

Certification Test Report

CFR 47 FCC Part 2 and Part 90, Subpart I

Model: MR803D

FCC ID.: BCR-RPT-MR803D

Report No.: W7127-2

Revision: 1

Prepared for: Andrew Corporation

108 Rand Park Drive

Garner, North Carolina 27529

Author: Tom Tidwell, Manager of Wireless Services

Issued: 10 July, 2007



Report Summary

NTS Plano

FCC: Accreditation Numbers: 101741

> IC: 46405-4319 File # IC-4319-A

Applicant: **Andrew Corporation**

Customer Representative: Mike Williamson

FUT Description:

EUT Description	Manufacturer	Model	Revision	Serial Number
The EUT is a mini repeater used to enhance coverage of a SMR (Specialized Mobile Radio) network.	Andrew Corporation	MR803D	1	1





Test Summary

Appendix	Test/Requirement	Deviations from:			Pass / Fail	Applicable Rule Parts		
Appe	Description	Base Standard	Test Basis	NTS Procedure	rass / raii	Applicable Rule Parts		
Α	RF Power Output	No	No	No	PASS	CFR 47, Part 2, Para. 2.1046 CFR 47, Part 90, Para. 90.205		
В	Modulation Characteristics	No	No	No	PASS	CFR 47, Part 2, Para. 2.1047 CFR 47, Part 90, Para. 90.207		
С	Occupied Bandwidth	No	No	No	PASS	CFR 47, Part 2, Para. 2.1049 CFR 47, Part 90, Para. 90.210		
D	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	No	No	No	PASS	CFR 47, Part 2, Para. 2.1051 CFR 47, Part 90, Para. 90.210		
Е	Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	No	No	No	PASS	CFR 47, Part 2, Para. 2.1053 CFR 47, Part 90, Para. 90.210		
F	Frequency Stability	No	No	No	PASS	CFR 47, Part 2, Para. 2.1055 CFR 47, Part 90, Para. 90.213		
G	Transient Frequency Behaviour	No	No	No	PASS	CFR 47, Part 2, Para. 2.1055 CFR 47, Part 90, Para. 90.214		

Test Result: The product presented for testing complied with test requirements as shown above.

This is to certify that the preceding report is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Robert Stevens,

Quality Assurance Manager

Tom Tidwell,

Wireless Test Engineer



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Register of revisions

Revision	Reason for Revision	Revision Date
0	Original	1 June, 2007
1	Re-plot Spurious for both modulations pages 31 – 34. Added notes on page 13 to clarify rf power output measurement.	10 July, 2007



INTRODUCTION

1.1 **PURPOSE**

The purpose of this document is to describe the tests applied by NTS Plano to demonstrate compliance of the MR803D to FCC Part 90 Subpart I for Public Mobile Radio in accordance with the certification requirements of CFR 47, Part 2.

2.0 **EUT DESCRIPTION**

CONFIGURATION 2.1

Description of EUT

Description of EUT	Name	Model	Revision	Serial Number				
EUT	MR803D Mini Repeater	MR803D	1	1				
RF Exposure Classification	Mobile							
Channels/Frequency Range	802 – 824 MHz Uplink 851 – 869 MHz Downlink							
Power	0.066 watts							
TX antenna details	Specified at time of licensing	ng						
Functional Description	The EUT is a F1-F1 repeater designed to enhance coverage of a Land Mobile Radio network operating in the Specialized Mobile Radio (SMR) bands.							

2.1.1 **EUT POWER**

Voltage	12 Vdc
Number of Feeds	2 (+ and Return)

2.2 **EUT CABLES**

ntity	Medal/Tyme	Rou	ting	Shielded /	Description	Cable	
Quantity	Model/Type	From	То	Unshielded	Description	Length (m)	
1	AWG 18	External DC supply	EUT	Unshielded	DC supply cable	0.25	



2.3 **MODE OF OPERATION DURING TESTS**

The MR803D was tested while in a continuous transmit mode. The rf input signal was tuned to a low, middle, and high channel to perform rf power output, occupied bandwidth, and spurious/harmonic tests. The EUT was setup to operate at the intended maximum power output available to the end user. Worst-case results are presented.

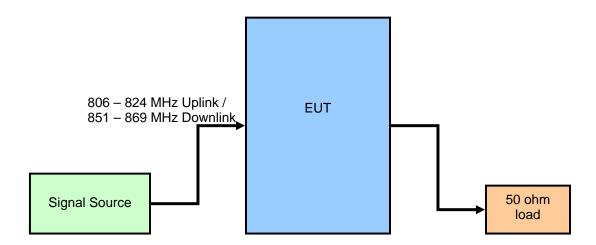
3.0 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

3.1 **CONFIGURATION**

The radio was set to maximum gain and fed with an rf input signal at maximum level. This was the level at which an increase in input level did not correspond to an increase in rf output level.

TEST BED/PERIPHERAL CABLES 3.2

.None





Model: MR803D FCC ID.: BCR-RPT-MR803D

This report and the information contained herein represent the results of testing test articles identified and selected by the client performed to specifications and/or procedures selected by the client. National Technical Systems (NTS) makes no representations, expressed or implied, that such testing is adequate (or inadequate) to demonstrate efficiency, performance, reliability, or any other characteristic of the articles being tested, or similar products. This report should not be relied upon as an endorsement or certification by NTS of the equipment tested, nor does it represent any statement whatsoever as to its merchantability or fitness of the test article, or similar products, for a particular purpose. This report shall not be reproduced except in full.

APPENDICES





APPENDIX A: 2.1046 RF POWER OUTPUT

A.1. **Base Standard & Test Basis**

Base Standard	FCC PART 2.1046
Test Basis	TIA 603-C, 2004
Test Method	TIA 603-C, 2004

A.2. **Specifications**

90.205 Applicants for licenses must request and use no more power than the actual power necessary for satisfactory operation. Except where otherwise specifically provided for, the maximum power that will be authorized to applicants whose license applications for new stations are filed after August 18, 1995 is as follows:

- (a) Below 25 MHz. For single sideband operations (J3E emission), the maximum transmitter peak envelope power is 1000 watts. (b) 25–50 MHz. The maximum transmitter output power is 300 watts.
- (c) 72-76 MHz. The maximum effective radiated power (ERP) for stations operating on fixed frequencies is 300 watts. Stations operating on mobile-only frequencies are limited to one watt transmitter output power.
- (d) 150-174 MHz. (1) The maximum allowable station ERP is dependent upon the station's antenna HAAT and required service area and will be authorized in accordance with table 1. Applicants requesting an ERP in excess of that listed in table 1 must submit an engineering analysis based upon generally accepted engineering practices and standards that includes coverage contours to demonstrate that the requested station parameters will not produce coverage in excess of that which the applicant requires.
- (2) Applications for stations where special circumstances exist that make it necessary to deviate from the ERP and antenna heights in Table 1 will be submitted to the frequency coordinator accompanied by a technical analysis, based upon generally accepted engineering practices and standards, that demonstrates that the requested station parameters will not produce a signal strength in excess of 37 dBu at any point along the edge of the requested service area. The coordinator may then recommend any ERP appropriate to meet this condition.
- (3) An applicant for a station with a service area radius greater than 40 km (25 mi) must justify the requested service area radius, which will be authorized only in accordance with table 1, note 4. For base stations with service areas greater than 80 km, all operations 80 km or less from the base station will be on a primary basis and all operations outside of 80 km from the base station will be on a secondary basis and will be entitled to no protection from primary operations.

Table 1_150-174 MHz_Maximum ERP/Reference HAAT for a Specific Service Area Radius										
	Service area radius (km)									
	3	8	13	16	24	32	40	48 ⁽⁴⁾	64 ⁽⁴⁾	80 ⁽⁴⁾
Max. EIRP (w) (1)	1	28	178	500 ⁽²⁾						
Up to ref. HAAT (m) (3)	15	15	15	15	33	65	110	160	380	670

⁽¹⁾ Maximum ERP indicated provides for a 37 dBu signal strength at the edge of the service area per FCC Report R-6602, Fig. 19 (See § 73.699, Fig.10).

(2) Maximum ERP of 500 watts allowed. Signal strength at the service area contour may be less than 37 dBu.

 $ERP_{allow} = ERP_{max} x (HAAT_{ref} / HAAT_{actual})^{(2)}$

- (e) 217–220 MHz. Limitations on power and antenna heights are specified in §90.259.
- (f) 220–222 MHz. Limitations on power and antenna heights are specified in §90.729.
- (g) 421–430 MHz. Limitations on power and antenna heights are specified in §90.279.

⁽³⁾ When the actual antenna HAAT is greater than the reference HAAT, the allowable ERP will be reduced in accordance with the following equation:

⁽⁴⁾ Applications for this service area radius may be granted upon specific request with justification and must include a technical demonstration that the signal strength at the edge of the service area does not exceed 37 dBu.





(h) 450-470 MHz. (1) The maximum allowable station effective radiated power (ERP) is dependent upon the station's antenna HAAT and required service area and will be authorized in accordance with table 2. Applicants requesting an ERP in excess of that listed in table 2 must submit an engineering analysis based upon generally accepted engineering practices and standards that includes coverage contours to demonstrate that the requested station parameters will not produce coverage in excess of that which the applicant requires.

- (2) Applications for stations where special circumstances exist that make it necessary to deviate from the ERP and antenna heights in Table 2 will be submitted to the frequency coordinator accompanied by a technical analysis, based upon generally accepted engineering practices and standards, that demonstrates that the requested station parameters will not produce a signal strength in excess of 39 dBu at any point along the edge of the requested service area. The coordinator may then recommend any ERP appropriate to meet this condition.
- (3) An applicant for a station with a service area radius greater than 32 km (20 mi) must justify the requested service area radius, which may be authorized only in accordance with table 2, note 4. For base stations with service areas greater than 80 km, all operations 80 km or less from the base station will be on a primary basis and all operations outside of 80 km from the base station will be on a secondary basis and will be entitled to no protection from primary operations.

Table 2_450-470 MHz_Maximum ERP/Reference HAAT for a Specific Service Area Radius										
	Service area radius (km)									
	3	8	13	16	24	32	40	48 ⁽⁴⁾	64 ⁽⁴⁾	80 ⁽⁴⁾
Max. EIRP (w) (1)	2	100	500 ⁽²⁾							
Up to ref. HAAT (m) (3)	15	15	15	27	63	125	250	410	950	2700

- (1) Maximum ERP indicated provides for a 37 dBu signal strength at the edge of the service area per FCC Report R-6602, Fig. 19 (See § 73.699, Fig.10).
- (2) Maximum ERP of 500 watts allowed. Signal strength at the service area contour may be less than 37 dBu.
- (3) When the actual antenna HAAT is greater than the reference HAAT, the allowable ERP will be reduced in accordance with the following equation:
 - $ERP_{allow} = ERP_{max} \times (HAAT_{ref} / HAAT_{actual})^{(2)}$
- (4) Applications for this service area radius may be granted upon specific request with justification and must include a technical demonstration that the signal strength at the edge of the service area does not exceed 37 dBu.
- (i) 470–512 MHz. Power and height limitations are specified in §§90.307 and 90.309.
- (j) 764-776 MHz, 794-824 MHz, 851-869 MHz, 896-901 MHz and 935-940 MHz. Power and height limitations are specified in §90.635.
- (k) 902–928 MHz. LMS systems operating pursuant to subpart M of this part in the 902–927.25 MHz band will be authorized a maximum of 30 watts ERP. LMS equipment operating in the 927.25-928 MHz band will be authorized a maximum of 300 watts ERP. ERP must be measured as peak envelope power. Antenna heights will be as specified in §90.353(h).
- (1) 929–930 MHz. Limitations on power and antenna heights are specified in §90.494.
- (m) 1427–1429.5 MHz and 1429.5–1432 MHz. Limitations on power are specified in §90.259.
- (n) 2450–2483.5 MHz. The maximum transmitter power is 5 watts.
- (o) 4940–4990 MHz. Limitations on power are specified in §90.1215.
- (p) 5850–5925 MHz. Power and height limitations are specified in subpart M of this part.
- (q) All other frequency bands. Requested transmitter power will be considered and authorized on a case by case basis.





(r) The output power shall not exceed by more than 20 percent either the output power shown in the Radio Equipment List [available in accordance with §90.203(a)(1)] for transmitters included in this list or when not so listed, the manufacturer's rated output power for the particular transmitter specifically listed on the authorization.

A.3. **Measurement Uncertainty**

I	Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)				
	+1.11/-1.22				

Deviations A.4.

Deviation	Time &	Description and	De	viation Referen	ce	
Number	Date	Justification of Deviation	Base Standard	Test Basis	NTS Procedure	Approval
none						

A.5. **Test Procedure**

TIA 603-C, 2004

A.6. **Test Results**

The EUT is in compliance with the limits as specified above

A.7. **Operating Mode During Test**

The transmitter was tested while in a continuous transmit mode. The rf input signal was tuned to a low, middle, and high channel.

A.8. **Sample Calculation**

NA





A.9. **Test Data**

Frequency (MHz)	Modulation Mode	RF Power Output at Antenna Terminals (dBm)
806.0125	F8W (Analogue)	+18
816.0000	F8W (Analogue)	+18
823.9875	F8W (Analogue)	+18
851.0125	F8W (Analogue)	+18
860.0000	F8W (Analogue)	+18
868.9875	F8W (Analogue)	+18
806.0125	GXW (iDEN)	+18
816.0000	GXW (iDEN)	+18
823.9875	GXW (iDEN)	+18
851.0125	GXW (iDEN)	+18
860.0000	GXW (iDEN)	+18
868.9875	GXW (iDEN)	+18

The rf power output was measured at the antenna terminals using a spectrum analyzer with Peak detector. The RBW was set to 20 MHz and the VBW was set to 30 MHz. The rf input level was increased until no further increase in rf output power was noted.

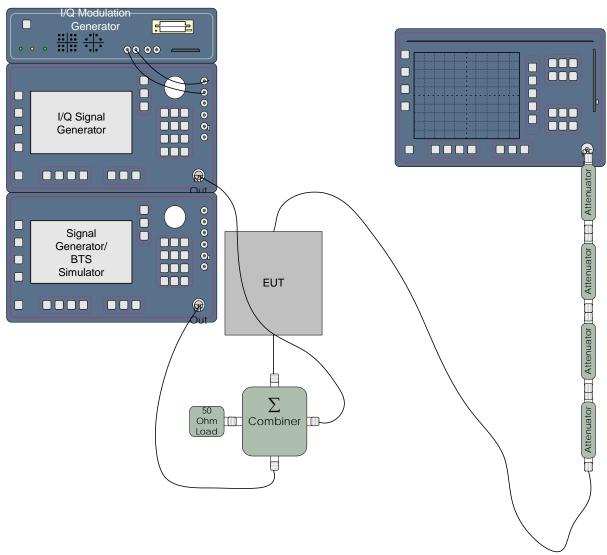
Test By: Tom Tidwell

Responsibility Manager of Wireless Services

Test Date: 17 - 21 May, 2007



Test Diagram A.10.



A.11. Tested By

Name: Tom Tidwell,

Function: Manager of Wireless Services

Test Date: 17 - 21 May, 2007





APPENDIX B: 2.1047 MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS

B.1. **Base Standard & Test Basis**

Base Standard	FCC 2.1047
Test Basis	FCC 2.1047 Modulation Characteristics
Test Method	TIA 603-C, 2004

B.2. **Specifications**

2.1047 - Modulation Characteristics

- (a) Voice modulated communication equipment. A curve or equivalent data showing the frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over a range of 100 to 5000 Hz shall be submitted. For equipment required to have an audio low-pass filter, a curve showing the frequency response of the filter, or of all circuitry installed between the modulation limiter and the modulated stage shall be submitted.
- (b) Equipment which employs modulation limiting. A curve or family of curves showing the percentage of modulation versus the modulation input voltage shall be supplied. The information submitted shall be sufficient to show modulation limiting capability throughout the range of modulating frequencies and input modulating signal levels
- (c) Single sideband and independent sideband radiotelephone transmitters which employ a device or circuit to limit peak envelope power. A curve showing the peak envelope power output versus the modulation input voltage shall be supplied. The modulating signals shall be the same in frequency as specified in paragraph (c) of §2.1049 for the occupied bandwidth tests.
- (d) Other types of equipment. A curve or equivalent data which shows that the equipment will meet the modulation requirements of the rules under which the equipment is to be licensed.

90.209 - Bandwidth limitations

- (a) Each authorization issued to a station licensed under this part will show an emission designator representing the class of emission authorized. The designator will be prefixed by a specified necessary bandwidth. This number does not necessarily indicate the bandwidth occupied by the emission at any instant. In those cases where §2.202 of this chapter does not provide a formula for the computation of necessary bandwidth, the occupied bandwidth, as defined in part 2 of this chapter, may be used in lieu of the necessary bandwidth.
- (b) The maximum authorized single channel bandwidth of emission corresponding to the type of emission specified in §90.207 is as follows:
- (1) For A1A or A1B emissions, the maximum authorized bandwidth is 0.25 kHz. The maximum authorized bandwidth for type A3E emission is 8 kHz.
- (2) For operations below 25 MHz utilizing J3E emission, the bandwidth occupied by the emission shall not exceed 3000 Hz. The assigned frequency will be specified in the authorization. The authorized carrier frequency will be 1400 Hz lower in frequency than the assigned frequency. Only upper sideband emission may be used. In the case of regularly available double sideband radiotelephone channels, an assigned frequency for J3E emissions is available either 1600 Hz below or 1400 Hz above the double sideband radiotelephone assigned frequency.
- (3) For all other types of emissions, the maximum authorized bandwidth shall not be more than that normally authorized for voice operations.
- (4) Where a frequency is assigned exclusively to a single licensee, more than a single emission may be used within the authorized bandwidth. In such cases, the frequency stability requirements of §90.213 must be met for each emission.
- (5) Unless specified elsewhere, channel spacings and bandwidths that will be authorized in the following frequency bands are given in the following table.

Standard Channel Spacing / Authorized Bandwidth			
Frequency (MHz) Channel Spacing (kHz) Authorized Bandwidth (kHz)			
Below 25 ⁽²⁾			
25 – 50 20 20			





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72 – 76	20	20
150 – 174	7.5 ⁽¹⁾	20/11.25/6 ^{(1), (3)}
216 – 220 ⁽⁵⁾	6.25	20/11.25/6 ⁽⁵⁾
220 – 222	5	4
406 – 512 ⁽²⁾	6.25 ⁽¹⁾	20/11.25/6 ^{(1), (3)}
806 - 809 / 851 - 854	12.5	20
809 - 824 / 854 - 869	25	20
896 – 901 / 935 – 940	12.5	13.6
$902 - 928^{(4)}$		
929 – 930	25	20
1427 – 1432 ⁽⁵⁾	12.5	12.5
2450 – 2483.52 ⁽²⁾		
Above 2500 ⁽²⁾		

- (1) For stations authorized on or after August 18, 1995.
- (2) Bandwidths for radiolocation stations in the 420-450 MHz band and for stations operating in bands subject to this footnote will be reviewed and authorized on a case-by-case basis.
- (3) Operations using equipment using a 25 kHz bandwidth will be authorized a 20 kHz bandwidth. Operations using equipment designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth will be authorized an $11.25~\mathrm{kHz}$ bandwidth. Operations using equipment designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth will be authorized a 6 kHz bandwidth. All stations must operate on channels with a bandwidth of 12.5 kHz or less beginning January 1, 2013, unless the operations meet the efficiency standard of §90.203(j)(3) unless specified elsewhere.
- (4) The maximum authorized bandwidth shall be 12 MHz for non-multilateration LMS operations in the band 909.75-921.75 MHz and 2 MHz in the band 902.00-904.00 MHz. The maximum authorized bandwidth for multilateration LMS operations shall be 5.75 MHz in the 904.00-909.75 MHz band; 2 MHz in the 919.75-921.75 MHz band; 5.75 MHz in the 921.75-927.25 MHz band and its associated 927.25-927.50 MHz narrowband forward link; and 8.00 MHz if the 919.75-921.75 MHz and 921.75-927.25 MHz bands and their associated 927.25-927.50 MHz and 927.50-927.75 MHz narrowband forward links are aggregated.

Authorized Bandwidth from above table: 20 kHz

B.3. **Measurement Uncertainty**

Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)
+1.11/-1.22

B.4. **Deviations**

Deviation	Time &	Description and	De	viation Reference		
Number	Date	Justification of Deviation	Base Standard	Test Basis	NTS Procedure	Approval
none						

B.5. **Test Method**

EIA/TIA 603C

Test Results B.6.

Not Applicable. This device does not produce any modulation but merely processes a modulated rf waveform.





APPENDIX C: 2.1049 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

C.1. **Base Standard & Test Basis**

Base Standard	FCC 2.1049
Test Basis	FCC 2.1049 Occupied Bandwidth
Test Method	TIA 603-C, 2004

C.2. **Specifications**

90.210 Emission masks.

Except as indicated elsewhere in this part, transmitters used in the radio services governed by this part must comply with the emission masks outlined in this section. Unless otherwise stated, per paragraphs (d)(4), (e)(4), and (m) of this section, measurements of emission power can be expressed in either peak or average values provided that emission powers are expressed with the same parameters used to specify the unmodulated transmitter carrier power. For transmitters that do not produce a full power unmodulated carrier, reference to the unmodulated transmitter carrier power refers to the total power contained in the channel bandwidth. Unless indicated elsewhere in this part, the table in this section specifies the emission masks for equipment operating in the frequency bands governed under this part.

Applicable Emission Masks				
Frequency (MHz)	Mask for equipment with audio low-pass filter	Mask for equipment without audio low-pass filter		
Below 25 ⁽¹⁾	A or B	A or C		
25 – 50	В	С		
72 – 76	В	С		
150 – 174 ⁽²⁾	B, D, or E	C, D, or E		
150 paging only	В	С		
220 – 222	F	F		
421 – 512 ⁽²⁾	B, D, or E	C, D, or E		
450 paging only	В	G		
806 - 809 / 851 - 854	В	Н		
809 - 824 / 854 - 869 ⁽³⁾	В	G		
896 – 901 / 935 – 940	I	J		
$902 - 928^{(4)}$	K	K		
929 – 930	В	G		
4940 – 4990	L or M	L or M		
5850 - 5925 ⁽⁴⁾	-	-		
All other bands	В	С		

⁽¹⁾ Equipment using single sideband J3E emission must the requirements of Emission Mask A. Equipment using other emissions must meet the requirements of Emission Mask B or C, as applicable.

⁽²⁾ Equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask B or C, as applicable. Equipment designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask D, and equipment designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth Must meet the requirements of Emission Mask E.

⁽³⁾ Equipment used in this licensed to EA or non-EA systems shall comply with the emission mask provisions of § 90.691.

⁽⁴⁾ DSRCS Roadside Units equipment in the 5850-5925 MHz band is governed under subpart M of this part.



C.3. **Measurement Uncertainty**

Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)	
+1 11/-1 22	

C.4. **Deviations**

Deviation	Time &	Description and	Deviation Reference			
Number	Date	Justification of Deviation	Base Standard	Test Basis	NTS Procedure	Approval
none						

C.5. **Test Method**

TIA 603-C, 2004

C.6. **Test Results**

Compliant. The device does not degrade the modulated rf waveform. This is demonstrated by comparing the input waveform to the output waveform.

C.7. **Deviations from Normal Operating Mode During Test**

None.

C.8. **Sample Calculation**

None.

C.9. **Test Data**

See plots following.

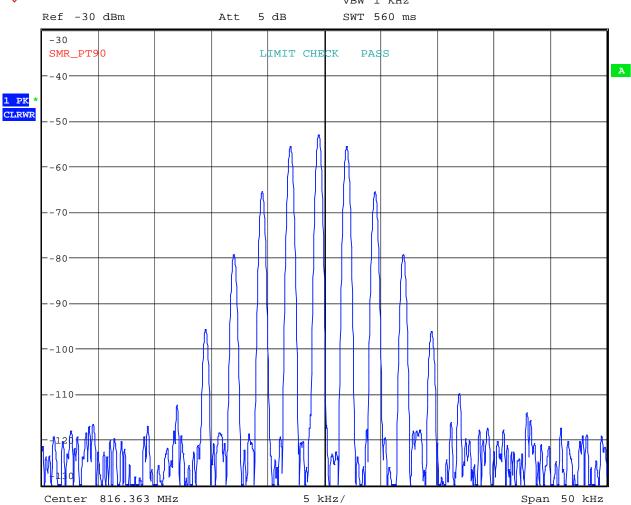




Figure 1 Analogue Input - FM modulated 2.5 kHz tone @ 3 kHz deviation



*RBW 300 Hz VBW 1 kHz



Date: 21.MAY.2007 21:57:16



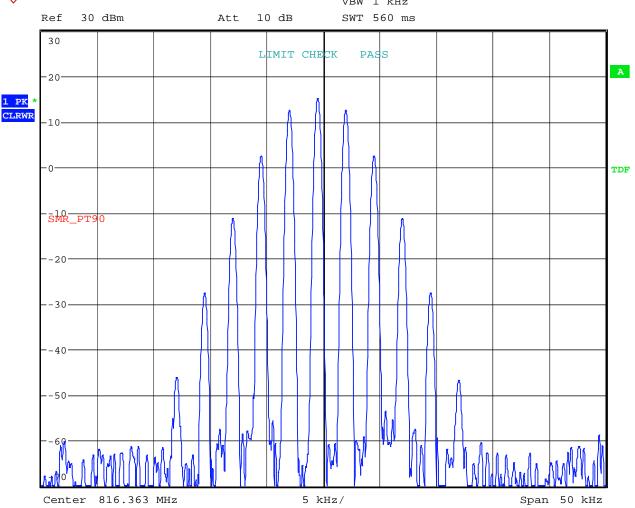


Model: MR803D FCC ID.: BCR-RPT-MR803D

Figure 2 Analogue Output - FM modulated 2.5 kHz tone @ 3 kHz deviation



*RBW 300 Hz VBW 1 kHz



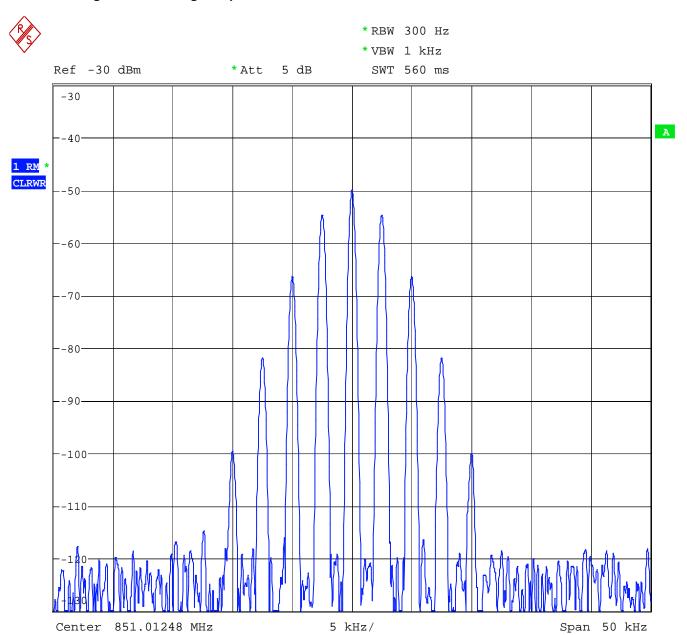
Date: 21.MAY.2007 21:49:32





Model: MR803D FCC ID.: BCR-RPT-MR803D

Figure 3 Analogue Input – FM modulated 2.5 kHz tone @ 3 kHz deviation



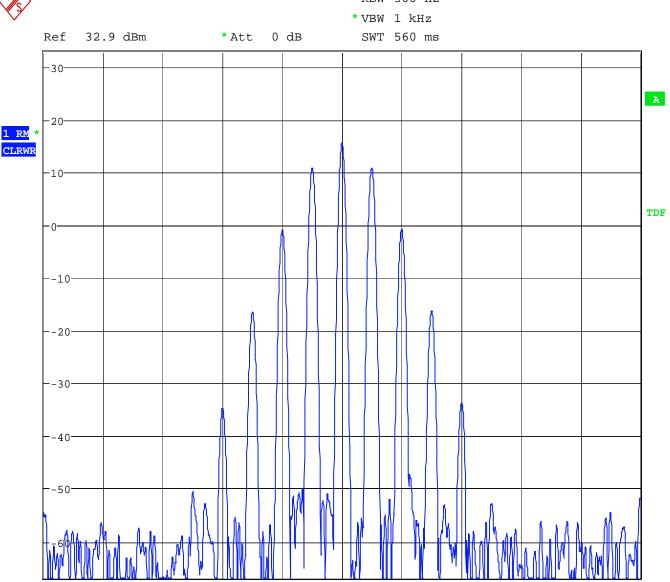
Date: 21.MAY.2007 16:04:45



Figure 4 Analogue Output – FM modulated 2.5 kHz tone @ 3 kHz deviation



*RBW 300 Hz



5 kHz/

Span 50 kHz

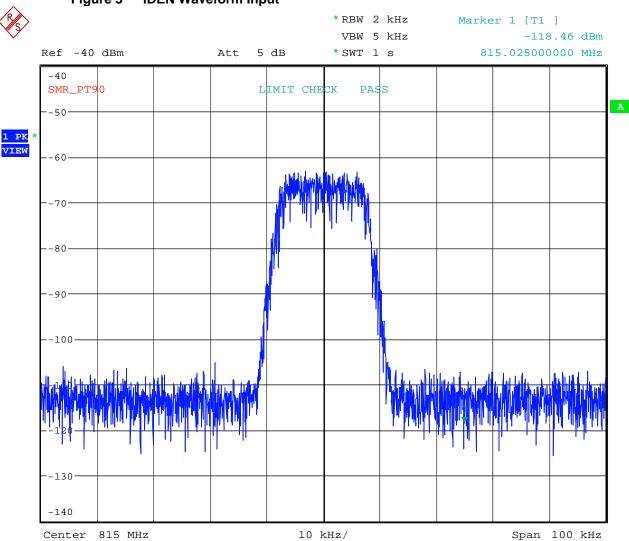
Date: 21.MAY.2007 15:53:09

Center

851.01248 MHz

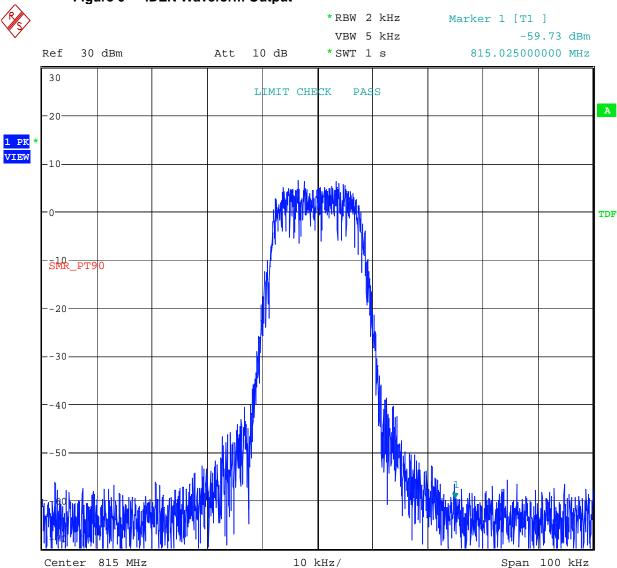






Date: 21.MAY.2007 22:28:18



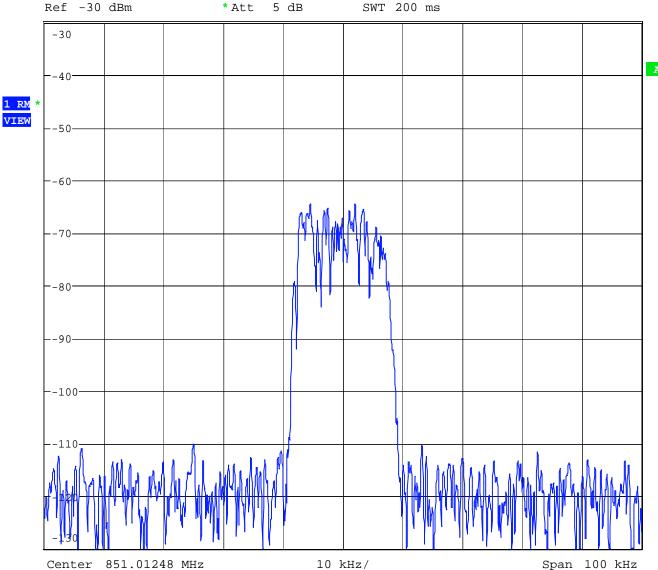


Date: 21.MAY.2007 22:26:56





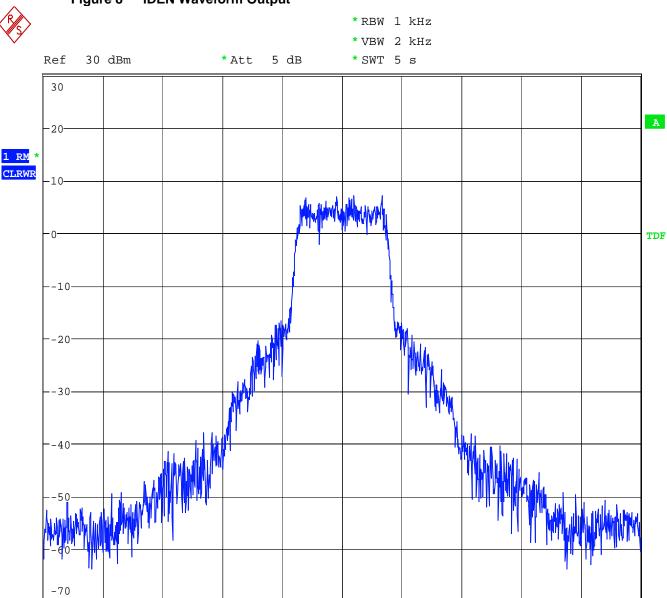




Date: 21.MAY.2007 16:33:55







10 kHz/

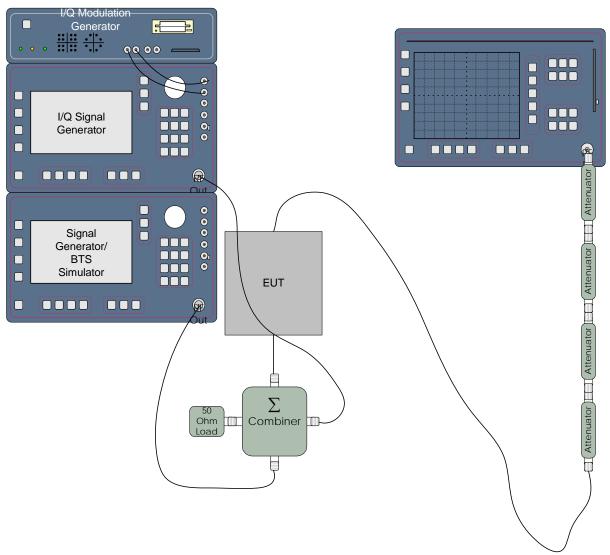
Span 100 kHz

Date: 21.MAY.2007 16:42:57

Center 851.01248 MHz



C.10. **Test Diagram**



C.11. Tested By

Name: Tom Tidwell,

Function: Manager of Wireless Services

Test Date: 17 - 21 May, 2007



APPENDIX D: 2.1051 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA **TERMINALS**

D.1. **Base Standard & Test Basis**

Base Standard	FCC 2.1051
Test Basis	FCC 2.1051 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals
Test Method	TIA 603-C, 2004

D.2. **Specifications**

90.210 Emission masks.

Except as indicated elsewhere in this part, transmitters used in the radio services governed by this part must comply with the emission masks outlined in this section. Unless otherwise stated, per paragraphs (d)(4), (e)(4), and (m) of this section, measurements of emission power can be expressed in either peak or average values provided that emission powers are expressed with the same parameters used to specify the unmodulated transmitter carrier power. For transmitters that do not produce a full power unmodulated carrier, reference to the unmodulated transmitter carrier power refers to the total power contained in the channel bandwidth. Unless indicated elsewhere in this part, the table in this section specifies the emission masks for equipment operating in the frequency bands governed under this part.

Applicable Emission Masks							
Frequency (MHz)	Mask for equipment with audio	Mask for equipment without					
	low-pass filter	audio low-pass filter					
Below 25 ⁽¹⁾	A or B	A or C					
25 – 50	В	С					
72 – 76	В	О					
150 – 174 ⁽²⁾	B, D, or E	C, D, or E					
150 paging only	В	С					
220 – 222	F	F					
421 – 512 ⁽²⁾	B, D, or E	C, D, or E					
450 paging only	В	G					
806 - 809 / 851 - 854	В	Н					
809 - 824 / 854 - 869 ⁽³⁾	В	G					
896 – 901 / 935 – 940	I	J					
902 – 928 ⁽⁴⁾	K	K					
929 – 930	В	G					
4940 – 4990	L or M	L or M					
5850 - 5925 ⁽⁴⁾	-	-					
All other bands	В	С					

⁽¹⁾ Equipment using single sideband J3E emission must the requirements of Emission Mask A. Equipment using other emissions must meet the requirements of Emission Mask B or C, as applicable.

⁽²⁾ Equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask B or C, as applicable. Equipment designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask D, and equipment designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth Must meet the requirements of Emission Mask E.

⁽³⁾ Equipment used in this licensed to EA or non-EA systems shall comply with the emission mask provisions of § 90.691.

⁽⁴⁾ DSRCS Roadside Units equipment in the 5850-5925 MHz band is governed undersubpart M of this part.



D.3. **Measurement Uncertainty**

Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)			
+1.11/-1.22			

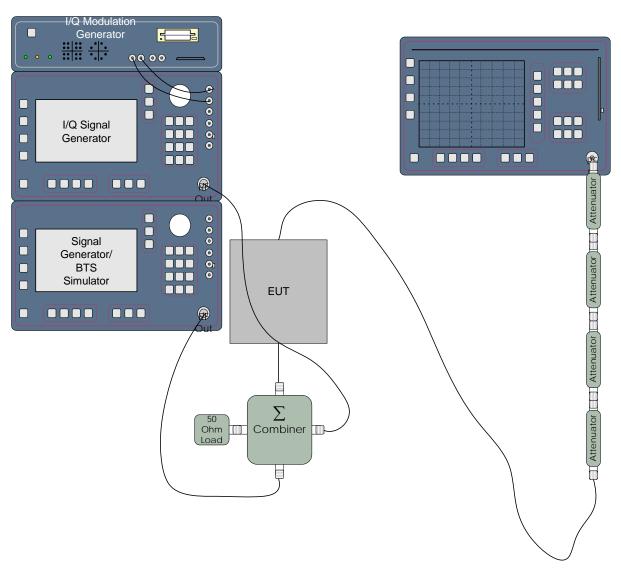
D.4. **Deviations**

	Time &	Justification of	Deviation Reference			
	Date		Base Standard	Test Basis	NTS Procedure	Approval
none						

D.5. **Test Results**

Compliant. All emissions meet the limits of the specified spectral mask.

Test Diagram D.6.



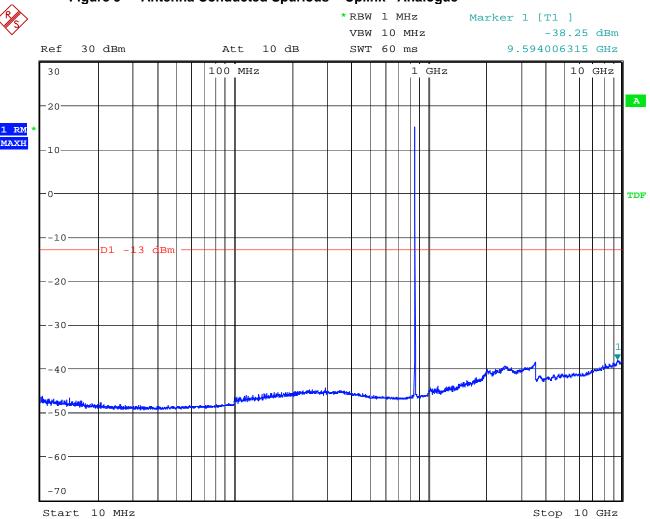
D.7. Test Data

See following pages.



Model: MR803D FCC ID.: BCR-RPT-MR803D

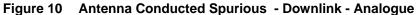


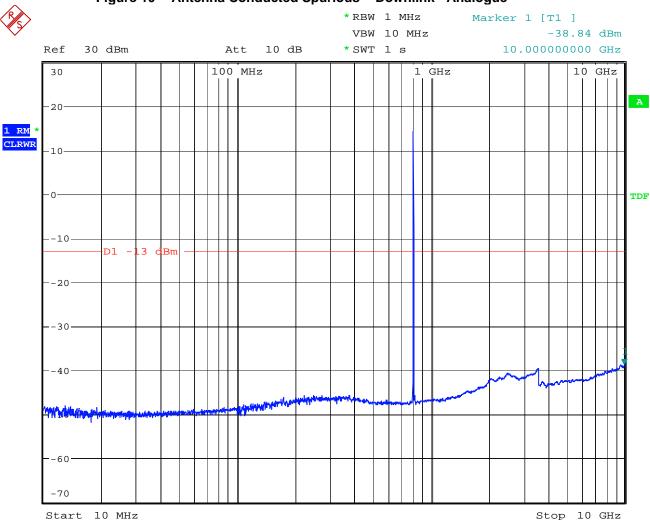


Date: 10.JUL.2007 15:23:53



Model: MR803D FCC ID.: BCR-RPT-MR803D



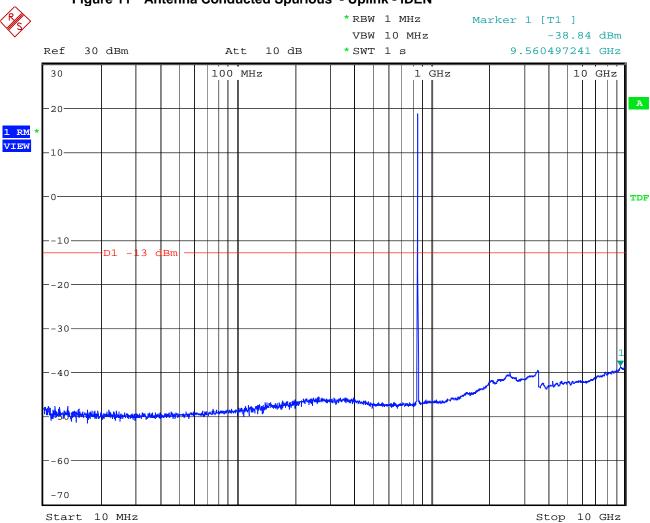


Date: 10.JUL.2007 15:11:54



Model: MR803D FCC ID.: BCR-RPT-MR803D



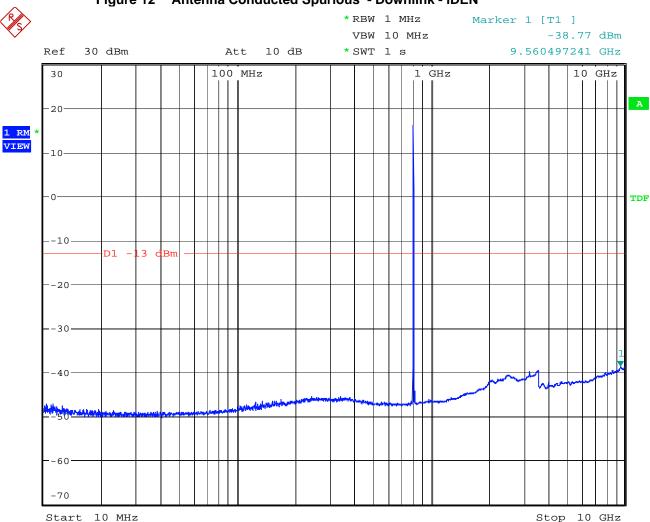


Date: 10.JUL.2007 15:19:54



Model: MR803D FCC ID.: BCR-RPT-MR803D

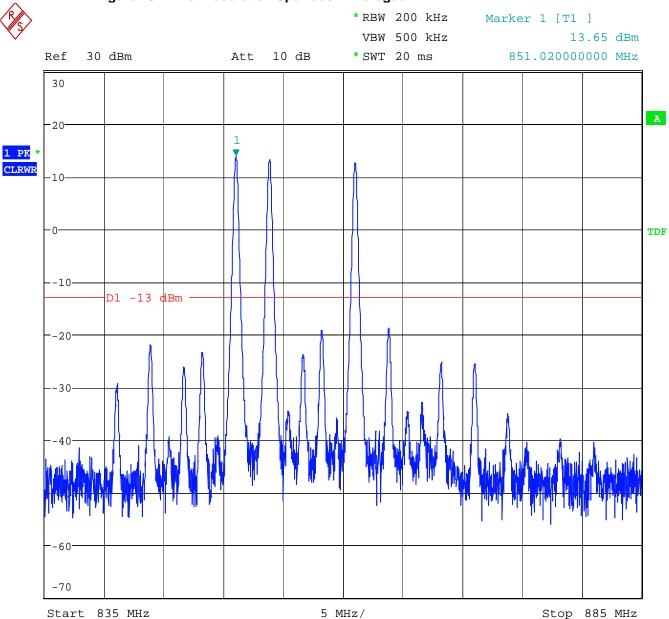




Date: 10.JUL.2007 15:17:30



Figure 13 Intermodulation Spurious - Analogue

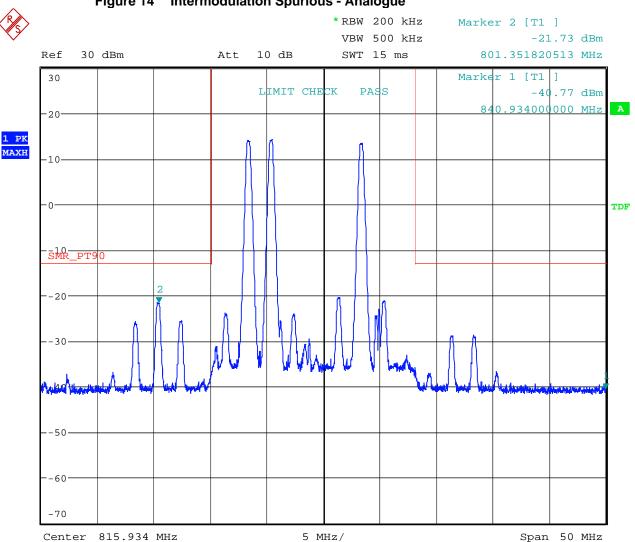


Date: 21.MAY.2007 17:19:30





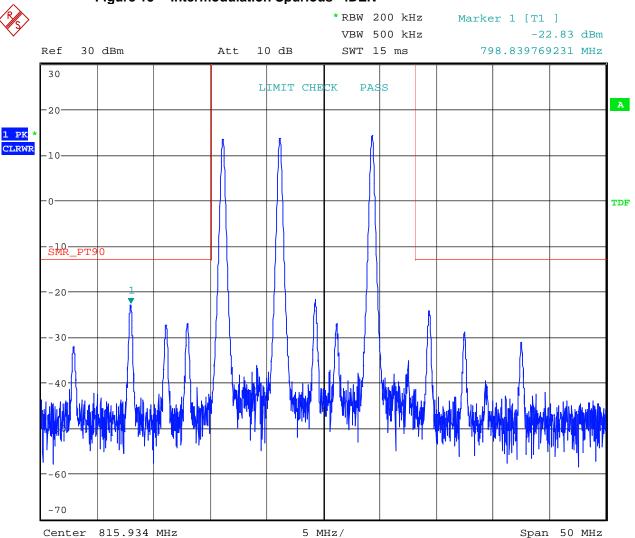
Figure 14 Intermodulation Spurious - Analogue



Date: 21.MAY.2007 21:20:33



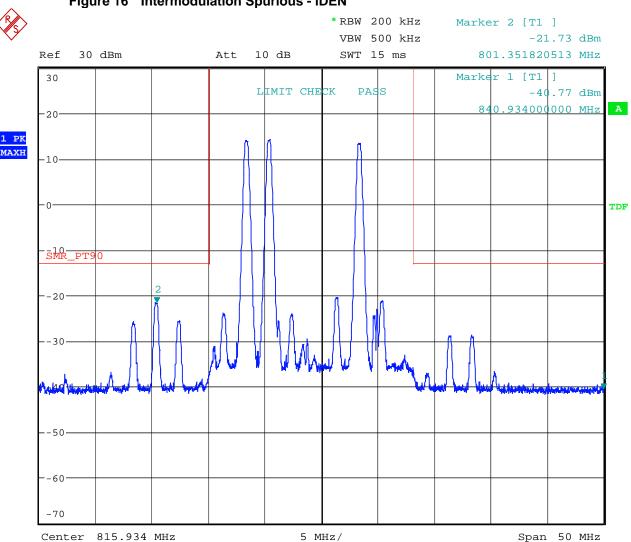
Figure 15 Intermodulation Spurious - iDEN



Date: 21.MAY.2007 21:40:03



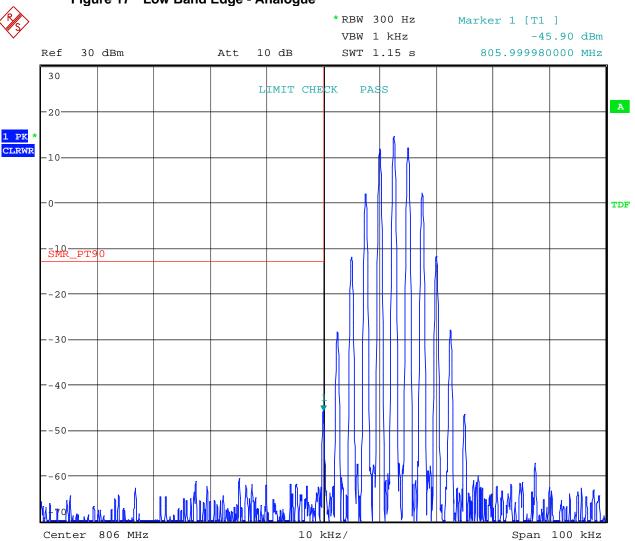
Figure 16 Intermodulation Spurious - iDEN



Date: 21.MAY.2007 21:20:33



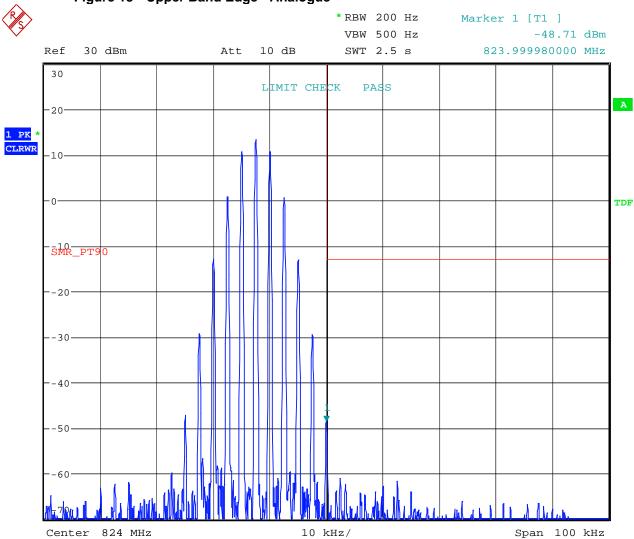
Figure 17 Low Band Edge - Analogue



Date: 21.MAY.2007 21:42:41



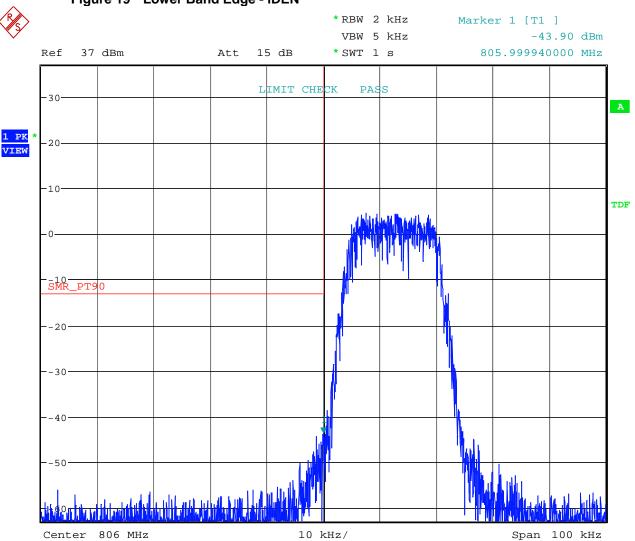
Figure 18 Upper Band Edge - Analogue



Date: 21.MAY.2007 21:45:15



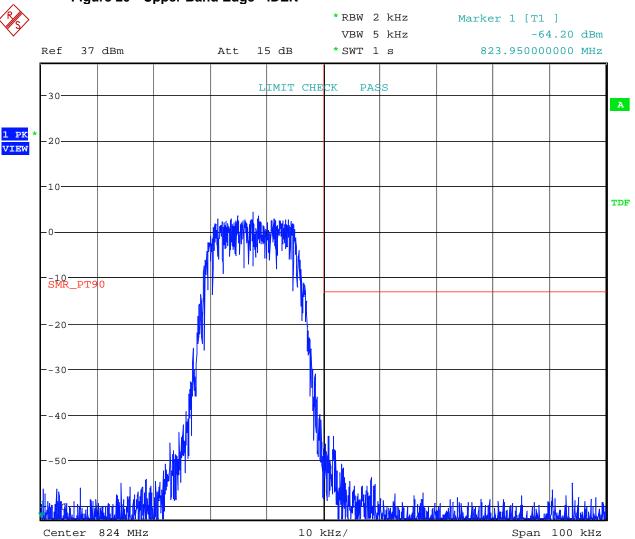




Date: 21.MAY.2007 22:23:26



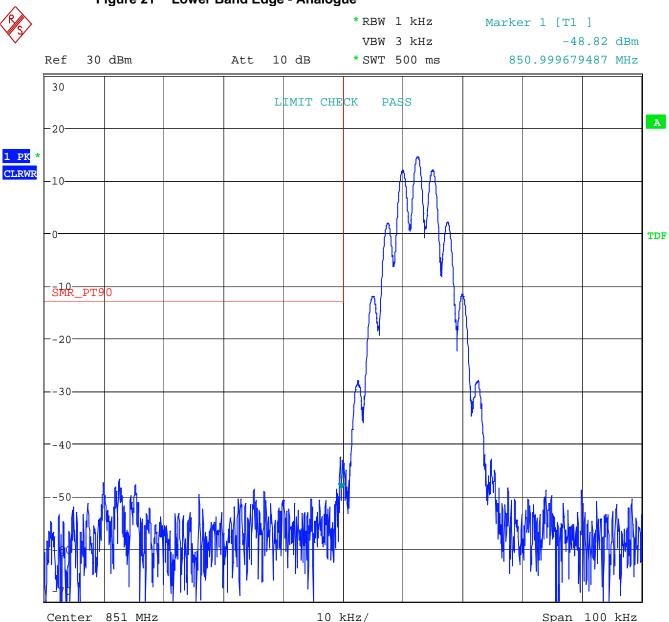




Date: 21.MAY.2007 22:24:13



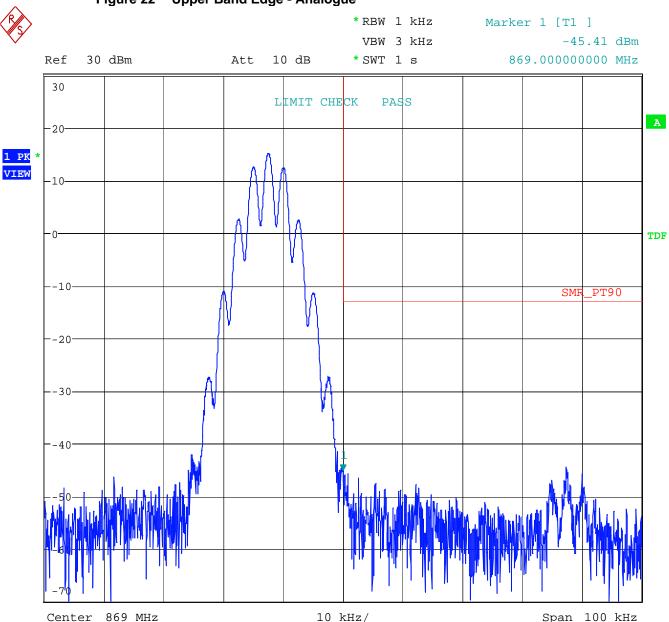
Figure 21 Lower Band Edge - Analogue



Date: 21.MAY.2007 17:57:43



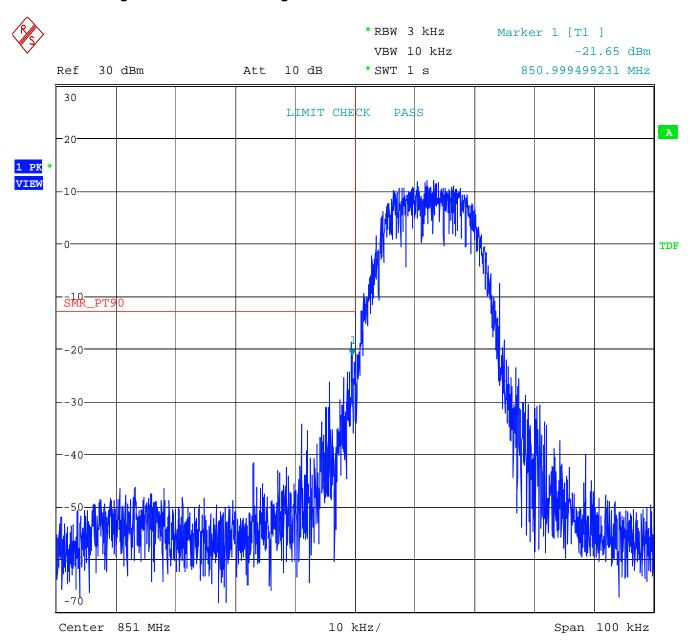
Figure 22 Upper Band Edge - Analogue



Date: 21.MAY.2007 17:55:38



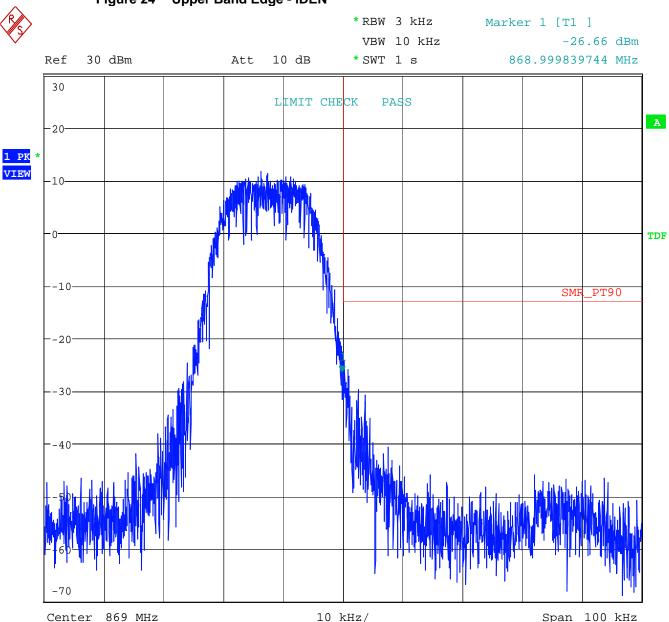
Figure 23 Lower Band Edge - iDEN



Date: 21.MAY.2007 17:47:48



Figure 24 Upper Band Edge - iDEN



Date: 21.MAY.2007 17:50:21



D.8. **Tested By**

Name: Tom Tidwell,

Function: Manager of Wireless Services

17 - 21 May, 2007 Test Date:





APPENDIX E: 2.1053 FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

Base Standard & Test Basis E.1.

Base Standard	FCC 2.1053
Test Basis	FCC 2.1053 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation
Test Method	TIA 603-C, 2004 Substitution Antenna Method

E.2. Limits

90.210 Emission masks.

Except as indicated elsewhere in this part, transmitters used in the radio services governed by this part must comply with the emission masks outlined in this section. Unless otherwise stated, per paragraphs (d)(4), (e)(4), and (m) of this section, measurements of emission power can be expressed in either peak or average values provided that emission powers are expressed with the same parameters used to specify the unmodulated transmitter carrier power. For transmitters that do not produce a full power unmodulated carrier, reference to the unmodulated transmitter carrier power refers to the total power contained in the channel bandwidth. Unless indicated elsewhere in this part, the table in this section specifies the emission masks for equipment operating in the frequency bands governed under this part.

Applicable Emission Masks					
Frequency (MHz)	Mask for equipment with audio	Mask for equipment without			
	low-pass filter	audio low-pass filter			
Below 25 ⁽¹⁾	A or B	A or C			
25 – 50	В	С			
72 – 76	В	С			
150 – 174 ⁽²⁾	B, D, or E	C, D, or E			
150 paging only	В	С			
220 – 222	F	F			
421 – 512 ⁽²⁾	B, D, or E	C, D, or E			
450 paging only	В	G			
806 - 809 / 851 - 854	В	Н			
809 - 824 / 854 - 869 ⁽³⁾	В	G			
896 - 901 / 935 - 940	l	J			
902 – 928 ⁽⁴⁾	K	K			
929 – 930	В	G			
4940 – 4990	L or M	L or M			
5850 - 5925 ⁽⁴⁾	-	-			
All other bands	В	С			

⁽¹⁾ Equipment using single sideband J3E emission must the requirements of Emission Mask A. Equipment using other emissions must meet the requirements of Emission Mask B or C, as applicable.

⁽²⁾ Equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask B or C, as applicable. Equipment designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask D, and equipment designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth Must meet the requirements of Emission Mask E.

⁽³⁾ Equipment used in this licensed to EA or non-EA systems shall comply with the emission mask provisions of § 90.691.

⁽⁴⁾ DSRCS Roadside Units equipment in the 5850-5925 MHz band is governed under subpart M of this part.



E.3. **Measurement Uncertainty**

Expanded Uncertainty (K=2) +1.11/-1.22

E.4. **Test Results**

This testing was not repeated since there were no modifications to the shielding of the device.





APPENDIX F: 2.1055 FREQUENCY STABILITY

F.1. **Base Standard & Test Basis**

Base Standard	FCC 2.1055
Test Method	TIA 603-C, 2004

Specifications

90.213 Frequency stability.

(a) Unless noted elsewhere, transmitters used in the services governed by this part must have a minimum frequency stability as specified in the following table.

Mini	imum Frequency Stability	(parts per million)	
Frequency (MHz)	,		
Below 25 ⁽²⁾			
25 – 50			
72 – 76			
150 – 174			
216 – 220 ⁽⁵⁾			
220 – 222			
406 – 512 ⁽²⁾			
806 - 809 / 851 - 854			
809 - 824 / 854 - 869			
896 – 901 / 935 – 940			
$902 - 928^{(4)}$			
929 – 930			
1427 – 1432 ⁽⁵⁾			
2450 - 2483.52 ⁽²⁾			
Above 2500 ⁽²⁾			

- (1) Fixed and base stations with over 200 watts transmitter power must have a frequency stability of 50 ppm except for equipment used in the Public Safety Pool where the frequency stability is 100 ppm.
- (2) For single sideband operations below 25 MHz, the carrier frequency must be maintained within 50 Hz of the authorized carrier frequency.
- (3) Travelers information station transmitters operating from 530-1700 kHz and transmitters exceeding 200 watts peak envelope power used for disaster communications and long distance circuit operations pursuant to §§ 90.242 and 90.264 must maintain the carrier frequency to within 20 Hz of the authorized frequency.
- (4) Stations operating in the 154.45 to 154.49 MHz or the 173.2 to 173.4 MHz bands must have a frequency stability of 5 ppm.
- (5) In the 150-174 MHz band, fixed and base stations with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 2.5 ppm. Fixed and base stations with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 1.0 ppm.
- (6) In the 150-174 MHz band, mobile stations designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth or designed to operate on a frequency specifically designated for itinerant use or designed for low-power operation of two watts or less, must have a frequency stability of 5.0 ppm. Mobile stations designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 2.0 ppm.
- (7) In the 421-512 MHz band, fixed and base stations with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 1.5 ppm. Fixed and base stations with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 0.5 ppm.
- (8) In the 421-512 MHz band, mobile stations designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 2.5 ppm. Mobile stations designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 1.0 ppm.





(9) Fixed stations with output powers above 120 watts and necessary bandwidth less than 3 kHz must operate with a frequency stability of 100 ppm. Fixed stations with output powers less than 120 watts and using time-division multiplex, must operate with a frequency stability of 500 ppm. (10) Except for DSRCS equipment in the 5850-5925 MHz band, frequency stability is to be specified in the station authorization. Frequency stability for DSRCS equipment in the 5850-5925 MHz band is specified in subpart M of this part.

- (11) Paging transmitters operating on paging-only frequencies must operate with frequency stability of 5 ppm in the 150-174 MHz band and 2.5 ppm in the 421-512 MHz band.
- (12) Mobile units may utilize synchronizing signals from associated base stations to achieve the specified carrier stability.
- (13) Fixed non-multilateration transmitters with an authorized bandwidth that is more than 40 kHz from the band edge, intermittently operated hand-held readers, and mobile transponders are not subject to frequency tolerance restrictions.
- (14) Control stations may operate with the frequency tolerance specified for associated mobile frequencies.

F.2. **Measurement Uncertainty**

Frequency	Measurement Uncertainty	Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)
(ppm)		

F.3. **Deviations**

Deviation	Time &	Description and	De	viation Referen	ce	
Number	Date	Justification of Deviation	Base Standard	Test Basis	NTS Procedure	Approval
none						

F.4. **Test Results**

Not applicable. This device does not perform frequency translation on the rf input signal,





APPENDIX G: 90.214 TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOUR

G.1. **Base Standard & Test Basis**

Base Standard	90.214
Test Method	TIA 603-C, 2004

G.2. **Specifications**

90.214 Transient frequency behavior.

Transmitters designed to operate in the 150-174 MHz and 421-512 MHz frequency bands must maintain transient frequencies within the maximum frequency difference limits during the time intervals indicated:

Time Intervals	Max. Freq. Difference	150 – 174 MHz	421 – 512 MHz			
Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment designed to operate on 25 kHz channels						
T1	+/- 25 kHz	5 ms	10 ms			
T2	+/- 12.5 kHz	20 ms	25 ms			
Т3	+/- 25 kHz	5 ms	10 ms			
Transient Freque	ency Behavior for Equipmer	nt designed to operate on 12	2.5 kHz channels			
T1	+/- 12.5 kHz	5 ms	10 ms			
T2	+/- 6.25 kHz	20 ms	25 ms			
Т3	+/- 12.5 kHz	5 ms	10 ms			
Transient Freque	ency Behavior for Equipmer	nt designed to operate on 6.	.25 kHz channels			
T1	+/- 6.25 kHz	5 ms	10 ms			
T2	+/- 3.125 kHz	20 ms	25 ms			
T3	+/- 6.25 kHz	5 ms	10 ms			

G.3. **Measurement Uncertainty**

Time	Measurement Uncertainty	Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)
(ms)	+/- 3 dB	+/- 3 dB

G.4. **Deviations**

Deviation Time &		Description and	Deviation Reference			
Number	Date	Justification of Deviation	Base Standard	Test Basis	NTS Procedure	Approval
none						

G.5. **Special Considerations**

G.6. **Test Results**

Not applicable. This device is not a keyed carrier device. The rf amplifier is on continuously.



APPENDIX H: TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

H.1. Radiated Emissions 30 MHz - 26.5 GHz Measurement Equipment

H.2. Field Strength of Spurious Emissions 30 MHz - 26.5 GHz Measurement Equipment

Description	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Calibration Frequency	Cal Due	NTS Control No.		
	3m ANECHOIC CHAMBER						
RX Bilog Antenna	ETS	3142C	12 Months	8/17/07	E1288P		
Ref. Horn Antenna	ETS	3115	12 Months	11/1/07	E1019P		
RX Horn Antenna	ETS	3115	12 Months		E1022P		
High Frequency - Cable 1	MegaPhase	TM26-3135- 144	12 Months	8/23/07	W1010P		
Reference Antenna	ETS	3121 Dipole Set	12 months	8/8/07	S/N. 274		
	CO	NTROL ROOM					
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	r FSQ 26	12 Months	9/21/07	W1020P		
High Frequency - Cable 2	MegaPhase	NA	12 Months	8/23/07	W1011P		
Amplifier	HP	8449B	12 Months	5/4/08	E1010P		

H.3. **Antenna Conducted Emissions Measurement Equipment**

		Model	Calibration	Calibration
Instrument	Manufacturer		Frequency	Due
	ANTENNA CONDUCT	ED EMISSIONS		
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSQ 26	12 Months	9/21/07
High Frequency - Cable 1	MegaPhase	TM26-3135- 144	12 Months	8/23/07
10 dB attenuator	Wiltron	43KC-10	12 Months	8/23/07
20 dB attenuator	Inmet	36AH-20	12 Months	8/23/07
3 dB attenuator	Inmet	36AH-3	12 Months	8/23/07
3 dB attenuator	Inmet	36AH-3	12 Months	8/23/07
50 ohm loads	Amphenol	50R	12 Months	8/28/07
I/Q Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMIQ 03	12 Months	8/25/07
I/Q Modulation Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	AMIQ	12 Months	8/28/07
Combiner	Mini-Circuits	ZFSC-2-2500	N/A	N/A*
IS-95 CDMA BTS simulator	Rohde & Schwarz	CMD80	N/A	N/A*

^{*} This device was not used for calibrated measurements.

Model: MR803D



FCC ID.: BCR-RPT-MR803D

END OF DOCUMENT