

# TEST REPORT



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1. Report No : DRTFCC1809-0236

2. Customer

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3. Use of Report : FCC & IC Original Grant

4. Product Name / Model Name : Flat Panel Digital X-ray Detector / 14HK701G

FCC ID : BEJ14HK701G / IC : 2703H-14HK701G

5. Test Method Used : KDB789033 D02v02r01

Test Specification : FCC Part 15.407 Subpart E

RSS-247 Issue 2 (2017-02), RSS-GEN Issue 5 (2018-04)

6. Date of Test : 2018.05.01 ~ 2018.05.18

7. Testing Environment : Refer to appended test report.

8. Test Result : Refer to the attached test result.

Affirmation	Tested by	Reviewed by
	Name : SunGeun Lee (Signature)	Name : Geunki Son (Signature)

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2018 . 09 . 21 .

**DT&C Co., Ltd.**

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to [report@dtnc.net](mailto:report@dtnc.net)

## Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRTFCC1809-0236	Sep. 21, 2018	Initial issue

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## 1. EUT DESCRIPTION

<b>FCC Equipment Class</b>	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)
<b>Product</b>	Flat Panel Digital X-ray Detector
<b>Model Name</b>	14HK701G
<b>Add Model Name</b>	-
<b>Power Supply</b>	DC 7.5 V
<b>Modulation type</b>	OFDM
<b>Antenna Specification</b>	<b>Antenna type:</b> FPCB wireless Antenna <b>Antenna gain:</b> Refer to the clause 7 in test report.

5GHz Band	Mode	Tx frequency (MHz)	Max power(dBm)
U-NII 1	802.11a	5180 ~ 5240	14.61
	802.11n(HT20)	5180 ~ 5240	14.67
	802.11ac(VHT20)	5180 ~ 5240	<b>14.97</b>
	802.11n(HT40)	5190 ~ 5230	17.08
	802.11ac(VHT40)	5190 ~ 5230	<b>17.23</b>
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5210	<b>11.19</b>
U-NII 2A	802.11a	5260 ~ 5320	15.75
	802.11n(HT20)	5260 ~ 5320	<b>16.40</b>
	802.11ac(VHT20)	5260 ~ 5320	16.34
	802.11n(HT40)	5270 ~ 5310	14.02
	802.11ac(VHT40)	5270 ~ 5310	<b>17.71</b>
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5290	<b>13.78</b>
U-NII 2C	802.11a	5500 ~ 5580, 5660 ~ 5720	<b>14.97</b>
	802.11n(HT20)	5500 ~ 5580, 5660 ~ 5720	14.96
	802.11ac(VHT20)	5500 ~ 5580, 5660 ~ 5720	14.16
	802.11n(HT40)	5510 ~ 5550, 5670 ~ 5710	15.95
	802.11ac(VHT40)	5510 ~ 5550, 5670 ~ 5710	<b>16.13</b>
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5530, 5690	<b>15.22</b>
U-NII 3	802.11a	5745 ~ 5825	<b>14.23</b>
	802.11n(HT20)	5745 ~ 5825	13.72
	802.11ac(VHT20)	5745 ~ 5825	13.62
	802.11n(HT40)	5755 ~ 5795	15.31
	802.11ac(VHT40)	5755 ~ 5795	<b>15.46</b>
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5775	<b>11.03</b>

## 2. Information about test items

### 2.1 Transmitting configuration of EUT

Mode	SISO		MIMO (CDD)	MIMO (SDM)
	Ant 1	Ant 2	Ant 1 & 2	Ant 1 & 2
	Data rate			
802.11a	6 ~ 54 Mbps	6 ~ 54 Mbps	6 ~ 54 Mbps	-
802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0 ~ 7	MCS 0 ~ 7	-	MCS 8 ~ 15
802.11ac(VHT20)	MCS 0 ~ 8	MCS 0 ~ 8	-	MCS 0 ~ 8
802.11n(HT40)	MCS 0 ~ 7	MCS 0 ~ 7	-	MCS 8 ~ 15
802.11ac(VHT40)	MCS 0 ~ 9	MCS 0 ~ 9	-	MCS 0 ~ 9
802.11ac(VHT80)	MCS 0 ~ 9	MCS 0 ~ 9	-	MCS 0 ~ 9

Note1: SDM = Spatial Diversity Multiplexing, CDD = Cycle Delay Diversity

### 2.2 Tested Channel Information

5GHz Band	802.11a/n(HT20) /802.11ac(VHT20)		802.11n(HT40) /802.11ac(VHT40)		802.11ac(VHT80)	
	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Frequency [MHz]
U-NII 1	36	5180	38	5190	42	5210
	40	5200	-	-	-	-
	48	5240	46	5230	-	-
U-NII 2A	52	5260	54	5270	58	5290
	60	5300	-	-	-	-
	64	5320	62	5310	-	-
U-NII 2C	100	5500	102	5510	106	5530
	116	5580	110	5550	-	-
	144	5720	142	5710	138	5690
U-NII 3	149	5745	151	5755	155	5775
	157	5785	-	-	-	-
	165	5825	159	5795	-	-

## 2.3 Testing Environment

Temperature	: 23 °C ~ 27 °C
Relative humidity content	: 43 % ~ 47 %
Details of power supply	: DC 7.5 V

## 2.4 EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

EMI suppression device(s) added and/or modifications made during testing  
 → None

## 2.5 Measurement Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with requirements of ANSI C 63.4-2014 and ANSI C 63.10-2013. All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of  $k = 2$  to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

Test items	Measurement uncertainty
Transmitter Output Power	0.7 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )
Conducted spurious emission	1.0 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )
AC conducted emission	2.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )
Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz Below)	5.1 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )
Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )
Radiated spurious emission (18 GHz Above)	5.3 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )

### 3. SUMMARY OF TESTS

FCC Part Section(s)	RSS Section(s)	Parameter	Limit	Test Condition	Status Note 1
15.407(a)	RSS-247(6.2)	Emission Bandwidth (26 dB Bandwidth)	N/A	Conducted	NT Note 4
15.407(e)	RSS-247(6.2)	Minimum Emission Bandwidth (6 dB Bandwidth)	> 500 kHz in 5725 ~ 5850 MHz		NT Note 4
15.407(a)	RSS-247(6.2)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	5150 ~ 5250 MHz : < 23.97 dBm 5250 ~ 5350 & 5470 ~ 5725 MHz : < 250 mW or < 11 + 10 log <sub>10</sub> (B) dBm, whichever power is less. (B is the 26dB BW.) 5725 ~ 5850 MHz : < 30 dBm		C
15.407(a)	RSS-247(6.2)	Peak Power Spectral Density	5150 ~ 5250 MHz : 11 dBm/MHz 5250 ~ 5350 MHz : 11 dBm/MHz 5470 ~ 5725 MHz : 11 dBm/MHz 5725 ~ 5850 MHz : 30 dBm/500kHz		NT Note 4
-	RSS-GEN(6.7)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)	RSS Gen (6.7)		NT Note 4
15.407(g)	-	Frequency Stability	N/A		NT Note 4
15.407(h)	RSS-247(6.3)	Dynamic Frequency Selection	FCC 15.407(h)		NT Note 4
15.407(b)	RSS-247(6.2)	Undesirable Emissions	5150 ~ 5725 MHz: < -27 dBm/MHz EIRP 5725 ~ 5850 MHz: < -27 dBm/MHz or < 10 dBm/MHz or 15.6 dBm/MHz < 27dBm/MHz EIRP	Radiated	C Note 3
15.205 15.209 15.407(b)	RSS-GEN(8.9) RSS-GEN(8.10) RSS-247(6.2)	General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209		C Note 3
15.207	RSS-GEN(8.8)	AC Conducted Emissions	FCC 15.207	AC Line Conducted	C
15.203	-	Antenna Requirements	FCC 15.203	-	C

Note 1: **C** = Comply    **NC** = Not Comply    **NT** = Not Tested    **NA** = Not Applicable

Note 2: For radiated emission tests below 30 MHz were performed on semi-anechoic chamber which is correlated with OATS.

Note 3: In case of this test item, we have done all TX test cases. And we attached the result of MIMO mode since MIMO is the worst case. And this test item was performed in each axis and the worst case data was reported.

Note 4: Please refer to original test report.

(Report number: DRTFCC1607-0104, DRTFCC1607-0105)

**The sample was tested according to the following specification;  
KDB789033 D02v02r01, KDB662911 D01v02r01**

## 4. TEST METHODOLOGY

The measurement procedures described in the ANSI C63.10-2013 and the guidance provided in KDB 7899033 D02v02r01 were used in measurement of the EUT.

The EUT was tested per the guidance of KDB789033 D02v02r01. And ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference appropriate EUT setup and maximizing procedures of radiated spurious emission and AC line conducted emission testing.

### 4.1 EUT configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

### 4.2 EUT exercise

The EUT was operated in the test mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E.

### 4.3 General test procedures

#### Conducted Emissions

The power-line conducted emission test procedure is not described on the KDB789033 D02v02r01. So this test was fulfilled with the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The EUT is placed on the wooden table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane and the conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and Average detector.

#### Radiated Emissions

Basically the radiated tests were performed with KDB789033 D02v02r01. But some requirements and procedures like test site requirements, EUT setup and maximizing procedure were fulfilled with the requirements in Section 5 and 6 of the ANSI C63.10-2013 as stated on KDB789033 D02v02r01.

The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 1 or 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the highest emission, the relative positions of the EUT were rotated through three orthogonal axis.

### 4.4 Description of test modes

The EUT has been tested with all modes of operating conditions to determine the worst case emission characteristics. A test program is used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode with maximum fixed duty cycle.

## 5. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

## 6. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

### 6.1 Facilities

<b>DT&amp;C Co., Ltd.</b>		
The 3 m test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 17042.		
The test site complies with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2014.		
- FCC MRA Accredited Test Firm No. : KR0034		
- IC Test site No. : 5740A-4		
<a href="http://www.dtnet.net">www.dtnet.net</a>		
Telephone	:	+ 82-31-321-2664
FAX	:	+ 82-31-321-1664

### 6.2 Equipment

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, loop, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and peak, quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

## 7. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

### According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203:

An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

**The EUT used unique antenna connector.**

**Therefore this E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203**

### Directional antenna gain:

Bands	SISO		MIMO (CDD) <sup>Note 1.</sup>	MIMO (SDM) <sup>Note 2</sup>
	ANT 1 [dBi]	ANT 2 [dBi]	Directional Gain[dBi]	Directional Gain[dBi]
U-NII 1	-0.50	-0.46	<b>2.77</b>	-0.48
U-NII 2A	-0.50	-0.46	<b>2.77</b>	-0.48
U-NII 2C	-0.50	-0.46	<b>2.77</b>	-0.48
U-NII 3	-0.90	-0.35	<b>2.39</b>	-0.62

**Note 1. Directional gain (correlated signal with unequal antenna gain and equal transmit power)**

$$10 \log \left[ \left( 10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \dots + 10^{GN/20} \right)^2 / N^{ANT} \right] \text{ dBi}$$

**Note 2. Directional gain (completely uncorrelated signal with unequal antenna gain and equal transmit power)**

$$10 \log \left[ \left( 10^{G1/10} + 10^{G2/10} + \dots + 10^{GN/10} \right) / N^{ANT} \right] \text{ dBi}$$

## 8. TEST RESULT

### 8.1 Emission Bandwidth (26 dB Bandwidth)

#### ■ Test Requirements

The bandwidth at 26 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies. The 26 dB bandwidth is used to determine the conducted output power limit.

#### ■ Test Configuration

- Not Tested

#### ■ Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer and used following test procedure of **KDB789033 D02v02r01**.

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = approximately **1 %** of the EBW.
2. Set the video bandwidth (**VBW**) > **RBW**.
3. Detector = **Peak**.
4. Trace mode = **max hold**.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peak of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

#### ■ Test Results

- Not Tested

## 8.2 Minimum Emission Bandwidth (6 dB Bandwidth)

### ■ Test Requirements

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

### ■ Test Configuration

- Not Tested

### ■ Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer and used following test procedure of **KDB789033 D02v02r01**.

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz
2. Set the video bandwidth  $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$ .
3. Detector = **Peak**.
4. Trace mode = **max hold**.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

### ■ Test Results

- Not Tested

## 8.3 Maximum Conducted Output Power

### ■ Test Requirements

#### Part. 15.407(a)

##### (1) For the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz.

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

**(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15 - 5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.**

##### (2) For the 5.25 - 5.35 GHz

**(3) and 5.47 - 5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or  $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$ , where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.**

**(4) For the band 5.725 - 5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.**

**RSS-247(6.2)****(1) For the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz.**

For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or  $1.76 + 10 \log_{10} B$ , dBm, whichever is less. Devices shall implement transmitter power control (TPC) in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW.

**For other devices, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or  $10 + 10 \log_{10} B$ , dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.**

**(2) For the band 5.25 - 5.35 GHz.**

For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or  $1.76 + 10 \log_{10} B$ , dBm, whichever is less. Devices shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW.

**Devices, other than devices installed in vehicles, shall comply with the following:**

**a) The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or  $11 + 10 \log_{10} B$ , dBm, whichever is less. The power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band;**

**b) The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W or  $17 + 10 \log_{10} B$ , dBm, whichever is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. Note that devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 500 mW shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 1 W.**

**(3) For the band 5.47 - 5.60 GHz and 5.65 – 5.725 GHz**

The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or  $11 + 10 \log_{10} B$ , dBm, whichever is less. The power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W or  $17 + 10 \log_{10} B$ , dBm, whichever is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. Note that devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 500 mW shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 1 W.

**(4) For the band 5.725 – 5.850 GHz**

The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The output power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band.

## ■ Test Configuration



Method PM-G

## ■ Test Procedure

### Method PM-G of KDB789033 D02

Measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

## ■ Test Results

### - Output Power: CDD

Mode	CH	Freq.[MHz]	Test Result [dBm]		
			ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT1+ANT2 (CDD)
802.11a	36	5180	11.32	10.39	13.89
	40	5200	11.17	10.58	13.90
	48	5240	11.92	11.26	14.61
	52	5260	12.00	11.19	14.62
	60	5300	12.34	11.34	14.88
	64	5320	13.21	12.22	15.75
	100	5500	12.18	11.73	14.97
	116	5580	10.40	10.57	13.50
	144	5720	10.11	10.29	13.21
	149	5745	10.44	10.30	13.38
	157	5785	11.29	11.15	14.23
165	5825	8.52	9.15	11.86	

**- Output Power: SDM**

Mode	CH	Freq. [MHz]	Test Result [dBm]		
			ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT1+ANT2 (SDM)
802.11n(HT20)	36	5180	11.29	10.29	13.83
	40	5200	11.42	10.37	13.94
	48	5240	11.95	11.34	14.67
	52	5260	12.60	11.54	15.11
	60	5300	13.10	12.24	15.70
	64	5320	13.80	12.93	16.40
	100	5500	12.23	11.66	14.96
	116	5580	10.64	10.66	13.66
	144	5720	10.21	10.39	13.31
	149	5745	10.54	10.87	13.72
	157	5785	10.22	10.27	13.26
	165	5825	8.26	9.07	11.69

Mode	CH	Freq.[MHz]	Test Result[dBm]		
			ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT1+ANT2 (SDM)
802.11n(HT40)	38	5190	9.06	8.57	11.83
	46	5230	14.46	13.65	17.08
	54	5270	11.41	10.57	14.02
	62	5310	10.09	9.51	12.82
	102	5510	7.53	7.20	10.38
	110	5550	13.12	12.75	15.95
	142	5710	11.53	11.95	14.76
	151	5755	12.73	11.80	15.31
		159	5795	11.66	12.24

Mode	CH	Freq.[MHz]	Test Result[dBm]		
			ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT1+ANT2 (SDM)
802.11ac(VHT20)	36	5180	11.56	10.22	13.96
	40	5200	11.49	11.23	14.37
	48	5240	12.30	11.58	14.97
	52	5260	12.54	11.50	15.06
	60	5300	13.00	12.29	15.67
	64	5320	13.83	12.77	16.34
	100	5500	10.68	11.57	14.16
	116	5580	10.63	10.70	13.68
	144	5720	10.28	10.92	13.62
	149	5745	10.51	10.71	13.62
	157	5785	10.48	10.29	13.40
	165	5825	8.63	9.17	11.92

Mode	CH	Freq.[MHz]	Test Result[dBm]		
			ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT1+ANT2 (SDM)
802.11ac(VHT40)	38	5190	9.50	8.54	12.06
	46	5230	14.61	13.79	17.23
	54	5270	14.74	14.65	17.71
	62	5310	10.57	9.75	13.19
	102	5510	7.20	7.10	10.16
	110	5550	13.15	12.77	15.97
	142	5710	13.13	13.11	16.13
	151	5755	12.73	12.16	15.46
	159	5795	11.69	12.11	14.92

Mode	CH	Freq.[MHz]	Test Result[dBm]		
			ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT1+ANT2 (SDM)
802.11ac(VHT80)	42	5210	8.66	7.62	11.19
	58	5290	11.16	10.34	13.78
	106	5530	7.54	7.19	10.38
	138	5690	12.10	12.31	15.22
	155	5775	8.36	7.66	11.03

## 8.4 Maximum Power Spectral Density

### ■ Test requirements

#### Part. 15.407(a)

##### (1) For the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz.

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band. <sup>note1</sup>

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band. <sup>note1</sup>

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi.

**(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15 - 5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. <sup>note1</sup>**

**(2) For the 5.25 - 5.35 GHz and 5.47 - 5.725 GHz bands, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. <sup>note1</sup>**

**(3) For the band 5.725 - 5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band. <sup>note1,note2</sup>**

**Note1:** If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

**Note2:** Fixed point - to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information.

**RSS-247(6.2)****(1) For the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz.**

For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or  $1.76 + 10 \log_{10}B$ , dBm, whichever is less. Devices shall implement transmitter power control (TPC) in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW.

**For other devices, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or  $10 + 10 \log_{10}B$ , dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.**

**(2) For the band 5.25 - 5.35 GHz.**

For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or  $1.76 + 10 \log_{10}B$ , dBm, whichever is less. Devices shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW.

**Devices, other than devices installed in vehicles, shall comply with the following:**

**a) The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or  $11 + 10 \log_{10}B$ , dBm, whichever is less. The power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band;**

**b) The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W or  $17 + 10 \log_{10}B$ , dBm, whichever is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. Note that devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 500 mW shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 1 W.**

**(3) For the band 5.47 - 5.60 GHz and 5.65 – 5.725 GHz**

The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or  $11 + 10 \log_{10}B$ , dBm, whichever is less. The power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W or  $17 + 10 \log_{10}B$ , dBm, whichever is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. Note that devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 500 mW shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 1 W.

**(4) For the band 5.725 – 5.850 GHz**

The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The output power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band.

**■ Test Configuration**

- Not Tested

**■ Test Procedure**

Maximum Power Spectral Density is measured using Measurement Procedure of **KDB789033 D02v02r01**

- 1) Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in section II.E.2. for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver: select the appropriate test method (SA - 1, SA - 2, SA - 3, or alternatives to each) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, "Compute power...". (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using a power meter, method PM.)
- 2) Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
- 3) Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:  
**a) If Method SA - 2 or SA - 2 Alternative was used, add  $10 \log(1 / x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.**
  - b) If Method SA - 3 Alternative was used and the linear mode was used in step II.E.2.g (viii), add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.
- 4) The result is the Maximum PSD over 1 MHz reference bandwidth.
- 5) For devices operating in the bands 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, 5.25 - 5.35 GHz, and 5.47 - 5.725 GHz, the above procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in §15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725 - 5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of a RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, "provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth" to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:
  - a) Set  $RBW \geq 1 / T$ , where T is defined in section II.B.1.a). (Refer to Appendix II)
  - b) Set  $VBW \geq 3 RBW$ .
  - c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add  $10 \log(500 \text{ kHz} / RBW)$  to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
  - d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add  $10 \log(1 \text{ MHz} / RBW)$  to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
  - e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

**Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for the sections 5.c) and 5.d) above, since RBW = 100 kHz is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.**

**■ Test Results**

- Not Tested

## 8.5 Frequency Stability

### ■ Test requirements

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

### ■ Test Procedure

The EUT was placed inside of an environmental chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between -20°C and +50°C. The temperature was incremented by 10°C intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each measurement. And the edge point of EBW (26dB or 6dB bandwidth) was reported.

### ■ Test Results

- Not Tested

## 8.6 Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements

### ■ Test Requirements

#### • FCC Part 15.209(a) and (b)

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (meter)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100 **	3
88 ~ 216	150 **	3
216 ~ 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

\*\* Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

#### • FCC Part 15.205 (a): Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

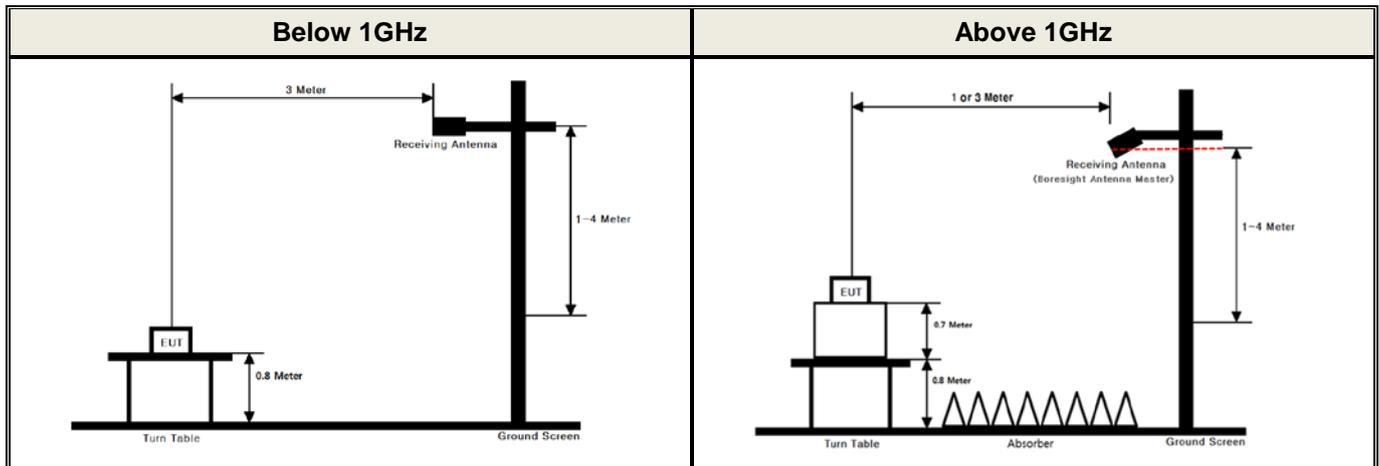
MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	8.41425 ~ 8.41475	108 ~ 121.94	1300 ~ 1427	4.5 ~ 5.15	14.47 ~ 14.5
0.495 ~ 0.505	12.29 ~ 12.293	123 ~ 138	1435 ~ 1626.5	5.35 ~ 5.46	15.35 ~ 16.2
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	12.51975 ~	149.9 ~ 150.05	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	7.25 ~ 7.75	17.7 ~ 21.4
4.125 ~ 4.128	12.52025	160.52475 ~	1660 ~ 1710	8.025 ~ 8.5	22.01 ~ 23.12
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	12.57675 ~	160.52525	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	9.0 ~ 9.2	23.6 ~ 24.0
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	12.57725	160.7 ~ 160.9	2200 ~ 2300	9.3 ~ 9.5	31.2 ~ 31.8
6.215 ~ 6.218	13.36 ~ 13.41	162.0125 ~ 167.17	2310 ~ 2390	10.6 ~ 12.7	36.43 ~ 36.5
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	16.42 ~ 16.423	167.72 ~ 173.2	2483.5 ~ 2500	13.25 ~ 13.4	Above 38.6
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	16.69475 ~	240 ~ 285	2655 ~ 2900		
8.291 ~ 8.294	16.69525	322 ~ 335.4	3260 ~ 3267		
8.362 ~ 8.366	16.80425 ~	399.90 ~ 410	3332 ~ 3339		
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	16.80475	608 ~ 614	3345.8 ~ 3358		
	25.5 ~ 25.67	960 ~ 1240	3600 ~ 4000		
	37.5 ~ 38.25				
	73 ~ 74.6				
	74.8 ~ 75.2				

• **FCC Part 15.205(b):** The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

• **FCC Part 15.407 (b):** Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (1) For transmitters operating in the **5.15-5.25 GHz band**: all emissions outside of the **5.15-5.35 GHz band** shall not exceed an **EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz**.
- (2) For transmitters operating in the **5.25-5.35 GHz band**: all emissions outside of the **5.15-5.35 GHz band** shall not exceed an **EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz**.
- (3) For transmitters operating in the **5.47-5.725 GHz band**: all emissions outside of the **5.47-5.725 GHz band** shall not exceed an **EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz**.
- (4) For transmitters operating in the **5.725-5.85 GHz band**: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
- (5) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
- (6) Unwanted emissions **below 1 GHz** must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in **Section 15.209**. Further, any U-NII devices using an **AC power line** are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in **Section 15.207**.
- (7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section
- (8) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

## ■ Test Configuration



## ■ Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m.
2. The turn table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 1m or 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4 m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

Radiated spurious emission measured using following Measurement Procedure of **KDB789033 D02v02r01**

### ► General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements

The following requirements apply to all unwanted emissions measurements, both in and outside of the restricted bands:

#### ▪ EUT Duty Cycle

- (1) The EUT shall be configured or modified to **transmit continuously** except as stated in (ii), below. The intent is to test at 100 percent duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (**to no lower than 98 percent**) is permitted if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.
- (2) If **continuous transmission (or at least 98 percent duty cycle) cannot be achieved** due to hardware limitations of the EUT (e.g., overheating), the following additions to the measurement and reporting procedures are required:
  - The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
  - Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal.
  - Adjustments to measurement procedures (e.g., increasing test time and number of traces averaged) shall be performed as described in the procedures below.
  - The test report shall include the following additional information:
    - The reason for the duty cycle limitation.
    - The duty cycle achieved for testing and the associated transmit duration and interval between transmissions.
    - The sweep time and the amount of time used for trace stabilization during max-hold measurements for peak emission measurements.
- (3) Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

**► Measurements below 1000 MHz**

- a) Follow the requirements in section II.G.3, "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements".
- b) Compliance shall be demonstrated using **CISPR quasi-peak detection**; however, **peak detection** is permitted as an alternative to quasi-peak detection.

**► Measurements Above 1000 MHz (Peak)**

- a) Follow the requirements in section II.G.3, "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements".
- b) Peak emission levels are measured by setting the analyzer as follows:
  - (i) **RBW = 1 MHz.**
  - (ii) **VBW ≥ 3 MHz.**
  - (iii) **Detector = Peak.**
  - (iv) Sweep time = Auto.
  - (v) Trace mode = Max hold.
  - (vi) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately  $1/x$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle. For example, at 50 percent duty cycle, the measurement time will increase by a factor of two relative to measurement time for continuous transmission.

**► Measurements Above 1000 MHz (Method AD)**

- (i) **RBW = 1 MHz.**
- (ii) **VBW ≥ 3 MHz.**
- (iii) **Detector = RMS**, if  $\text{span} / (\# \text{ of points in sweep}) \leq \text{RBW} / 2$ . Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If the condition is not satisfied, the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- (iv) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS)
  - As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some analyzers require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- (v) Sweep time = Auto.
- (vi) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of  $1/x$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle. For example, with 50 percent duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged.
- (vii) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98 percent, a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
  - **If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step (iv) above, the correction factor is  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle.** For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50 percent, then 3 dB must be added to the measured emission levels.
  - If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step (iv) above, the correction factor is  $20 \log(1/x)$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50 percent, then 6 dB must be added to the measured emission levels.
  - If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Please refer to Appendix II for the duty correction factor

**Test Results**
**Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) : MIMO(CDD) & 802.11a**

Band	Tested Channel	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	36 (5180 MHz)	5148.86	V	X	PK	48.62	3.22	N/A	N/A	51.84	74.00	22.16
		5149.24	V	X	AV	38.09	3.22	0.22	N/A	41.53	54.00	12.47
		10359.25	V	X	PK	47.18	10.84	N/A	N/A	58.02	68.20	10.18
	40 (5200 MHz)	10398.51	V	X	PK	45.04	10.84	N/A	N/A	55.88	68.20	12.32
	48 (5240 MHz)	10475.29	V	X	PK	47.05	11.00	N/A	N/A	58.05	68.20	10.15
U-NII 2A	52 (5260 MHz)	10521.32	V	X	PK	47.24	11.09	N/A	N/A	58.33	68.20	9.87
	60 (5300 MHz)	10603.25	V	X	PK	46.72	11.32	N/A	N/A	58.04	74.00	15.96
		10601.97	V	X	AV	36.65	11.32	0.22	N/A	48.19	54.00	5.81
	64 (5320 MHz)	5350.44	V	Z	PK	48.66	3.69	N/A	N/A	52.35	74.00	21.65
		5350.36	V	Z	AV	39.36	3.69	0.22	N/A	43.27	54.00	10.73
		10642.82	V	X	PK	48.93	11.47	N/A	N/A	60.40	74.00	13.60
		10642.34	V	X	AV	38.01	11.47	0.22	N/A	49.70	54.00	4.30
U-NII 2C	100 (5500 MHz)	5459.22	V	Z	PK	48.45	3.92	N/A	N/A	52.37	74.00	21.63
		5460.00	V	Z	AV	38.25	3.92	0.22	N/A	42.39	54.00	11.61
		5469.40	V	Z	PK	48.76	3.93	N/A	N/A	52.69	68.20	15.51
		10998.24	V	X	PK	48.97	12.24	N/A	N/A	61.21	74.00	12.79
		10998.20	V	X	AV	38.15	12.24	0.22	N/A	50.61	54.00	3.39
	116 (5580 MHz)	11159.21	V	X	PK	45.91	12.21	N/A	N/A	58.12	74.00	15.88
		11158.77	V	X	AV	35.86	12.21	0.22	N/A	48.29	54.00	5.71
	144 (5720 MHz)	11438.29	V	X	PK	46.59	12.53	N/A	N/A	59.12	74.00	14.88
		11438.14	V	X	AV	36.14	12.53	0.22	N/A	48.89	54.00	5.11
U-NII 3	149 (5745 MHz)	5696.16	V	Z	PK	50.88	3.61	N/A	N/A	54.49	107.52	53.03
		5710.94	V	Z	PK	50.24	3.61	N/A	N/A	53.85	113.86	60.01
		5724.70	V	Z	PK	59.71	3.76	N/A	N/A	63.47	121.85	58.38
		11492.85	V	X	PK	47.79	12.72	N/A	N/A	60.51	74.00	13.49
		11492.53	V	X	AV	36.28	12.72	0.22	N/A	49.22	54.00	4.78
	157 (5785 MHz)	11570.07	V	X	PK	47.53	12.95	N/A	N/A	60.48	74.00	13.52
		11570.13	V	X	AV	37.23	12.95	0.22	N/A	50.40	54.00	3.60
	165 (5825 MHz)	5852.32	V	Z	PK	46.77	4.04	N/A	N/A	50.81	114.15	63.34
		5859.54	V	Z	PK	46.92	4.07	N/A	N/A	50.99	115.13	64.14
		5879.68	V	Z	PK	47.08	4.17	N/A	N/A	51.25	106.81	55.56
		11650.74	V	X	PK	45.69	12.98	N/A	N/A	58.67	74.00	15.33
11650.03		V	X	AV	35.75	12.98	0.22	N/A	48.95	54.00	5.05	

**Note.**

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.

2. Sample Calculation.

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} / \text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCCF} + \text{DCF} / \text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$

 Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,  
 DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor

3. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

 - Calculation of distance factor =  $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$ 

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

4. The limit is converted to field strength.

$$E[\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$$

**Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) : MIMO(SDM) & 802.11n(HT20)**

Band	Tested Channel	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	36 (5180 MHz)	5146.00	V	X	PK	47.24	3.22	N/A	N/A	50.46	74.00	23.54
		5147.82	V	X	AV	37.09	3.22	0.12	N/A	40.43	54.00	13.57
		10361.10	V	X	PK	44.92	10.84	N/A	N/A	55.76	68.20	12.44
	40 (5200 MHz)	10400.81	V	X	PK	45.21	10.84	N/A	N/A	56.05	68.20	12.15
	48 (5240 MHz)	10484.56	V	X	PK	44.96	11.00	N/A	N/A	55.96	68.20	12.24
U-NII 2A	52 (5260 MHz)	10515.93	V	X	PK	46.93	11.09	N/A	N/A	58.02	68.20	10.18
	60 (5300 MHz)	10600.68	V	X	PK	47.86	11.32	N/A	N/A	59.18	74.00	14.82
		10600.56	V	X	AV	36.27	11.32	0.12	N/A	47.71	54.00	6.29
	64 (5320 MHz)	5350.52	V	Z	PK	52.54	3.69	N/A	N/A	56.23	74.00	17.77
		5350.40	V	Z	AV	40.98	3.69	0.12	N/A	44.79	54.00	9.21
		10638.92	V	X	PK	47.70	11.47	N/A	N/A	59.17	74.00	14.83
10640.13	V	X	AV	37.42	11.47	0.12	N/A	49.01	54.00	4.99		
U-NII 2C	100 (5500 MHz)	5459.08	V	Z	PK	48.30	3.92	N/A	N/A	52.22	74.00	21.78
		5459.64	V	Z	AV	38.38	3.92	0.12	N/A	42.42	54.00	11.58
		5469.48	V	Z	PK	49.65	3.93	N/A	N/A	53.58	68.20	14.62
		10999.57	V	X	PK	47.95	12.24	N/A	N/A	60.19	74.00	13.81
		10999.85	V	X	AV	37.33	12.24	0.12	N/A	49.69	54.00	4.31
	116 (5580 MHz)	11161.45	V	X	PK	45.67	12.21	N/A	N/A	57.88	74.00	16.12
		11160.37	V	X	AV	35.65	12.21	0.12	N/A	47.98	54.00	6.02
	144 (5720 MHz)	11440.03	V	X	PK	45.71	12.53	N/A	N/A	58.24	74.00	15.76
11441.19		V	X	AV	35.65	12.53	0.12	N/A	48.30	54.00	5.70	
U-NII 3	149 (5745 MHz)	5695.74	V	Z	PK	49.60	3.61	N/A	N/A	53.21	107.17	53.96
		5719.91	V	Z	PK	54.72	3.67	N/A	N/A	58.39	116.38	57.99
		5724.70	V	Z	PK	61.37	3.76	N/A	N/A	65.13	121.85	56.72
		11493.94	V	X	PK	45.44	12.72	N/A	N/A	58.16	74.00	15.84
		11490.28	V	X	AV	35.49	12.72	0.12	N/A	48.33	54.00	5.67
	157 (5785 MHz)	11569.59	V	X	PK	45.68	12.95	N/A	N/A	58.63	74.00	15.37
		11570.93	V	X	AV	35.43	12.95	0.12	N/A	48.50	54.00	5.50
	165 (5825 MHz)	5852.08	V	Z	PK	46.58	4.04	N/A	N/A	50.62	113.95	63.33
		5872.12	V	Z	PK	47.81	4.15	N/A	N/A	51.96	111.61	59.65
		5887.28	V	Z	PK	45.17	4.20	N/A	N/A	49.37	100.34	50.97
11650.06		V	X	PK	44.89	12.98	N/A	N/A	57.87	74.00	16.13	
11650.02		V	X	AV	34.75	12.98	0.12	N/A	47.85	54.00	6.15	

**Note.**

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.

2. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit - Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCCF + DCF / T.F = AF + CL - AG  
 Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,  
 DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor

3. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor =  $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

4. The limit is converted to field strength.

$E[\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$

**Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) : MIMO(SDM) & 802.11ac(VHT40)**

Band	Tested Channel	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	38 (5190 MHz)	5149.36	V	X	PK	50.92	3.22	N/A	N/A	54.14	74.00	19.86
		5149.90	V	X	AV	40.99	3.22	0.26	N/A	44.47	54.00	9.53
		10381.88	V	X	PK	44.57	10.84	N/A	N/A	55.41	68.20	12.79
	46 (5230 MHz)	10459.32	V	X	PK	47.33	10.96	N/A	N/A	58.29	68.20	9.91
U-NII 2A	54 (5270 MHz)	10538.48	V	Z	PK	46.18	11.15	N/A	N/A	57.33	68.20	10.87
	62 (5310 MHz)	5352.18	V	Z	PK	51.38	3.69	N/A	N/A	55.07	74.00	18.93
		5351.06	V	Z	AV	39.82	3.69	0.26	N/A	43.77	54.00	10.23
		10616.82	V	X	PK	44.22	11.39	N/A	N/A	55.61	74.00	18.39
		10616.09	V	X	AV	33.87	11.39	0.26	N/A	45.52	54.00	8.48
U-NII 2C	102 (5510 MHz)	5458.38	V	Z	PK	49.55	3.92	N/A	N/A	53.47	74.00	20.53
		5459.58	V	Z	AV	36.89	3.92	0.26	N/A	41.07	54.00	12.93
		5467.44	V	Z	PK	53.68	3.93	N/A	N/A	57.61	68.20	10.59
		11015.78	V	X	PK	44.47	12.24	N/A	N/A	56.71	74.00	17.29
		11014.71	V	X	AV	34.01	12.24	0.26	N/A	46.51	54.00	7.49
	110 (5550 MHz)	11101.78	V	X	PK	47.03	12.22	N/A	N/A	59.25	74.00	14.75
		11099.37	V	X	AV	36.51	12.22	0.26	N/A	48.99	54.00	5.01
	142 (5710 MHz)	11422.68	V	X	PK	45.88	12.45	N/A	N/A	58.33	74.00	15.67
11420.20		V	X	AV	35.53	12.45	0.26	N/A	48.24	54.00	5.76	
U-NII 3	151 (5755 MHz)	5688.67	V	Z	PK	60.11	3.61	N/A	N/A	63.72	101.14	37.42
		5711.82	V	Z	PK	70.30	3.60	N/A	N/A	73.90	114.11	40.21
		5723.66	V	Z	PK	70.84	3.74	N/A	N/A	74.58	120.64	46.06
		11509.53	V	X	PK	47.91	12.79	N/A	N/A	60.70	74.00	13.30
		11510.16	V	X	AV	36.46	12.79	0.26	N/A	49.51	54.00	4.49
	159 (5795 MHz)	5852.20	V	Z	PK	52.52	4.04	N/A	N/A	56.56	114.05	57.49
		5872.72	V	Z	PK	50.47	4.15	N/A	N/A	54.62	111.44	56.82
		5887.36	V	Z	PK	48.66	4.20	N/A	N/A	52.86	100.27	47.41
		11589.84	V	X	PK	46.83	13.01	N/A	N/A	59.84	74.00	14.16
		11590.36	V	X	AV	35.95	13.01	0.26	N/A	49.22	54.00	4.78

**Note.**

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.

2. Sample Calculation.

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} \quad / \quad \text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCCF} + \text{DCF} \quad / \quad \text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,

DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor

3. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor =  $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

4. The limit is converted to field strength.

$$E[\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$$

**Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 40 GHz) : MIMO(SDM) & 802.11ac(VHT80)**

Band	Tested Channel	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	42 (5210 MHz)	5148.46	V	X	PK	51.01	3.22	N/A	N/A	54.23	74.00	19.77
		5148.10	V	X	AV	40.35	3.22	0.49	N/A	44.06	54.00	9.94
		10421.42	V	X	PK	44.16	10.88	N/A	N/A	55.04	68.20	13.16
U-NII 2A	58 (5290 MHz)	5354.62	V	Z	PK	51.30	3.69	N/A	N/A	54.99	74.00	19.01
		5354.02	V	Z	AV	41.29	3.69	0.49	N/A	45.47	54.00	8.53
		10577.17	V	X	PK	44.99	11.26	N/A	N/A	56.25	68.20	11.95
U-NII 2C	106 (5530 MHz)	5457.88	V	Z	PK	53.02	3.92	N/A	N/A	56.94	74.00	17.06
		5456.76	V	Z	AV	42.38	3.92	0.49	N/A	46.79	54.00	7.21
		5469.96	V	Z	PK	51.49	3.93	N/A	N/A	55.42	68.20	12.78
		11063.23	V	X	PK	44.51	12.23	N/A	N/A	56.74	74.00	17.26
		11060.43	V	X	AV	33.98	12.23	0.49	N/A	46.70	54.00	7.30
	138 (5690 MHz)	11380.06	V	X	PK	45.26	12.32	N/A	N/A	57.58	74.00	16.42
		11380.92	V	X	AV	34.62	12.32	0.49	N/A	47.43	54.00	6.57
U-NII 3	155 (5775 MHz)	5677.24	V	Z	PK	58.23	3.62	N/A	N/A	61.85	91.41	29.56
		5711.77	V	Z	PK	59.04	3.60	N/A	N/A	62.64	114.09	51.45
		5722.00	V	Z	PK	58.01	3.73	N/A	N/A	61.74	118.72	56.98
		5853.00	V	Z	PK	50.54	4.04	N/A	N/A	54.58	114.72	60.14
		5871.52	V	Z	PK	50.23	4.14	N/A	N/A	54.37	111.77	57.40
		5882.00	V	Z	PK	48.41	4.18	N/A	N/A	52.59	104.84	52.25
		11555.56	V	X	PK	44.50	12.90	N/A	N/A	57.40	74.00	16.60
		11553.42	V	X	AV	33.98	12.90	0.49	N/A	47.37	54.00	6.63

**Note.**

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.

2. Sample Calculation.

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} \quad / \quad \text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCCF} + \text{DCF} \quad / \quad \text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,

DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor

3. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor =  $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

4. The limit is converted to field strength.

$$E[\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$$

## 8.7 AC Conducted Emissions

### ■ Test Requirements and limit, §15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

### ■ Test Configuration

See test photographs for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

### ■ Test Procedure

Conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the ANSI C63.10-2013.

1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m  $\times$  3.5 m  $\times$  3.5 m (L  $\times$  W  $\times$  H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W)  $\times$  1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

### ■ Test Results: **Comply**

Note 1: See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots and data for worst case result.

### AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph)

Test Mode: U-NII 1 & 802.11a & MIMO(CDD) & 5240 MHz

## Results of Conducted Emission

DTNC

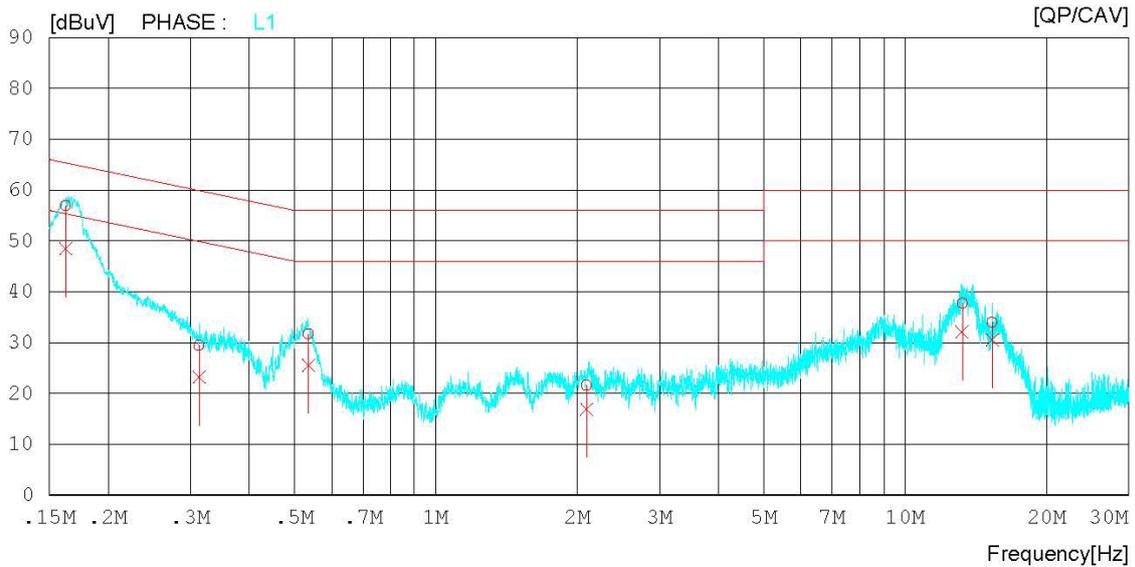
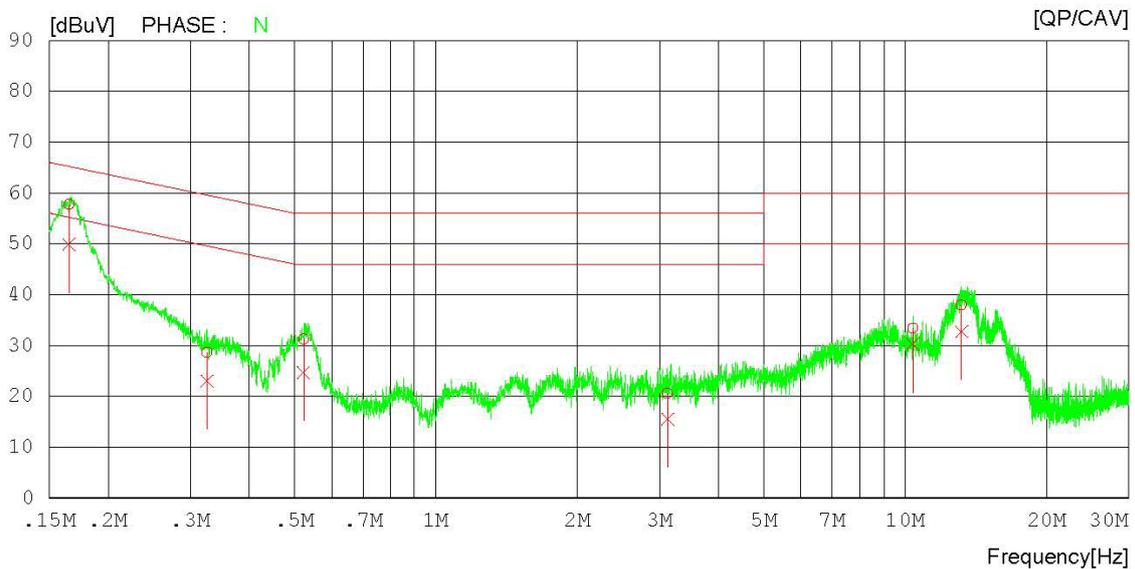
Date 2018-05-11

Order No. DTNC1804-02797  
 Model No. 14HK701G  
 Serial No.  
 Test Condition 5.1GHz

Reference No.  
 Power Supply  
 Temp/Humi. 23/45  
 Operator S.G.LEE

Memo

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP  
 FCC P15.207 AV



**AC Line Conducted Emissions (Data List)**

Test Mode: U-NII 1 & 802.11a & MIMO(CDD) & 5240 MHz

**Results of Conducted Emission**

DTNC

Date 2018-05-11

Order No.	DTNC1804-02797	Reference No.	
Model No.	14HK701G	Power Supply	
Serial No.		Temp/Humi.	23/45
Test Condition	5.1GHz	Operator	S.G.LEE

Memo

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP  
FCC P15.207 AV

NO	FREQ [MHz]	READING		C. FACTOR [dB]	RESULT		LIMIT		MARGIN		PHASE
		QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]		QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]			
1	0.16519	47.73	39.86	9.97	57.70	49.83	65.20	55.20	7.50	5.37	N
2	0.32540	18.73	13.08	9.96	28.69	23.04	59.57	49.57	30.88	26.53	N
3	0.52243	21.26	14.66	9.99	31.25	24.65	56.00	46.00	24.75	21.35	N
4	3.11480	10.56	5.48	10.05	20.61	15.53	56.00	46.00	35.39	30.47	N
5	10.39120	23.22	20.08	10.22	33.44	30.30	60.00	50.00	26.56	19.70	N
6	13.18900	27.66	22.47	10.27	37.93	32.74	60.00	50.00	22.07	17.26	N
7	0.16262	46.92	38.49	9.98	56.90	48.47	65.33	55.33	8.43	6.86	L1
8	0.31255	19.38	13.20	9.96	29.34	23.16	59.90	49.90	30.56	26.74	L1
9	0.53532	21.71	15.53	9.98	31.69	25.51	56.00	46.00	24.31	20.49	L1
10	2.09680	11.51	6.77	10.04	21.55	16.81	56.00	46.00	34.45	29.19	L1
11	13.23600	27.41	21.76	10.27	37.68	32.03	60.00	50.00	22.32	17.97	L1
12	15.33880	23.64	20.14	10.31	33.95	30.45	60.00	50.00	26.05	19.55	L1

**AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph)**

Test Mode: U-NII 2A & 802.11a & MIMO(CDD) & 5320 MHz

Results of Conducted Emission

DTNC

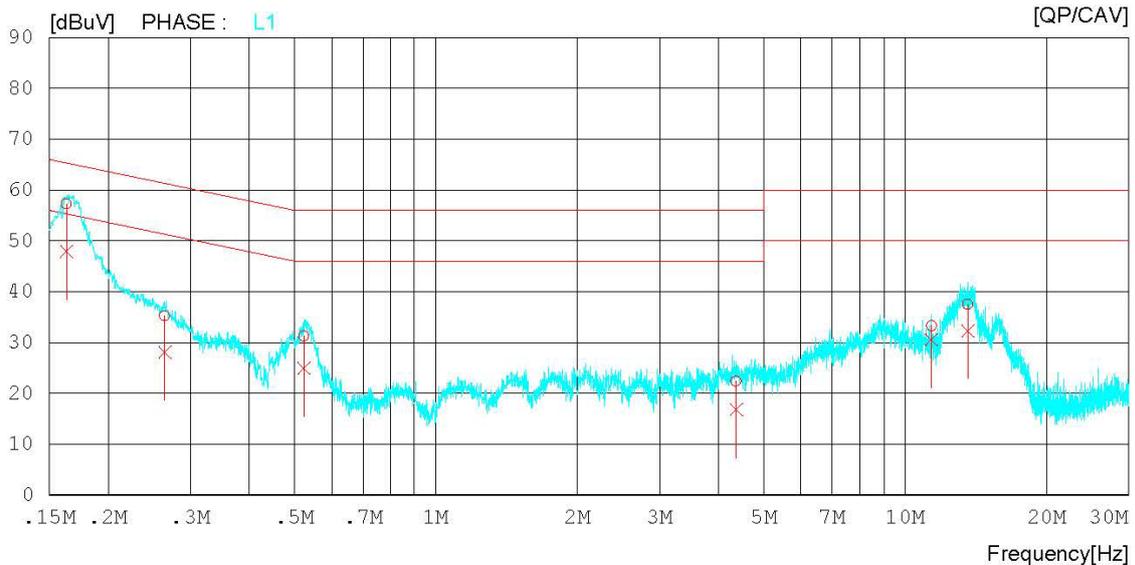
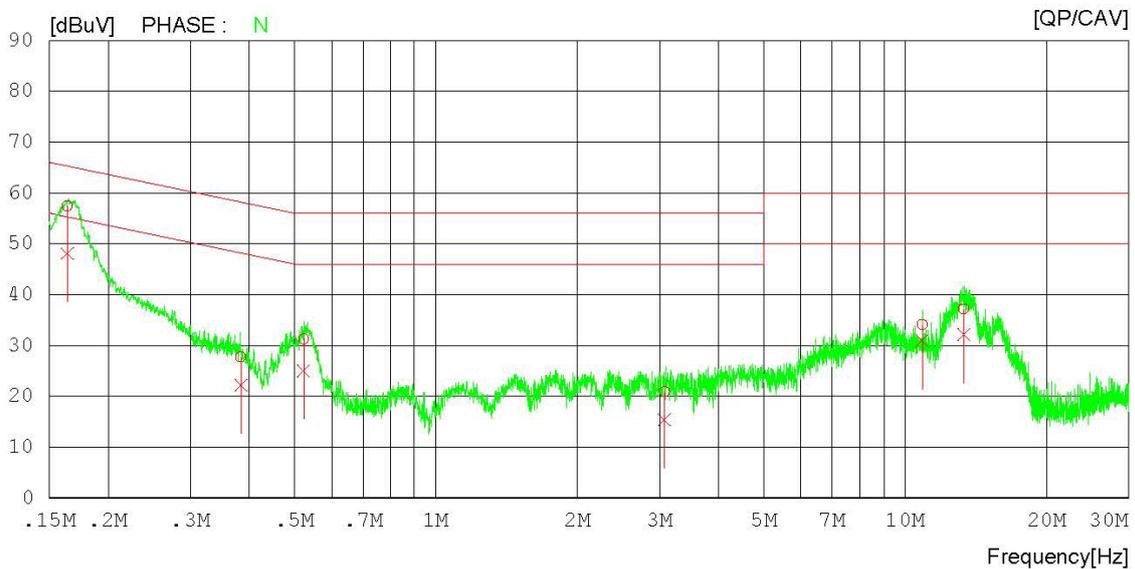
Date 2018-05-11

Order No. DTNC1804-02797  
 Model No. 14HK701G  
 Serial No.  
 Test Condition 5.3GHz

Reference No.  
 Power Supply  
 Temp/Humi. 23/45  
 Operator S.G.LEE

Memo

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP  
 FCC P15.207 AV



**AC Line Conducted Emissions (Data List)**

Test Mode: U-NII 2A & 802.11a & MIMO(CDD) & 5320 MHz

**Results of Conducted Emission**

DTNC

Date 2018-05-11

Order No.	DTNC1804-02797	Reference No.	
Model No.	14HK701G	Power Supply	
Serial No.		Temp/Humi.	23/45
Test Condition	5.3GHz	Operator	S.G.LEE

Memo

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP  
FCC P15.207 AV

NO	FREQ [MHz]	READING		C. FACTOR [dB]	RESULT		LIMIT		MARGIN		PHASE
		QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]		QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]			
1	0.16377	47.43	38.09	9.98	57.41	48.07	65.27	55.27	7.86	7.20	N
2	0.38399	17.71	12.19	9.97	27.68	22.16	58.19	48.19	30.51	26.03	N
3	0.52195	21.26	14.99	9.99	31.25	24.98	56.00	46.00	24.75	21.02	N
4	3.06960	10.88	5.32	10.05	20.93	15.37	56.00	46.00	35.07	30.63	N
5	10.88420	23.92	20.76	10.22	34.14	30.98	60.00	50.00	25.86	19.02	N
6	13.34060	26.92	21.86	10.27	37.19	32.13	60.00	50.00	22.81	17.87	N
7	0.16301	47.29	37.83	9.98	57.27	47.81	65.31	55.31	8.04	7.50	L1
8	0.26414	25.20	18.16	9.95	35.15	28.11	61.30	51.30	26.15	23.19	L1
9	0.52297	21.23	14.93	9.99	31.22	24.92	56.00	46.00	24.78	21.08	L1
10	4.36880	12.23	6.67	10.07	22.30	16.74	56.00	46.00	33.70	29.26	L1
11	11.37880	22.99	20.29	10.23	33.22	30.52	60.00	50.00	26.78	19.48	L1
12	13.61340	27.19	22.05	10.28	37.47	32.33	60.00	50.00	22.53	17.67	L1

**AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph)**

Test Mode: U-NII 2C & 802.11a & MIMO(CDD) & 5500 MHz

**Results of Conducted Emission**

DTNC

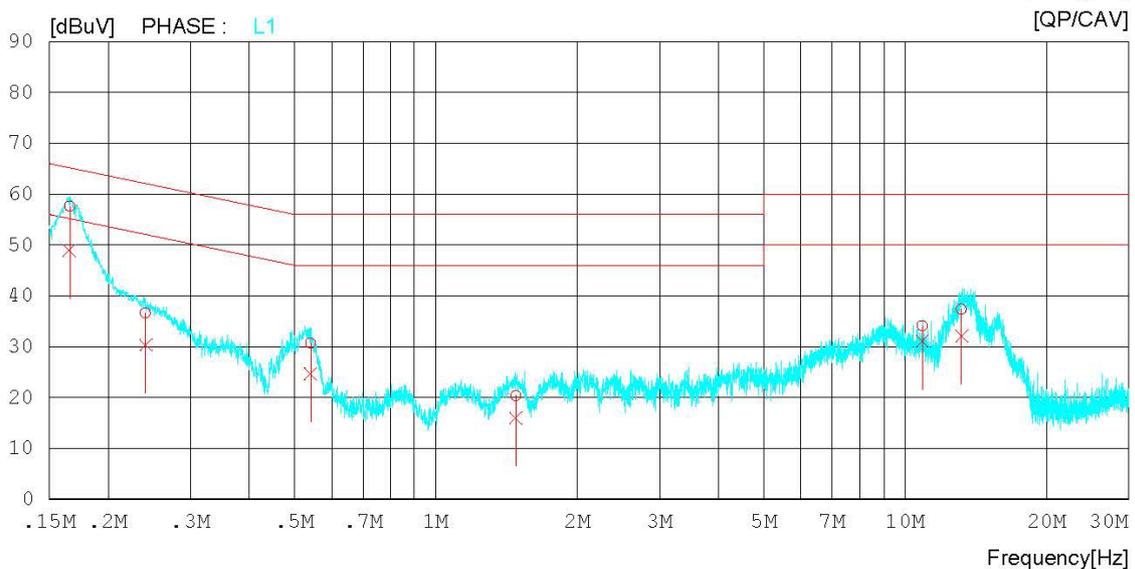
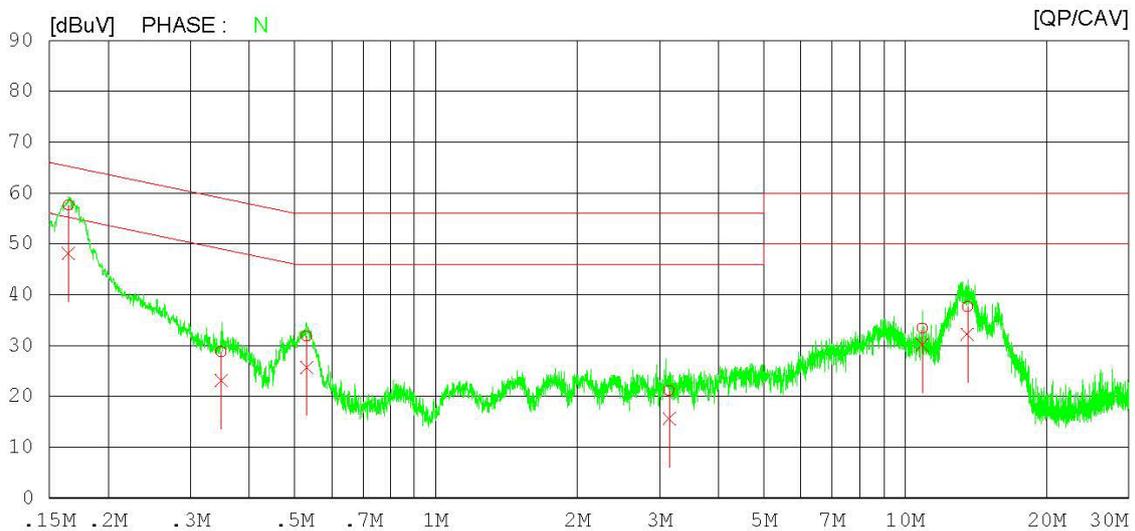
Date 2018-05-11

Order No. DTNC1804-02797  
 Model No. 14HK701G  
 Serial No.  
 Test Condition 5.5GHz

Reference No.  
 Power Supply  
 Temp/Humi. 23/45  
 Operator S.G.LEE

Memo

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP  
 FCC P15.207 AV



**AC Line Conducted Emissions (Data List)**

Test Mode: U-NII 2C & 802.11a & MIMO(CDD) & 5500 MHz

Results of Conducted Emission

DTNC

Date 2018-05-11

Order No.	DTNC1804-02797	Reference No.	
Model No.	14HK701G	Power Supply	
Serial No.		Temp/Humi.	23/45
Test Condition	5.5GHz	Operator	S.G.LEE

Memo

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP  
FCC P15.207 AV

NO	FREQ [MHz]	READING		C. FACTOR [dB]	RESULT		LIMIT		MARGIN		PHASE
		QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]		QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]			
1	0.16465	47.66	38.15	9.98	57.64	48.13	65.23	55.23	7.59	7.10	N
2	0.34848	18.78	13.13	9.96	28.74	23.09	59.00	49.00	30.26	25.91	N
3	0.53051	21.78	15.76	9.99	31.77	25.75	56.00	46.00	24.23	20.25	N
4	3.14320	11.08	5.56	10.06	21.14	15.62	56.00	46.00	34.86	30.38	N
5	10.88300	23.17	19.96	10.22	33.39	30.18	60.00	50.00	26.61	19.82	N
6	13.58640	27.34	21.98	10.28	37.62	32.26	60.00	50.00	22.38	17.74	N
7	0.16559	47.58	38.90	9.97	57.55	48.87	65.18	55.18	7.63	6.31	L1
8	0.24039	26.59	20.34	9.95	36.54	30.29	62.08	52.08	25.54	21.79	L1
9	0.54040	20.70	14.66	9.98	30.68	24.64	56.00	46.00	25.32	21.36	L1
10	1.48160	10.30	5.96	10.01	20.31	15.97	56.00	46.00	35.69	30.03	L1
11	10.88460	23.79	20.82	10.22	34.01	31.04	60.00	50.00	25.99	18.96	L1
12	13.18700	27.02	21.80	10.27	37.29	32.07	60.00	50.00	22.71	17.93	L1

**AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph)**

Test Mode: U-NII 2C & 802.11a & MIMO(CDD) & 5785 MHz

Results of Conducted Emission

DTNC

Date 2018-05-11

Order No. DTNC1804-02797  
 Model No. 14HK701G  
 Serial No.  
 Test Condition 5.7GHz

Reference No.  
 Power Supply  
 Temp/Humi. 23/45  
 Operator S.G.LEE

Memo

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP  
 FCC P15.207 AV

