DFS PORTION of FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART E
DFS PORTION of ISED CANADA RSS-247 ISSUE 2

CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT

FOR

SMARTPHONE

MODEL NUMBER: A2650 (PARENT MODEL)
A2889, A2890, A2891, A2892
(VARIANT MODELS)

MODEL NUMBER TESTED: A2650

FCC ID: BCG-E8140A (PARENT MODEL)
BCG-E8150A, BCG-E8151A,
BCG-E8152A (VARIANT MODELS)

ISED ID: 579C-E8140A (PARENT MODEL)
579C-E8150A, 579C-E8151A,
579C-E8152A (VARIANT MODELS)

REPORT NUMBER: 14040863-E18V2

ISSUE DATE: JULY 7, 2022

Prepared for
APPLE, INC.
1 APPLE PARK WAY
CUPERTINO CA 95014, U.S.A

Prepared by
UL VERIFICATION SERVICES INC.
47173 BENICIA STREET
FREMONT, CA 94538, U.S.A.
TEL: (510) 319-4000
FAX: (510) 661-0888

ACCREDITED
CERT #0751.05

Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1	06/20/22	Initial Issue	Doug Anderson
V2	06/29/22	Correct FCC ID on Cover Sheet to Read “BCG-E8140A”	Doug Anderson

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1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

COMPANY NAME: APPLE, INC.
1 APPLE PARK WAY
CUPERTINO, CA 95014, U.S.A.

EUT DESCRIPTION: SMARTPHONE

MODEL NUMBER: A2650 (PARENT MODEL)
A2889, A2890, A2891, A2892 (VARIANT MODELS)

SERIAL NUMBER: CXY0HWG3Q5

DATE TESTED: MAY 03, 2022

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	**TEST RESULTS**
DFS Portion of CFR 47 Part 15 Subpart E	Complies
DFS Portion of ISED CANADA RSS-247 Issue 2	Complies

UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. It is the manufacturer's responsibility to assure that additional production units of this model are manufactured with identical electrical and mechanical components. All samples tested were in good operating condition throughout the entire test program. Measurement Uncertainties are published for informational purposes only and were not taken into account unless noted otherwise.

This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document.

Approved & Released For
UL Verification Services Inc. By:

Edgard Rincand
Operations Leader
CONSUMER TECHNOLOGY DIVISION
UL Verification Services Inc.

Prepared By:

DOUG ANDERSON
Test Engineer
CONSUMER TECHNOLOGY DIVISION
UL Verification Services Inc.

2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with the DFS portion of FCC CFR 47 Part 2, FCC CFR 47 Part 15, FCC KDB 789033, KDB 905462 D02 and D03 and RSS-247 Issue 2.

3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Requirement Description	Result	Remarks
DFS Portion of FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART E	Complies	
DFS Portion of ISED CANADA RSS-247 ISSUE 2	Complies	

4. REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

Measurements of transmitter parameters as referenced in this report and all other manufacturer's declarations relevant to the RF test requirements are documented in UL Verification Services report number 14040863-E5V4 & E6V4 FCC_IC UNII Conducted Report".

This report contains data provided by the customer which can impact the validity of results. UL Verification Services Inc. is only responsible for the validity of results after the integration of the data provided by the customer.

5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

UL Verification Services Inc. is accredited by A2LA, Certificate Number 0751.05, for all testing performed within the scope of this report. Testing was performed at the locations noted below.

	Address	ISED CABID	ISED Company Number	FCC Registration
☒	Building 1: 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA	US0104	2324A	550739
	Building 2: 47266 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA	US0104	22541	550739
	Building 4: 47658 Kato Rd, Fremont, California, USA	US0104	2324B	550739

6. DECISION RULES AND MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

6.1. METROLOGICAL TRACEABILITY

All test and measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report are calibrated on a regular basis, with a maximum time between calibrations of one year or the manufacturers' recommendation, whichever is less, and where applicable is traceable to recognized national standards.

6.2. DECISION RULES

The Decision Rule is based on Simple Acceptance in accordance with ISO Guide 98-4:2012 Clause 8.2. (Measurement uncertainty is not taken into account when stating conformity with a specified requirement).

7. MODEL DIFFERENCES

The manufacturer hereby declares that:

- All models use the same system, cellular and Wi-Fi/BT radio electrical schematics.
- Removal of FR2, LTE/NR and MSS bands in some models is done by de-population of directly related components..
- All models except reference model support at least one UICC based SIM. The second SIM is either an UICC based p-SIM (physical SIM) or e-SIM (electronic SIM).
- All models use the same Wi-Fi/BT chipset and radio module.
- All models use the same Applications Processor and PMU.
- All models run the same Baseband firmware and iOS software.

The characteristics listed above do not have any influence upon the DFS performance of the models covered by this report and therefore the DFS test results documented for Parent Model A2650 for may be applied as representative to Variant Models A2889, A2890, A2891, and A2892.

Additional spot check testing was also performed to confirm that the data presented in the report for Parent Model A2650 is representative for all the Variant Models A2889, A2890, A2891, and A2892 within the scope of this report.

8. DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION

8.1. OVERVIEW

8.1.1. LIMITS

INNOVATION, SCIENCE and ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CANADA (ISED)

ISED RSS-247 is closely harmonized with FCC Part 15 DFS rules. The deviations are as follows:

RSS-247 Issue 2

Note: For the band 5600–5650 MHz, no operation is permitted.

Until further notice, devices subject to this annex shall not be capable of transmitting in the band 5600–5650 MHz. This restriction is for the protection of Environment Canada weather radars operating in this band.

FCC

§15.407 (h), FCC KDB 905462 D02 “COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR UNLICENSED-NATIONAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE DEVICES OPERATING IN THE 5250-5350 MHz AND 5470-5725 MHz BANDS INCORPORATING DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION” and KDB 905462 D03 “U-NII CLIENT DEVICES WITHOUT RADAR DETECTION CAPABILITY”.

Table 1: Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Master	Client (without radar detection)	Client (with radar detection)
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes

Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Master	Client **(without DFS)**	Client **(with DFS)**
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	Yes
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	Yes
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes

Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master Device or Client with Radar DFS	Client (without DFS)
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in all 20 MHz channel blocks and a null frequency between the bonded 20 MHz channel blocks.		

Table 3: Interference Threshold values, Master or Client incorporating In-Service Monitoring

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (see notes)
E.I.R.P. ≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
E.I.R.P. < 200 milliwatt and power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm
E.I.R.P. < 200 milliwatt that do not meet power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna
Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.
Note 3: E.I.R.P. is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB publication 662911 D01.

Table 4: DFS Response requirement values

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds (See Note 1)
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + approx. 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. (See Notes 1 and 2)
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission power bandwidth. (See Note 3)

Note 1: *Channel Move Time* and the *Channel Closing Transmission Time* should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.
Note 2: The *Channel Closing Transmission Time* is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the *Channel Move Time* plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a *Channel* move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10-second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.
Note 3: During the *U-NII Detection Bandwidth* detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

Table 5 – Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar Type	Pulse Width (usec)	PRI (usec)	Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in table 5a	Roundup: {(1/360) x (19 x 10^6 /PRI_{usec})}	60%	30
		Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 usec. With a minimum increment of 1 usec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A			
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)				80%	120

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the *Detection Bandwidth* test, *Channel Move Time*, and *Channel Closing Time* tests.

Table 6 – Long Pulse Radar Test Signal

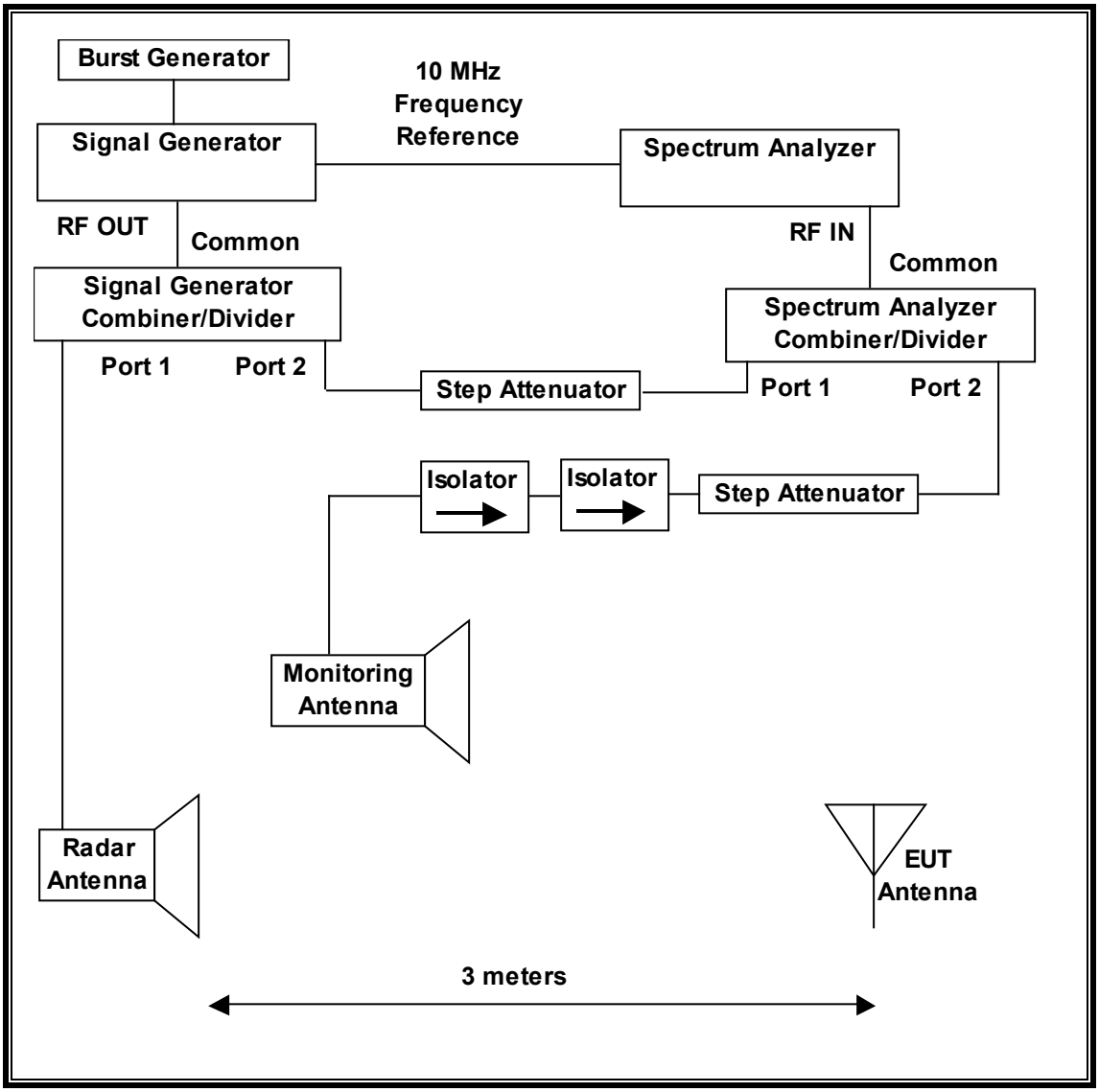
Radar Waveform Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Pulses per Burst	Number of Bursts	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

Table 7 – Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal

Radar Waveform Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (msec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

8.1.2. TEST AND MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

RADIATED METHOD SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The short pulse and long pulse signal generating system utilizes the NTIA software. The Vector Signal Generator has been validated by the NTIA. The hopping signal generating system utilizes the CCS simulated hopping method and system, which has been validated by the DoD, FCC and NTIA. The software selects waveform parameters from within the bounds of the signal type on a random basis using uniform distribution.

The short pulse types 2, 3 and 4, and the long pulse type 5 parameters are randomized at run-time.

The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the August 2005 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of KDB 905462 D02. The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from F_L to F_H for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.

SYSTEM CALIBRATION

A 50-ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected to a horn antenna via a coaxial cable, with the reference level offset set to (horn antenna gain – coaxial cable loss). The signal generator is set to CW mode. The amplitude of the signal generator is adjusted to yield a level of –64 dBm as measured on the spectrum analyzer.

Without changing any of the instrument settings, the spectrum analyzer is reconnected to the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider. The Reference Level Offset of the spectrum analyzer is adjusted so that the displayed amplitude of the signal is –64 dBm.

The spectrum analyzer displays the level of the signal generator as received at the antenna ports of the Master Device. The interference detection threshold may be varied from the calibrated value of –64 dBm and the spectrum analyzer will still indicate the level as received by the Master Device.

ADJUSTMENT OF DISPLAYED TRAFFIC LEVEL

A link is established between the Master and Slave and the distance between the units is adjusted as needed to provide a suitable received level at the Master and Slave devices. The video test file is streamed to generate WLAN traffic. The monitoring antenna is adjusted so that the WLAN traffic level, as displayed on the spectrum analyzer, is at lower amplitude than the radar detection threshold.

TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST				
Description	**Manufacturer**	**Model**	**ID No.**	**Cal Due**
Spectrum Analyzer, PXA, 3Hz to 8.4GHz	Keysight	N9030A	150667	01/27/23
Signal Generator, MXG X-Series RF Vector	Agilent	N5182B	150666	01/26/23

8.1.3. TEST AND MEASUREMENT SOFTWARE

The following test and measurement software was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST SOFTWARE LIST		
Name	**Version**	**Test / Function**
Aggregate Time-PXA	3.1	Channel Loading and Aggregate Closing Time
PXA Read	3.1	Signal Generator Screen Capture
SGXProject.exe	1.7	Radar Waveform Generation and Download

8.1.4. TEST ROOM ENVIRONMENT

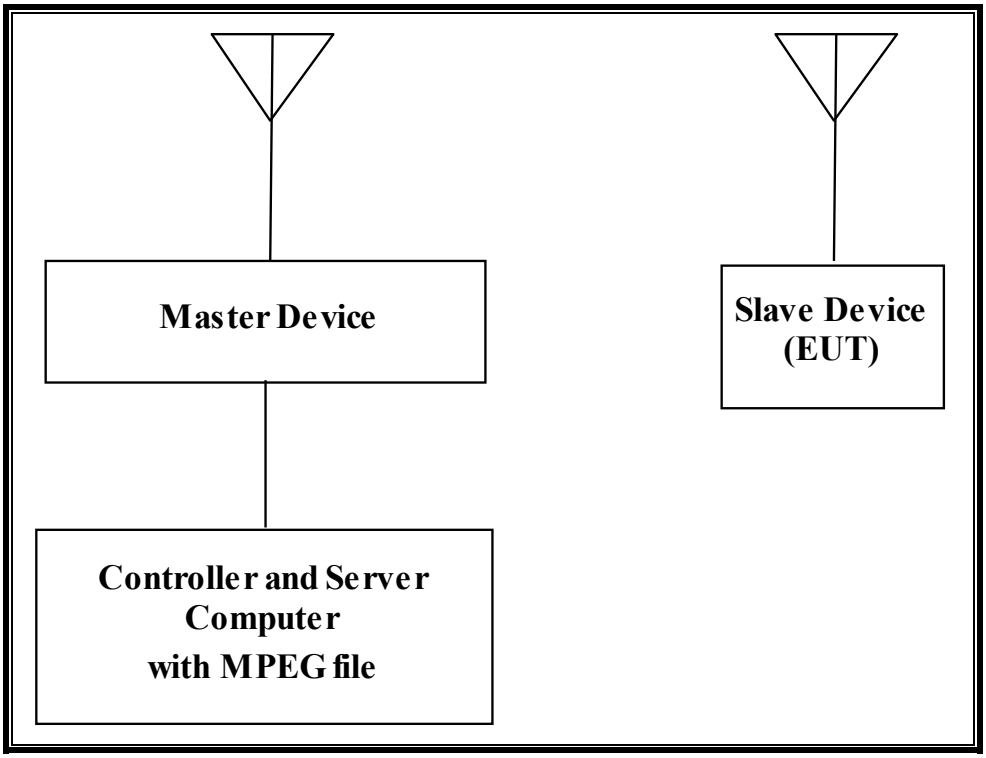
The test room temperature and humidity shall be maintained within normal temperature of 15~35 °C and normal humidity 20~75% (relative humidity).

ENVIRONMENT CONDITION

Parameter	Value
Temperature	24.7 °C
Humidity	30 %

8.1.5. SETUP OF EUT (CLIENT MODE)

RADIATED METHOD EUT TEST SETUP



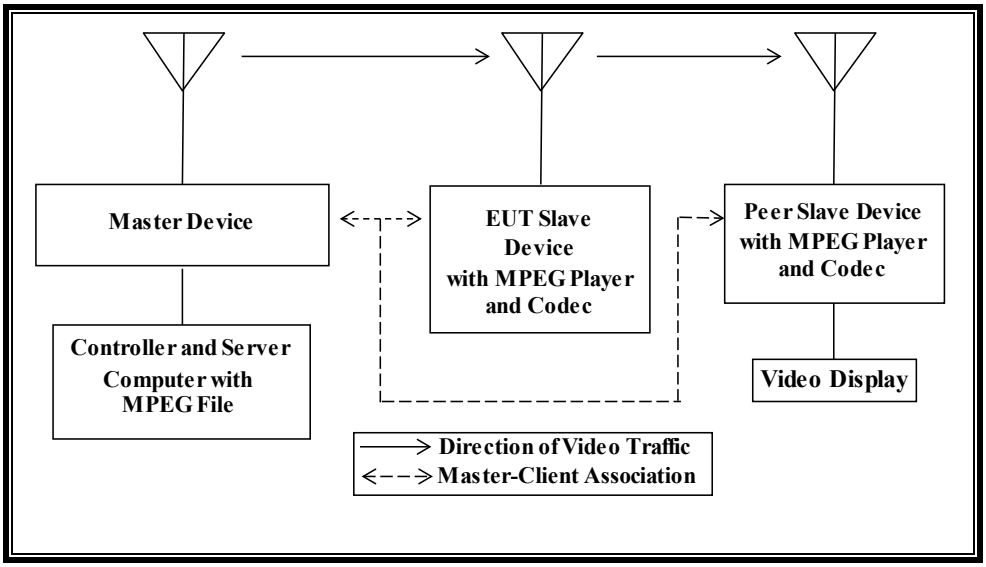
SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

The following support equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST				
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID
802.11a/b/g/n/ac Wireless Router (Master Device)	Apple	A1521	C86PJ5RUFJ1R	BCGA1521
Notebook PC (Controller/Server)	Apple	A1708	C02VQ6D6HV27	DoC

8.1.6. SETUP OF EUT (CLIENT TO CLIENT MODE)

RADIATED METHOD EUT TEST SETUP WHEN MONITORING THE EUT



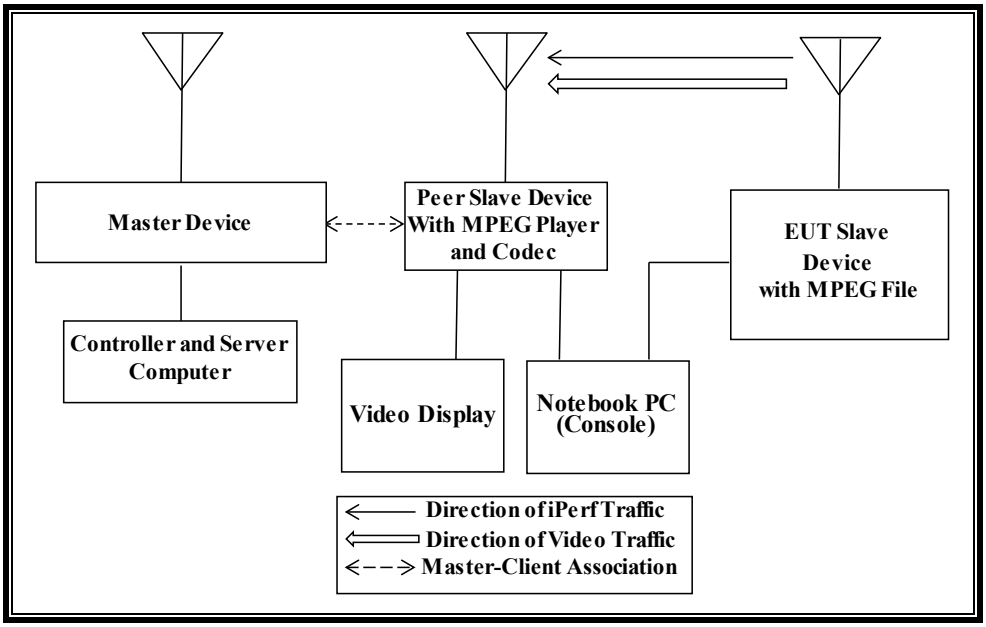
SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

The following support equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

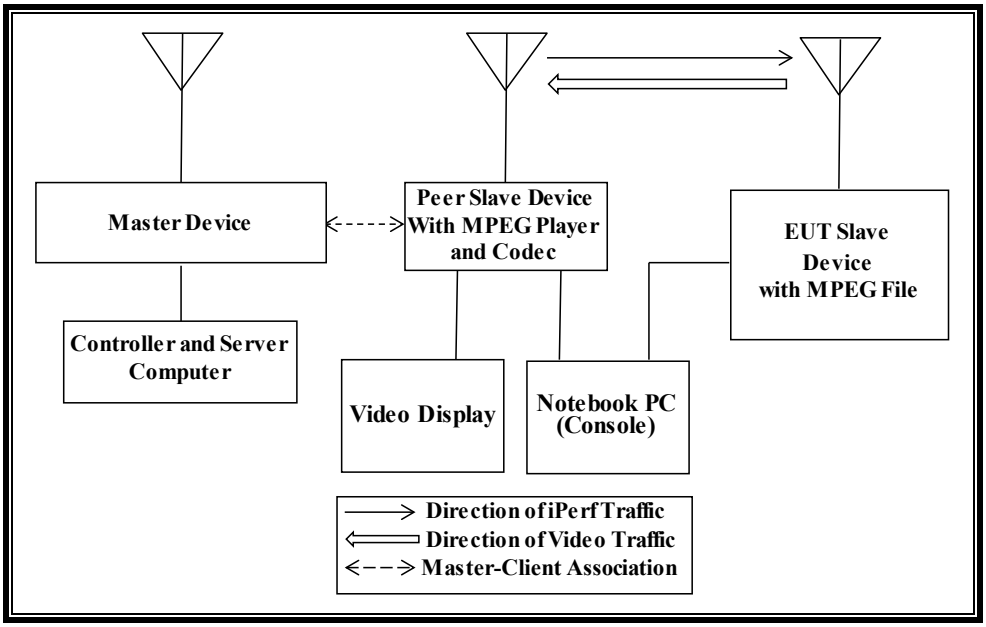
PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST				
Description	**Manufacturer**	**Model**	**Serial Number**	**FCC ID**
802.11a/b/g/n/ac Wireless Router (Master Device)	Apple	A1521	C86PJ5RUFJ1R	BCGA1521
Notebook PC (Controller/Server)	Apple	A1708	C02VQ6D6HV27	DoC
Apple TV (Peer Slave Device)	Apple	A1842	C0HW3DN4J1WF	BCGA1842
15" LCD TV (Video Display)	Polaroid	TLX-01511C	02006	DoC

8.1.7. SETUP OF EUT (PEER TO PEER MODE)

RADIATED METHOD EUT TEST SETUP WHEN MONITORING THE EUT



RADIATED METHOD EUT TEST SETUP WHEN MONITORING THE PEER SLAVE DEVICE)



SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

The following support equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST				
Description	**Manufacturer**	**Model**	**Serial Number**	**FCC ID**
802.11a/b/g/n/ac Wireless Router (Master Device)	Apple	A1521	C86PJ5RUFJ1R	BCGA1521
Notebook PC (Controller/Server)	Apple	A1708	C02VQ6D6HV27	DoC
Apple TV (Peer Slave Device)	Apple	A1842	C0HW3DN4J1WF	BCGA1842
Notebook PC (Peer Console)	Apple	A1708	C02VT5DTHV22	DoC
15" LCD TV (Video Display)	Polaroid	TLX-01511C	02006	DoC

8.1.8. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

For FCC the EUT operates over the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz ranges.

For ISED the EUT operates over the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz ranges, excluding the 5600-5650 MHz range.

The EUT is a Slave Device without Radar Detection.

Slave EUT EIRP, maximum conducted output power, antenna assembly gain and TPC information can be found in the RF report referenced in section 4 of this report.

The rated output power of the Master unit is > 23dBm (EIRP). Therefore the required interference threshold level is –64 dBm. After correction for procedural adjustments, the required radiated threshold at the antenna port is –64 + 1 = -63 dBm.

The calibrated radiated DFS Detection Threshold level is set to –64 dBm. The tested level is lower than the required level hence it provides a margin to the limit.

Two antennas are utilized to meet the diversity and MIMO operational requirements.

The EUT uses two transmitter/receiver chains, each connected to an antenna to perform radiated tests.

In **Standard Client Mode** WLAN traffic that meets or exceeds the minimum required loading was generated by streaming the compressed version of the video test file “6 ½ Magic Hours” from the Master to the Slave using OPlayer media player.

In **Client to Client mode** WLAN traffic is generated by streaming the compressed version of the video test file “6 ½ Magic Hours” from the Master to the Slave and then on to the peer slave device in full motion video mode using OPlayer media player and embedded proprietary AirPlay software.

In **Peer to Peer mode while monitoring the EUT**, WLAN traffic is generated with the combination of streaming the compressed version of the video test file “6 ½ Magic Hours” from the EUT to the Peer Slave Device in full motion video mode using OPlayer media player and embedded proprietary AirPlay software and Iperf from the EUT to the Peer Slave Device.

In **Peer to Peer mode while monitoring the Peer Slave Device**, WLAN traffic is generated with the combination of streaming the compressed version of the video test file "6 ½ Magic Hours" from the EUT to the Peer Slave Device in full motion video mode using OPlayer media player and embedded proprietary AirPlay software and Iperf from the Peer Slave Device to the EUT.

While performing **Peer to Peer Mode** testing only the Peer Slave Device is associated to the Master Device.

Peer to Peer Mode has been reviewed and approved as compliant with the DFS requirements for client devices by the FCC via KDB inquiry. The inquiry confirmed that the test cases used adequately demonstrate compliance with DFS requirements for client devices.

The EUT utilizes the 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax architecture. Three nominal channel bandwidths are implemented: 20 MHz, 40 MHz and 80 MHz.

The manufacturer declares that Channel Puncturing is not supported.

The software installed in the EUT is 20A271v.

The software installed in the access point is revision 7.7.9.

UNIFORM CHANNEL SPREADING

This function is not required per KDB 905462.

OVERVIEW OF MASTER DEVICE WITH RESPECT TO §15.407 (h) REQUIREMENTS

The Master Device is an Apple, Inc. Access Point, FCC ID: BCGA1521. The minimum antenna gain for the Master Device is 1.4 dBi.

The rated output power of the Master unit is > 23dBm (EIRP). Therefore the required interference threshold level is –64 dBm. After correction for procedural adjustments, the required radiated threshold at the antenna port is –64 + 1 = -63 dBm.

The calibrated radiated DFS Detection Threshold level is set to –64 dBm. The tested level is lower than the required level hence it provides a margin to the limit.

The software installed in the access point is revision 7.7.9.

8.2. CLIENT MODE RESULTS FOR 20 MHz BANDWIDTH

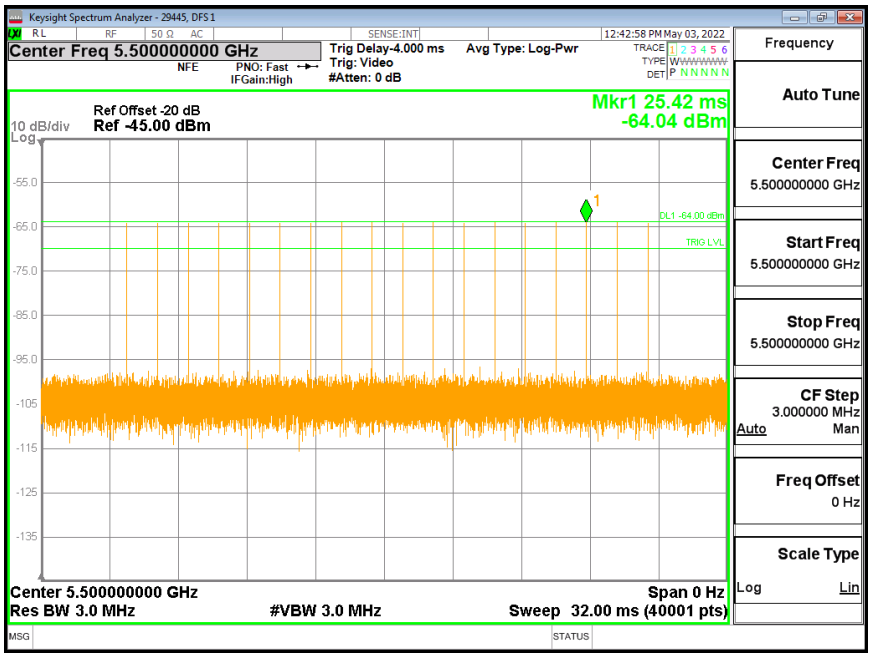
8.2.1. TEST CHANNEL

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5500 MHz.

8.2.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

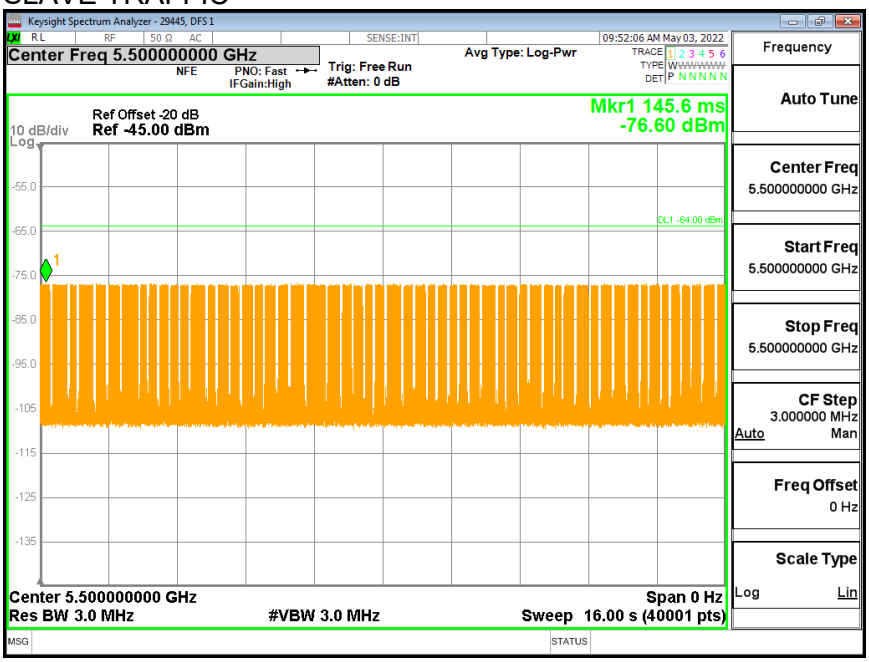
RADAR WAVEFORM

SHORT PULSE RADAR TYPE 0 AT MASTER

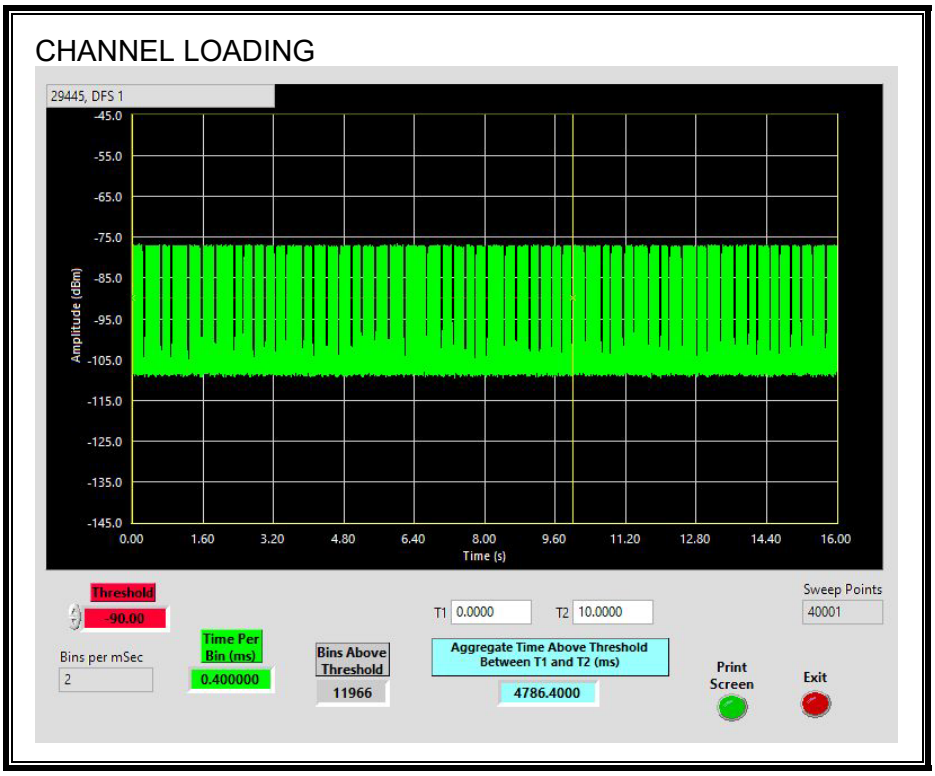


TRAFFIC

SLAVE TRAFFIC



CHANNEL LOADING



The level of traffic loading on the channel by the EUT is 47.86%

8.2.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

8.2.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time =
(Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

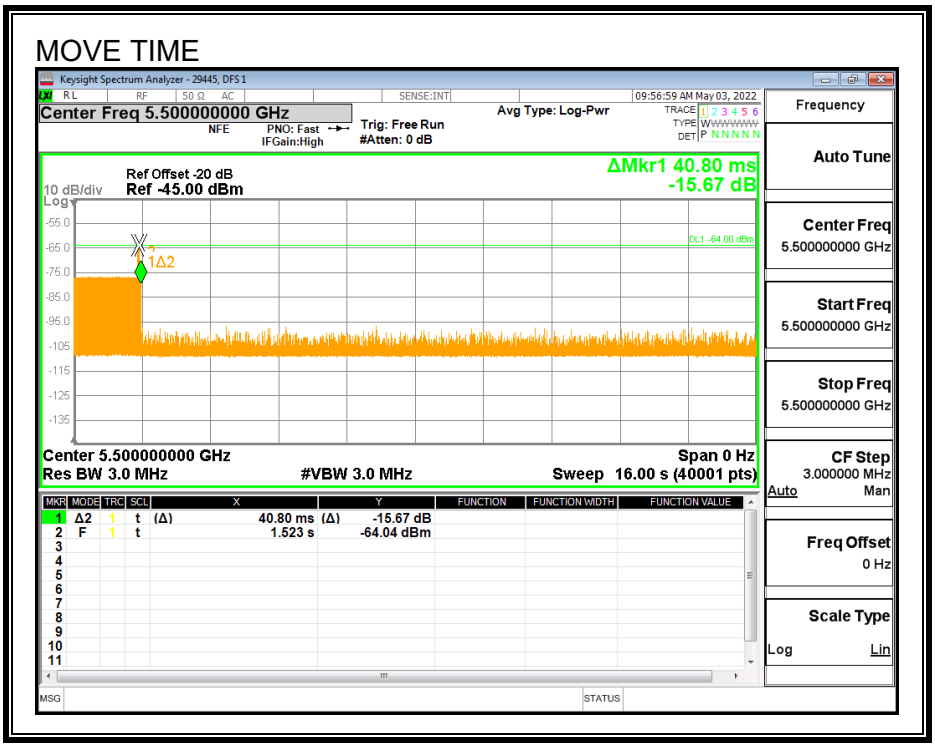
The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

RESULTS

Channel Move Time (sec)	Limit (sec)
0.0408	10

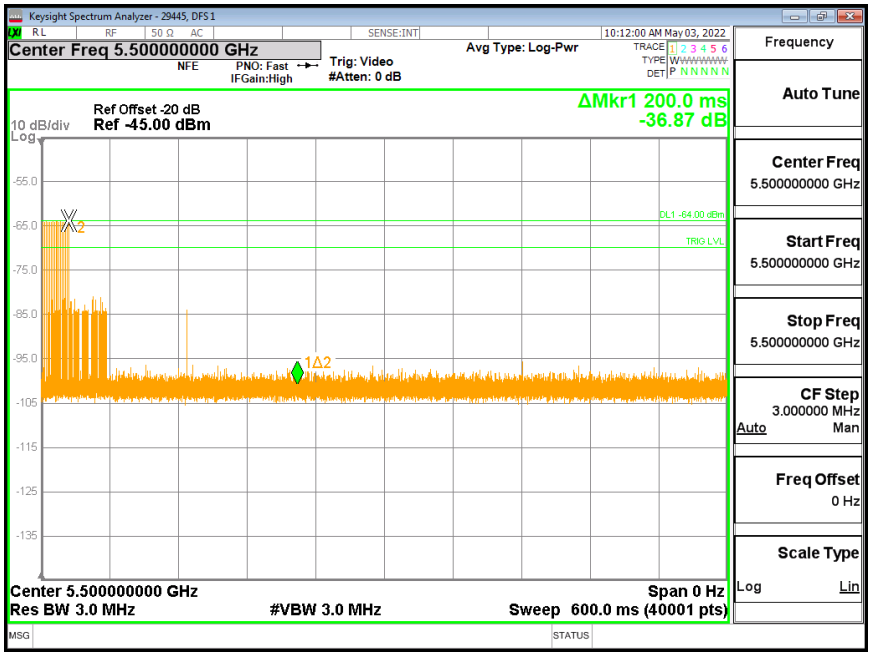
Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time (msec)	Limit (msec)
0.0	60

MOVE TIME



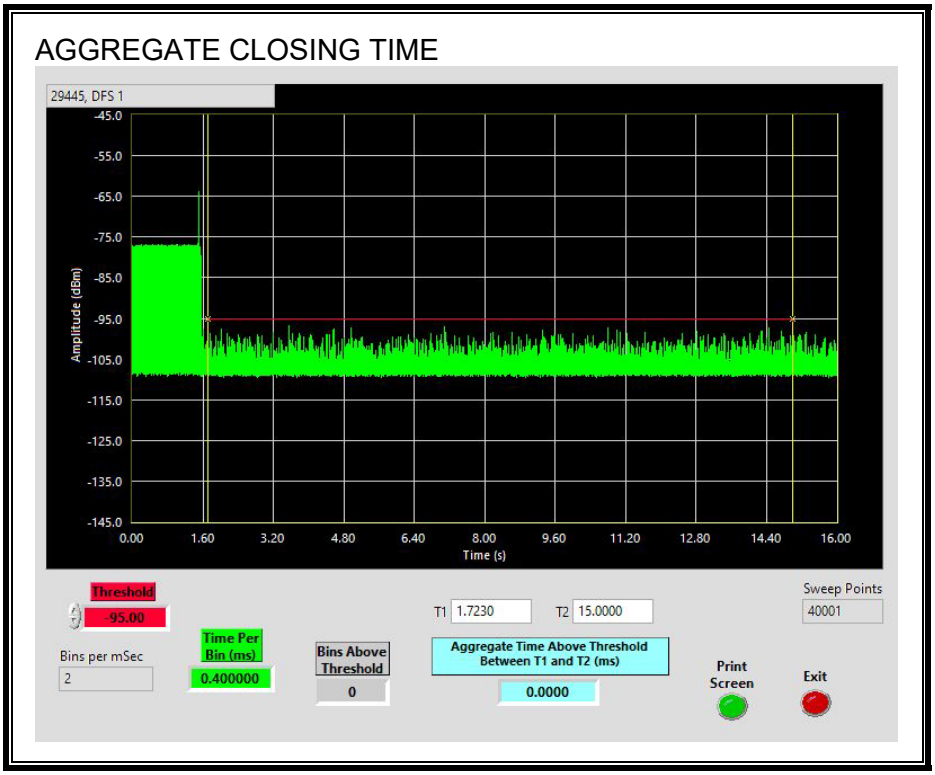
CHANNEL CLOSING TIME

CLOSING TIME



AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

No transmissions are observed during the aggregate monitoring period.



8.3. CLIENT MODE RESULTS FOR 40 MHz BANDWIDTH

8.3.1. TEST CHANNEL

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5510 MHz.

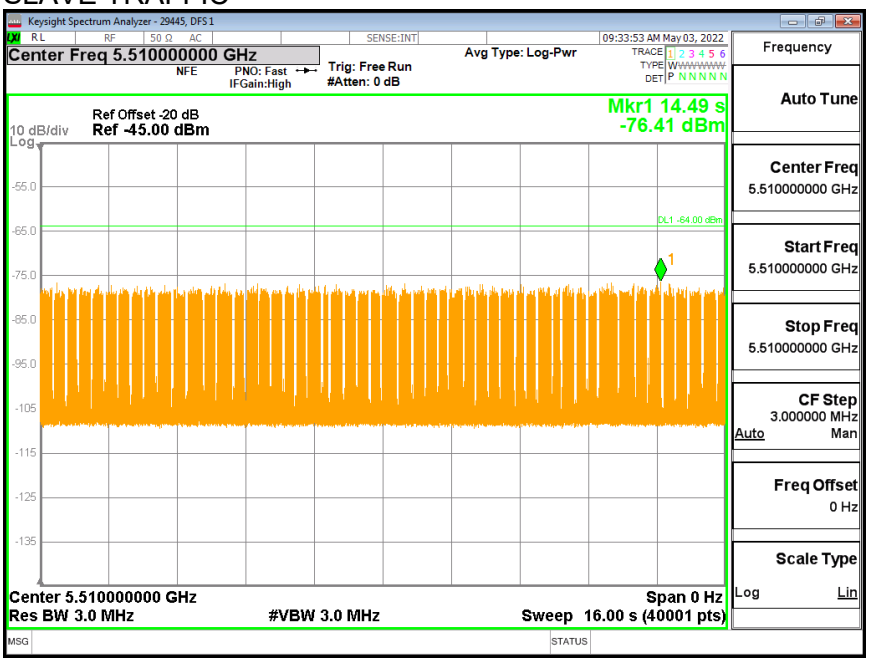
8.3.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

RADAR WAVEFORM

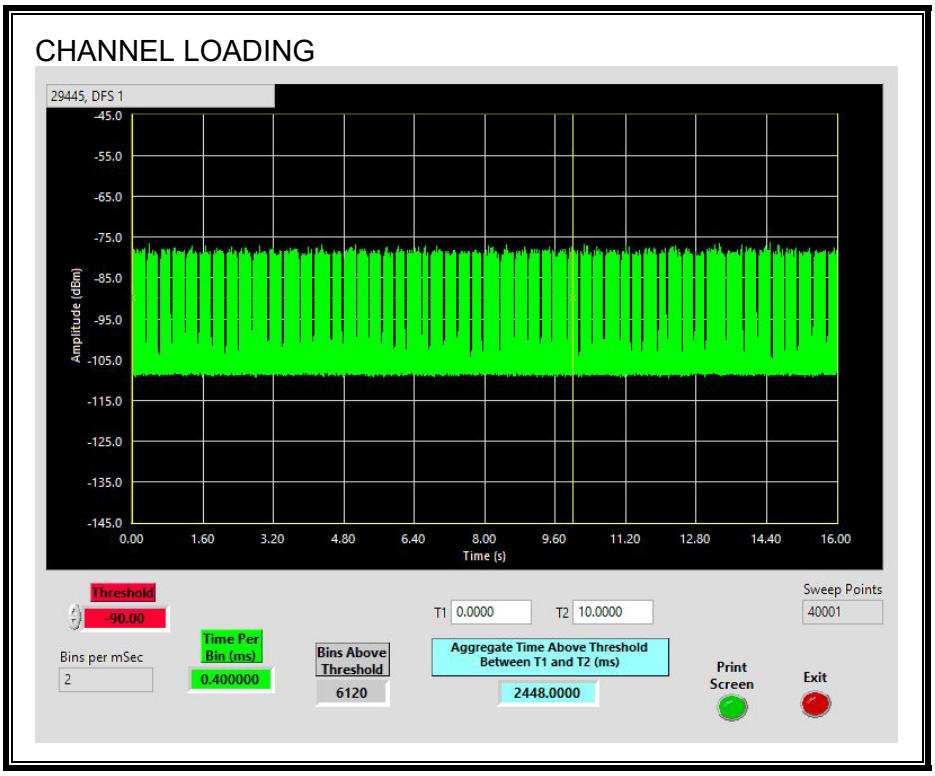
SHORT PULSE RADAR TYPE 0 AT MASTER

TRAFFIC

SLAVE TRAFFIC



CHANNEL LOADING



The level of traffic loading on the channel by the EUT is 24.48%

8.3.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

8.3.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time =
(Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

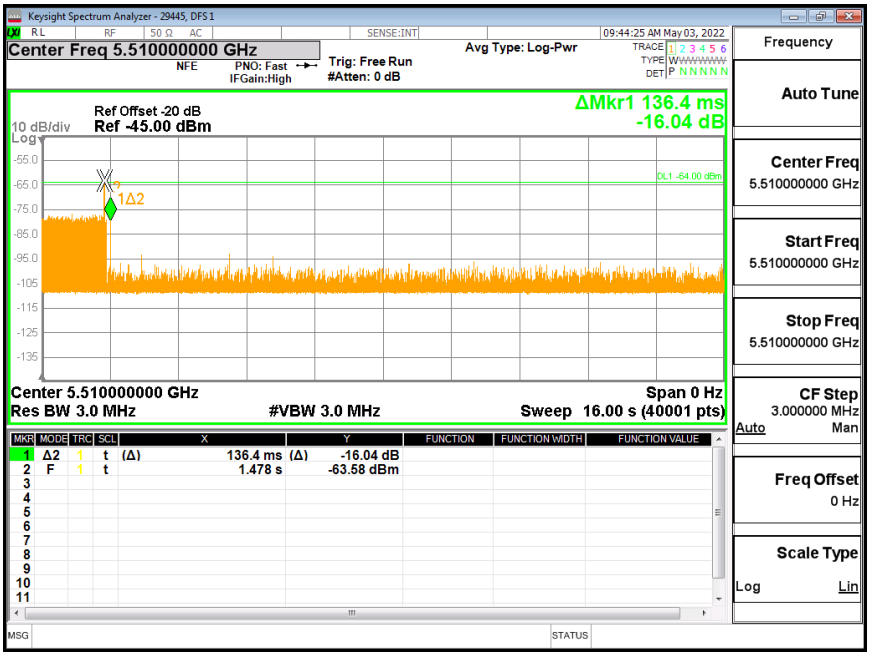
RESULTS

Channel Move Time (sec)	Limit (sec)
0.1364	10

Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time (msec)	Limit (msec)
0.0	60

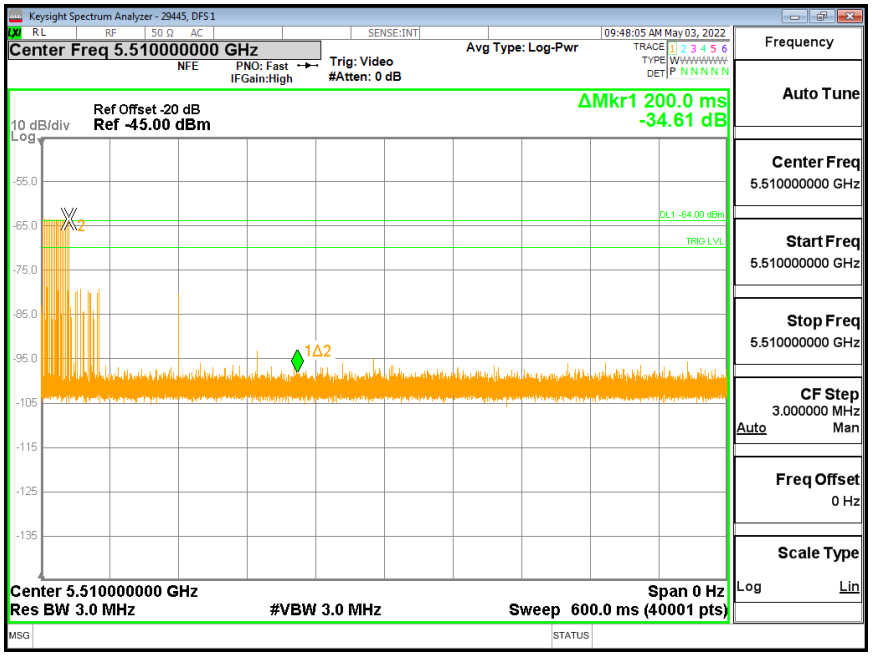
MOVE TIME

MOVE TIME



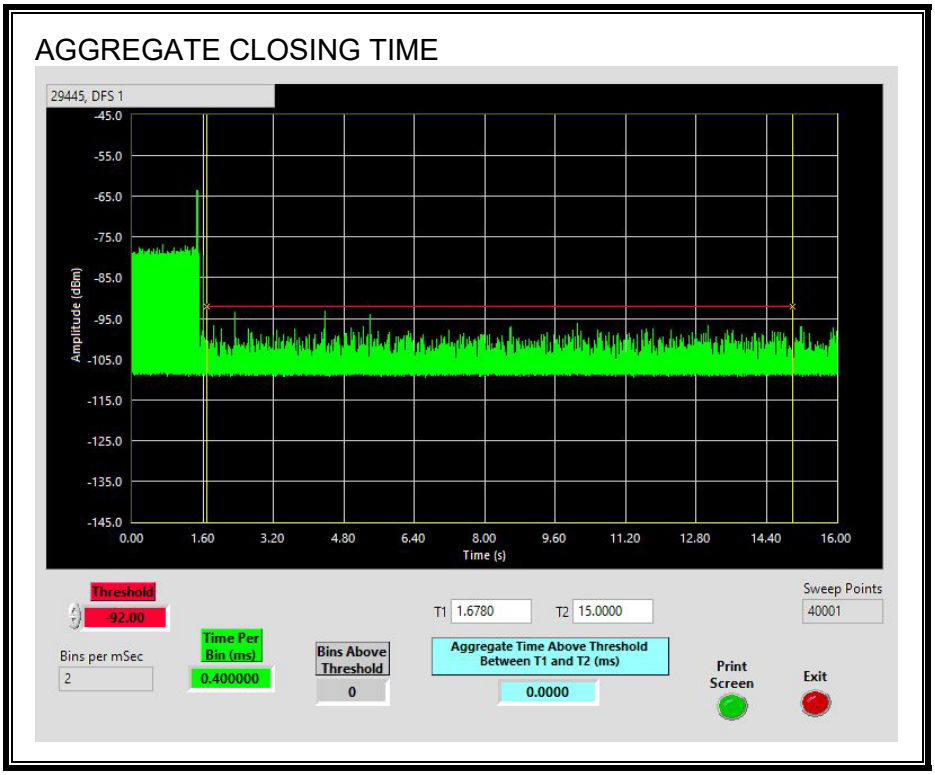
CHANNEL CLOSING TIME

CLOSING TIME



AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

No transmissions are observed during the aggregate monitoring period.



8.4. CLIENT MODE RESULTS FOR 80 MHz BANDWIDTH

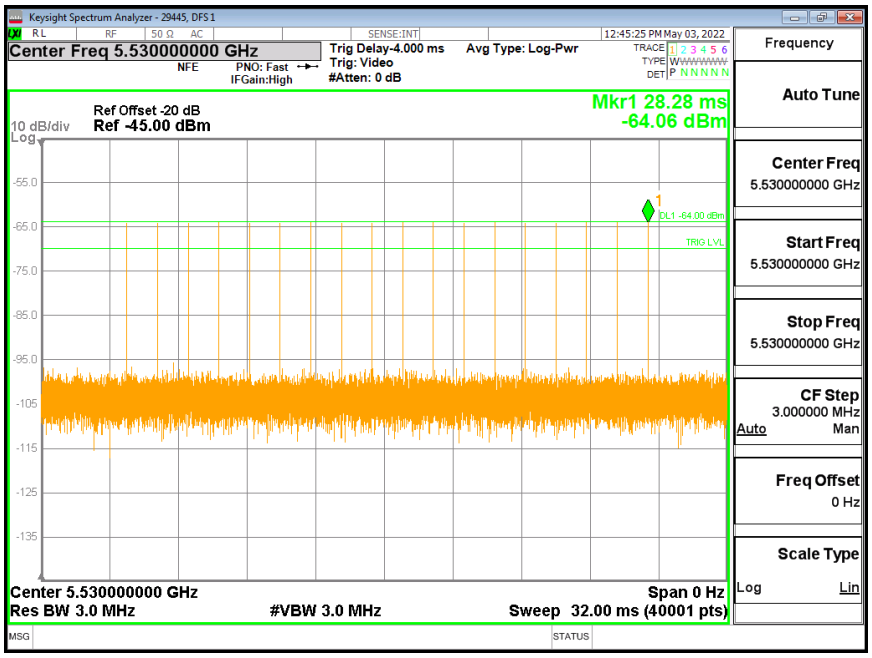
8.4.1. TEST CHANNEL

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5530 MHz.

8.4.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

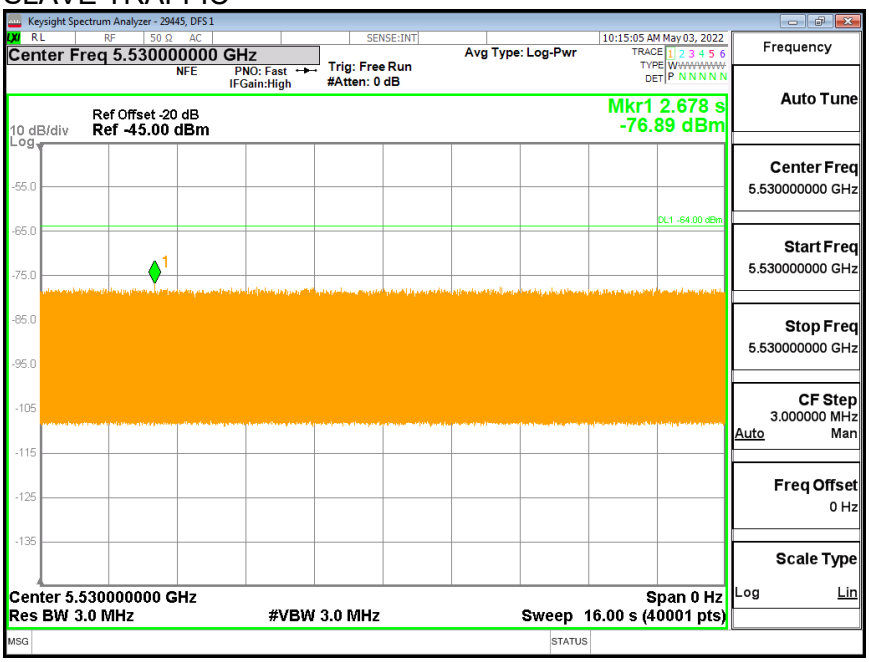
RADAR WAVEFORM

SHORT PULSE RADAR TYPE 0 AT MASTER

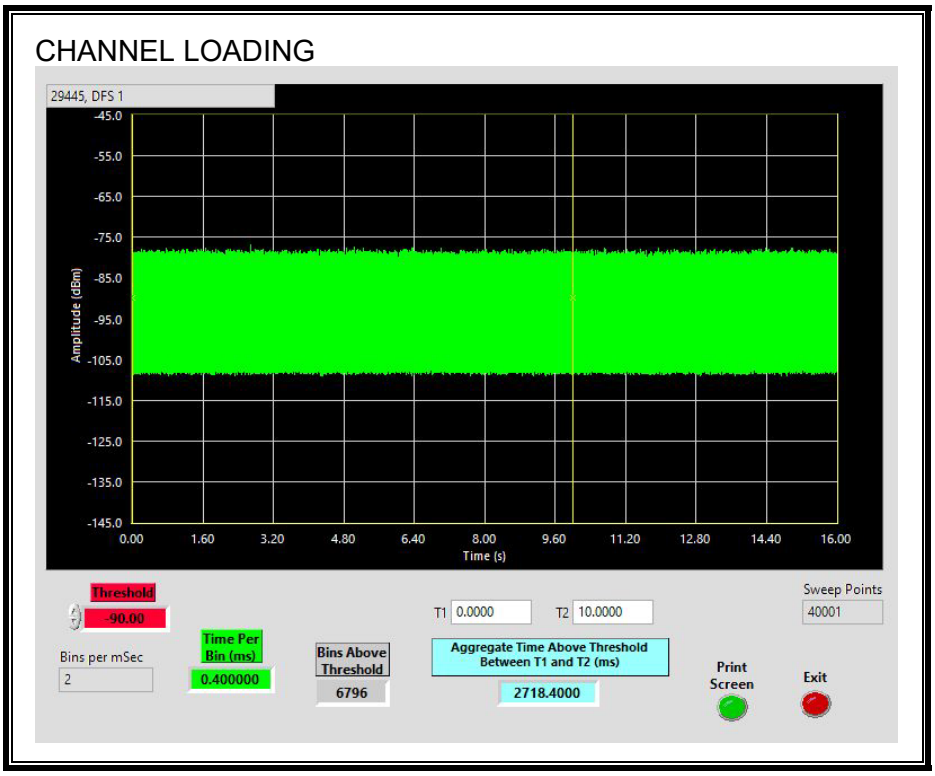


TRAFFIC

SLAVE TRAFFIC



CHANNEL LOADING



The level of traffic loading on the channel by the EUT is 27.18%

8.4.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

8.4.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time =
(Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

RESULTS

Channel Move Time (sec)	Limit (sec)
2.375	10

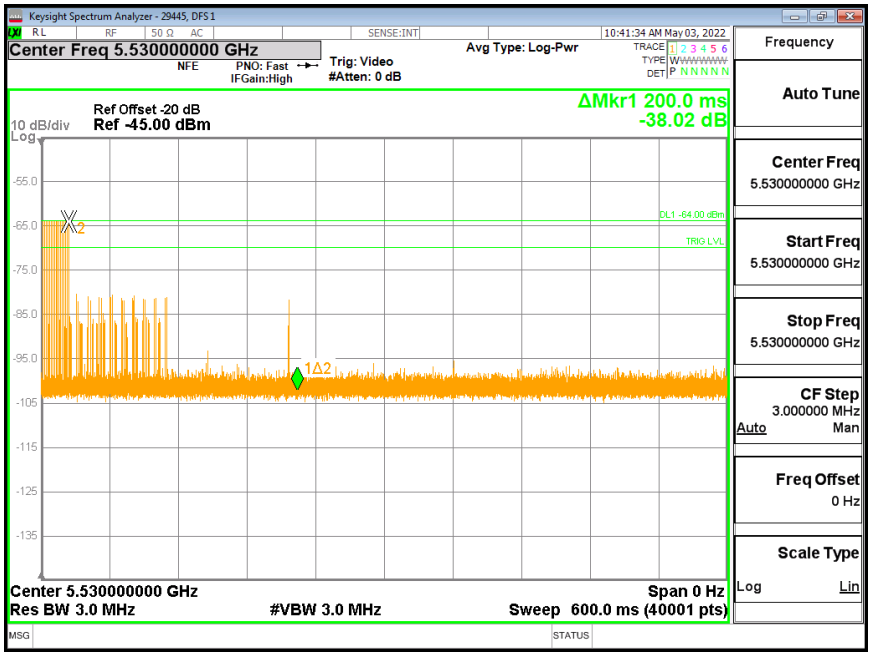
Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time (msec)	Limit (msec)
2.0	60

MOVE TIME

MOVE TIME

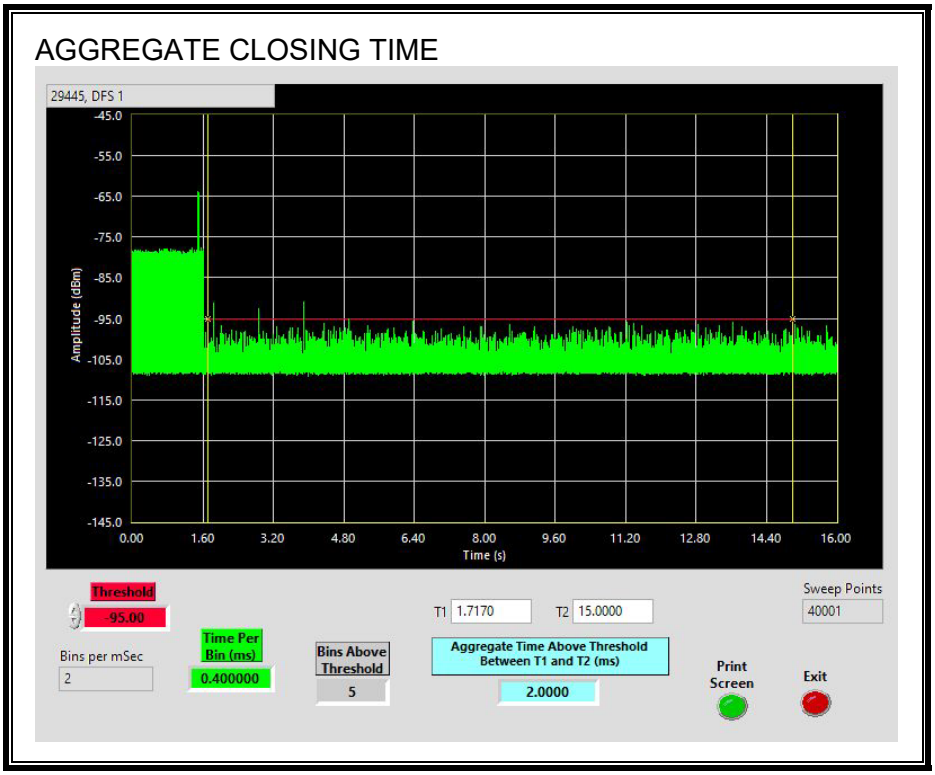
CHANNEL CLOSING TIME

CLOSING TIME



AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the aggregate monitoring period.

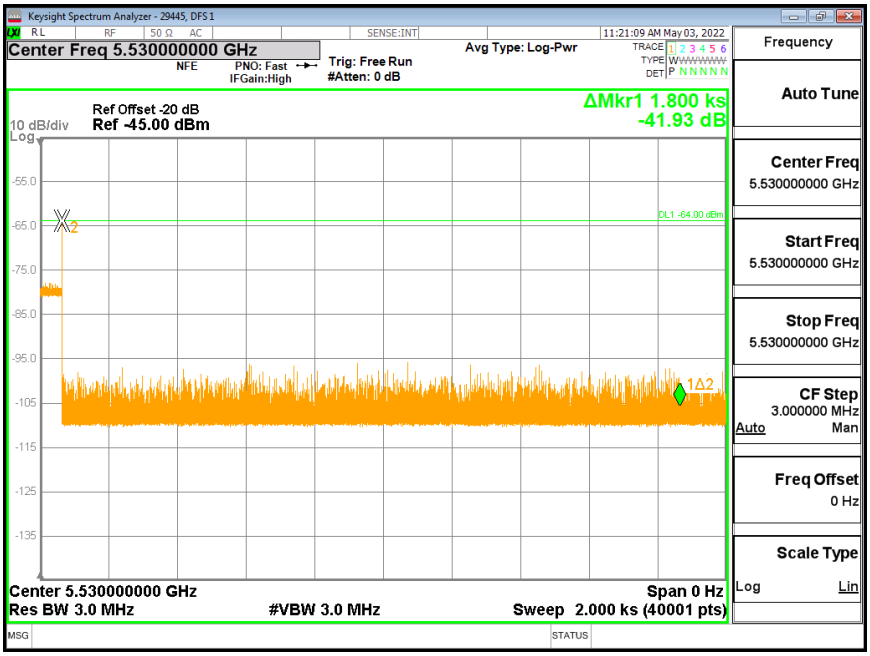


8.4.5. 30-MINUTE NON-OCCUPANCY PERIOD

RESULTS

No EUT transmissions were observed on the test channel during the 30-minute observation time.

30-MINUTE NON-OCCUPANCY PERIOD



8.5. CLIENT-TO-CLIENT COMMUNICATIONS MODE RESULTS FOR 20 MHz BANDWIDTH

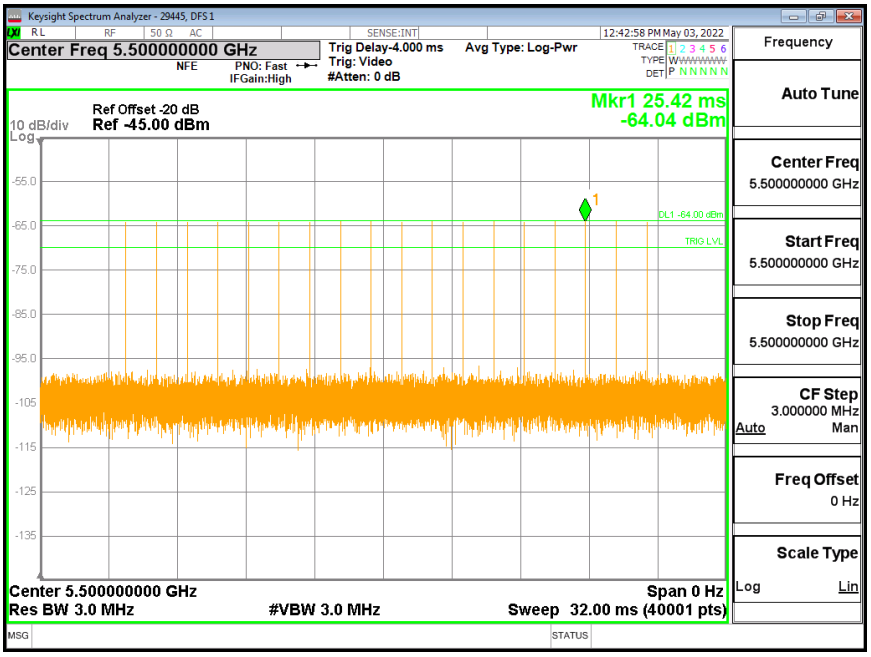
8.5.1. TEST CHANNEL

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5500 MHz.

8.5.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

RADAR WAVEFORM

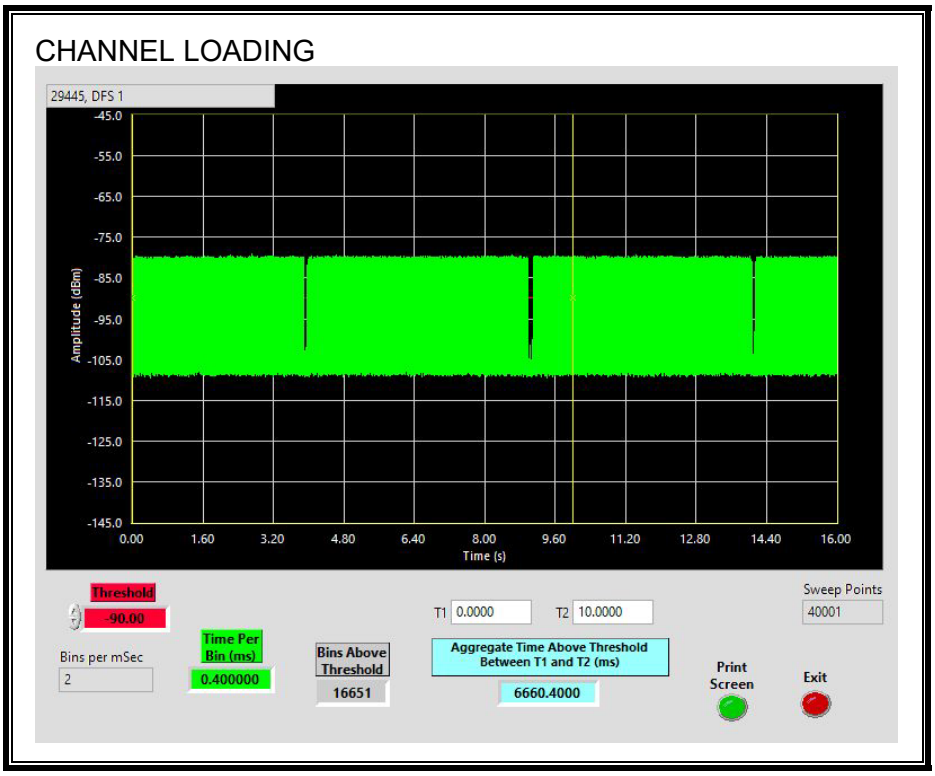
SHORT PULSE RADAR TYPE 0 AT MASTER



TRAFFIC

SLAVE TRAFFIC

CHANNEL LOADING



The level of traffic loading on the channel by the EUT is 66.6%

8.5.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

8.5.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time =
(Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

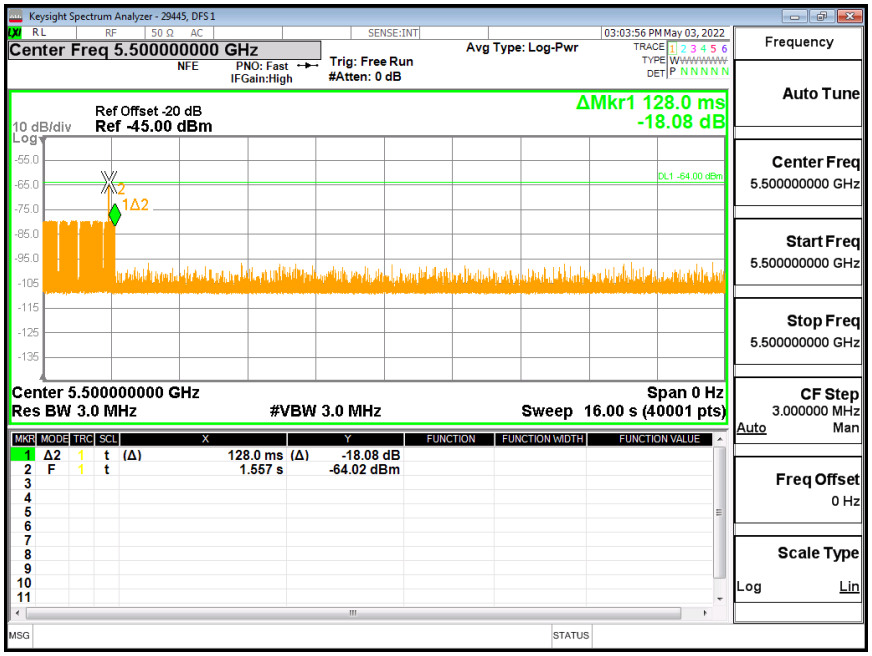
RESULTS

Channel Move Time (sec)	Limit (sec)
0.128	10

Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time (msec)	Limit (msec)
0.0	60

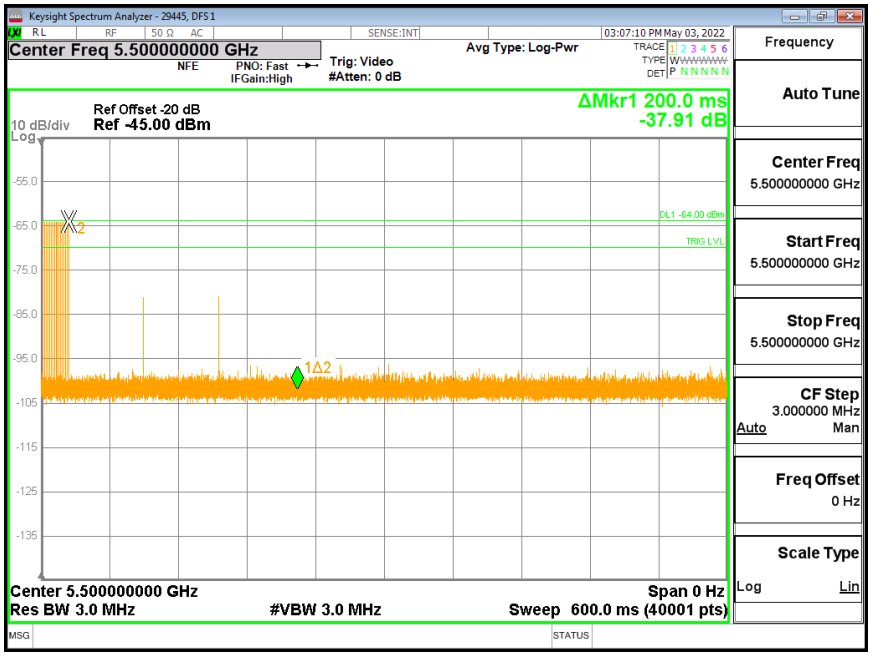
MOVE TIME

MOVE TIME



CHANNEL CLOSING TIME

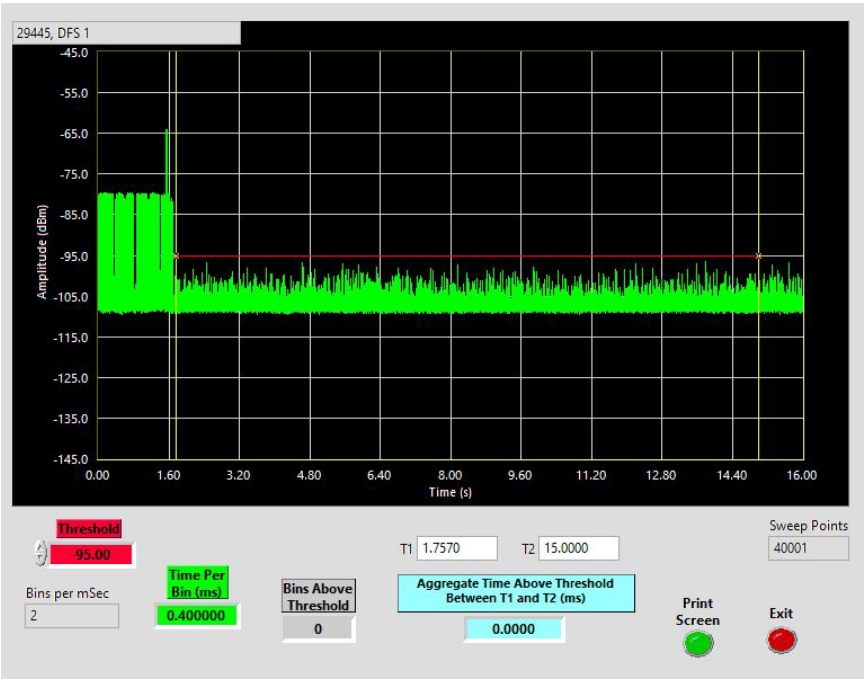
CLOSING TIME



AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

No transmissions are observed during the aggregate monitoring period.

AGGREGATE CLOSING TIME



8.6. CLIENT-TO-CLIENT COMMUNICATIONS MODE RESULTS FOR 40 MHz BANDWIDTH

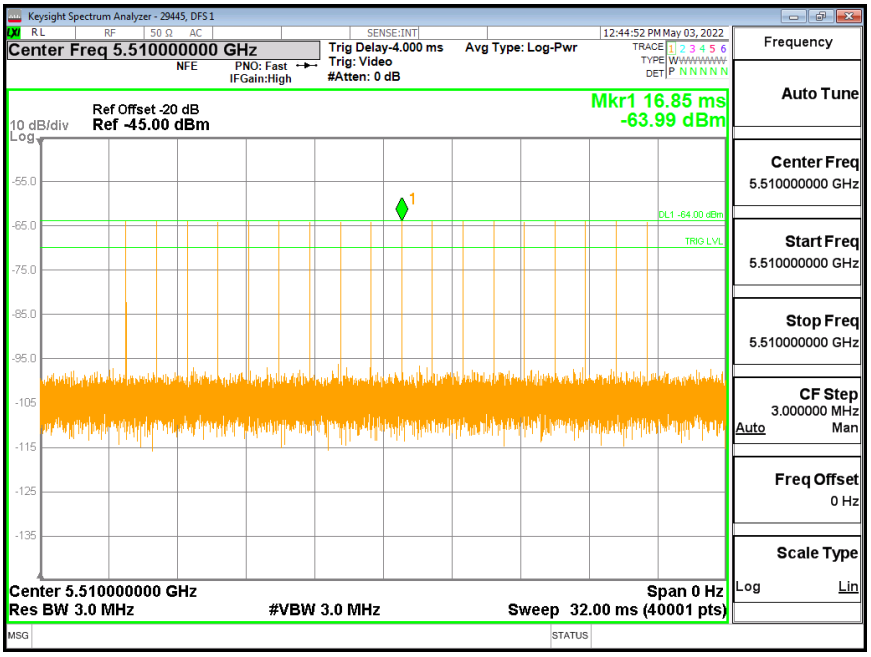
8.6.1. TEST CHANNEL

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5510 MHz.

8.6.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

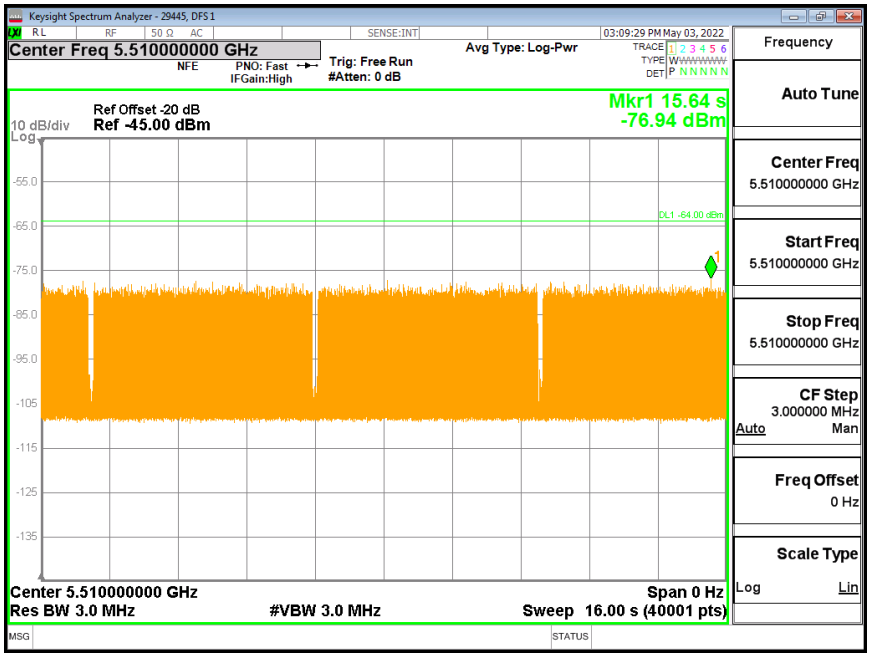
RADAR WAVEFORM

SHORT PULSE RADAR TYPE 0 AT MASTER

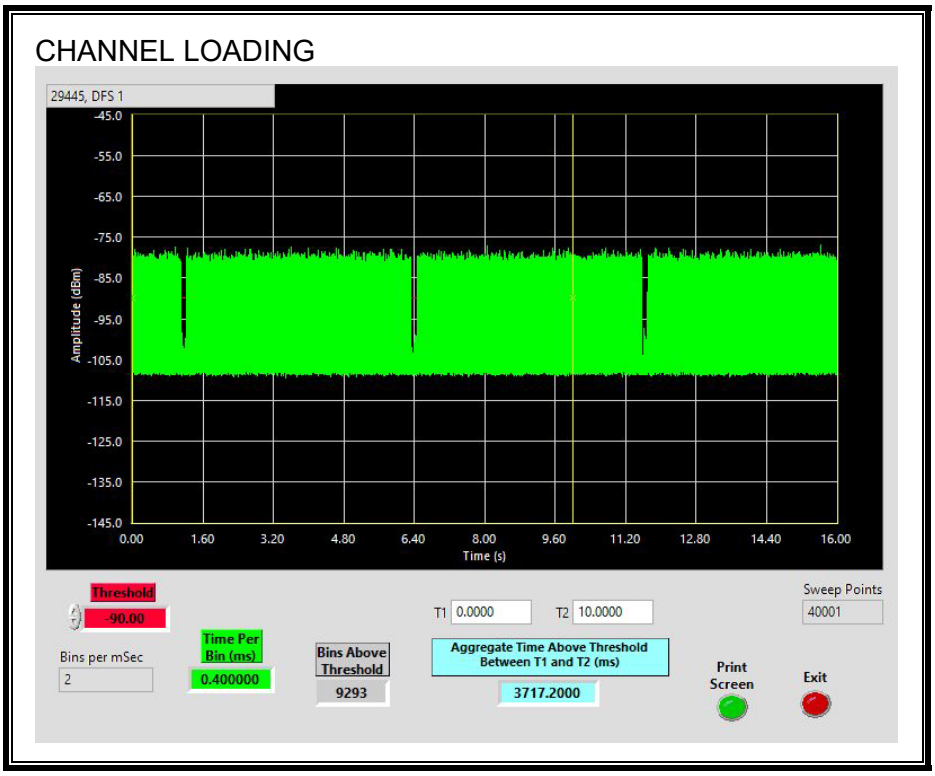


TRAFFIC

SLAVE TRAFFIC



CHANNEL LOADING



The level of traffic loading on the channel by the EUT is 37.17%

8.6.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

8.6.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time =
(Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

RESULTS

Channel Move Time (sec)	Limit (sec)
3.009	10

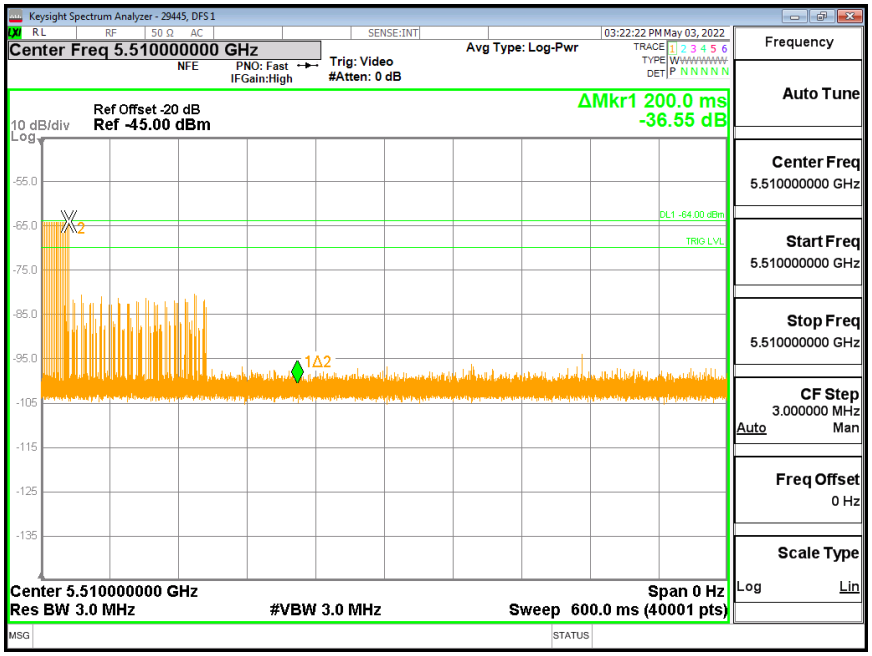
Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time (msec)	Limit (msec)
1.2	60

MOVE TIME

MOVE TIME

CHANNEL CLOSING TIME

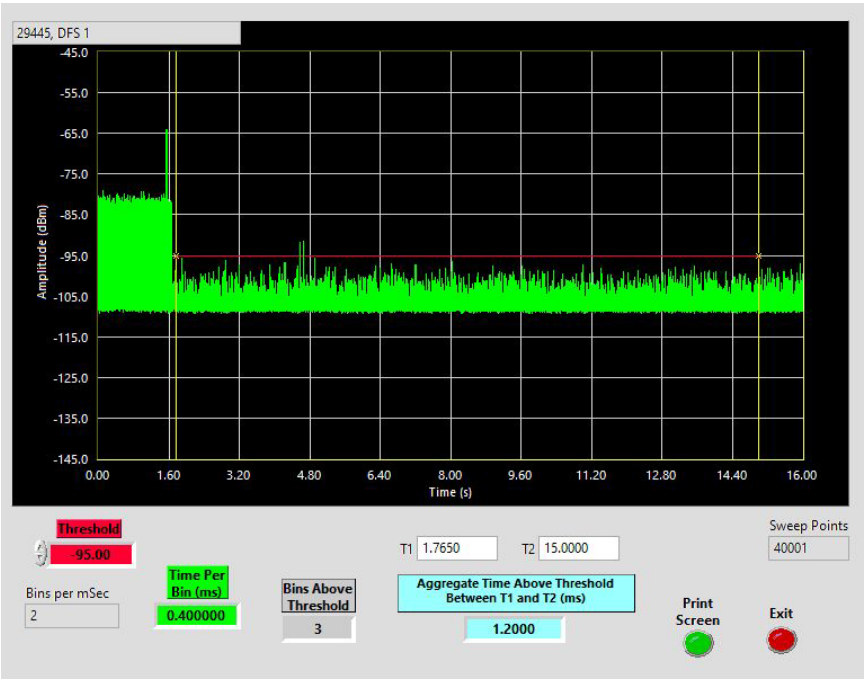
CLOSING TIME



AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the aggregate monitoring period.

AGGREGATE CLOSING TIME



8.7. CLIENT-TO-CLIENT COMMUNICATIONS MODE RESULTS FOR 80 MHz BANDWIDTH

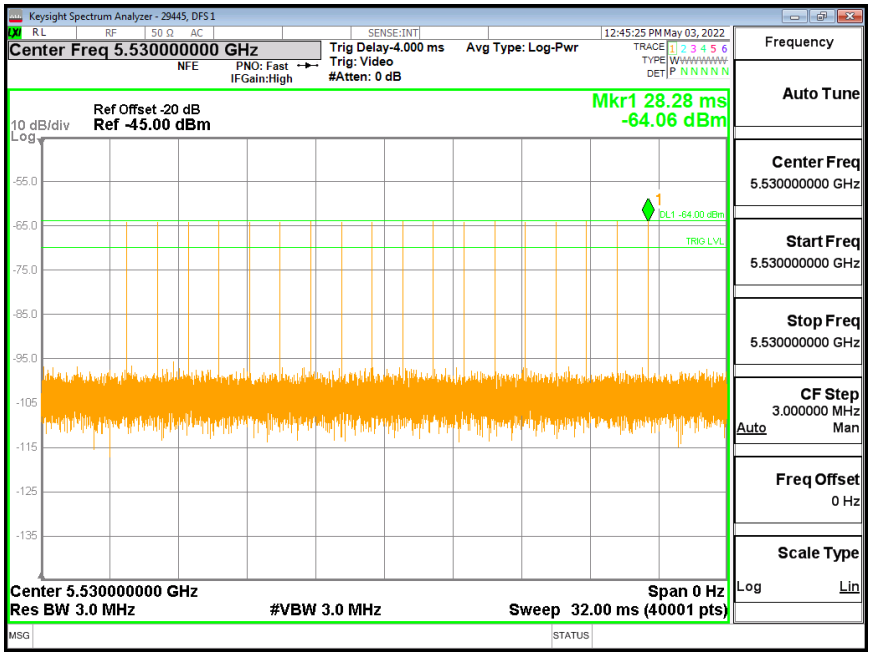
8.7.1. TEST CHANNEL

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5530 MHz.

8.7.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

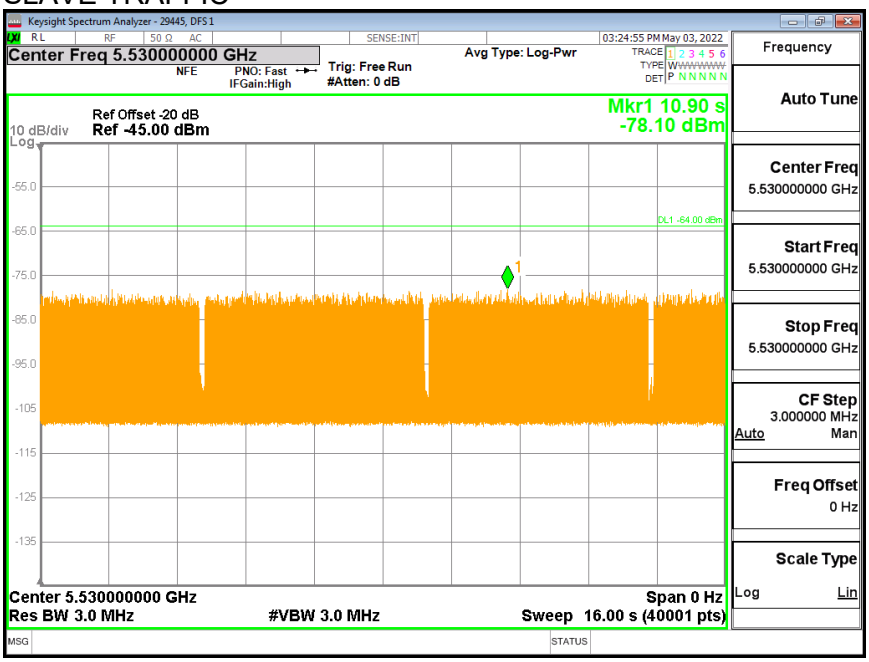
RADAR WAVEFORM

SHORT PULSE RADAR TYPE 0 AT MASTER

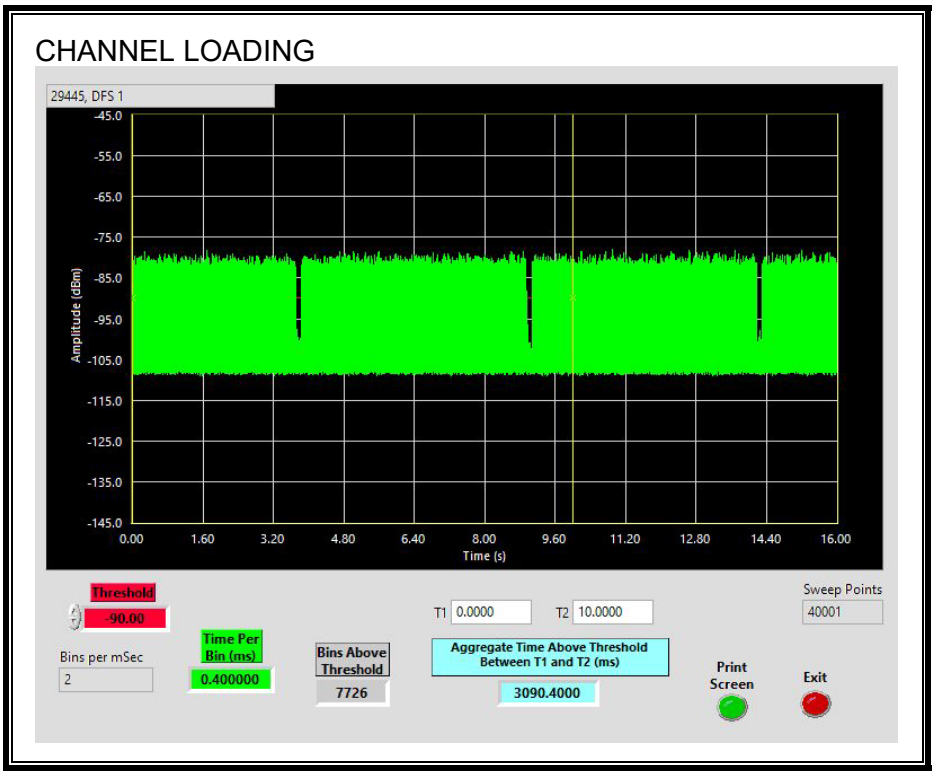


TRAFFIC

SLAVE TRAFFIC



CHANNEL LOADING



The level of traffic loading on the channel by the EUT is 30.9%

8.7.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

8.7.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time =
(Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

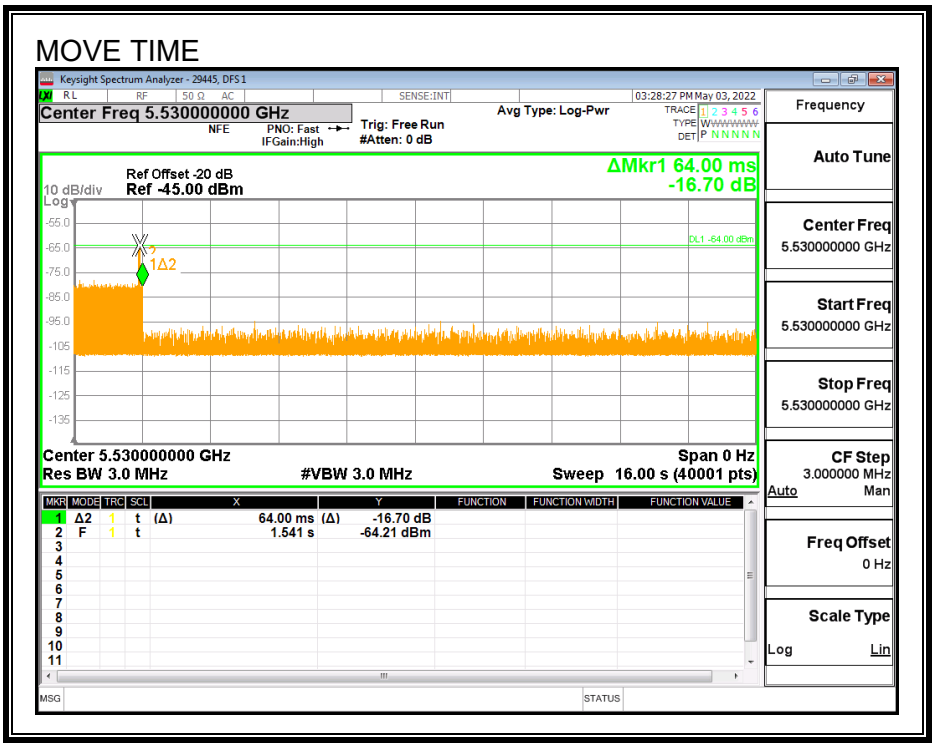
The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

RESULTS

Channel Move Time (sec)	Limit (sec)
0.064	10

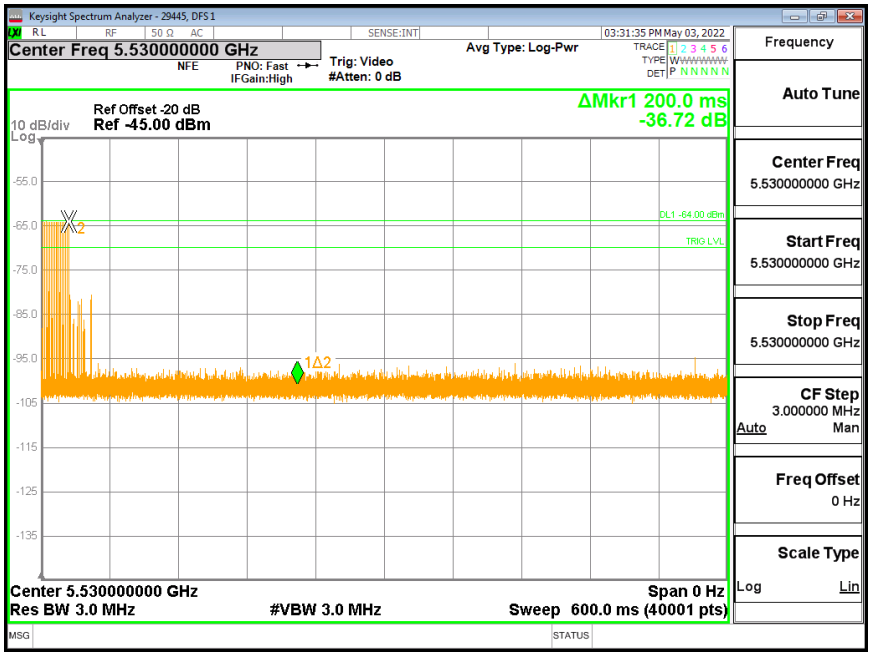
Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time (msec)	Limit (msec)
0.0	60

MOVE TIME



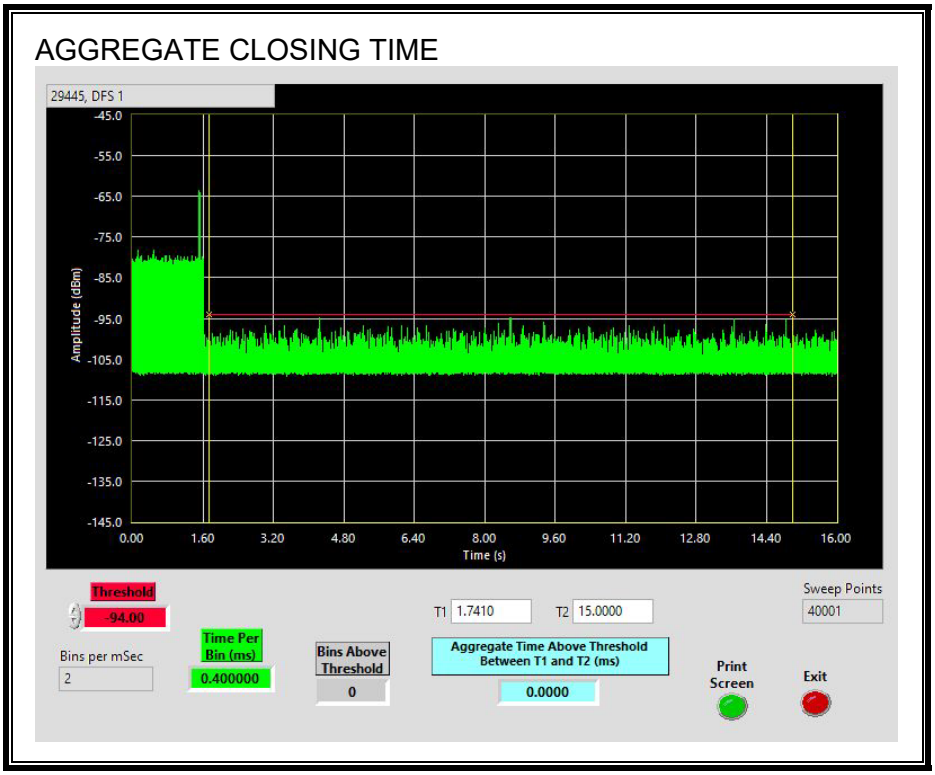
CHANNEL CLOSING TIME

CLOSING TIME



AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

No transmissions are observed during the aggregate monitoring period.



8.7.5. 30-MINUTE NON-OCCUPANCY PERIOD

RESULTS

No EUT transmissions were observed on the test channel during the 30-minute observation time.

30-MINUTE NON-OCCUPANCY PERIOD