement Procedure	
6.	SAF	R MEASUREMENT EVALUATION	34
	6.1.	Test Configuration and EUT setting.	34
	6.2.		
	6.3.	Tissue Calibration Result	
	6.4.	SAR Exposure Limits	37
	6.5.	Conducted Power Measurement	
	6.6.	SAR Test Result	46

APPENDIX A TEST DATA AND PLOTS APPENDIX B TESTPHOTOGRAPHS





## TEST REPORT

**Applicant** LG Electronics Inc. Manufacturer LG Electronics Inc.

LG Electronics Nanjing New Technology Co., Ltd. **Factory** 

**EUT Description** 

(1) Product Notebook PC

(2) Model (1)14ZB90Q (2)14ZG90Q

(3) Brand LG

(4) Power Supply: DC 20V, 3.25A

Applicable Standards:

47 CFR FCC Part 2(§2.1093)

Audix Technology Corp. tested the equipment mentioned in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. Test results indicate that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented within this report. Audix Technology Corp. does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens and samples.

Date of Report: 2022. 07. 22

Reviewed by:

Johnny Hauch (Tina Huang/Section Manager)

Approved by: (Johnny Hsueh/Section Manager)





# 1. REVISION RECORD OF TEST REPORT

Edition No	Issued Date	Revision Summary	Report Number
0	2022. 07. 22	Original Report	EM-SR220064



# 2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Highest Transmission SAR	Reported Body SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Limit	Result
WLAN 2.4G	1.048 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASS
BT	0.023 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASS
WLAN 5G	1.233 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASS

# 3. GENERAL INFORMATION

# 3.1. Description of Application

Applicant	LG Electronics Inc. 222, LG-ro, Jinwi-myeon Pyeongtaek-Si, Gyeonggi-Do, 17709 Republic of Korea
Manufacturer	LG Electronics Inc. 222, LG-ro, Jinwi-myeon Pyeongtaek-Si, Gyeonggi-Do, 17709 Republic of Korea
Factory	LG Electronics Nanjing New Technology Co., Ltd. No.346, Yaoxin Road, Economic & Technical Development Zone, Nanjing, China.
Product	Notebook PC
Model	(1)14ZB90Q (2)14ZG90Q  The difference between all models is different in the sales customers.
Brand	LG



# 3.2. Description of EUT

Test Model	14ZB90Q				
Serial Number	N/A				
Power Rating	DC 20V, 3.25A				
Software Version	XY (X, Y can parameter)	be 0 to 9 for different SW version not in	fluence RF		
RF Features	WLAN:802.11 a/b/g/n/ac/ax Bluetooth: BT and BLE (BT 5.1)				
		2.4 GHz			
	802.11b		1T1R		
	802.11g		1T1R		
	802.11n-HT2		2T2R		
	802.11n-HT4		2T2R		
	802.11ax-HE		2T2R		
	802.11ax-HE	40	2T2R		
	BT/BLE		1T1R		
Transmit Type	U-NII Bands				
	802.11a		1T1R		
	802.11n-HT2	2T2R			
	802.11n-HT40/802.11ac-VHT40/802.11ax-HE40 2T2R				
	802.11ac-VHT80/802.11ax-HE80 2T2R				
	802.11ac-VHT160/802.11ax-HE160 2T2R				
	The MIMO is uncorrelated and supported SDM (Spatial Division Multiplexing) mode only. This radio device doesn't support beamforming and Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD).				
Software Version	N/A				
Sample Status	Trial sample				
Toot Comple	Sample No.	Test Item	Firmware		
Test Sample	04	SAR	N/A		
Date of Receipt	2022. 06. 30				
Date of Test	2022. 07. 19 ~ 21				
Interface Ports of EUT	<ul><li>One Micro S</li><li>Two USB 3</li><li>One HDMI</li><li>Two USB T</li></ul>	SD Card Slot .0 Ports Port ype C Port			
Accessories Supplied	AC Adapter	<ul><li>One Earphone Port</li><li>AC Adapter</li><li>LAN Gender</li></ul>			

#### 3.3. Reference Test Guidance

IEEE 1528-2013

IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020

KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04

KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

#### 3.4. Antenna Information

No.	Antenna Part	Manufacture	Antenna	Frequency		(dBi)	Directional Note 1 & 2
1,0.	Number	11200100100	Type	(MHz)	Main	AUX	Gain Note 1 & 2
				2400	3.9	2.8	3.38
				2425	4.2	3.2	3.73
				2450	3.9	2.8	3.38
	1. WA-P-LELE-04 -025 INPAQ Mono-Pole 5250 5350 5725 5825 5925	INPAQ	Mono-Pole	2475	4.4	4.0	4.20
				2500	4.6	4.4	4.50
				5150	3.7	3.7	3.70
1.				5250	3.8	3.8	3.80
				5350	3.4	3.4	3.40
				5725	4.0	4.0	4.00
		4.7	4.7	4.70			
				5925	2.2	1.7	1.96
			6525	2.1	1.5	1.81	
				7125	1.9	1.4	1.66

According to KDB 662911 D01 d) ii), transmit signals are completely uncorrelated, then

Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/10} + 10^{G2/10} + ... + 10^{GN/10})/N_{ANT}] dBi$ 

Note 1. WLAN 2.4GHz: Directional gain =

2400MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{3.9/10} + 10^{2.8/10})/2] = 3.38dBi$ 

2425MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{4.2/10} + 10^{4.2/10})/2] = 3.73dBi$ 

2450MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{3.9/10} + 10^{2.8/10})/2] = 3.38dBi$ 

2475MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{4.4/10} + 10^{4.0/10})/2] = 4.20$ dBi

2500MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{4.6/10} + 10^{4.4/10})/2] = 4.50$ dBi

Note 2. WLAN 5G/6GHz: Directional gain =

5150MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{3.7/10} + 10^{3.7/10})/2] = 3.70$ dBi

5250MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{3.8/10} + 10^{3.8/10})/2] = 3.80$ dBi

5350MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{3.4/10} + 10^{3.4/10})/2] = 3.40$ dBi 5725MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{4.0/10} + 10^{4.0/10})/2] = 4.00 dBi$ 

5825MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{4.7/10} + 10^{4.7/10})/2] = 4.70$ dBi

5925MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{2.2/10} + 10^{1.7/10})/2] = 1.96dBi$  6525MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{2.2/10} + 10^{1.5/10})/2] = 1.81dBi$ 

7125MHz: Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{1.9/10} + 10^{1.4/10})/2] = 1.66dBi$ 

We chose the antenna gain corresponding to the frequency listed on the table which is closer to center frequency of WLAN.



# 3.5. EUT Specifications Assessed in Current Report

2.4GHz				
Mode	Fundamental Range (MHz)	Channel Number		
802.11b		13		
802.11g	2412-2472	13		
802.11n-HT20		13		
802.11n-HT40	2422-2462	9		
Bluetooth	2402-2480	79		
BLE	2402-2480	40		

5GHz					
Mode	U-NII Band	Fundamental Range (MHz)	Channel Number		
	1	5180-5240	4		
802.11a	2A	5260-5320	4		
802.11a	2C	5500-5720	12		
	3	5745-5825	5		
	1	5180-5240	4		
802.11n-HT20/ 802.11ac-VHT20	2A	5260-5320	4		
802.11ac-VH120 802.11ax-HE20	2C	5500-5720	12		
	3	5745-5825	5		
	1	5190-5230	2		
802.11n-HT40/	2A	5270-5310	2		
802.11ac-VHT40 802.11ax-HE40	2C	5510-5710	6		
	3	5755-5795	2		
	1	5210	1		
802.11ac-VHT80	2A	5290	1		
802.11ax-HE80	2C	5530-5690	3		
	3	5775	1		
	1	5050	1		
802.11ac-VHT160 /802.11ax-HE160	2A	5250	1		
/002.11ax-11L100	2C	5570	1		
Remark: U-NII Band 24	A and 2C (DFS Function	on, Slave/no In service monitor, no Ad	-Hoc mode)		





Mode	Modulation	Data Rate (Mbps)
802.11b	DSSS (DBPSK/DQPSK/CCK)	Up to 11
802.11g	OFDM (BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM)	Up to 54
802.11a	OFDM (BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM)	Up to 54
802.11n-HT20	OFDM (DDCV/ODCV/140AM/640AM)	Up to 11 Up to 54
802.11n-HT40	OFDM (BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM)	Up to 300
802.11ac-VHT20		-
802.11ac-VHT40	OFDM (DDSV/ODSV/16OAM/64OAM/256OAM)	Up to 400
802.11ac-VHT80	OFDM (BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM)	Up to 866.7
802.11ac-VHT160		Up to 1733.3
802.11ax-HE20		Up to 287
802.11ax-HE40	OFDMA (BPSK/ QPSK/ 16QAM/ 64QAM/	Up to 574
802.11ax-HE80	256QAM/1024QAM)	Up to 1201
802.11ax-HE160		Up to 2402
Bluetooth	FHSS (GFSK, π/4 DQPSK, 8-DPSK)	1/2/3
BLE	GFSK (1M, 2M, PHY Coded S8, PHY Coded S2)	2

# 3.6. Description of Key Components

# 3.6.1. For the All Component Lists

Item	Supplier	Model / Type	Character
		Win 10	
System	Microsoft	Win 10 Pro	
		Win11	
Main Board	LG	Queen LP4X MAIN B/D PCB	Main Board (GM) Manufacturer: #1 Hannstar Board Tech(Jiang Yin) Corp.,Ltd. #2 Elec & Eltek Company (MCO) Limited.
WLAN SUB Board	LG	14Z90Q B2B SUB B/D	Manufacturer: #1 Hannstar Board Tech(Jiang Yin) Corp.,Ltd. #2 Elec & Eltek Company (MCO) Limited. #3 JiangSu HuaShen Electronic co.,ltd (HXF)
		i7-1260P	2.5GHz
		i7-1255U	2.5GHz
CPU		i5-1240P	2.1GHz
(Socket: BGA1744)	Intel	i5-1235U	2.1GHz
		i3-1220P	1.5GHz
		i3-1215U	1.5GHz
14" LCD Panel	LG Display	LP140WU1(SP)(F1)	Resolution: 1920*1200, 60Hz WQXGA IPS
			1TB
	SK hynix		512GB
Stamage (SSD)			256GB
Storage (SSD)	Samsung		1TB
			512GB
			256GB
			32GB LPDDR4x(On Board)
	Samsung		16GB LPDDR4x(On Board)
M (DAM)			8GB LPDDR4x(On Board)
Memory (RAM)			32GB LPDDR4x(On Board)
	SK Hynix		16GB LPDDR4x(On Board)
			8GB LPDDR4x(On Board)
Battery Pack	LG	LBZ722DM	72Wh, DC7.76V, Typ 9279mAh
WLAN Combo Card	Intel	AX211D2W	WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCle M.2 1216 SD adapter card FCC ID: PD9AX211D2 IC: 1000M-AX211D2
WLAN Combo Antenna	LG (INPAQ)	WA-P-LELE-04-025	PCB, Mono-pole Type Main: Black, Aux: Gray



Item	Supplier	Model / Type	Character		
Vouhoard	TIC	KT0120B7			
Keyboard	LITE ON	SN8100			
Touch Pad	LITE-ON	SP8000(SG-A0620-00A)			
Touch Pad	ELAN	SD068D-26H0			
Web Camera	Chicony	CKFKH33-0	EBP63421711		
web Camera	Luxvisions	0BF108N3	EBP63421709		
	SUZHOU MEC	80-5946-111	(White) 10/100Megabit Ethernet		
	ELECTRONICS	80-5946-101	(Black) 10/100 Megabit Ethernet		
	Type C to LAN: Shielded, Undetached, 0.12m				
	ARIN TECH CO. LTD	GD-08MF-36-WH-LP10	(White) 10/100Megabit Ethernet		
LAN Gender (Type C to LAN)		GD-08MF-36-BK-LP11	(Black) 10/100 Megabit Ethernet		
	Type C to LAN: Shielded, Undetached, 0.12m				
	HUIZHOU DEHONG TECHNOLOGY	370-50713	(White) 10/100Megabit Ethernet		
		370-50714	(Black) 10/100 Megabit Ethernet		
	Type C to LAN: Shielded, Undetached, 0.12m				
	LG (HONOR)	ADT-65DSU-D03-2	I/P: AC 100-240V, 1.6A, 50-60Hz O/P: DC 20V, 3.25A		
AC Adapter (65W)	AC Power Cord: Non-	Shielded, Undetached, 1.5m Shielded, Detached, 1.0m (2C) (I Shielded, Detached, 1.55m (2C)	· ·		

Remark: For more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the user manual.

3.6.2. The EUT collocates with following worst components, which are used to establish a basic configuration of system during test:

SKU (Mode)		1
Main Board	LG, Queen LP4X MAIN B/D PCB	V
SUB Board	LG, 14Z90Q B2B SUB B/D	V
CPU	Intel, i7-1260P	V
14" LCD Panel	LG Display, LP140WU1(SP)(F1)	V
Storage (SSD)	Samsung, 1TB	V
Storage (SSD)	Samsung, 256GB	V
Memory (RAM)	32GB	V
Battery Pack	LG, 72Wh	V
Keyboard	TIC, KT0120B7	V
Touch Pad	LITE-ON, SP8000(SG-A0620-00A)	V
Web Camera	Chicony, CKFKH33-0	V
WLAN Combo Card	Intel, AX211D2W	V
WLAN Combo Antenna	LG (INPAQ), WA-P-LELE-04-025	V
Type C #1 AC Adapter	LG (HONOR), ADT-65DSU-D03-2	V
Type C #2 Link to LAN Gender	MEC	V

# 3.7. Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Item	Require	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22 ±2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	48 ± 2

# 3.8. Description of Test Facility

Name of Test Firm	Audix Technology Corporation / EMC Department No. 491, Zhongfu Rd., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 244, Taiwan Tel: +886-2-26092133 Fax: +886-2-26099303 Website: www.audixtech.com Contact e-mail: attemc_report@audixtech.com	
Accreditations	The laboratory is accredited by following organizations under ISO/IEC 17025:2017  (1) NVLAP(USA)  NVLAP Lab Code 200077-0  (2) TAF(Taiwan)  No. 1724	
Test Facilities	FCC OET Designation Number under APEC MRA by NCC is: TW1724 (1) SAR Room	



# 3.9. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 Uncertainty								
According	to IEEE 15				6 (0.3 - 6	GHz range	e)	
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(Vi) Veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	8
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	$\infty$
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	$\infty$
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	$\infty$
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	$\infty$
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	$\infty$
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	$\infty$
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	$\infty$
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	$\infty$
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	$\infty$
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	$\infty$
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	$\infty$
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	$\infty$
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	8
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	8
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	8
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	$\infty$
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty $\pm 11\%$ $\pm 10.8\%$					387			
<b>Expanded STD Uncertainty</b>						±22%	±21.5%	



Ac	cording to		5 Unce 9-2/2010 (		6 GHz ran	ge)		
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(Vi) Veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	8
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	$\infty$
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	8
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	œ
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	8
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	$\infty$
Readout Electronic	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	$\infty$
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	$\infty$
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	8
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	$\infty$
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	$\infty$
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.5%	R	√3	1	1	±1.45 %	±1.45 %	8
Post-processing	±3.8%	R	√3	1	1	±2.2%	±2.2%	8
<b>Test Sample Related</b>			•	1	•	•	•	
Test Sample Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	8
Power Scaling	±0.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.5%	R	√3	1	1	±2.4%	±2.4%	8
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.9%	±1.9%	8
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0%	R	√3	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	8
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)DAK	±2.5%	R	√3	0.64	0.43	±0.9%	±0.6%	$\infty$
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0%	R	√3	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
Liquid Permittivity(mea.)DAK	±2.5%	R	√3	0.6	0.49	±0.9%	±0.7%	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.0%	±10.9%	387
<b>Expanded STD Uncertainty</b>						±22.1%	±21.8%	

# 4. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENTLIST

Item	Туре	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
1.	Stäubli Robot TX90 XL	Stäubli	TX90	F12/5K9SA1/A101	N/A	N/A
2.	Controller	SPEAG	CS8c	N/A	N/A	N/A
3.	SAM Twin Phantom	SPEAG	N/A	1706	N/A	N/A
4.	ELI5 Phantom	SPEAG	N/A	1170	N/A	N/A
5.	Device Holder	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6.	Data Acquisition Electronic	SPEAG	DAE4	1337	2022. 03. 29	1 Year
7.	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3855	2021. 09. 24	1 Year
8.	SAR Software	SPEAG	DASY52	V.52.8.8.1222	N/A	N/A
9.	ENA Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C-480	MY46214331	2021. 10. 08	1 Year
10.	Signal Generator	Aglient	N5181A	MY50143917	2021. 09. 15	1 Year
11.	Power Meter	Aglient	ML2487A	MY52180007	2021. 09. 15	1 Year
12.	Power Sensor	Aglient	N8481	MY52080006	2021. 09. 15	1 Year
13.	Dipole Antenna	SPEAG	D2450V2	888	2021. 09. 13	3 Years
14.	Dipole Antenna	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1124	2021. 09. 27	3 Years

### 5. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

## 5.1. Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \Big( \frac{dW}{dm} \Big) = \frac{d}{dt} \Big( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \Big)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

# 5.2. SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

New Taipei City244, Taiwan

Tel: +886 2 26099301 Fax: +886 2 26099303

SIGNAL TEACH PENDANT ELECTRO OPTICAL CONVERTER DASY6 MEASURMENTSERVER ETHERNET OPTICAL PHANTOM ROBOT CONTROLLER MEDIUM DUT DEVICE J110 ( USB ETH/GPIB BASE STATION SIMULATOR

Fig-3.1 DASY6 System Setup

#### 5.2.1. Robot

The DASY6 system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)





### 5.2.2. Probes

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	1
Directivity	$\pm$ 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm$ 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	$10 \ \mu W/g$ to $100 \ mW/g$ Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \ dB$ (noise: typically $< 1 \ \mu W/g$ )	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

### 5.2.3. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

### 5.2.4. Phantom

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	$2 \pm 0.2$ mm (6 $\pm 0.2$ mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	

Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	$2.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm (bottom plate)}$	SEE E SEERINGS IN
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	

File Number: C1M2207001 Repo



#### 5.2.5. Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	



## 5.2.6. Reference Dipole

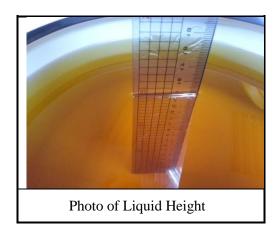
Model	System Validation Dipoles	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	l l
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	Ť

File Number: C1M2207001 Report Number: EM-SR220064



#### 5.2.7. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-5.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528 and FCC OET 65 Supplement C Appendix C. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in FCC OET 65 Supplement C Appendix C. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.



**Table-5.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid** 

	rubic est ruiges	of Hissuc Silliulatii	15 Biquiu	
Target Frequency [MHz]	Target Permittivity (ɛr)	Range of ± 5%	Target Conductivity o[s/m]	Range of ± 5%
750	41.9	39.805 ~ 43.995	0.89	0.846 ~ 0.935
835	41.5	39.425 ~ 43.575	0.90	0.855 ~ 0.945
900	41.5	39.425 ~ 43.575	0.97	0.922 ~ 1.019
1450	40.5	38.475 ~ 42.525	1.20	1.140 ~ 1.260
1640	40.3	38.285 ~ 42.315	1.29	1.226 ~ 1.355
1750	40.1	38.095 ~ 42.105	1.37	1.302 ~ 1.439
1800	40.0	38.000 ~ 42.000	1.40	1.330 ~ 1.470
1900	40.0	38.000 ~ 42.000	1.40	1.330 ~ 1.470
2000	40.0	38.000 ~ 42.000	1.40	1.330 ~ 1.470
2300	39.5	37.525 ~ 41.475	1.67	1.587 ~ 1.754
2450	39.2	37.240 ~ 41.160	1.80	1.710 ~ 1.890
2600	39.0	37.050 ~ 40.950	1.96	1.862 ~ 2.058
3500	37.9	36.005 ~ 39.795	2.91	2.765 ~ 3.056
5200	36.0	34.2.00 ~ 37.800	4.66	4.427 ~ 4.893
5300	35.9	34.105 ~ 37.695	4.76	4.522 ~ 4.998
5500	35.6	33.820 ~ 37.380	4.96	4.712 ~ 5.208
5600	35.5	33.725 ~ 37.275	5.07	4.817 ~ 5.324
5800	35.3	33.535 ~ 37.065	5.27	5.007 ~ 5.534
6000	35.1	33.345~ 36.855	5.48	5.206 ~ 5.754
6500	34.5	32.775 ~ 36.225	6.07	5.767 ~ 6.374
7000	33.9	32.205 ~ 35.595	6.65	6.318 ~ 6.983

Audix Technology Corp.
No. 491, Zhongfu Rd., Linkou Dist.,
New Taipei City244, Taiwan

Tel: +886 2 26099301 Fax: +886 2 26099303

Table-5.2-1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid, 30MHz to 900MHz

Frequency (MHz)	30	5	0	14	14	4	50	835	90	0
Recipe source number	3	3	2	2	3	2	4	2	2	4
Ingredients (% by	weight)									
De-ionized water	48,30	48,30	53,53	55,12	48,30	48,53	56	50,36	50,31	56
Tween 20			44,70	43,31		49,51		48,39	48,34	
Oxidized mineral oil							44			44
Diethylenglycol monohexylether										
Triton X-100										
Diacetin	50,00	50,00			50,00					
DGBE										
NaCl	1,60	1,60	1,77	1,57	1,60	1,96		1,25	1,35	
Additives and salt	0,10	0,10			0,10					
Measured tempera	ture dep	endence								
Temp. (°C)			21	21		21	20	21	21	20
$\varepsilon$ liquid temp. unc. (%)	0,8	0,1			0,1	0,1		0,04	0,04	
$\sigma_{ m liquid\ temp.\ unc.}$ (%)	2,8	2,8			2,6	4,2		1,6	1,6	

Table-5.2-2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid, 1800MHz to 10000MHz

Frequency (MHz)	1 8	00	2 450	4 000	5 000	5 200	5 800	6 000	8 000	10 000
Recipe source number	2	4	4	4	4	1	1	4	5	5
Ingredients (% by weight)		•								
De-ionized water	54,23	56	56	56	56	65,53	65,53	56	67,8	66,0
Tween	45,27								31,1	33,0
Oxidized mineral oil		44	44	44	44			44		
Diethylenglycol monohexylether						17,24	17,24			
Triton X-100						17,24	17,24			
Diacetin										
DGBE										
NaCl	0,50									
Additives and salt										
Measured temperature de	pendend	e								
Temp. (°C)	21	20	20	20	20	22	22	20	20	20
$\varepsilon_{ m liquid\ temp.\ unc.}$ (%)	0,4					1,7	1,8			
σ <sub>liquid temp. unc.</sub> (%)	2,3					2,7	2,6			

NOTE 1 Multiple columns under a single frequency indicate optional recipes.

NOTE 2 Recipe source numbers: 1 verified by different labs, 2 Reference [59], 3 developed by IT'IS Foundation, 4 developed by IT'IS Foundation, 5 Reference [60].

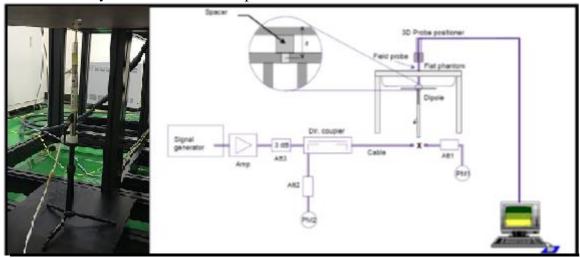
NOTE 3 The values of  $\varepsilon_{\text{liquid temp. unc.}}$  and  $\sigma_{\text{liquid temp. unc.}}$  are liquid temperature uncertainties described in 0.9.6, based on measurements of the applicable liquid recipes given above. These are not part of the original publications but have been subsequently developed by the project team.

NOTE 4 The recipes at 8 000 MHz and 10 000 MHz are sufficiently broadband that they cover the frequency range of 6 000 MHz to 10 000 MHz within a tolerance of  $\pm 10$  % for permittivity and conductivity.



## **5.3. SAR System Verification**

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The power meter PM1 measures the forward power at the loation of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

# 5.3.1. SAR System Verification Result

Dipole Kit: D	Dipole Kit: D2450V2									
Test Date: 2022. 07. 22 Liquid Temp. [°C]: 20.0										
Frequency [MHz]		1g S	AR	10g SAR						
2450MHz	Zoom Scan to 250mW	Normalize to 1W	Target Value Reference result ± 10% window	Zoom Scan to 250mW	Normalize to 1W	Target Value Reference result ± 10% window				
	13.3	53.2	52.9 47.61 to 58.19	6.25	25.00	24.8 22.32 to 27.28				

Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2									
Test Date: 2022. 07. 19 Liquid Temp. [°ℂ]: 21.0									
Frequency [MHz]		1g S	AR	10g SAR					
5300MHz	Zoom Scan to 100mW	Normalize to 1W	Target Value Reference result ± 10% window	Zoom Scan to 100mW	Normalize to 1W	Target Value Reference result ± 10% window			
	8.26	82.6	83.2 74.88 to 91.52	2.28	22.8	23.5 21.15 to 25.85			

Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2									
Test Date: 2022. 07. 20 Liquid Temp. [°ℂ]: 21.0									
Frequency [MHz]		1g S	AR	10g SAR					
5600MHz	Zoom Scan to 100mW	Normalize to 1W	Target Value Reference result ± 10% window	Zoom Scan to 100mW	Normalize to 1W	Target Value Reference result ± 10% window			
	8.05	80.5	83.9 75.51 to 92.29	2.31	23.1	23.8 21.42 to 26.18			

Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2									
Test Date: 2022. 07. 21 Liquid Temp. [°ℂ]: 20.0									
Frequency [MHz]		1g S	AR	10g SAR					
5800MHz	Zoom Scan to 100mW	Normalize to 1W	Target Value Reference result ± 10% window	Zoom Scan to 100mW	Normalize to 1W	Target Value Reference result ± 10% window			
	8.06	80.6	81.8 73.62 to 89.98	2.32	23.2	22.9 20.61 to 25.19			

File Number: C1M2207001 Report Number: EM-SR220064



#### 5.3.2. SAR System Check Data

Date: 7/22/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

System Check\_H2450

DUT: D2450V2 - SN888

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.761$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.93$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

P=250mW/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.7 W/kg

P=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 111.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

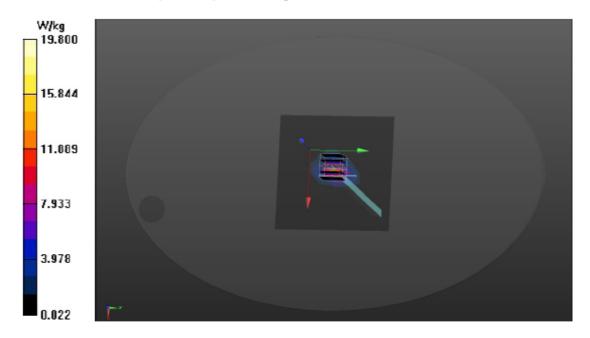
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.25 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg



Date: 7/19/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### System Check\_H5300

DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN1124

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5300 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.875$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15) @ 5300 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

P=100mW/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.5 W/kg

P=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

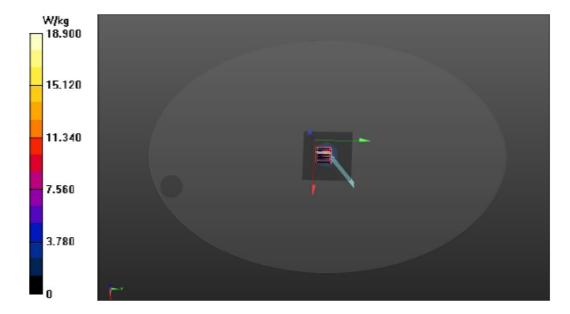
Reference Value = 72.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 54.9% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg



Date: 7/20/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### System Check H5600

#### DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN1124

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.259$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.237$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

P=100mW/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 W/kg

P=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

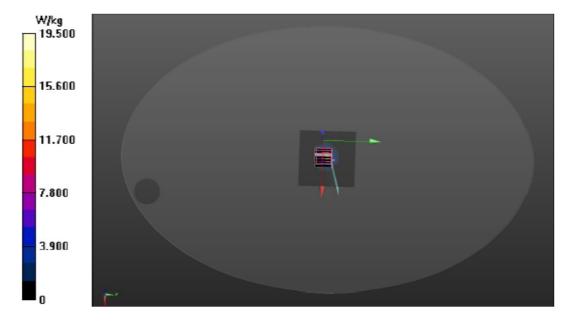
Reference Value = 78.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 59.6% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



Date: 7/21/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### System Check\_H5800

#### DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN1124

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5800 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.509$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.808$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

P=100mW/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg

P=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 71.62 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

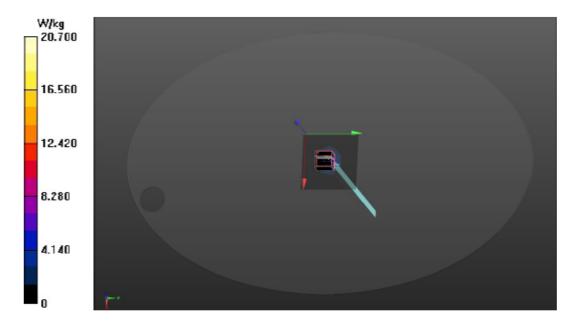
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 42.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.3 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 52.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg



#### **5.4. SAR Measurement Procedure**

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

#### 5.4.1. Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	≤ 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan $(\Delta x, \Delta y)$	≤ 15mm	≤ 12mm	≤ 12mm	≤ 10mm	≤ 10mm
Zoom Scan $(\Delta x, \Delta y)$	≤ 8mm	≤ 5mm	≤ 5mm	≤ 4mm	≤ 4mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	≤ 5mm	≤ 5mm	≤ 4mm	≤ 3mm	≤ 2mm
Zoom Scan Volume	≥30mm	≥30mm	≥28mm	≥25mm	≥22mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of  $\Delta x$  /  $\Delta y$  (2-3GHz:  $\leq 8$  mm, 3-4GHz:  $\leq 7$  mm, 4-6GHz:  $\leq 5$  mm) may be applied.

According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, if the zoom scan measured as specified in the preceding paragraphs complies with both of the following items, or if the peak spatial-average SAR is below 0.1 W/kg, no additional measurements are needed:

- (1) The smallest horizontal distance from the local SAR peaks to all points 3 dB below the SAR peak shall be larger than the horizontal gird steps in both x and y directions ( $\Delta x$ ,  $\Delta y$ ). This shall be checked for the measured zoom scan plane conformal to the phantom at the distance  $z_{M1}$ .
- (2) The ratio of the SAR at the second measured point (M2) to the SAR at the closest measured point (M1) at the x, y location of the measured mazimum SAR value shall be at least 30%.

#### 5.4.2. Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

## 5.4.3. Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

#### 5.4.4. Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g





#### 5.4.5. SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

## 6. SAR MEASUREMENT EVALUATION

## 6.1. Test Configuration and EUT setting

The standalone SAR test exclusion shall be refer to FCC § 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(B) SAR-Based exemption which device determined the distance from antenna to user/bystander. The formula is

 $P_{th}$  (mW) = ERP<sub>20cm</sub> (d / 20) for distance d  $\leq$  20cm

 $P_{th}$  (mW) = ERP<sub>20cm</sub> for distance 20cm < d  $\leq$  40cm

 $X = -\log 10 \ (\frac{60}{ERP20cm\sqrt{f}})$ 

ERP<sub>20cm</sub>(mW)  $0.3 \text{ GHz} \le f < 1.5 \text{ GHz}: 2040f$ 

 $1.5 \text{ GHz} \le f \le 6 \text{ GHz}$ : 3060

F = GHz

 $P_{th}$  (mW) = available maximum time-average power or effective radiated power, whichever is greater.

D =the separation distance (cm)

From KDB 616217 D04 section 4.2 to 4.3, The SAR exclusion threshold can be applied to KDB 447498 to determine if SAR necessary test.

Test program "DRTU" is used for enabling EUT BT or WLAN function under continues transmitting and choosing data rate/ channel and supported stable power rating.



# **6.2. EUT Testing Position**

SAR-Based exemption table

SAK-Dased exem	iption table	•					
Centre Frequency (MHz)	5	10	15	20	25	Distance(mm)	
2450	3.000	10.000	22.000	38.000	59.000		
5200	2.000	6.000	15.000	26.000	42.000	Power(mW)	
5500	1.000	6.000	14.000	26.000	41.000	Fower(IIIW)	
5800	1.000	6.000	14.000	25.000	40.000		
	30	35	40	45	50	Distance(mm)	
2450	83.000	111.000	143.000	179.000	219.000		
5200	61.000	84.000	110.000	110.000	110.000	Downer(maW)	
5500	59.000	82.000	108.000	108.000	108.000	Power(mW)	
5800	58.000	80.000	106.000	106.000	106.000		
	7	10	15	20	25	Distance(cm)	
2450	415.000	819.000	1770.000	3060.000	4678.000		
5200	350.000	731.000	1689.000	3060.000	4852.000	Downer(m.W.)	
5500	345.000	725.000	1683.000	3060.000	4865.000	Power(mW)	
5800	341.000	719.000	1678.000	3060.000	4877.000		
	30	33	35	37	40	Distance(cm	
2450	6617.000	7932.000	8872.000	8872.000	11437.000		
5200	7071.000	8609.000	9722.000	9722.000	12809.000	Dower(mW)	
5500	7106.000	8662.000	9788.000	9788.000	12918.000	Power(mW)	
5800	7139.000	8712.000	9851.000	9851.000	13021.000		

The SAR testing required mode is listed as below.

Antenna	Front Face	Rear Face	Top Side	Bottom Side	Left Side	Right Side	Screen Side
WLAN				$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$

According to SAR-Based exemption table, the laptop only need evaluate bottom side and screen side.



## **6.3.** Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using Agilent Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent E5071C Vector Network Analyzer.

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement							
Frequency	Description	Dielectric l	Liquid Temp.				
[MHz]	Description	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ[s/m]	[°C]			
	Reference result	39.2	1.8	N/A			
2450MHz	± 5% window	37.240 to 41.160	1.710 to 1.890	IV/A			
	2022. 07. 22	38.93	1.761	20.0			

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement							
Frequency	Description	Dielectric l	Liquid Temp.				
[MHz]	Description	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	σ[s/m]	[℃]			
	Reference result	35.9	4.76	N/A			
5300MHz	± 5% window	34.105 to 37.695	4.522 to 4.998	IN/A			
	2022. 07. 19	36.90	4.875	21.0			

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement							
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Liquid Temp.			
		$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ[s/m]	[℃]			
5600MHz	Reference result	35.50	5.07	N/A			
	± 5% window	33.725 to 37.275	4.817 to 5.324				
	2022. 07. 20	36.237	5.259	21.0			

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement						
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Liquid Temp.		
		$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	σ[s/m]	[℃]		
5800MHz	Reference result	35.3	5.27	N/A		
	± 5% window	33.535 to 37.065	5.007 to 5.534			
	2022. 07. 21	35.808	5.509	20.0		



# **6.4. SAR Exposure Limits**

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg

# **6.5.** Conducted Power Measurement

#### Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D04 the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - Scale Factor = tune-up limit power (mW)/EUT Conducted power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units. Scale SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Scaling Factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D04 for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01, for OFDM transmission configuration in the 2.4G and 5G bands. An initial test configuration is determined by the highest maximum output power including tune-up tolerance. When multiple transmission modes(802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have same maximum power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected.(i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01, when the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 5. Per KDB 248227 D01,U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands have the same specified maximum output and tolerance; SAR is measured for U-NII-2A band first. Adjusted SAR of U-NII-2A band is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 6. Per KDB 248227 D01, When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested.
- 7. Pursuant section 2.8.1(2) KDB 865664 D01, when the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 8. Pursuant section 2.8.1(3) KDB 865664 D01, perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\ge 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit)



# 6.5.1. For WLAN Function

				0	utput Po	wer (dBm)	)		
Type of	Channel	Frequency	1	ANT AUX			ANT Main		SAR Test
Network	Chamici	(MHz)	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scale Factor	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scale Factor	
	CH 1	2412	19.77	20.3		20.03	21.0		No <sup>NOTE2</sup>
	CH 7	2442	20.39	21.0	1.150	19.88	20.5	1.153	Vac
802.11b	CH 11	2462	20.11	21.0	1.227	19.83	20.5	1.166	Yes
	CH 12	2467	18.74	19.3		18.82	19.5		No <sup>NOTE2</sup>
	CH 13	2472	17.48	18.0		15.06	16.0		NO
	CH 1	2412	16.86	17.5		16.77	17.3		
	CH 2	2417	18.07	19.0		19.04	20.0		
	CH 7	2442	18.99	19.5		19.99	20.5		
802.11g	CH 10	2457	18.55	19.3		18.48	19.0		No <sup>NOTE6</sup>
	CH 11	2462	16.39	17.0		17.64	18.3		
	CH 12	2467	14.54	15.3		14.60	15.3		
	CH 13	2472	11.18	12.0		11.33	12.0		

Type of	Channal	Frequency	1	ANT AUX			ANT Main		SAR Test
Network	Channel	(MHz)	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scale Factor	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scale Factor	SAK Test
	CH 1	2412	15.06	16.0		15.55	16.3		
	CH 2	2417	17.27	18.0		16.24	17.0		
	CH 3	2422	18.20	19.0		17.94	18.5		
802.11n-	CH 7	2442	18.91	19.5		19.54	20.3		
HT20	CH 10	2457	18.27	19.0		18.53	19.3		
	CH 11	2462	14.13	15.0		14.53	15.3		
	CH 12	2467	10.84	11.5		11.01	12.0		No <sup>NOTE4 · 3</sup>
	CH 13	2472	7.76	8.3		7.82	8.5		
	CH 3	2422	15.05	16.0		14.25	15.0		
000 11	CH 7	2442	15.13	16.0		15.63	16.3		
802.11n- HT40	CH 9	2452	13.80	14.5		14.51	15.3		
П140	CH 10	2457	11.74	12.3		11.61	12.3		
	CH 11	2462	8.27	9.0		8.88	9.5		



Audix Technology Corp. No. 491, Zhongfu Rd., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City244, Taiwan

		Fraguency		C	Output Po	ower (dBm	n)			
Type of	Channel	Frequency	1	ANT AUX			ANT Main			
Network		(MHz)	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scale Factor	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scale Factor		
	CH 1	2412	15.53	16.3		15.49	16.0			
	CH 2	2417	16.48	17.0		17.48	18.0			
	CH 3	2422	17.25	18.0		17.61	18.3			
802.11ax-	CH 7	2442	19.17	20.0		19.83	20.5			
HE20	CH 10	2457	18.27	19.0		17.44	18.0			
	CH 11	2462	14.05	15.0		15.15	16.0			
	CH 12	2467	10.49	11.0		11.14	12.0		No <sup>NOTE4 · 3</sup>	
	CH 13	2472	6.73	7.3		7.40	8.0			
	CH 3	2422	14.27	15.0		14.51	15.3			
002.11	CH 7	2442	14.55	15.3		15.36	16.0			
802.11ax- HE40	CH 9	2452	13.25	14.0		13.66	14.3			
пе40	CH 10	2457	14.21	15.0		14.22	15.0			
	CH 11	2462	7.99	8.5		7.80	8.5			

				Output Power (dBm)						
Type of RU		Frequency	1	ANT AUX			SAR Test			
Network	Config	(MHz)	Average	Tune-Up	Scale	Average	Tune-Up	Scale		
			Power	Limit	Factor	Power	Limit	Factor		
	26/0		17.89	18.5		17.62	18.3	-		
	52/37	2412	17.84	18.5		18.33	19.0	-		
802.11ax-	106/53		18.29	19.0		18.17	19.0			
HE20	26/8		5.63	6.3		5.90	6.5	-	NoNOTE4	
	52/40	2472	5.90	6.5		6.47	7.0		` 3	
	106/54		6.48	7.0		6.57	7.3			
802.11ax-	242/61	2422	14.55	15.3		15.56	16.3			
HE40	242/62	2462	7.26	8.0		8.08	9.0			



Tyma	of				O	utput Po	wer (dBm	)		
Type Netwo			Frequency	A	NT AUX		A	NT Main		
	U-NII Band	Channel	(MHz)	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scale Factor	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Averag e Power	
		CH 36	5180	17.95	18.5		18.63	19.3		
	1	CH 40	5200	18.15	19.0		18.67	19.3		No <sup>NOTE5 · 3</sup>
		CH 48	5240	18.26	19.0		18.63	19.3		
		CH 52	5260	18.47	19.0	1.129	18.78	19.3	1.127	Yes
	2A	CH 60	5300	18.79	19.3	1.124	18.88	19.5	1.153	Yes
		CH 64	5320	18.52	19.3		18.77	19.3		No <sup>NOTE2</sup>
802.11a		CH 100	5500	18.36	19.0	1.158	18.87	19.5	1.156	Yes
	20	CH 116	5580	18.82	19.5	1.169	18.92	19.5	1.142	Yes
	2C	CH 140	5700	18.15	19.0		18.77	19.3		
		CH 144	5720	17.88	18.5		18.39	19.0		No <sup>NOTE2 · 3</sup>
		CH 149	5745	17.98	18.5	1.11	18.76	19.3	1.05	
	3	CH 157	5785	18.35	19.0	1.161	18.89	19.5	1.150	Yes
		CH 165	5825	18.74	19.3	1.137	18.81	19.5	1.172	Yes

Tymo	of				O	utput Po	wer (dBm	)		
Type Netwo			Frequency	ANT AUX			A			
2.00	U-NII Band		(MHz)	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scale Factor	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Averag e Power	SAR Test
		CH 36	5180	16.31	17.0		16.79	17.3		
	1	CH 40	5200	17.47	18.0		17.60	18.3		
		CH 48	5240	17.86	18.5		17.52	18.3		
		CH 52	5260	17.56	18.3		18.10	19.0		
	2A	CH 60	5300	17.46	18.0		17.91	18.5		
002.11		CH 64	5320	17.00	18.0	-	17.31	18.0		
802.11n- HT20		CH 100	5500	17.43	18.0	-	17.94	18.5		No <sup>NOTE4 · 3</sup>
П120	20	CH 116	5580	17.63	18.3	-	18.40	19.0		
	2C	CH 140	5700	16.87	17.5		17.38	18.0		
		CH 144	5720	17.86	18.5		18.25	19.0		
		CH 149	5745	18.23	19.0	-	18.39	19.0		
	3	CH 157	5785	18.31	19.0		18.66	19.3		
		CH 165	5825	18.52	19.3		17.99	18.5		





	C				O	utput Po	wer (dBm	)		
Type Netwo			Г	A	NT AUX		A	NT Main		
Netwo	U-NII Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scale Factor	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Averag e Power	SAR Test
	1	CH 38	5190	15.53	16.3		15.95	16.5		
	1	CH 46	5230	18.37	19.0		18.75	19.3		
	2.4	CH 54	5270	18.80	19.5		18.74	19.3		
	2A	CH 62	5310	15.46	16.0		15.45	16.0		
802.11n-		CH 102	5510	16.80	17.5		17.32	18.0		No <sup>NOTE4 · 3</sup>
HT40	2C	CH 110	5550	19.12	20.0		19.00	20.0		110
	2C	CH 134	5670	18.02	19.0		18.47	19.0		
		CH 142	5710	17.33	18.0		17.72	18.3		
	3	CH 151	5755	18.10	19.0		18.57	19.3		
	3	CH 159	5795	18.37	19.0		18.91	19.5		
	1	CH 52	5210	14.64	15.3		14.51	15.3		
	2A	CH 58	5290	14.90	15.5		14.84	15.5		
802.11ac		CH 106	5530	15.68	16.3		15.44	16.0		No <sup>NOTE4 · 3</sup>
-VHT80	2C	CH 133	5610	18.30	19.0		17.98	18.5		110
		CH 138	5690	18.18	19.0		17.90	18.5		
	3	CH 155	5775	18.64	19.3		18.60	19.3		
802.11ac	1/2A	CH 50	5250	11.69	12.3		11.79	12.3		No <sup>NOTE4 · 3</sup>
-VHT160	2C	CH 114	5570	14.81	15.5		14.84	15.5		110



Type	of				0	utput Po	ower (dBm	)		
Netwo			Frequency	A	NT AUX		A	NT Main		
1,000	U-NII Band	Channel	(MHz)	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scale Factor	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Averag e Power	SAR Test
		CH 36	5180	16.57	17.3		17.32	18.0		
	1	CH 40	5200	16.86	17.5		17.53	18.3		
		CH 48	5240	17.16	18.0		17.60	18.3		
		CH 52	5260	17.57	18.3		17.91	18.5		
	2A	CH 60	5300	17.68	18.3		17.86	18.5		
002 11		CH 64	5320	17.32	18.0		17.77	18.3		
802.11ax		CH 100	5500	17.78	18.3		18.29	19.0		No <sup>NOTE4 · 3</sup>
-HE20	20	CH 116	5580	17.28	18.0		17.77	18.3		
	2C	CH 140	5700	16.61	17.3		17.10	18.0		
		CH 144	5720	17.94	18.5		18.20	19.0		
		CH 149	5745	17.53	18.3		18.21	19.0		
	3	CH 157	5785	18.18	19.0		18.67	19.3		
		CH 165	5825	18.69	19.3		18.54	19.3		
	1	CH 38	5190	14.73	15.3		15.33	16.0		
	1	CH 46	5230	17.76	18.3		18.03	19.0		
	2.4	CH 54	5270	18.41	19.0		17.96	18.5		
	2A	CH 62	5310	15.03	16.0		15.49	16.0		
802.11ax		CH 102	5510	16.64	17.3		17.07	18.0		No <sup>NOTE4 · 3</sup>
-HE40	20	CH 110	5550	18.06	19.0		18.83	19.5		110
	2C	CH 134	5670	18.16	19.0		18.30	19.0		
		CH 142	5710	16.95	17.5		17.38	18.0		
	2	CH 151	5755	18.29	19.0		18.70	19.3		
	3	CH 159	5795	18.04	19.0		18.53	19.3		
	1	CH 52	5210	14.40	15.0		14.14	15.0		
	2A	CH 58	5290	14.65	15.3		14.43	15.0		
802.11ax		CH 106	5530	15.31	16.0		15.15	16.0		No <sup>NOTE4 · 3</sup>
-HE80	2C	CH 133	5610	18.08	19.0		17.60	18.3		INO
		CH 138	5690	17.92	18.5		17.60	18.3		
	3	CH 155	5775	18.42	19.0		18.32	19.0		
802.11ax	1/2A	CH 50	5250	11.73	12.3		11.61	12.3		No <sup>NOTE4 · 3</sup>
-HE160	2C	CH 114	5570	14.81	15.5		14.65	15.3		INO



T.	c					Ou	tput Po	wer (dBm)							
Type Netwo			F	DII	A	NT AUX		A	NT Main		CAD				
Notwo	U-NII Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RU Config	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scale Factor	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Avera ge Powe r	SAR Test				
				26/0	10.44	11.0		10.20	11.0						
	1	CH 36	5180	52/37	13.84	14.5		14.32	15.0						
				106/53	16.15	17.0		16.58	17.3						
				26/8	9.77	10.3		9.97	10.5						
	2A	CH 64	5320	52/40	12.78	13.3		13.28	14.0						
				106/54	15.48	16.0		15.86	16.5						
				26/0	10.05	11.0		9.94	10.5						
	CH 100	CH 100	5500	52/37	13.28	14.0		13.82	14.5						
802.11ax	20			106/53	14.93	15.5		15.26	16.0		No <sup>NOTE</sup>				
-HE20	2C			26/8	10.08	11.0		10.15	11.0		4 · 3				
		CH 140	5700	52/40	14.21	15.0		13.39	14.0						
				106/54	16.69	17.3		16.11	17.0						
	3	CH 149	CH 149					26/0	14.99	15.5		14.97	15.5		
				5745	52/37	16.21	17.0		16.15	17.0					
				106/53	17.49	18.0		17.31	18.0						
				26/8	15.32	16.0		15.45	16.0						
		CH 165	5825	52/40	13.69	14.3		14.21	15.0						
				106/54	16.51	17.3		17.21	18.0						
	1	CH 38	5190	242/61	17.25	18.0		17.60	18.3						
	2A	CH 62	5310	242/62	16.60	17.3		16.35	17.0						
802.11ax	• ~	CH 102	5510	242/61	15.76	16.3		16.08	17.0		NoNOTE				
-HE40	2C	CH 142	5710	242/62	17.45	18.0		18.10	19.0		4 · 3				
	2	CH 151	5755	242/61	18.15	19.0		18.54	19.3						
	3	CH 159	5795	242/62	18.11	19.0		18.39	19.0						
	1	CH 52	5210	484/65	14.75	15.3		15.23	16.0						
	2A	CH 58	5290	484/66	12.50	13.3		11.82	12.5						
802.11ax	• ~	CH 106	5530	484/65	14.58	15.3		14.62	15.3		NoNOTE				
-HE80	1 2C	CH 133	5610	484/66	18.22	19.0		18.44	19.0		4 · 3				
		GII 155		484/65	17.79	18.3		18.06	19.0						
	3 C	CH 155	5775	484/66	18.28	19.0		18.60	19.3						
		<b>70.</b> 70	996/67	14.68	15.3		14.46	15.0							
802.11ax	2A	CH 50	5250	996/S67	12.63	13.3		12.42	13.0		NoNOTE				
-HE160	60	2C CH 114		996/67	14.49	15.0		14.28	15.0		4 · 3				
	-HE160 2C C		CH 114 5570	996/S67	18.33	19.0		17.96	18.5						



# 6.5.2. For BT Function

Type of Network	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Output Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Scale Factor	SAR Test
	CH 0	2402	9.04	10.0		No
Bluetooth- GFSK	CH 39	2441	9.46	10.0		No
- "	CH 78	2480	9.62	10.3	1.169	Yes
	CH 0	2402	7.27	8.0		No
Bluetooth- 8-DPSK	CH 39	2441	7.64	8.3		No
	CH 78	2480	7.73	8.3		No
	CH 37	2402	5.62	6.3		No
BLE (1Mbps)	CH 17	2440	5.96	6.5		No
1 1 1	CH 39	2480	5.95	6.5		No
	CH 37	2402	5.59	6.3		No
BLE (2Mbps)	CH 17	2440	5.94	6.5		No
( 1")	CH 39	2480	5.93	6.5		No
	CH 37	2402	5.58	6.3		No
BLE (PHY Coded S2)	CH 17	2440	5.90	6.5		No
	CH 39	2480	5.91	6.5		No
	CH 37	2402	5.59	6.3		No
BLE (PHY Coded S8)	CH 17	2440	5.90	6.5		No
	CH 39	2480	5.90	6.5		No



# 6.6. SAR Test Result

# 6.6.1. WiFi 2.4G/Bluetooth

Test Date	2022. 07. 22	Temp./Hum.	21°C/49%
Test Voltage	AC 120V, 60Hz (with AC Adapter)	Tested by	Sean Wang

Liquid Temperature : 20.0°C Depth of Liquid: > 15cm										5cm		
Test	Test Mode: 2.4GHz											
Plot No.	Test Position: Body	Antenna Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Frequency	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scale Factor	Reported SAR	Limit (W/kg)		
	802.11b											
				Ante	nna: ANT 1-	AUX						
7	Screen	Fixed	0.5	2442	20.39	21.00	0.911	1.150	1.048	1.60		
26	Screen	Fixed	0.5	2462	20.11	21.00	0.784	1.227	0.962	1.60		
10	Bottom	Fixed	0	2442	20.39	21.00	0.104	1.150	0.120	1.60		
				Ante	nna: ANT 2-	-Main						
8	Screen	Fixed	0.5	2442	19.88	20.50	0.111	1.153	0.128	1.60		
27	Screen	Fixed	0.5	2462	19.83	20.50	0.094	1.166	0.110	1.60		
11	Bottom	Fixed	0	2442	19.88	20.50	0.025	1.153	0.029	1.60		

Liquio	Liquid Temperature : 20.0°C Depth of Liquid:>15cm										
Test	Test Mode: BT-GFSK										
Plot No.	Test Position: Body	Antenna Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Frequency	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scale Factor	Reported SAR	Limit (W/kg)	
	Antenna: ANT 1-AUX										
9	Screen	Fixed	0.5	2480	9.62	10.30	0.020	1.169	0.023	1.60	
14	Bottom	Fixed	0	2480	9.62	10.30	0.012	1.169	0.014	1.60	



# 6.6.2. WiFi 5G

Test Date	2022. 07. 19 ~ 21	Temp./Hum.	21 ~ 22°C/44 ~ 46%
Test Voltage	AC 120V, 60Hz (with AC Adapter)	Tested by	Sean Wang

Liquid	l Temperatu	re: 20.0 ~ 2	21.0°C					Depth of	Liquid: > 15	5cm	
Test	Mode: 5Gl	Hz									
Plot No.	Test Position: Body	Antenna Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Frequency	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scale Factor	Reported SAR	Limit (W/kg)	
802.11a (UNII Band 2A)											
	Antenna: ANT 1-AUX										
19	Screen	Fixed	0.5	5260	18.47	19.00	0.102	1.129	0.115	1.60	
5	Screen	Fixed	0.5	5300	18.79	19.30	0.213	1.124	0.239	1.60	
				Ante	nna: ANT 2-	-Main					
20	Screen	Fixed	0.5	5260	18.78	19.30	0.644	1.127	0.726	1.60	
6	Screen	Fixed	0.5	5300	18.88	19.50	0.875	1.153	1.009	1.60	
802.11a (UNII Band 2C)											
				Ante	nna: ANT 1-	AUX					
17	Screen	Fixed	0.5	5500	18.36	19.00	0.101	1.158	0.117	1.60	
3	Screen	Fixed	0.5	5580	18.82	19.50	0.271	1.169	0.317	1.60	
12	Bottom	Fixed	0	5580	18.82	19.50	0.534	1.169	0.624	1.60	
				Ante	enna:ANT 2-	Main					
18	Screen	Fixed	0.5	5500	18.87	19.50	0.905	1.156	1.046	1.60	
4	Screen	Fixed	0.5	5580	18.92	19.50	1.080	1.142	1.233	1.60	
13	Bottom	Fixed	0	5580	18.92	19.50	0.594	1.142	0.678	1.60	
				802.1	1a (UNII Ba	and 3)			•		
				Ante	nna: ANT 1-	AUX					
1	Screen	Fixed	0.5	5785	18.35	19.00	0.536	1.161	0.622	1.60	
15	Screen	Fixed	0.5	5825	18.74	19.30	0.529	1.137	0.601	1.60	
				Ante	nna: ANT 2-	-Main					
2	Screen	Fixed	0.5	5785	18.89	19.50	1.070	1.150	1.231	1.60	
16	Screen	Fixed	0.5	5825	18.81	19.50	0.972	1.172	1.139	1.60	



Repeated SAR measurement

Test Date	2022. 07. 19 ~ 21	Temp./Hum.	21 ~ 22°C/44 ~ 46%
Test Voltage	AC 120V, 60Hz (with AC Adapter)	Tested by	Sean Wang

	802.11b								
Plot No F		Frequency (MHz)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scale Factor	Reported SAR	Variation	Additional repeat SAR required		
7	original	2442	0.911	1.150	1.048		Yes Note 1		
28	first repeat	2442	0.902	1.150	1.037	0.99	No Note 2		

	802.11a								
	Plot No	Frequency (MHz)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scale Factor	Reported SAR	Variation	Additional repeat SAR required		
6	original	5300	0.875	1.153	1.009		Yes Note 1		
23	first repeat	5300	0.871	1.153	1.004	1.00	No Note 2		
17	original	5500	0.101	1.158	0.117		Yes Note 1		
25	first repeat	5500	0.903	1.158	1.046	8.94	No Note 2		
4	original	5580	1.080	1.142	1.233		Yes Note 1		
22	first repeat	5580	0.988	1.142	1.128	0.91	No Note 2		
2	original	5785	1.070	1.150	1.231		Yes Note 1		
21	first repeat	5785	0.981	1.150	1.128	0.92	No Note 2		
16	original	5825	0.972	1.172	1.139		Yes Note 1		
24	first repeat	5825	0.963	1.172	1.129	0.99	No Note 2		

Note: 1. Pursuant section 2.8.1(2) KDB 865664 D01, when the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.

2. Pursuant section 2.8.1(3) KDB 865664 D01, perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\ge 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit)

# 6.6.3. Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR	Reported Body SAR <sub>1g</sub>
WLAN 2.4G (2442MHz) ANT Main+	1 176 (W/kg)
WLAN 2.4G (2442MHz) ANT AUX	1.176 (W/kg)
WLAN 2.4G (2442MHz) ANT AUX+	1.071 (W/lra)
BT (2480MHz ) ANT AUX	1.071 (W/kg)
WLAN 5G (5785MHz) ANT AUX+	0.645 (W/kg)
BT (2480MHz )ANT AUX	0.043 (W/Kg)
WLAN 5G (5785MHz) ANT Main+	1.853 (W/kg) NOTE 3
WLAN 5 (5785MHz) ANT AUX	1.033 (11/185)
WLAN 5G (5785MHz) ANT Main+	1.876 (W/kg) NOTE 3
WLAN 5 (5785MHz) ANT AUX + BT (2480MHz)ANT AUX	1.070 (11/Kg)

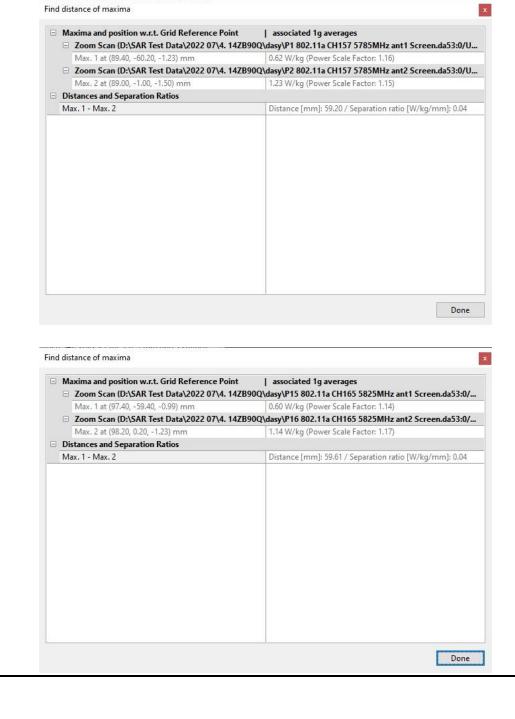
Note: 1. The SAR limit (SAR1g 1.6 W/kg) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093).

- 2. It is calculated from scale SAR.
- 3. It is larger than the limit 1.6(W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

Simultaneous Transmission SAR	Frequency	Reported Body SAR <sub>1g</sub> (SAR1+SAR2) <sup>Note2</sup>	Ri (mm) Note2	SPLSR <sup>Note2</sup>
WLAN 5G ANT Main+	5785MHz	1.853 (W/kg) <sup>Note 2</sup>	59.20	0.04
WLAN 5 ANT AUX	5825MHz	$1.740  (W/kg)^{Note  2}$	59.61	0.04

Note: 1. The SAR limit (SAR1g 1.6 W/kg) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093).

2. SPLSR=(SAR1+SAR2)<sup>1.5</sup>/Ri must ≤0.04





# APPENDIX A

# **GRAPH RESULT**

(Model: 14ZB90Q)

Date: 7/22/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P7 802.11b CH7 2442MHz antl Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4G 802.11B (0); Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.752$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.949$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7) @ 2442 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.460 V/m; Power Drift = -0.36 dB

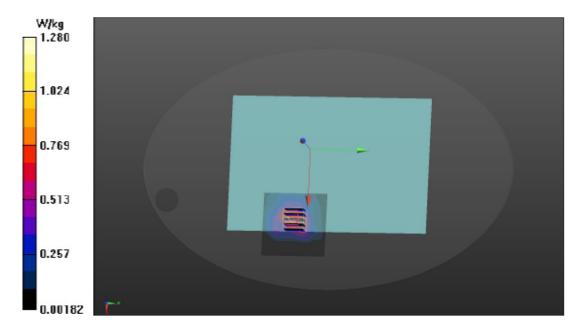
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.911 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.474 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 11.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 56.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg





Date: 7/22/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P26 802.11b CH11 2462MHz antl Screen

# DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4G 802.11B (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.779$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.91$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7) @ 2462 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- · Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.944 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

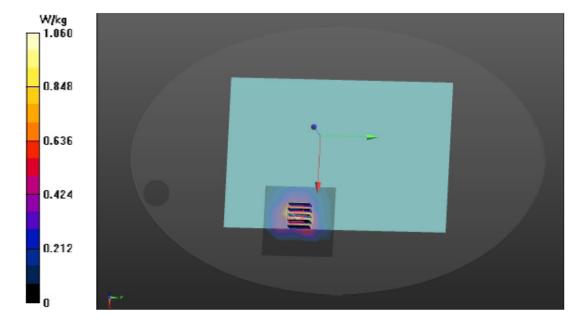
Reference Value = 3.071 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.784 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.365 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 13.1 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 58.2% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg



Date: 7/22/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P10 802.11b CH7 2442MHz antl Bottom

# DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4G 802.11B (0); Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.752 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.949$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

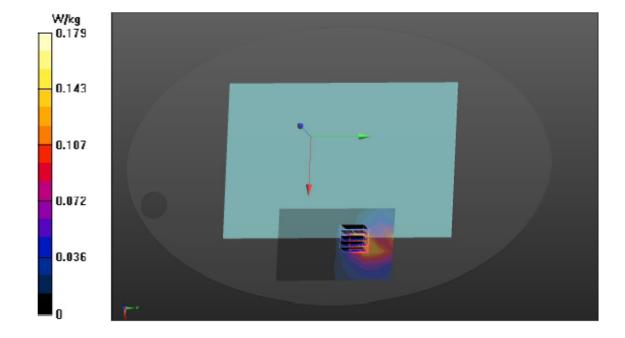
Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7) @ 2442 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.134 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.266 V/m; Power Drift = 0.78 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.288 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.104 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.4 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 42%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.179 W/kg





Date: 7/22/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P8 802.11b CH7 2442MHz ant2 Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4G 802.11B (0); Frequency: 2442 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.752$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.949$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7) @ 2442 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (5x5x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.144 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.480 V/m; Power Drift = 0.48 dB

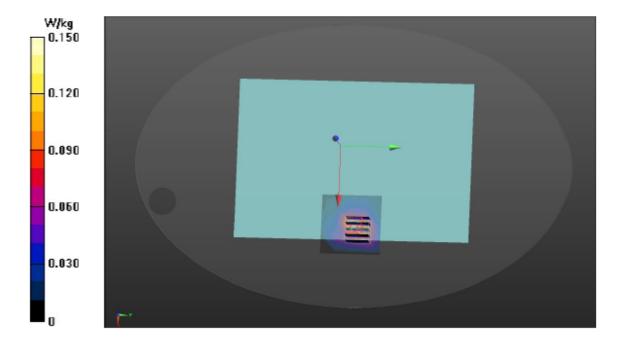
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.204 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.111 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.059 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 12.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 53.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.150 W/kg



Date: 7/22/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P27 802.11b CH11 2462MHz ant2 Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4G 802.11B (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.779$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.91$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7) @ 2462 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (5x5x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.117 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.125 V/m; Power Drift = 0.81 dB

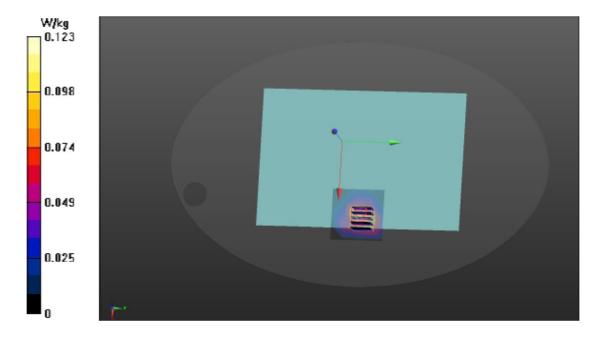
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.154 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.094 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 W/kg





Date: 7/22/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P11 802.11b CH7 2442MHz ant2 Bottom

# DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4G 802.11B (0); Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.752 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.949$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3855; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7) @ 2442 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022

Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170

DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0307 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.5274 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

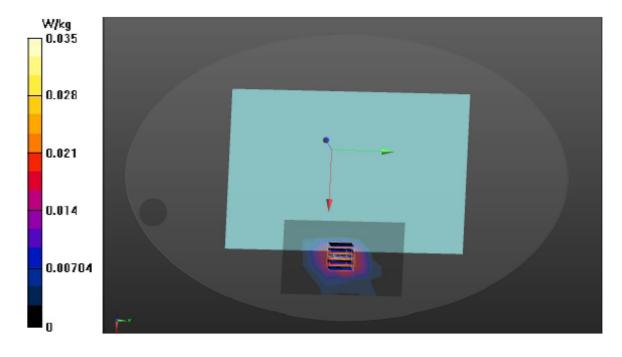
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0450 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.025 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0352 W/kg





Date: 7/22/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

#### P9 GFSK CH78 2480MHz Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, BT (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.3 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.803$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.907$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7) @ 2480 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0221 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0.9850 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

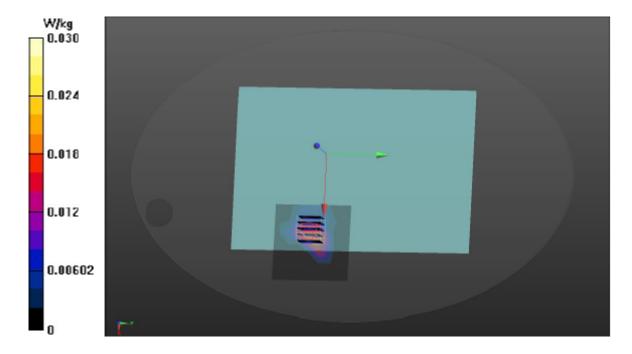
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0410 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.020 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.010 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0301 W/kg



File Number: C1M2207001 Report Number: EM-SR220064



Date: 7/22/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P14 GFSK CH78 2480MHz Bottom

### **DUT: 14ZB90Q**

Communication System: UID 0, BT (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.3 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.303$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.907$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7) @ 2480 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0235 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.6441 V/m; Power Drift = 0.94 dB

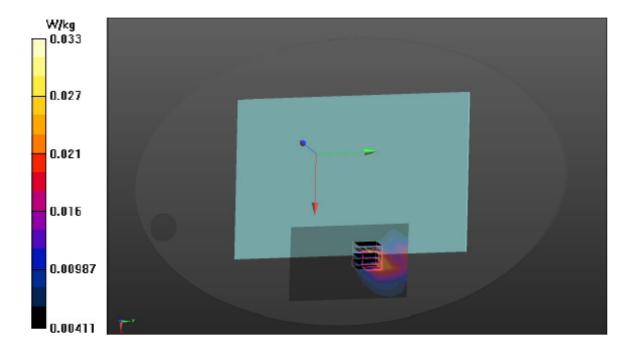
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0510 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00775 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 42%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0329 W/kg





Date: 7/19/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P19 802.11a CH52 5260MHz antl Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.821 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.979$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15) @ 5260 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.125 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.6559 V/m; Power Drift = 0.59 dB

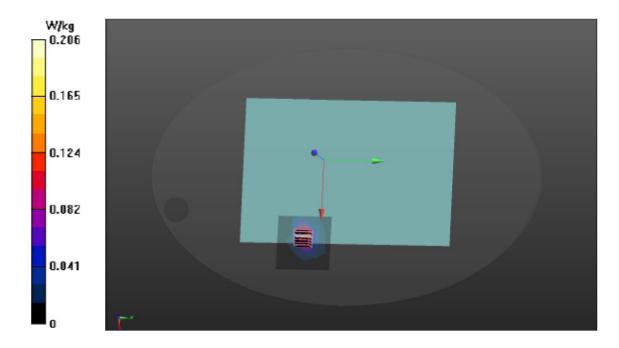
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.479 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.102 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.206 W/kg





Date: 7/19/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P5 802.11a CH60 5300MHz antl Screen

# DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5300 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.875 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15) @ 5300 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.186 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.2698 V/m; Power Drift = 0.82 dB

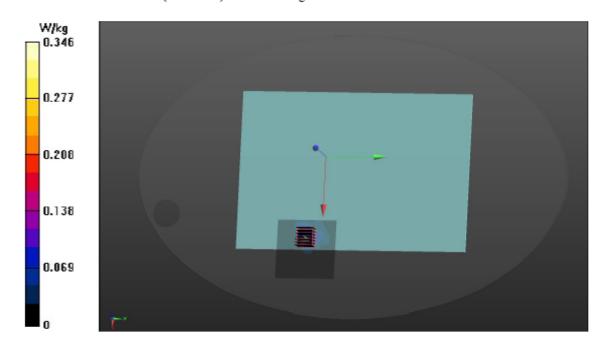
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.213 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 4.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 36.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.346 W/kg



Date: 7/19/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P20 802.11a CH52 5260MHz ant2 Screen

### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.821 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.979$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15) @ 5260 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.837 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.183 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

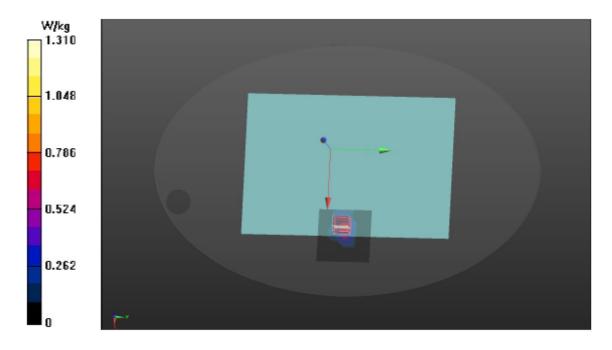
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.644 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 5.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 W/kg





Date: 7/19/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P6 802.11a CH60 5300MHz ant2 Screen

# DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.875 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15) @ 5300 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.567 V/m; Power Drift = 1.84 dB

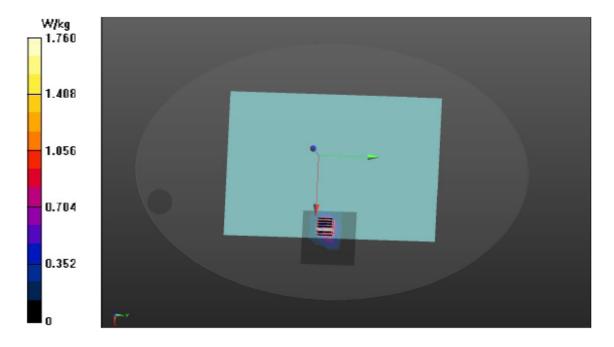
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.875 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.280 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 57.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.76 W/kg





Date: 7/20/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

#### P17 802.11a CH100 5500MHz ant1 Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.128 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.463$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85) @ 5500 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 1.236 V/m; Power Drift = 0.84 dB

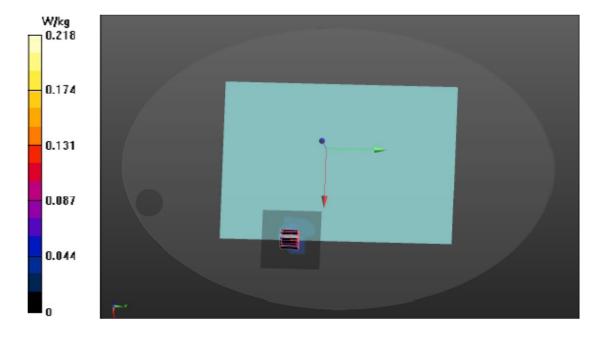
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.415 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.101 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 5.1 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 48.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.218 W/kg





Date: 7/20/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

#### P3 802.11a CH116 5580MHz antl Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.236 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.295$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7) @ 5580 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (5x5x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.299 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.7040 V/m; Power Drift = 0.93 dB

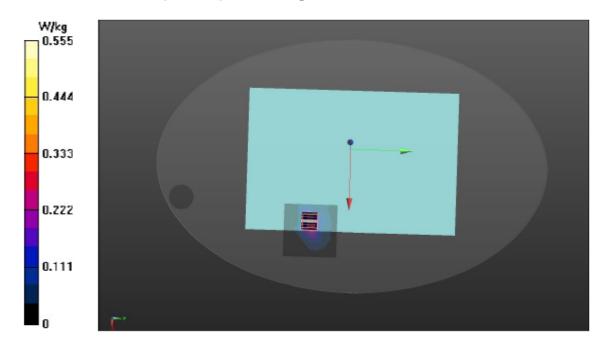
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.271 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.081 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 5.7 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 47.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.555 W/kg





Date: 7/20/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P12 802.11a CH116 5580MHz antl Bottom

DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.236 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.295$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7) @ 5580 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (11x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

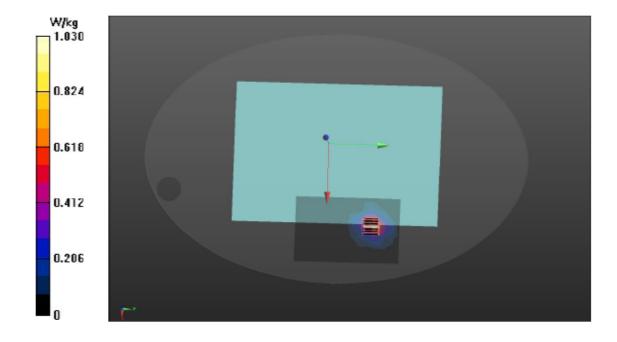
Reference Value = 1.495 V/m; Power Drift = 0.48 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.534 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.174 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.1 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51.4% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



Date: 7/20/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P18 802.11a CH100 5500MHz ant2 Screen

# DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.128 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.463$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85) @ 5500 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.451 V/m; Power Drift = 1.01 dB

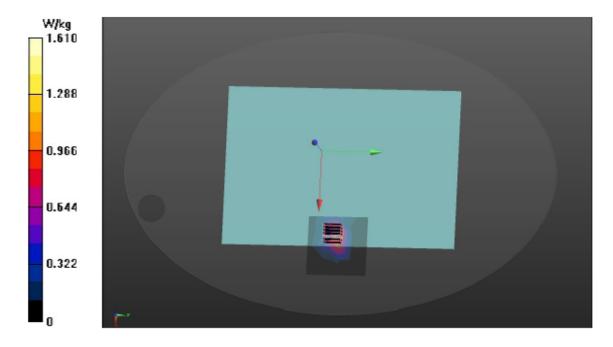
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.905 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.272 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.7 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 56.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.61 W/kg



Date: 7/20/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P4 802.11a CH116 5580MHz ant2 Screen

# DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.236 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.295$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7) @ 5580 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.625 V/m; Power Drift = 1.34 dB

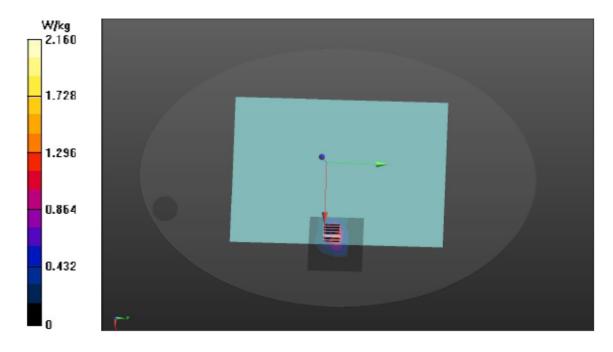
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.336 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 54.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.16 W/kg



Date: 7/20/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P13 802.11a CH116 5580MHz ant2 Bottom

DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.236$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.295$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7) @ 5580 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (11x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.999 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

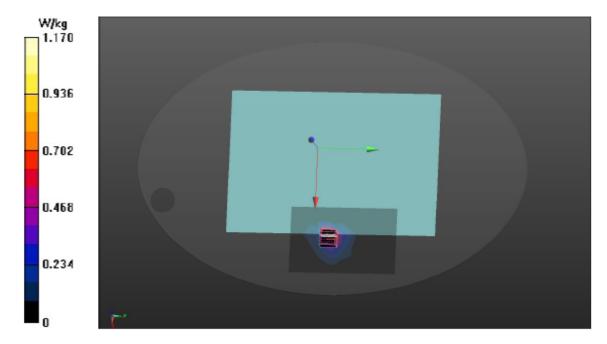
Reference Value = 1.265 V/m; Power Drift = 0.82 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.594 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.2% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg



Date: 7/21/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P1 802.11a CH157 5785MHz antl Screen

# DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.487$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 35.843$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8) @ 5785 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.647 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

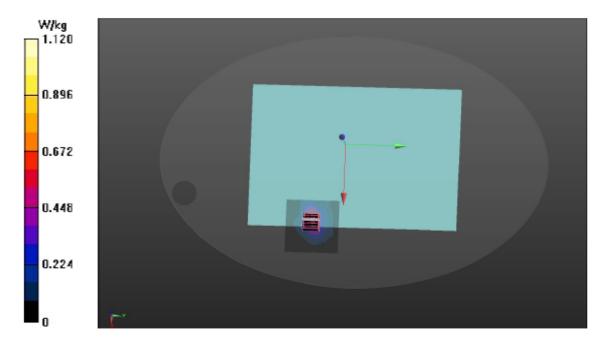
Reference Value = 0.9850 V/m; Power Drift = -0.54 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.536 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51.5% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 W/kg





Date: 7/21/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

#### P15 802.11a CH165 5825MHz antl Screen

# DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5825 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.523$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 35.753$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8) @ 5825 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

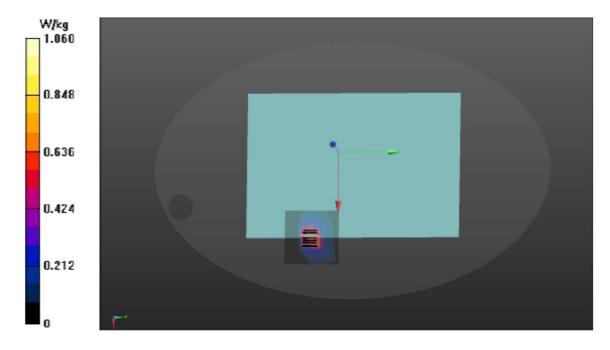
Reference Value = 1.527 V/m; Power Drift = 0.37 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.529 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.2% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg



Date: 7/21/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P2 802.11a CH157 5785MHz ant2 Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.487$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 35.843$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8) @ 5785 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.40 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.652 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

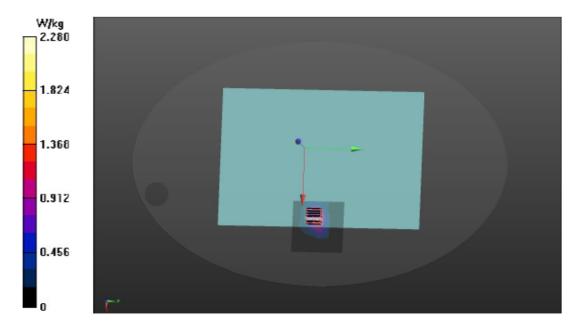
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.324 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 52.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.28 W/kg



Date: 7/21/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P16 802.11a CH165 5825MHz ant2 Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5825 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1.025 Medium parameters used: f = 5825 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.523 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.753;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

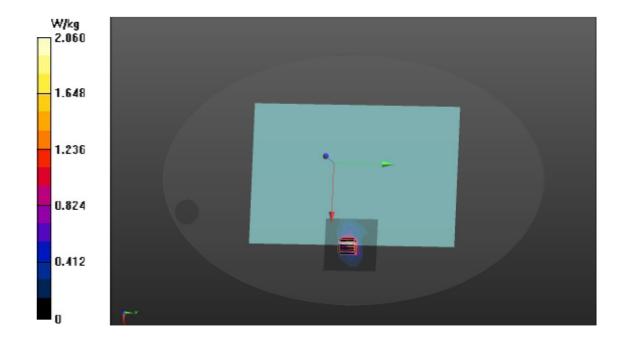
# DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8) @ 5825 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.00 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.06 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 1.078 V/m; Power Drift = 0.95 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.39 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.972 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.4 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51%





# Repeated SAR measurement

Date: 7/22/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P28 802.11b CH7 2442MHz antl Screen

#### **DUT: 14ZB90Q**

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4G 802.11B (0); Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.752$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.949$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3855; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7) @ 2442 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

· Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022

Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170

DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.270 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.902 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.473 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 11.7 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 58.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg





Date: 7/19/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P23 802.11a CH60 5300MHz ant2 Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.875 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15) @ 5300 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.484 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

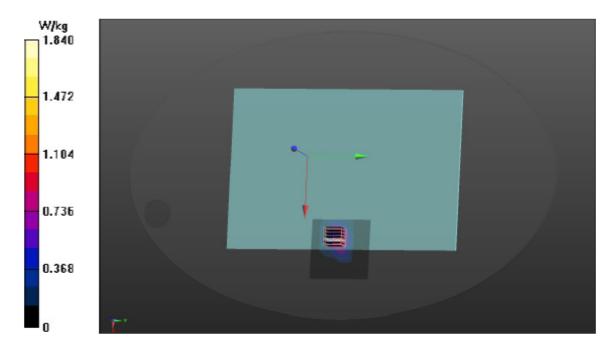
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.27 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.871 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.3 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 59.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.84 W/kg



Date: 7/20/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

#### P25 802.11a CH100 5500MHz ant2 Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.128 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.463$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85) @ 5500 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.555 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

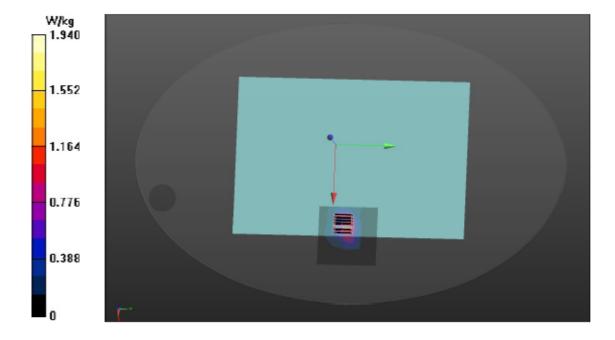
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.98 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.903 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.266 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 56.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.94 W/kg





Date: 7/20/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P22 802.11a CH116 5580MHz ant2 Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.236 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.295$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7) @ 5580 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

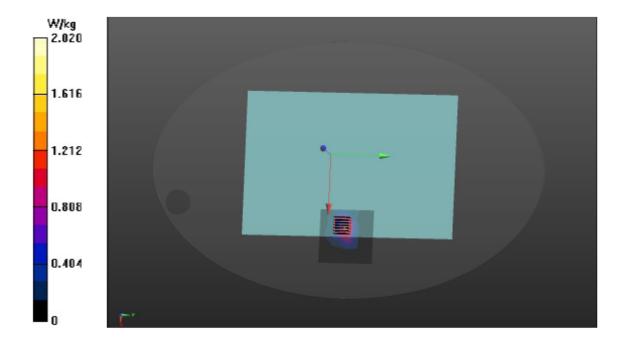
Reference Value = 1.234 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.988 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.317 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51.6% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.02 W/kg



Date: 7/21/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

#### P21 802.11a CH157 5785MHz ant2 Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025 Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.487$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.843$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

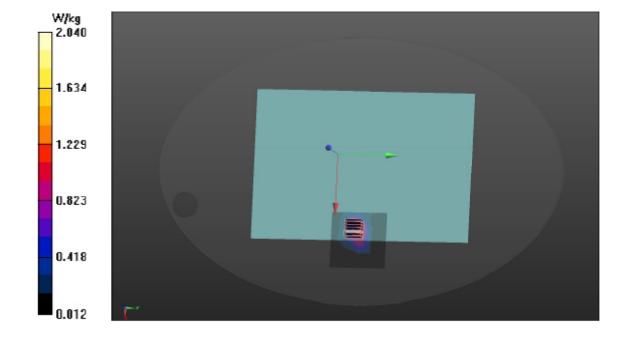
Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8) @ 5785 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 1.595 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.57 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.981 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.312 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.7 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 53.7%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.04 W/kg



Date: 7/21/2022

Test Laboratory: Audix\_SAR Lab

#### P24 802.11a CH165 5825MHz ant2 Screen

#### DUT: 14ZB90Q

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1.025

Medium parameters used: f = 5825 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.023$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.753$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

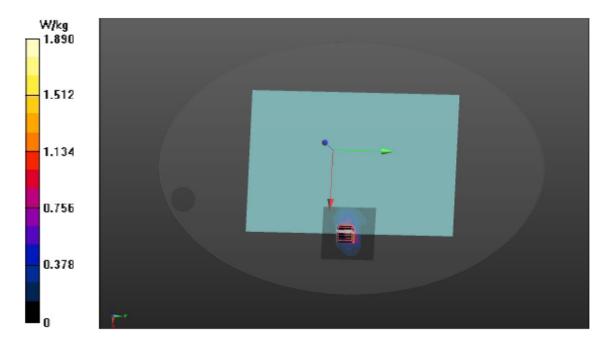
#### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3855; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8) @ 5825 MHz; Calibrated: 9/24/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1337; Calibrated: 3/29/2022
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1170
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.84 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 1.487 V/m; Power Drift = 0.55 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.05 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.963 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.273 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 54.8% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.89 W/kg





# APPENDIX B

# **TEST PHOTOGRAPHS**

(Model: 14ZB90Q)





# APPENDIX C

Test Equipment Calibration Data