

HAC VOLUME CONTROL TEST REPORT

FCC 47 CFR § 20.19 ANSI C63.19-2019

For **SMARTPHONE**

FCC ID: BCG-E8690A Model Name: A3287

Report Number: 14982486-S3V2 Issue Date: 8/1/2024

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Revision History

| Rev. | Date | Revisions | Revised By |
|------|-----------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| V1 | 7/19/2024 | Initial Issue | |
| V2 | 8/1/2024 | Section 7.1: Updated note | Coltyce Sanders |
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1. Attestation of Test Results

| Applicant Name | APPLE, INC. | | |
|--|--|-------|--|
| FCC ID | BCG-E8690A | | |
| Model Name | A3287 | | |
| Applicable Standards | FCC 47 CFR § 20.19 ANSI C63.19-2019 ANSI/TIA 5050-2018 Waiver order DA 23-914 | | |
| Convergational Cain Limita (dP) | 2N | 8N | |
| Conversational Gain Limits (dB) | ≥6 | | |
| Worst case Conversational Gain (dB) | 13.24 | 21.04 | |
| Date Tested | 6/24/2024 to 7/16/2024 | | |
| Test Results | Pass | | |

UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested can demonstrate compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

This report contains data provided by the customer which can impact the validity of results. UL Verification Services Inc. is only responsible for the validity of results after the integration of the data provided by the customer.

The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. It is the manufacturer's responsibility to assure that additional production units of this model are manufactured with identical electrical and mechanical components. All samples tested were in good operating condition throughout the entire test program. Measurement Uncertainties are published for informational purposes only and were not considered unless noted otherwise.

This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA, NIST, or any agency of the U.S. Government, or any agency of the U.S. government.

| Approved & Released By: | Prepared By: | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Jen Cary | Colle Sul | |
| Devin Chang | Coltyce Sanders | |
| Senior Laboratory Engineer | Staff Laboratory Engineer | |
| UL Verification Services Inc. | UL Verification Services Inc. | |

2. Test Methodology

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.19-2019 and ANSI/TIA-5050-2018. Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids and FCC published procedures:

KDB 285076 D04 Volume Control v02

KDB 285076 D05 CG Interim Waiver DA 23-914 v01

KDB 388624 D02 Pre-Approval Guidance List v18r05 (WAIVER)

In addition to the above, the following guidance was used:

TCB workshop updates:

- o TCB Workshop October 2023; HAC Updates (HAC Waiver Test Guidance for HAC Compliance)
- o TCB Workshop April 2024; HAC Updates (Handset Configuration)

3. Facilities and Accreditation

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at

| | |
|----------------------|------|
| 47266 Benicia Street | |
| Audio Chamber 1 | |

UL Verification Services Inc. is accredited by A2LA, Certificate Number 0751.05

The Test Lab Conformity Assessment Body Identifier (CABID) (for IC only)

| Location | CABID | Company Number | |
|--|---------|----------------|--|
| 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, CA, 94538 UNITED STATES | 1100404 | 22244 | |
| 47266 Benicia Street, Fremont, CA, 94538 UNITED STATES | US0104 | 2324A | |

4. Calibration and Uncertainty

4.1. Measuring Instrument Calibration

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations and is traceable to recognized national standards.

Lab Equipment

| Name of Equipment | Manufacturer | Type/Model | Serial No. | Cal. Due Date |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Head and Torso Simulator | Brüel & Kjær | -4128-C-001 | 3244297 | 5/31/2025 |
| Signal Conditioner/Amplifier | Brüel & Kjær | -1708- | 100337 | 5/31/2025 |
| Sound & Vibration Measurement A/S | Brüel & Kjær | -3670-A-082 | 3670-000087 | 5/31/2025 |
| Handset Positioner | Brüel & Kjær | 4606 | 2435148 | N/A |
| Sound Calibrator | Brüel & Kjær | 4231 | 3025131 | 5/31/2025 |
| DAC | Yellow tech | YT4211 | 22000115 | N/A |
| Radio Communication Tester | R&S | CMW 500 | 170269-HX | 2/21/2025 |
| Radio Communication Tester | R&S | CMW 500 | 170415-uw | 2/28/2025 |
| Radio Communication Tester | R&S | CMX 500 | 101156-bz | 3/18/2025 |
| Up/Down-Converter | R&S | CMW-Z800A | 100198-XW | 2/28/2025 |

4.2. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement Uncertainty for Volume Control Measurement

| Uncertainty Component | Tol. (±%) | Probe Dist. | Div. | Ci | V _i | u _i (±%) |
|--|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------|------|----------------|---------------------|
| Measurement System - Input Channels of Audio | Interface | | | | | |
| Overall Frequency Resonse (re. 1 kHz) | 0.02 | R | 1.732 | 1 | ∞ | 0.01 |
| Measurement System - Output Channels of Audio | o Interface | | | | | |
| Measurement System - Pre-Amplifier | | | | | | |
| Gain Tolerance 10 Hz 100 kHz | 0.01 | R | 1.732 | 1 | ∞ | 0.01 |
| Measurement System - Ear Simulator | | • | | | | |
| Typical Sensitivity | 0.19 | R | 1.73 | 1 | ∞ | 0.11 |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Repeatability Test (Conversational Gain) | 0.47 | N | 1 | 1 | 40 | 0.47 |
| Repeatability Test (Acoustic Frequency Response) | 1.56 | N | 1 | 1 | 40 | 1.56 |
| Repeatability Test (Distortion) | 8.69 | N | 1 | 1 | 40 | 8.69 |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty Uc(y) = | | Expanded l | Jncertain | ty | | |
| Conversational Gain | 0.48 | Conversational Gain | | | 0.97 | |
| Acoustic Response | 1.56 | 1.56 Acoustic Frequency Response | | 3.12 | | |
| Distortion | 8.69 | 59 Distortion 17.38 | | | 17.38 | |

Notes for table

1. N - Nomal

2. R - Rectangular

3. Div. - Divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty

4. c_i - is the Sensitivity coefficient

5. u_i - Standard Uncertainty

5. Test Considerations per ANSI/TIA-5050-2018, §4

5.1. Adjustable Frequency Response

If the terminal provides the ability to adjust the receive frequency response (e.g., via a "tone control" feature), the terminal is considered to be compliant with this Standard if it meets the requirements at one of the available frequency response settings.

5.2. Acoustic Test Interface Equipment

An ITU-T P.58 compliant Head and Torso Simulator (HATS) equipped with an ITU-T P.57 type 3.3 ear simulator shall be used for the acoustic transmission measurements specified in this standard. The ear simulator calibration and usage, and the positioning of the handset on the HATS shall be performed according to IEEE Std 269 unless stated otherwise in this document.

5.3. Handset Positioning and Mounting Force

The handset shall be placed in either the standard test position as specified in IEEE Std 269 or a recommended test position specified by the manufacturer that complies with the recommended test position requirements in IEEE Std 269.

Requirements in this standard include testing methods with a force of 2 Newtons (2N) and 8N applied when placing the handset receiver against the artificial ear pinna simulator for either the standard test position or recommended test position. The 2N force is used for testing requirements related to use by persons with hearing devices and the 8N force is used for testing requirements related to use by persons without hearing devices.

It is expected that for a person using a hearing device, the hearing device provides the desired amplification. Therefore, the tests using a force of 2N against the artificial ear pinna simulator ensure that when the telephone handset is used with a hearing device operating in the acoustic (microphone) mode, the receiver acoustics will provide the expected acoustic signals.

5.4. Test Signal and Analysis

The test signal specified for use in this document is the uncompressed real male speech as published with IEEE Std 269.

The test signal Active Speech Level (ASL) for wireless (mobile) device testing shall be -20 dBm0. The analysis shall be done in 1/12 octave bands averaged over one complete sequence of the four short sentences in the test signal unless otherwise specified.

The acoustic listener reference point shall be the Free Field (FF) or the Diffuse Field (DF) as determined in the method of measurement.

5.5. Narrowband and Wideband Transmission Modes

Under the waiver, only CMRS narrowband and CMRS wideband voice codecs are required to comply with the volume control requirements of the TIA 5050-2018 Volume Control Standard. For example, AMR and EVS codecs that operate over licensed-frequency bands and Wi-Fi Calling

5.6. Air Interface

Wireless handsets typically provide multiple air interface modes such as GSM, CDMA, WCDMA, LTE, etc. When connecting a call between the audio test system and the DUT through the Call Box, any available air interface that supports the codecs described above may be used for testing.

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5.7. Precautions

Coding, decoding, packetization, and other signal processing may introduce significant delays that must be accounted for by the measurement system. Refer to IEEE Std 269 for additional precautions regarding test signal usage.

5.8. Test Arrangement

The general test arrangement is shown in Figure 5-1. The Call Box passes the voice channel stream to the DUT without modification. There is no gain or loss in the voice channel stream due to the Call Box interface. The RETP (receive electrical test point) is the point in the device test arrangement where signals are applied to the DUT in the receive direction.¹

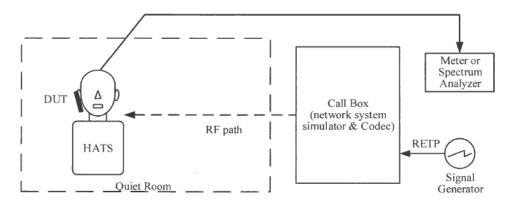


Figure 5-1: Test Arrangement

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Additional information related to the air interface for the various RF technologies is specified in several 3GPP documents. A list of these can be found in 3GPP TS 26.132 V14.0.0 §4. Additional information related to the test setup can be found in 3GPP TS 26.132, V14.0.0 §5.1.

6. Test Procedures per KDB 285076 D05 & ANSI/TIA-5050-2018, §5

6.1. Receive Volume Control Performance & Receive Distortion and Noise Performance

6.1.1. Test Requirements

KDB 285076 D04

The procedures for the receive volume control performance can be found in section 5.1 of TIA-5050. An ITU-T P.58 compliant Head and Torso Simulator (HATS) is required for all testing. Irrespective of codec or air interface tested, the test signal must be used in accordance with IEEE standard 269 based on the uncompressed real male speech with an active speech level (ASL) of -20 dBm0.

Special attention should be given to Narrowband and Wideband transmissions ensuring that appropriate limits are chosen based on codec performance. For codecs with performance that exceeds wideband codecs (i.e. exceeding 50 to 7,000 Hz), the wideband limits are applicable. For example, for super wideband or full band codecs, as defined by 3GPP TS26, measure the ASL frequency response for the sound pressure level from 100 to 7,720 Hz.

The device shall meet the frequency response requirements at both 2N and 8N mounting force as specified in section 5.3 of TIA-5050. Measurements shall be taken at the DRP and transformed to either the Free Field (FF) or Diffuse Field (DF). The 1/12 octave band frequency listed in TIA-5050 Tables B.1 and B.3 shall be used for all frequency response measurements.

KDB 285076 D05

This section addresses the technical testing requirements for the conversational gain, distortion, and frequency response tests that amends KDB 285076 D04 Volume Control under the conditions of the limited-term waiver DA 23-914.

- a Under the waiver, only CMRS narrowband and CMRS wideband voice codecs are required to comply with the volume control requirements of the TIA 5050-2018 Volume Control Standard as amended as follows:
 - 1. For the 2N mounting force test, one narrowband and one wideband voice codec embedded with the handset must pass with at least one volume control setting with a conversational gain of ≥ 6 dB for all voice services, bands of operation and air interfaces over which it operates using one codec bit rate of the applicant's choosing.
 - i. With a mounting force of 2N, the ratio of the stimulus signal power to the 100 Hz to 8000 Hz total A-weighted distortion and noise power shall be ≥ 20 dB when tested over the range of 1/3 octave band center frequencies:
 - 2. For the 8N mounting force test, one narrowband and one wideband voice codec embedded with the handset must pass with at least one volume control setting with a conversational gain of ≥ 6 dB8 for all voice services, bands of operation and air interfaces over which they operate but is not required to meet or exceed the full 18 dB of conversational gain specified in § 5.1.1 of the TIA 5050 Volume Control Standard using one codec bit rate of the applicant's choosing.
 - i. With a mounting force of 8N, the ratio of the stimulus signal power to the 100 Hz to 8000 Hz total A-weighted distortion and noise power shall be ≥ 20 dB when tested over the range of 1/3 octave band center frequencies:
- For all other narrowband and wideband codecs not evaluated in 2.a. above, TIA 5050-2018 Receive Distortion and Noise Performance and Receive Acoustic Frequency Response Performance evaluations are not required; however, these codecs shall be assessed for conversational gain and documented in the test report at the 2N and 8N levels with a gain of ≥ 6 dB for all voice services, bands of operation and air interfaces over which they operate. The handset volume setting used to comply with 2.a. shall be used for these other CMRS codec evaluations.
- c Any other codec for voice services embedded in the handset, not identified in 2.a. and 2.b. above, is not required to comply or demonstrate in the test reports for conversational gain (e.g., Google Meet, non-3GPP VoIP codecs).

6.1.2. Receive Volume Control Performance Measurement Method

- 1. Configure the DUT with a mounting force of 8N and test equipment as shown in Figure 5-1 in an active call state with the applicable codec for the transmission mode under test.
- 2. Set the DUT volume control to the maximum setting.

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3. If the DUT has an adjustable tone control feature, a tone control setting that meets the frequency response requirements in ANSI/TIA-5050-2018 §5.3.1 shall be used.

- 4. Apply the real speech test signal at a level of -20 dBm0 at the RETP and measure the acoustic output at the Drum Reference Point (DRP) over one complete sequence of the test signal.
- 5. Translate the measurement made at the DRP to the Free Field (FF) using the translation data in ANSI/TIA-5050-2018 Annex B.
- 6. Over the applicable frequency band, determine the ASL in dBSPL for the resulting sound pressure level in accordance with Method B of ITU-T Recommendation P.56:
 - a. Narrowband 100 Hz through 4000 Hz.
 - b. Wideband 100 Hz through 7720 Hz.
- 7. Calculate the Conversational Gain by subtracting 70 dB from the measured dBSPL.

Conversation
$$Gain = (Measured dBSPL - 70 dBSPL) dB$$

- 8. Measure the output distortion per ANSI/TIA-5050-2018 §5.2. If a distortion failure occurs at the maximum volume control setting, reduce the volume control setting and repeat the measurement to determine if a setting can be found for which the conversational gain requirement is met without a distortion failure.
- 9. Repeat steps 2-8 with a mounting force of 2N.

6.1.3. Receive Distortion and Noise Performance Measurement Method

- 1. Configure the DUT with a mounting force of 8N and test equipment as shown in Figure 5-1 in an active call state with the applicable codec for the transmission mode under test with the volume control at the setting determined in ANSI/TIA-5050-2018 §5.1.1.
- Receive distortion and noise is measured using the PN-SDNR procedure as described in ANSI/TIA-5050-2018 Annex A.
- 3. To ensure DUT activation, apply the real speech test signal at a level of -20 dBm0 followed immediately by the initial 1/3 octave center frequency PN test signal in Table 6-1 based on the narrowband or wideband operating mode. Measure the acoustic output at the DRP over the complete sequence of the PN test signal.
- 4. Translate the measurement made at the DRP to the FF using the translation data in ANSI/TIA-5050-2018 Annex B.
- 5. Calculate the acoustic output unweighted total signal power of the stimulus measurement band as described in ANSI/TIA-5050-2018 A.2.
- 6. Calculate the notched A-weighting distortion and noise components as described in ANSI/TIA-5050-2018 A.3.
- 7. Calculate the ratio of the signal power to the total A-weighted distortion and noise power using the following equation:

$$PN - SDNR(dB) = 20 * log(\frac{measured\ stimulus\ amplitude}{measured\ distortion\ amplitude})$$

- 8. Repeat for each of the remaining 1/3 octave center frequencies in Table 6-1 based on the narrowband or wideband operating mode.
- 9. Repeat steps 2-8 with a mounting force of 2N.

Table 6-1: Stimulus and Stimulus Measurement Bands for PN-SDNR

| Stimulus Measurement Lower Band Edge | Stimulus Lower Band Edge | Nominal Center Frequency | Stimulus Upper Band Edge | Stimulus Measurement Upper Band Edge | Handset Operating Mode |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| 190 | 225 | 250 | 280 | 315 | Wideband |
| 245 | 280 | 315 | 355 | 390 | only |
| 320 | 355 | 400 | 445 | 480 | |
| 410 | 445 | 500 | 560 | 595 | |
| 525 | 560 | 630 | 710 | 745 | |
| 675 | 710 | 800 | 890 | 925 | |
| 855 | 890 | 1000 | 1120 | 1155 | Narrowband |
| 1085 | 1120 | 1250 | 1415 | 1450 | & Wideband |
| 1375 | 1410 | 1600 | 1780 | 1815 | |
| 1745 | 1780 | 2000 | 2240 | 2275 | |
| 2205 | 2240 | 2500 | 2820 | 2855 | |
| 2785 | 2820 | 3150 | 3550 | 3585 | |
| 3515 | 3550 | 4000 | 4465 | 4500 | Wideband |
| 4430 | 4465 | 5000 | 5625 | 5660 | only |

6.2. Receive Acoustic Frequency Response Performance

6.2.1. Test Requirement

The receive acoustic frequency response is required to be met when tested with a handset mounting force of 2N and 8N. For a hearing device, a 2N force is used to simulate usage of the handset by a person with a hearing device in the microphone (acoustic) mode.

The receive frequency response is the ratio of the output sound pressure at the listener reference point (LRP) (FF or DF) to the voltage input to the reference codec, or digital bit stream equivalent, as shown in the equation below for each frequency or frequency band (f_i):

$$S_{JE} = 20 * log_{10}(P_E/V_R) dB re 1 Pa/V$$

Where:

 S_{JE} = Receive Sensitivity, Juncion to Ear, at f_i

 P_E = LRP sound pressure measured by ear simulator at DRP and translated to the FF or DF (see

ANSI/TIA-5050-2018 Annex B), at f_i^2

 V_R = RMS input voltage to the reference codec, or digital bit stream equivalent, at f_i

For the volume control settings determined in ANSI/TIA-5050-2018 §5.1.1 with a mounting force of 8N and 2N, the receive frequency response shall be measured at the DRP in 1/12 octave bands. After translation to the FF or DF, it shall fall between the applicable upper and lower limits.

The exact limit values at any 1/12 octave band center frequency falling between two consecutive points specified in the table may be calculated using the formula given in the equation below:

$$X_f = X_1 + (X_2 - X_1) * \left(\frac{\log_{10} f - \log_{10} f_1}{\log_{10} f_2 - \log_{10} f_1} \right)$$

Where:

 X_f = limit value at frequency f

 X_1 = limit value at frequency f_1 as given in Table 6-2 X_2 = limit value at frequency f_2 as given in Table 6-2

The results for each 1 /12 octave band measurement are to be evaluated against the upper and lower limit values only at the center frequency point for that band (i.e., not the entire width of the band). For graphical purposes, the individual 1/12 octave band measurement results are plotted as points on a linear dB scale (y-axis) versus the band's center frequency on a logarithmic frequency scale (x-axis). The frequency response limits are floating or "best fit" (i.e., the maximum and minimum deviations from the upper and lower limits should be equidistant from those limits).

The following narrowband and wideband frequency response limits are referenced from 3GPP TS26.131.3

1. Narrowband: The 1/12 octave band frequency response after translation to the FF or DF shall fall between the upper and lower limits given in Table 6-2 and shown in Figure 6-1.

Table 6-2: Narrowband Receive Frequency Response Limits

| Lower Limit Frequency (Hz) | Lower Limit (dB) | Upper Limit Frequency (Hz) | Upper Limit (dB) |
|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| 300 | -6 | 100 | +6 |
| 3400 | -6 | 4000 | +6 |

² 3GPP frequency response requirements in TS 26.131 as measured in TS 26.132 only use the DF. This standard allows either the FF or DF to meet the frequency response requirements but requires FF for both the volume control (ANSI/TIA-5050 §5.1) and distortion and noise (ANSI/TIA-5050-2018 §5.2) requirements.

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³ 3GPP TS 26.132 states the frequency response measurements are referred to the DF.

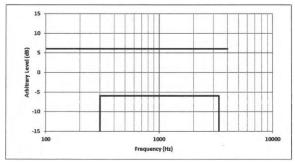


Figure 6-1: Narrowband Receive Frequency Response Limits

2. Wideband: The 1112 octave band frequency response after translation to the FF or DF shall fall between the upper and lower limits given in Table 6-3 and shown in Figure 6-2.

| Lower Limit Frequency (Hz) | Lower Limit (dB) | Upper Limit Frequency (Hz) | Upper Limit (dB) |
|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| 200 | -10 | 100 | +6 |
| 300 | -6 | 1000 | +6 |
| 5000 | -6 | 2000 | +8 |
| | | | |

-12

8000

+8

Table 6-3: Wideband Receive Frequency Response Limits

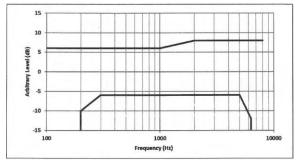


Figure 6-2: Wideband Receive Frequency Response Limits

6.2.2. Receive Acoustic Frequency Response Performance Measurement Method

- Configure the DUT with a mounting force of 8N and test equipment as shown in Figure 5-1 in an active call state
 with the applicable codec for the transmission mode under test with the volume control at the setting determined
 in ANSI/TIA-5050-2018 §5.1.1.
- 2. If the DUT has an adjustable tone control feature the initial measurement is to be performed with the default tone control setting.
- 3. Apply the real speech test signal with a level of -20 dBm0 at the RETP.

6300

- 4. Capture the frequency spectrum at the DRP of the HATS using real-time analysis with 1/12 octave bands over the frequency range from 100 Hz to 4000 Hz for narrowband measurements, or over the frequency range from 100 Hz to 8000 Hz for wideband measurements, averaged over the entire duration of the test signal.
- 5. Transform the DRP frequency spectrum measurement to the FF or DF (see ANSI/TIA-5050-2018 Annex B).
- 6. Divide the 1/12 octave measurement data by the 1/12 octave frequency spectrum of the test signal at the RETP and present the measurement in terms of dB (Pa/V).
- 7. Apply the applicable frequency response limits to determine compliance.
- 8. If the default tone control setting does not meet the requirement, repeat the above steps for other tone control settings to determine a tone control setting that meets the requirements.
- 9. Repeat with a mounting force of 2N.

7. Device Under Test

| Normal operation | Held to head | | | |
|--|--------------|------|------------|--|
| Back Cover The Back Cover is not removable | | | | |
| | S/N | IMEI | Notes | |
| Test sample information | K4VDY7MJ47 | N/A | HAC Sample | |

7.1. Air Interfaces and Operating Mode

All air interfaces which support voice capabilities over a managed CMRS were tested.

| Air Interface | Bands (MHz) | Туре | C63.19 Tested | Simultaneous Transmitter | Name of Voice Service | Power Mode ⁴ | Power Reduction | Audio Codecs Evaluated ^{1,2} |
|------------------|--------------------|-------|------------------|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---|
| | 850 | 1/0 | V | Wi-Fi, BT, NB U-NII, | CMDC | N4I- A | N/A | EFR, AMR-NB |
| GSM | 1900 | VO | Yes | 802.15.4 & 802.15.4ab NB | CMRS | Mode A | N/A | & AMR-WB |
| | GPRS/EDGE | DT/VD | No | Wi-Fi, BT, NB U-NII, 802.15.4 & 802.15.4ab NB | FaceTime | Mode A | N/A | ACC-ELD |
| | 850 | | | Wi-Fi, BT, NB U-NII, | | | | |
| 144 OD144 | 1700 | VO | Yes | 802.15.4 & | CMRS | Mode A | N/A | AMR-NB & AMR-WB |
| W-CDMA (UMTS) | 1900 | | | 802.15.4ab NB | | | | |
| | HSPA | VD | No | Wi-Fi, BT, NB U-NII, 802.15.4 & 802.15.4ab NB | FaceTime | Mode A | N/A | ACC-ELD |
| | 700 (B12/13/17) | | | | | | | |
| | 850 (B5/26) | | | | | | | **** |
| LTE - FDD | 1700 (B4/66) | VD | Yes | 5G NR, Wi-Fi, BT, NB U-NII, 802.15.4 & | CMRS | Mode A | N/A | AMR-NB, AMR-WB, |
| LIE-FDD | 1900 (B2/25) | VD | 162 | 802.15.4ab NB | FaceTime | Mode A | IN/A | EVS, & ACC- ELD |
| | 2300 (B30) | | | | | | | |
| | 2500 (B7) | | | | | | | |
| | 2500 (B53) | | | 5G NR, Wi-Fi, BT, NB | | | | AMR-NB, |
| LTE - TDD | 2600 (B41) | VD | Yes | U-NII, 802.15.4 & 802.15.4ab NB | CMRS FaceTime | Mode A | N/A | AMR-WB, EVS, & ACC- |
| | 3600 (B48) | | | 002.13.4ab NB | | | | ELD |
| | 700 (n12) | | | | | | | |
| | 850 (n5/n26) | | | | | | | |
| 5G NR(FR1) | 1700 (n66/n70) | VD | Yes ³ | LTE, Wi-Fi, BT, NB U- NII, 802.15.4 & | CMRS | Mode A | N/A | AMR-NB, AMR-WB, |
| FDD | 1900 (n2/n25) | VD | 162 | 802.15.4ab NB | FaceTime | Mode A | IN/A | EVS, & ACC- ELD |
| | 2300 (n30) | | | | | | | |
| | 2500 (n7) | | | | | | | |
| | 2500 (n53) | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 2600 (n41) | | | LTE WEELDT NOU | | | | AMR-NB, |
| 5G NR(FR1) | 3500 (n77 Block A) | VD | Yes ³ | LTE, Wi-Fi, BT, NB U- NII, 802.15.4 & | CMRS FaceTime | Mode A | N/A | AMR-WB, EVS, & ACC- |
| TDD | 3700 (n48) | | | 802.15.4ab NB | | | | ELD |
| | 3900 (n77 Block C) | | | | | | | |

Note(s)

ASL of -20 dBm0 is required for all codecs.

- 2. ACC-ELD not required for evaluation. Refer to §6.1.1(c).
- VoNR is supported: manufacturer states that VoNR uses the same protocol, Codec(s) and bitrates as VoLTE.
- For all air interfaces, the maximum held-to-head output power was used for Volume Control evaluations. The maximum held-to-head output power is Mode A for WWAN operating modes and Power State 1 Mode A for WLAN operating modes. Refer to §8 for Volume Control evaluations.

VO: Legacy Cellular Voice Service

DT: Digital Transport only (no voice)
VD: IP Voice Service over Digital Transport
CMRS: Commercial Mobile Radio Service

Air Interfaces and Operating Modes

| Air Interface | Bands (MHz) | Туре | C63.19 Tested | Simultaneous Transmitter | Name of Voice Service | Power Mode ⁴ | Power Reduction | Audio Codecs Evaluated ^{1,2} |
|---------------|------------------------|------|------------------|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---|
| | 2450 | | | WWAN, NB U-NII & 802.15.4ab | | | | |
| | U-NII-1 | | | | | Power | | AMR-NB, |
| | U-NII-2A | VD | Yes | WWAN, BT, 802.15.4, & | CMRS FaceTime | State 1 Mode A | N/A | AMR-WB, EVS, & ACC- |
| | U-NII-2C | | | 802.15.4ab NB | | Mode A | | ELD |
| Wi-Fi | U-NII-3 | | | | | | | |
| VVI-F1 | U-NII-5 (VLP, SP, LPI) | VD | Yes | WWAN, BT, 802.15.4, & 802.15.4ab NB | CMRS FaceTime | Power State 1 Mode A | N/A | AMR-NB, AMR-WB, EVS, & ACC- ELD |
| | U-NII-6 (LPI) | | | WWAN, BT, | | | | AMR-NB, |
| | U-NII-7 (VLP, SP, LPI) | VD | No ³ | 802.15.4, & 802.15.4ab NB | CMRS FaceTime | N/A | N/A | AMR-WB, EVS, & ACC- |
| | U-NII-8 (LPI) | | | 602.13.4ab NB | | | | ELD |
| NB U-NII | 5200 (U-NII-1) | DT | N/A | WWAN, Wi-Fi 2.4 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| ND O-MII | 5800 (U-NII-3) | Di | IVA | GHz | IVA | IV/A | IVA | IWA |
| 802.15ab NB | 5800 (U-NII-3) | DT | N/A | WWAN, BT, 802.15.4 & Wi-Fi ² | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 802.15.4 | 2450 | DT | N/A | WWAN, 802.15.4ab NB & Wi-Fi 5/6G | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| ВТ | 2.4GHz | DT | N/A | WWAN, 802.15.4ab NB & Wi-Fi 5/6G | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| MSS | 1600 | DT | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| NFC | 13 | DT | N/A | WWAN, BT, Wi-Fi 2.4G, Wi-Fi 5/6G, 802.15.4 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| UWB (Ultra- | 6500 | DT | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Wideband) | 8000 | וט | IN/A | IN/A | TW/A | IW/A | IN/A | IW/A |

Type

VO: Legacy Cellular Voice Service
DT: Digital Transport only (no voice)
VD: IP Voice Service over Digital Transport
CMRS: Commercial Mobile Radio Service

Note(s):

- 1. ASL of -20 dBm0 is required for all codecs.
- 2. ACC-ELD not required for evaluation. Refer to §6.1.1(c).
- Supported Frequency > 6GHz. ANSI C63,19 2019 only requires HAC evaluations for Technologies/Frequencies < 6GHz.
- For all air interfaces, the maximum held-to-head output power was used for Volume Control evaluations. The maximum held-to-head output power is Mode A for WWAN operating modes and Power State 1 Mode A for WLAN operating modes. Refer to §8 for Volume Control evaluations.

8. HAC (Volume Control) Test Results

Volume control testing was performed in accordance with KDB 285076 D05 CG Interim Waiver DA 23-914. Test guidance is as follows:

- 1) Under the waiver, only CMRS narrowband and CMRS wideband voice codecs are required to comply with the volume control requirements of the TIA 5050-2018 Volume Control Standard as amended as follows:
 - a) For the 2N mounting force test, one narrowband and one wideband voice codec embedded with the handset must pass with at least one volume control setting with a conversational gain of ≥ 6 dB for all voice services, bands of operation and air interfaces over which it operates using one codec bit rate of the applicant's choosing.
 - i) With a mounting force of 2N, the ratio of the stimulus signal power to the 100 Hz to 8000 Hz total A-weighted distortion and noise power shall be ≥ 20 dB when tested over the range of 1/3 octave band center frequencies:
 - b) For the 8N mounting force test, one narrowband and one wideband voice codec embedded with the handset must pass with at least one volume control setting with a conversational gain of ≥ 6 dB8 for all voice services, bands of operation and air interfaces over which they operate but is not required to meet or exceed the full 18 dB of conversational gain specified in § 5.1.1 of the TIA 5050 Volume Control Standard using one codec bit rate of the applicant's choosing.
 - i) With a mounting force of 8N, the ratio of the stimulus signal power to the 100 Hz to 8000 Hz total A-weighted distortion and noise power shall be ≥ 20 dB when tested over the range of 1/3 octave band center frequencies:
- 2) For all other narrowband and wideband codecs not evaluated in 1) above, TIA 5050-2018 Receive Distortion and Noise Performance and Receive Acoustic Frequency Response Performance evaluations are not required; however, these codecs shall be assessed for conversational gain and documented in the test report at the 2N and 8N levels with a gain of ≥ 6 dB for all voice services, bands of operation and air interfaces over which they operate. The handset volume setting used to comply with 1) shall be used for these other CMRS codec evaluations.
- 3) Any other codec for voice services embedded in the handset, not identified in 1) and 2) above, is not required to comply or demonstrate in the test reports for conversational gain (e.g., Google Meet, non-3GPP VoIP codecs).

For WWAN technologies, the DUT utilizes an Antenna - Port mapping feature. A Port is a collection (cluster) of antennas. Once the Port and Frequency Band has been selected, the transmitting Antenna is auto selected. Below is a description of the Port - Antenna mapping for the DUT.

| Port | Frequency Band | Antenna |
|------|----------------|---------|
| | LB | 1 |
| Α | LMB | 1 |
| A | MBHB | 1 |
| | UHB | 7 |
| | LB | 2 |
| В | LMB | 2 |
| В | MBHB | 2 |
| | UHB | 8 |
| С | MBHB | 3 |
| ٠ | UHB | 9 |
| D | MBHB | 4 |
| " | UHB | 4 |

LB = Low er Band (617 MHz - 960 MHz)

LMB = Low er - Mid Band (1427 MHz - 1700 MHz)

MBHB = Mid Band - High Band (1710 MHz - 2960 MHz)

UHB = Ultra High Band (3300 MHz - 4200 MHz)

The device supports four (4) WLAN Tx antennas:

| Antenna | Technology |
|-------------|--------------|
| 3 (Lower) | Wi-Fi 2.4GHz |
| 3 (Lower) | Bluetooth |
| 4 (Llaner) | Wi-Fi 2.4GHz |
| 4 (Upper) | Bluetooth |
| F (Leves) | Wi-Fi 5GHz |
| 5 (Lower) | Bluetooth |
| C (I Inner) | Wi-Fi 5GHz |
| 6 (Upper) | Bluetooth |

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Doc. No.: 1.0

Rx Distortion, Rx Frequency Response & Conversational Gain Measured Results

EVS-NB and EVS-WB codecs were selected for Rx Distortion, Rx Frequency Response & Conversational Gain evaluations.

LTE

| RF Air Ir | nterface | Mode | Channel | Frequency | Channel Bandwidth | RB | RB | Port/Antenna | D M d . | Codec | Bitrate | Frequency | Response | Disto | ortion | Conversation | nal Gain (dB) | Plot No. |
|------------|----------|--------|---------|-----------|----------------------|------------|--------|--------------|------------|--------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|--------------|---------------|----------|
| Technology | Band | Mode | Channel | (MHz) | (MHz) | Allocation | Offset | Port/Antenna | Power Mode | Codec | (kbps) | 2N DF | 8N DF | 2N SDNR | 8N SDNR | 2N | 8N | Plot No. |
| LTE | 25 | QPSK | 26365 | 1882.5 | 20 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-NB | 9.6 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 21.73 | 28.36 | 1 - 2 |
| LTE | 25 | QPSK | 26365 | 1882.5 | 20 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 16.65 | 24.04 | 3 - 4 |
| LTE | 25 | QPSK | 26365 | 1882.5 | 20 | 100 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 19.50 | 23.82 | 5 - 6 |
| LTE | 25 | 16QAM | 26365 | 1882.5 | 20 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 19.71 | 23.53 | 7 - 8 |
| LTE | 25 | 64QAM | 26365 | 1882.5 | 20 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 17.63 | 23.62 | 9 - 10 |
| LTE | 25 | 256QAM | 26365 | 1882.5 | 20 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 19.04 | 23.43 | 11 - 12 |
| LTE | 25 | QPSK | 26365 | 1882.5 | 1.4 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 16.29 | 23.37 | 13 - 14 |
| LTE | 7 | QPSK | 21100 | 2535.0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 18.74 | 23.03 | 15 - 16 |
| LTE | 12 | QPSK | 23095 | 707.5 | 1.4 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 18.87 | 23.45 | 17 - 18 |
| LTE | 13 | QPSK | 23230 | 782.0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 19.01 | 22.86 | 19 - 20 |
| LTE | 26 | QPSK | 26865 | 831.0 | 1.4 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 18.74 | 22.62 | 21 - 22 |
| LTE | 30 | QPSK | 27710 | 2310.0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 16.08 | 23.69 | 23 - 24 |
| LTE | 41 PC3 | QPSK | 40620 | 2593.0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 18.23 | 23.31 | 25 - 26 |
| LTE | 41 PC2 | QPSK | 40620 | 2593.0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 18.48 | 23.11 | 27 - 28 |
| LTE | 48 PC3 | QPSK | 55990 | 3625.0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 7) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 18.78 | 23.52 | 29 - 30 |
| LTE | 53 PC3 | QPSK | 60197 | 2489.2 | 1.4 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 16.98 | 23.41 | 31 - 32 |
| LTE | 66 | QPSK | 132322 | 1745.0 | 1.4 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 18.02 | 23.25 | 33 - 34 |

5G NR

| RF Air | Interface | | Q1 | Frequency | Channel | SCS | RB | RB | B | | 0.1 | Bitrate | Frequency | Response | Disto | rtion | Conversation | nal Gain (dB) | |
|------------|---------------|----------|---------|-----------|--------------------|-------|------------|--------|--------------|------------|--------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|--------------|---------------|----------|
| Technology | Band | Mode | Channel | (MHz) | Bandwidth (MHz) | (kHz) | Allocation | Offset | Port/Antenna | Power mode | Codec | (kbps) | 2N DF | 8N DF | 2N SDNR | 8N SDNR | 2N | 8N | Plot No. |
| 5G NR | n25 | π/2 BPSK | 376500 | 1882.5 | 40 | 15 | 1 | 1 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-NB | 9.6 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 22.2 | 26.29 | 35 - 36 |
| 5G NR | n25 | π/2 BPSK | 376500 | 1882.5 | 40 | 15 | 1 | 1 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 21.36 | 27.1 | 37 - 38 |
| 5G NR | n7 | π/2 BPSK | 507000 | 2535.0 | 40 | 15 | 1 | 1 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 20.9 | 27.08 | 39 - 40 |
| 5G NR | n12 | π/2 BPSK | 141500 | 707.5 | 15 | 15 | 1 | 1 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 23.51 | 27.01 | 41 - 42 |
| 5G NR | n41 PC3 | π/2 BPSK | 518598 | 2593.0 | 100 | 30 | 1 | 1 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 20.27 | 27.32 | 43 - 44 |
| 5G NR | n41 PC2 | π/2 BPSK | 518598 | 2593.0 | 100 | 30 | 1 | 1 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 19.95 | 27.09 | 45 - 46 |
| 5G NR | n77 Blk C PC2 | π/2 BPSK | 657200 | 3858.0 | 100 | 30 | 1 | 1 | A (ANT 7) | Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 22.88 | 27.04 | 47 - 48 |

Note(s):

The DUT supports 5G NR. Per the manufacturer, 5G NR uses the same protocol, Codec(s) and bitrates as LTE. A limited set of 5GNR bands were tested to confirm VoNR Volume Control compliance.

- At least one 5G NR-FDD LB, MB and HB were tested.
- At least one 5G NR-TDD HB and UIHB were tested.

WLAN

| ı | RF Air Interface | | Modulation | Data Rate | Channel | Frequency | Channel Bandwidth | Antenna | Power Mode | Codec | Bitrate | Frequency | Response | Disto | rtion | Conversation | nal Gain (dB) | Plot No. |
|------------|------------------|----------|------------|-----------|---------|-----------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|--------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|--------------|---------------|----------|
| Technology | Band | Mode | Modulation | (Mbps) | Channel | (MHz) | (MHz) | Antenna | Power mode | Codec | (kbps) | 2N DF | 8N DF | 2N SDNR | 8N SDNR | 2N | 8N | Plot No. |
| WLAN | DTS | 802.11b | CCK | 5.5 | 6 | 2437.0 | 20 | ANT 3 | Power State 1 Mode A | EVS-NB | 9.6 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 15.61 | 21.27 | 49 - 50 |
| WLAN | DTS | 802.11b | CCK | 11 | 6 | 2437.0 | 20 | ANT 3 | Power State 1 Mode A | EVS-WB | 24.4 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 14.92 | 22.83 | 51 - 52 |
| WLAN | DTS | 802.11g | QPSK | 12 | 6 | 2437.0 | 20 | ANT 3 | Power State 1 Mode A | EVS-NB | 9.6 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 13.84 | 21.53 | 53 - 54 |
| WLAN | DTS | 802.11n | MCS3 | 26 | 6 | 2437.0 | 20 | ANT 3 | Power State 1 Mode A | EVS-NB | 9.6 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 15.88 | 21.61 | 55 - 56 |
| WLAN | DTS | 802.11ac | MCS3 | 26 | 6 | 2437.0 | 20 | ANT 3 | Power State 1 Mode A | EVS-NB | 9.6 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 13.48 | 21.3 | 57 - 58 |
| WLAN | DTS | 802.11ax | MCS5 | 68.8 | 6 | 2437.0 | 20 | ANT 3 | Power State 1 Mode A | EVS-NB | 9.6 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 13.24 | 21.04 | 59 - 60 |
| WLAN | UNII-1 | 802.11a | QPSK | 18 | 36 | 5180.0 | 20 | ANT 5 | Power State 1 Mode A | EVS-NB | 9.6 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 13.51 | 21.62 | 61 - 62 |
| WLAN | UNII-2A | 802.11n | MCS3 | 54 | 54 | 5270.0 | 40 | ANT 5 | Power State 1 Mode A | EVS-NB | 9.6 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 15.64 | 21.56 | 63 - 64 |
| WLAN | UNII-2C | 802.11ac | MCS5 | 234 | 106 | 5530.0 | 80 | ANT 5 | Power State 1 Mode A | EVS-NB | 9.6 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 13.74 | 21.66 | 65 - 66 |
| WLAN | UNII-3 | 802.11ax | MCS6 | 648.5 | 163 | 5815.0 | 160 | ANT 5 | Power State 1 Mode A | EVS-NB | 9.6 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 13.42 | 22.83 | 67 - 68 |
| WLAN | UNII-5 | 802.11ax | MCS5 | 68.8 | 5 | 5975.0 | 20 | ANT 5 | Power State 1 Mode A | EVS-NB | 9.6 | PASS | PASS | PASS | PASS | 14.76 | 23.2 | 69 - 70 |

Note(s)

- For WLAN 2.4GHz, 802.11be has the same max output power, supports the same channel BWs (20MHz) and multiplexing as 802.11ax. Therefore, 802.11ax test results are representative of 802.11be.
- For WLAN 5/6GHz, 802.11be has the same max output power, supports the same channel BWs (20/40/80/160MHz) and multiplexing as 802.11ax. Therefore, 802.11ax test results are representative of 802.11be.

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Conversational Gain Only Measured Results

The DUT supports EFR-NB, AMR-NB, and AMR-WB codecs. Per KDB 285076 D05 §2(b.), these codecs shall be assessed for conversational gain only.

GSM

| RF Air II | RF Air Interface | | 01 | Frequency | Danish at a mark | Barres Marila | Onder | Bitrate | Conversation | nal Gain (dB) |
|------------|------------------|-------------------|---------|-----------|------------------|---------------|--------|---------|--------------|---------------|
| Technology | Band | Mode 4 Clet Veice | Channel | (MHz) | Port/Antenna | Power Mode | Codec | (kbps) | 2N | 8N |
| GSM | 850 | 1 Slot Voice | 190 | 836.6 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | EFR-NB | 13.2 | 21.51 | 29.79 |
| GSM | 850 | 1 Slot Voice | 190 | 836.6 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | AMR-NB | 4.75 | 23.5 | 29.4 |
| GSM | 850 | 1 Slot Voice | 190 | 836.6 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | AMR-WB | 6.6 | 20.85 | 29.69 |
| GSM | 1900 | 1 Slot Voice | 661 | 1880.0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | AMR-WB | 6.6 | 22.38 | 29.75 |

W-CDMA

| RF Air II | nterface | Mode | Channal | Frequency | Dowt/Antonno | Dawer Made | Codes | Bitrate | Conversation | nal Gain (dB) |
|------------|----------|---------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|--------|---------|--------------|---------------|
| Technology | Band | | Channel | (MHz) | Port/Antenna | Power Mode | Codec | (kbps) | 2N | 8N |
| W-CDMA | II | Rel. 99 | 9400 | 1880.0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | AMR-NB | 4.75 | 20.72 | 28.83 |
| W-CDMA | II | Rel. 99 | 9400 | 1880.0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | AMR-WB | 6.6 | 24.81 | 29.34 |
| W-CDMA | IV | Rel. 99 | 1413 | 1732.6 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | AMR-NB | 4.75 | 23.53 | 28.63 |
| W-CDMA | V | Rel. 99 | 4183 | 836.6 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | AMR-NB | 4.75 | 23.25 | 28.63 |

LTE

| RF Air II | nterface | Mode | Channal | Frequency | Channel Bandwidth | RB | RB | Port/Antenna | Dawer Made | Codec | Bitrate | Conversation | nal Gain (dB) |
|------------|----------|------|---------|-----------|----------------------|------------|--------|--------------|------------|--------|---------|--------------|---------------|
| Technology | Band | Mode | Channel | (MHz) | (MHz) | Allocation | Offset | Porvantenna | Power Mode | Codec | (kbps) | 2N | 8N |
| LTE | 25 | QPSK | 26365 | 1882.5 | 20 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | AMR-NB | 4.75 | 19.85 | 28.66 |
| LTE | 25 | QPSK | 26365 | 1882.5 | 20 | 1 | 0 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | AMR-WB | 6.6 | 20.44 | 28.54 |

<u>5G NR</u>

| RF Air | Interface | Mada | Channel | Frequency | Channel Bandwidth | scs | RB | RB | Port/Antenna | Dawes Made | Codec | Bitrate | Conversation | nal Gain (dB) |
|------------|-----------|----------|---------|-----------|----------------------|-------|------------|--------|--------------|------------|--------|---------|--------------|---------------|
| Technology | | | Channel | (MHz) | (MHz) | (kHz) | Allocation | Offset | Port/Antenna | Power Mode | Codec | (kbps) | 2N | 8N |
| 5G NR | n25 | π/2 BPSK | 376500 | 1882.5 | 40 | 15 | 1 | 1 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | AMR-NB | 4.75 | 18.39 | 26.1 |
| 5G NR | n25 | π/2 BPSK | 376500 | 1882.5 | 40 | 15 | 1 | 1 | A (ANT 1) | Mode A | AMR-WB | 6.6 | 21.94 | 26.89 |

WLAN

| ***** | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------|---------|------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|--------|---------|--------------|---------------|
| 1 | RF Air Interface | | Modulation | Data Rate | Channel | Frequency | Channel Bandwidth | Antenna | Power Mode | Codec | Bitrate | Conversation | nal Gain (dB) |
| Technology | Band | Mode | Woddiation | (Mbps) | Chamilei | (MHz) | (MHz) | Amerina | r ower mode | Codec | (kbps) | 2N | 8N |
| WLAN | DTS | 802.11b | DSSS | 1 | 6 | 2437.0 | 20 | ANT 3 | Power State 1 Mode A | AMR-NB | 4.75 | 13.91 | 21.11 |
| WLAN | DTS | 802.11b | DSSS | 1 | 6 | 2437.0 | 20 | ANT 3 | Power State 1 Mode A | AMR-WB | 23.85 | 13.91 | 22.38 |

Appendix

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes

Appendix A: Volume Control Setup Photo

Appendix B: Volume Control Test Plots

Appendix C: HAC Waiver DA 23-914

END OF REPORT