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# BT REPORT

### Certification

**Applicant Name:** 

LG Electronics Inc.

Date of Issue:

October 12, 2018

Address:

222, LG-ro, Jinwi-myeon, Pyeongtaek-si, Gyeonggi-

do,451-713, Korea

Test Site/Location:

HCT CO., LTD., 74,Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil,Majang-myeo,Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA

Report No.: HCT-RF-1810-FI008

FCC ID:

BEJIL7FF

IC:

2703H-IL7FF

APPLICANT:

LG Electronics Inc.

According to the Evaluation report, all of the data contained herein is reused from the reference FCC ID : BEJIL7FB / IC: 2703H-IL7FB report.

Model:

IL7FF

**EUT Type:** 

Faceplate RADIO ASM-RECEIVER

Max. RF Output Power:

6.07 dBm (4.05 mW)

Frequency Range:

2402 MHz - 2480 MHz (Bluetooth)

Modulation type

GFSK(Normal), π/4DQPSK and 8DPSK(EDR)

**FCC Classification:** 

FCC Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter

FCC Rule Part(s):

Part 15 subpart C 15.247, RSS-247 Issue 2, RSS-Gen Issue 5

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures specified in §2.947. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT CO., LTD. Certifies that no party to this application has subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1998,21 U.S. C.853(a)

Report prepared by : Kwon Jeong Engineer of Telecommunication Testing Center Report approved by : Jong Seok Lee Manager of Telecommunication Testing Center

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# **Version**

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-RF-1810-FI008	October 12, 2018	- First Approval Report

F-TP22-03 (Rev.00) 2 / 80 **HCT CO.,LTD.** 



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# 1. EUT DESCRIPTION

Model	IL7FF	
EUT Type	Faceplate RADIO ASM-RECEIVER	
Power Supply	DC 12.0 V	
Frequency Range	2402 MHz - 2480 MHz	
Max. RF Output Power	6.07 dBm (4.05 mW)	
BT Operating Mode	Normal, EDR, AFH	
Modulation Type	GFSK(Normal), π/4DQPSK and 8DPSK(EDR)	
Modulation Technique	FHSS	
Number of Channels	79Channels, Minimum 20 Channels(AFH)	
Antenna Specification	Peak Gain : 4.80 dBi	
Date(s) of Tests	September 5, 2018 ~ October 11, 2018	
PMN	Faceplate RADIO ASM-RECEIVER	
HVIN	IL7FF	
FVIN	N/A	
HMN	N/A	

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# 2. Requirements for Bluetooth transmitter

This Bluetooth module has been tested by a Bluetooth Qualification Lab, and we confirm the following:

- 1) This system is hopping pseudo-randomly.
- 2) Each frequency is used equally on the average by each transmitter.
- 3) The receiver input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters
- 4) The receiver shifts frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.
  - 15.247(g): The system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this Section 15.247 should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream.
  - 15.247(h): The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.
  - RSS-247 5.1 (a): The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

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#### 3. TEST METHODOLOGY

FCC KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05 dated August 24, 2018 entitled "guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices and the measurement procedure described in ANSI C63.10(Version : 2013) 'the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices'.

#### **EUT CONFIGURATION**

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

#### **EUT EXERCISE**

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the RSS-GEN issue 5, RSS-247 issue 2.

#### **GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES**

# **Conducted Emissions**

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

#### **Radiated Emissions**

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 8 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013). To record the final measurements, the analyzer detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode and the bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set to 120 kHz for frequencies below 1 GHz or 1 MHz for frequencies above 1 GHz. For average measurements above 1 GHz, the analyzer was set to peak detector with a reduced VBW setting(RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1/T Hz, where T = Pulse width).



#### **Conducted Antenna Terminal**

See Section from 7.8.2 to 7.8.8.(ANSI 63.10-2013)

#### **DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES**

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

# 4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipments, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Espectially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2017).

# 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA.

The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22.

Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated April 02, 2018 (Registration Number: KR0032).

For ISED, test facility was accepted dated December 20, 2016(Registration Number: 5944A-5)

#### **EQUIPMENT**

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with preselectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

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# 6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

#### According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

- \* The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.
- \* The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203

#### According to RSS-GEN(Issue 5) Section 6.8:

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

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# 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the  $U_{CISPR}$  measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty (±dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.70
Radiated Disturbance (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	5.71

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# 8. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

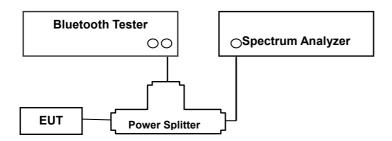
#### 8.1. Conducted Maximum Peak Output Power

#### Limit

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

- 1. For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 W. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 W.
- 2. The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi.

#### **Test Configuration**



#### **Test Procedure**

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. The Spectrum Analyzer is set to the peak detector mode. This test is performed with hopping off.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.5 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

- 1) Span: approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
- 2) RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured
- 3) VBW ≥ RBW
- 4) Sweep = Auto
- 5) Detector = Peak
- 6) Trace = Max hold

### **Sample Calculation**

Output Power = Spectrum Reading Power + Power Splitter loss + Cable loss(2 ea) = 10 dBm + 6 dB + 1.5 dB = 17.5 dBm

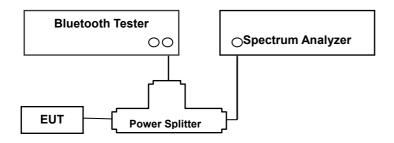


#### 8.2. Conducted Band Edge(Out of Band Emissions)

#### Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

#### **Test Configuration**



#### **Test Procedure**

This test is performed with hopping off and hopping on.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (6.10.4 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

- 1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation
- 2) Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level.
- 3) Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).
- 4) Sweep time: Coupled.

5) RBW: 100 kHz6) VBW: 300 kHz7) Detector: Peak8) Trace: Max hold

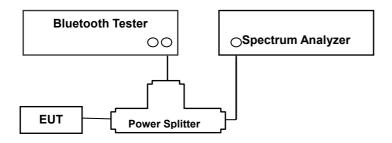


#### 8.3. Frequency Separation & 20 dB Bandwidth

#### Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

# **Test Configuration**



# **Test Procedure**

The Channel Separation test is performed with hopping on.

And the 20 dB Bandwidth test is performed with hopping off.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.2 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

- 1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels
- 2) RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
- 3) VBW ≥ RBW
- 4) Sweep: Auto
- 5) Detector: Peak
- 6) Trace: Max hold
- 7) All the trace to stabilize.
- 8) Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

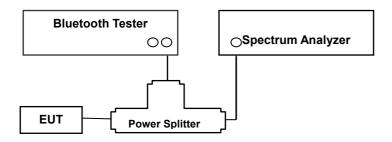


#### 8.4. Number of Hopping Frequencies

#### Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz  $\sim$  2483.5 MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

# **Test Configuration**



# **Test Procedure**

The Bluetooth frequency hopping function of the EUT was enabled.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.3 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

- 1) Span: the frequency band of operation
- 2) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
- 3) VBW ≥ RBW
- 4) Sweep: Auto
- 5) Detector: Peak
- 6) Trace: Max hold
- 7) Allow the trace to stabilize.



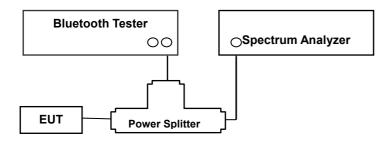
#### 8.5. Time of Occupancy

#### Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz  $\sim$  2483.5 MHz bands.

The average time of occupancy on any channels shall not greater than 0.4 s within a period 0.4 s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

# **Test Configuration**



# **Test Procedure**

This test is performed with hopping off.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.4 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

- 1) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel
- 2) RBW shall be ≤ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
- 3) Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
- 4) Detector: Peak5) Trace: Max hold
- /

The marker-delta function was used to determine the dwell time.



#### **Sample Calculation**

The following calculation process is not relevant to our measurement results. It is just an example.

#### \* Mon-AFH Mode

- DH 5 (GFSK) : 2.890 \* (1600/6)/79 \* 31.6 = 308.27 (ms)
- 2-DH 5 ( $\pi$ /4DQPSK) : 2.890 \* (1600/6)/79 \* 31.6 = 308.27 (ms)
- 3-DH 5 (8DPSK) : 2.890 \* (1600/6)/79 \* 31.6 = 308.27 (ms)

### \* AFH Mode

- DH 5 (GFSK) : 2.890 \* (800/6)/20 \* 8.0 = 154.13 (ms)
- 2-DH 5 ( $\pi$ /4DQPSK) : 2.890 \* (800/6)/20 \* 8.0 = 154.13 (ms)
- 3-DH 5 (8DPSK) : 2.890 \* (800/6)/20 \* 8.0 = 154.13 (ms)

#### Note:

DH5 Packet need 5 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving.

Then the system makes worst case 1600/6 hops per second with 79 channels. So the system have each channel 3.3755 times per second and so for 31.6 seconds the system have 106.667 times of appearance. Each tx-time per appearance of DH5 is 2.890 ms.

Dwell time = Tx-time \* 106.667 = 308.27 (ms)

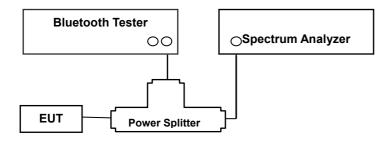


#### 8.6. Conducted Spurious Emissions

#### Limit

Conducted > 20 dBc

# **Test Configuration**



# **Test Procedure**

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.8 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

1) Span: 30 MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz.

RBW: 100 kHz
 VBW: 300 kHz
 Sweep: Coupled
 Detector: Peak

Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 25 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

This test is performed with hopping off.



# Factors for frequency

Freq(MHz)	Factor(dB)
30	6.88
100	6.05
200	6.74
300	6.28
400	5.96
500	5.65
600	5.87
700	6.04
800	6.42
900	6.78
1000	7.08
2000	6.91
2400*	7.10
2500*	7.14
3000	7.58
4000	8.65
5000	9.27
6000	6.38
7000	9.69
8000	8.04
9000	9.31
10000	10.17
11000	8.66
12000	9.43
13000	8.54
14000	9.2
15000	11.24
16000	7.84
17000	11.43
18000	9.41
19000	10.1
20000	11.39
21000	10.42
22000	12.01
23000	9.55
24000	12.22
25000	10.77
26000	10.2

Note: 1. '\*' is fundamental frequency range.

2. Factor = Cable loss + Splitter loss

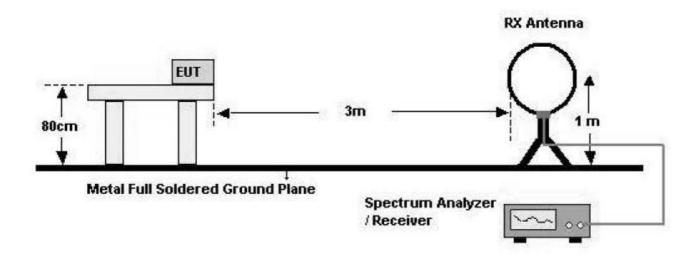
#### 8.7. Radiated Test

# <u>Limit</u>

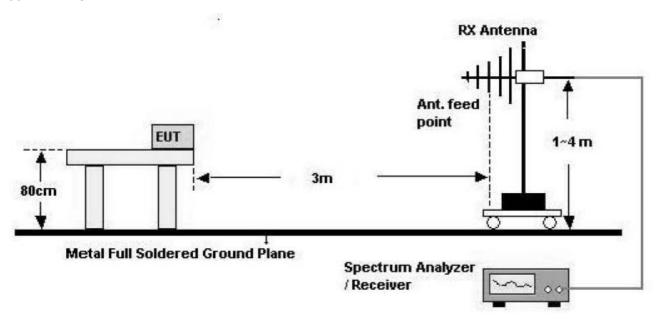
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

# **Test Configuration**

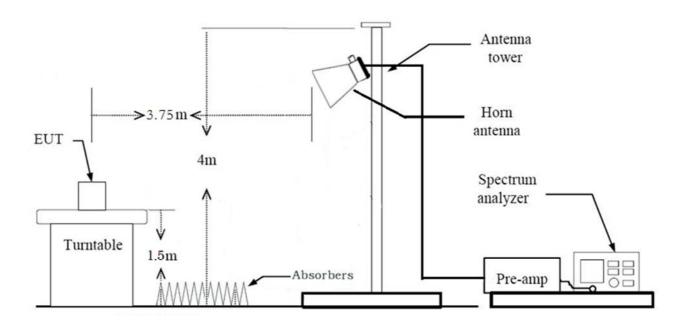
Below 30 MHz



30 MHz - 1 GHz



# Above 1 GHz





#### Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)

- 1. Radiated test is performed with hopping off.
- 2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
- 3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
- 4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 5. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
- 6. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor( reference distance : 3 m).
  - \*Distance extrapolation factor = 20\*log (test distance / specific distance) (dB)
- 7. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 8. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 9. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
- 10. Spectrum Setting
  - (1) Measurement Type(Peak):
    - Measured Frequency Range: 1 GHz 25 GHz
    - Detector = Peak
    - Trace = Maxhold
    - RBW = 1 MHz
    - VBW ≥ 3\*RBW
  - (2) Measurement Type(Average):
    - We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode
    - Measured Frequency Range: 1 GHz 25 GHz
    - Detector = Peak
    - Trace = Maxhold
    - RBW = 1 MHz
    - VBW  $\geq$  1/ $\tau$  Hz, where  $\tau$  = pulse width in seconds

The actual setting value of VBW = 1 kHz

- 11. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 12. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

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#### **Test Procedure of Radiated Restricted Band Edge**

- 1. Radiated test is performed with hopping off.
- 2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
- 3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
- 4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 5. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
- 6. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor( reference distance : 3 m).
  - \*Distance extrapolation factor = 20\*log (test distance / specific distance) (dB)
- 7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
- 9. Spectrum Setting
  - (1) Measurement Type(Peak):
    - Detector = Peak
    - Trace = Maxhold
    - RBW = 1 MHz
    - VBW ≥ 3\*RBW
  - (2) Measurement Type(Average):
    - We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode
    - Detector = Peak
    - Trace = Maxhold
    - RBW = 1 MHz
    - VBW  $\geq$  1/T Hz, where T = pulse width in seconds

The actual setting value of VBW = 1 kHz

- 10. Total(Measurement Type : Peak)
  - = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)

Total(Measurement Type : Average)

= Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)

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#### 8.8. AC Power line Conducted Emissions

#### Limit

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dBμV)		
	Quasi-peak	Average	
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*	
0.50 to 5	56	46	
5 to 30	60	50	

<sup>\*</sup>Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

# **Test Configuration**

See test photographs attached in Annex A for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

# **Test Procedure**

- 1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
- 2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
- 3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
- 4. Detectors: Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

#### **Sample Calculation**

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor

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# 8.9. Receiver Spurious Emissions

# <u>Limit</u>

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

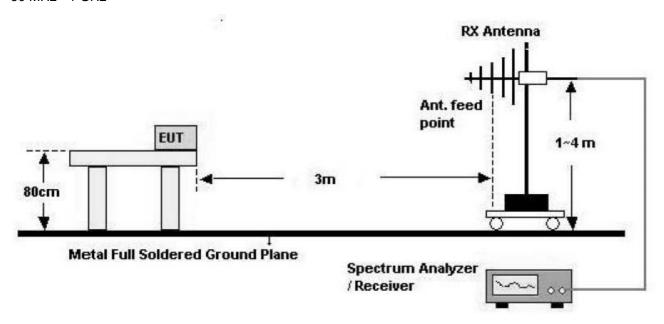
Note:

Measurements for compliance with the limits in table may be performed at distances other than 3 metres.

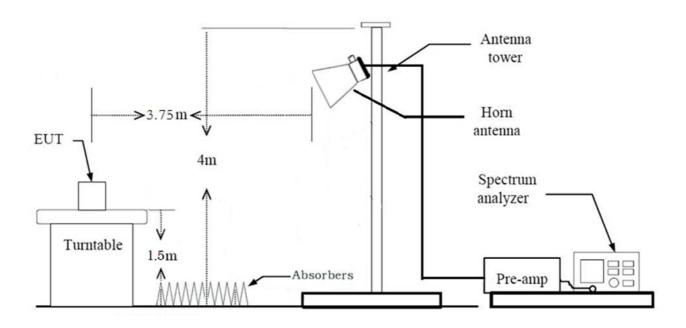
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# **Test Configuration**

30 MHz - 1 GHz



#### Above 1 GHz





#### Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)

- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
- 2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
- 3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
- 5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor( reference distance : 3 m).
  - \*Distance extrapolation factor = 20\*log (test distance / specific distance) (dB)
- 6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
- 9. Spectrum Setting
  - (1) Measurement Type(Peak):
    - Measured Frequency Range: 1 GHz 25 GHz
    - Detector = Peak
    - Trace = Maxhold
    - RBW = 1 MHz
    - VBW ≥ 3\*RBW
  - (2) Measurement Type(Average):
    - We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode
    - Measured Frequency Range: 1 GHz 25 GHz
    - Detector = Peak
    - Trace = Maxhold
    - RBW = 1 MHz
    - VBW  $\geq$  1/T Hz, where T = pulse width in seconds

The actual setting value of VBW = 1 kHz

- 10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 11. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)



#### 8.10. Worst case configuration and mode

#### **Radiated test**

- 1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
  - Mode: Stand alone, Stand alone + external accessories
  - Worstcase : Stand alone
- 2. EUT Axis
  - Radiated Spurious Emissions : XRadiated Restricted Band Edge : X
- 3. We applied DCCF in the test result which hopping channel number is 20.
- 4. All data rate of operation were investigated and the test results are worst case in highest datarate of each mode.

- GFSK: DH5

-  $\pi/4DQPSK$  : 2-DH5

- 8DPSK: 3-DH5

#### **Conducted test**

1. The EUT was configured with data rate of highest power.

- GFSK: DH5

- π/4DQPSK : 2-DH5

- 8DPSK: 3-DH5

2. AFH & Non-AFH were tested and the worst case results are reported.

(Worst case: Non-AFH)



# 9. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	IC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
20 dB Bandwidth	§15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247, 5.1	N/A		PASS
Occupied Bandwidth	N/A	RSS-GEN, 6.7	N/A		N/A
Conducted Maximum Peak Output Power	§15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247, 5.1 b)	< 0.125 W		PASS
Carrier Frequency Separation	§15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247, 5.1 b)	> 25 kHz or >2/3 of the 20dB BW		PASS
Number of Hopping Frequencies	§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247, 5.1 d)	≥ 15	Conducted	PASS
Time of Occupancy	§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247, 5.1 d)	< 400 ms		PASS
Conducted Spurious Emissions	§15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	> 20 dB for all out-of band emissions		PASS
Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions)	§15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	> 20 dB for all out-of band emissions		PASS
AC Power line Conducted Emissions	§15.207(a)	RSS-GEN, 8.8	cf. Section 8.8		See Note1
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	RSS-GEN, 8.9	cf. Section 8.7		PASS
Radiated Restricted Band Edge	§15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	RSS-GEN, 8.9 RSS-GEN, 8.10	cf. Section 8.7	Radiated	PASS
Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	RSS-GEN, 7.3	cf. Section 8.9		PASS

# Note:

1. This device is installed in a car. Therefore the power source is a battery of car.



# 10. TEST RESULT

# 10.1 PEAK POWER

Channel Frequency (MHz)		Output Power (GFSK)		Limit (mW)
	(IVII IZ)	(dBm)	(mW)	(11100)
Low	2402	2.943	1.97	
Mid	2441	3.815	2.41	125
High	2480	3.901	2.46	

Channel	Frequency	Output Power (8DPSK)		Limit
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	(mW)
Low	2402	5.341	3.42	
Mid	2441	6.070	4.05	125
High	2480	5.906	3.90	

Channel (MHz)	Outpu (π/4D	Limit		
	(MHZ)	(dBm)	(mW)	(mW)
Low	2402	4.824	3.04	
Mid	2441	5.605	3.63	125
High	2480	5.480	3.53	

# Note:

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the splitter and cable combination.

2. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB.

Actual value of loss for the splitter and cable combination is  $7.10~\mathrm{dB}$  at 2402 MHz and is  $7.14~\mathrm{dB}$  at 2480 MHz.

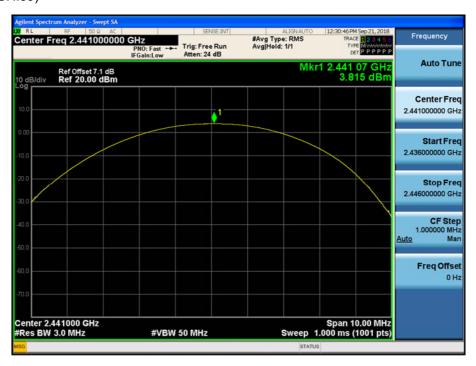
So, 7.1 dB is offset. And the offset gap in the 2.4 GHz range do not affect the conducted peak power final result.

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Test Plots (GFSK) Peak Power (CH.0)



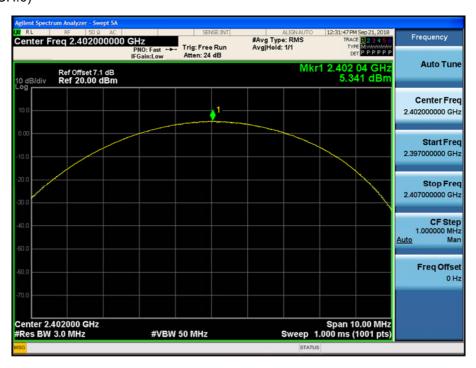
Test Plots (GFSK)
Peak Power (CH.39)



Test Plots (GFSK)
Peak Power (CH.78)

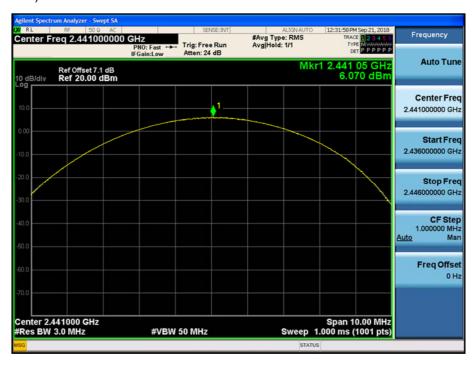


Test Plots (8DPSK) Peak Power (CH.0)

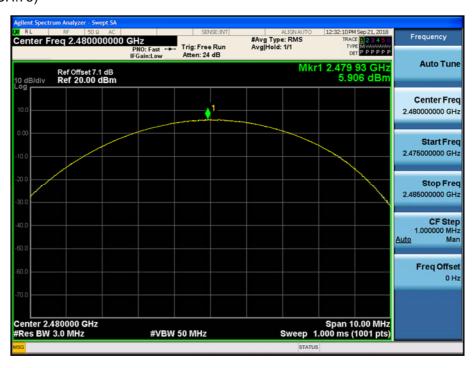


Test Plots (8DPSK)

Peak Power (CH.39)



Test Plots (8DPSK)
Peak Power (CH.78)



Test Plots (π/4DQPSK) Peak Power (CH.0)

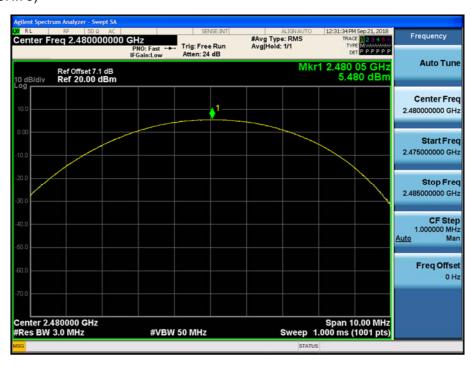


Test Plots (π/4DQPSK) Peak Power (CH.39)





Test Plots (π/4DQPSK) Peak Power (CH.78)





# 10.2 BAND EDGES

# Without hopping

Outside Frequency Band	GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK	Limit
	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBc)
Lower	57.043	58.450	58.514	20
Upper	60.896	61.418	61.963	

# With hopping

Outside Frequency Band	GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK	Limit
	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBc)
Lower	53.490	54.490	54.005	- 20
Upper	49.786	51.219	50.266	

# Note:

Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the splitter and cable combination.

2. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. Actual value of loss for the splitter and cable combination is 7.10 dB at 2402 MHz and is 7.14 dB at 2480 MHz.

So, 7.1 dB is offset. And the offset gap in the 2.4 GHz range do not affect the conducted peak power final result.

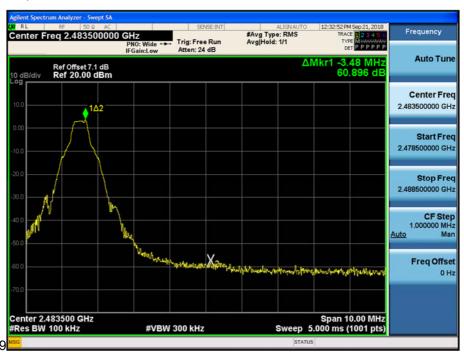
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Test Plots without hopping (GFSK)

Band Edges (CH.0)



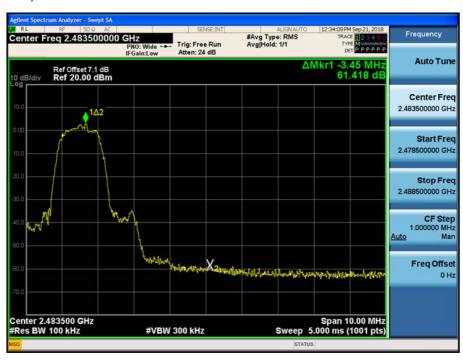
Test Plots without hopping (GFSK) Band Edges (CH.78)



Test Plots without hopping (8DPSK) Band Edges (CH.0)

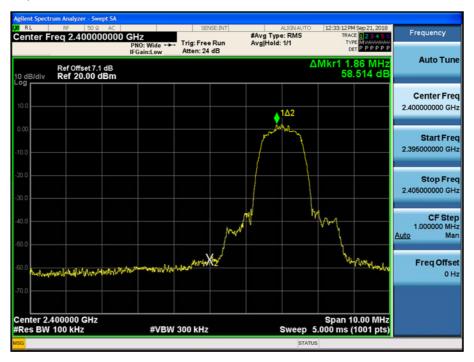


Test Plots without hopping (8DPSK) Band Edges (CH.78)

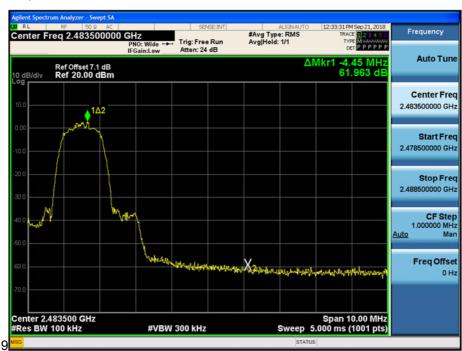


Test Plots without hopping ( $\pi/4DQPSK$ )

Band Edges (CH.0)



Test Plots without hopping ( $\pi/4DQPSK$ ) Band Edges (CH.78)



Test Plots with hopping (GFSK) Band Edges (CH.0)



Test Plots with hopping (GFSK) Band Edges (CH.78)



Test Plots with hopping (8DPSK) Band Edges (CH.0)



Test Plots with hopping (8DPSK) Band Edges (CH.78)



Test Plots with hopping ( $\pi$ /4DQPSK) Band Edges (CH.0)



Test Plots with hopping ( $\pi$ /4DQPSK) Band Edges (CH.78)





## 10.3 FREQUENCY SEPARATION / OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99% BW)

99% BW (kHz)					
Channel GFSK 8DPSK π/4DQPSK					
CH.0	899.14	1217.7	1209.8		
CH.39	900.51	1217.8	1205.7		
CH.78	902.61	1217.6	1210.9		

20dB BW (kHz)						
Channel	Channel GFSK 8DPSK π/4DQPSK					
CH.0	996	1340	1355			
CH.39	1003	1342	1356			
CH.78	1000	1341	1356			

Channel Separation(kHz)			Limit
GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK	(kHz)
			>25 kHz
1001	994	994	or
			>2/3 of the 20dB BW

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# Test Plots (GFSK)



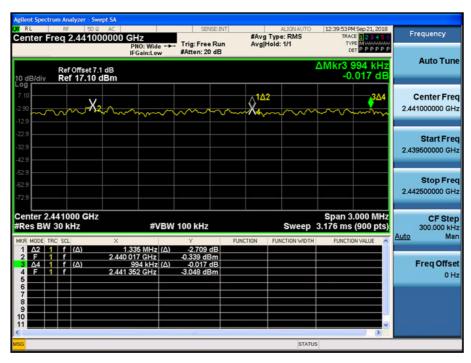
# Test Plots (8DPSK) Channel Separation





#### Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)

#### **Channel Separation**



Test Plots (GFSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.0)



#### Test Plots (GFSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.39)



Test Plots (GFSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.78)



#### Test Plots (8DPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.0)



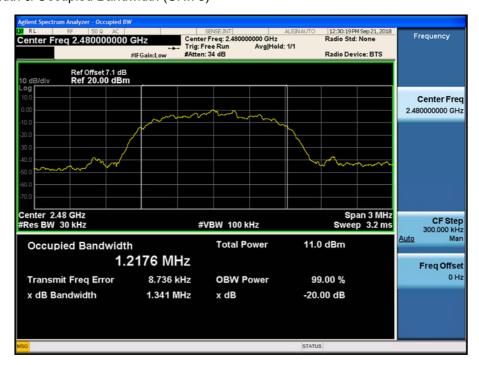
Test Plots (8DPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.39)



Test Plots (8DPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.78)





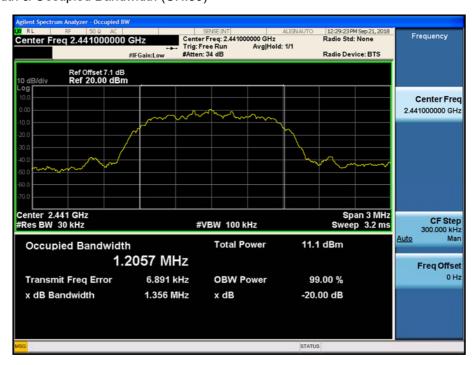
Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.0)



Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.39)





Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)
20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.78)





### 10.4 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY

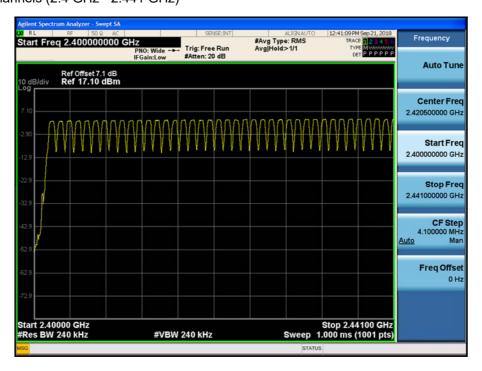
	1 5			
GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK	Limit	
79	79	79	>15	

#### Note:

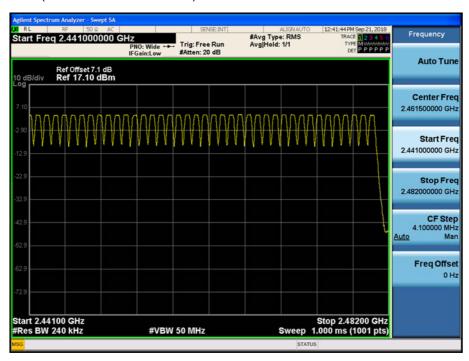
In case of AFH mode, minimum number of hopping channels is 20.

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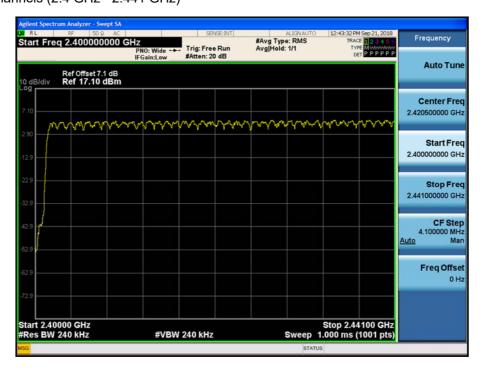
Test Plots (GFSK) Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)



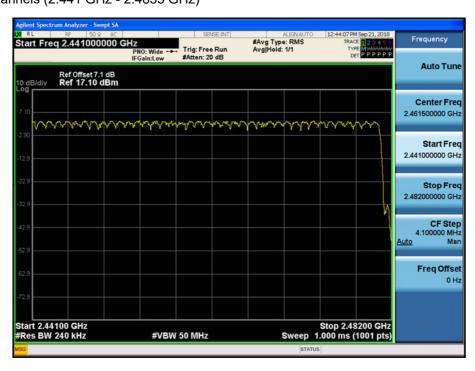
Test Plots (GFSK) Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)



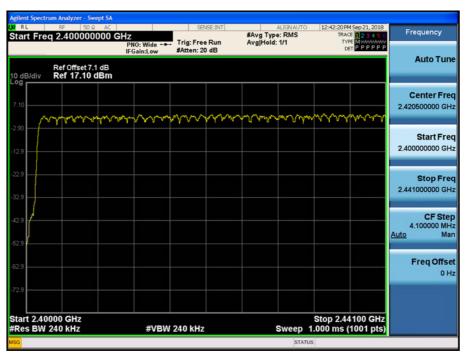
Test Plots (8DPSK) Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)



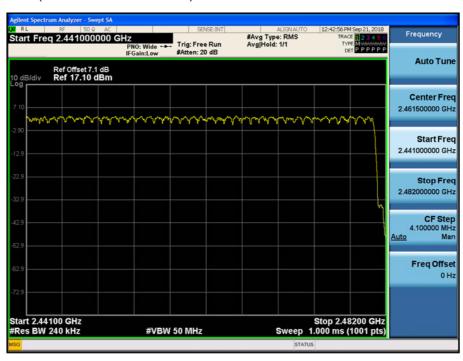
Test Plots (8DPSK) Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)



Test Plots (π/4DQPSK) Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)



Test Plots (π/4DQPSK) Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)





# 10.5 TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK
Pulse Time (ms)	Low	2.890	2.890	2.890
	Mid	2.890	2.895	2.890
	High	2.885	2.890	2.890

	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK	Period Time (s)	Limit (ms)
Total of  Dwell Mic  (ms)	Low	308.27	308.27	308.27	31.6	
	Mid	308.27	308.80	308.27	31.6	400
	High	307.73	308.27	308.27	31.6	

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