## FCC ID: BEJ-LVRF001

According to KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

## 1. MPE-Based Exemption

An alternative to the SAR-based exemption is provided in § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C), for a much wider frequency range, from 300  $\,\mathrm{klz}$  to 100  $\,\mathrm{GHz}$ , applicable for separation distances greater or equal to  $\lambda/2\pi$ , where  $\lambda$  is the free-space operating wavelength in meters. The MPE-based test exemption condition is in terms of ERP, defined as the product of the maximum antenna gain and the delivered maximum time-averaged power. For this case, a RF source is an RF exempt device if its ERP (watts) is no more than a frequency-dependent value, as detailed tabular form in Appendix B. These limits have been derived based on the basic specifications on Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) considered for the FCC rules in § 1.1310(e)(1).

Table 1 to 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(c) – Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation

RF Source Frequency (Mb)	Threshold ERP (watts)				
0.3-1.34	1 920 R2				
1.34-30	3 450 R <sup>2</sup> /f <sup>2</sup>				
30-300	3.83 R <sup>2</sup>				
300-1 500	0.012 8 R <sup>2</sup> f				
1 500-100 000	19.2 R <sup>2</sup>				

## 2. RF Exposure Test Exemptions for Single Source

Mode	Frequency Range (脈)	Minimum Separation Distance	Maximum Average Output Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	ERP		Threshold ERP (mW)		Result
	, ,	(cm)	, ,	, ,	(dBm)	(Wm)			
Bluetooth Low energy	2 400 ~ 2 483.5	20	7.50	1.68	7.03	5.05	768	0.007	Pass
WLAN 2.4G	2 400 ~ 2 483.5	20	20	1.68	19.53	89.74	768	0.117	Pass

## Note;

- Bluetooth Low Energy and WLAN 2.4G can't simultaneous transmission at the same time.
- ERP (dBm) = Maximum average output power (dBm) + Antenna gain (dBi) 2.15 (dB). The ERP threshold as the "R must be at least  $\lambda/2\pi$ " as per 1.1307 b)3)C) table 1
- Maximum average output power is the manufacturer's declared rated power
- 3. Conclusion: No SAR is required.