

**LTE BAND 17**

Band	Mode	RB Allocation/RB Offset	f(MHz)	99% BW (MHz)	-26dB BW (MHz)	
LTE BAND 17	5 MHz, QPSK	25/0	710.0	4.4972	4.907	
	5 MHz, 16QAM			4.5146	4.940	
	5 MHz, 64QAM			4.4984	4.927	
	10 MHz, QPSK	50/0		8.9790	10.340	
	10 MHz, 16QAM			8.9841	10.212	
	10 MHz, 64QAM			8.9359	9.355	

**LTE BAND 25**

Band	Mode	RB Allocation/RB Offset	f(MHz)	99% BW (MHz)	-26dB BW (MHz)	
LTE BAND 25	1.4 MHz, QPSK	6/0	1882.5	1.0868	1.242	
	1.4 MHz, 16QAM			1.0927	1.242	
	1.4 MHz, 64QAM			1.0940	1.245	
	3 MHz, QPSK	15/0		2.6929	1.983	
	3 MHz, 16QAM			2.6917	2.986	
	3 MHz, 64QAM			2.7045	2.986	
	5 MHz, QPSK	25/0		4.4921	4.897	
	5 MHz, 16QAM			4.4995	4.907	
	5 MHz, 64QAM			4.5001	4.939	
	10 MHz, QPSK	50/0		8.9955	10.361	
	10 MHz, 16QAM			9.0042	10.279	
	10 MHz, 64QAM			9.0245	10.370	
	15 MHz, QPSK	75/0		13.4646	15.327	
	15 MHz, 16QAM			13.4133	15.228	
	15 MHz, 64QAM			13.4860	15.350	
	20 MHz, QPSK	100/0		17.8731	19.609	
	20 MHz, 16QAM			17.8922	19.578	
	20 MHz, 64QAM			17.8452	18.698	

**LTE BAND 26(FCC PART 90S)**

Band	Mode	RB Allocation/RB Offset	f(MHz)	99% BW (MHz)	-26dB BW (MHz)	
LTE BAND 26	1.4 MHz, QPSK	1/0	819.0	.2376	.364	
	1.4 MHz, 16QAM			.2553	.368	
	1.4 MHz, 64QAM			.28179	.3746	
	1.4 MHz, QPSK	6/0		1.0904	1.241	
	1.4 MHz, 16QAM			1.0894	1.247	
	1.4 MHz, 64QAM			1.0882	1.243	
	3 MHz, QPSK	1/0		.2516	.369	
	3 MHz, 16QAM			.2573	.387	
	3 MHz, 64QAM			.2516	.3693	
	3 MHz, QPSK	15/0		2.7037	2.987	
	3 MHz, 16QAM			2.7023	2.990	
	3 MHz, 64QAM			2.7067	2.986	
	5 MHz, QPSK	1/0		.2248	.369	
	5 MHz, 16QAM			.2235	.392	
	5MHz, 64QAM			.2443	.394	
	5 MHz, QPSK	25/0		4.5259	4.957	
	5 MHz, 16QAM			4.5188	4.943	
	5 MHz, 64QAM			4.5046	4.927	
	10 MHz, QPSK	1/0		.2801	.404	
	10 MHz, 16QAM			.2668	.426	
	10 MHz, 64QAM			.2923	.448	
	10 MHz, QPSK	50/0		9.0100	10.423	
	10 MHz, 16QAM			9.0092	10.431	
	10 MHz, 64QAM			9.0474	10.480	

**LTE BAND 30**

Band	Mode	RB Allocation/RB Offset	f(MHz)	99% BW (MHz)	-26dB BW (MHz)	
LTE BAND 30	5 MHz, QPSK	25/0	2310.0	4.5061	4.916	
	5 MHz, 16QAM			4.5104	4.979	
	5 MHz, 64QAM			4.4964	4.924	
	10 MHz, QPSK	50/0		8.9843	10.113	
	10 MHz, 16QAM			9.0022	10.252	
	10 MHz, 64QAM			8.9322	9.362	

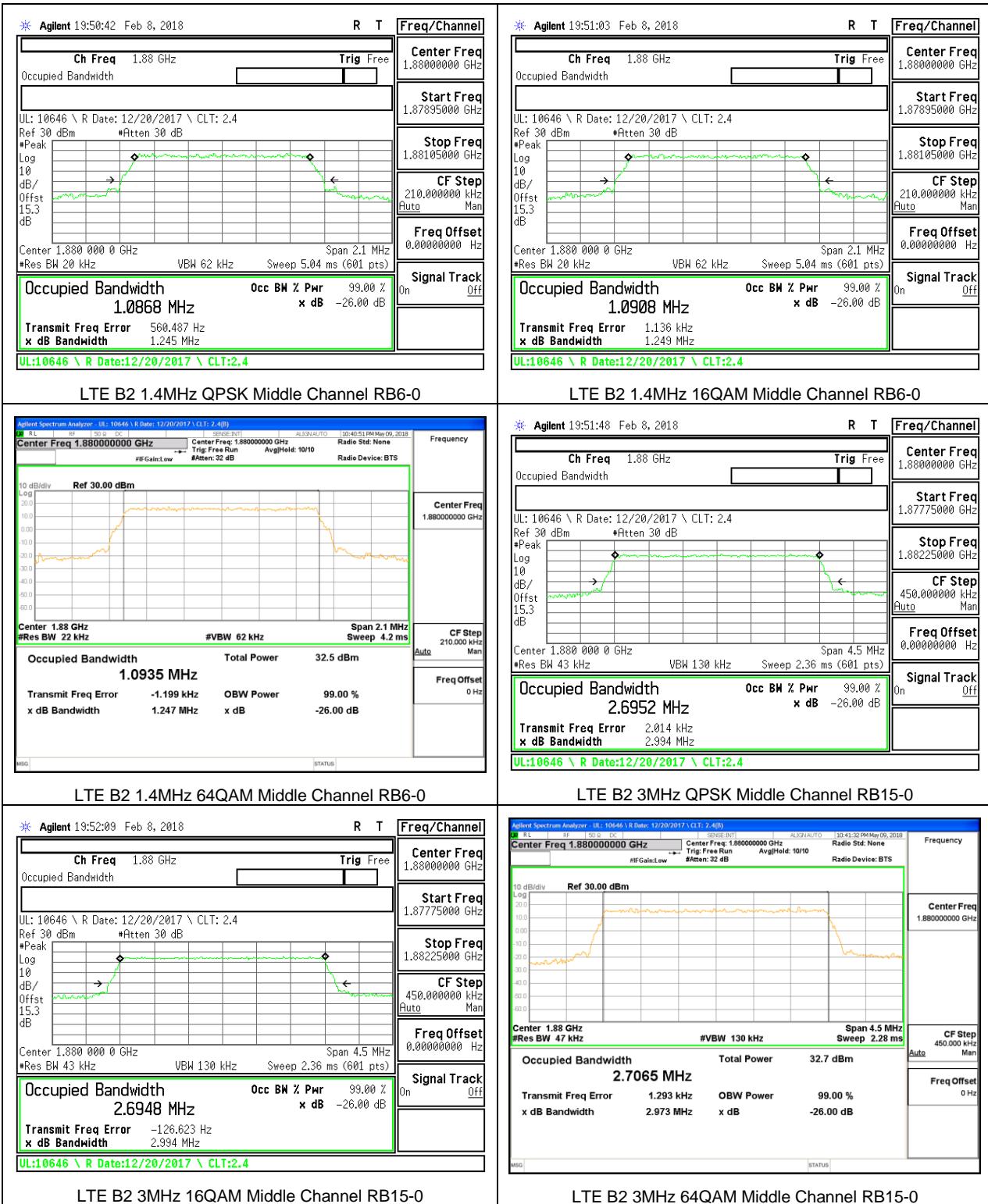
**LTE BAND 41**

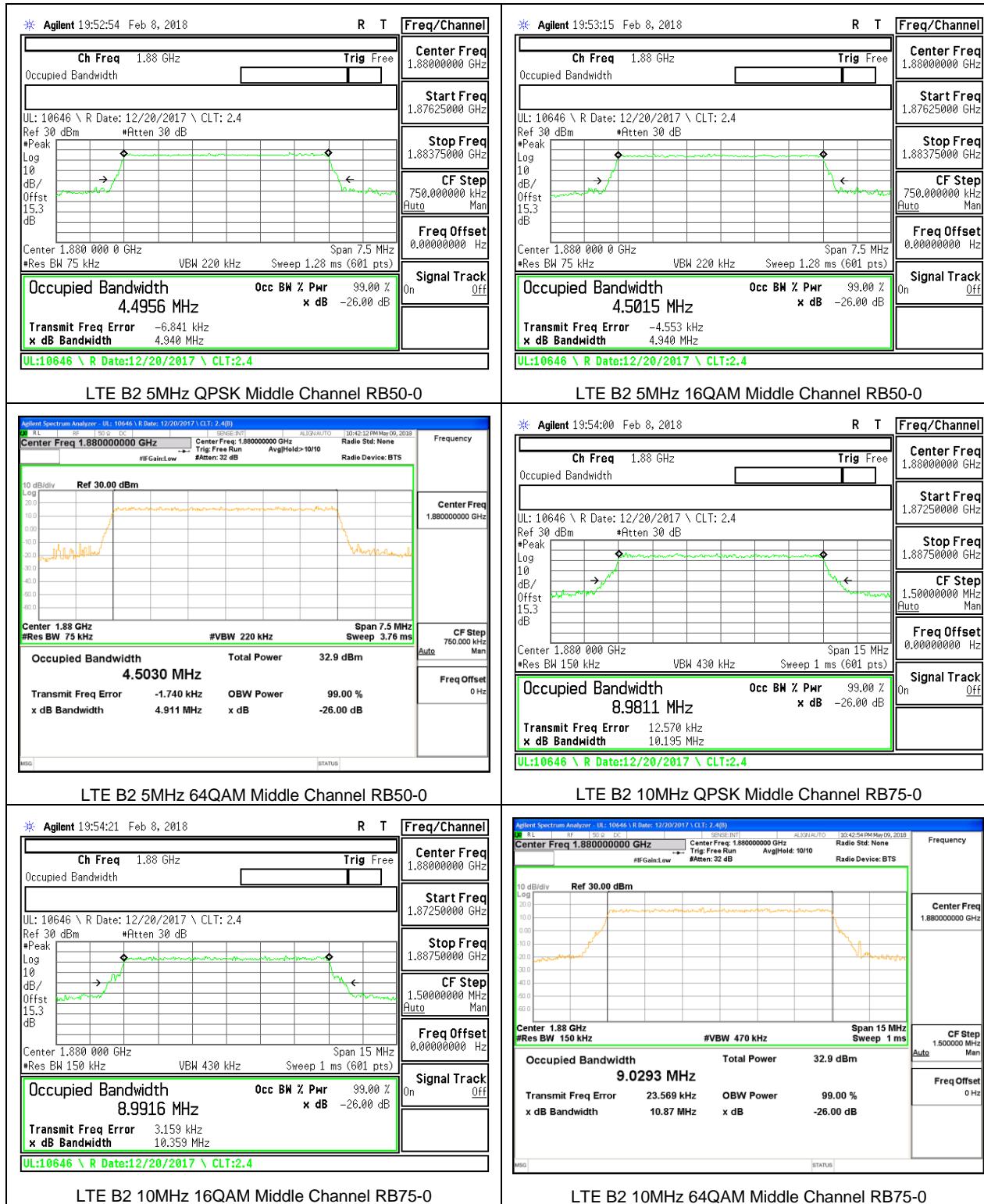
Band	Mode	RB Allocation/RB Offset	f(MHz)	99% BW (MHz)	-26dB BW (MHz)	
LTE BAND 41	5 MHz, QPSK	25/0	2593.0	4.5077	4.841	
	5 MHz, 16QAM			4.4857	4.874	
	5 MHz, 64QAM			4.4979	5.156	
	10 MHz, QPSK	50/0		8.9835	10.330	
	10 MHz, 16QAM			8.9697	9.717	
	10 MHz, 64QAM			9.0348	11.290	
	15 MHz, QPSK	75/0		13.4348	15.107	
	15 MHz, 16QAM			13.4559	15.379	
	15 MHz, 64QAM			13.4500	15.610	
	20 MHz, QPSK	100/0		17.8741	19.628	
	20 MHz, 16QAM			17.8783	19.393	
	20 MHz, 64QAM			17.8840	19.640	

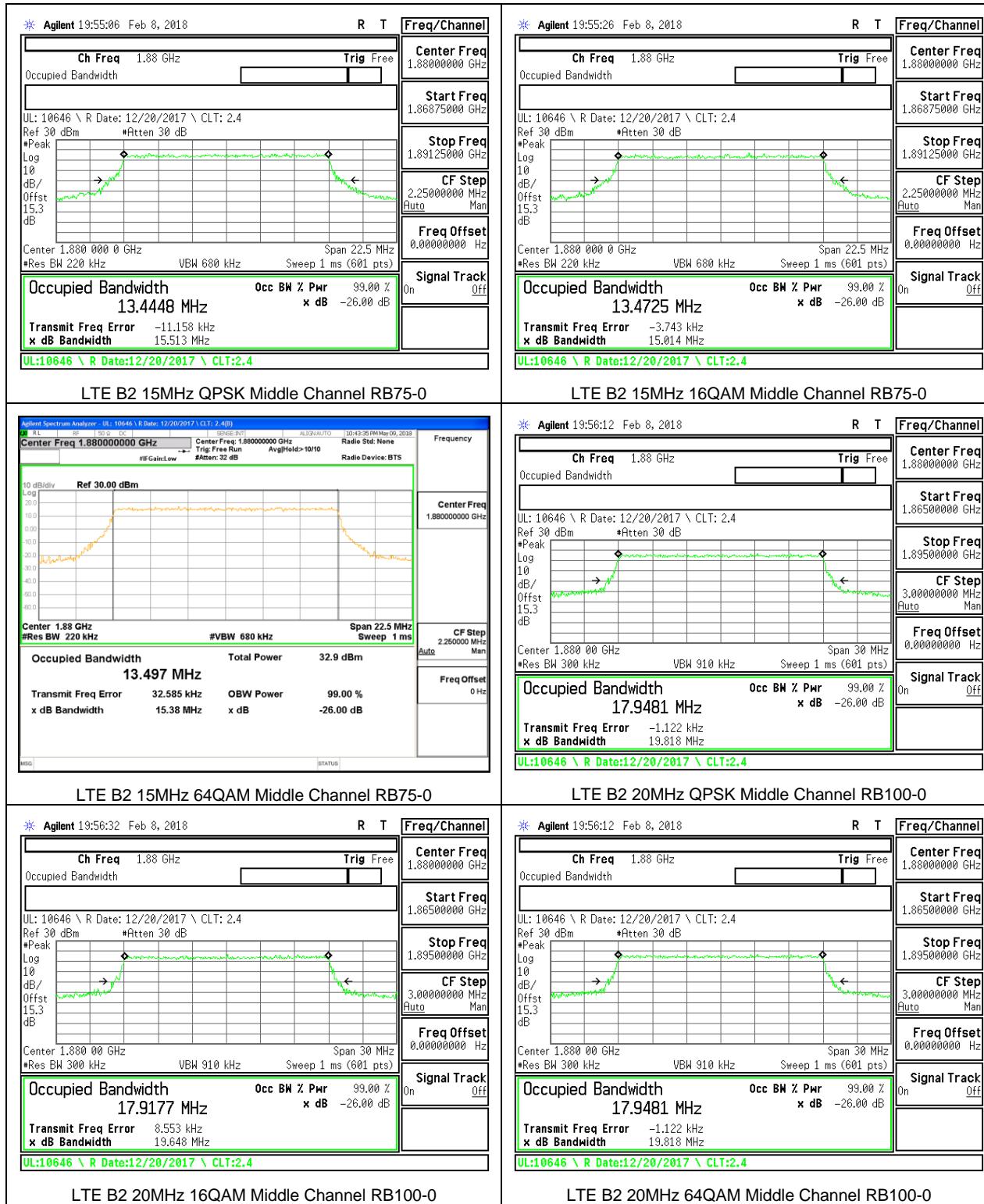
**LTE BAND 66**

Band	Mode	RB Allocation/RB Offset	f(MHz)	99% BW (MHz)	-26dB BW (MHz)	
LTE BAND 66	1.4 MHz, QPSK	6/0	1732.5	1.0877	1.244	
	1.4 MHz, 16QAM			1.0858	1.243	
	1.4MHz 64QAM			1.0908	1.244	
	3 MHz, QPSK	15/0		2.6951	2.979	
	3 MHz, 16QAM			2.6929	2.986	
	3MHz 64QAM			2.6868	2.987	
	5 MHz, QPSK	25/0		4.4891	4.927	
	5 MHz, 16QAM			4.5065	4.930	
	5MHz 64QAM			4.5010	4.967	
	10 MHz, QPSK	50/0		9.0243	10.420	
	10 MHz, 16QAM			8.9919	10.300	
	10MHz 64QAM			9.0174	10.460	
	15 MHz, QPSK	75/0		13.4560	15.160	
	15 MHz, 16QAM			13.4690	15.300	
	15MHz 64QAM			13.4790	15.530	
	20 MHz, QPSK	100/0		17.9230	19.770	
	20 MHz, 16QAM			17.9460	19.880	
	20MHz 64QAM			17.8027	18.668	

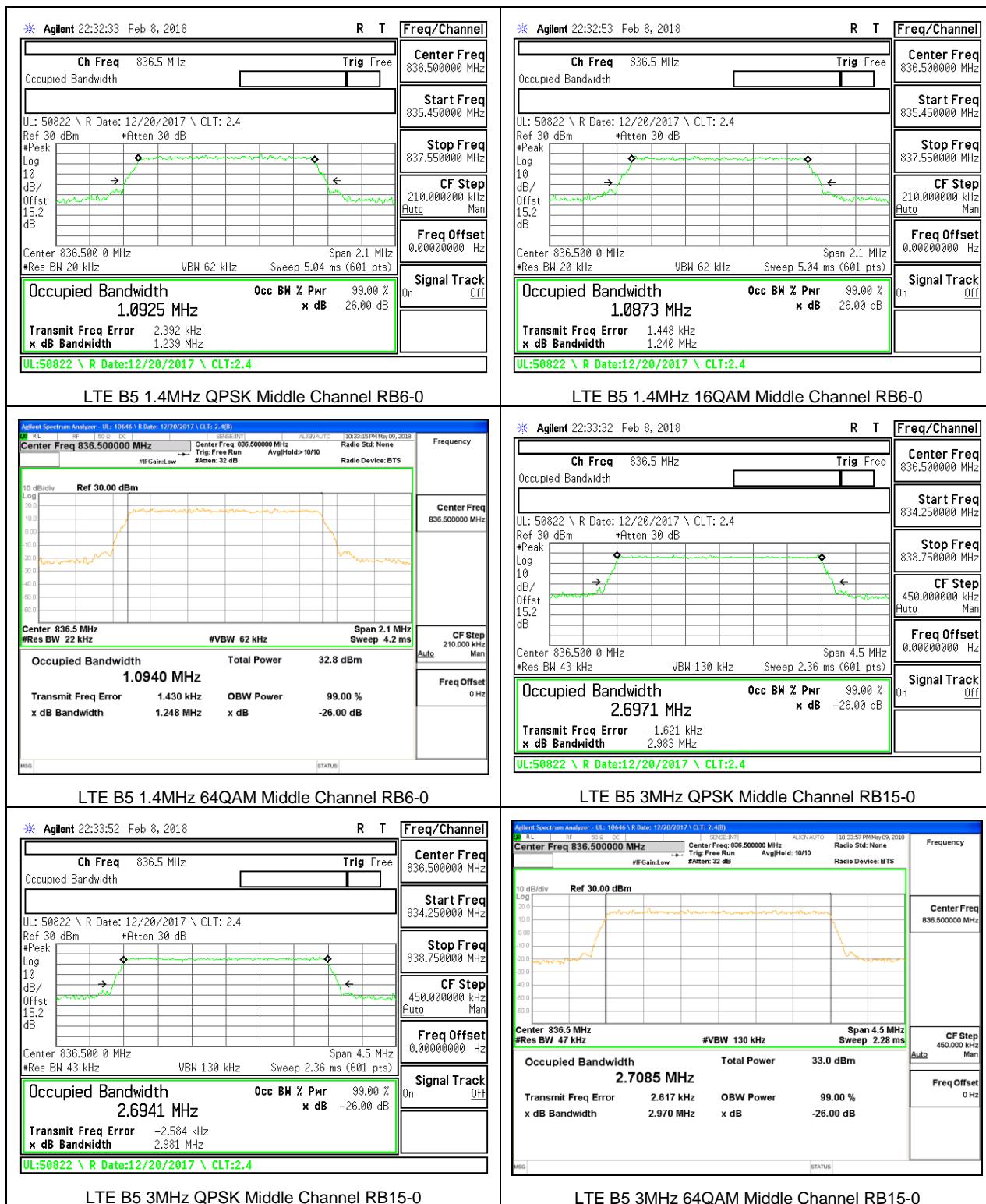
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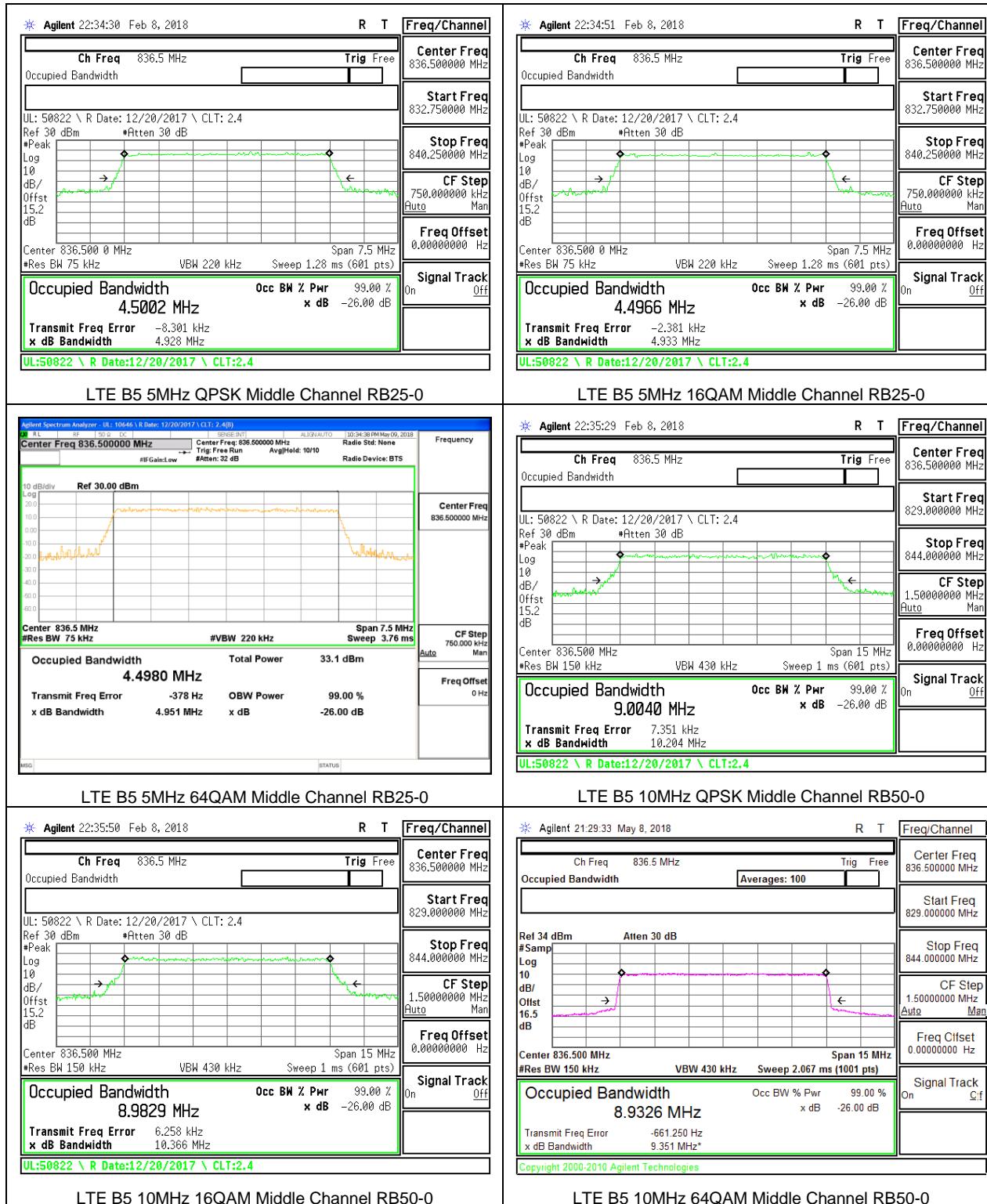




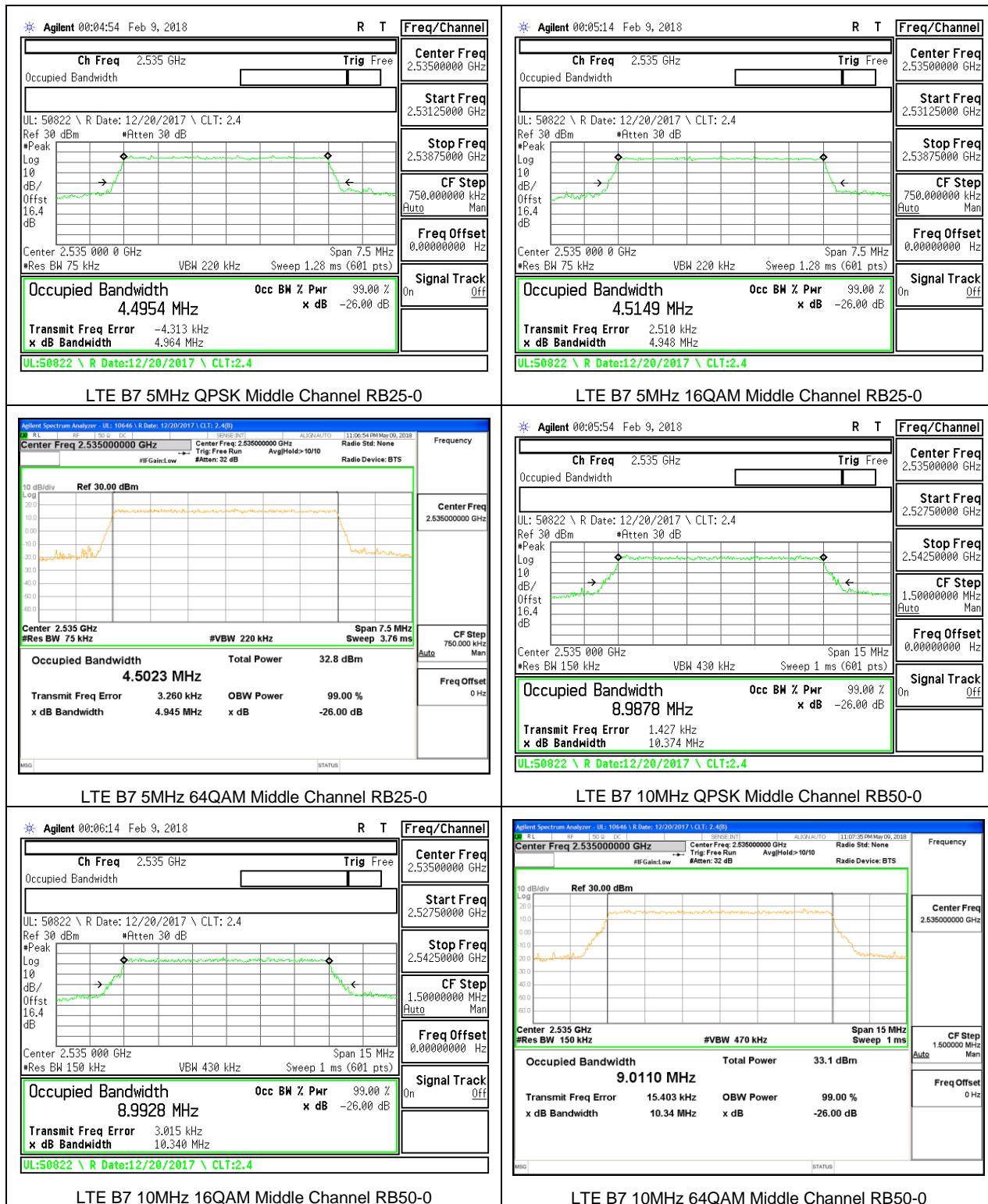


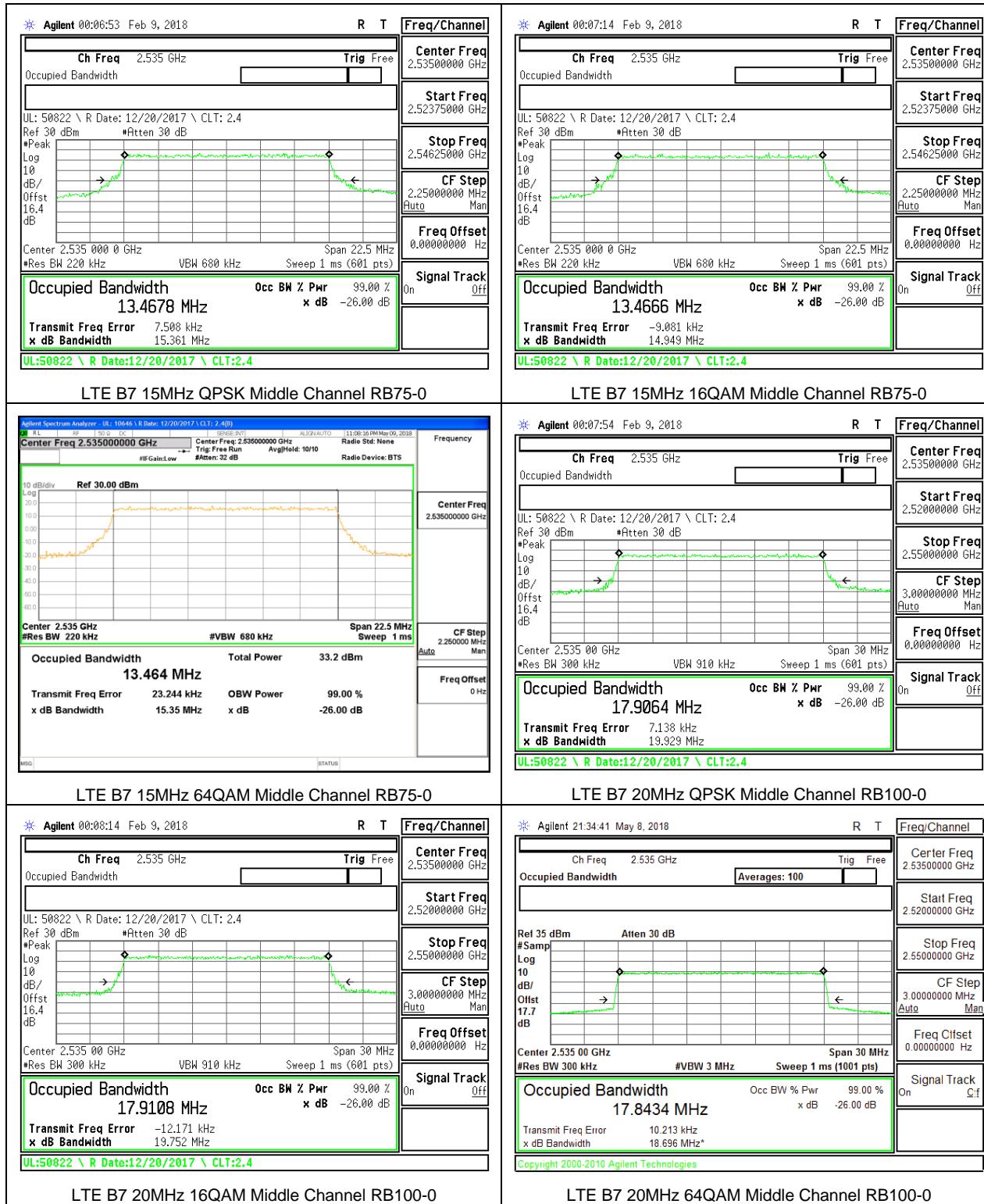
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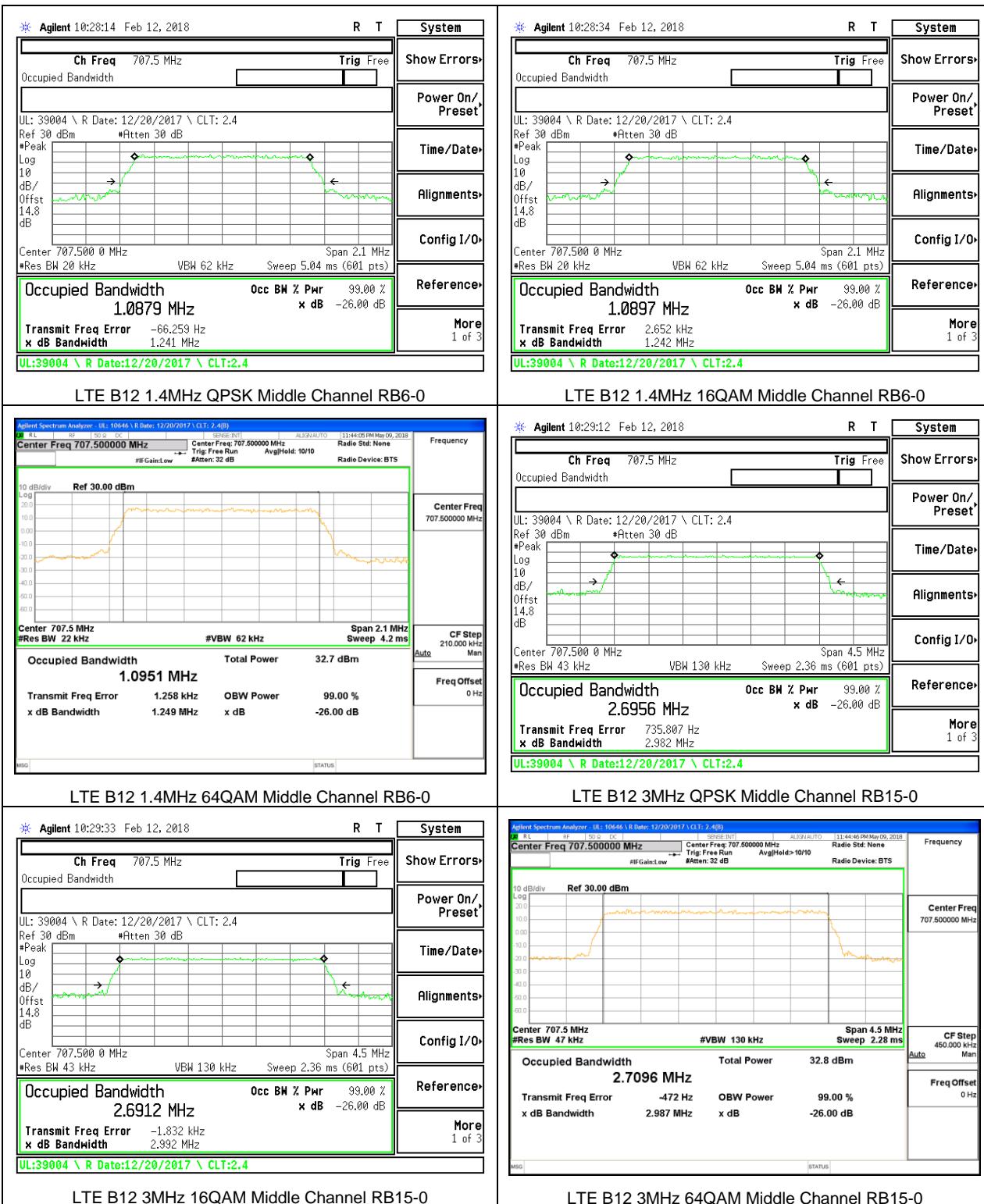


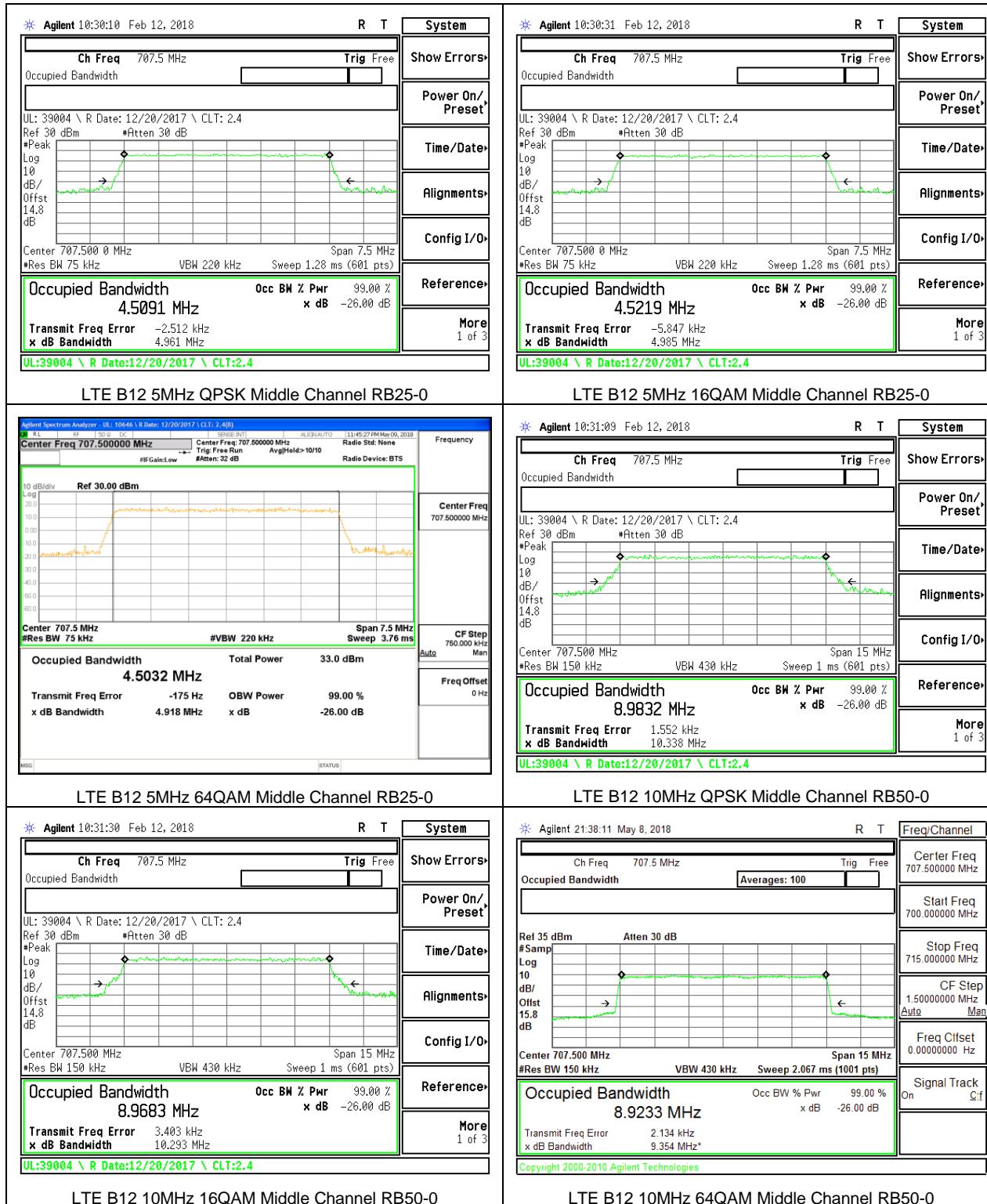
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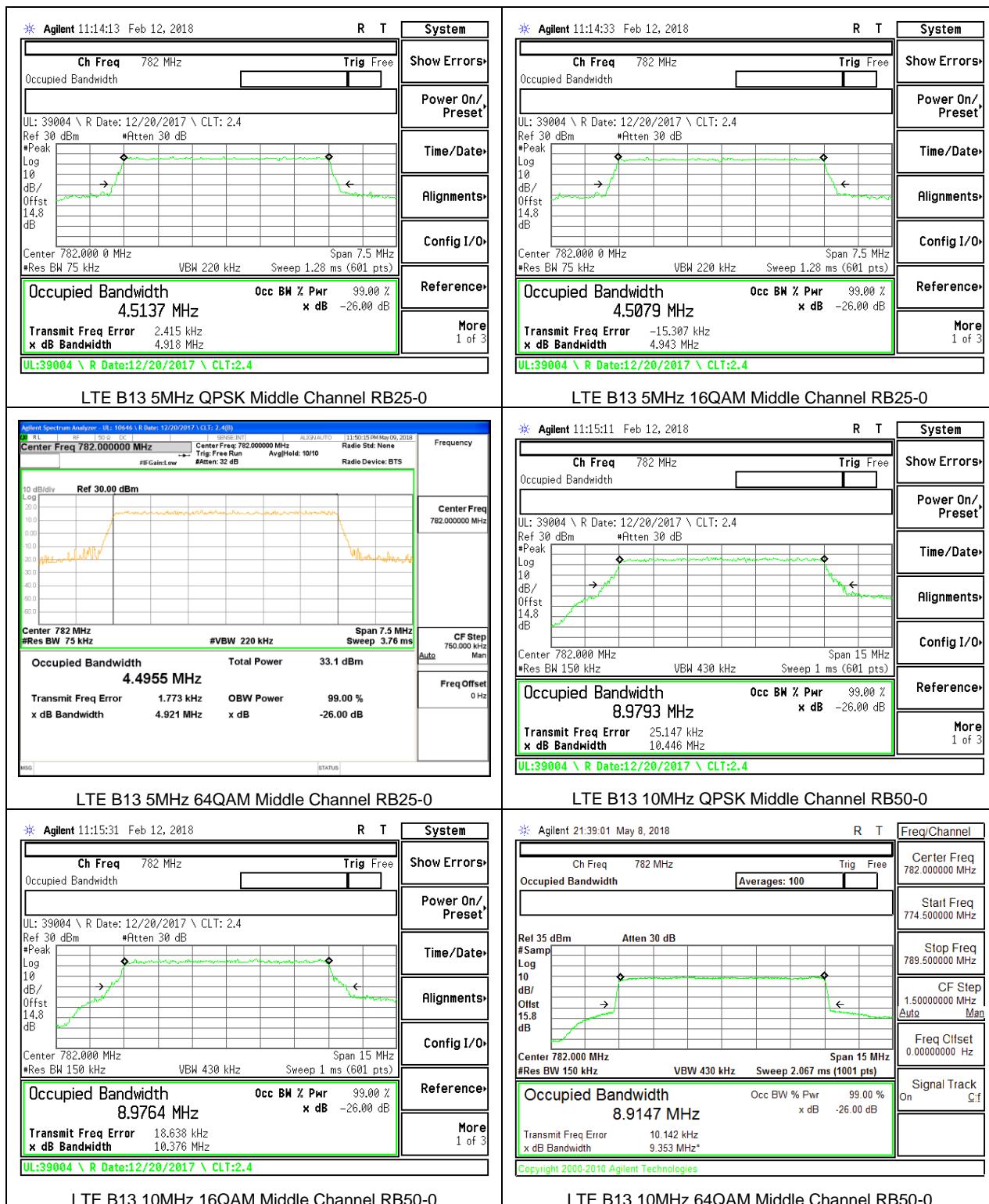


## 8.1.4. LTE BAND 12

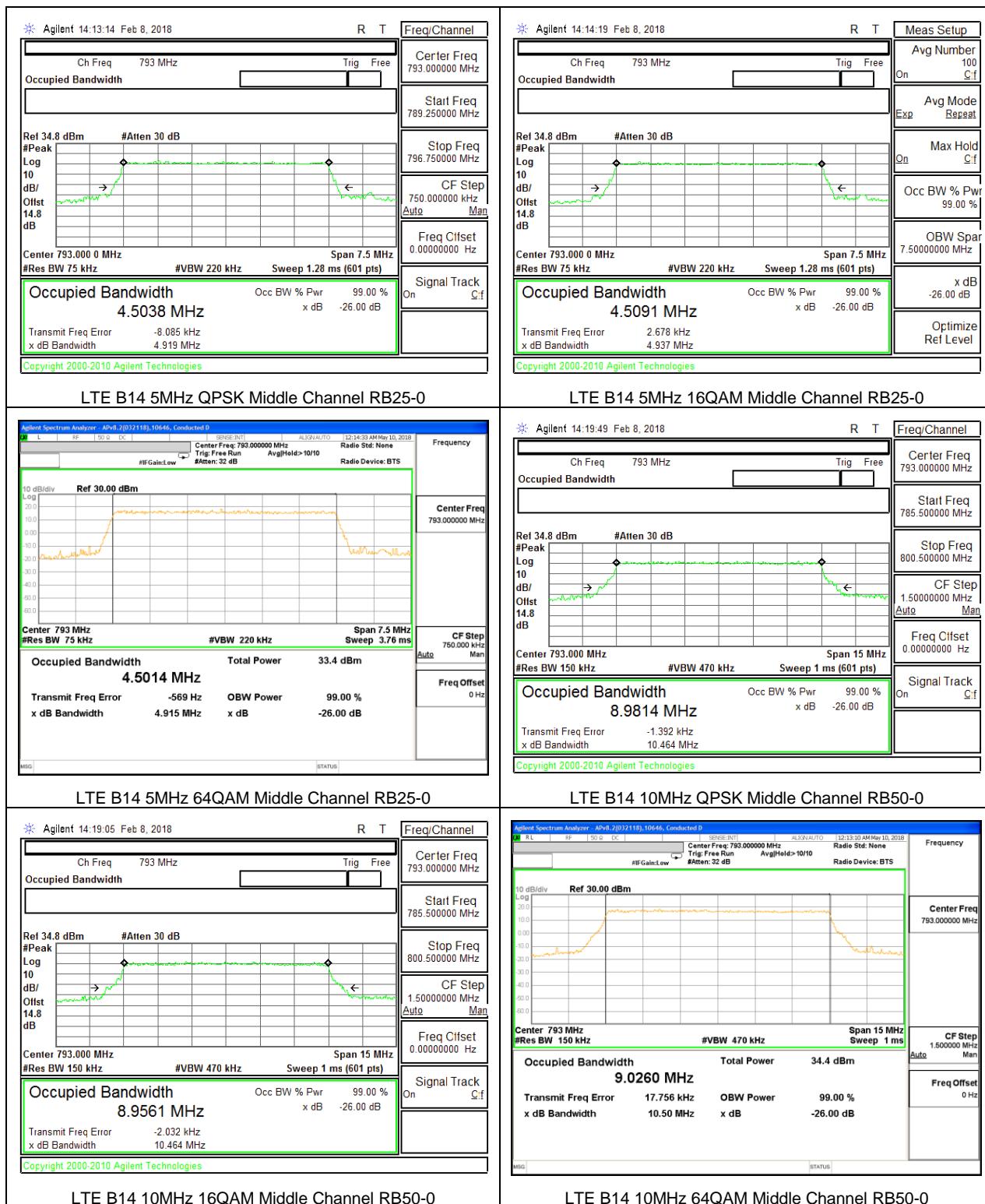




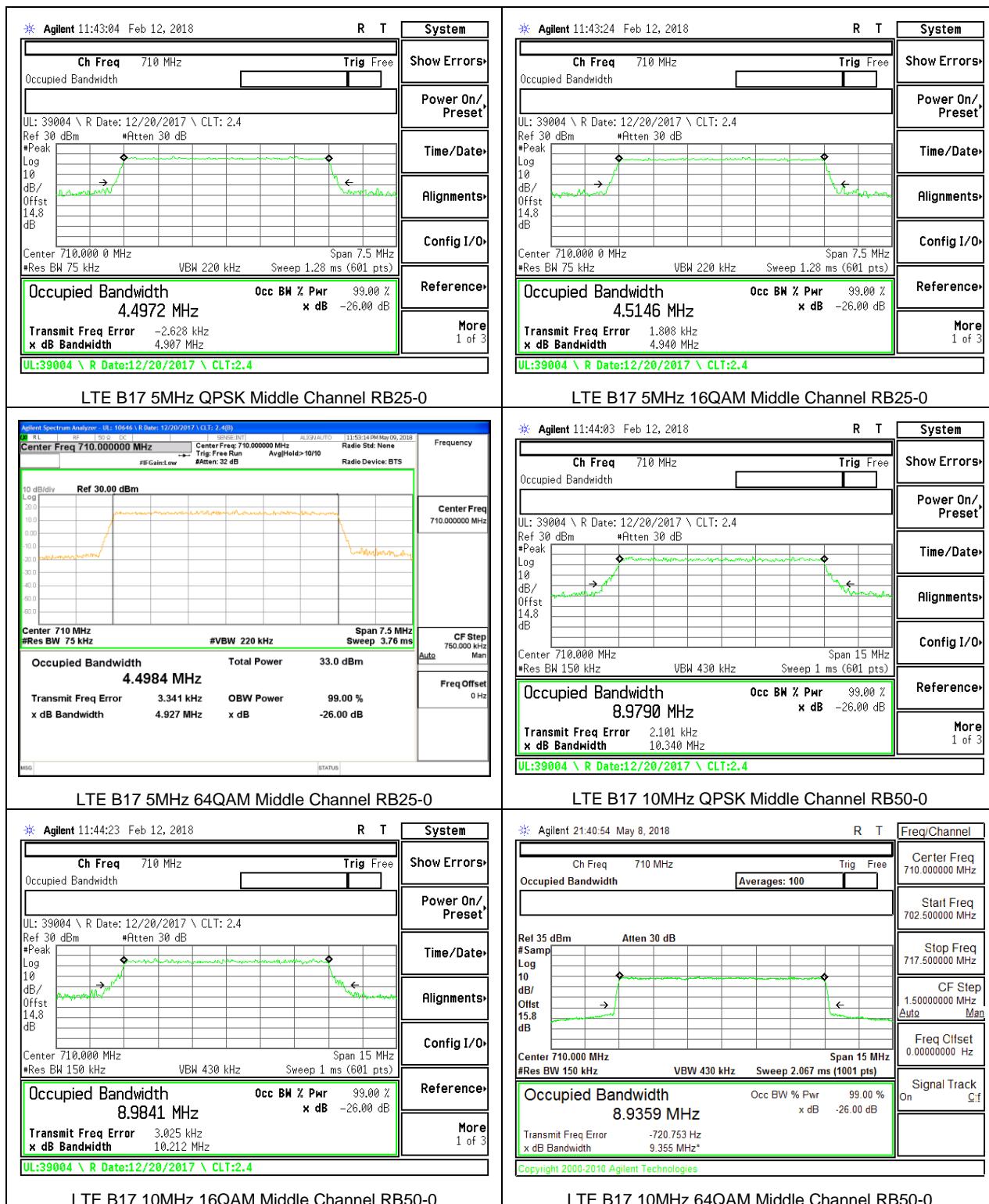
## 8.1.5. LTE BAND 13



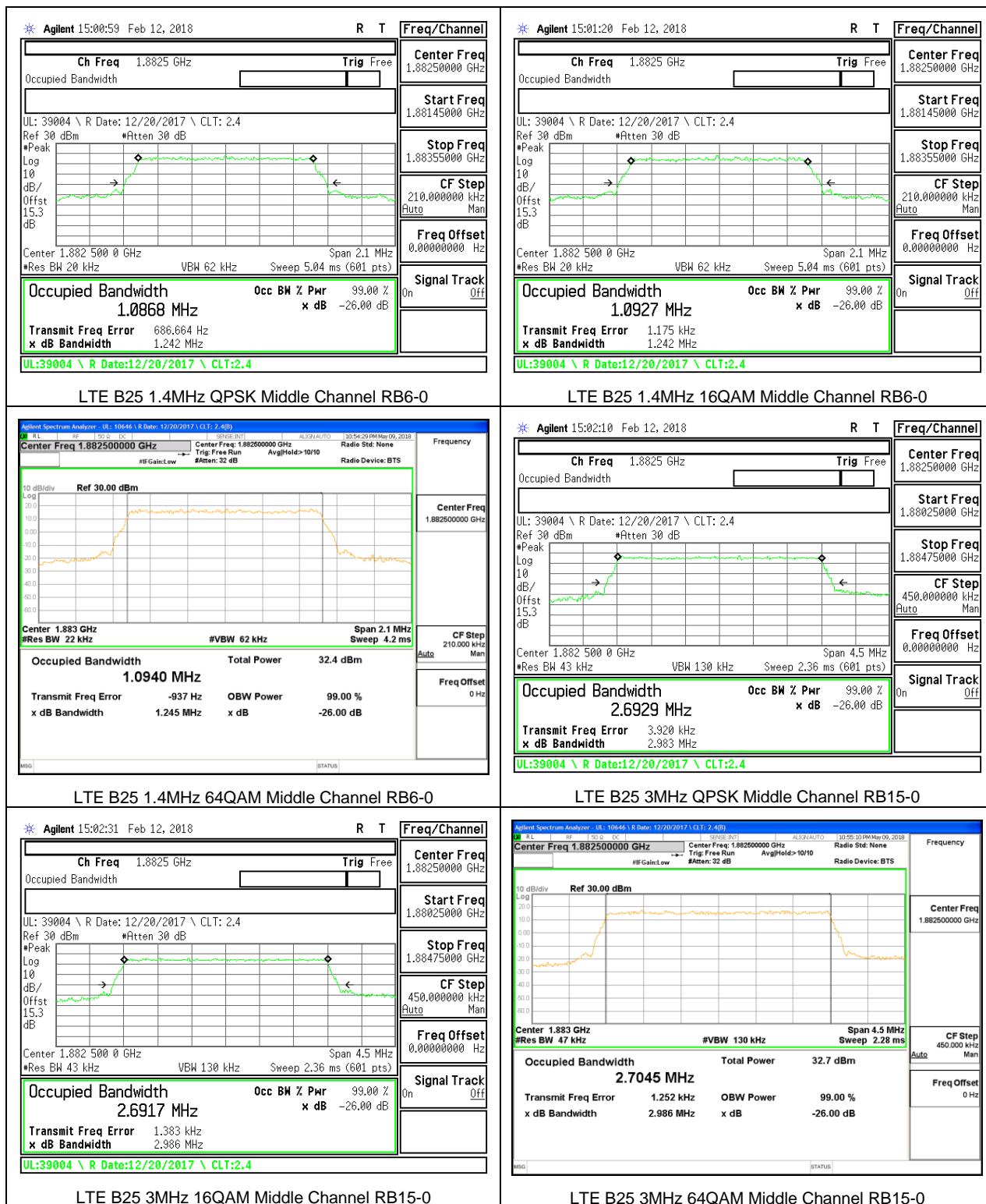
## 8.1.6. LTE BAND 14

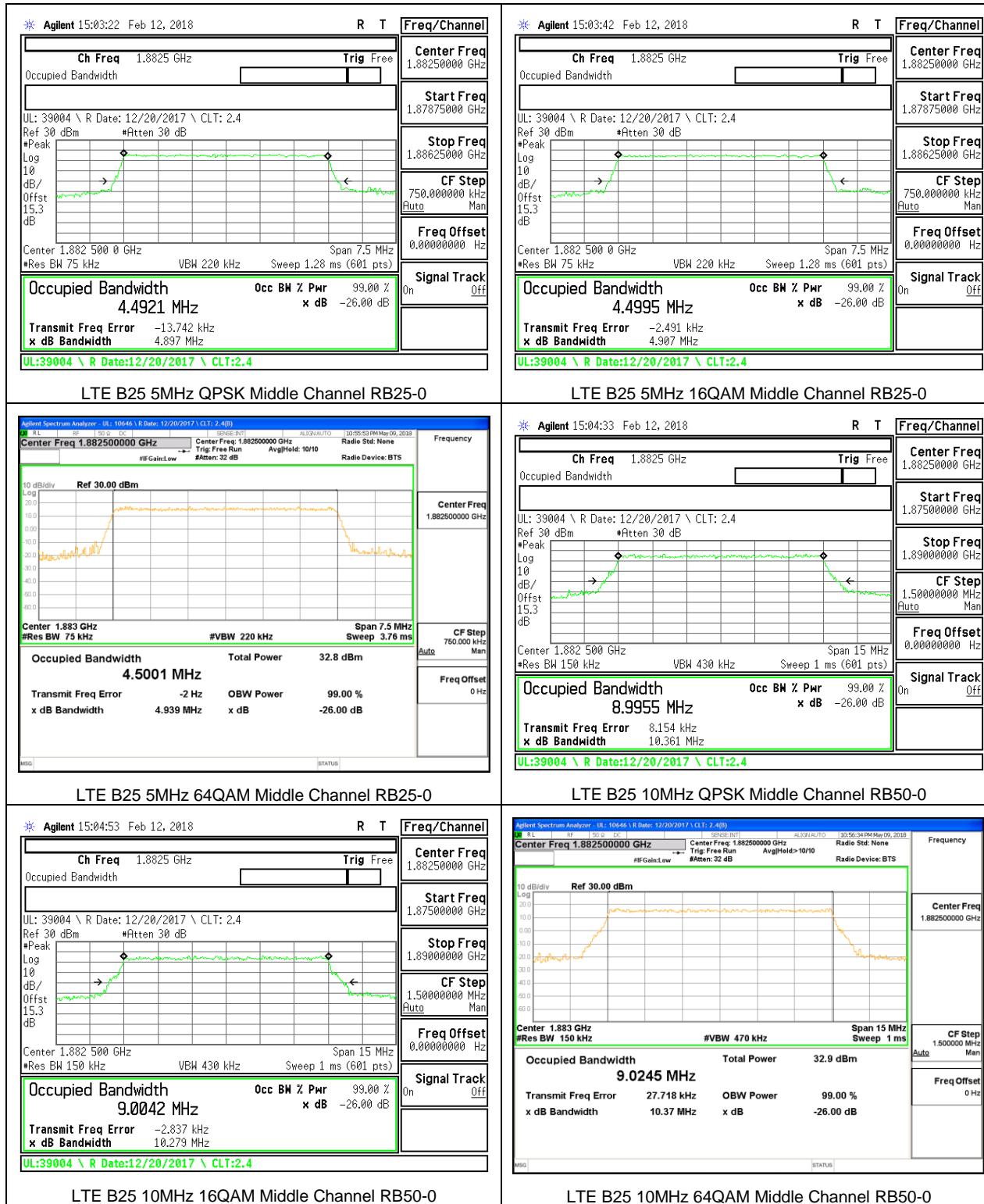


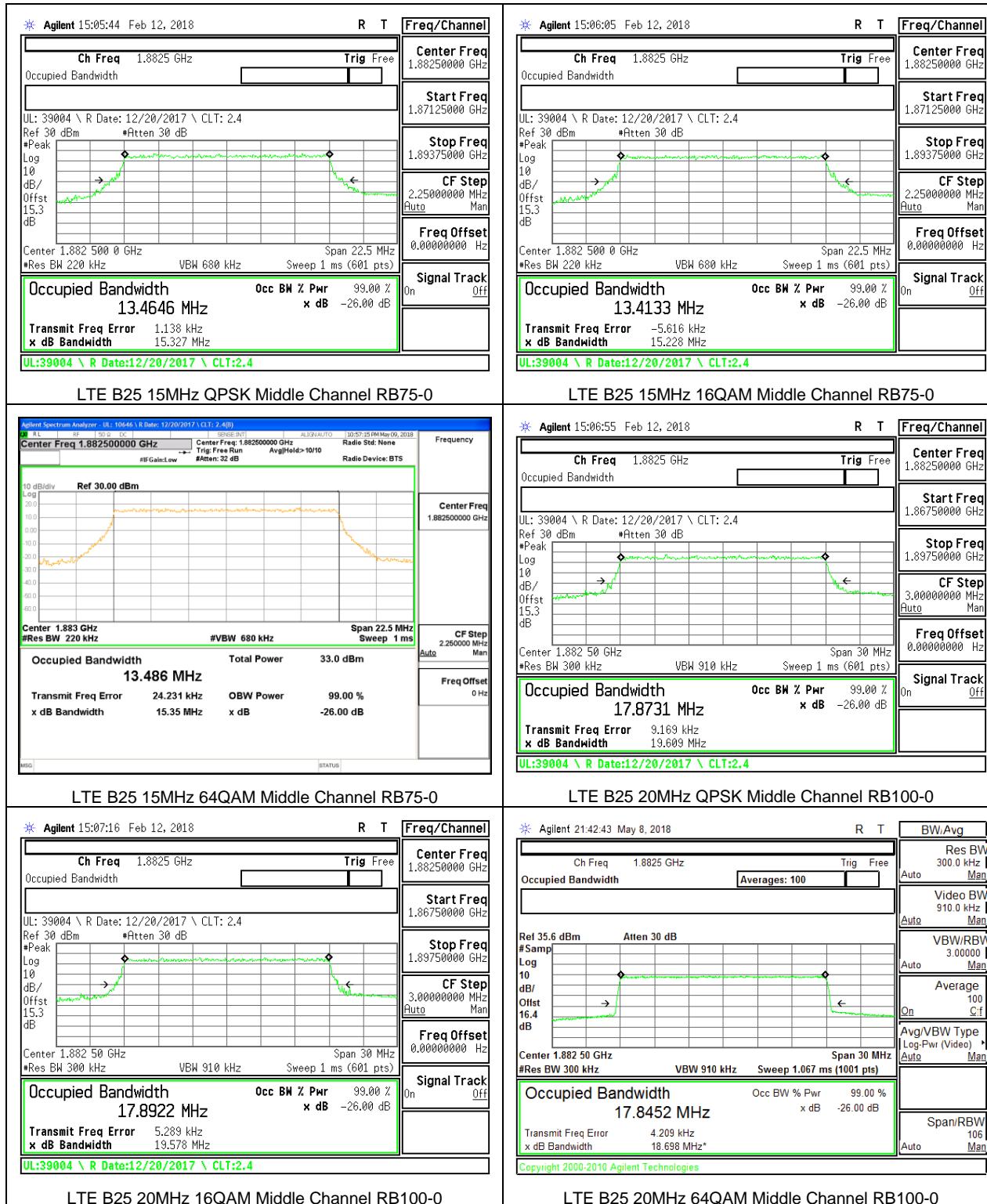
## 8.1.7. LTE BAND 17



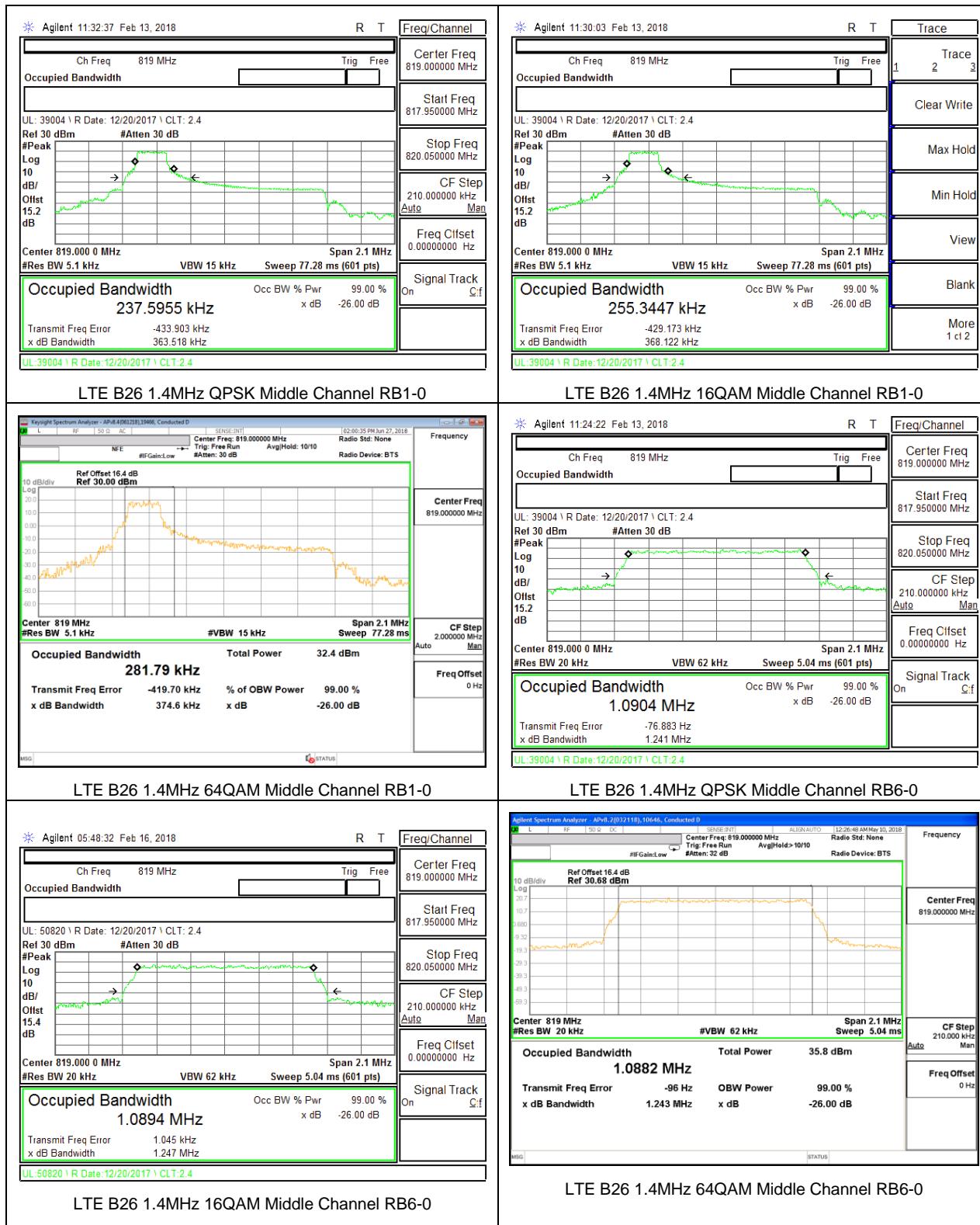
## 8.1.8. LTE BAND 25

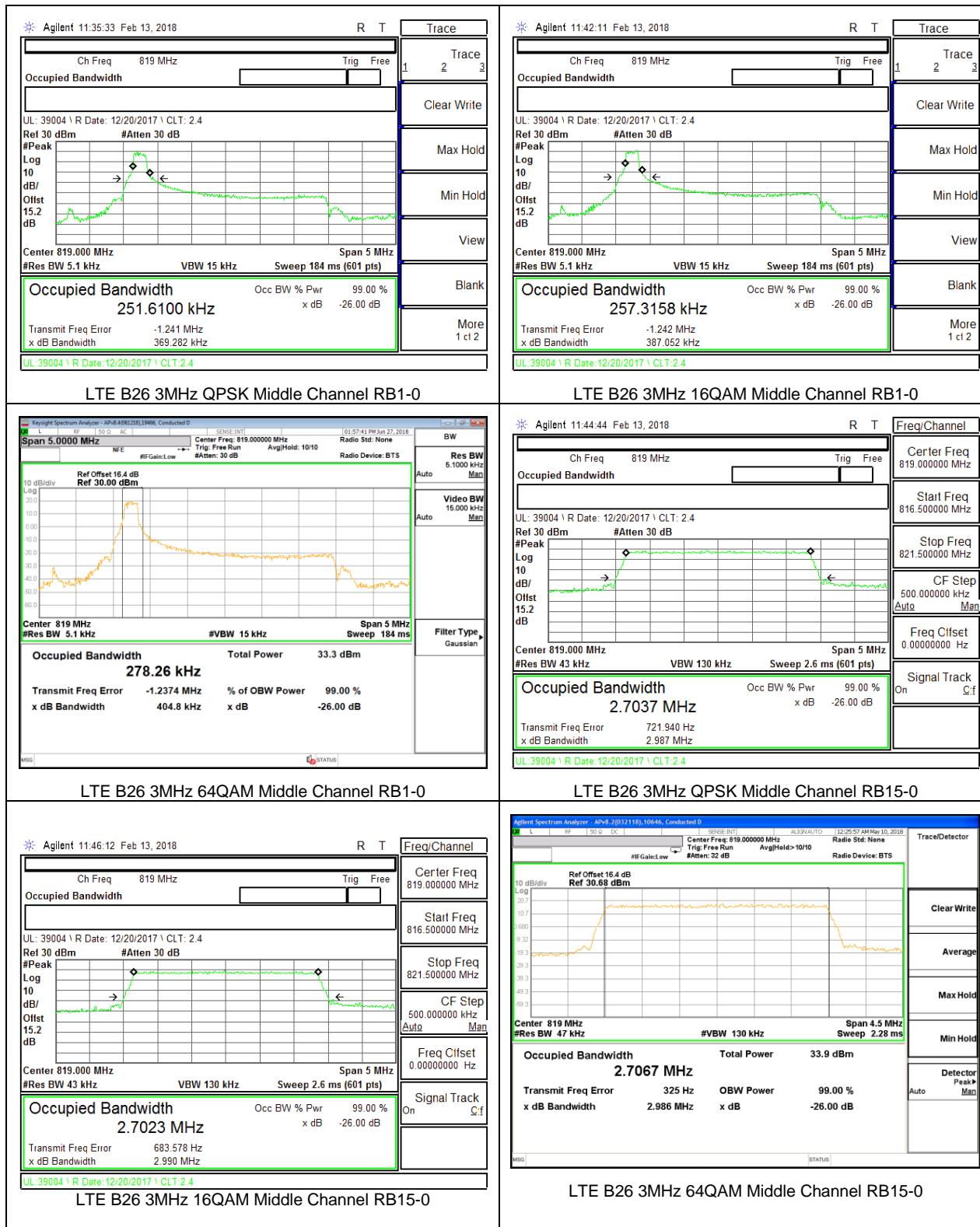


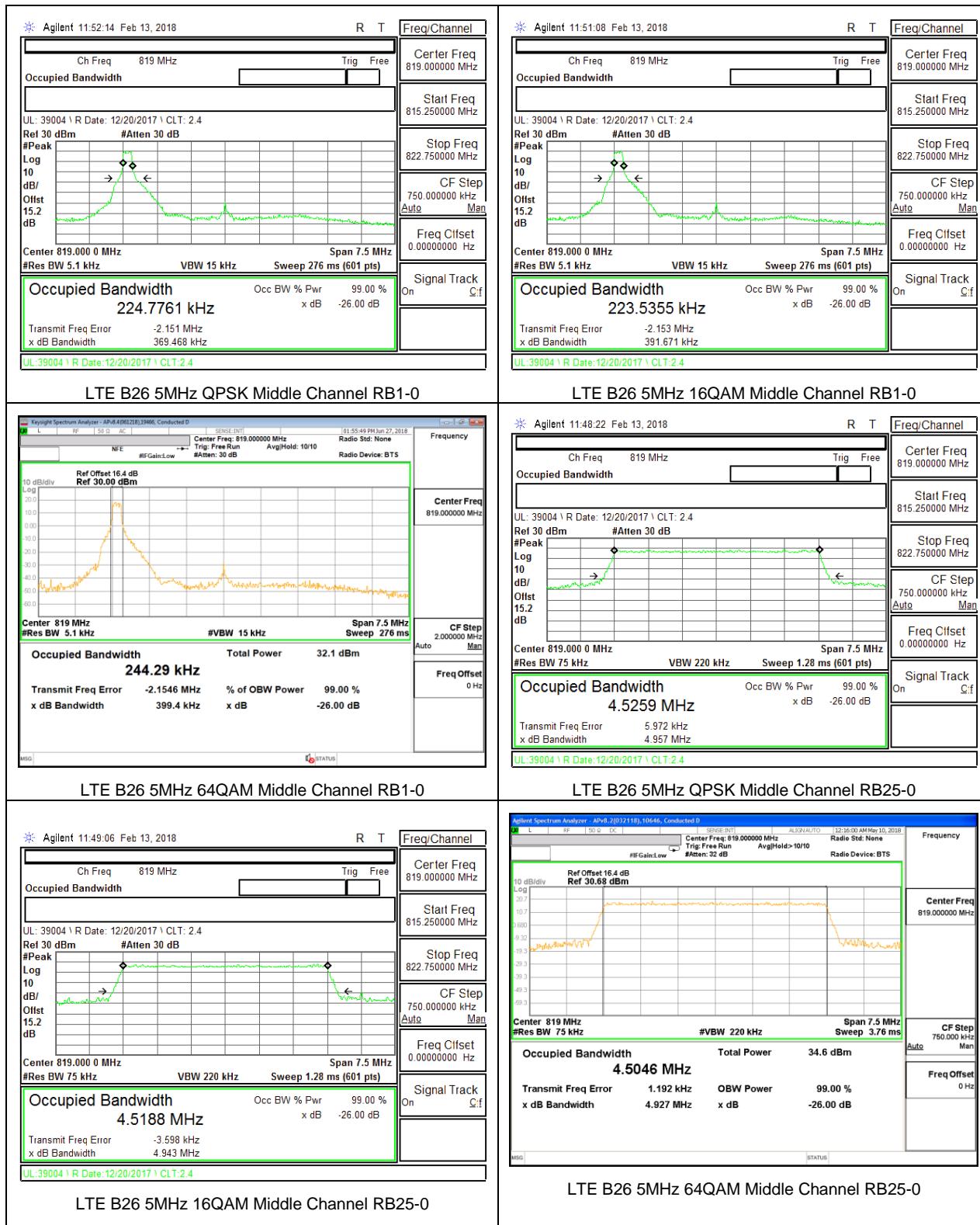


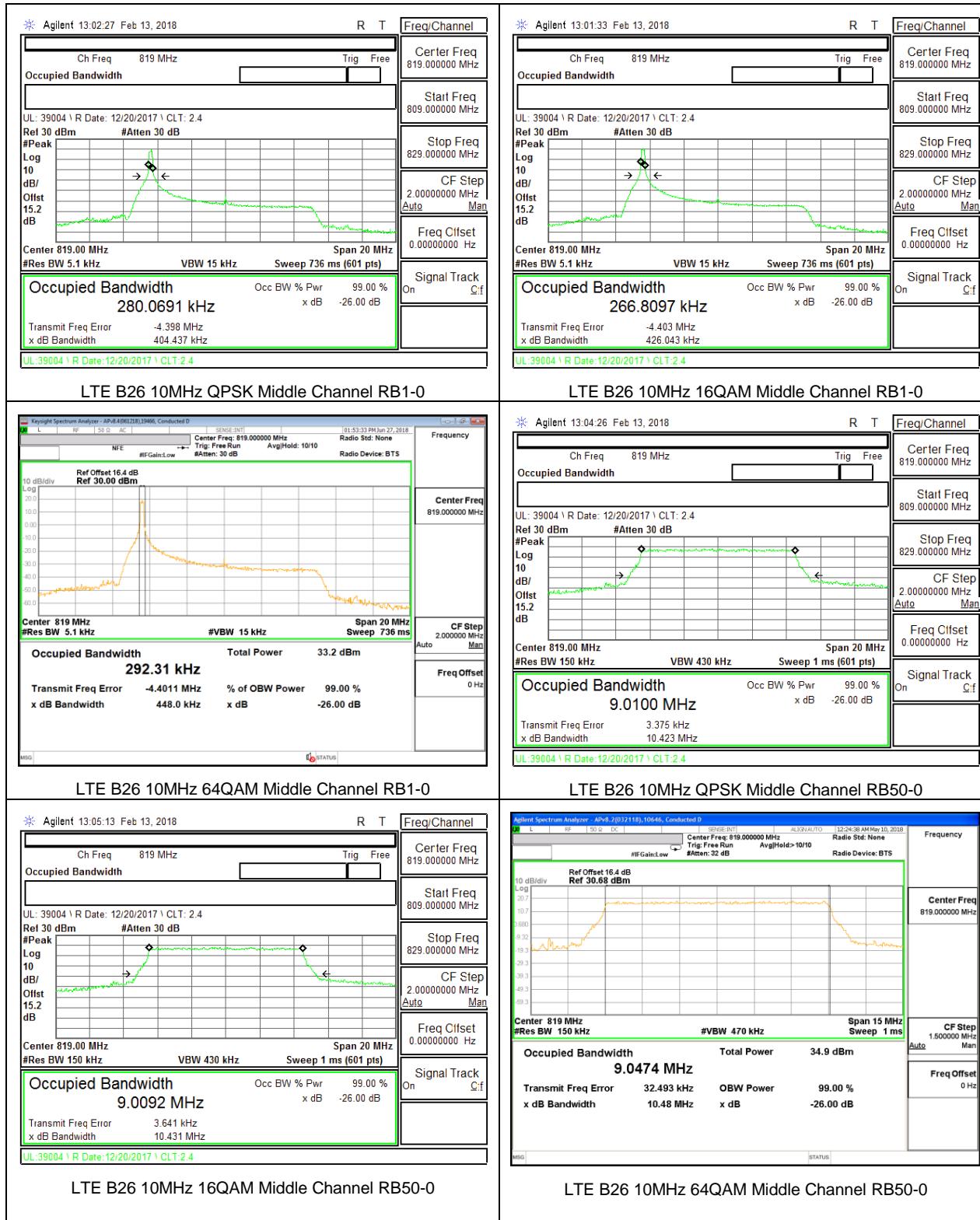


## 8.1.9. LTE BAND 26 (FCC PART 90S)

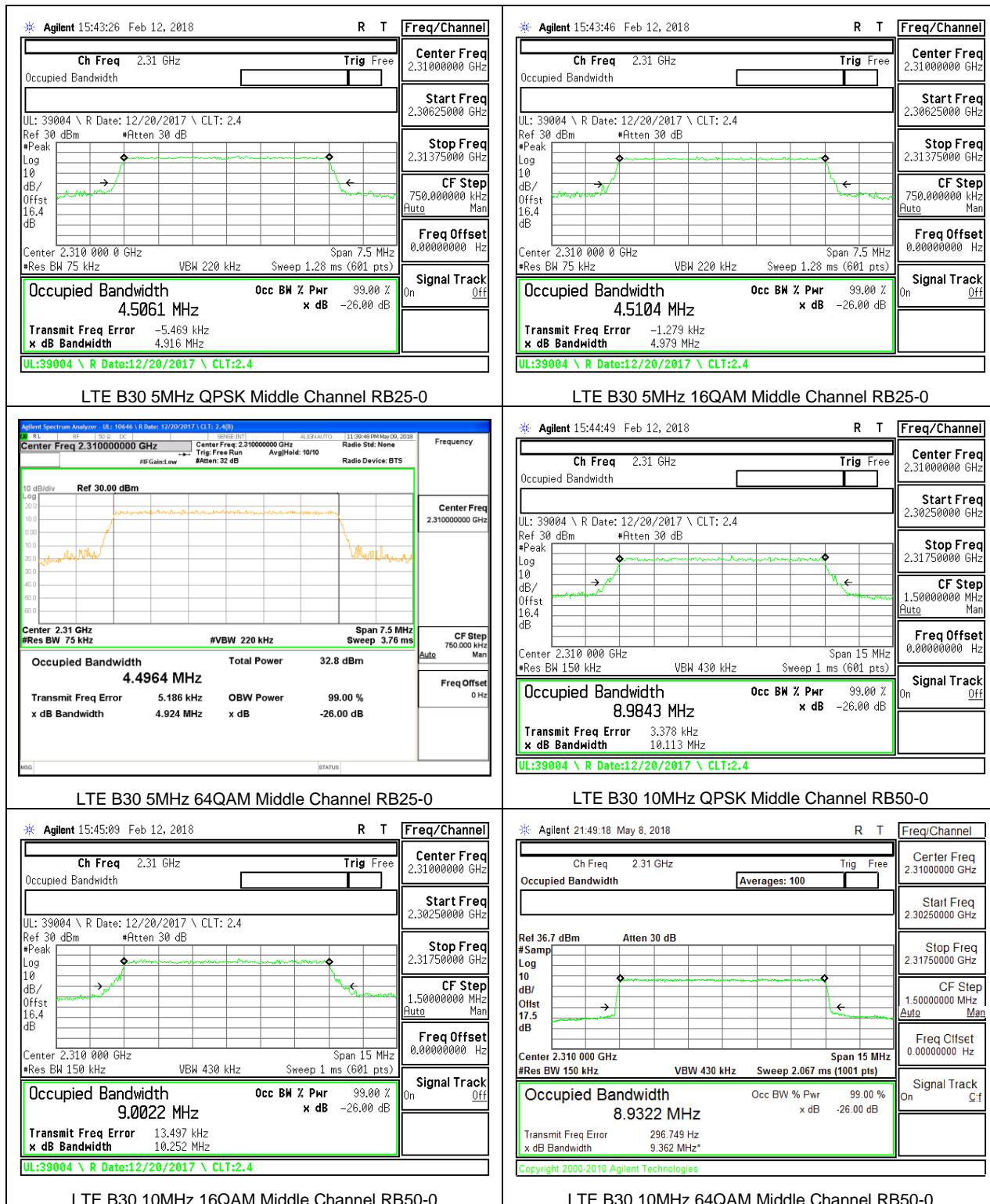




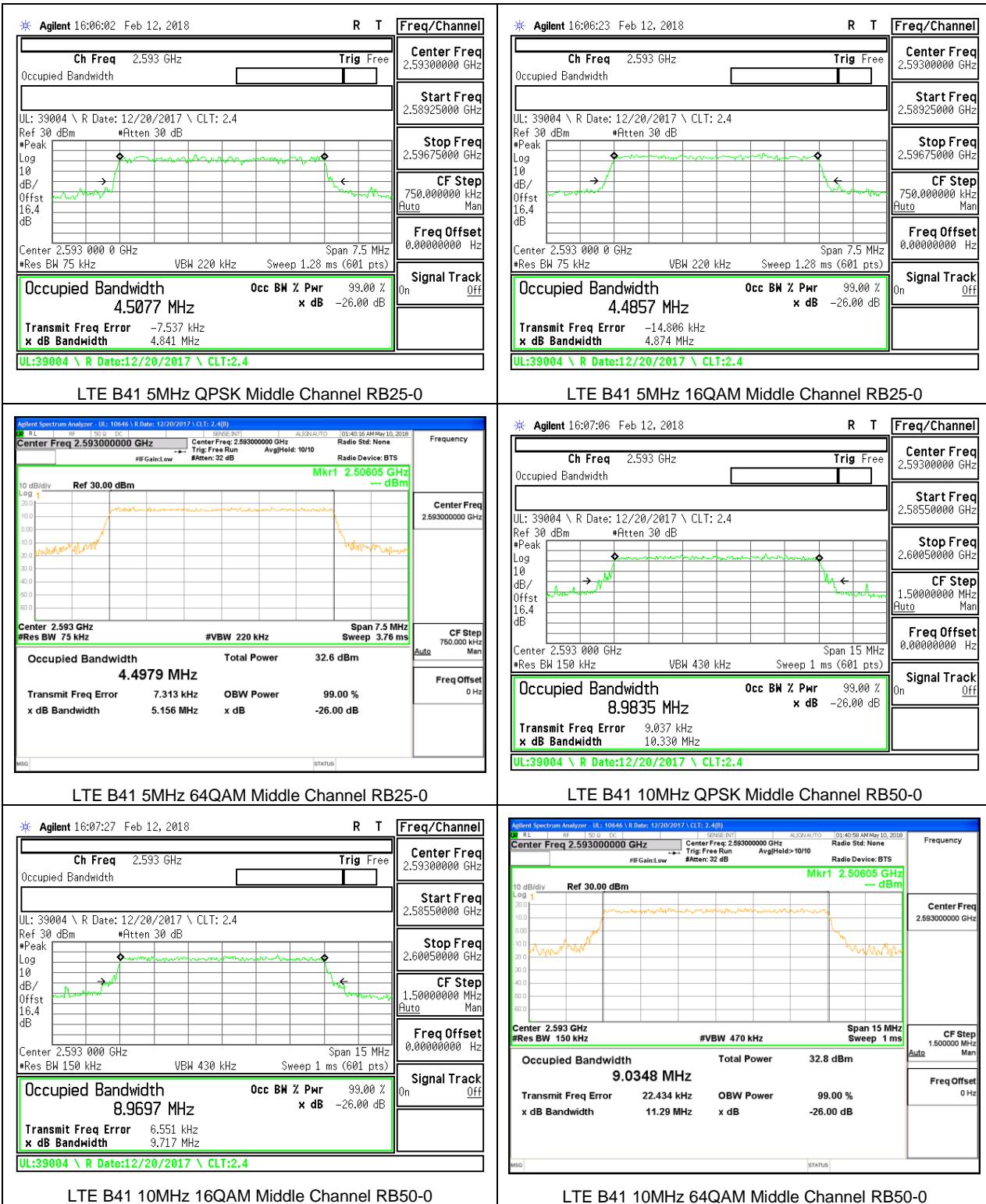


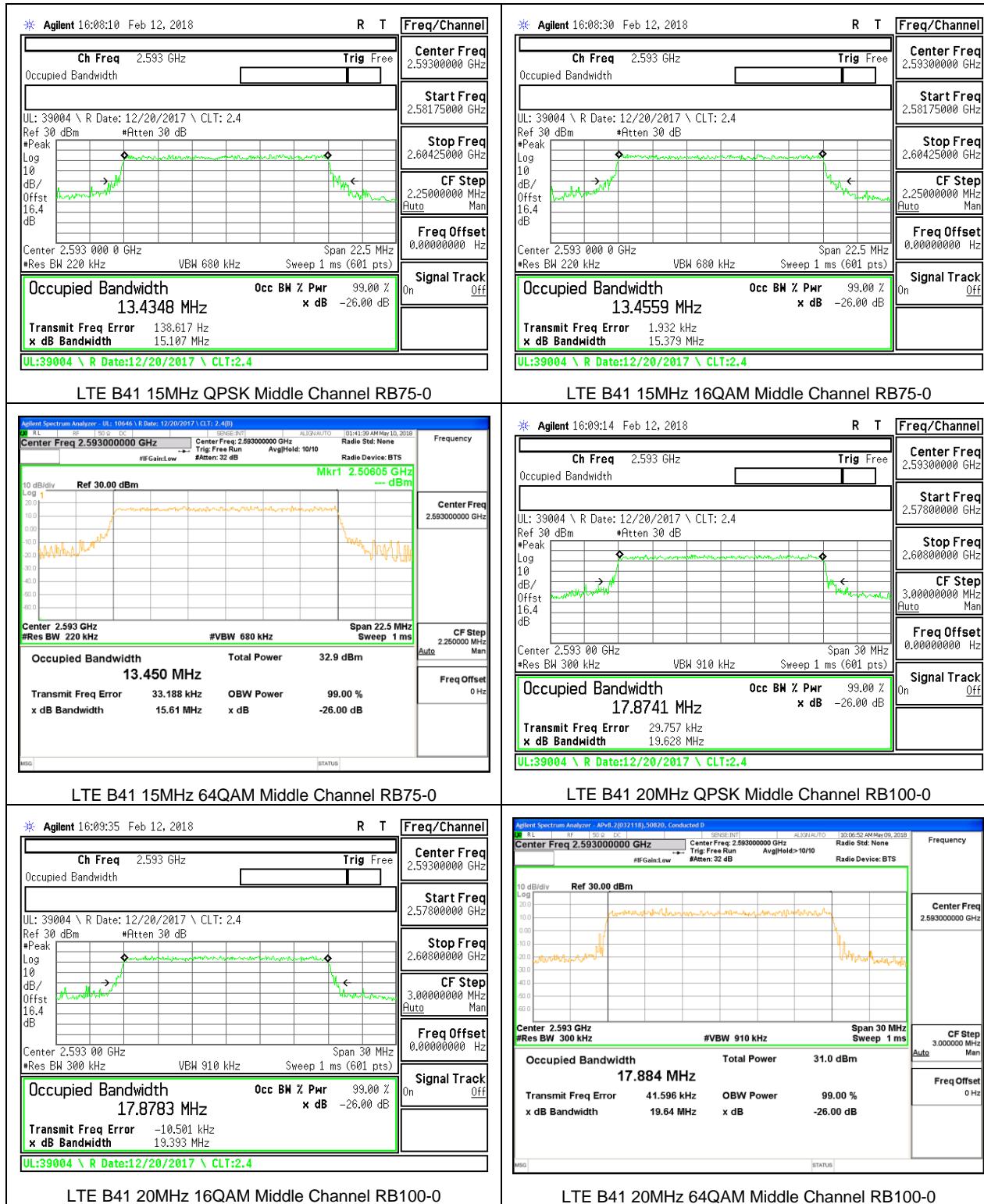


## 8.1.10. LTE BAND 30

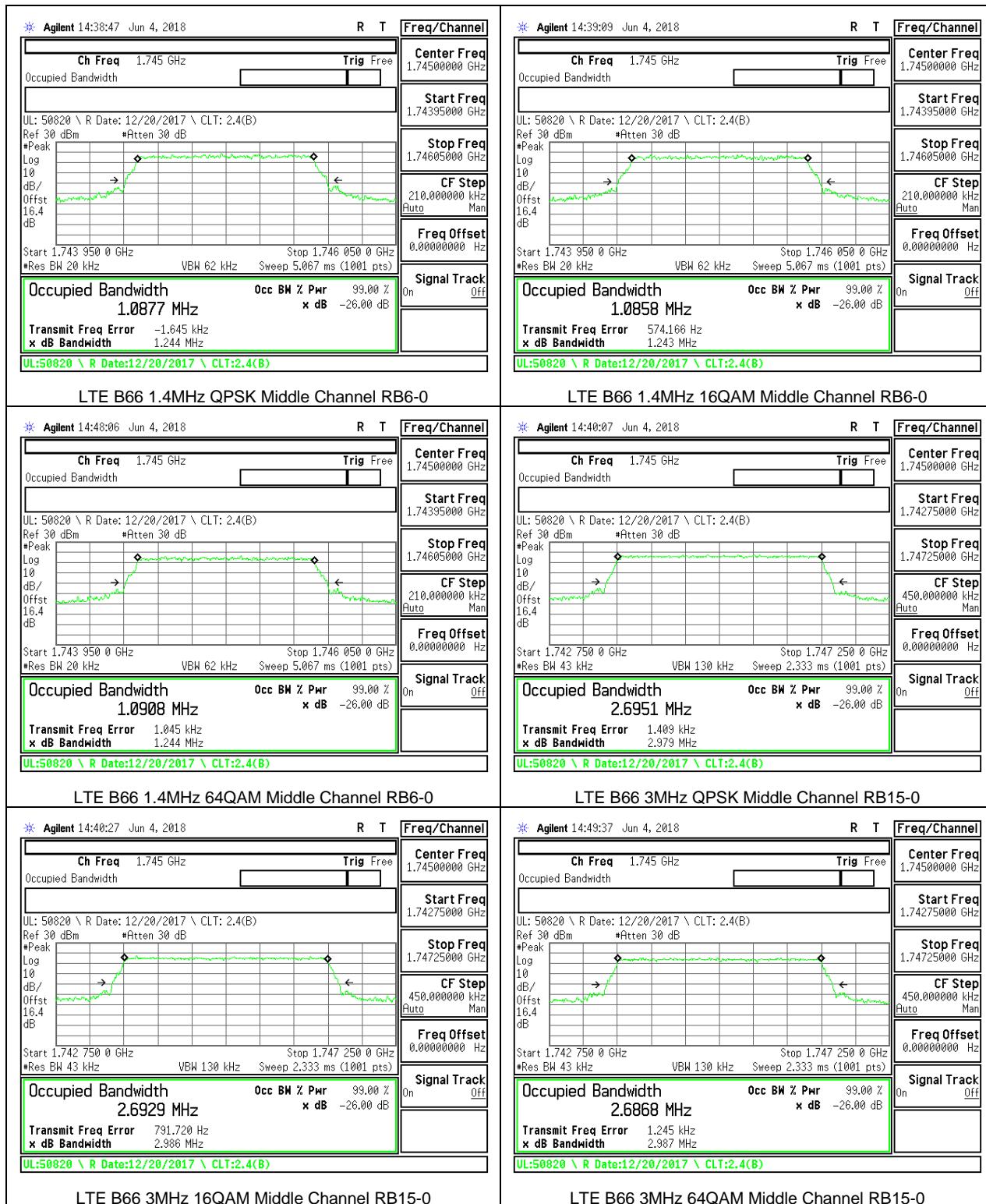


## 8.1.11. LTE BAND 41



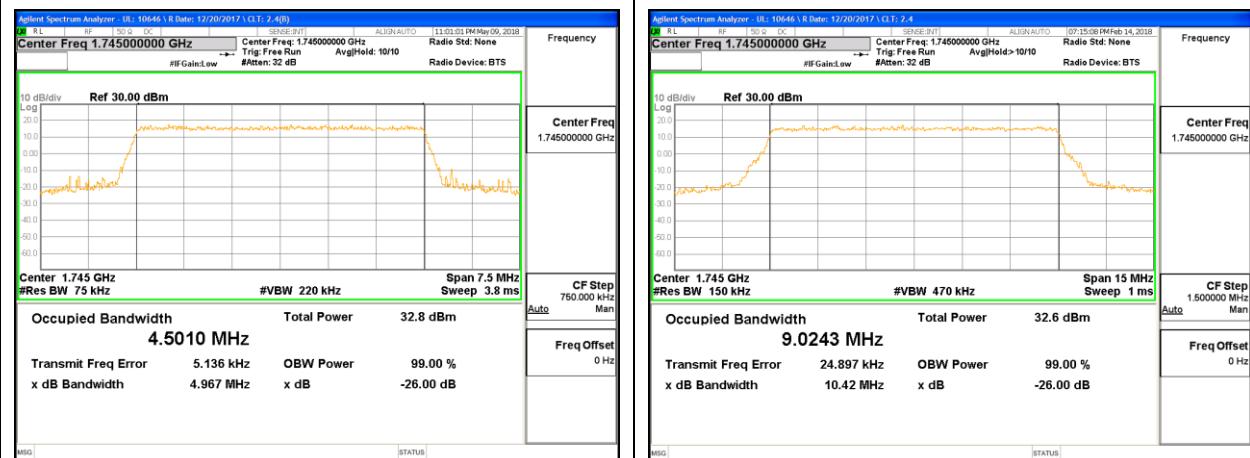


## 8.1.12. LTE BAND 66





LTE B66 5MHz QPSK Middle Channel RB25-0



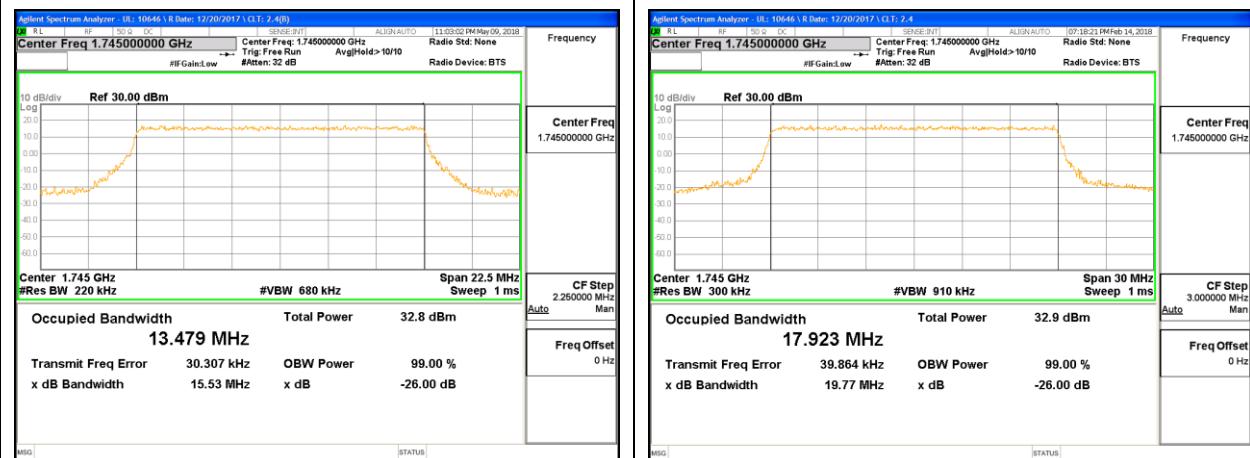
LTE B66 5MHz 16QAM Middle Channel RB25-0



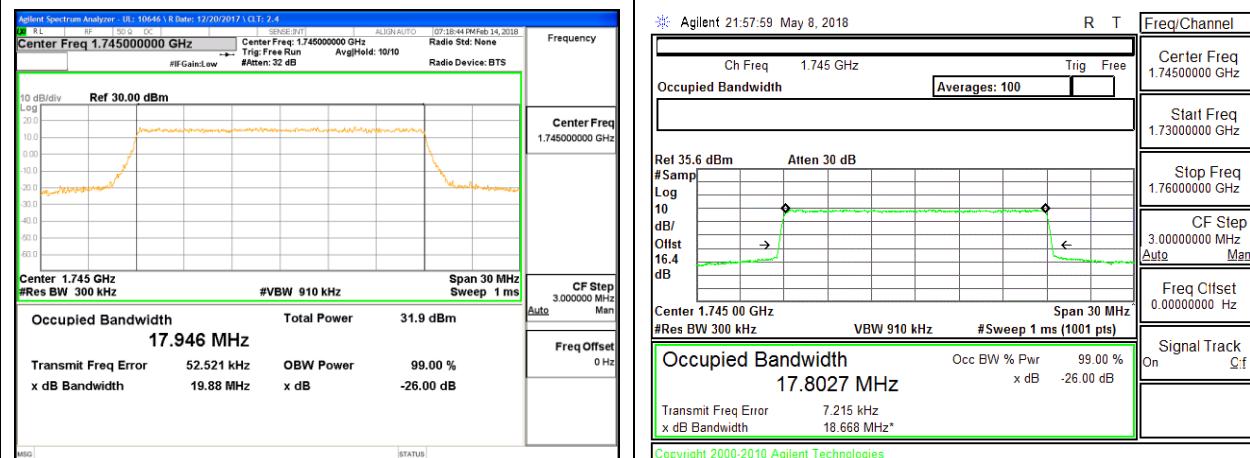
LTE B66 10MHz QPSK Middle Channel RB50-0



LTE B66 15MHz QPSK Middle Channel RB75-0



LTE B66 15MHz 16QAM Middle Channel RB75-0



LTE B66 15MHz 64QAM Middle Channel RB75-0

LTE B66 20MHz QPSK Middle Channel RB100-0

## 8.2. BAND EDGE AND EMISSION MASK

### **RULE PART(S)**

§2.1051, §22.917, §24.238, §27.53, §90.691 and §90.543

### **LIMITS**

FCC: §22.917, §24.238, §27.53(h)

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

FCC: §90.691 Emission mask requirements for EA-based systems.

(a) Out-of-band emission requirement shall apply only to the "outer" channels included in an EA license and to spectrum adjacent to interior channels used by incumbent licensees. The emission limits are as follows:

(1) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block by up to and including 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least  $116 \log_{10}(f/6.1)$  decibels or  $50 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 12.5 kHz.

(2) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block greater than 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 37.5 kHz.

FCC: §90.543 Emission Limitations. (Band 14)

(e) For operations in the 758-768 MHz and the 788-798 MHz bands, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

(2) On all frequencies between 769-775 MHz and 799-805 MHz, by a factor not less than  $65 + 10 \log(P)$  dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations.

(3) On any frequency between 775-788 MHz, above 805 MHz, and below 758 MHz, by at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

(4) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (e)(1) and (2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.

(5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraph (e)(3) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz may be employed.

(f) For operations in the 758-775 MHz and 788-805 MHz bands, all emissions including harmonics in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall be limited to  $-70$  dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and  $-80$  dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth. For the purpose of equipment authorization, a transmitter shall be tested with an antenna that is representative of the type that will be used with the equipment in normal operation.

FCC: §27.53 (Band 30, Band 40)

(a) For operations in the 2305-2320 MHz band and the 2345-2360 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power P (with averaging performed only during periods of transmission) within the licensed band(s) of operation, in watts, by the following amounts:

(4) For mobile and portable stations operating in the 2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz bands:

(i) By a factor of not less than:  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2305 and 2320 MHz and on all frequencies between 2345 and 2360 MHz that are outside the licensed band(s) of operation, not less than  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2320 and 2324 MHz and on all frequencies between 2341 and 2345 MHz, not less than  $61 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2324 and 2328 MHz and on all frequencies between 2337 and 2341 MHz, and not less than  $67 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2328 and 2337 MHz;

(ii) By a factor of not less than  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2300 and 2305 MHz,  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2296 and 2300 MHz,  $61 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2292 and 2296 MHz,  $67 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2288 and 2292 MHz, and  $70 + 10 \log (P)$  dB below 2288 MHz;

(iii) By a factor of not less than  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2360 and 2365 MHz, and not less than  $70 + 10 \log (P)$  dB above 2365 MHz.

FCC: §27.53 (Band 13)

(c) For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

(2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB;

(4) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than  $65 + 10 \log (P)$  dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;

(5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;

(6) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(4) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.

(f) Emissions in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall be limited to  $-70$  dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals. ( $-70$  dBW/MHz =  $-40$  dBm/MHz).

FCC: §27.53 (Band 12, 17, 71)

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

FCC: §27.53 (Band 7, 41)

(m)(4) For mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than  $40 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge,  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output was connected to a CMW500Test Set and configured to operate at maximum power. The band edge emissions were measured at the required operating frequencies in each band on the Spectrum Analyzer.

For each band edge measurement:

1. Set the spectrum analyzer span to include the block edge frequency.
2. Set a marker to point the corresponding band edge frequency in each test case.
3. Set display line at -13 dBm
4. Set resolution bandwidth to at least 1% of emission bandwidth.

## **TEST PROCEDURE (LTE BAND 14)**

(b)ACP measurement procedure. The following are the procedures for making the transmitter ACP measurements. For all measurements modulate the transmitter as it would be modulated in normal operating conditions. For time division multiple access (TDMA) systems, the measurements are to be made under TDMA operation only during time slots when the transmitter is active. All measurements are made at the transmitter's output port. If a transmitter has an integral antenna, a suitable power coupling device shall be used to couple the RF signal to the measurement instrument. The coupling device shall substantially maintain the proper transmitter load impedance. The ACP measurements may be made with a spectrum analyzer capable of making direct ACP measurements. "Measurement bandwidth", as used for non-swept measurements, implies an instrument that measures the power in many narrow bandwidths equal to the nominal resolution bandwidth and integrates these powers to determine the total power in the specified measurement bandwidth.

(1)Setting reference level. Set transmitter to maximum output power. Using a spectrum analyzer capable of ACP measurements, set the measurement bandwidth to the channel size. For example, for a 6.25 kHz transmitter set the measurement bandwidth to 6.25 kHz. Set the frequency offset of the measurement bandwidth to zero and adjust the center frequency of the instrument to the assigned center frequency to measure the average power level of the transmitter. Record this power level in dBm as the "reference power level."

(2)Non-swept power measurement. Using a spectrum analyzer capable of ACP measurements, set the measurement bandwidth and frequency offset from the assigned center frequency as shown in the tables in §90.543 (a) above. Any value of resolution bandwidth may be used as long as it does not exceed 2 percent of the specified measurement bandwidth. Measure the power level in dBm. These measurements should be made at maximum power. Calculate ACP by subtracting the reference power level measured in (b)(1) from the measurements made in this step. The absolute value of the calculated ACP must be greater than or equal to the absolute value of the ACP given in the table for each condition above.

(3)Swept power measurement. Set a spectrum analyzer to 30 kHz resolution bandwidth, 1 MHz video bandwidth and average, sample, or RMS detection. Set the reference level of the spectrum analyzer to the RMS value of the transmitter power. Sweep above and below the carrier frequency to the limits defined in the tables. Calculate ACP by subtracting the reference power level measured in (b)(1) from the measurements made in this step. The absolute value of the calculated ACP must be greater than or equal to the absolute value of the ACP given in the table for each condition above.

## **TEST PROCEDURE (LTE BAND 7, 41)**

(m)(6) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed; for mobile digital stations, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least two percent may be employed, except when the 1 megahertz band is 2495-2496 MHz, in which case a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 megahertz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified; or 1 megahertz or 2 percent for mobile digital stations, except in the band 2495-2496 MHz). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter

power. With respect to television operations, measurements must be made of the separate visual and aural operating powers at sufficiently frequent intervals to ensure compliance with the rules.

### **TEST PROCEDURE (LTE BAND 30, BAND 40)**

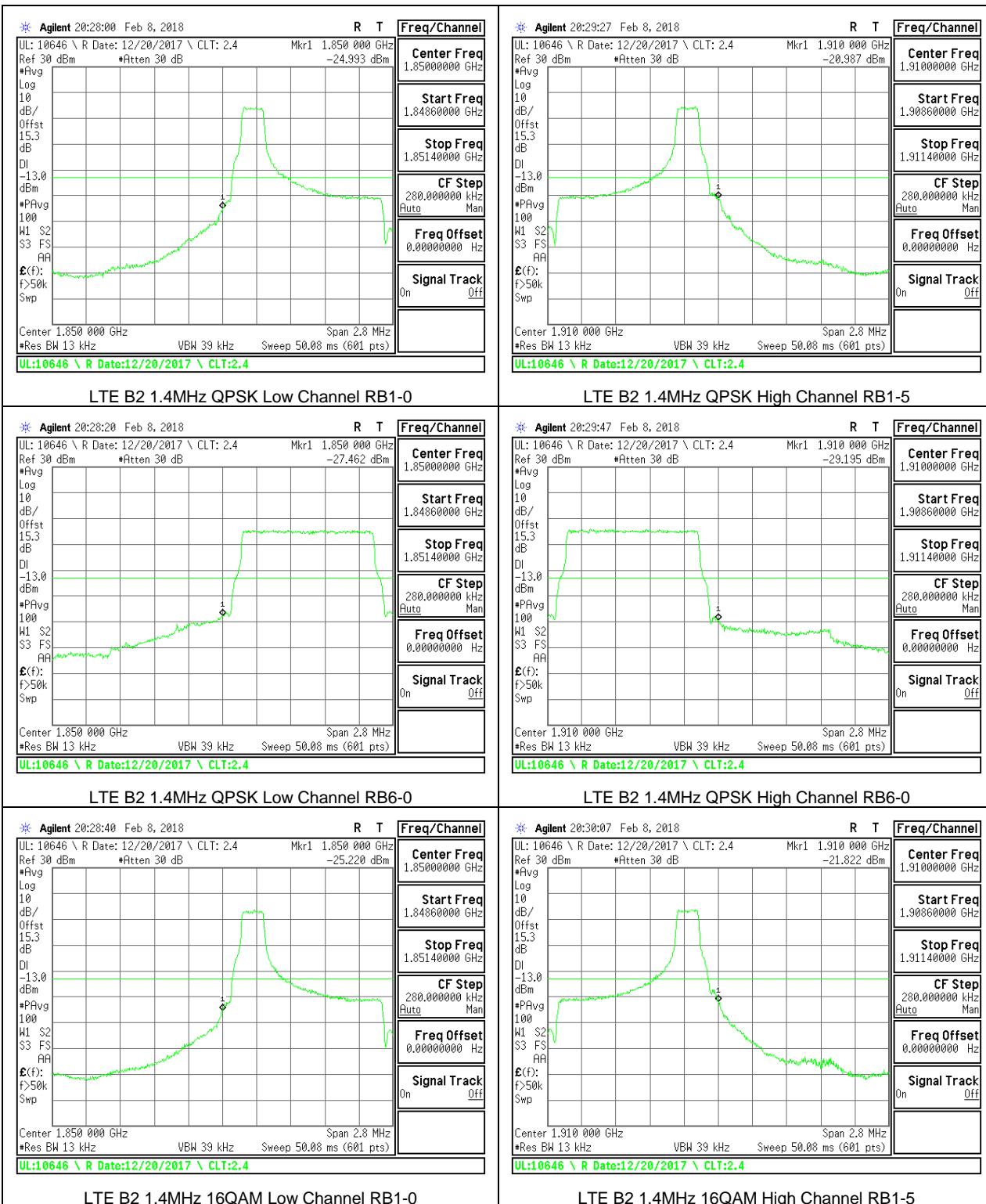
(5) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the channel blocks at 2305, 2310, 2315, 2320, 2345, 2350, 2355, and 2360 MHz, a resolution bandwidth of at least 1 percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (*i.e.*, 1 MHz). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

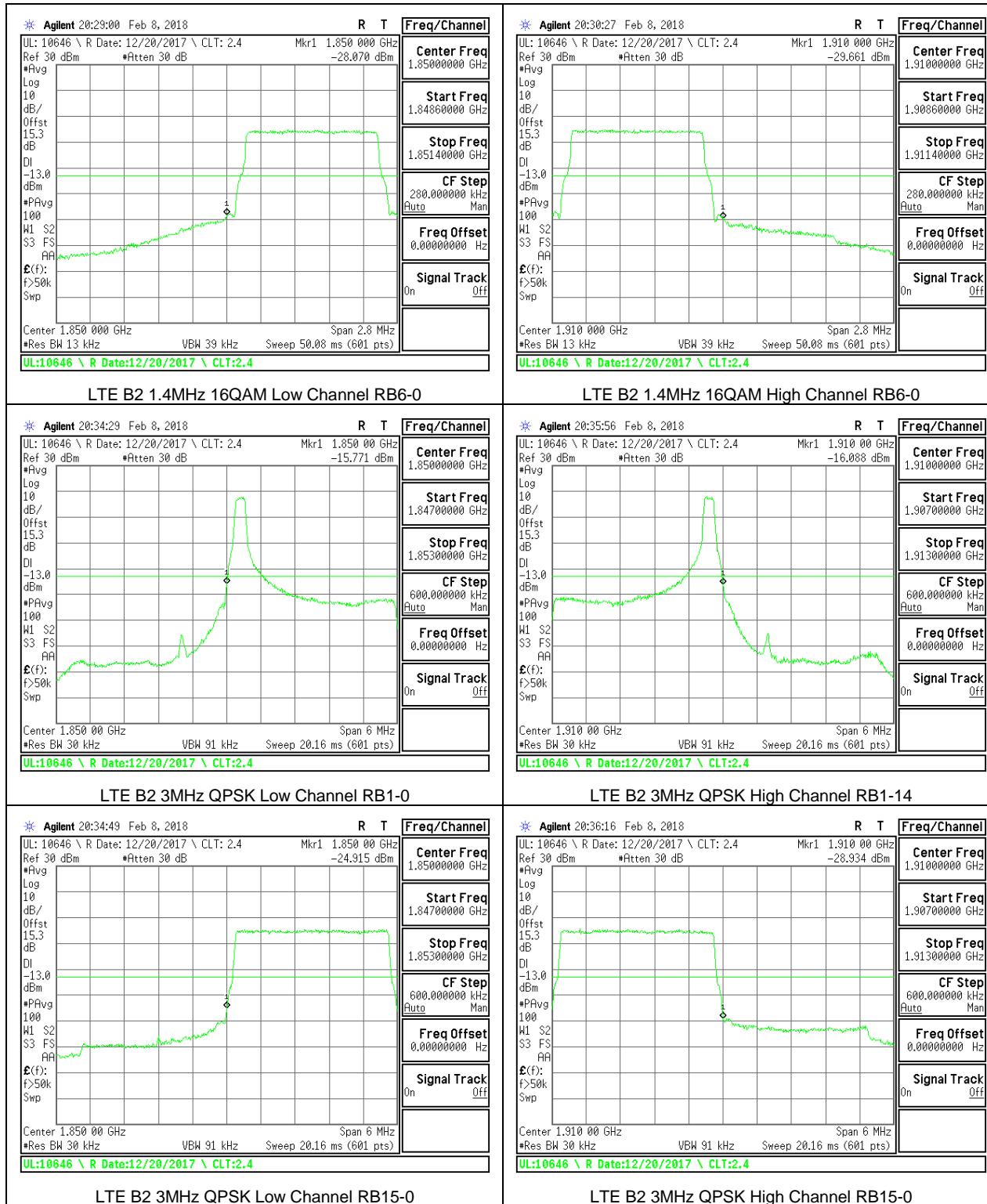
### **MODES TESTED**

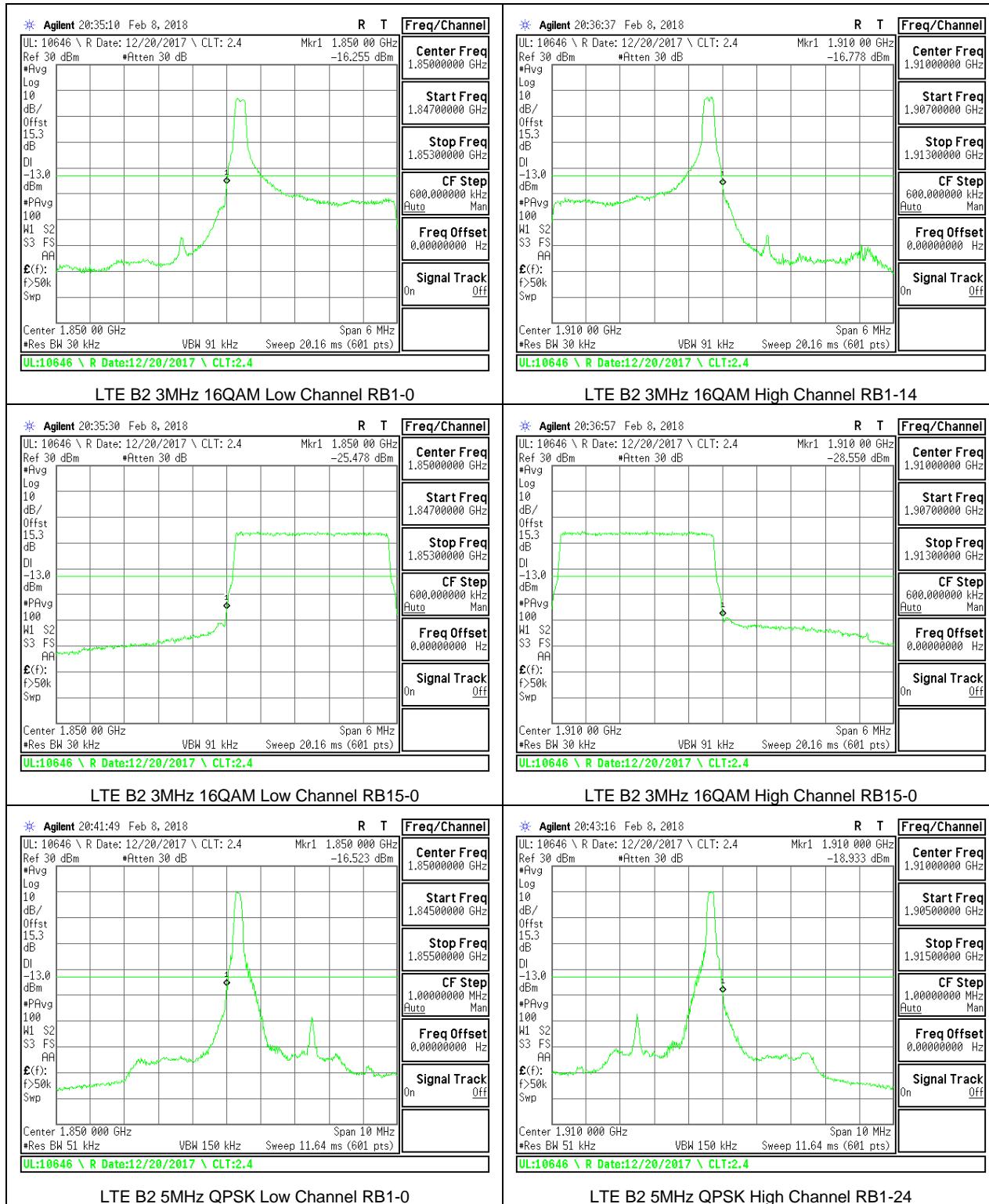
- LTE Band 2
- LTE Band 5
- LTE Band 7
- LTE Band 12
- LTE Band 13
- LTE Band 14
- LTE Band 17
- LTE Band 25
- LTE Band 26
- LTE Band 30
- LTE Band 41
- LTE Band 66

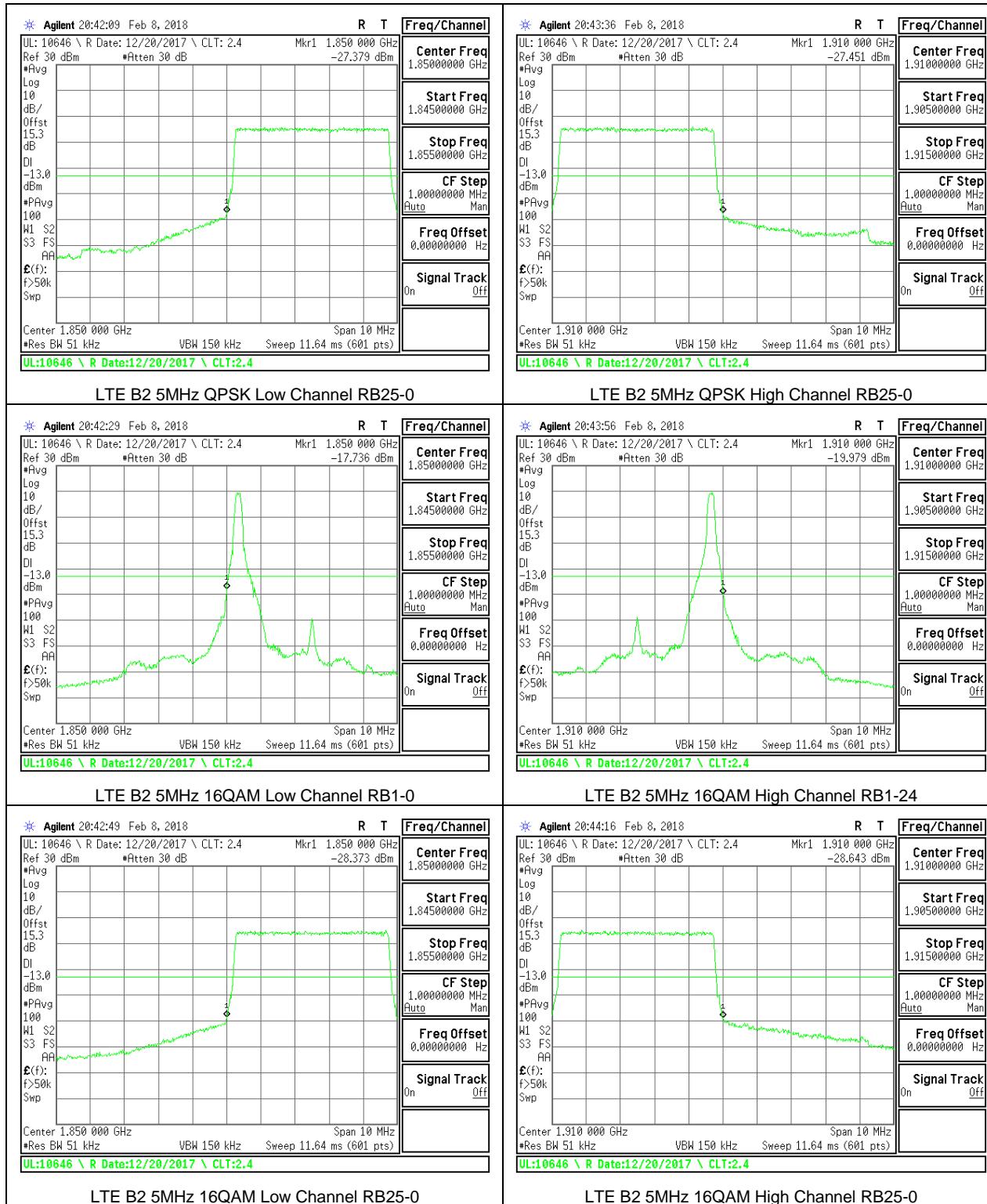
### **RESULTS**

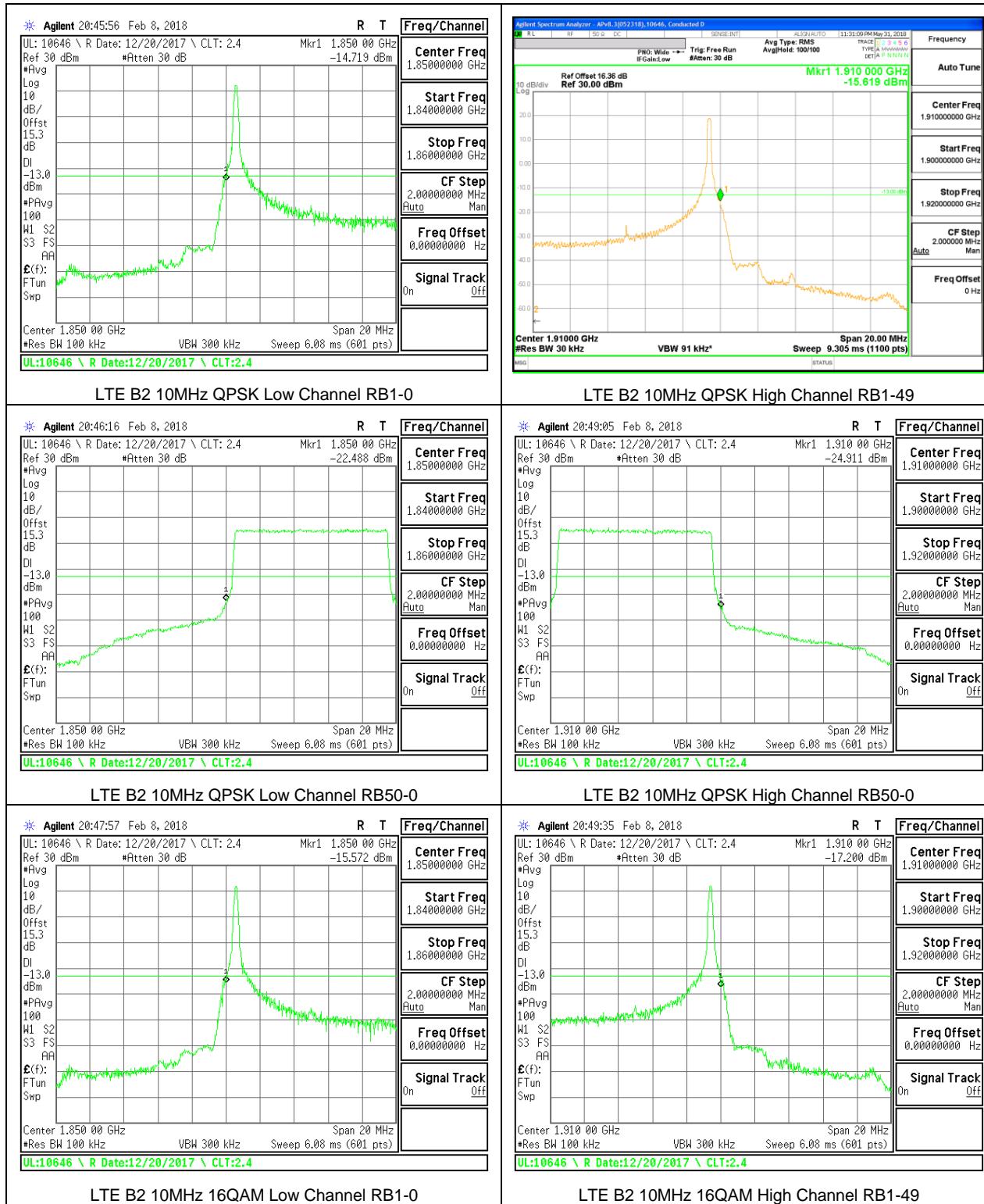
## 8.2.1. LTE BAND 2 BANDEDGE

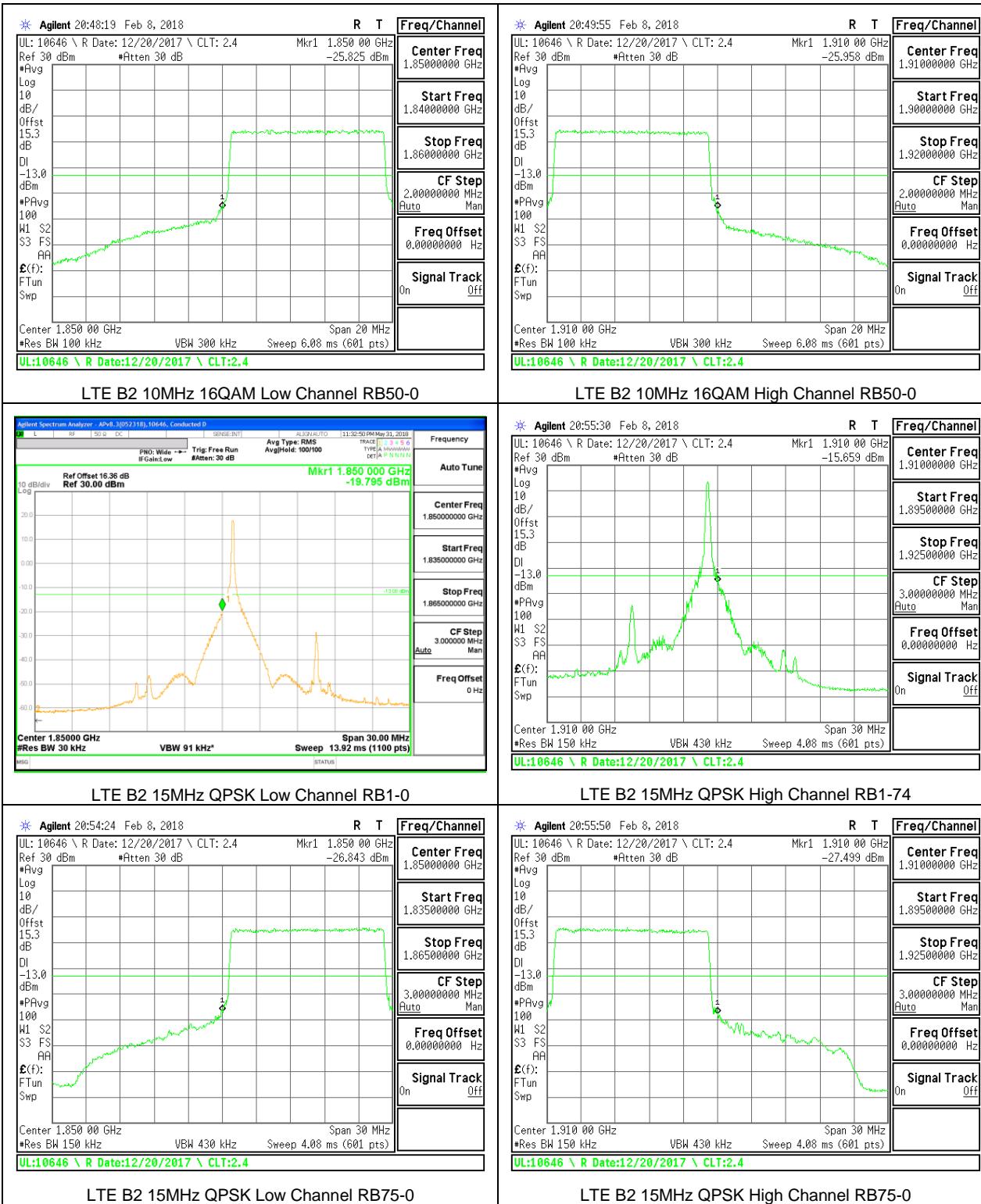


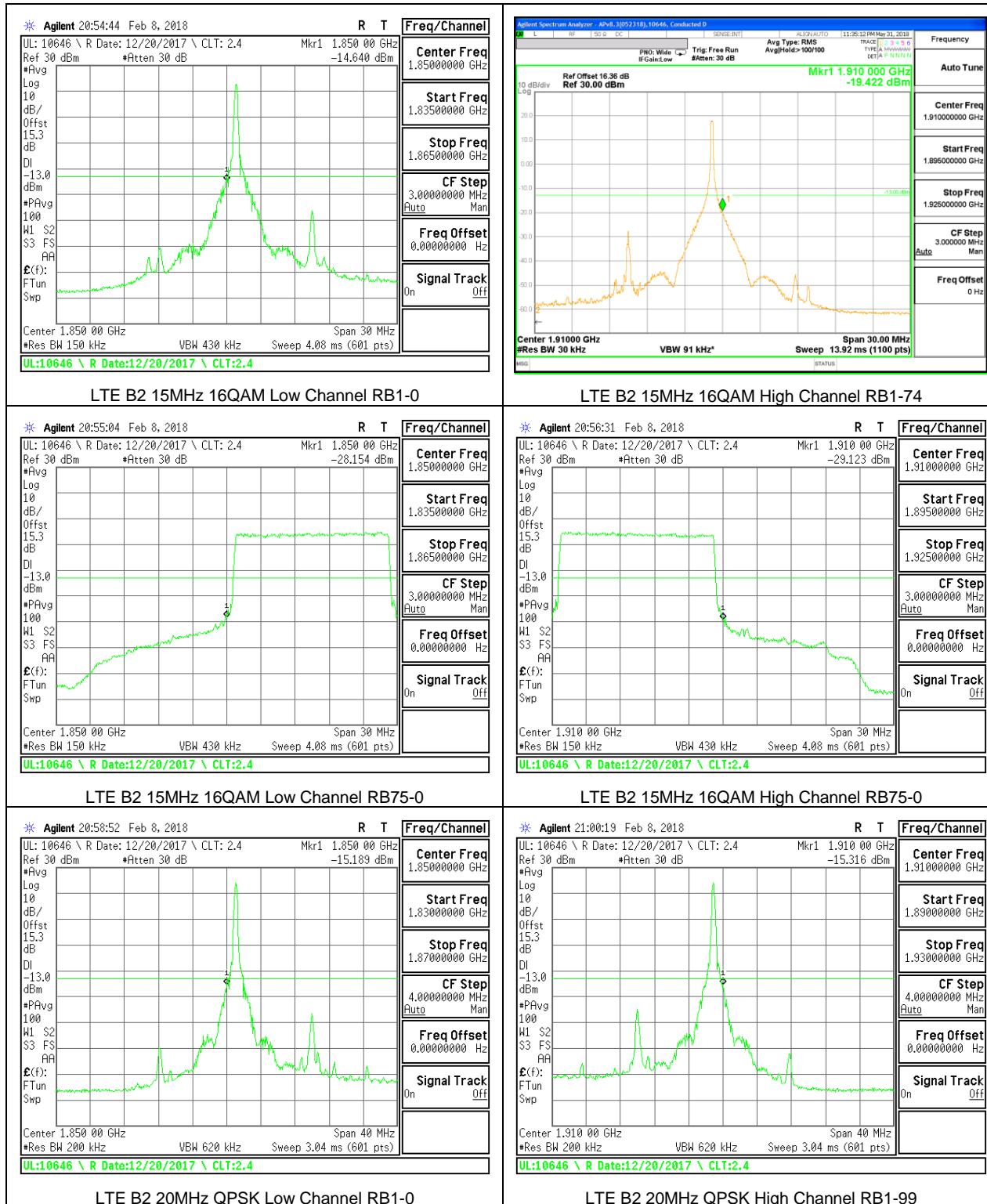


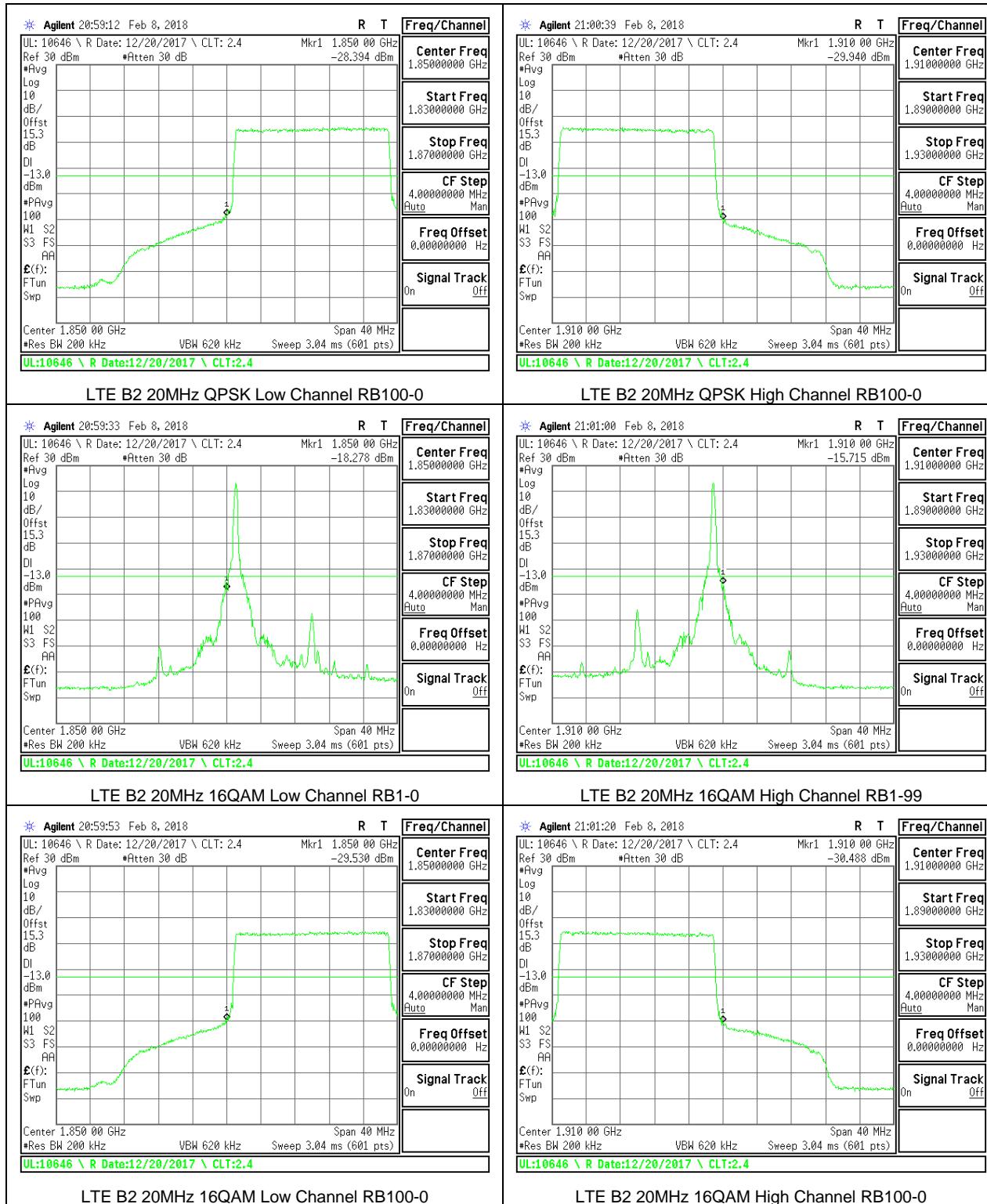




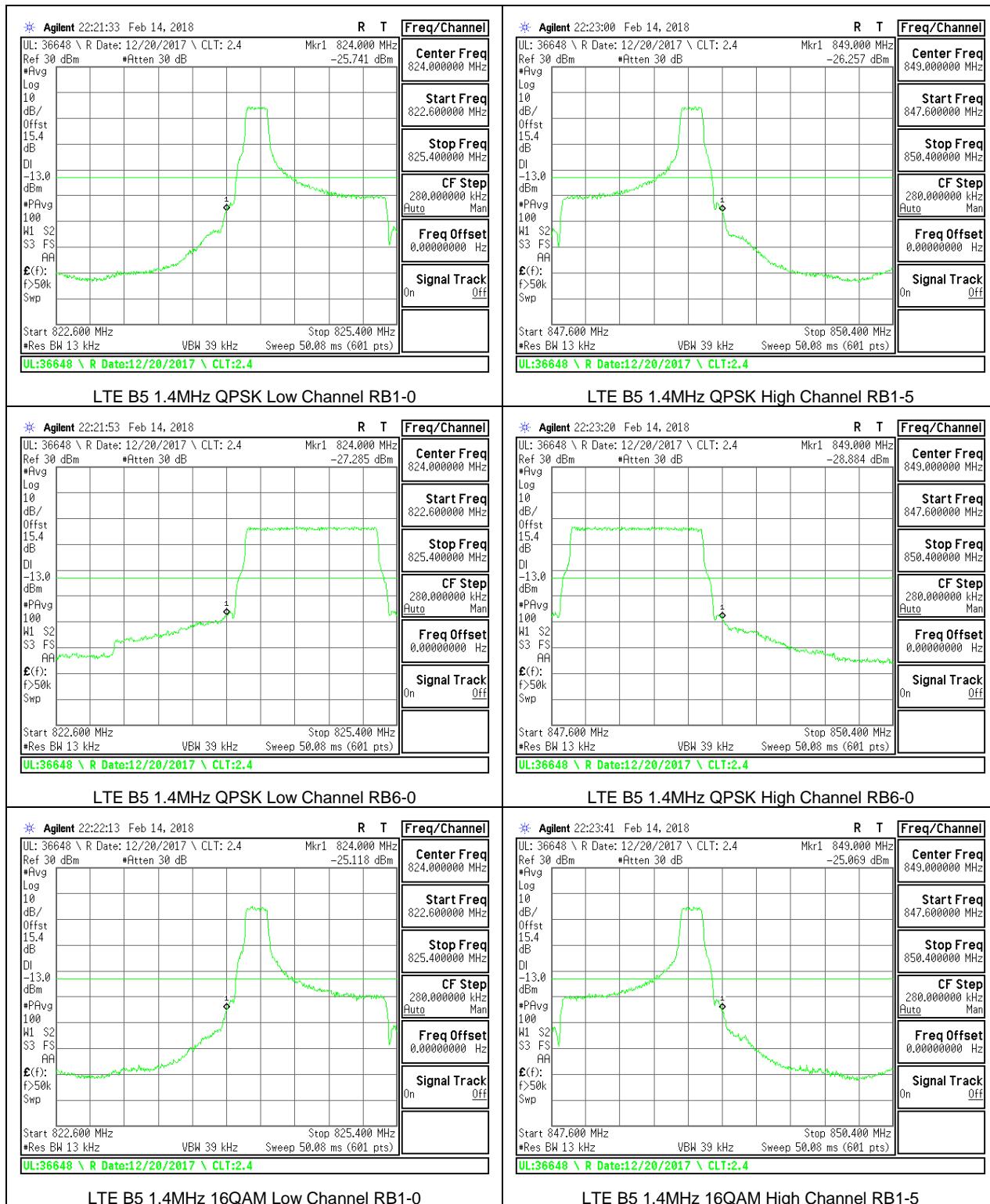


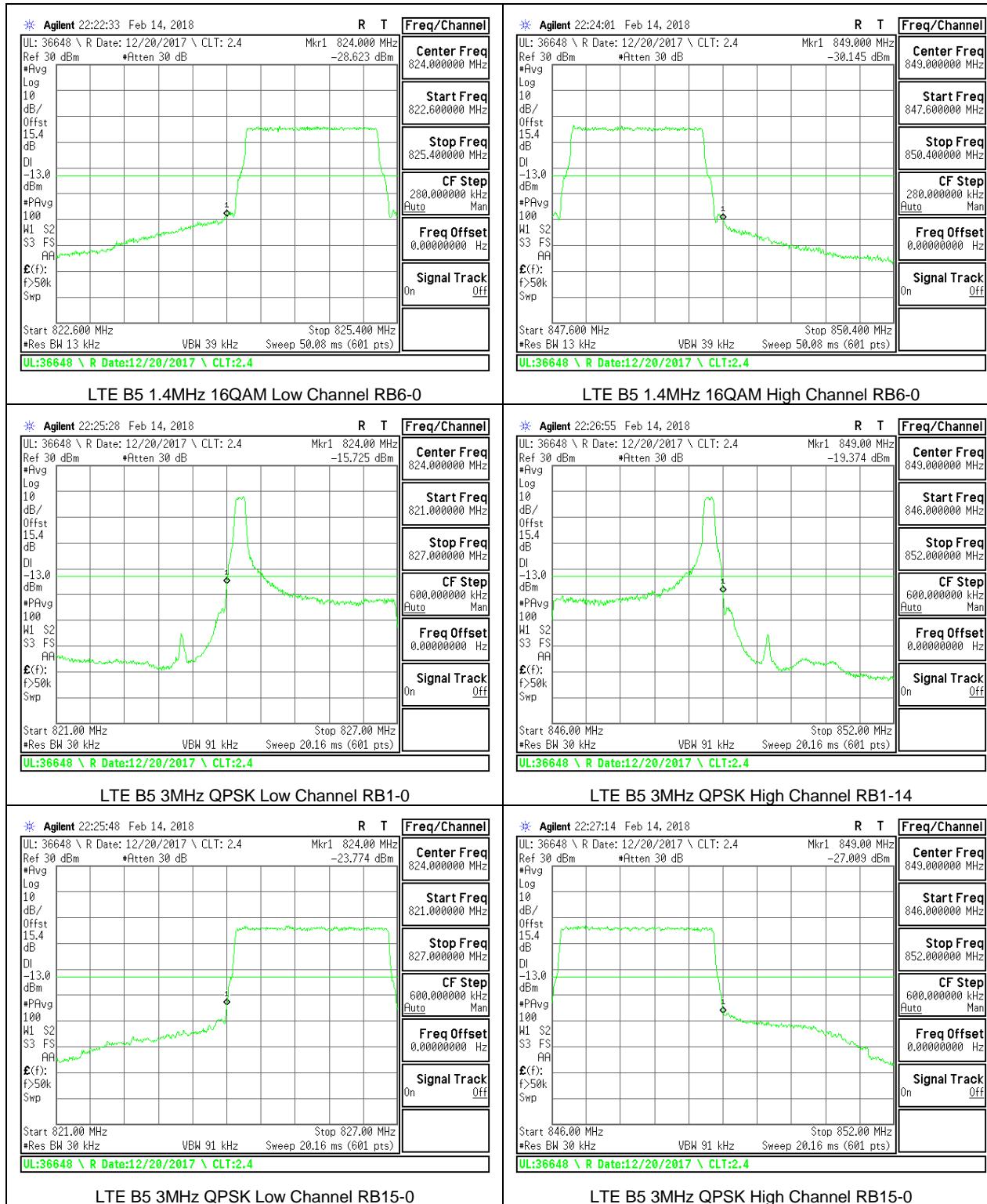


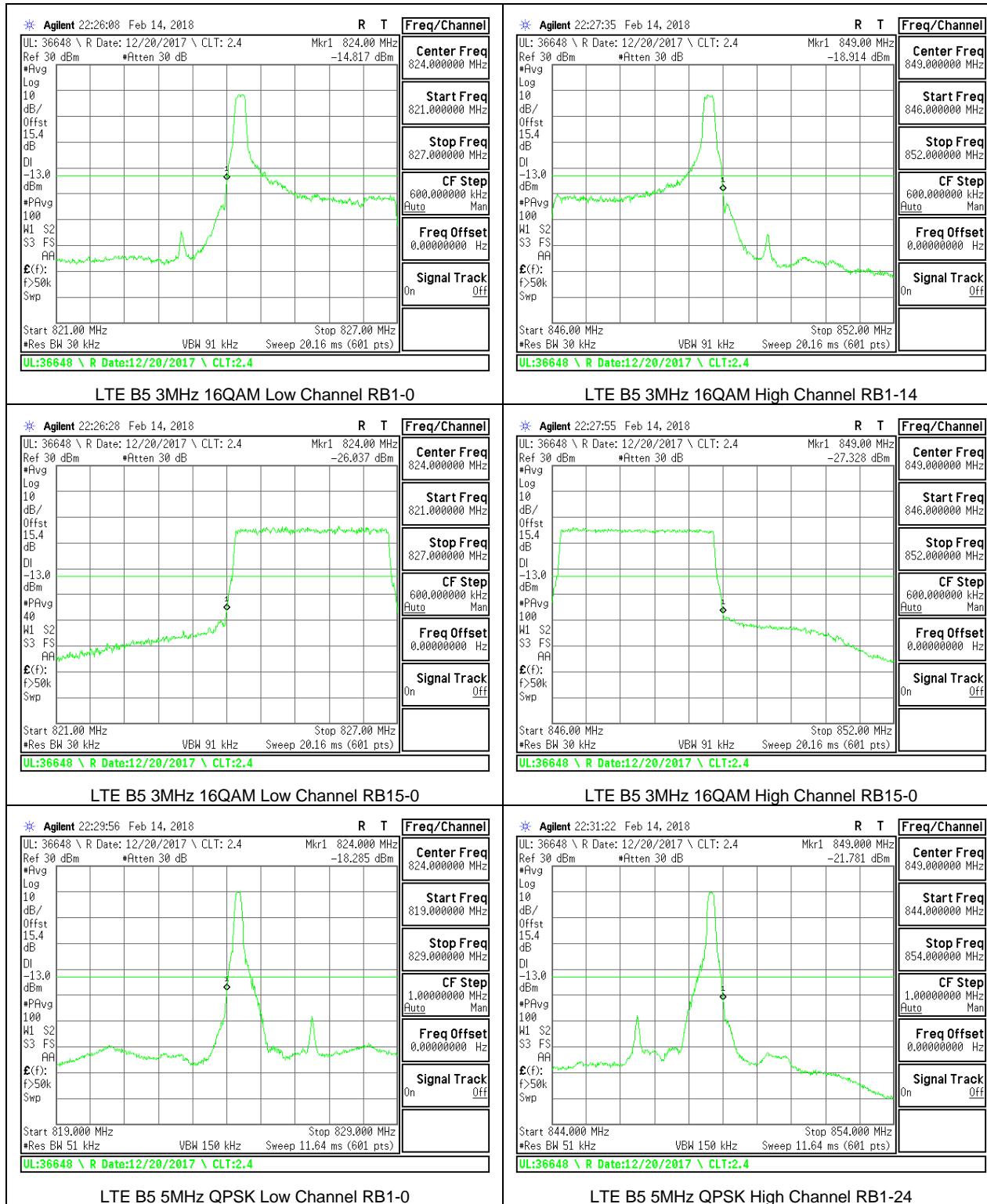


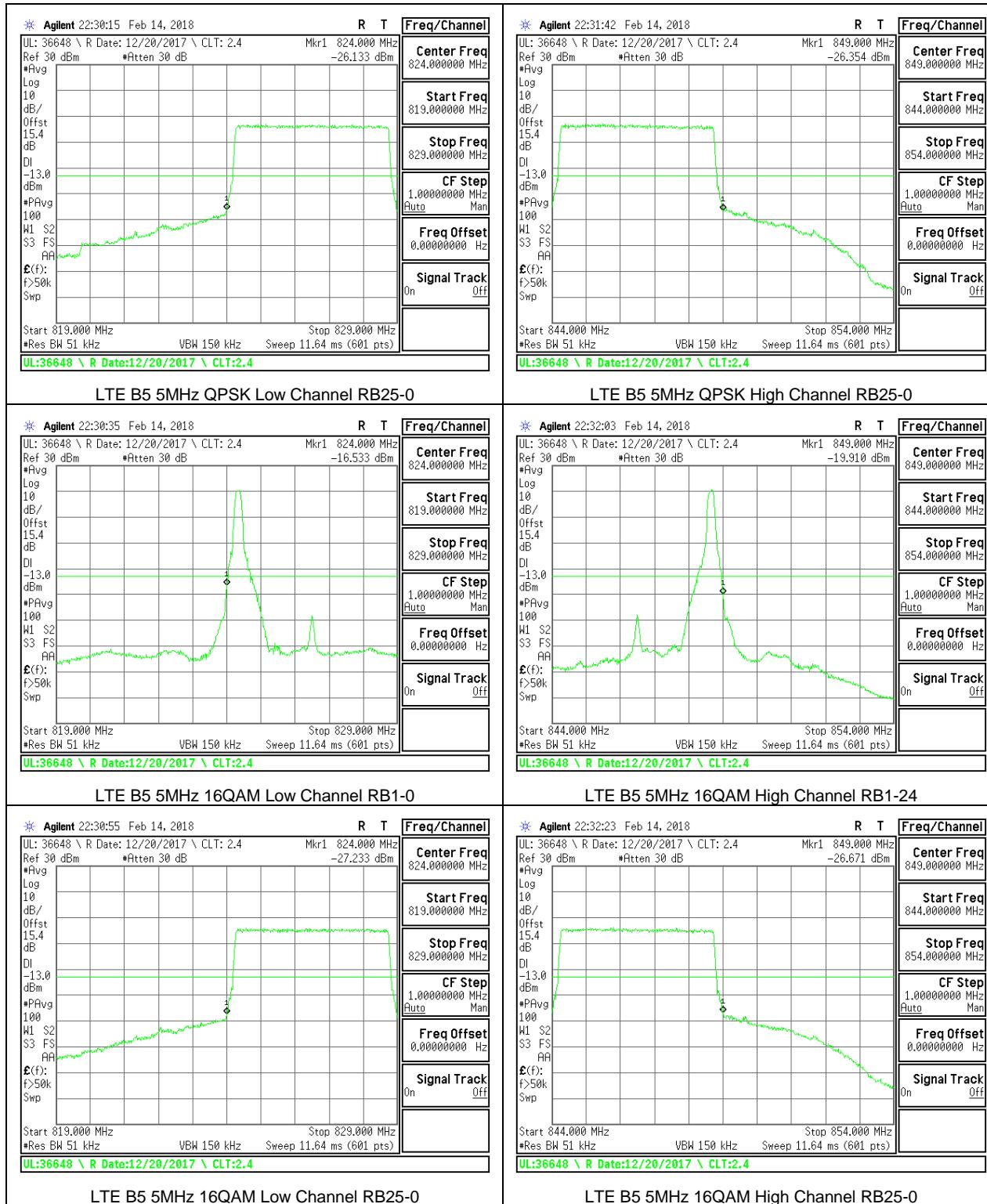


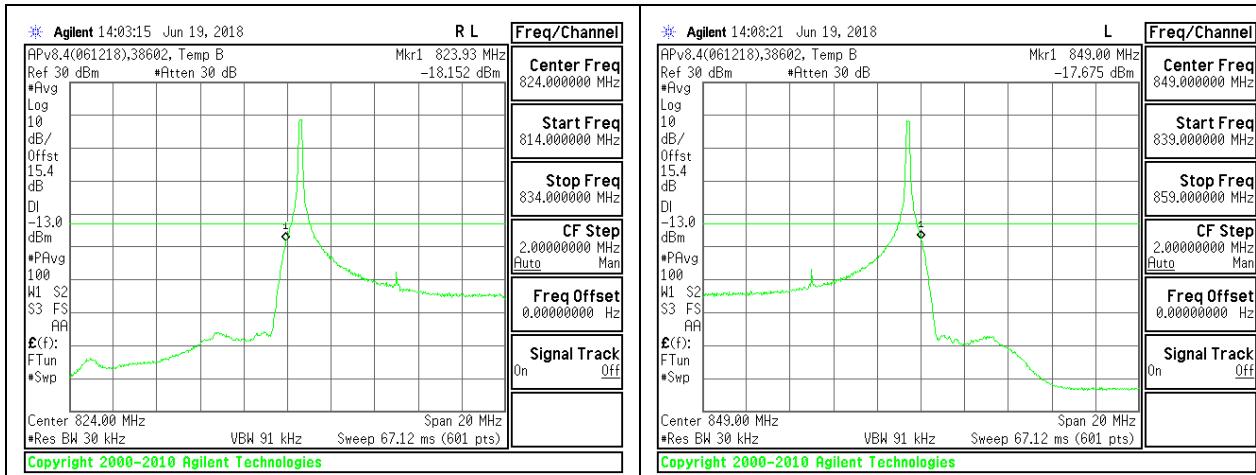
## 8.2.2. LTE BAND 5 BANDEDGE



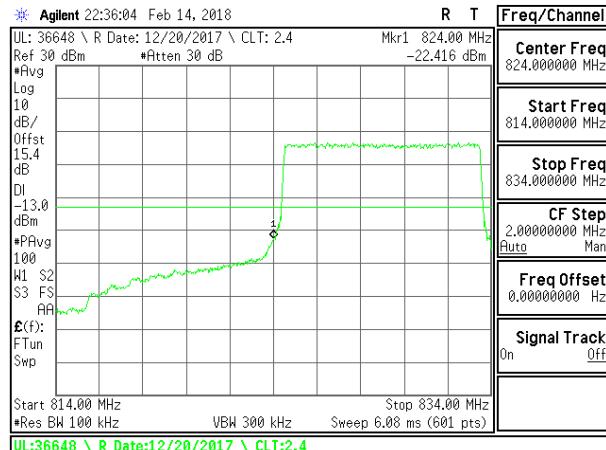




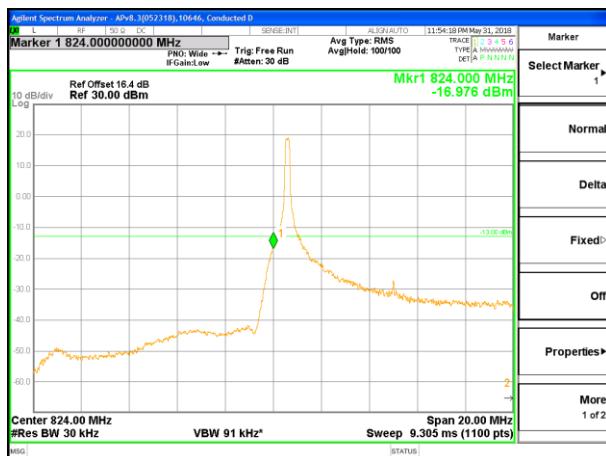




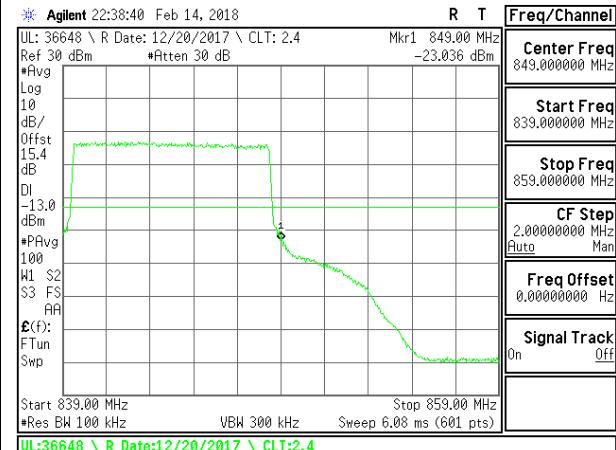
LTE B5 10MHz QPSK Low Channel RB1-0



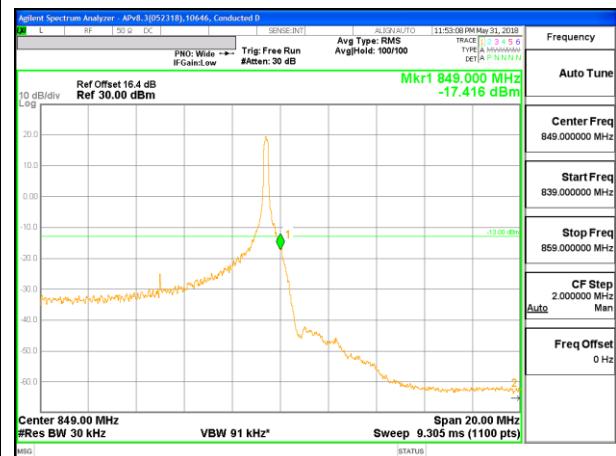
LTE B5 10MHz QPSK Low Channel RB50-0



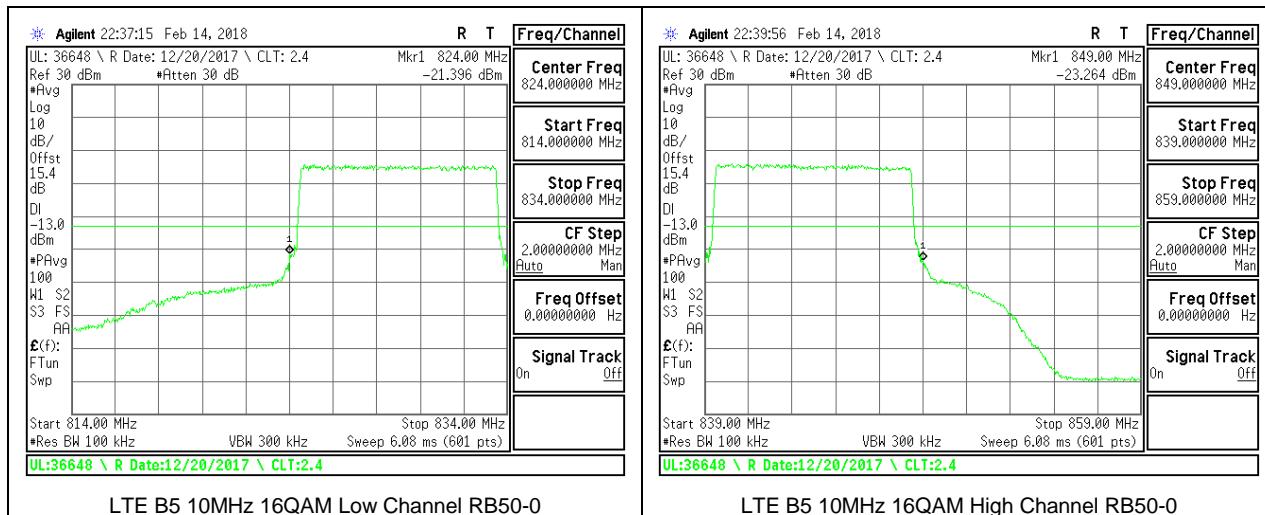
LTE B5 10MHz 16QAM Low Channel RB1-0



LTE B5 10MHz QPSK High Channel RB1-49



LTE B5 10MHz 16QAM High Channel RB1-49



### 8.2.3. LTE BAND 7 ADJACENT CHANNEL POWER

