Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage

S Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

UL USA

Certificate No: EX3-7501 Mar22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7501

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: March 25, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Oct-21 (No. DAE4-660_Oct21)	Oct-22
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	27-Dec-21 (No. ES3-3013_Dec21)	Dec-22
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22

Calibrated by:

Aidonia Georgiadou

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Niels Kuster

Quality Manager

Issued: March 28, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage

Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.

b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-7501_Mar22 Page 2 of 23

EX3DV4 - SN:7501

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7501

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.42	0.43	0.42	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	100.1	101.2	99.7	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	139.3	± 3.0 %	± 4.7 %
	k -	Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		146.2		/*
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		139.8		1
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Х	2.89	67.55	11.01	10.00	60.0	± 3.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.60	61.43	7.00		60.0	1	
		Z	2.16	64.42	9.30		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	2.19	68.46	10.38	6.99	80.0	± 2.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	0.82	60.00	5.24		80.0		
		Z	1.02	62.15	7.27		80.0		
10354-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	85.64	14.02	3.98	95.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	0.44	60.00	4.35		95.0		
		Z	0.38	60.10	5.23		95.0		
10355- Pulse W	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	86.39	13.33	2.22	120.0	± 2.0 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	13.56	143.99	0.01		120.0		
		Z	0.21	60.00	4.34		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.56	65.96	14.63	1.00	150.0	± 3.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.70	68.43	15.75		150.0		_ 5.5 /6
		Z	1.32	65.69	13.72		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.07	67.14	15.36	0.00	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.20	68.61	16.21		150.0		
		Z	1.82	65.95	14.59		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.08	65.64	16.67	3.01	150.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.23	67.85	17.77		150.0		
		Z	1.80	64.19	15.91		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.42	66.71	15.61	0.00	150.0	± 1.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.37	66.78	15.73		150.0	/3	
		Z	3.23	66.20	15.23		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.75	65.45	15.48	0.00	150.0	± 3.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	4.62	65.44	15.50		150.0		_ 0.0 /0
	details and IUD and the	Z	4.50	65.30	15.29		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V ⁻¹	T6
X	38.4	290.21	36.25	3.71	0.00	5.01	0.00	0.24	1.00
Υ	32.4	241.49	35.47	4.98	0.00	4.90	0.91	0.06	1.00
Z	27.3	205.13	35.71	3.18	0.00	4.99	0.00	0.13	1.00

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-112.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

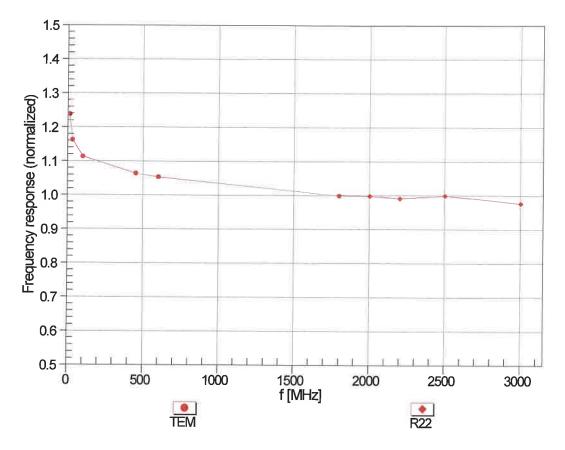
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	11.25	11.25	11.25	0.16	1.30	± 13.3 %
750	60 41.9 0.89		10.22	10.22	10.22	0.49	0.87	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.80	9.80	9.80	0.53	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	9.19	9.19	9.19	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	40.2	1.31	8.92	8.92	8.92	0.41	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.70	8.70	8.70	0.37	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.31	8.31	8.31	0.37	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.05	8.05	8.05	0.37	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.38	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.61	7.61	7.61	0.42	0.90	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.47	5.47	5.47	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

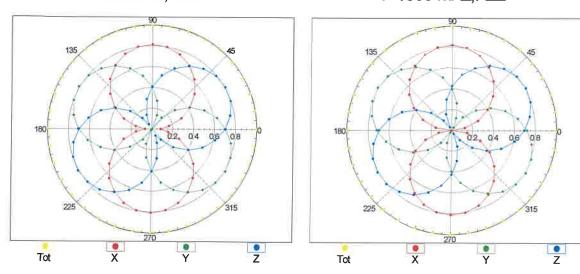


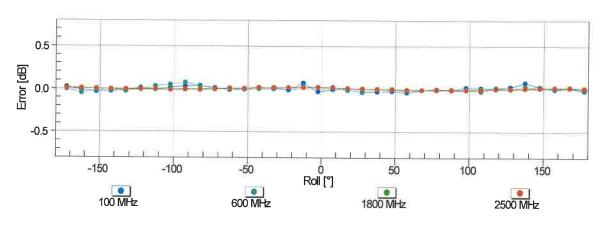
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

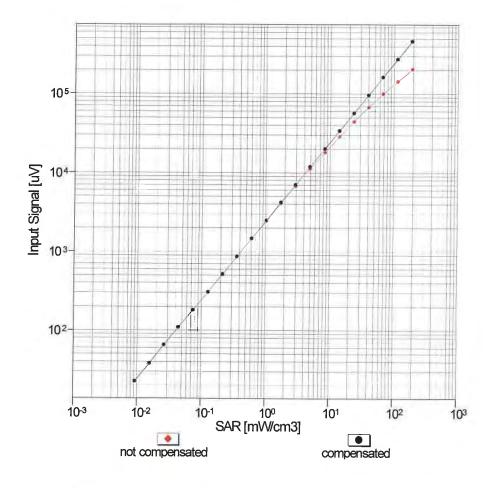
f=1800 MHz,R22

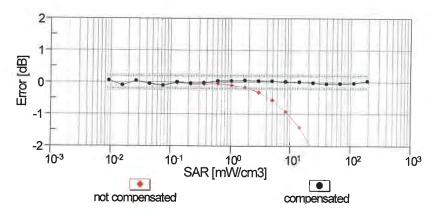




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

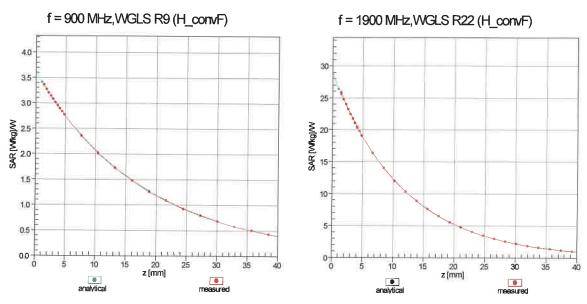
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



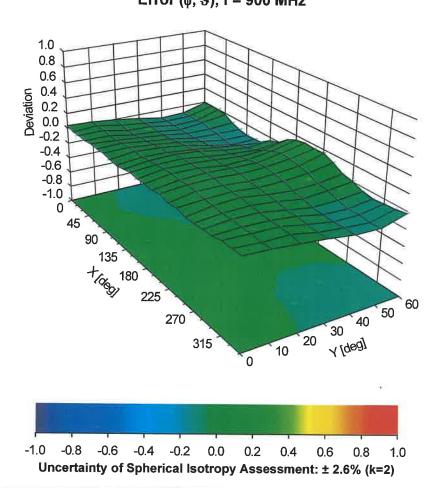


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ, θ) , f = 900 MHz



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

UL USA

Certificate No: EX3-7498 Mar22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7498

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

March 24, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Арг-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Oct-21 (No. DAE4-660_Oct21)	Oct-22
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	27-Dec-21 (No. ES3-3013_Dec21)	Dec-22
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22

Name Function
Calibrated by: Jeffrey Katzman Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Niels Kuster Quality Manager

Issued: March 28, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-7498_Mar22

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP CF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

A, B, C, D

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization ϕ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices -Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-7498_Mar22

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.41	0.38	0.49	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	100.5	99.7	99.2	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	139.2	± 1.9 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		134.2	1	
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		132.1		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	2.04	63.88	8.98	10.00	60.0	± 2.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.95	63.17	8.25		60.0	Ī	
		Z	20.00	87.73	18.20		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	0.97	61.64	6.97	6.99	80.0	± 2.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	0.79	60.00	5.76		80.0		
10054		Z	20.00	89.61	17.79		80.0		
10354- Pulse AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	Х	0.40	60.04	5.21	3.98	95.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Υ	54.00	82.00	11.00		95.0		
		Z	20.00	94.32	18.49		95.0		
	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	Х	0.22	60.00	4.49	2.22	120.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	1	Υ	0.24	60.00	4.43		120.0		
		Z	20.00	99.20	19.27		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.45	65.89	14.22	1.00	150.0	± 2.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.49	66.08	14.41		150.0		
		Z	1.55	66.19	14.73		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	1.94	66.57	14.99	0.00	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.97	66.65	15.09	İ	150.0		
		Z	2.07	67.37	15.48		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	1.99	65.10	16.26	3.01	150.0	± 1.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	1.91	64.46	15.89		150.0		
		Z	2.20	66.39	17.01		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	Х	3.32	66.49	15.41	0.00	150.0	± 1.6 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.35	66.53	15.46		150.0		_ 0.0 /0
		Z	3.39	66.73	15.63		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.62	65.39	15.37	0.00	150.0	± 3.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	4.63	65.41	15.39	1	150.0		
	dotoile en LUD	Z	4.70	65.36	15.45		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

field value.

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V⁻¹	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V ⁻¹	T6
Χ	32.6	243.20	35.49	3.88	0.00	4.98	0.00	0.22	1.00
Υ	32.3	240.15	35.26	4.31	0.00	4.94	0.00	0.19	1.00
Z	38.5	291.23	36.32	6.38	0.00	5.06	0.00	0.31	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-175.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

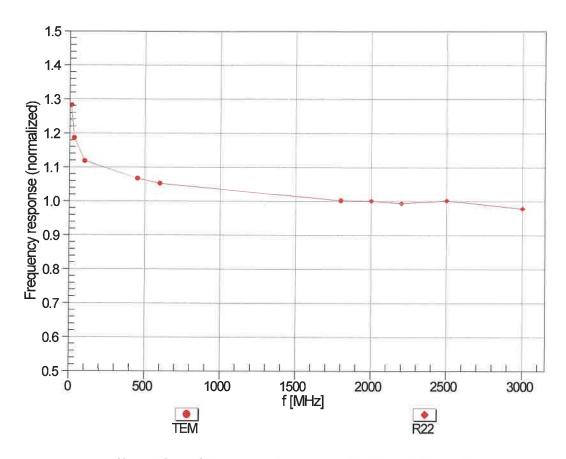
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.26	10.26	10.26	0.60	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.91	9.91	9.91	0.53	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.73	8.73	8.73	0.40	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.38	8.38	8.38	0.38	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.26	8.26	8.26	0.34	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.96	7.96	7.96	0.38	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.42	0.90	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.32	5.32	5.32	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.94	4.94	4.94	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

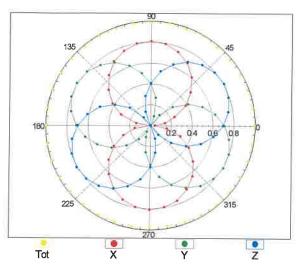


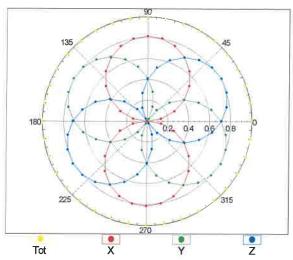
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

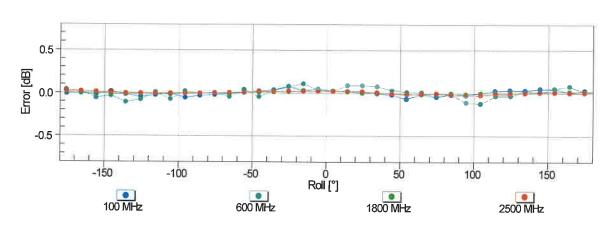
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22

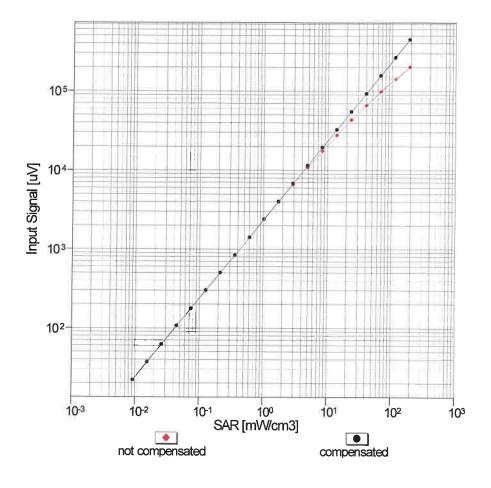


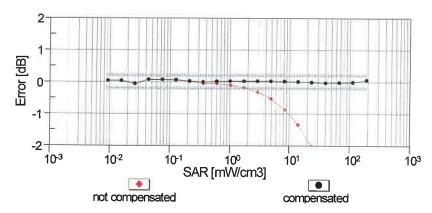




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

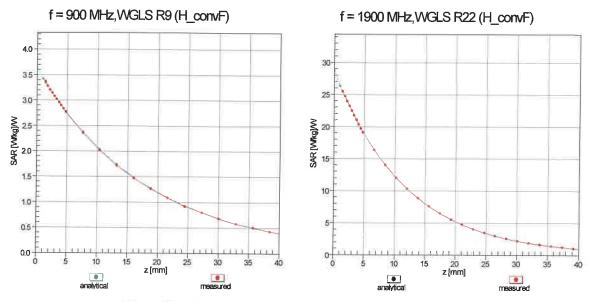
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



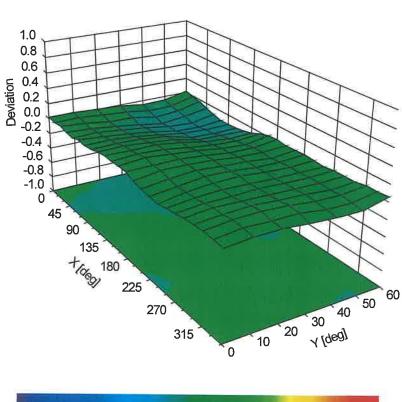


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: EX3-7500 Mar22

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

UL USA

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7500

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

March 25, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Арг-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Oct-21 (No. DAE4-660_Oct21)	Oct-22
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	27-Dec-21 (No. ES3-3013_Dec21)	Dec-22
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature
Aidonia Georgiadou
Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Niels Kuster
Quality Manager

Issued: March 28, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

C Service suisse d'étalonnage

S Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-7500_Mar22

Page 2 of 23

EX3DV4 - SN:7500

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7500

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.50	0.47	0.42	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	102.6	96.9	99.7	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	163.2	± 2.2 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	149.1		L 1.1 70
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		164.0		
10352- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Х	2.94	68.03	11.20	10.00	60.0	± 3.6 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	7.93	78.03	15.06		60.0		
		Z	2.95	67.88	11.03		60.0		i
10353- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Х	3.72	72.21	11.87	6.99	80.0	± 2.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	88.08	16.78		80.0		
		Z	3.02	70.71	11.14		80.0		
10354- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	Х	20.00	87.56	15.48	3.98	95.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	89.43	15.84		95.0		
		Z	20.00	86.05	14.38		95.0		
10355- Pu AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	Х	20.00	94.59	17.76	2.22	120.0	± 1.2 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	84.99	12.61		120.0		
		Z	20.00	87.78	14.14		120.0		
10387- AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	Х	1.75	67.20	15.64	1.00	150.0	± 2.7 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.81	71.03	16.66		150.0		
		Z	1.81	70.72	16.67		150.0		
10388- AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	Х	2.30	68.74	16.27	0.00	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.21	69.61	16.81		150.0		
		Z	2.20	69.33	16.69		150.0		
10396- AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.17	72.76	19.95	3.01	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.13	67.17	17.85		150.0		
		Z	2.16	67.06	17.50		150.0		
10399- AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	Х	3.56	67.44	16.03	0.00	150.0	± 1.4 %	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.48	67.66	16.31		150.0		
		Z	3.47	67.58	16.22		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	Х	5.03	65.93	15.80	0.00	150.0	± 2.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	4.83	65.15	15.32		150.0		
		Z	4.83	65.60	15.63		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-7500_Mar22 Page 3 of 23

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1	C2	α	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5	T6
_	fF	fF	V ⁻¹	ms.V ⁻²	ms.V⁻¹	ms	V-2	V-1	
Х	42.5	314.19	34.96	8.98	0.00	4.99	2.00	0.06	1.01
Υ	28.9	223.13	37.81	4.63	0.00	5.06	0.00	0.22	1.01
Z	28.9	218.13	36.43	6.28	0.00	5.01	0.27	0.20	1.00

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-101.8
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

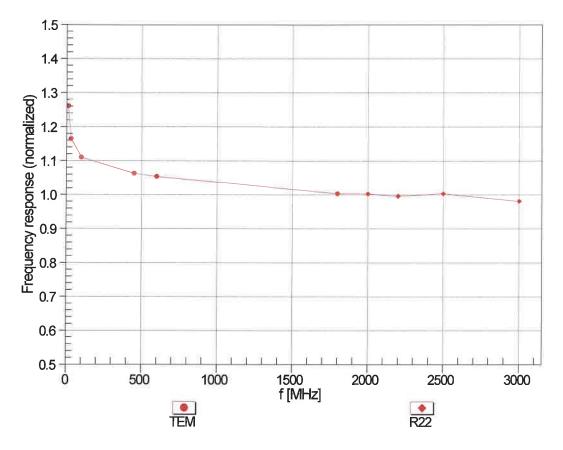
f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
13	55.0	0.75	17.81	17.81	17.81	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.92	9.92	9.92	0.55	0.83	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.49	9.49	9.49	0.52	0.84	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.41	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.10	8.10	8.10	0.31	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.33	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.62	7.62	7.62	0.36	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.34	7.34	7.34	0.38	0.90	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.35	5.35	5.35	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.65	4.65	4.65	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5850	35.2	5.32	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

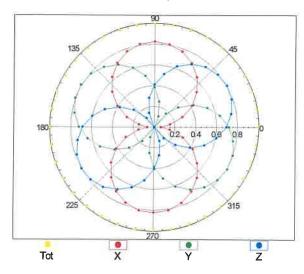


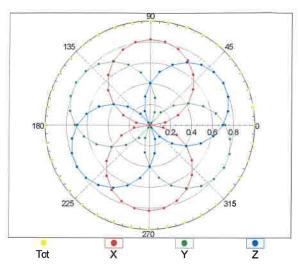
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

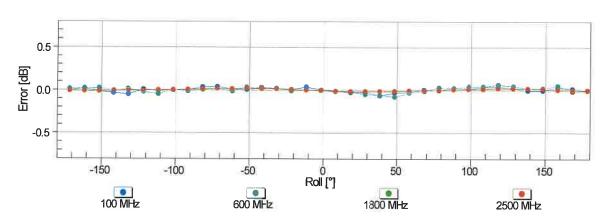
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



f=1800 MHz,R22

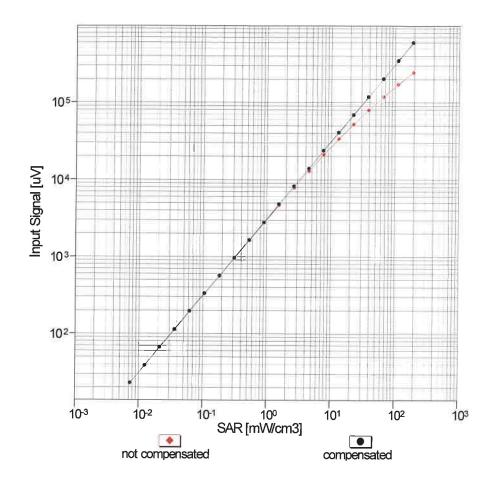


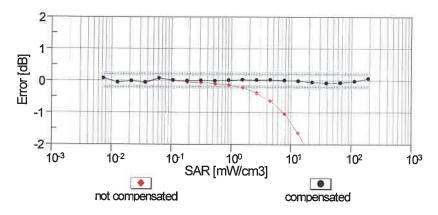




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

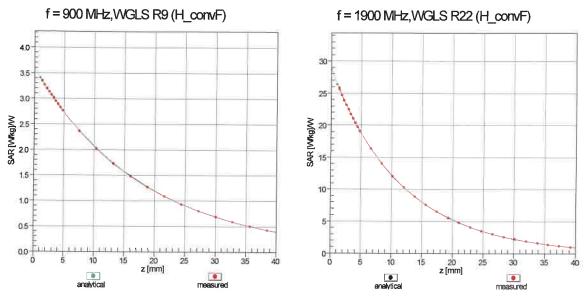
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



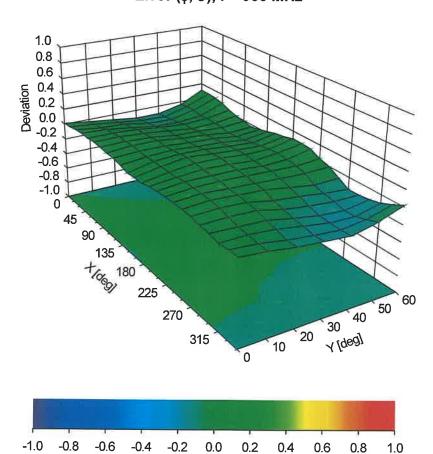


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

UL USA

Certificate No: EX3-7587_Apr22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7587

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

April 27, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)	Apr-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Oct-21 (No. DAE4-660_Oct21)	Oct-22
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	27-Dec-21 (No. ES3-3013_Dec21)	Dec-22
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Joanna Lleshaj Laboratory Technician

Sven Kühn

Deputy Manager

Issued: April 28, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Approved by:

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossarv:

DCP

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z ConvF

sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D crest factor (1/duty cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization φ

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), Polarization 8

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Connector Angle

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices -Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \le 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,v,z; Bx,v,z; Cx,v,z; Dx,v,z; VRx,v,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,v,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-7587_Apr22 Page 2 of 23 EX3DV4 – SN:7587 April 27, 2022

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7587

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.54	0.58	0.55	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	100.1	101.2	107.1	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	152.7	± 2.7 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		168.4		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		156.6		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	20.00	91.70	21.43	10.00	60.0	± 3.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	1	Y	20.00	90.97	21.15		60.0		
		Z	20.00	87.82	18.43		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	20.00	92.82	20.79	6.99	80.0	± 2.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	1	Y	20.00	91.09	20.38		80.0		
		Z	20.00	89.53	18.00		80.0		
10354- Pulse Waveform AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	95.95	20.84	3.98	95.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
	1	Y	20.00	93.44	20.40		95.0		
		Z	20.00	92.57	17.99		95.0		
10355- Pulse	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	99.51	21.06	2.22	120.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	1	Y	20.00	97.52	21.19		120.0		
		Z	20.00	93.93	17.29		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.83	66.58	15.62	1.00	150.0	± 2.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.92	65.59	15.29		150.0		
		Z	1.61	65.64	14.55		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.50	69.60	16.41	0.00	150.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.51	68.69	15.89		150.0		
		Z	2.15	67.66	15.32		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.86	70.08	18.70	3.01	150.0	± 0.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.50	72.17	19.48		150.0		
		Z	2.61	69.78	18.52		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.68	67.87	16.16	0.00	150.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.71	67.54	15.91		150.0		
		Z	3.46	67.10	15.59		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	5.10	66.10	15.80	0.00	150.0	± 3.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	5.00	65.22	15.25		150.0		
		Z	4.85	65.74	15.44		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-7587_Apr22

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

April 27, 2022

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7587

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1	C2	α	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5	T6
	fF	fF	V ⁻¹	ms.V ⁻²	ms.V ⁻¹	ms	V-2	V ⁻¹	
X	61.3	458.64	35.79	15.78	0.36	5.10	0.26	0.40	1.01
Υ	75.7	561.98	35.14	28.69	0.04	5.10	1.08	0.36	1.01
Z	47.1	342.52	33.93	8.01	0.00	5.07	0.95	0.16	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-159.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

April 27, 2022

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7587

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

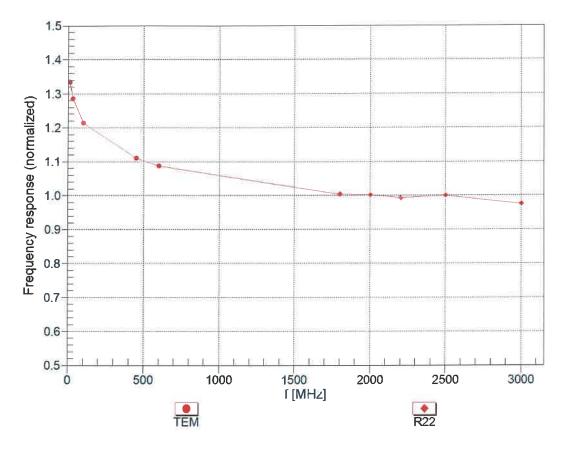
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.70	10.70	10.70	0.54	0.86	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.19	10.19	10.19	0.35	1.04	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.58	8.58	8.58	0.30	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.26	8.26	8.26	0.36	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.91	7.91	7.91	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.70	7.70	7.70	0.35	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.45	7.45	7.45	0.39	0.90	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.28	5.28	5.28	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.87	4.87	4.87	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

 $^{^{\}rm c}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

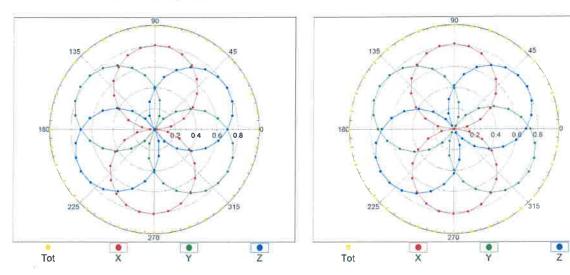


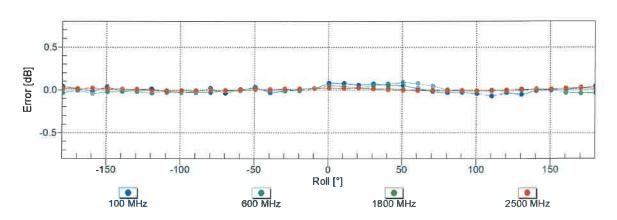
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

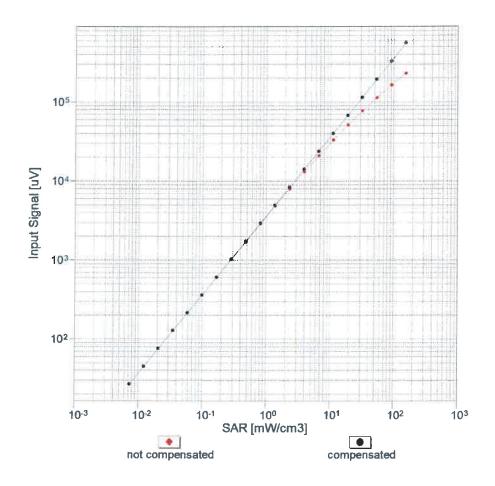
f=1800 MHz,R22

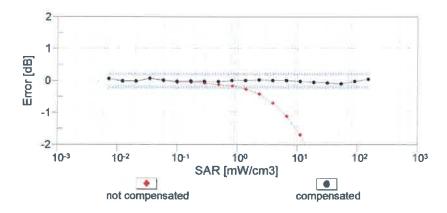




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

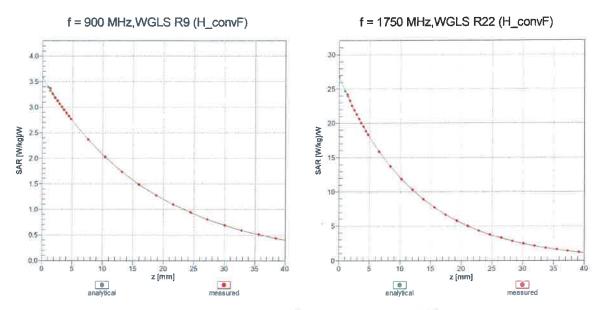
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



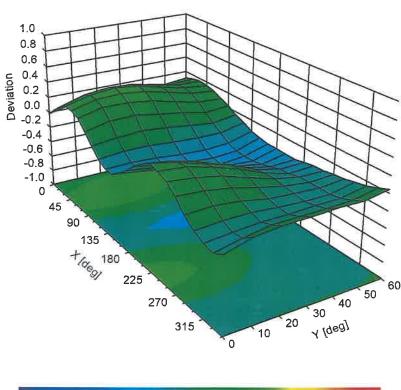


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

UL USA

Certificate No: EX3-3885_Sep21/2

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE (Replacement of No: EX3-3885_Sep21)

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3885

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

September 23, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103244		Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager

Issued: October 14, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3885_Sep21/2

Page 1 of 22

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S

Service suisse d'étalonnage

C Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid TSL NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 3 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Anale information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices -Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside wavequide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,v,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3885 Sep21/2 Page 2 of 22 EX3DV4 - SN:3885

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3885

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.41	0.40	0.27	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	103.1	99.2	105.5	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	164.9	± 2.2 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		145.6		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		149.9		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	20.00	90.49	20.63	10.00	60.0	± 3.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	20.00	96.09	23.40		60.0		
		Z	2.83	66.12	11.68		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	20.00	91.37	19.77	6.99	80.0	± 1.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	99.75	24.19		80.0		
		Z	2.87	69.33	11.79		80.0		
10354- Pulse Wave	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	94.17	19.72	3.98	95.0	± 1.2 %	± 9.6 %
		Υ	20.00	108.21	26.92		95.0		
		Z	2.66	72.17	11.67		95.0		
10355-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	99.15	20.88	2.22	120.0	± 1.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	117.67	29.89		120.0		
		Z	20.00	88.91	15.31		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.60	64.79	14.26	1.00	150.0	± 2.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.68	65.82	14.87		150.0		
		Z	1.59	68.27	15.49		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.08	66.48	14.90	0.00	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.21	67.58	15.54		150.0		
_		Z	2.05	68.10	15.88		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.96	70.47	18.62	3.01	150.0	± 0.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	2.81	69.74	18.43		150.0		
		Z	2.67	70.81	18.79		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.44	66.54	15.38	0.00	150.0	± 0.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.54	67.09	15.74	1	150.0		
		Z	3.39	67.28	15.84		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.84	65.43	15.32	0.00	150.0	± 1.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	4.73	65.06	15.21		150.0		
		Z	4.63	65.88	15.60		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3885

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1	C2	α	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
	fF	fF	V ⁻¹	ms.V ⁻²	ms.V ⁻¹	ms	V-2	V ⁻¹	
Χ	45.7	334.56	34.26	11.13	0.49	5.01	1.82	0.13	1.01
Υ	45.3	335.13	34.98	13.54	0.00	5.10	1.22	0.20	1.01
Z	30.4	219.27	33.52	5.94	0.83	4.96	1.81	0.00	1.00

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-63.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3885

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

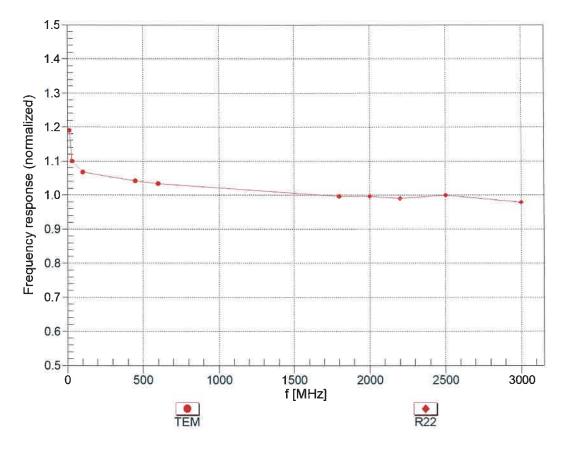
f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
6	55.0	0.75	17.80	17.80	17.80	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.54	9.54	9.54	0.42	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.05	9.05	9.05	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.05	8.05	8.05	0.36	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.81	7.81	7.81	0.35	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.50	7.50	7.50	0.34	0.92	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.39	7.39	7.39	0.34	0.92	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.24	0.90	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.50	4.50	4.50	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

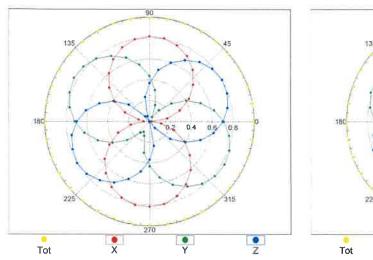


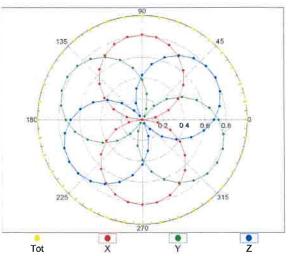
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

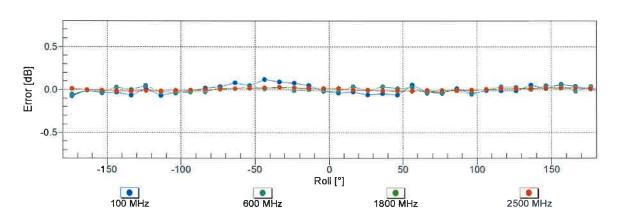
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22

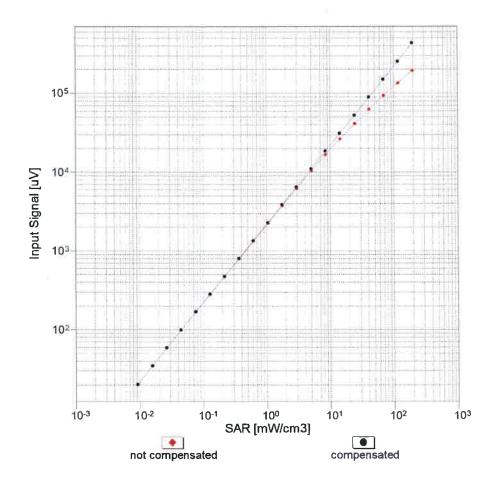


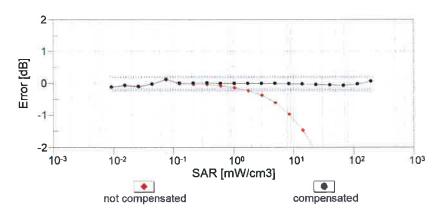




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

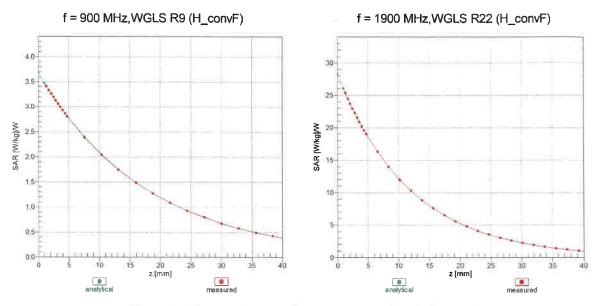
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



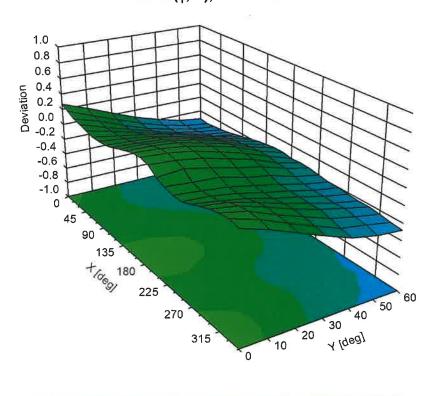


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

UL USA

Certificate No: EX3-3749_Nov21

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3749

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

November 16, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Niels Kuster
Quality Manager

Issued: November 18, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid

sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal

A, B, C, D

modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).

i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices -Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx.v.z*: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \le 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,v,z; Bx,v,z; Cx,v,z; Dx,v,z; VRx,v,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3749_Nov21 Page 2 of 22 EX3DV4 – SN:3749 November 16, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3749

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.47	0.44	0.41	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	105.0	104.7	105.4	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	153.0	± 2.2 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		150.9		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		142.5		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	20.00	92.55	22.17	10.00	60.0	± 3.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	94.93	23.38		60.0		
		Z	20.00	92.29	22.17		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	20.00	92.47	20.95	6.99	80.0	± 1.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	95.72	22.77	ĺ.	80.0		
		Z	20.00	92.29	20.95		80.0		
10354- Pulse Wavefo	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	93.97	20.30	3.98	95.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	99.69	23.40		95.0		
		Z	20.00	93.94	20.32		95.0		
10355- Pulse Wave	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	97.12	20.58	2.22	120.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	105.82	25.00		120.0		
		Z	20.00	97.24	20.64		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.63	64.86	14.18	1.00	150.0	± 2.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	1.70	65.87	14.88		150.0		
		Z	1.57	64.64	14.06		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.12	66.74	14.84	0.00	150.0	± 1.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	l'	Y	2.23	67.83	15.54		150.0		
		Z	2.04	66.37	14.73		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.93	69.78	18.15	3.01	150.0	± 0.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.22	71.94	19.17		150.0		
		Z	3.12	71.26	18.90		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.30	65.93	14.98	0.00	150.0	± 0.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.37	66.51	15.36		150.0		
		Z	3.41	66.53	15.29		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.71	64.97	14.99	0.00	150.0	± 1.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	4.74	65.21	15.17		150.0		
		Z	4.81	65.45	15.25		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3749 November 16, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3749

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1	C2	α	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
	fF	fF	V ⁻¹	ms.V ⁻²	ms.V⁻¹	ms	V ⁻²	V ⁻¹	
Χ	47.6	344.48	33.56	17.96	0.58	5.04	1.12	0.26	1.01
Υ	47.5	341.25	33.15	19.97	0.29	5.10	1.72	0.16	1.01
Z	45.5	329.32	33.62	17.85	0.71	5.04	1.85	0.15	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-62.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an *Area Scan* job.

Certificate No: EX3-3749_Nov21 Page 4 of 22

EX3DV4- SN:3749 November 16, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3749

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
30	55.0	0.75	14.02	14.02	14.02	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
64	54.2	0.75	11.99	11.99	11.99	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.35	9.35	9.35	0.60	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.92	8.92	8.92	0.53	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.40	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.83	7.83	7.83	0.29	0.86	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	7.75	7.75	7.75	0.35	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.44	7.44	7.44	0.32	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.12	7.12	7.12	0.35	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.93	6.93	6.93	0.39	0.90	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	4.65	4.65	4.65	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.20	4.20	4.20	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.40	4.40	4.40	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

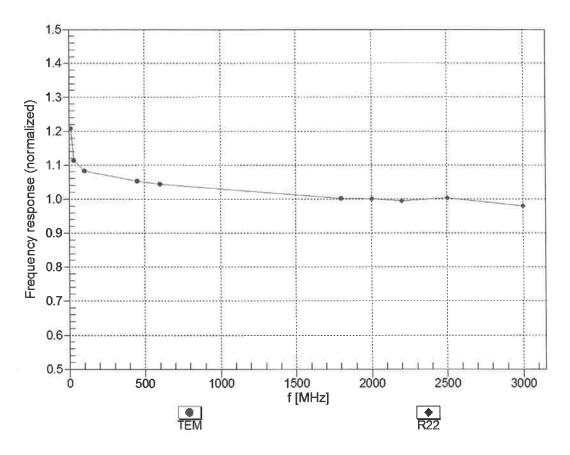
^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

Certificate No: EX3-3749_Nov21

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

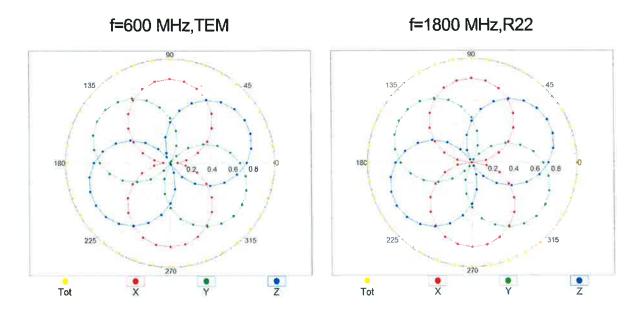
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

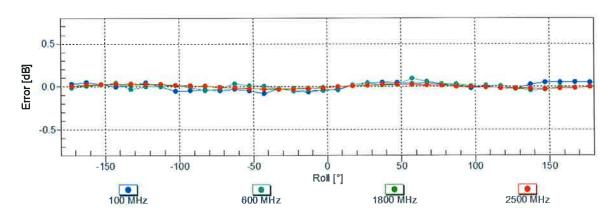


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3749 November 16, 2021

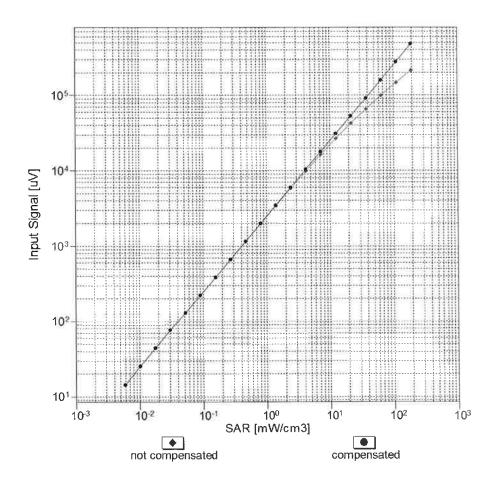
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

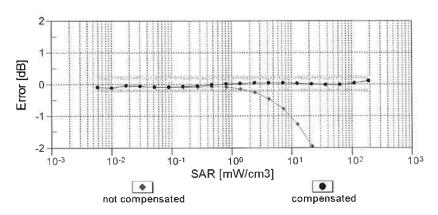




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

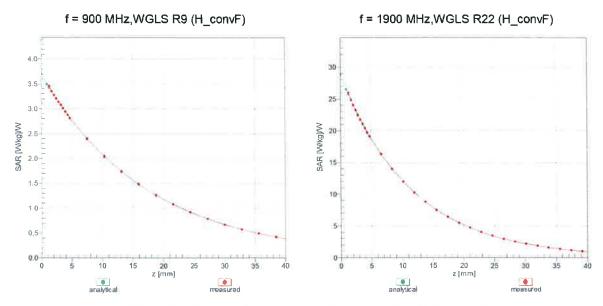




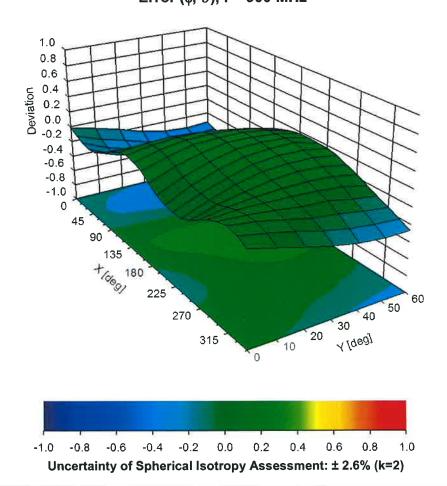
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3749_Nov21

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: EX3-7585 Apr22

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

UL USA

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7585

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: April 27, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)	Apr-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Oct-21 (No. DAE4-660_Oct21)	Oct-22
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	27-Dec-21 (No. ES3-3013_Dec21)	Dec-22
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22

Name Function Signature

Joanna Lleshaj Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Sven Kühn Deputy Manager

Issued: April 28, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S

Service suisse d'étalonnage

C Servizio svizzero di taratura

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z

tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices -Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f \leq 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx.v.z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-7585 Apr22 Page 2 of 23 EX3DV4 – SN:7585 April 27, 2022

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7585

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.57	0.50	0.58	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	98.7	99.5	98.9	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	152.8	± 2.5 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		150.3		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		160.3		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	20.00	93.96	22.61	10.00	60.0	± 3.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	90.31	20.66		60.0		
		Z	20.00	93.57	22.28		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	20.00	94.27	21.70	6.99	80.0	± 1.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	91.46	20.46		80.0		
		Z	20.00	95.55	22.27		80.0		
10354-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	96.62	21.49	3.98	95.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	93.32	20.24		95.0		
		Z	20.00	99.55	22.85		95.0		
10355-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	100.10	21.80	2.22	120.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	99.27	21.94		120.0		
		Z	20.00	104.04	23.60		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.85	65.54	15.09	1.00	150.0	± 2.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.97	68.03	16.59		150.0		
		Z	1.73	64.46	14.45		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.42	68.36	15.68	0.00	150.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.74	71.15	17.46		150.0		
		Z	2.22	66.87	14.98		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.10	69.95	18.39	3.01	150.0	± 0.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	2.83	70.26	19.05		150.0		
		Z	3.05	69.97	18.46		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.67	67.45	15.84	0.00	150.0	± 1.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.69	67.89	16.37		150.0		
		Z	3.52	66.59	15.42		150.0		
10414-		4.95	65.22	15.25	0.00	150.0	± 2.8 %	± 9.6 %	
AAA		Y	5.01	65.79	15.77		150.0		
		Z	5.00	65.33	15.32		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-7585_Apr22

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:7585 April 27, 2022

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7585

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1	C1 C2		T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
	fF	fF	V ⁻¹	ms.V ⁻²	ms.V⁻¹	ms	V ⁻²	V-1	
X	68.7	512.76	35.50	18.82	0.28	5.10	0.24	0.50	1.01
Υ	57.2	428.99	36.00	28.28	0.00	5.10	0.28	0.35	1.01
Z	65.2	491.84	36.03	18.19	0.14	5.10	1.05	0.35	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-157.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an *Area Scan* job.

Certificate No: EX3-7585_Apr22

EX3DV4- SN:7585

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7585

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

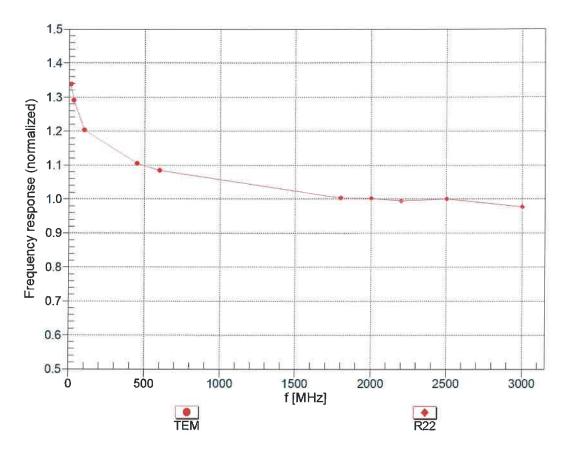
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.72	10.72	10.72	0.50	0.83	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.11	10.11	10.11	0.34	1.05	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.34	8.34	8.34	0.38	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.36	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.87	7.87	7.87	0.35	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.51	7.51	7.51	0.39	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.45	7.45	7.45	0.39	0.90	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.30	5.30	5.30	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

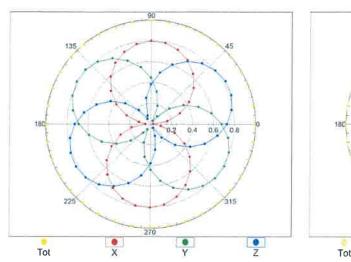


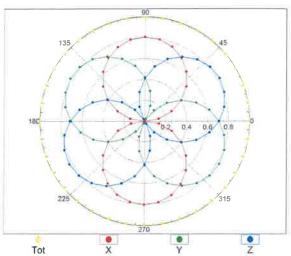
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

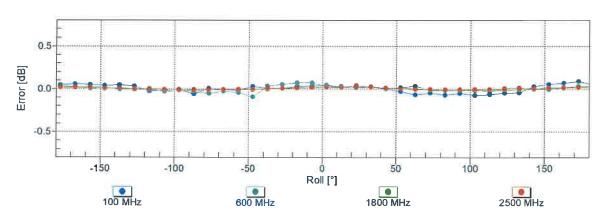
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22

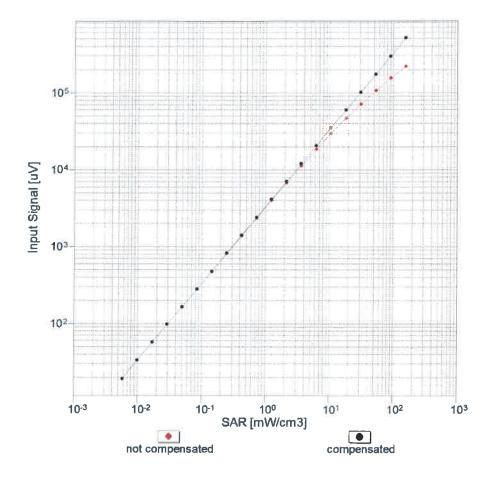


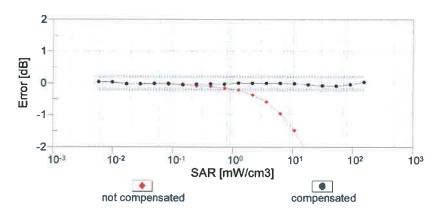




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

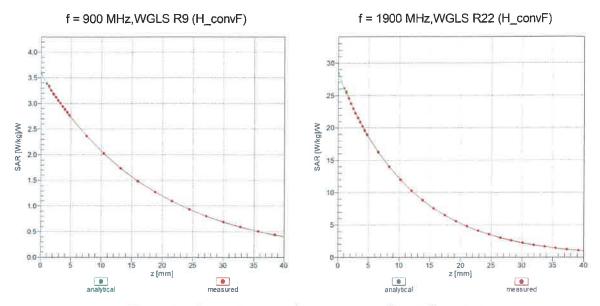
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





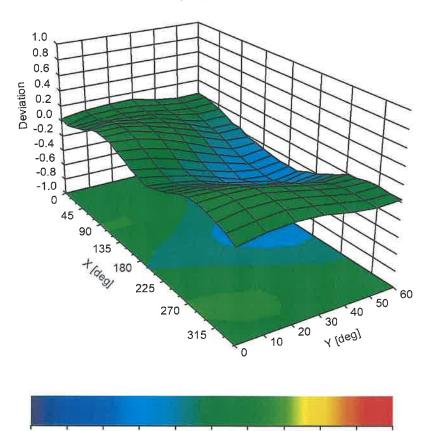
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz



-0.8

-0.6

-0.4

-0.2

0.0

Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

0.2

0.4

0.6

0.8

1.0

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schwelzerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

UL USA

Certificate No: EX3-7448 Feb22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7448

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

February 25, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Арг-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Oct-21 (No. DAE4-660_Oct21)	Oct-22
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	27-Dec-21 (No. ES3-3013_Dec21)	Dec-22
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22

Calibrated by:

Aidonía Georgiadou

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Niels Kuster

Deputy Manager

Issued: March 1, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization ϕ ϕ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-7448_Feb22 Page 2 of 22

EX3DV4 - SN:7448

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7448

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.28	0.37	0.52	+ 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	96.7	99.1	98.6	10.170

Calibration Results for Modulation Page 1999

UID 0	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
U	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	166.6	± 3.0 %	± 4.7 %
		Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00	1	155.4	1	- 157 380
10050		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		155.8	1	
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	2.70	66.57	11.39	10.00	60.0	± 2.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	1,78	62.40	7.85		60.0		= 0.0 /
10050		Z	20.00	88.44	18.62		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	2.13	67.18	10.28	6.99	80.0	± 2.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	0.92	60.89	6.06		80.0	± 2.0 /0	2 3.0 /
		Z	20.00	89.81	17.96		80.0		
10354-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	0.53	60.56	5.78	3.98	95.0	± 1.4 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	0.42	60.00	4.67		95.0	_ 1.1 /0	- 0.0 /
100		Z	20.00	91.20	17.08		95.0		
10355-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	0.31	60.00	3.73	2.22	120.0	± 1.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	13.02	141.70	0.03		120.0	/0	1 9.0 /
		Z	20.00	87.68	14.19		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.55	64.71	14.20	1.00	150.0	± 3.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.62	67.71	15.23		150.0	2 0.0 70	1 9.0 /
	A	Z	1.58	65.72	14.45		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	Х	2.10	67.02	15.04	0.00	150.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.13	68.10	15.85	0.00	150.0	± 0.5 /0	1 3.0 /
		Z	2.14	67.52	15.32		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.76	68.62	17.81	3.01	150.0	± 0.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.17	67.35	17.49		150.0	2 0.0 70	1 3.0 /
		Z	2.63	68.50	17.74		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.41	66.48	15,47	0.00	150.0	± 2.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.32	66.56	15.55		150.0	_ 2.0 /0	1 3.0 /
		Z	3.48	67.00	15.65		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	5.07	65.98	15.83	0.00	150.0	± 4.4 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	4.58	65.30	15.38	0,00	150.0	⊥ ¬.¬ /0	1 3.0 %
	details on LIID parameters and A	Z	4.87	65.75	15.59		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7448

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V ⁻¹	Т6
Χ	54.6	431.93	39.36	5.75	0.49	5.05	0.00	0.58	1.01
Υ	32.1	239.59	35.45	4.32	0.00	4.95	0.75	0.08	1.00
Z	43.9	333.55	36.56	6.94	0.01	5.08	0.26	0.41	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-162.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7448

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

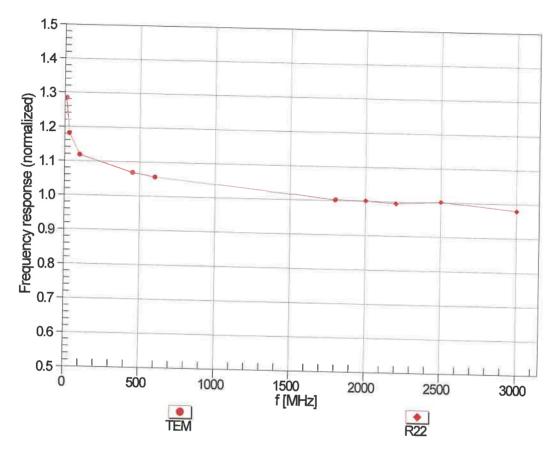
f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.12	10.12	10.12	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.53	9.53	9.53	0.33	1.00	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.36	8.36	8.36	0.27	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.06	8.06	8.06	0.23	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.86	7.86	7.86	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.63	7.63	7.63	0.29	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.30	0.80	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.48	4.48	4.48	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

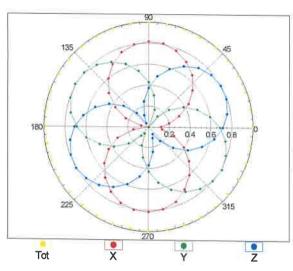


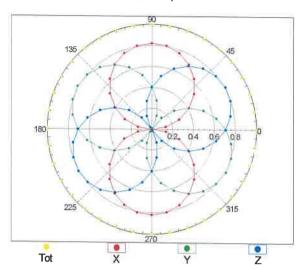
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: \pm 6.3% (k=2)

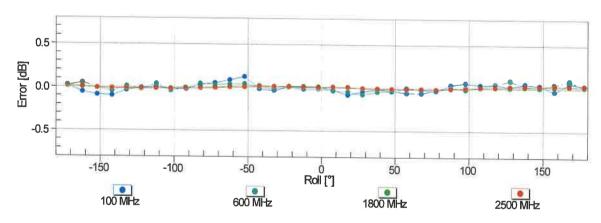
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



f=1800 MHz,R22

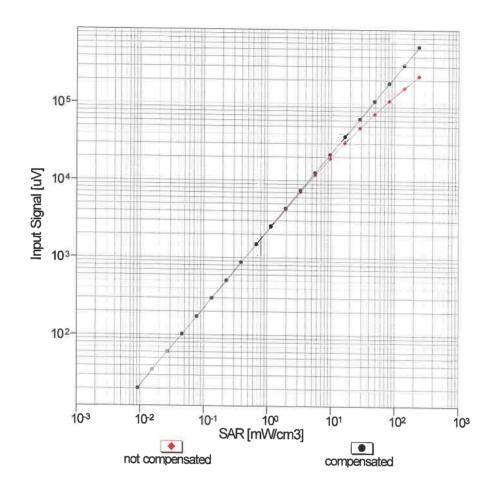


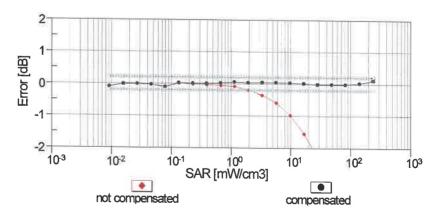




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: \pm 0.5% (k=2)

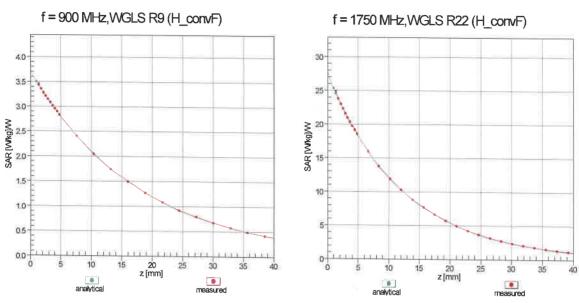
Dynamic Range f(SARhead) (TEM cell , feval= 1900 MHz)



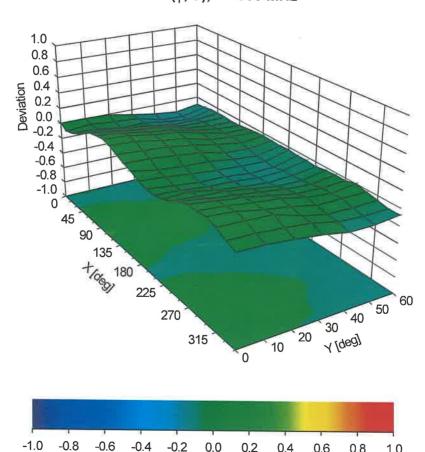


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz



0.0

Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

0.2

0.4

0.6

8.0

-0.4

-0.2

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

UL USA

Certificate No: EX3-3991_Aug21

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3991

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: August 20, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Арг-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: August 21, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3991_Aug21 Page 1 of 22

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





C

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

Service suisse d'étalonnage

S Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices -Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3991 Aug21 Page 2 of 22

EX3DV4 - SN:3991 August 20, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3991

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)	
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.40	0.43	0.40	± 10.1 %	
DCP (mV) ^B	104.0	103.9	94.3		

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	144.9	± 2.7 %	± 4.7 %
		Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00		135.7		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		137.0		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	20.00	93.29	23.72	10.00	60.0	± 4.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	96.07	24.22		60.0		
		Z	11.52	82.03	16.58		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	20.00	93.26	22.40	6.99	80.0	± 3.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	20.00	97.59	24.00		80.0		
		Z	20.00	90.31	17.89		80.0		
10354-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	95.57	22.03	3.98	95.0	± 2.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	20.00	104.08	25.88		95.0		
		Z	20.00	100.21	20.65		95.0		
10355- Pulse AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	101.24	23.46	2.22	120.0	± 1.6 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	114.56	29.48		120.0		
		Z	20.00	128.89	31.26		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	2.01	66.98	16.22	1.00	150.0	± 2.6 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	1.87	66.84	15.93		150.0		
		Z	1.66	66.81	15.32		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.75	70.64	17.08	0.00	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.66	70.51	17.06		150.0		
		Z	2.19	67.87	15.95		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	4.65	76.75	21.35	3.01	150.0	± 3.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	3.51	73.57	20.14		150.0		
		Z	1.92	66.44	18.89		150.0		
10399- 64-0 AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.70	67.79	16.20	0.00	150.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.68	67.85	16.22		150.0		
		Z	3.51	66.99	15.94		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	Х	5.09	65.80	15.63	0.00	150.0	± 1.6 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	5.03	65.96	15.70		150.0		
		Z	4.83	65.56	15.70		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Certificate No: EX3-3991_Aug21 Page 3 of 22

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3991 August 20, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3991

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V⁻¹	Т6
Χ	69.6	505.05	33.99	24.50	1.21	5.05	1.82	0.35	1.01
Υ	56.1	405.66	33.75	22.12	0.32	5.10	2.00	0.14	1.01
Z	39.4	306.05	38.10	0.92	0.00	5.03	0.00	0.00	1.02

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	174.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

Certificate No: EX3-3991_Aug21 Page 4 of 22

August 20, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3991

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

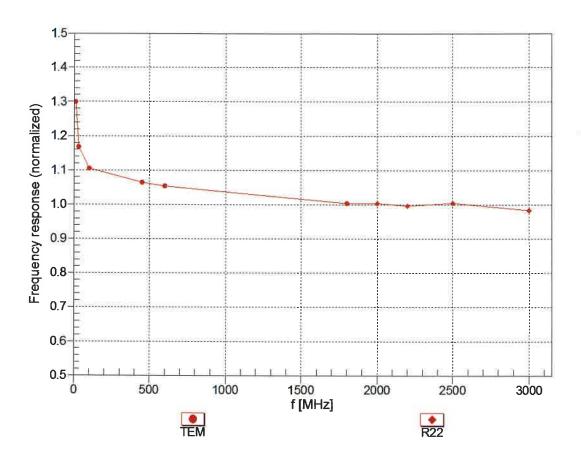
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.96	10.96	10.96	0.52	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.46	10.46	10.46	0.40	0.93	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.93	8.93	8.93	0.38	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.62	8.62	8.62	0.38	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.26	8.26	8.26	0.37	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	8.03	8.03	8.03	0.37	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.90	7.90	7.90	0.39	0.90	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.77	5.77	5.77	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	5.15	5.15	5.15	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

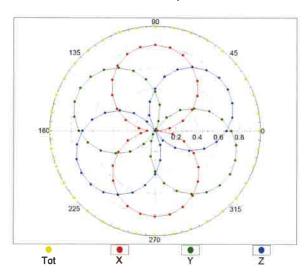


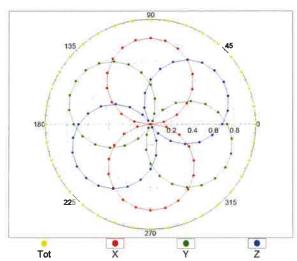
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

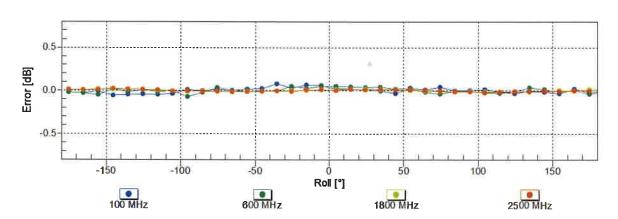
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



f=1800 MHz,R22

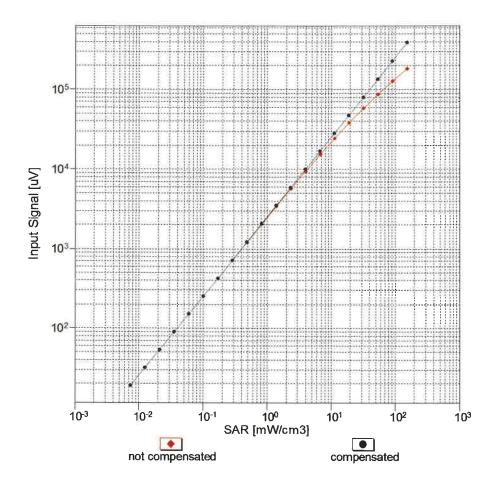


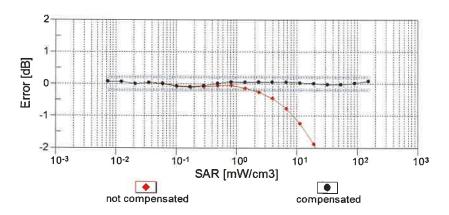




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

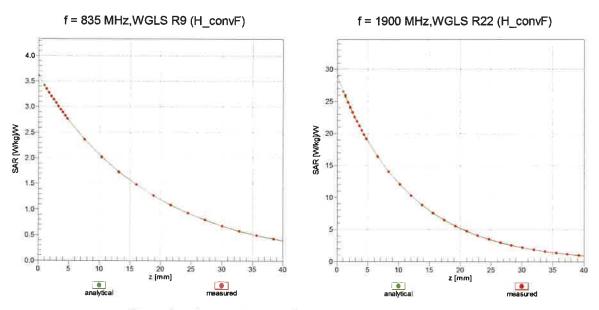
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz

