



**FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C  
INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-247 ISSUE 1**

**CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT**

**FOR**

**CELLULAR PHONE WITH BLUETOOTH AND WLAN RADIOS**

**MODEL NUMBER: A1661, A1786**

**FCC ID: BCG-E3087A  
IC: 579C-E3087A**

**REPORT NUMBER: 16U23287-E1V5**

**ISSUE DATE: AUGUST 26, 2016**

*Prepared for*  
**APPLE, INC.  
1 INFINITE LOOP  
CUPERTINO, CA 95014, U.S.A.**

*Prepared by*  
**UL VERIFICATION SERVICES INC.  
47173 BENICIA STREET  
FREMONT, CA 94538, U.S.A.  
TEL: (510) 771-1000  
FAX: (510) 661-0888**



**NVLAP LAB CODE 200065-0**

Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1	7/21/2016	Initial Review	Eric Yu
V2	7/30/2016	Addressed TCB Questions	Tony Li
V3	8/15/2016	Added test utility info	Tina Chu
V4	8/24/2016	Update testing for raise in power for 8PSK high power mode	Mona Hua
V5	8/26/2016	Revised report to address TCB's questions	Tina Chu

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>2. TEST METHODOLOGY .....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION .....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY .....</b>	<b>7</b>
4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION .....	7
4.2. SAMPLE CALCULATION .....	7
4.3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY .....	7
<b>5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST .....</b>	<b>8</b>
5.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT .....	8
5.2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER .....	8
5.3. DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS .....	8
5.4. SOFTWARE AND FIRMWARE .....	8
5.5. WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION AND MODE .....	9
5.6. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP .....	10
<b>6. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT .....</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>7. ANTENNA PORT TEST RESULTS .....</b>	<b>17</b>
7.1. ON TIME AND DUTY CYCLE .....	17
7.2. HIGH POWER BASIC DATA RATE GFSK MODULATION .....	20
7.2.1. 99% AND 20 dB BANDWIDTH .....	20
7.2.2. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION .....	23
7.2.3. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS .....	24
7.2.4. AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY .....	27
7.2.5. OUTPUT POWER .....	31
7.2.6. AVERAGE POWER .....	32
7.2.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS .....	33
7.3. HIGH POWER ENHANCED DATA RATE QPSK MODULATION .....	38
7.3.1. OUTPUT POWER .....	38
7.3.2. AVERAGE POWER .....	39
7.4. HIGH POWER ENHANCED DATA RATE 8PSK MODULATION .....	40
7.4.1. 20 dB AND 99% BANDWIDTH .....	40
7.4.2. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION .....	43
7.4.3. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS .....	44
7.4.4. AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY .....	47
7.4.5. OUTPUT POWER .....	51
7.4.6. AVERAGE POWER .....	52
7.4.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS .....	53
7.5. LOW POWER BASIC DATA RATE GFSK MODULATION .....	58
7.5.1. 20 dB AND 99% BANDWIDTH .....	58
7.5.2. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION .....	61

7.5.3.	NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS.....	62
7.5.4.	AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY .....	65
7.5.5.	OUTPUT POWER .....	69
7.5.6.	AVERAGE POWER.....	70
7.5.7.	CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS.....	71
7.6.	LOW POWER ENHANCED DATA RATE QPSK MODULATION .....	76
7.6.1.	OUTPUT POWER .....	76
7.6.2.	AVERAGE POWER.....	77
7.7.	LOW POWER ENHANCED DATA RATE 8PSK MODULATION.....	78
7.7.1.	20 dB AND 99% BANDWIDTH .....	78
7.7.2.	HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION .....	81
7.7.3.	NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS.....	82
7.7.4.	AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY .....	85
7.7.5.	OUTPUT POWER .....	89
7.7.6.	AVERAGE POWER.....	90
7.7.7.	CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS.....	91
<b>8.</b>	<b>RADIATED TEST RESULTS.....</b>	<b>96</b>
8.1.	LIMITS AND PROCEDURE .....	96
8.2.	TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz.....	97
8.2.1.	HIGH POWER BASIC DATA RATE GFSK MODULATION.....	97
8.2.2.	HIGH POWER ENHANCED DATA RATE 8PSK MODULATION .....	107
8.2.3.	LOW POWER BASIC DATA RATE GFSK MODULATION.....	117
8.2.4.	LOW POWER ENHANCED DATA RATE 8PSK MODULATION .....	127
8.3.	WORST-CASE BELOW 1 GHz.....	137
8.4.	WORST-CASE ABOVE 18 GHz .....	139
<b>9.</b>	<b>AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS.....</b>	<b>141</b>
9.1.	EUT POWERED BY AC/DC ADAPTER VIA USB CABLE .....	142
9.2.	EUT POWERED BY HOST PC VIA USB CABLE .....	144
<b>10.</b>	<b>SETUP PHOTOS .....</b>	<b>146</b>

## 1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

**COMPANY NAME:** APPLE, INC.  
1 INFINITE LOOP  
CUPERTINO, CA 95014, U.S.A.

**EUT DESCRIPTION:** CELLULAR PHONE WITH BLUETOOTH AND WLAN RADIOS

**MODEL:** A1661, A1786

**SERIAL NUMBER:** C39RV05THFNN (CONDUCTED), C39RV04CHFNN (RADIATED)

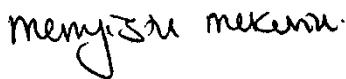
**DATE TESTED:** MARCH 08, 2016 – AUGUST 24, 2016

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULTS
CFR 47 Part 15 Subpart C	Pass
INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-247 Issue 1	Pass
INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-GEN Issue 4	Pass

UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL Verification Services Inc. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

**Note:** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government.

Approved & Released For  
UL Verification Services Inc. By:



MENGISTU MEKURIA  
SENIOR ENGINEER  
UL VERIFICATION SERVICES INC.

Prepared By:



ERIC YU  
EMC ENGINEER  
UL VERIFICATION SERVICES INC.

## 2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC CFR 47 Part 2, FCC CFR 47 Part 15, ANSI C63.10-2013, RSS-GEN Issue 4, and RSS-247 Issue 1.

## 3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 and 47266 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA. Line conducted emissions are measured only at the 47173 address. The following table identifies which facilities were utilized for radiated emission measurements documented in this report. Specific facilities are also identified in the test results sections.

47173 Benicia Street	47266 Benicia Street
<input type="checkbox"/> Chamber A	<input type="checkbox"/> Chamber D
<input type="checkbox"/> Chamber B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chamber E
<input type="checkbox"/> Chamber C	<input type="checkbox"/> Chamber F
	<input type="checkbox"/> Chamber G
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chamber H

The above test sites and facilities are covered under FCC Test Firm Registration # 208313. Chambers A through H are covered under Industry Canada company address code 2324B with site numbers 2324B -1 through 2324B-8, respectively.

UL Verification Services Inc. is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <http://ts.nist.gov/standards/scopes/2000650.htm>.

## 4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

### 4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

### 4.2. SAMPLE CALCULATION

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Field Strength (dBuV/m)} &= \text{Measured Voltage (dBuV)} + \text{Antenna Factor (dB/m)} + \\ &\text{Cable Loss (dB)} - \text{Preamplifier Gain (dB)} \\ 36.5 \text{ dBuV} + 18.7 \text{ dB/m} + 0.6 \text{ dB} - 26.9 \text{ dB} &= 28.9 \text{ dBuV/m} \end{aligned}$$

### 4.3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Conducted Disturbance, 9KHz to 0.15 MHz	3.84 dB
Conducted Disturbance, 0.15 to 30 MHz	3.65 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 9KHz to 30 MHz	3.15 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 30 to 1000 MHz	5.36 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 1000 to 18000 MHz	4.32 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 18000 to 26000 MHz	4.45 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 26000 to 40000 MHz	5.24 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

## 5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

### 5.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

The EUT, Model A1661, A1786 is a mobile phone with multimedia functions (music, application support, and video), cellular GSM/GPRS/EGPRS/WCDMA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA/CDMA/EVDO/LTE-radio, IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac, NFC and Bluetooth radio. The rechargeable battery is not user accessible.

### 5.2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
2402 - 2480	Basic GFSK	16.62	45.92
2402 - 2480	DQPSK	19.17	82.60
2402 - 2480	Enhanced 8PSK	19.40	87.10

### 5.3. DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS

Frequency Band (GHz)	Antenna Gain (dBi)
2.4	-1.85

### 5.4. SOFTWARE AND FIRMWARE

The firmware installed in the EUT during testing was 14.1.39.180.  
The test utility software used during testing was BlueTool.



## **5.5. WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION AND MODE**

Radiated emission and power line conducted emission were performed with the EUT set to transmit at the channel with highest output power as worst-case scenario.

The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X/Y/Z, it was determined that X orientation was worst-case orientation. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in X orientation.

Worst-case data rates were:

GFSK mode: DH5  
8PSK mode: 3-DH5

Preliminary data showed DQPSK mode with lower power. Therefore, testing was performed on GFSK and 8PSK modes only

For simultaneous transmission of multiple channels from the same antenna in the 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands, tests were conducted for various configurations having the highest power. No noticeable new emission was found.

There are two vendors of the WiFi/Bluetooth radio modules: variant 1 and variant 2. The Wi-Fi/Bluetooth radio modules have the same mechanical outline (e.g., the same package dimension and pin-out layout), use the same on-board antenna matching circuit, have an identical antenna structure, and are built and tested to conform to the same specifications and to operate within the same tolerances.

Baseline testing was performed on the two variants to determine the worst case on all conducted power and radiated emissions.

## 5.6. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP

### SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Support Equipment List				
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID
Laptop	Dell	Latitude 3540	9J6WQZ1	NA
Laptop Power Supply	Dell	LA65NM130	0JNKWD	NA

### I/O CABLES (CONDUCTED TEST)

I/O Cable List						
Cable No	Port	# of identical ports	Connector Type	Cable Type	Cable Length (m)	Remarks
1	Antenna	1	SMA	Un-Shielded	0.2	To spectrum Analyzer
2	USB	2	USB	Shielded	1	N/A

### I/O CABLES (RADIATED ABOVE 1 GHZ)

I/O Cable List						
Cable No	Port	# of identical ports	Connector Type	Cable Type	Cable Length (m)	Remarks
None Used						

### I/O CABLES (BELOW 1 GHZ)

I/O Cable List						
Cable No	Port	# of identical ports	Connector Type	Cable Type	Cable Length (m)	Remarks
1	AC	1	AC	Un-shielded	3	N/A

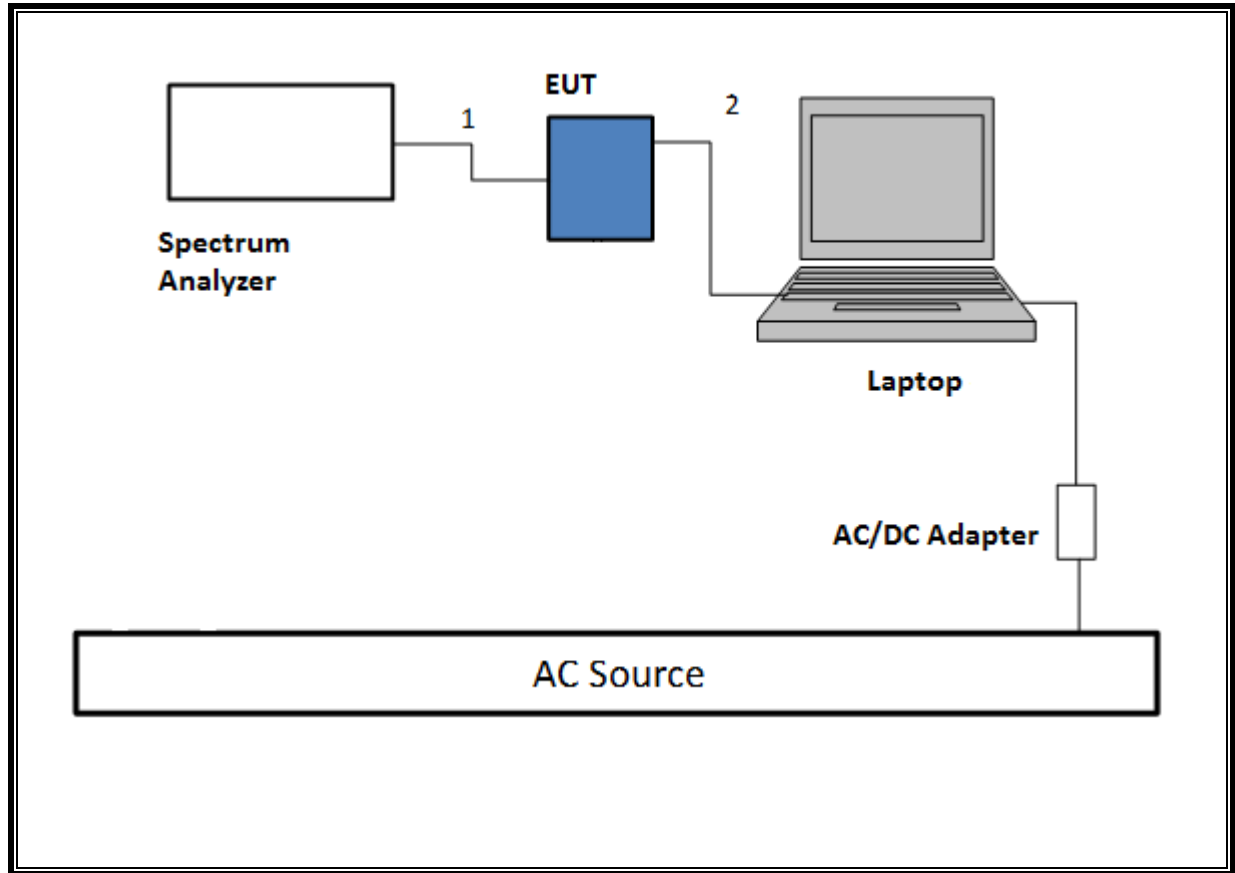
### I/O CABLES (AC LINE CONDUCTED: AC/DC ADAPTER & LAPTOP CONFIGURATION)

I/O Cable List						
Cable No	Port	# of identical	Connector Type	Cable Type	Cable Length (m)	Remarks
1	AC	1	AC	Un-shielded	3	N/A
2	Power Adapter	1	AC	Un-shielded	3	N/A

### TEST SETUP- CONDUCTED PORT

The EUT was tested connected to a host Laptop via USB cable adapter and spectrum analyzer to antenna port. Test software exercised the EUT.

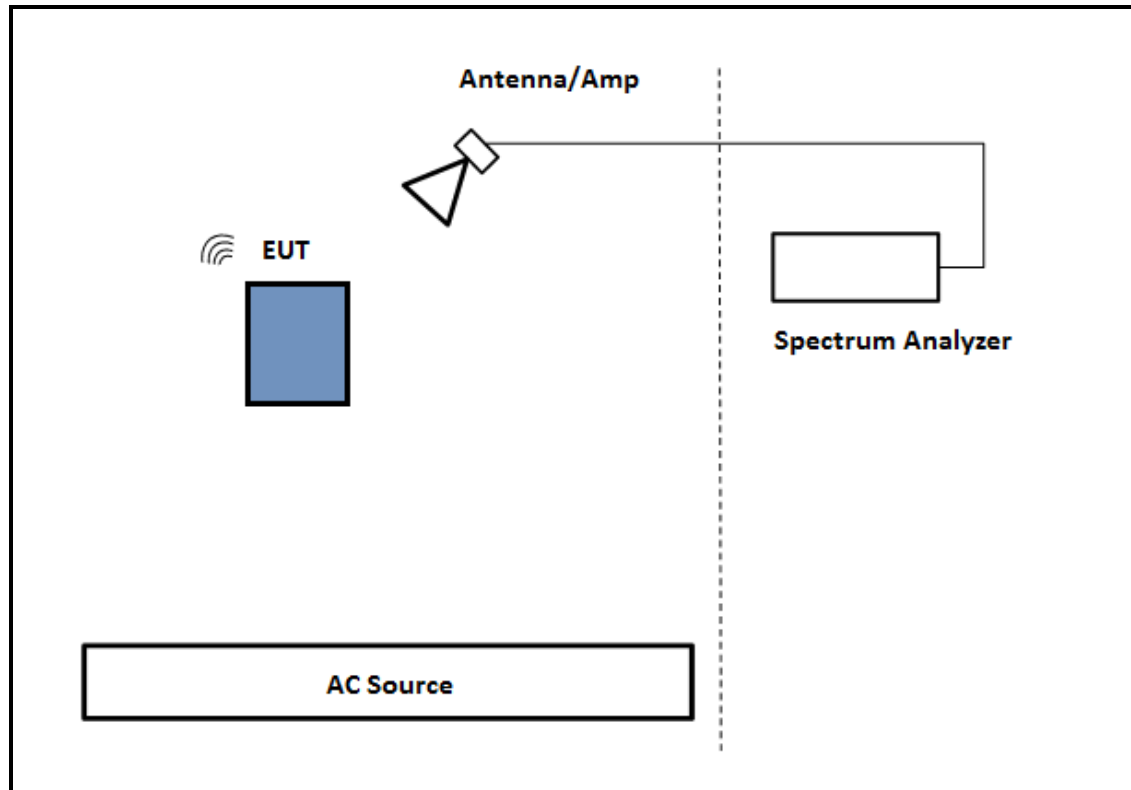
### SETUP DIAGRAM



### **TEST SETUP- RADIATED-ABOVE 1 GHZ**

The EUT was powered by battery. Test software exercised the EUT.

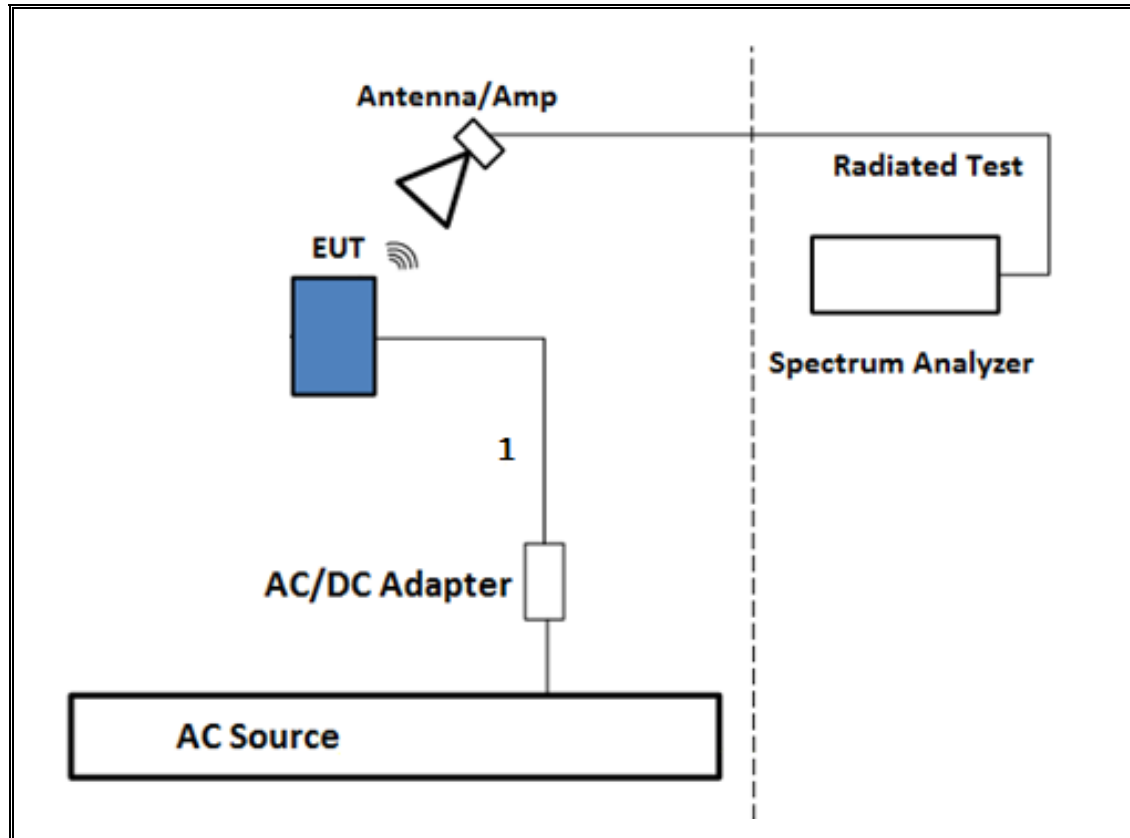
### **SETUP DIAGRAM**



### **TEST SETUP- BELOW 1GHZ**

The EUT was powered by AC cord. Test software exercised the EUT.

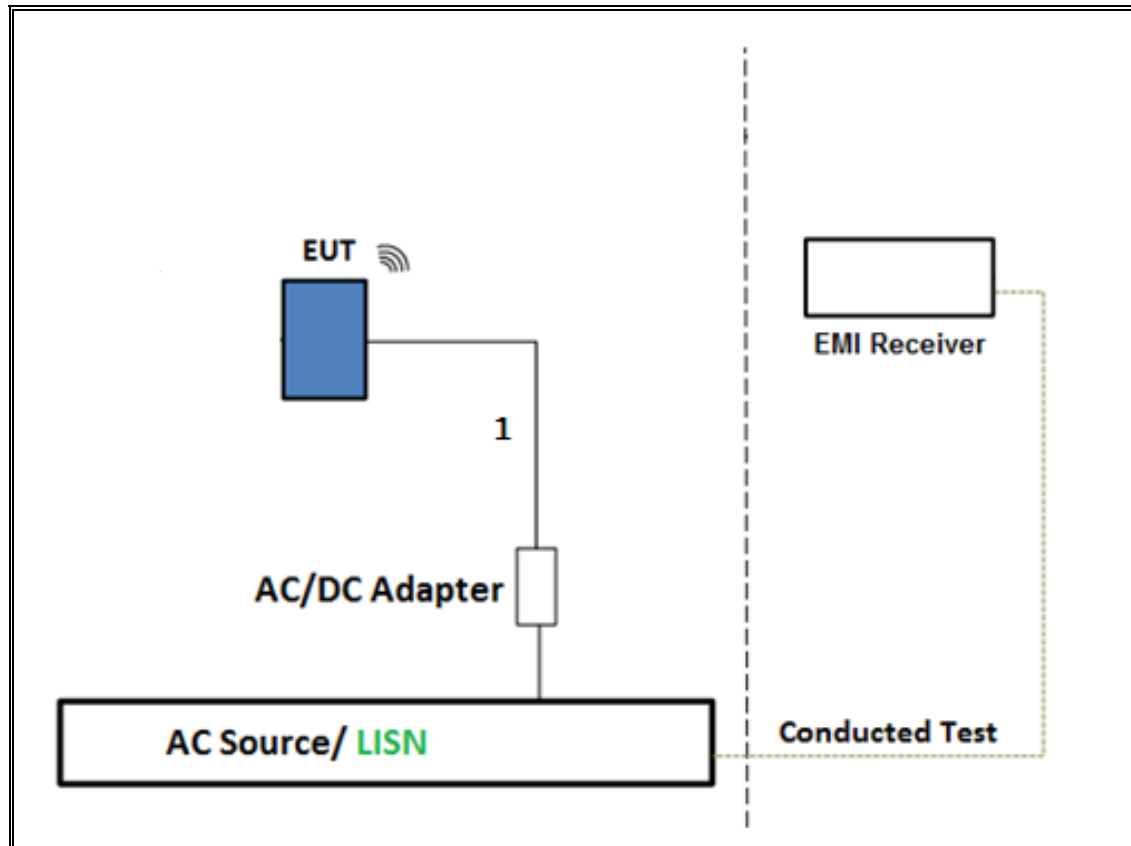
### **SETUP DIAGRAM**



**TEST SETUP- AC LINE CONDUCTED: AC/DC ADAPTER**

The EUT was tested with powered by AC/DC adapter via USB cable. Test software exercised the EUT.

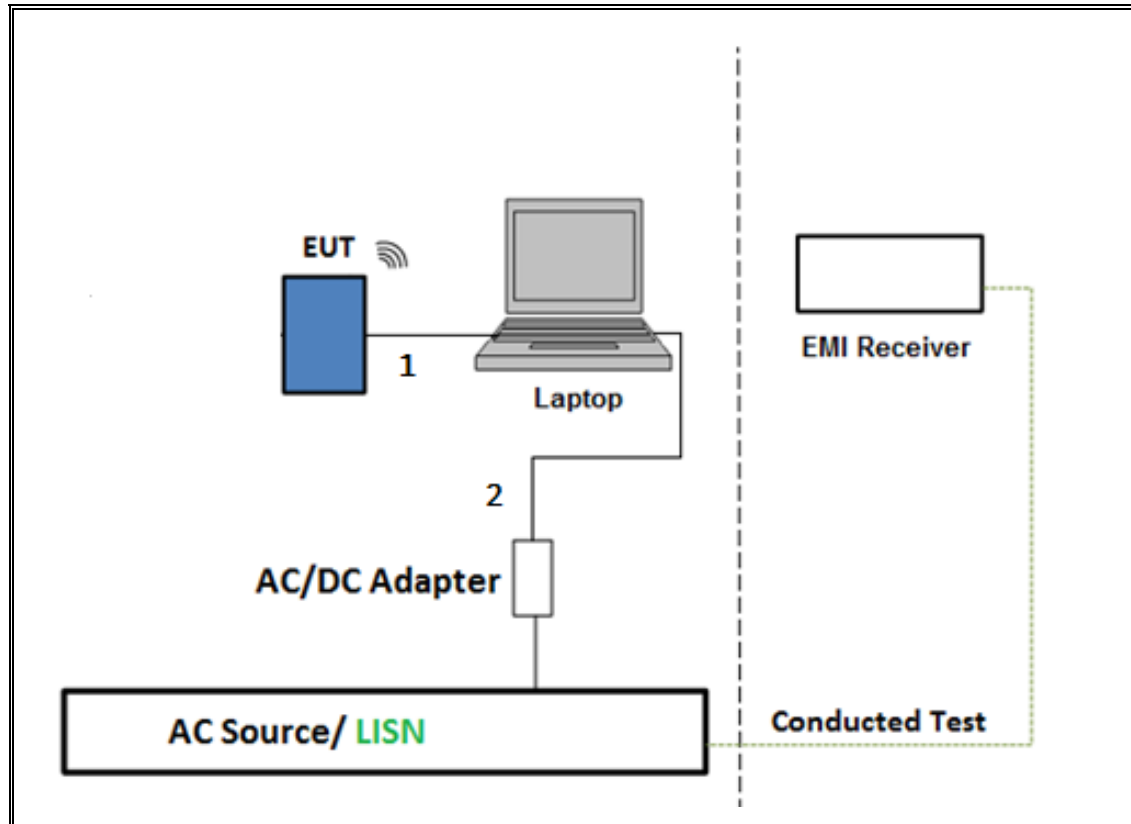
**SETUP DIAGRAM**



**TEST SETUP- AC LINE CONDUCTED: LAPTOP CONFIGURATION**

The EUT was tested with powered by host PC via USB cable. Test software exercised the EUT.

**SETUP DIAGRAM**



## 6. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

Test Equipment List				
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Asset	Cal Due
Antenna, Horn 1-18GHz	ETS Lindgren	3117	00154522	2017/1/12
Antenna, Broadband Hybrid, 30MHz to 2000MHz	Sunol Sciences	JB3	A022813-1	2016/10/28
Amplifier, 1 - 18GHz	Miteq	AFS42-00101800-25-S-42	1782158	2017/1/25
**Amplifier, 10KHz to 1GHz, 32dB	Sonoma	310N	323561	2016/6/8
**Spectrum Analyzer, PXA, 3Hz to 44GHz	Agilent	N9030A	US51350187	2016/6/1
**Amplifier, 10KHz to 1GHz, 32dB	Sonoma	310N	185623	2016/6/9
Spectrum Analyzer, PXA, 3Hz to 44GHz	Agilent	N9030A	MY51380911	2016/10/15
Power Meter, P-series single channel	Agilent	N1911A	GB45100212	2016/9/25
**Power Sensor, P - series, 50MHz to 18GHz, Wideband	Agilent	N1921A	MY53260010	2016/7/8
***Power Sensor, P - series, 50MHz to 18GHz, Wideband	Agilent	N1921A	MY55200004	2017/5/18
**Antenna, Horn 18 to 26.5GHz	ARA	MWH-1826	209336	2016/5/12
**Spectrum Analyzer, 40 GHz	Agilent	8564E	3943A01643	2016/8/14
**Amplifier, 1 to 26.5GHz, 23.5dB Gain minimum	Keysight	8449B	3008A04710	2016/6/29
***Amplifier, 1 to 26.5GHz, 23.5dB Gain minimum	Keysight	8449B	3008A04710	2016/7/5
AC Line Conducted				
EMI Test Receiver 9KHz-7GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI7	100935	2016/9/10
LISN for Conducted Emissions CISPR-16	Fischer	50/250-25-2	161124	2016/9/16
**Power Cable, Line Conducted Emissions	U L	PG1	N/A	2016/7/28
UL SOFTWARE				
* Radiated Software	UL	UL EMC	Ver 9.5, June 24, 2015	
* Radiated Software	UL	UL EMC	Ver 9.5, June 26, 2016	
* Conducted Software	UL	UL EMC	Ver 4.0, January 11, 2016	

Note: \* indicates automation software version used in the compliance certification testing

\*\*Testing is completed before equipment expiration date.

\*\*\* Equipment was used after calibration.



## 7. ANTENNA PORT TEST RESULTS

### 7.1. ON TIME AND DUTY CYCLE

#### LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### PROCEDURE

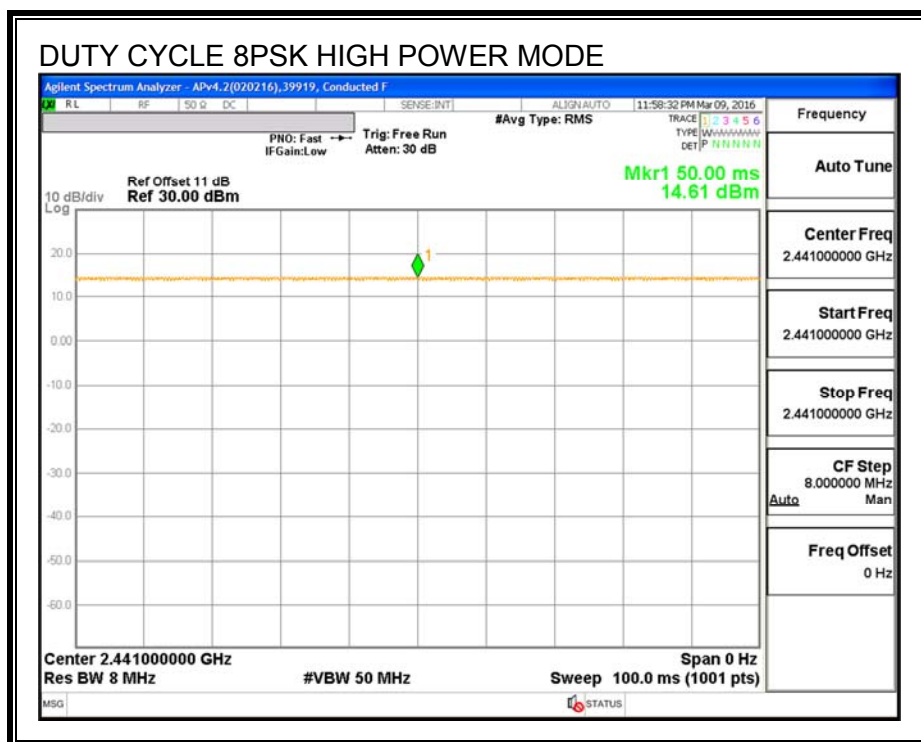
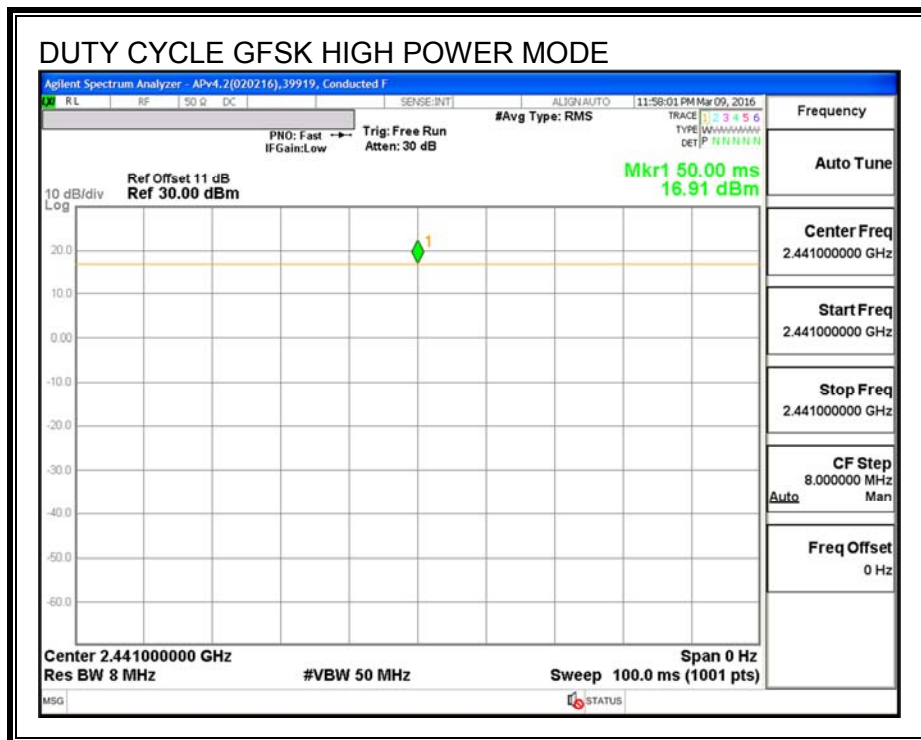
KDB 558074 Zero-Span Spectrum Analyzer Method.

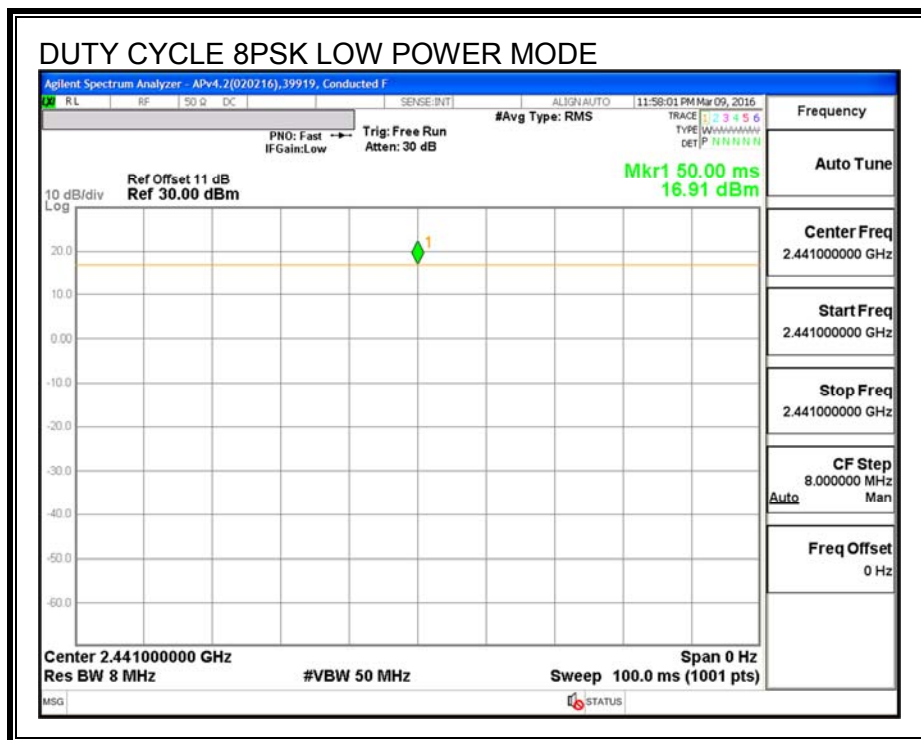
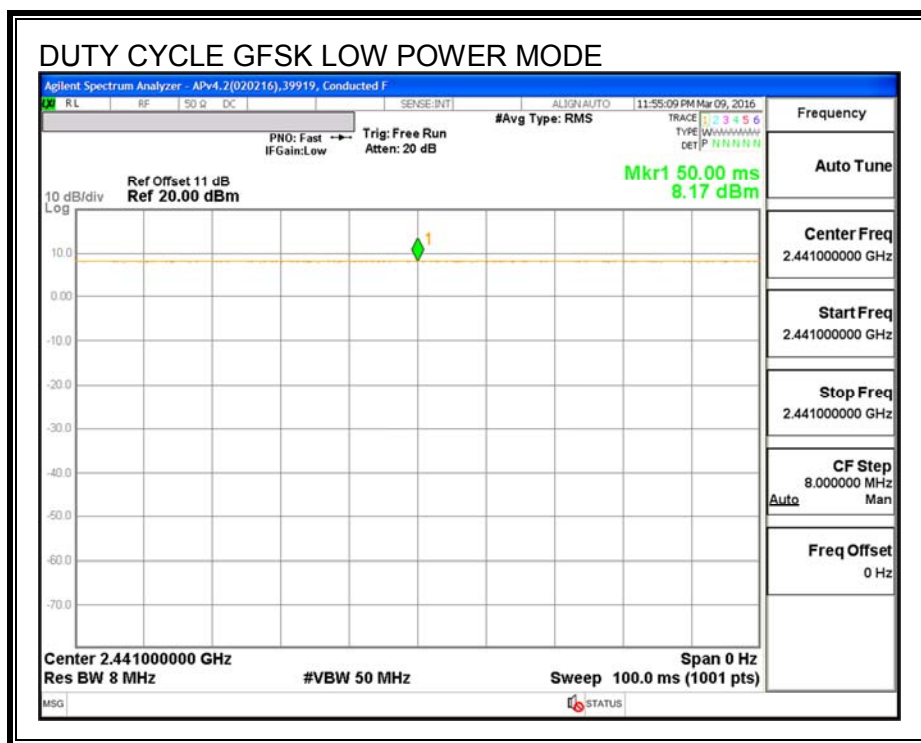
#### ON TIME AND DUTY CYCLE RESULTS

Mode	ON Time B (msec)	Period (msec)	Duty Cycle x (linear)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	1/B Minimum VBW (kHz)
Bluetooth GFSK High Power	1.000	1.000	1.000	100.00%	0.00	0.010
Bluetooth 8PSK High Power	1.000	1.000	1.000	100.00%	0.00	0.010
Bluetooth GFSK Low Power	1.000	1.000	1.000	100.00%	0.00	0.010
Bluetooth 8PSK Low Power	1.000	1.000	1.000	100.00%	0.00	0.010

## DUTY CYCLE PLOTS

### HOPPING OFF





## 7.2. HIGH POWER BASIC DATA RATE GFSK MODULATION

### 7.2.1. 99% AND 20 dB BANDWIDTH

#### LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

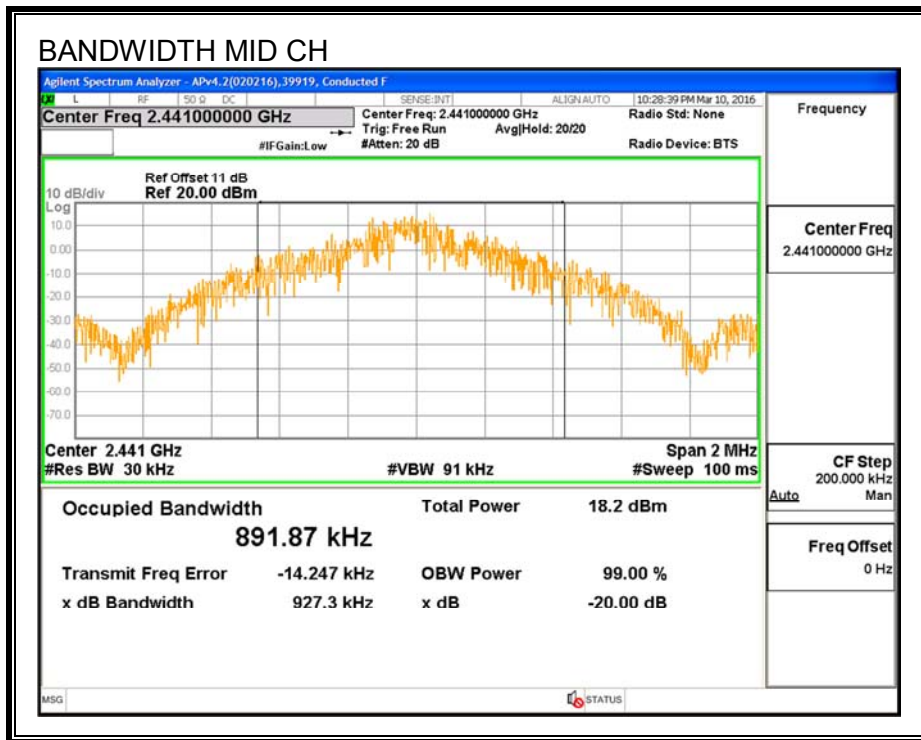
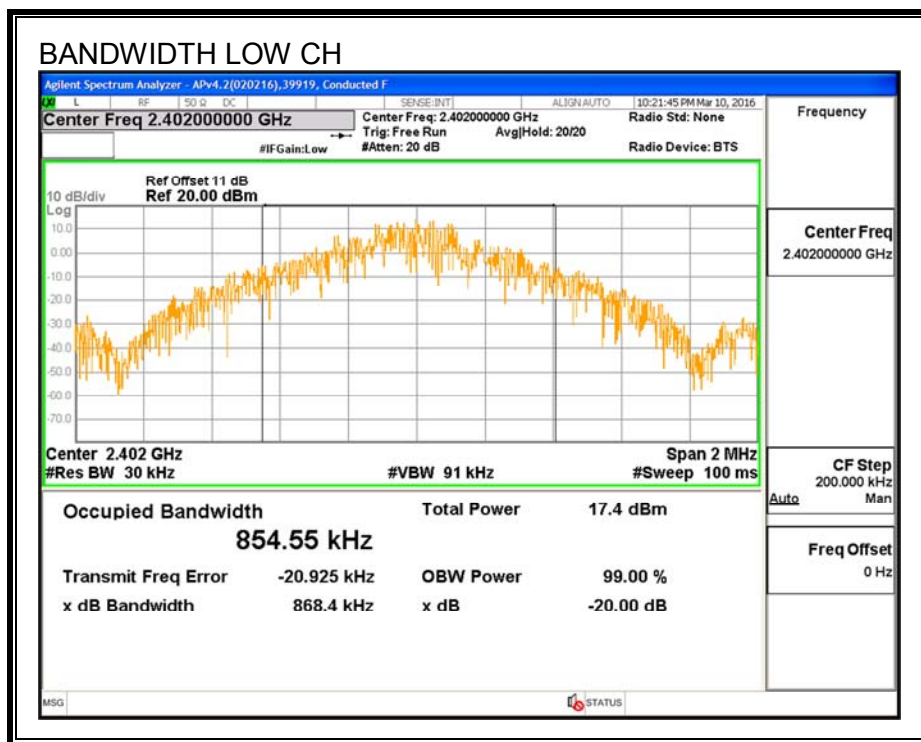
#### TEST PROCEDURE

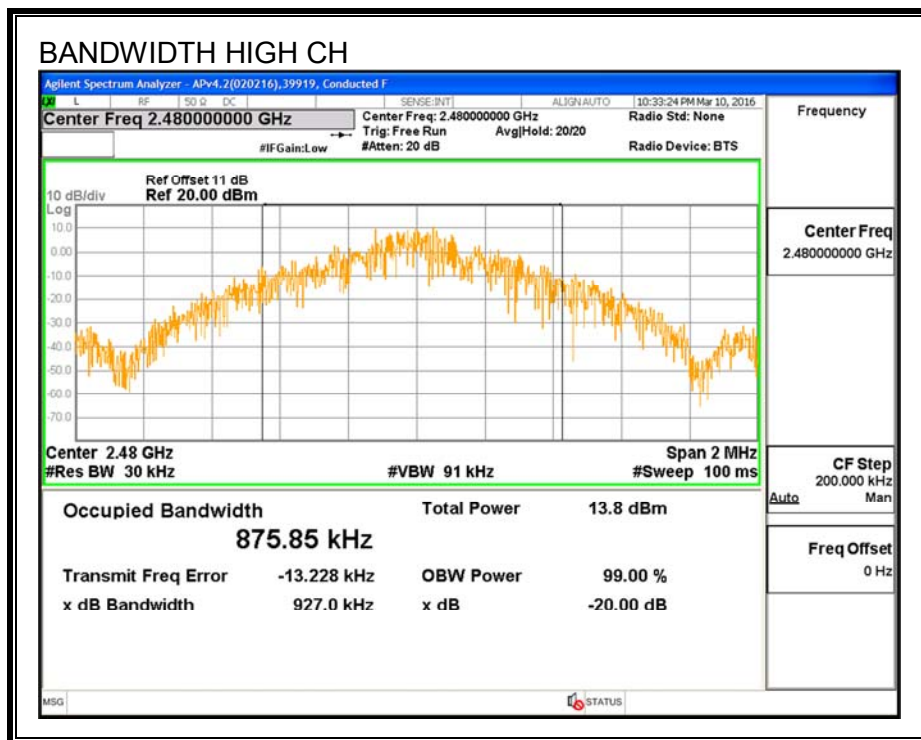
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to  $\geq 1\%$  of the 20 dB bandwidth. The VBW is set to  $\geq$  RBW. The sweep time is coupled.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (KHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (KHz)
Low	2402	854.55	868.40
Middle	2441	891.87	927.30
High	2480	875.85	927.00

**99% AND 20 dB BANDWIDTH**





## 7.2.2. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION

### LIMIT

FCC §15.247 (a) (1)

IC RSS-247 (5.1) (2)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

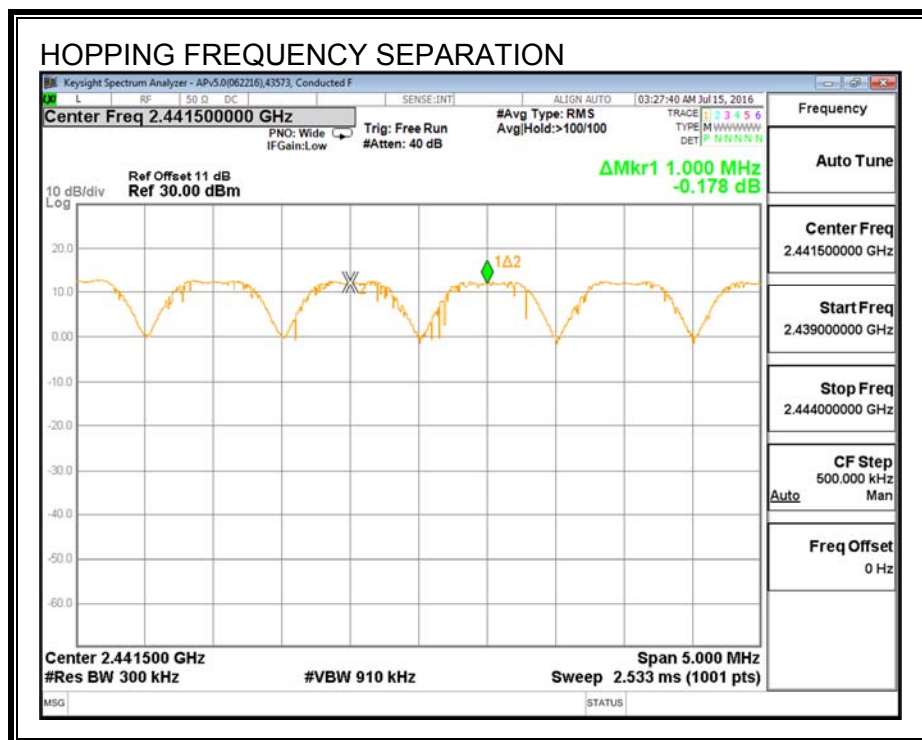
Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 300 kHz and the VBW is set to 910 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

### RESULTS

#### HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION



### **7.2.3. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS**

#### **LIMIT**

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

IC RSS-247 (5.1) (4)

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

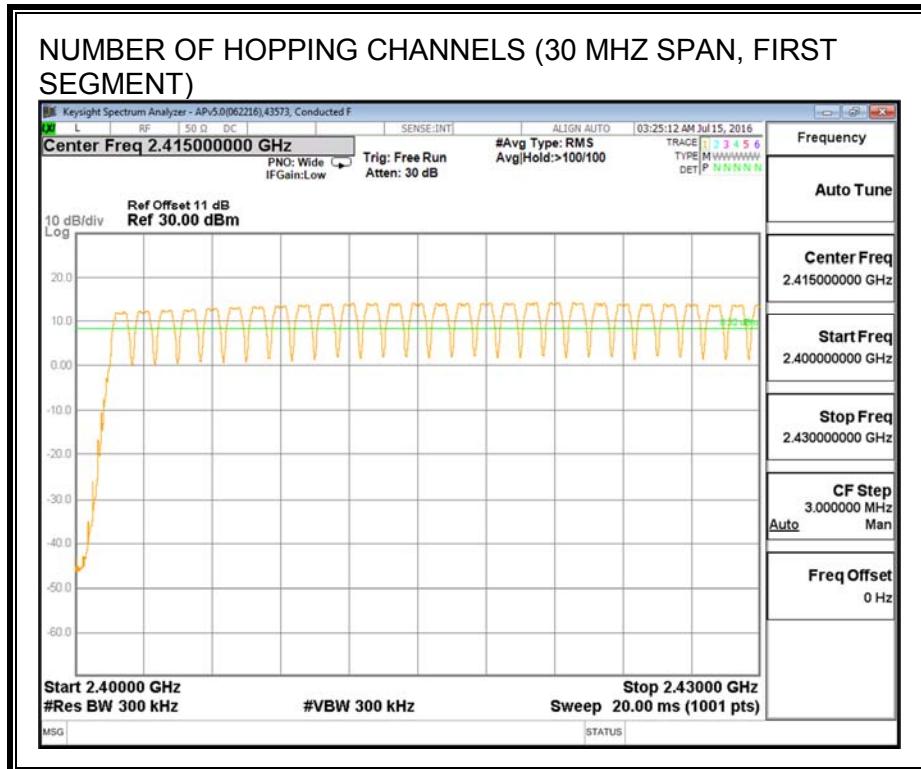
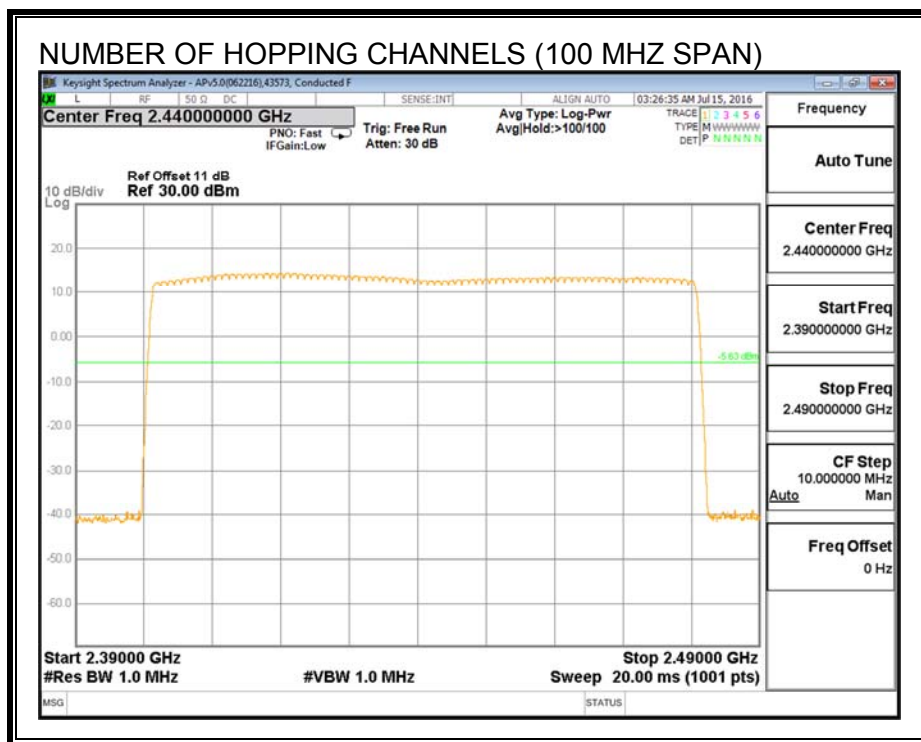
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to cover the entire authorized band, in either a single sweep or in multiple contiguous sweeps. The RBW is set to a maximum of 1 % of the span. The analyzer is set to Max Hold.

#### **RESULTS**

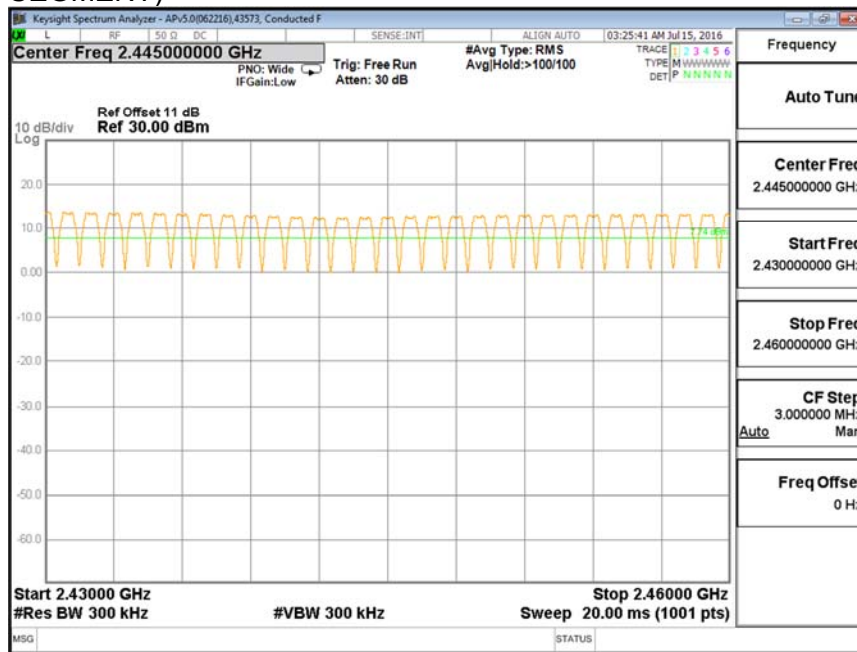
Normal Mode: 79 Channels observed.



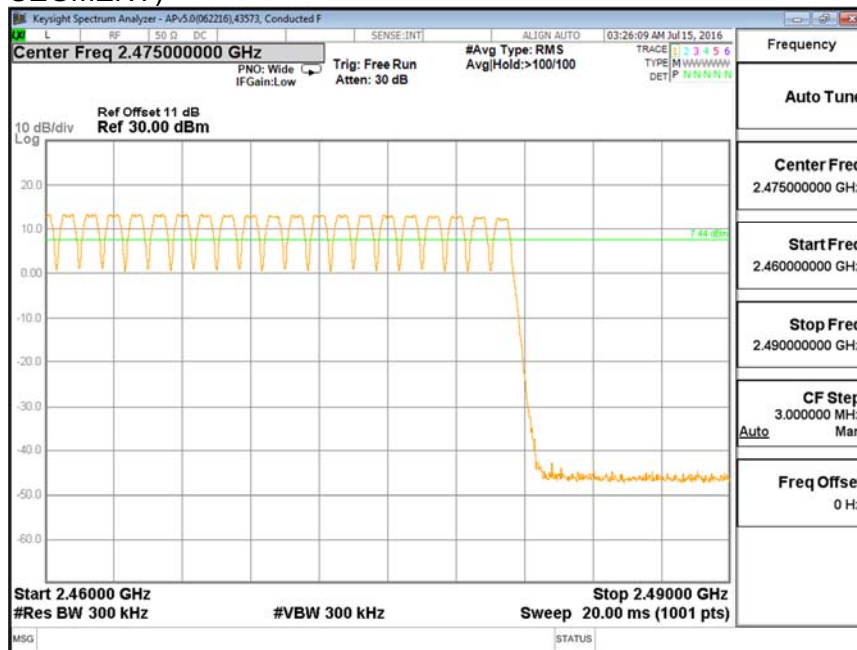
## NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS



### NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS (30 MHZ SPAN, SECOND SEGMENT)



### NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS (30 MHZ SPAN, THIRD SEGMENT)



## 7.2.4. AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY

### LIMIT

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

IC RSS-247 (5.1) (4)

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to 0 Hz, centered on a single, selected hopping channel. The width of a single pulse is measured in a fast scan. The number of pulses is measured in a 3.16 second scan, to enable resolution of each occurrence.

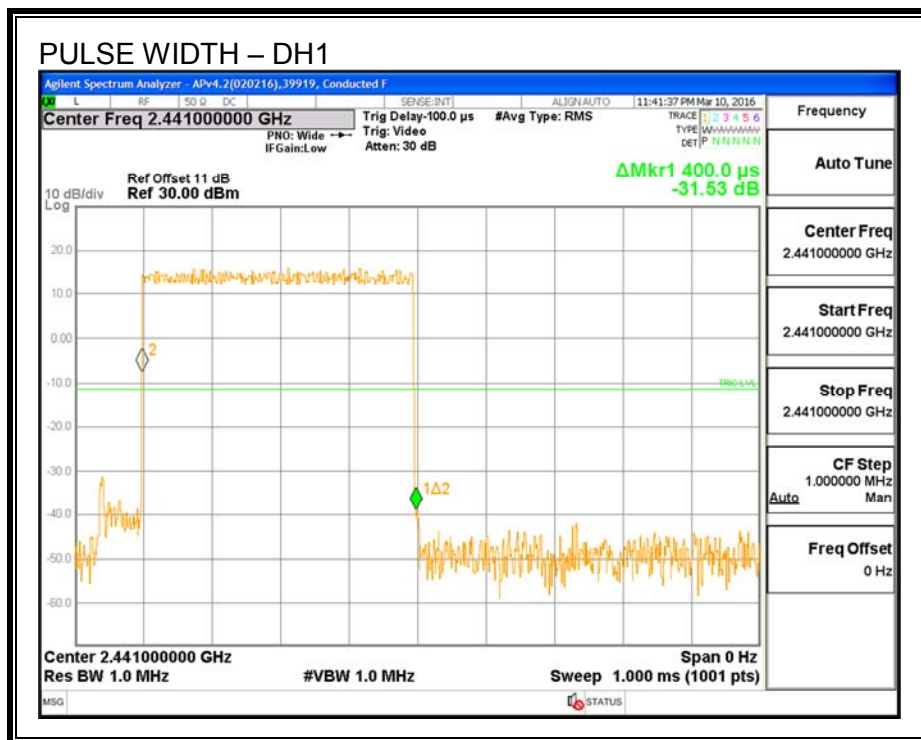
The average time of occupancy in the specified 31.6 second period (79 channels \* 0.4 s) is equal to  $10 * (\# \text{ of pulses in } 3.16 \text{ s}) * \text{pulse width}$ .

For AFH mode, the average time of occupancy in the specified 8 second period (20 channels \* 0.4 seconds) is equal to  $10 * (\# \text{ of pulses in } 0.8 \text{ s}) * \text{pulse width}$ .

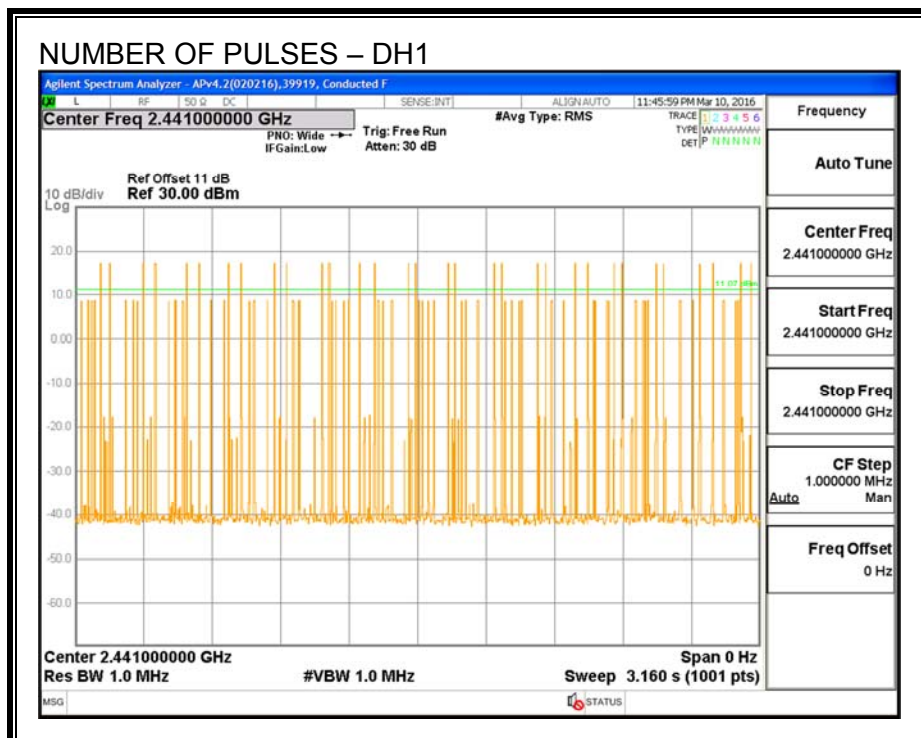
### RESULTS

DH Packet	Pulse Width (msec)	Number of Pulses in 3.16 seconds	Average Time of Occupancy (sec)	Limit (sec)	Margin (sec)
GFSK Normal Mode					
DH1	0.4	32	0.128	0.4	-0.272
DH3	1.652	16	0.264	0.4	-0.136
DH5	2.908	13	0.378	0.4	-0.022
DH Packet	Pulse Width (msec)	Number of Pulses in 0.8 seconds	Average Time of Occupancy (sec)	Limit (sec)	Margin (sec)
GFSK AFH Mode					
DH1	0.4	8	0.032	0.4	-0.368
DH3	1.652	4	0.066	0.4	-0.334
DH5	2.908	3.25	0.095	0.4	-0.305

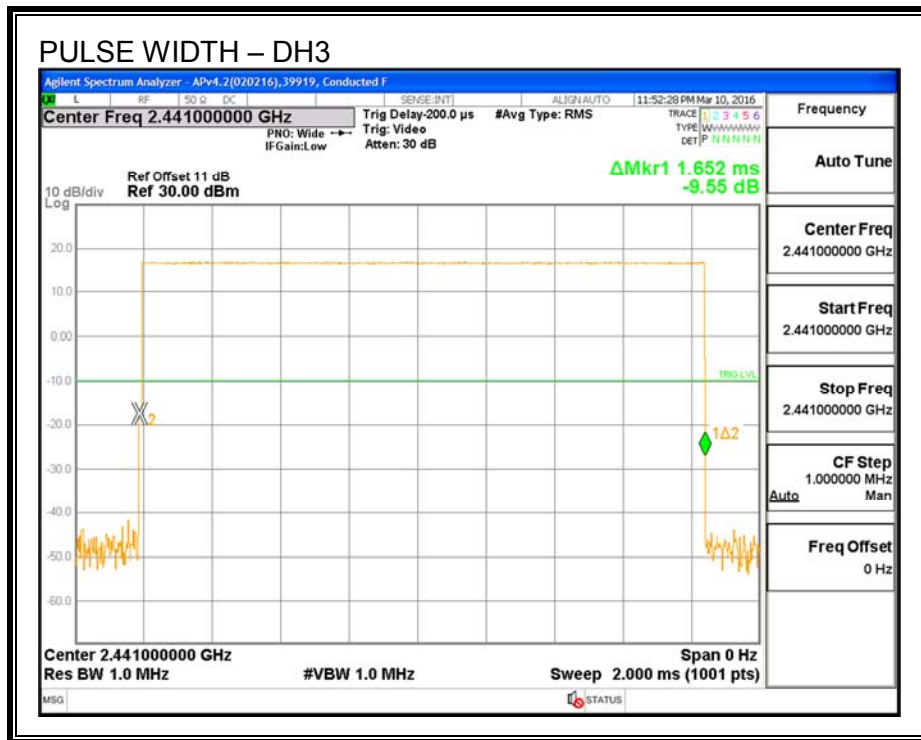
## PULSE WIDTH - DH1



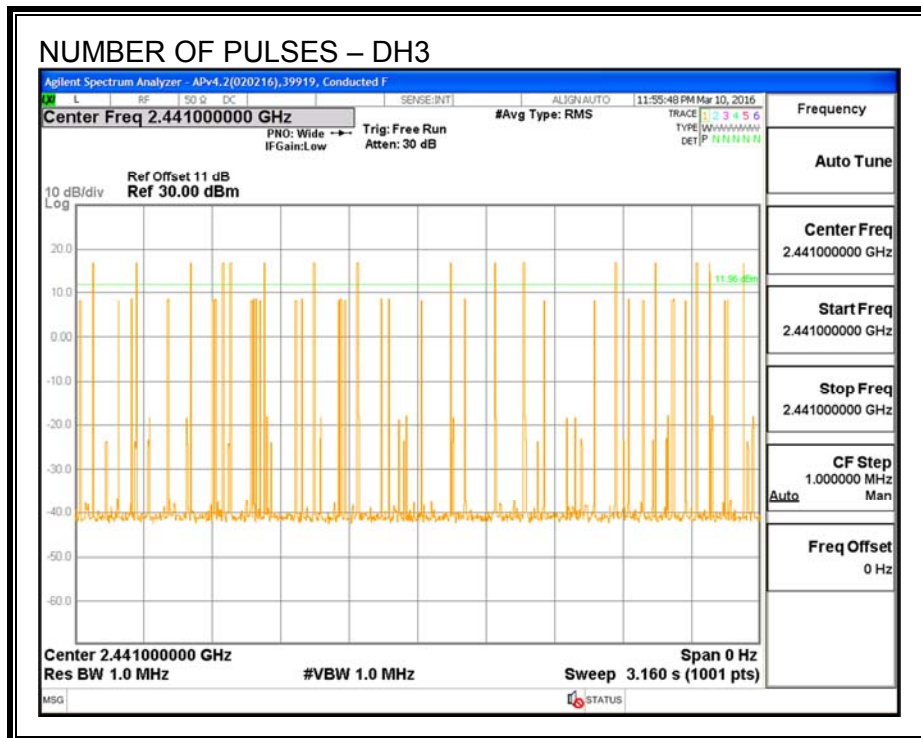
## NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD – DH1



### PULSE WIDTH – DH3



### NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD – DH3



The screenshot displays an Agilent Spectrum Analyzer interface. The main plot shows a spectrum with a prominent peak at 2.441 GHz. The y-axis is labeled 'Log' and ranges from -70.0 to 10.0 dBm/div. The x-axis represents frequency. Key parameters shown include:

- Center Freq:** 2.441000000 GHz
- Ref Offset:** 11 dB
- Ref:** 20.00 dBm
- Trig Delay:** 400.0 μs
- #Avg Type:** RMS
- PNO:** Wide
- IF Gain:** Low
- Trig:** Video
- Atten:** 20 dB
- Frequency:** Auto Tune
- Center Freq:** 2.441000000 GHz
- Start Freq:** 2.441000000 GHz
- Stop Freq:** 2.441000000 GHz
- CF Step:** 1.000000 MHz
- Freq Offset:** 0 Hz
- Span:** 0 Hz
- Sweep:** 4.000 ms (1001 pts)
- Res BW:** 1.0 MHz
- #VBW:** 1.0 MHz

The signal is identified as ΔMkr1 2.908 MHz -1.80 dB.

# NUMBER OF PULSES – DH5

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - APv4.2(020216),39919, Conducted F

Center Freq 2.441000000 GHz

Ref Offset 11 dB  
Ref 30.00 dBm

10 dB/div  
Log

Center 2.441000000 GHz  
Res BW 1.0 MHz  
#VBW 1.0 MHz  
Span 0 Hz  
Sweep 3.160 s (1001 pts)

Frequency

Auto Tune

Center Freq  
2.441000000 GHz

Start Freq  
2.441000000 GHz

Stop Freq  
2.441000000 GHz

CF Step  
1.000000 MHz  
Auto

Freq Offset  
0 Hz

## 7.2.5. OUTPUT POWER

### LIMIT

§15.247 (b) (1)

RSS-247 (5.4) (2)

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a wideband peak and average power meter.

### RESULTS

<b>ID:</b>	44366	<b>Date:</b>	8/24/16
------------	-------	--------------	---------

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2402	16.55	30	-13.45
Middle	2441	16.50	30	-13.50
High	2480	16.62	30	-13.38

### 7.2.6. AVERAGE POWER

#### LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

#### RESULTS

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

<b>ID:</b>	44366	<b>Date:</b>	8/24/16
------------	-------	--------------	---------

<b>Channel</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Average Power (dBm)</b>
Low	2402	16.20
Middle	2441	16.24
High	2480	16.31



## **7.2.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.247 (d)

IC RSS-247 (5.5)

Limit = -20 dBc

### **TEST PROCEDURE**

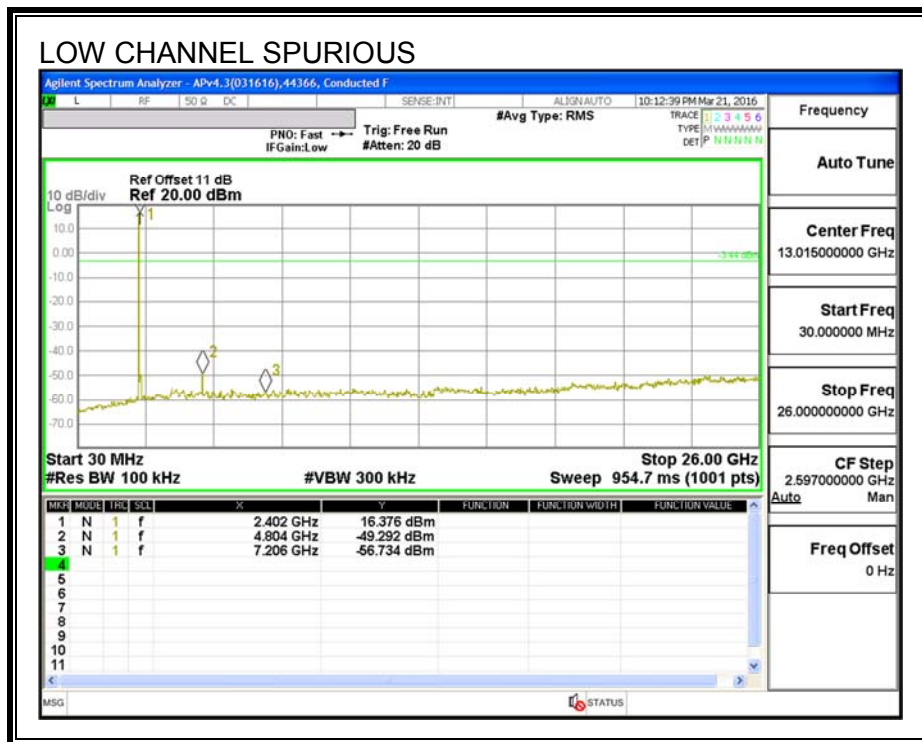
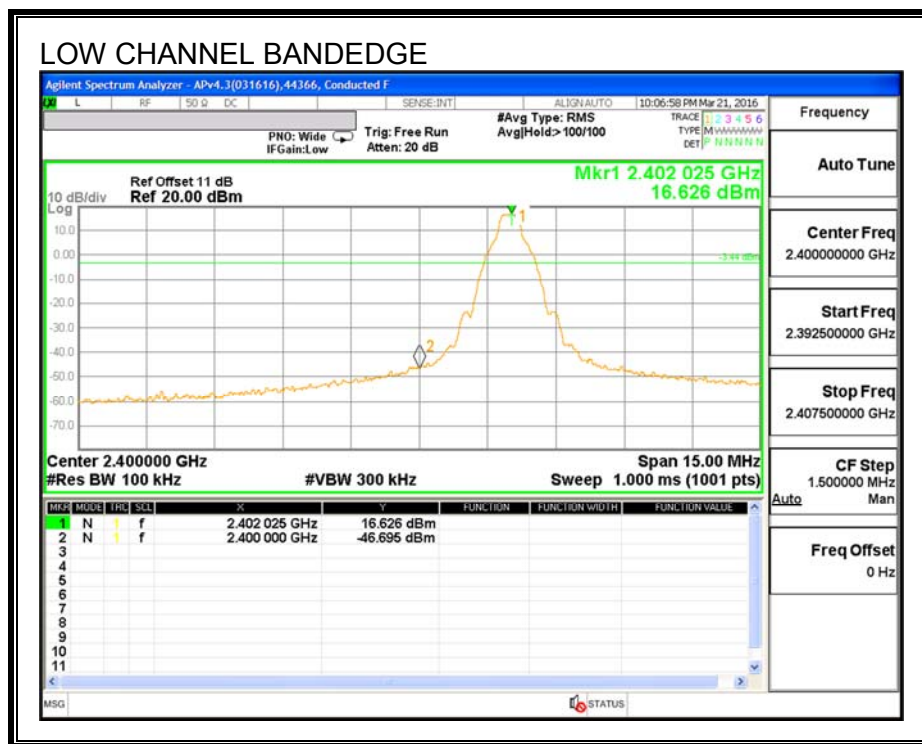
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

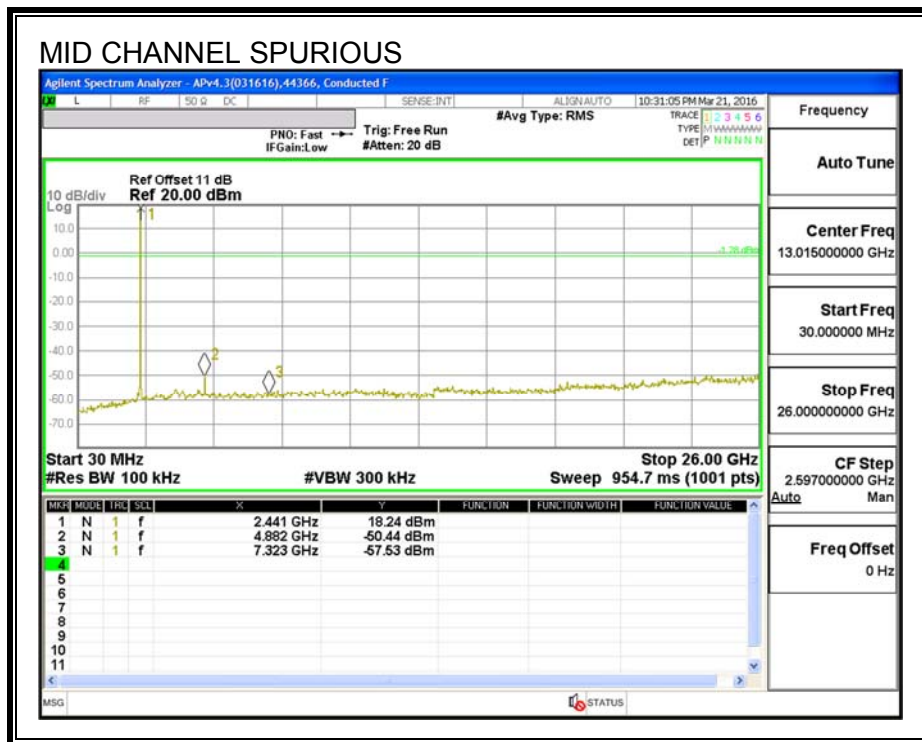
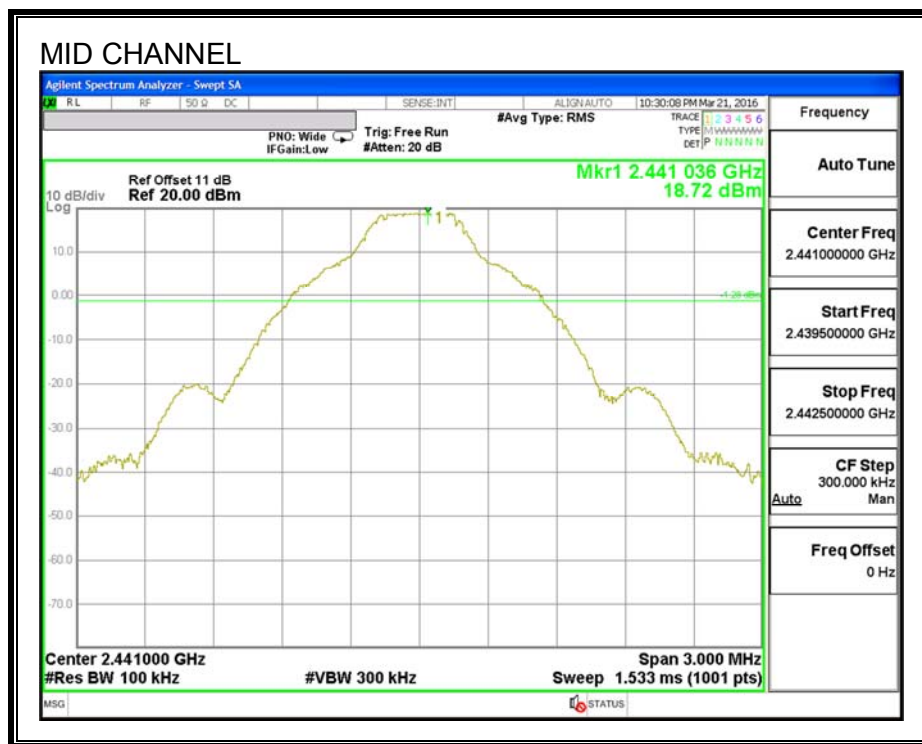
The band edges at 2.4 and 2.4835 GHz are investigated with the transmitter set to the normal hopping mode.

### **RESULTS**

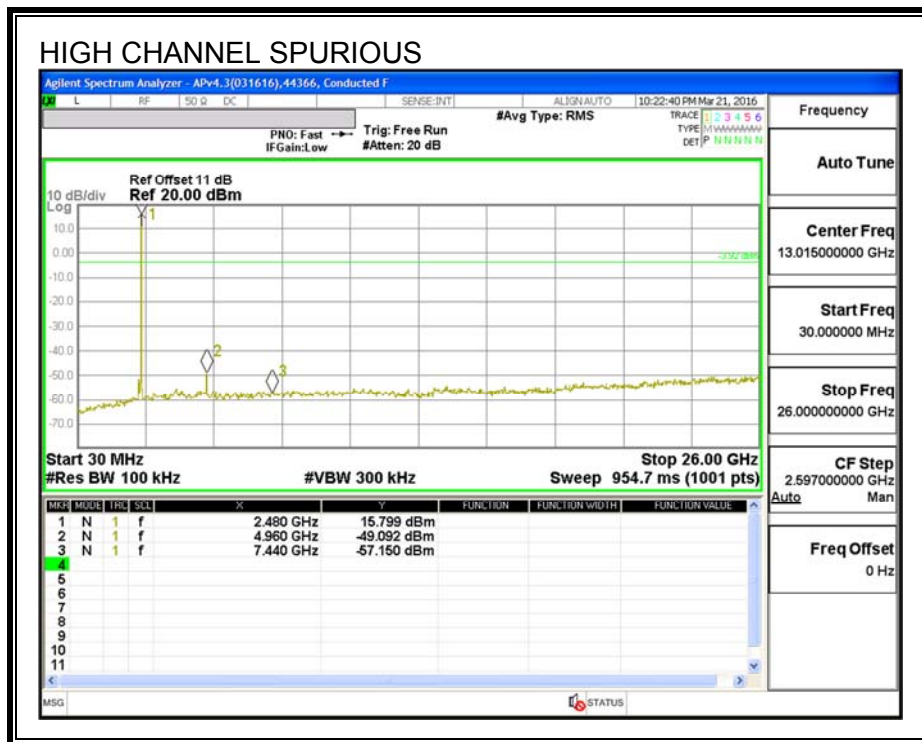
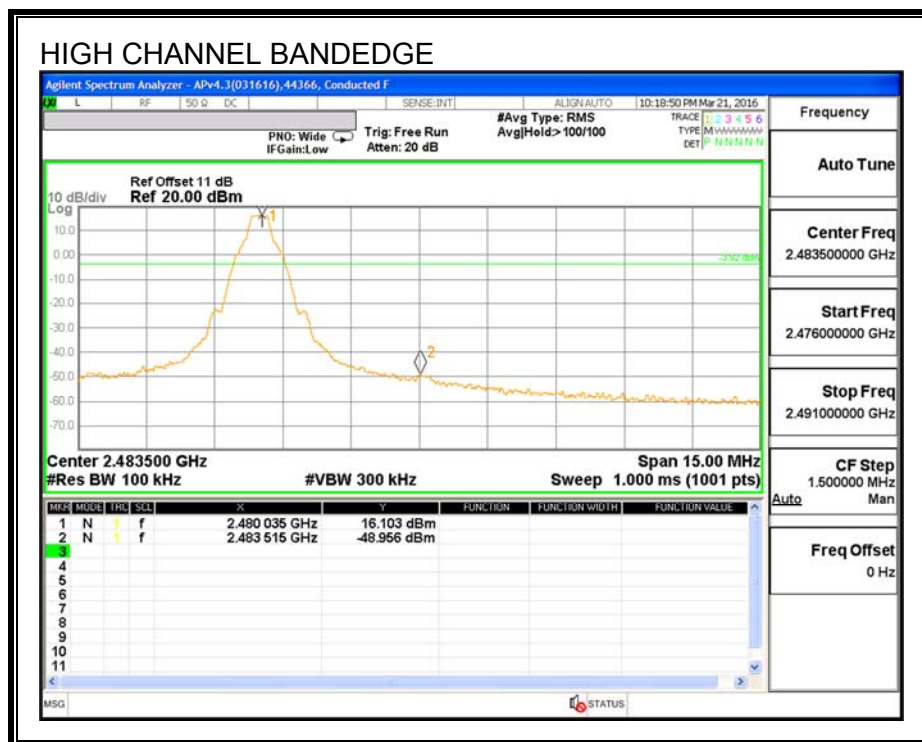
# **SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL**



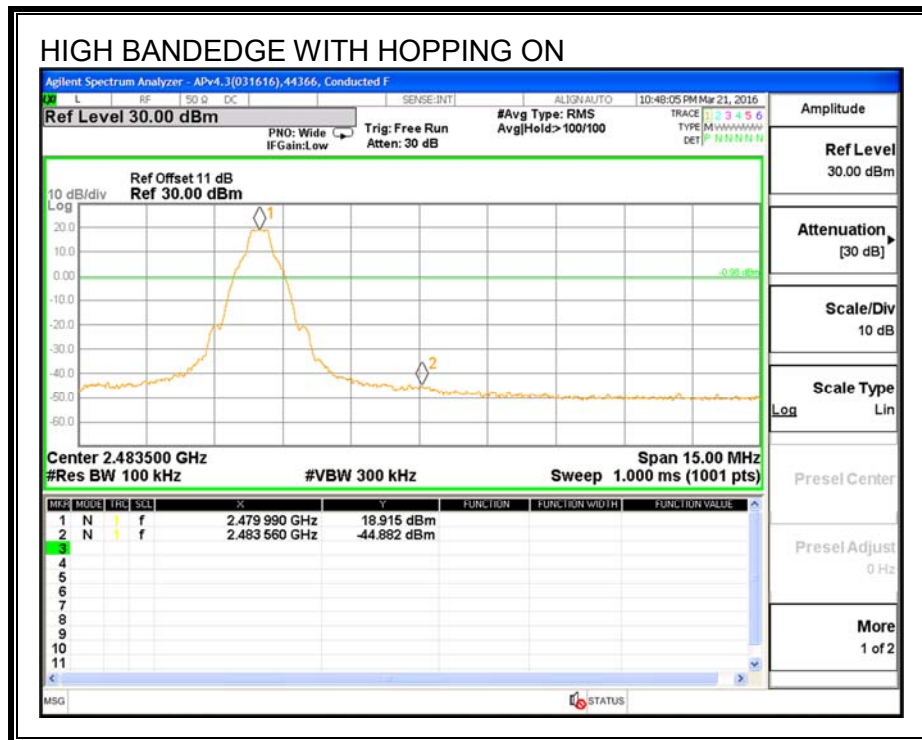
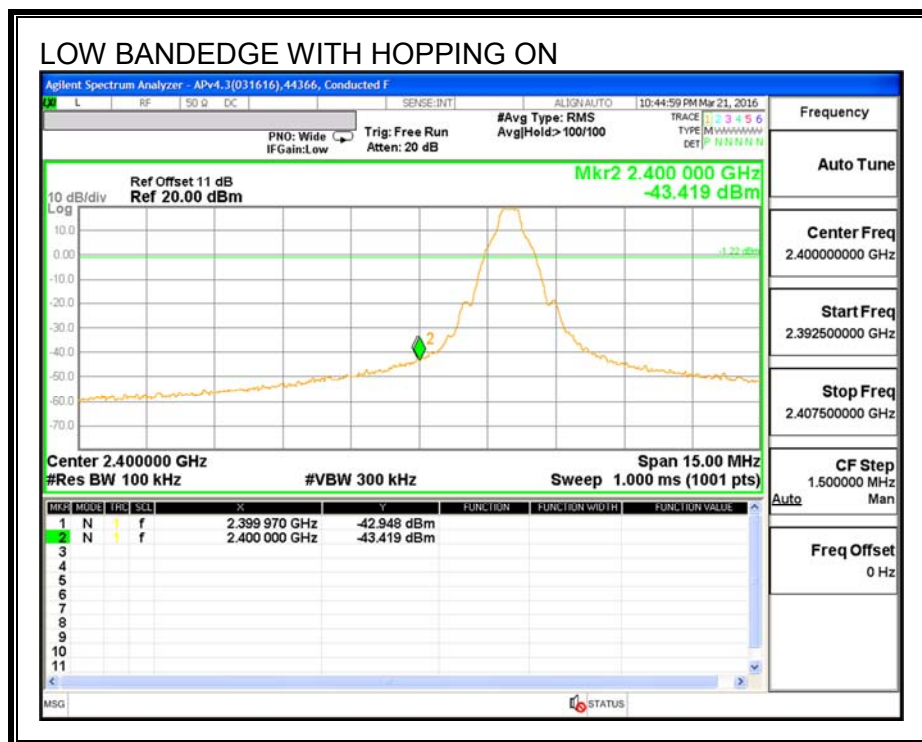
# **SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL**



# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL



# SPURIOUS BANDEDGE EMISSIONS WITH HOPPING ON



### 7.3. HIGH POWER ENHANCED DATA RATE QPSK MODULATION

#### 7.3.1. OUTPUT POWER

##### LIMIT

§15.247 (b) (1)

RSS-247 (5.4) (2)

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

##### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a wideband peak and average power meter.

##### RESULTS

<b>ID:</b>	44366	<b>Date:</b>	8/24/16
------------	-------	--------------	---------

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2402	19.01	21	-1.96
Middle	2441	19.17	21	-1.80
High	2480	19.08	21	-1.89

### 7.3.2. AVERAGE POWER

#### LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

#### RESULTS

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

<b>ID:</b>	44366	<b>Date:</b>	8/24/16
------------	-------	--------------	---------

<b>Channel</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Average Power (dBm)</b>
Low	2402	16.07
Middle	2441	16.35
High	2480	16.12

## 7.4. HIGH POWER ENHANCED DATA RATE 8PSK MODULATION

### 7.4.1. 20 dB AND 99% BANDWIDTH

#### LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

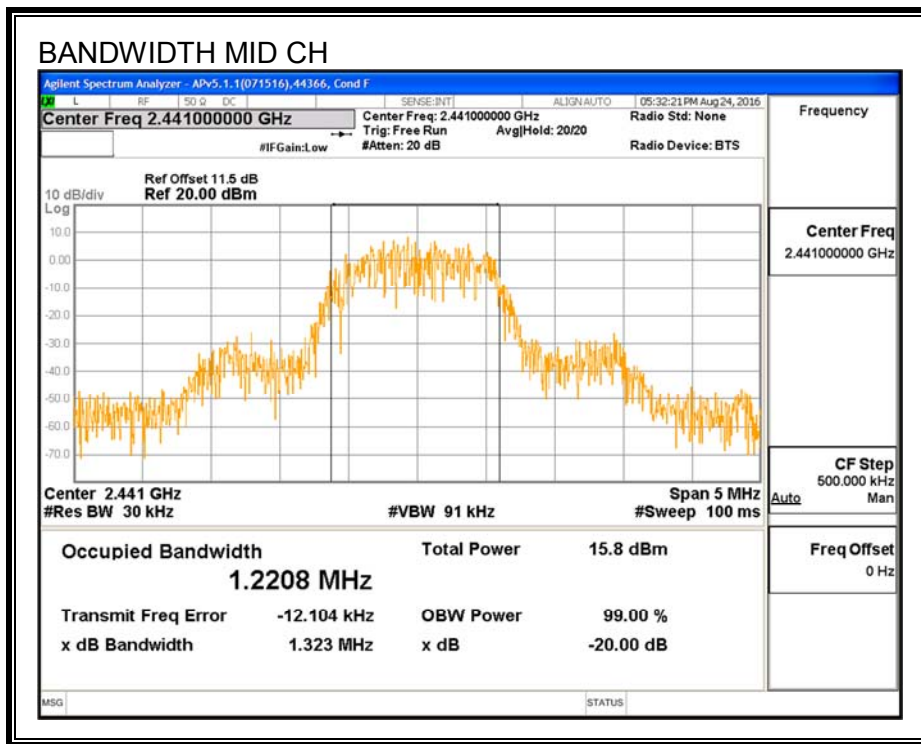
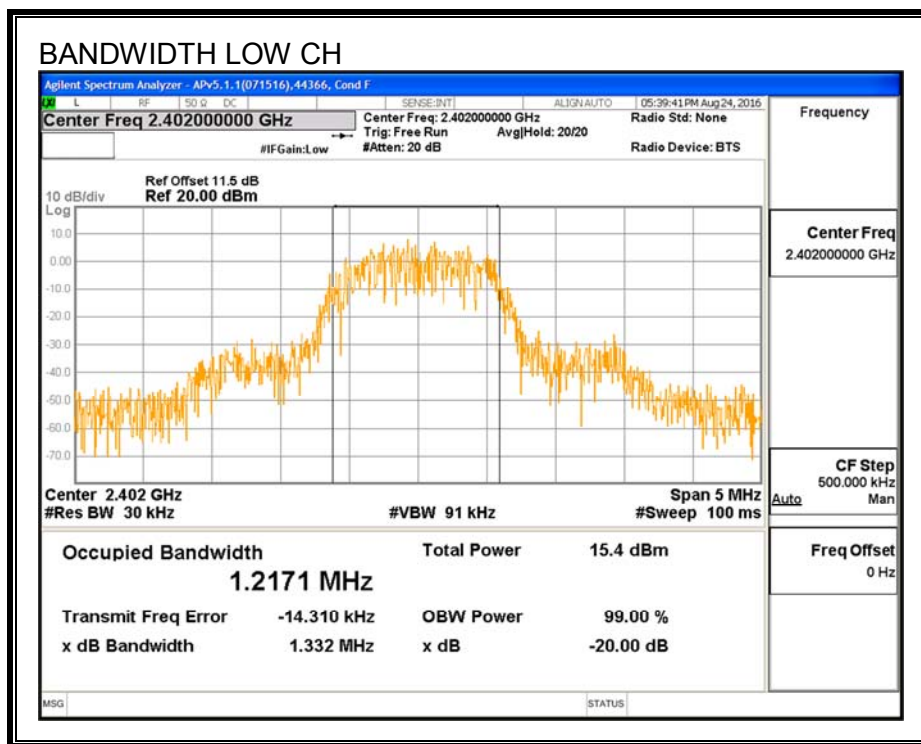
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to  $\geq 1\%$  of the 20 dB bandwidth. The VBW is set to  $\geq$  RBW. The sweep time is coupled.

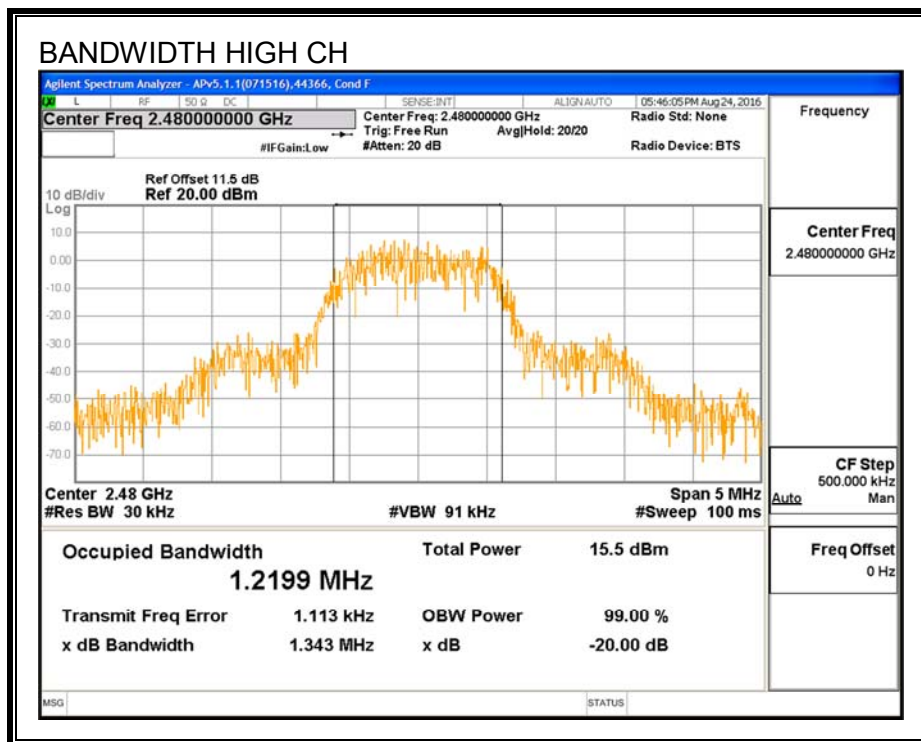
#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2402	1.2171	1.3320
Middle	2441	1.2208	1.3230
High	2480	1.2199	1.3430



**99% AND 20 dB BANDWIDTH**





## 7.4.2. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION

### LIMIT

FCC §15.247 (a) (1)

IC RSS-247 (5.1) (2)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

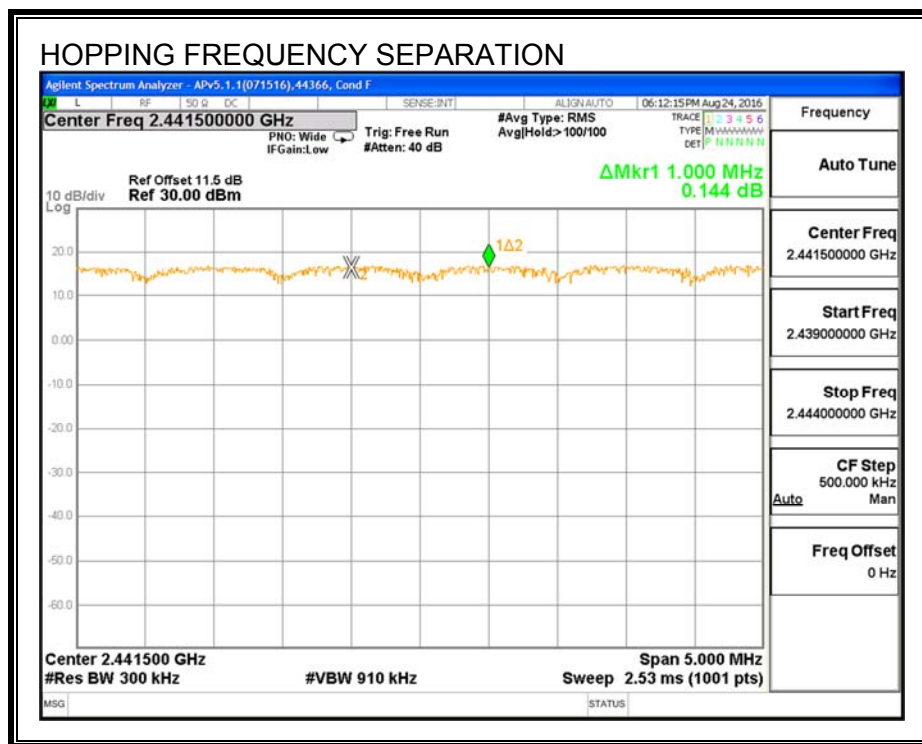
Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 300 kHz and the VBW is set to 910 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

### RESULTS

#### HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION



### **7.4.3. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS**

#### **LIMIT**

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

IC RSS-247 (5.1) (4)

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels.

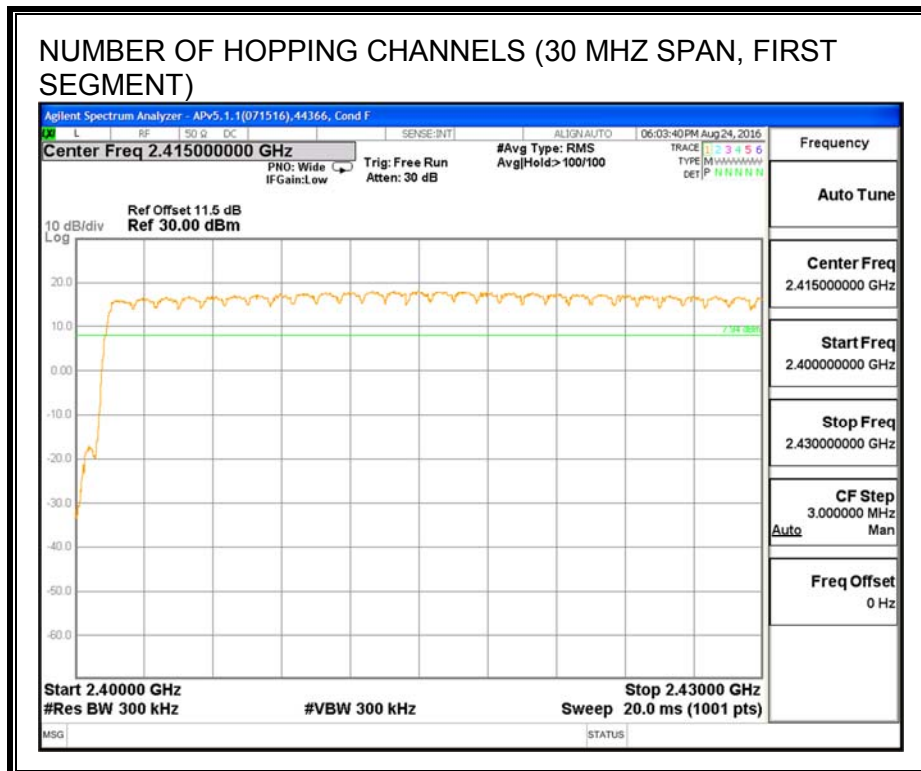
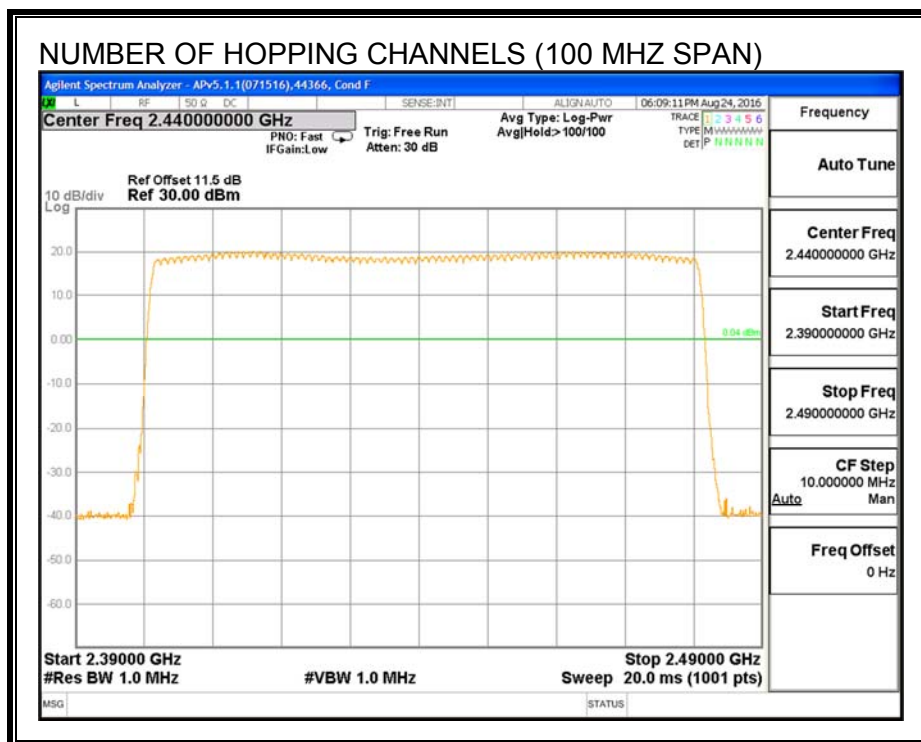
#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to cover the entire authorized band, in either a single sweep or in multiple contiguous sweeps. The RBW is set to a maximum of 1 % of the span. The analyzer is set to Max Hold.

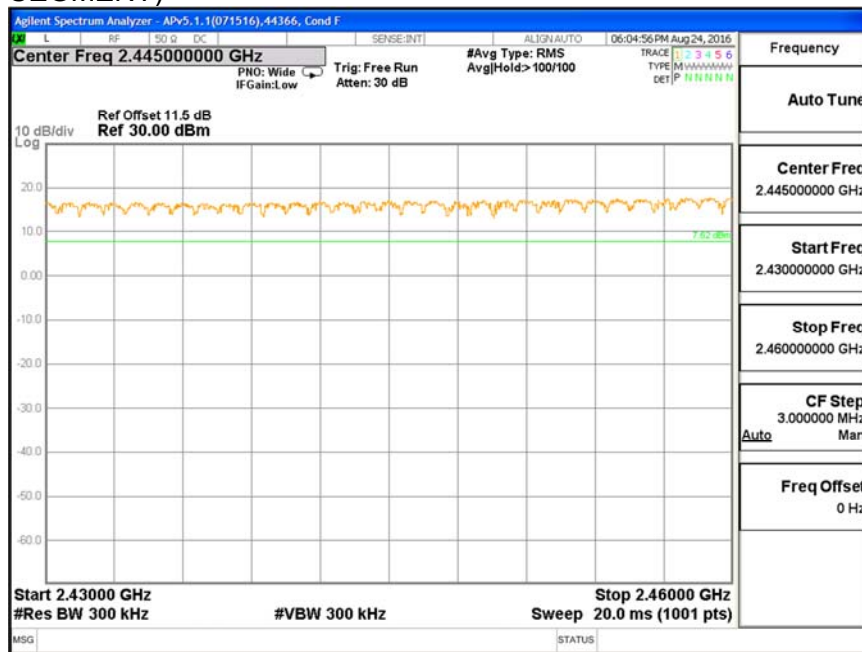
#### **RESULTS**

Normal Mode: 79 Channels observed.

## NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS



### NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS (30 MHZ SPAN, SECOND SEGMENT)



### NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS (30 MHZ SPAN, THIRD SEGMENT)



#### 7.4.4. AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY

##### LIMIT

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

IC RSS-247 (5.1) (4)

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

##### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to 0 Hz, centered on a single, selected hopping channel. The width of a single pulse is measured in a fast scan. The number of pulses is measured in a 3.16 second scan, to enable resolution of each occurrence.

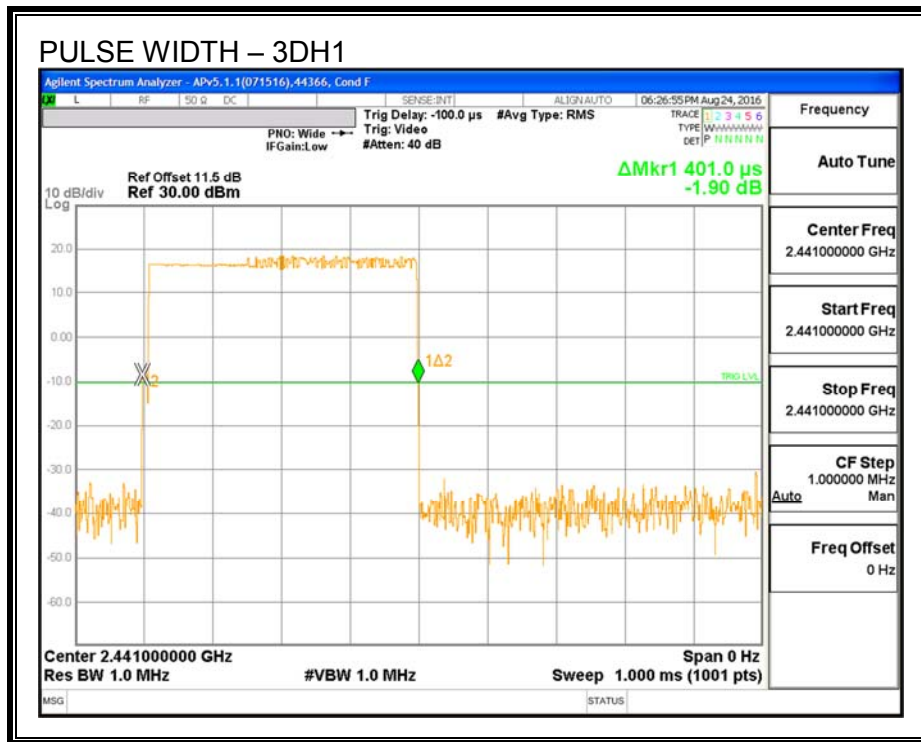
The average time of occupancy in the specified 31.6 second period (79 channels \* 0.4 s) is equal to  $10 * (\# \text{ of pulses in } 3.16 \text{ s}) * \text{pulse width}$ .

##### RESULTS

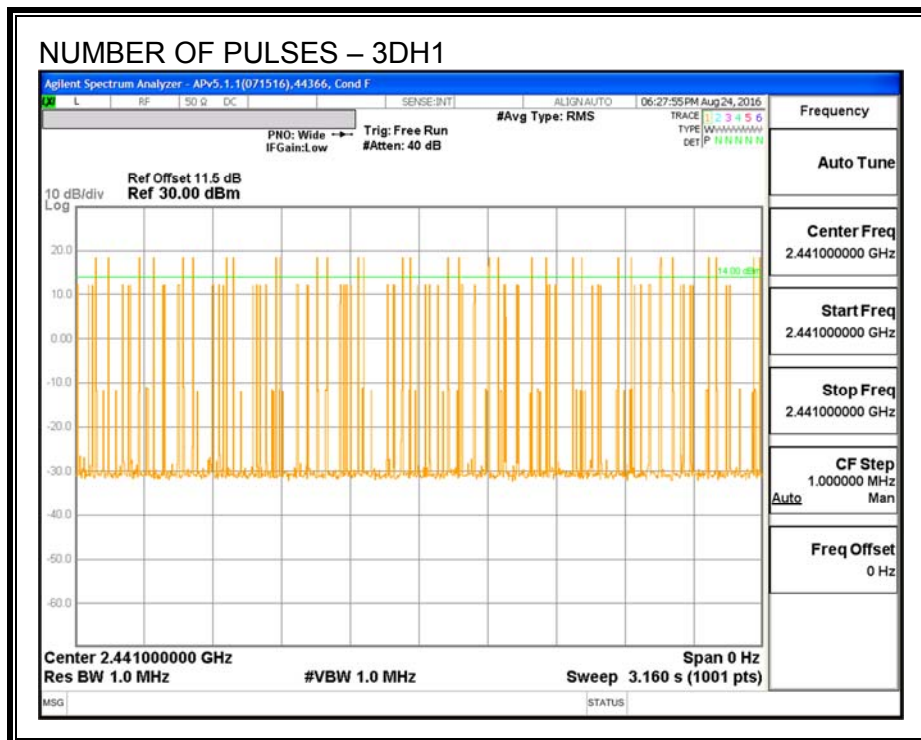
###### 8PSK (EDR) Mode

DH Packet	Pulse Width (msec)	Number of Pulses in 3.16 seconds	Average Time of (sec)	Limit (sec)	Margin (sec)
3DH1	0.401	32	0.128	0.4	-0.272
3DH3	1.542	17	0.262	0.4	-0.138
3DH5	2.900	12	0.348	0.4	-0.052

### PULSE WIDTH - 3DH1

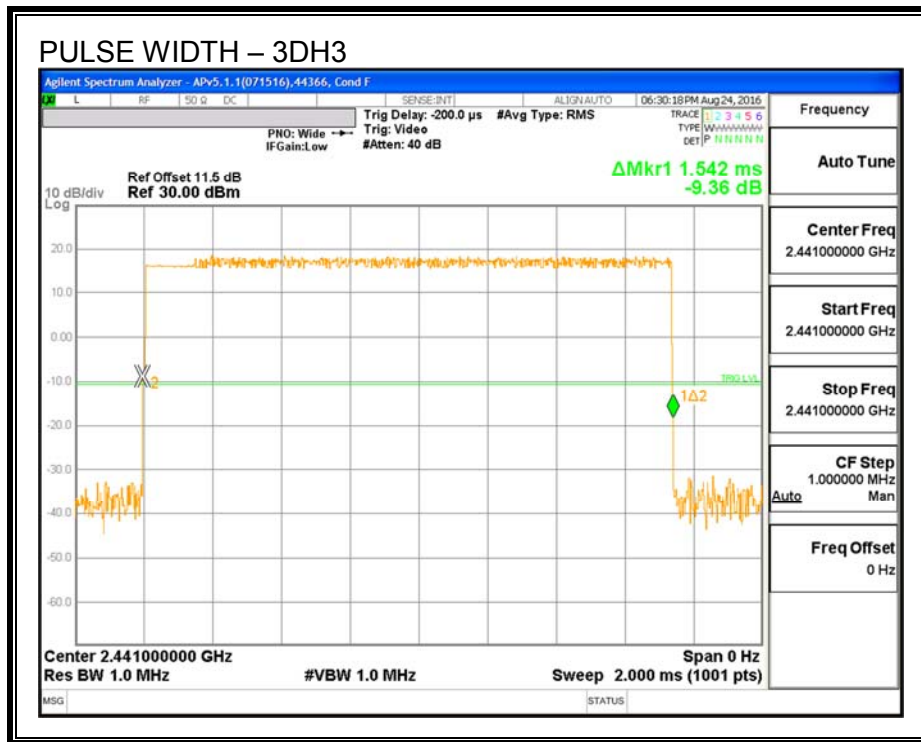


### NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD – 3DH1

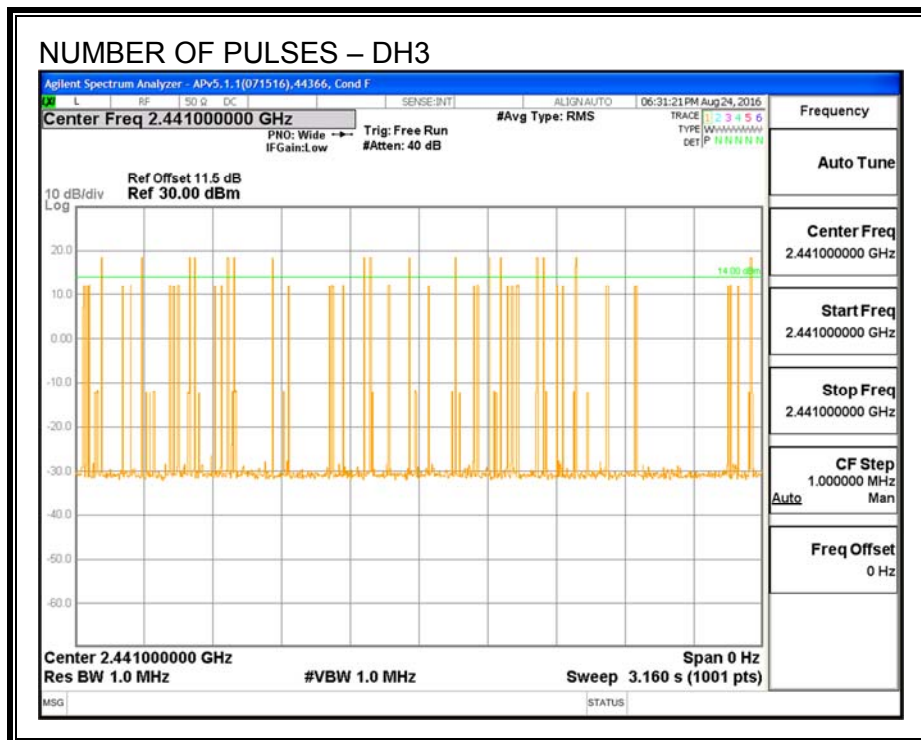




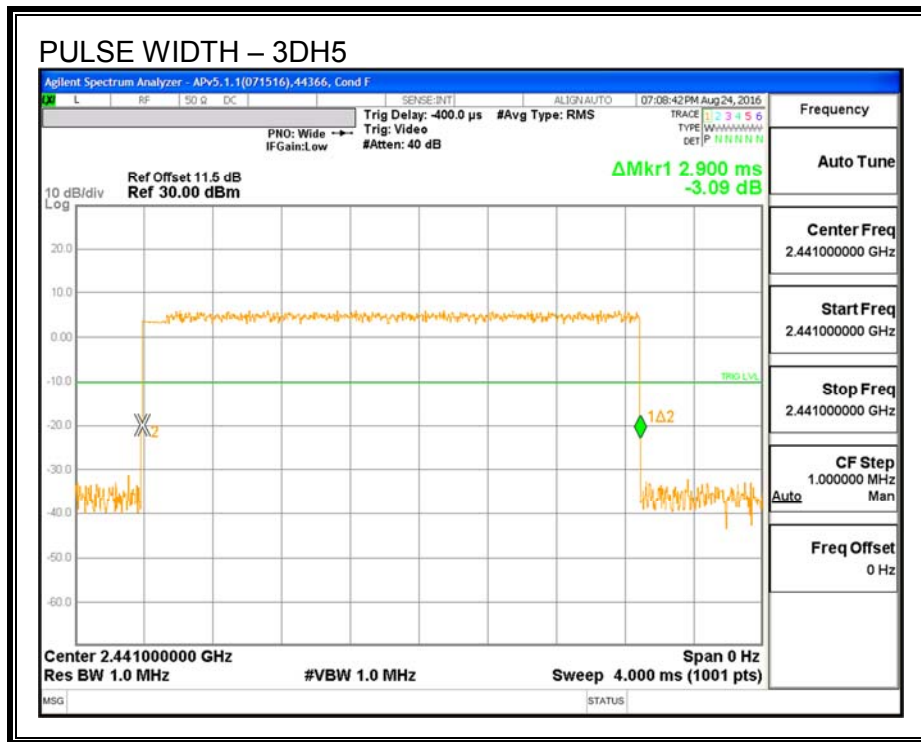
### PULSE WIDTH – 3DH3



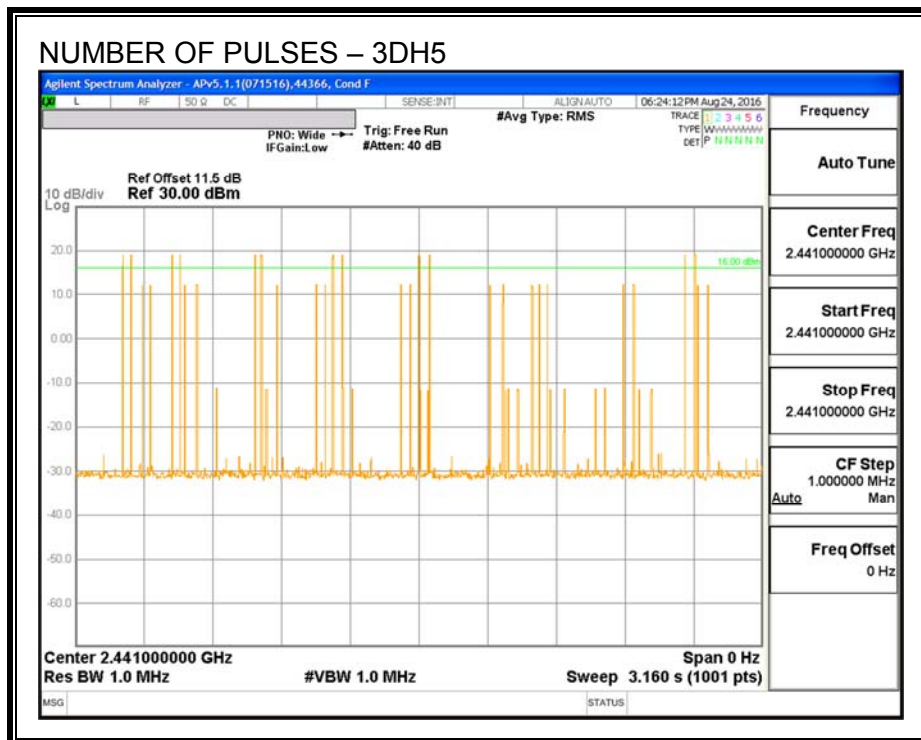
### NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD – 3DH3



### PULSE WIDTH – 3DH5



### NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD – 3DH5



## 7.4.5. OUTPUT POWER

### LIMIT

§15.247 (b) (1)

RSS-247 (5.4) (2)

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a wideband peak and average power meter.

### RESULTS

<b>ID:</b>	44366	<b>Date:</b>	8/24/16
------------	-------	--------------	---------

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2402	19.35	21	-1.62
Middle	2441	19.40	21	-1.57
High	2480	19.29	21	-1.68

#### 7.4.6. AVERAGE POWER

##### LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

##### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

##### RESULTS

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

<b>ID:</b>	44366	<b>Date:</b>	8/24/16
------------	-------	--------------	---------

<b>Channel</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Average Power (dBm)</b>
Low	2402	16.11
Middle	2441	16.27
High	2480	16.07

#### **7.4.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

##### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.247 (d)

IC RSS-247 (5.5)

Limit = -20 dBc

##### **TEST PROCEDURE**

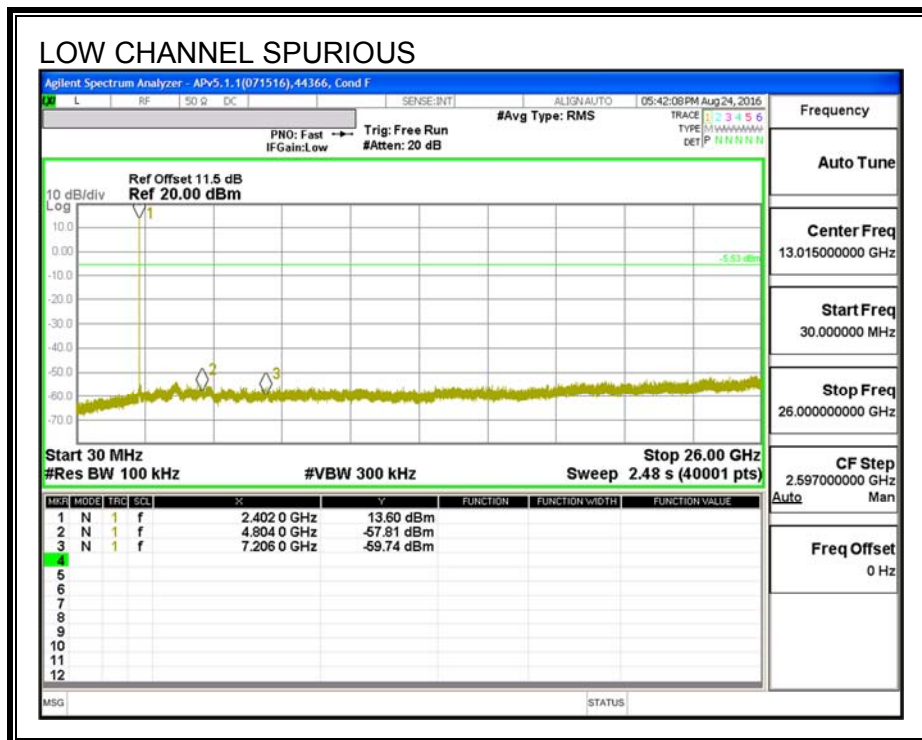
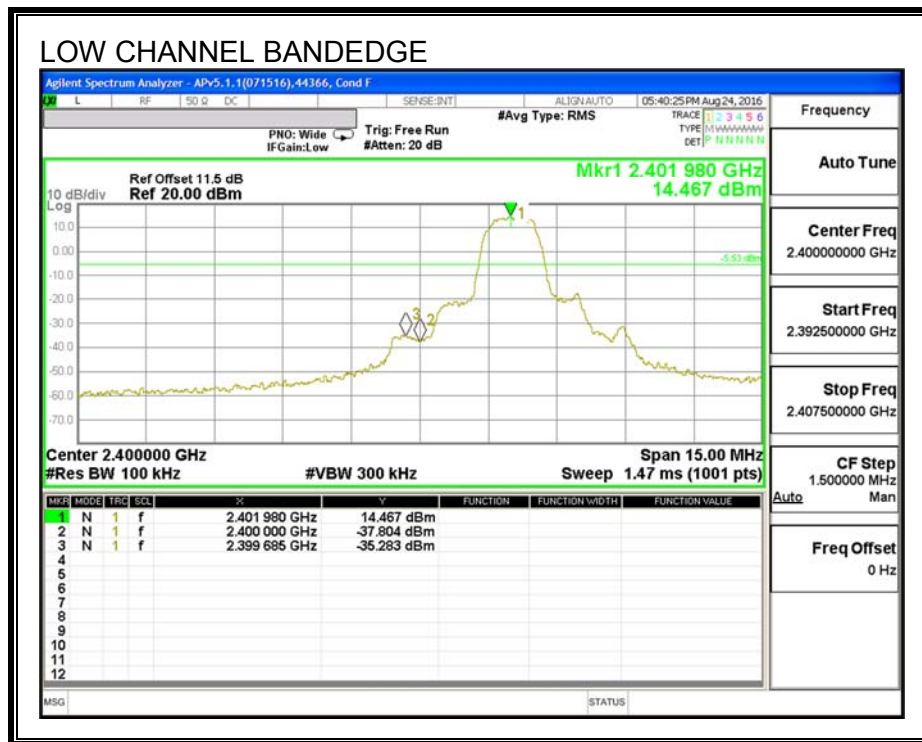
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

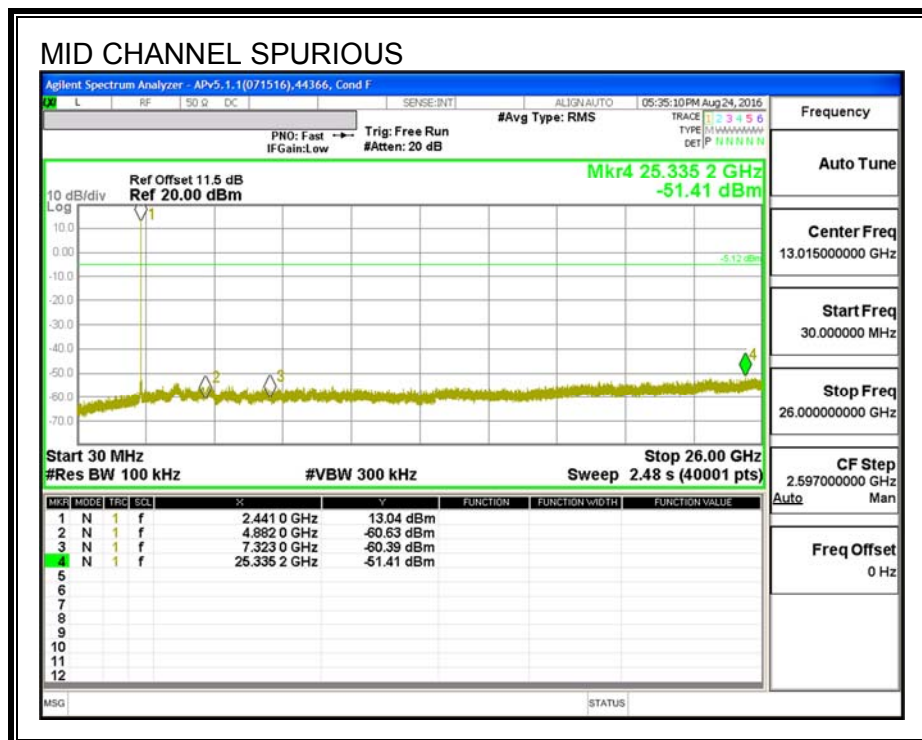
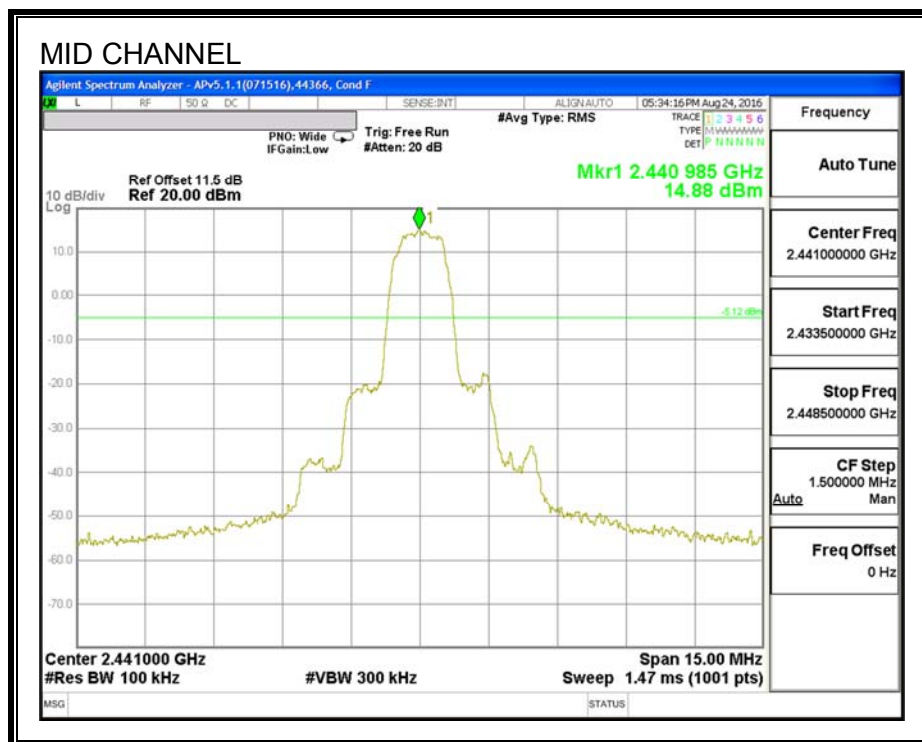
The bandedges at 2.4 and 2.4835 GHz are investigated with the transmitter set to the normal hopping mode.

##### **RESULTS**

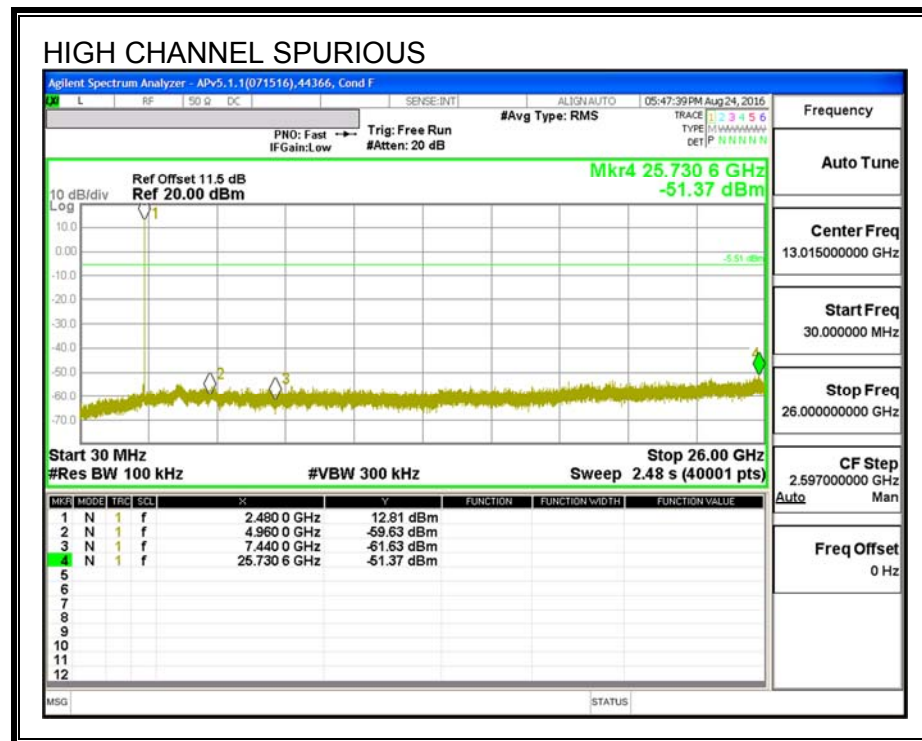
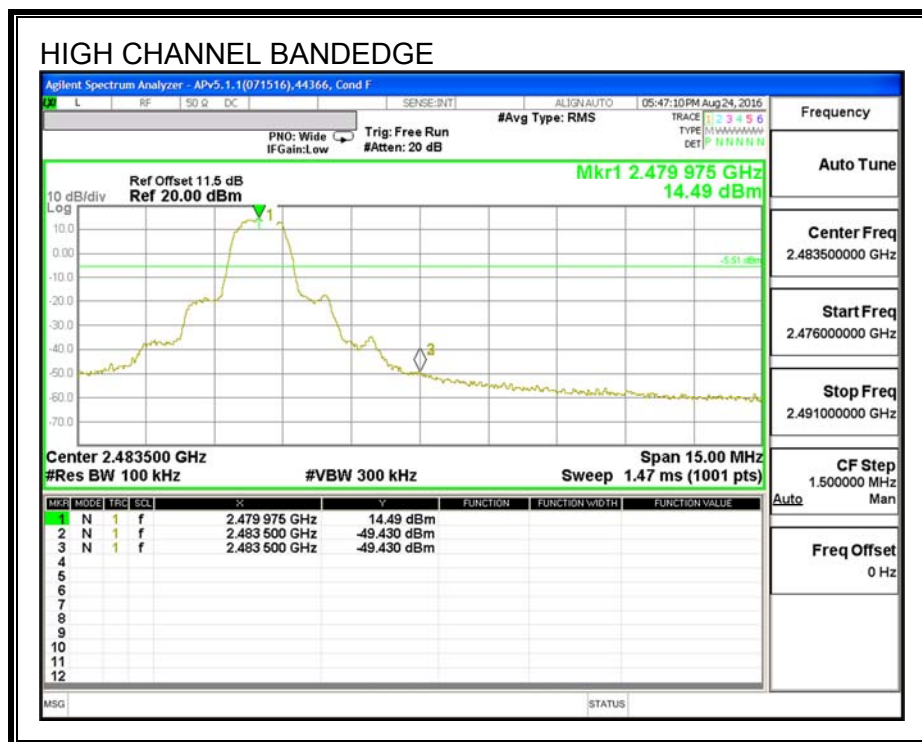
# **SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL**



# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL

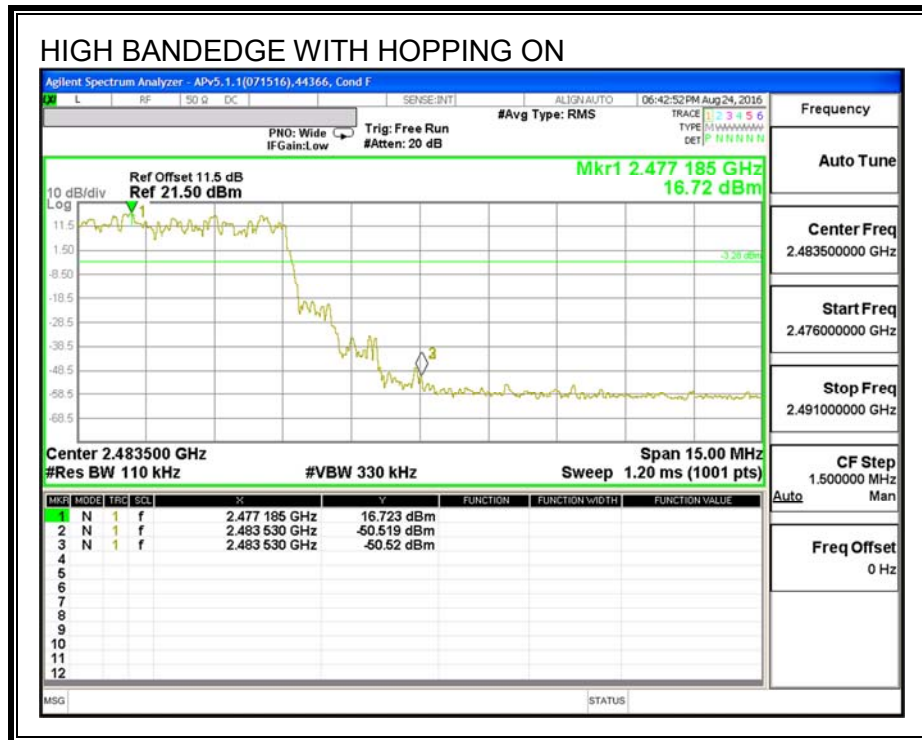
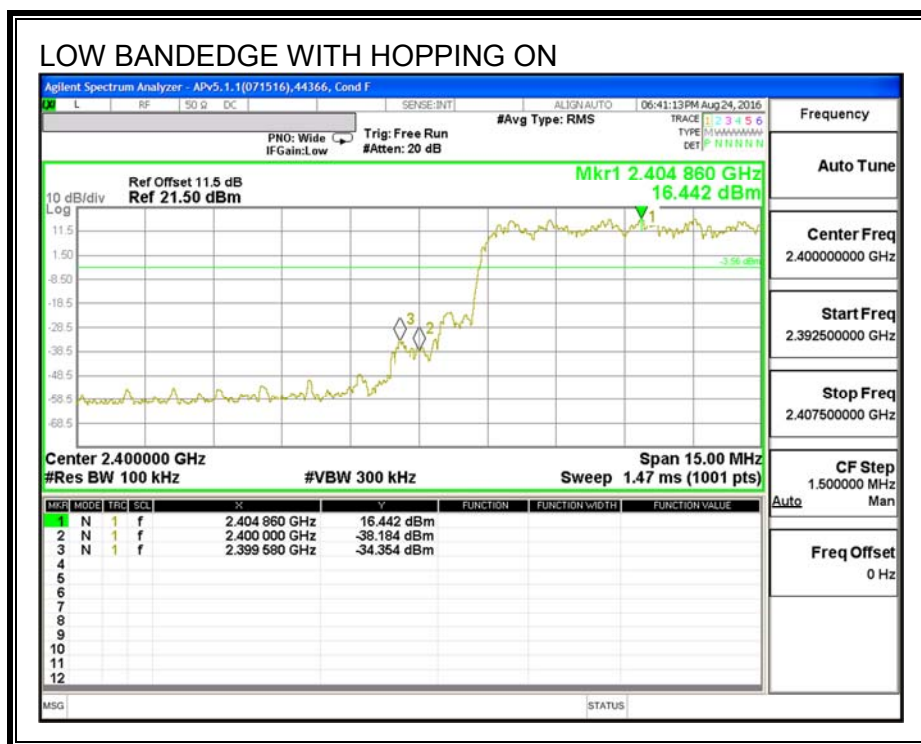


**SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL**





# **SPURIOUS BANDEDGE EMISSIONS WITH HOPPING ON**



## 7.5. LOW POWER BASIC DATA RATE GFSK MODULATION

### 7.5.1. 20 dB AND 99% BANDWIDTH

#### LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

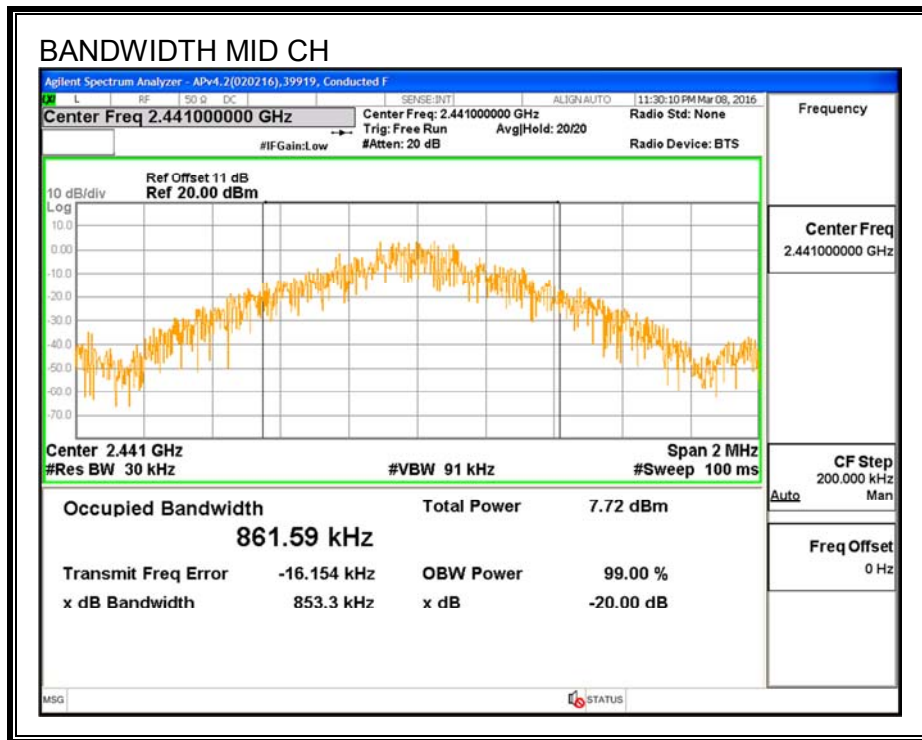
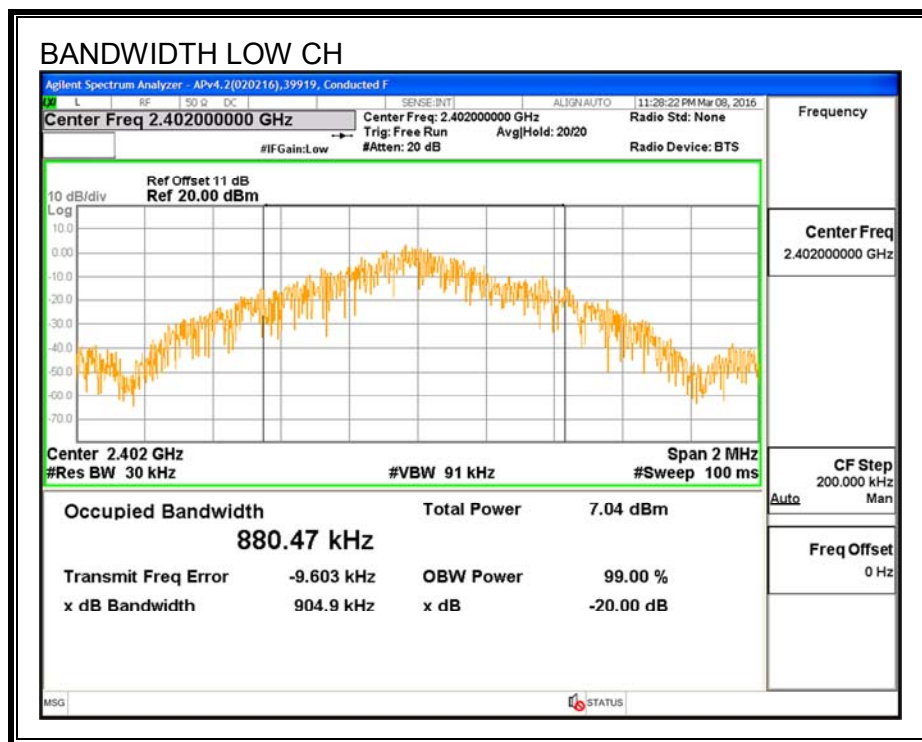
#### TEST PROCEDURE

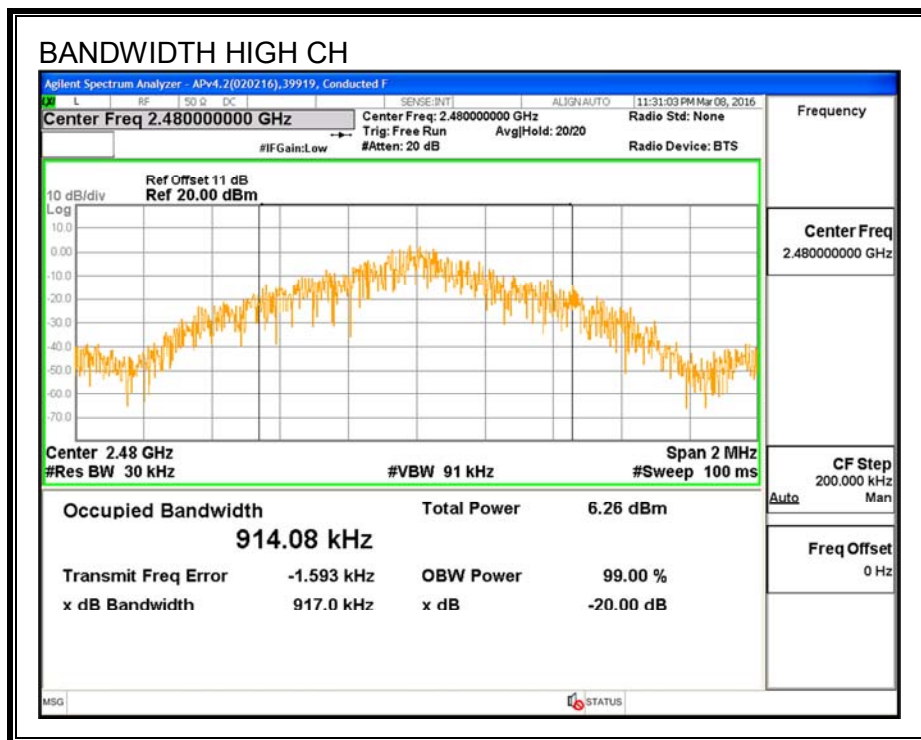
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to  $\geq 1\%$  of the 20 dB bandwidth. The VBW is set to  $\geq$  RBW. The sweep time is coupled.

#### RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (KHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (KHz)
Low	2402	880.47	904.90
Middle	2441	861.59	853.30
High	2480	914.08	917.00

**99% AND 20 dB BANDWIDTH**





## 7.5.2. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION

### LIMIT

FCC §15.247 (a) (1)

IC RSS-247 (5.1) (2)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

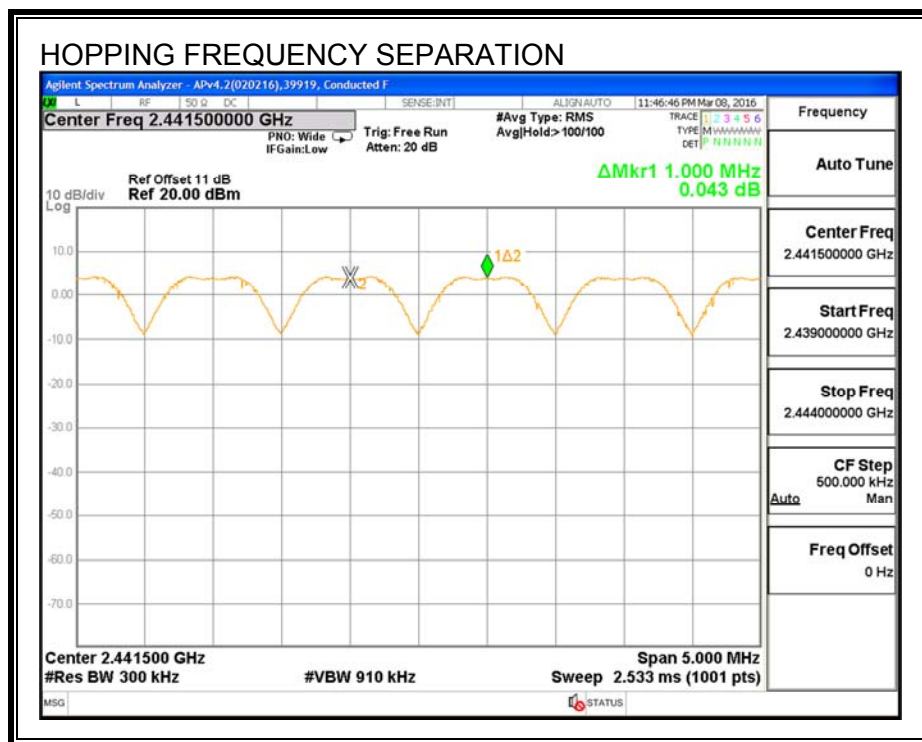
Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 300 kHz and the VBW is set to 910 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

### RESULTS

#### HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION



### **7.5.3. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS**

#### **LIMIT**

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

IC RSS-247 (5.1) (4)

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels.

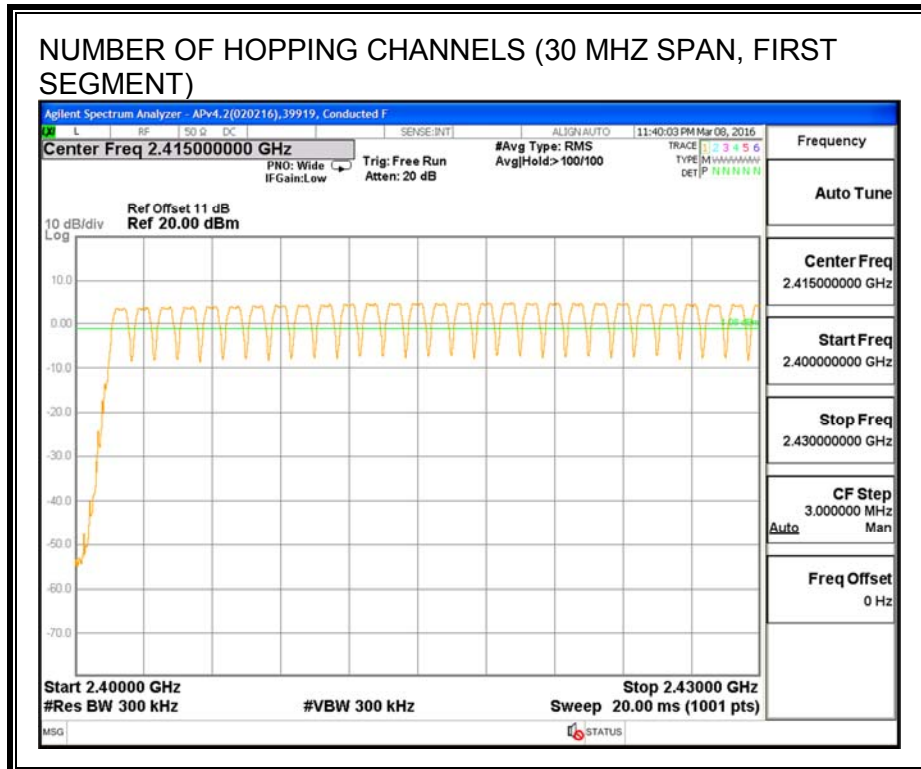
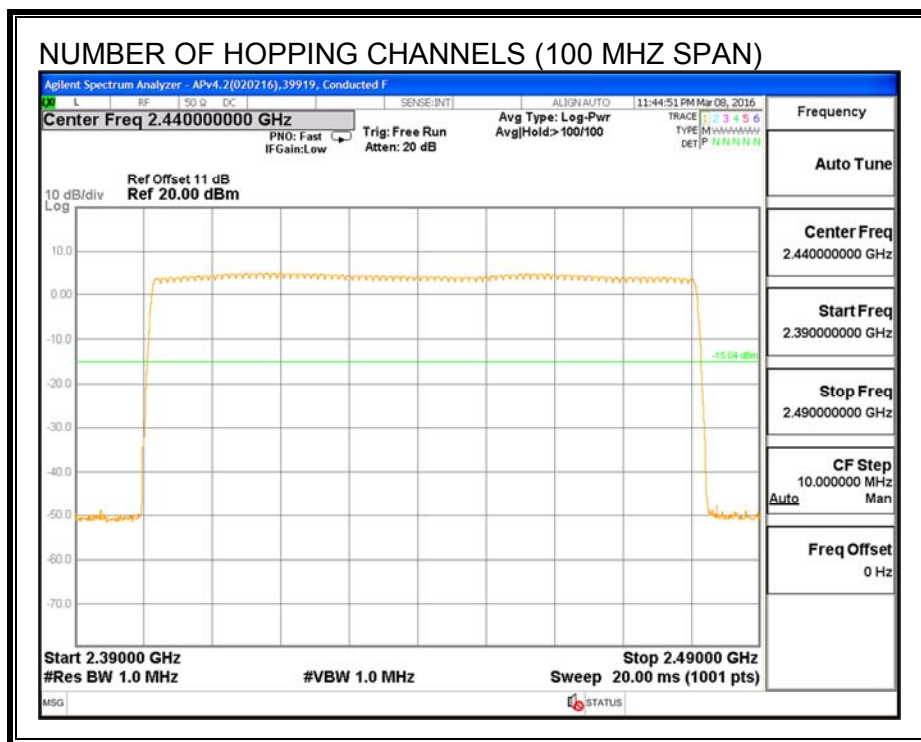
#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to cover the entire authorized band, in either a single sweep or in multiple contiguous sweeps. The RBW is set to a maximum of 1 % of the span. The analyzer is set to Max Hold.

#### **RESULTS**

Normal Mode: 79 Channels observed.

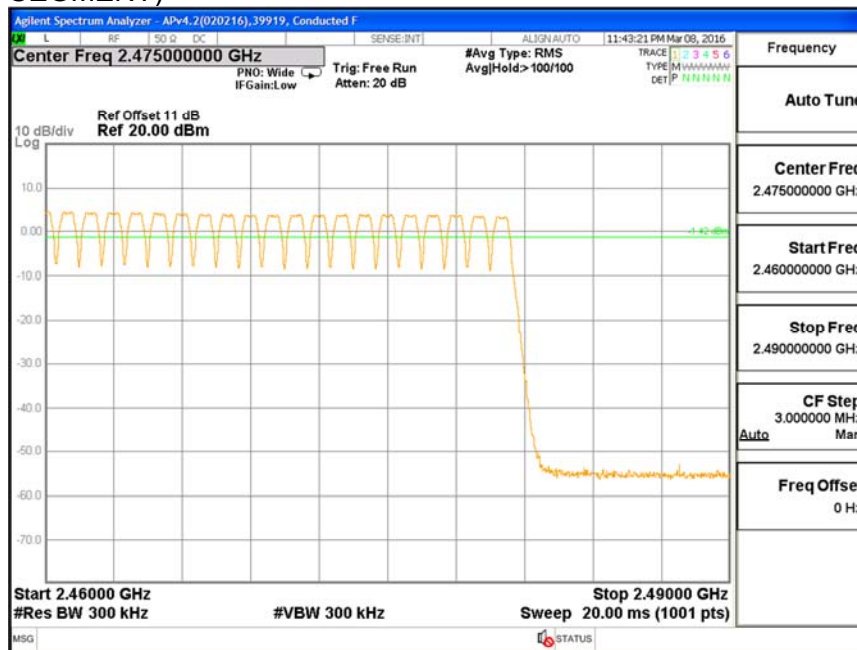
## NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS



### NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS (30 MHZ SPAN, SECOND SEGMENT)



### NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS (30 MHZ SPAN, THIRD SEGMENT)





## 7.5.4. AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY

### LIMIT

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

IC RSS-247 (5.1) (4)

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to 0 Hz, centered on a single, selected hopping channel. The width of a single pulse is measured in a fast scan. The number of pulses is measured in a 3.16 second scan, to enable resolution of each occurrence.

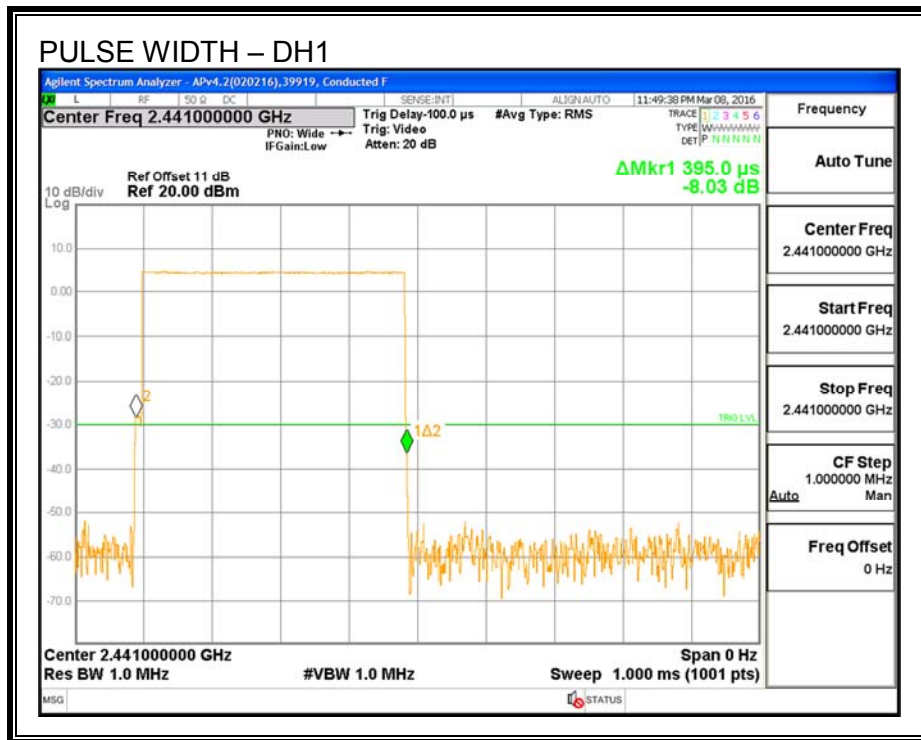
The average time of occupancy in the specified 31.6 second period (79 channels \* 0.4 s) is equal to  $10 * (\# \text{ of pulses in } 3.16 \text{ s}) * \text{pulse width}$ .

For AFH mode, the average time of occupancy in the specified 8 second period (20 channels \* 0.4 seconds) is equal to  $10 * (\# \text{ of pulses in } 0.8 \text{ s}) * \text{pulse width}$ .

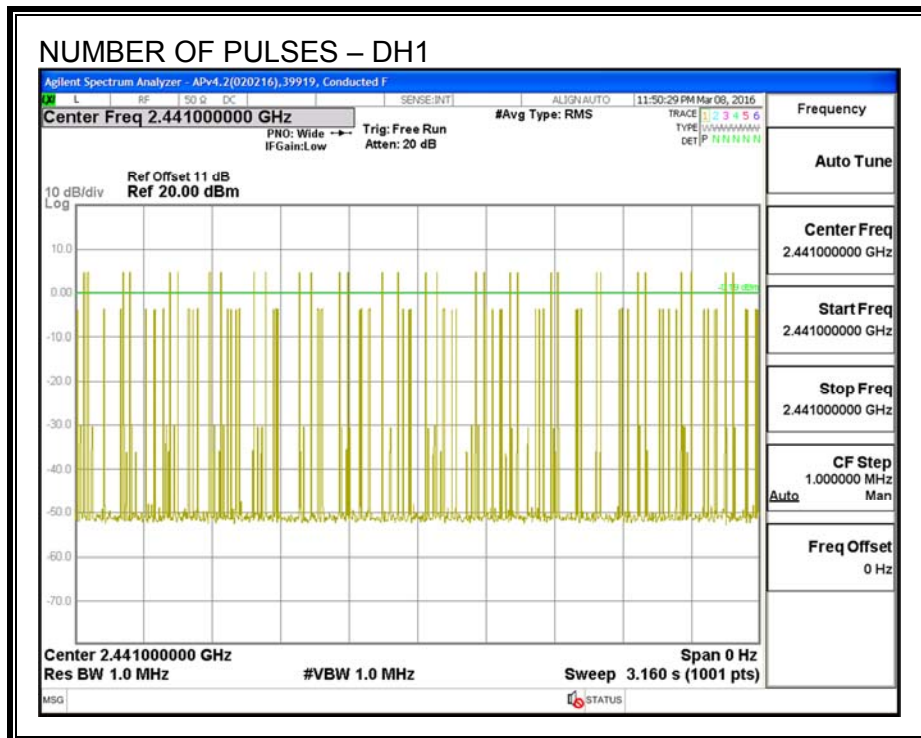
### RESULTS

DH Packet	Pulse Width (msec)	Number of Pulses in 3.16 seconds	Average Time of Occupancy (sec)	Limit (sec)	Margin (sec)
GFSK Normal Mode					
DH1	0.395	32	0.126	0.4	-0.274
DH3	1.644	17	0.279	0.4	-0.121
DH5	2.896	13	0.376	0.4	-0.024
DH Packet	Pulse Width (msec)	Number of Pulses in 0.8 seconds	Average Time of Occupancy (sec)	Limit (sec)	Margin (sec)
GFSK AFH Mode					
DH1	0.395	8	0.032	0.4	-0.368
DH3	1.644	4.25	0.070	0.4	-0.330
DH5	2.896	3.25	0.094	0.4	-0.306

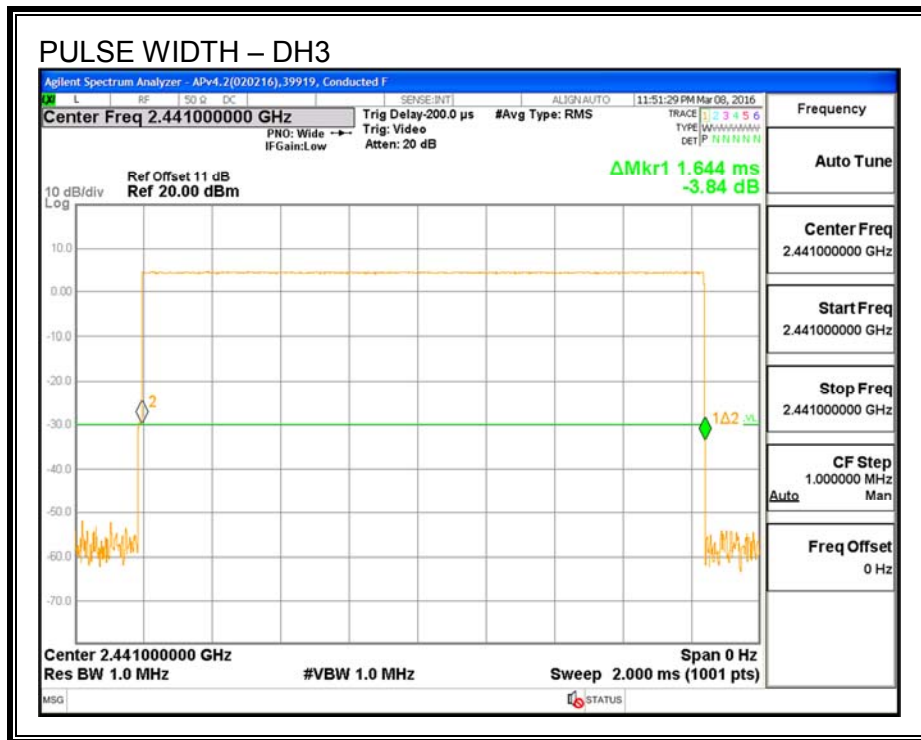
## PULSE WIDTH - DH1



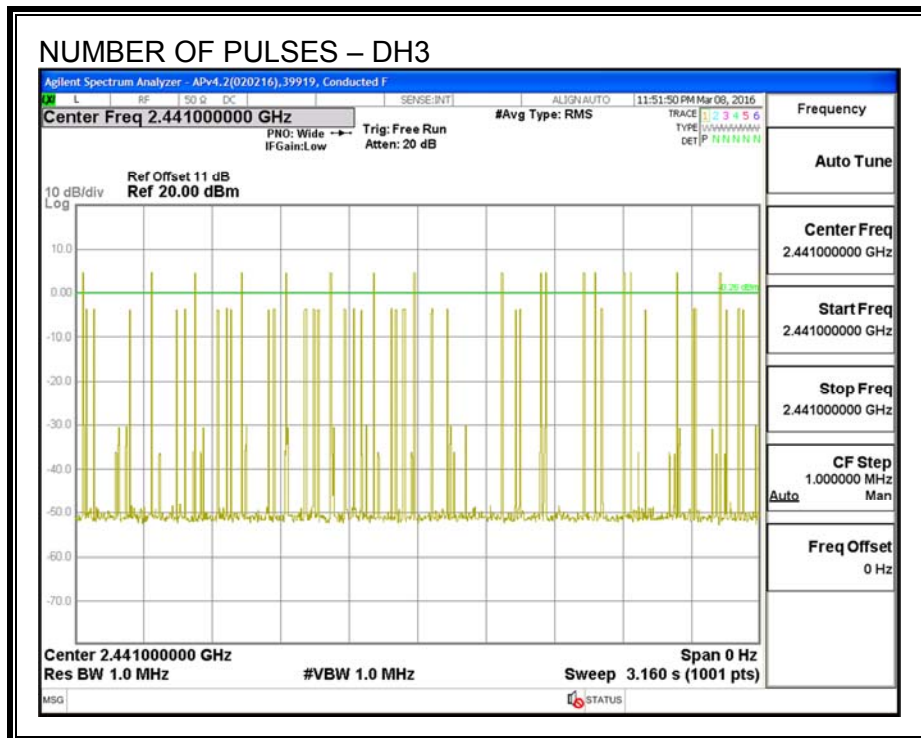
## NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD – DH1



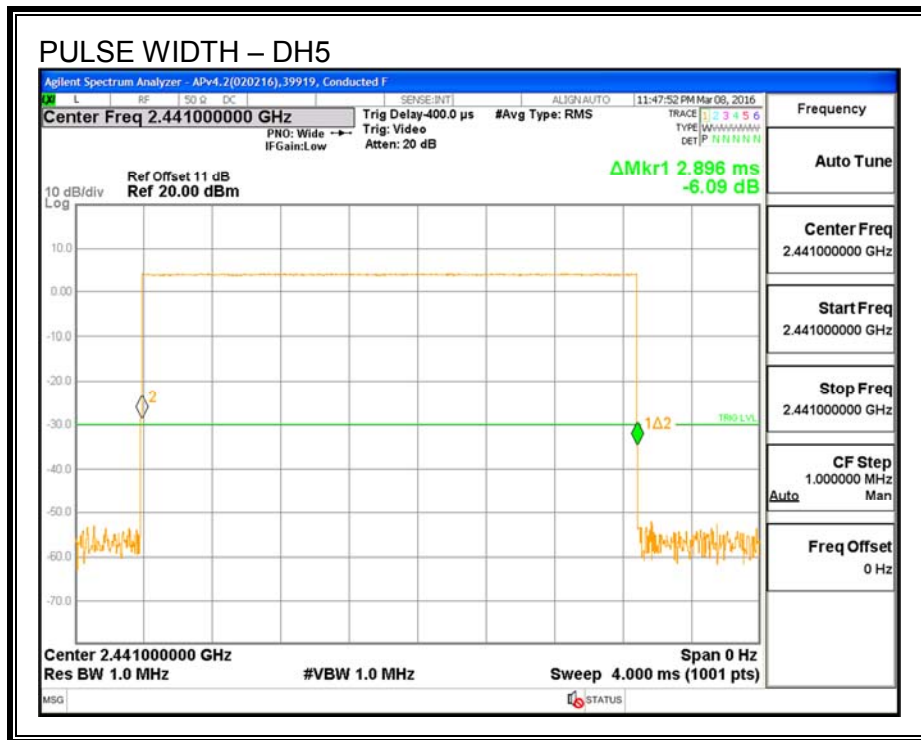
### PULSE WIDTH – DH3



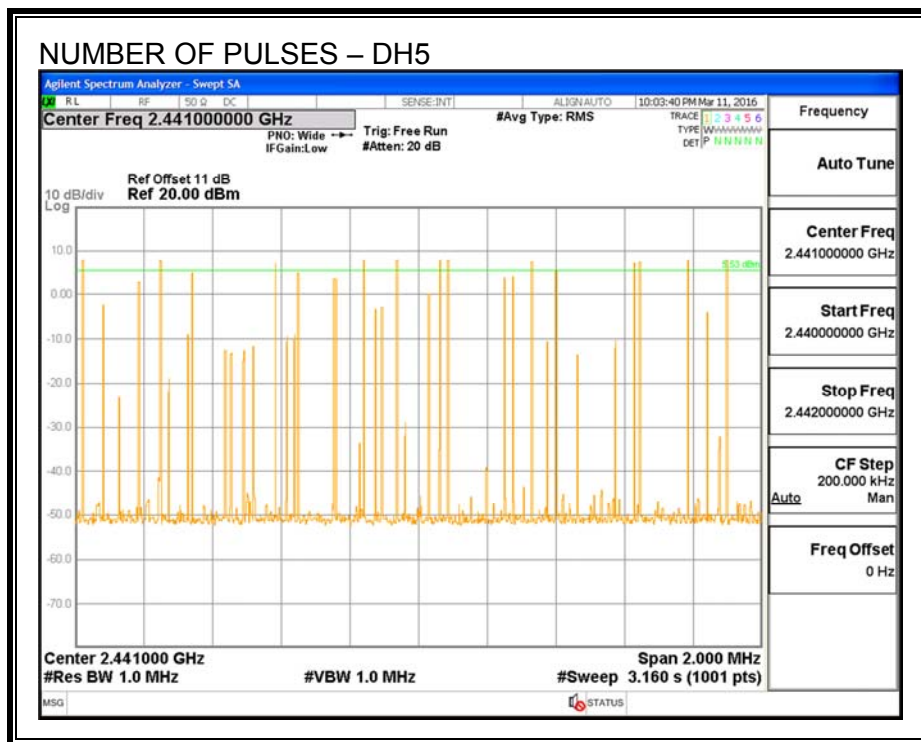
### NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD – DH3



## PULSE WIDTH – DH5



## NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD – DH5



### 7.5.5. OUTPUT POWER

#### LIMIT

§15.247 (b) (1)

RSS-247 (5.4) (2)

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a wideband peak and average power meter.

#### RESULTS

<b>ID:</b>	30606	<b>Date:</b>	7/11/16
------------	-------	--------------	---------

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2402	9.89	30	-20.11
Middle	2441	10.02	30	-19.98
High	2480	10.17	30	-19.83

### 7.5.6. AVERAGE POWER

#### LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

#### RESULTS

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

<b>ID:</b>	30606	<b>Date:</b>	7/11/16
------------	-------	--------------	---------

<b>Channel</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Average Power (dBm)</b>
Low	2402	9.77
Middle	2441	9.87
High	2480	9.97

### **7.5.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.247 (d)

IC RSS-247 (5.5)

Limit = -20 dBc

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

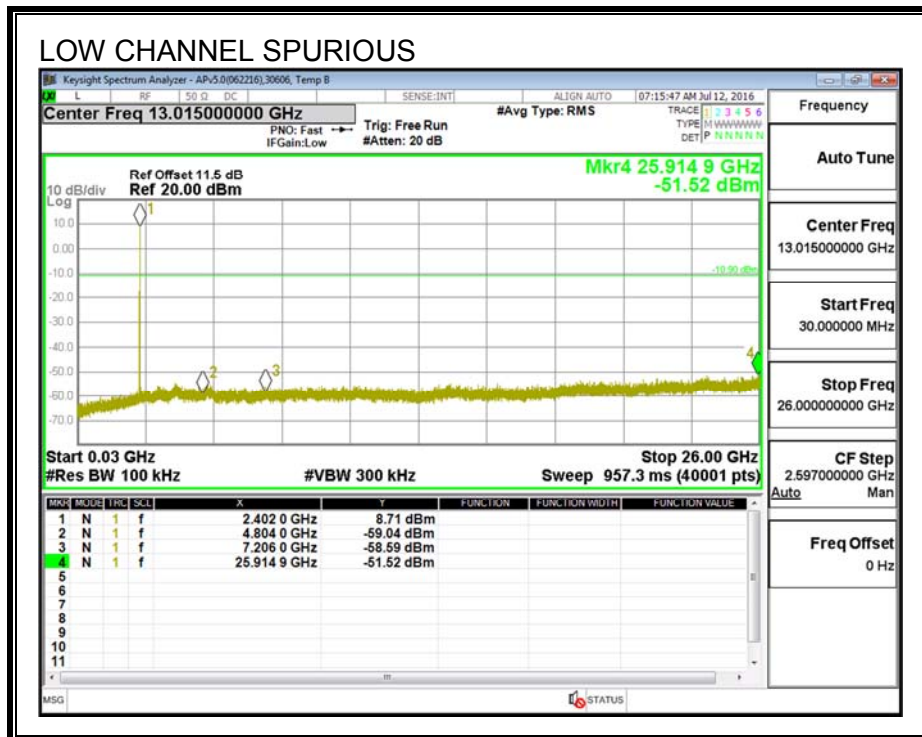
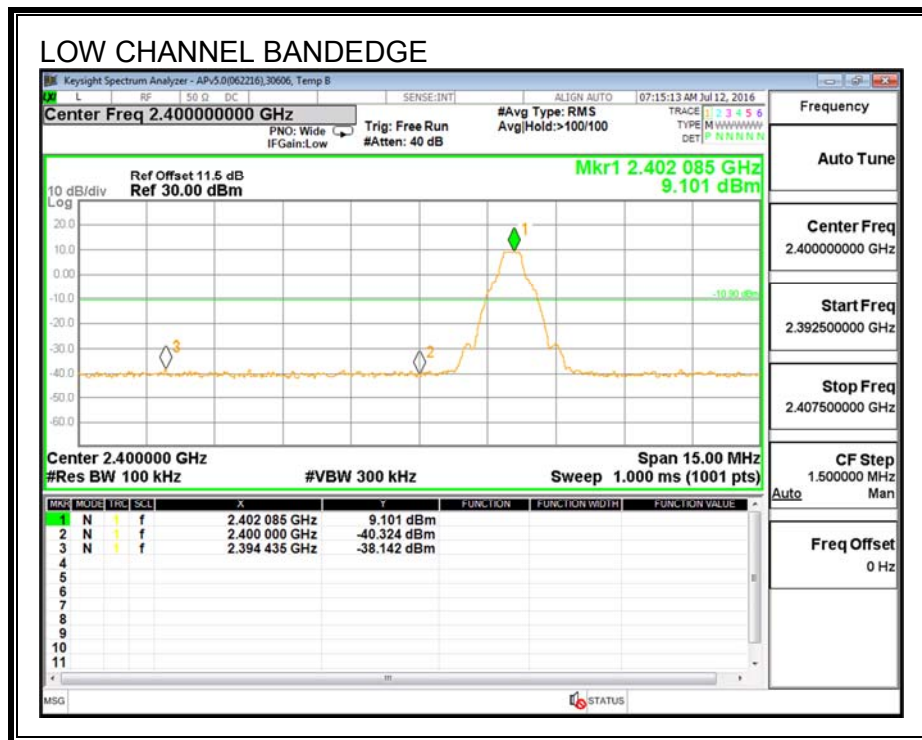
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

The bandedges at 2.4 and 2.4835 GHz are investigated with the transmitter set to the normal hopping mode.

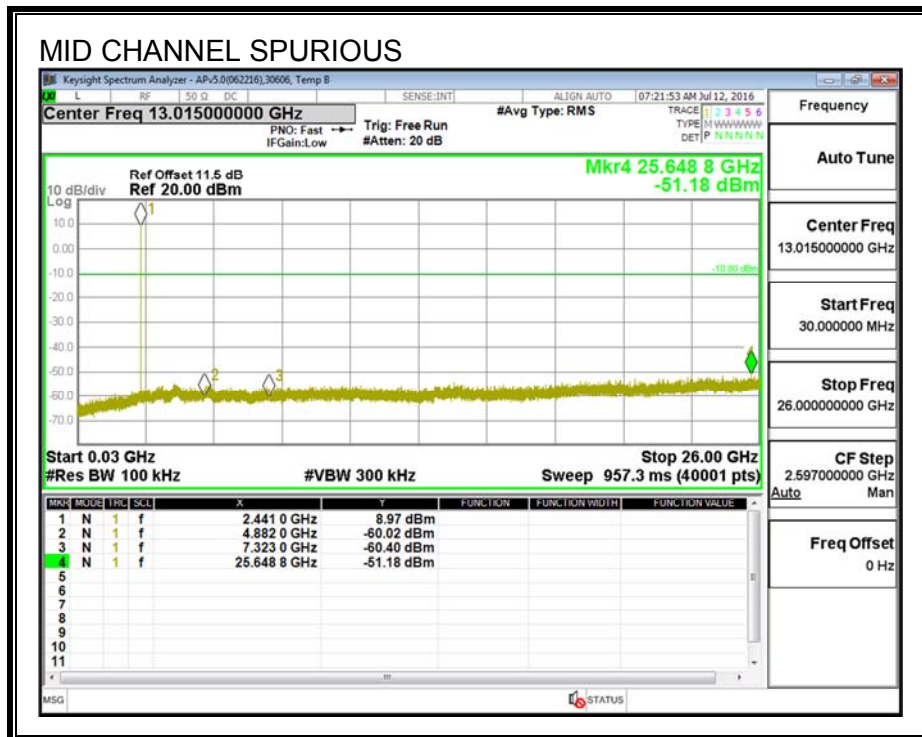
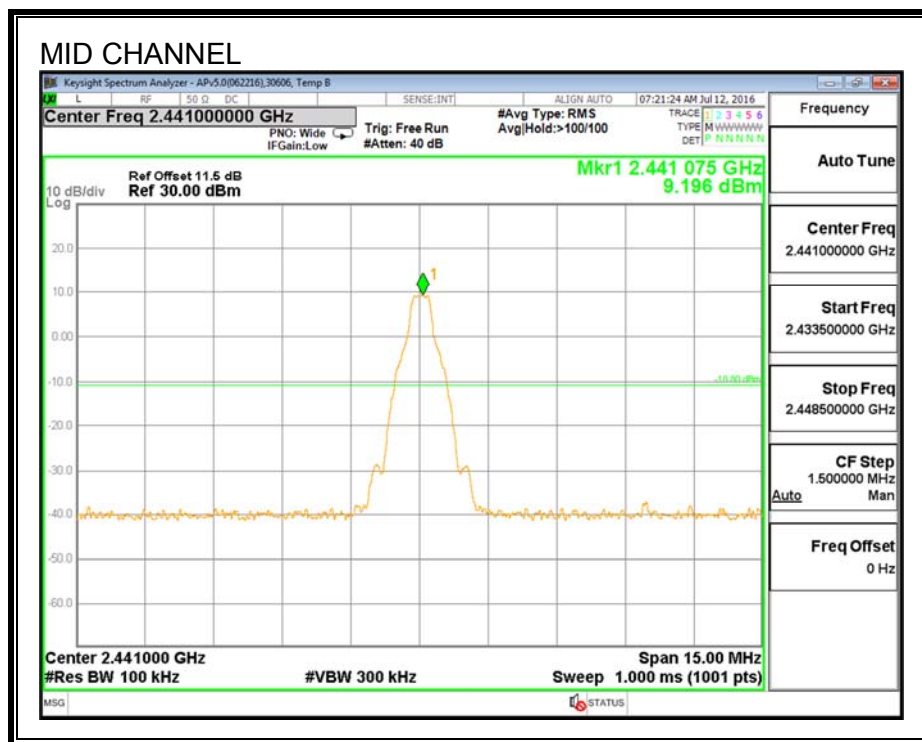
#### **RESULTS**

## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL

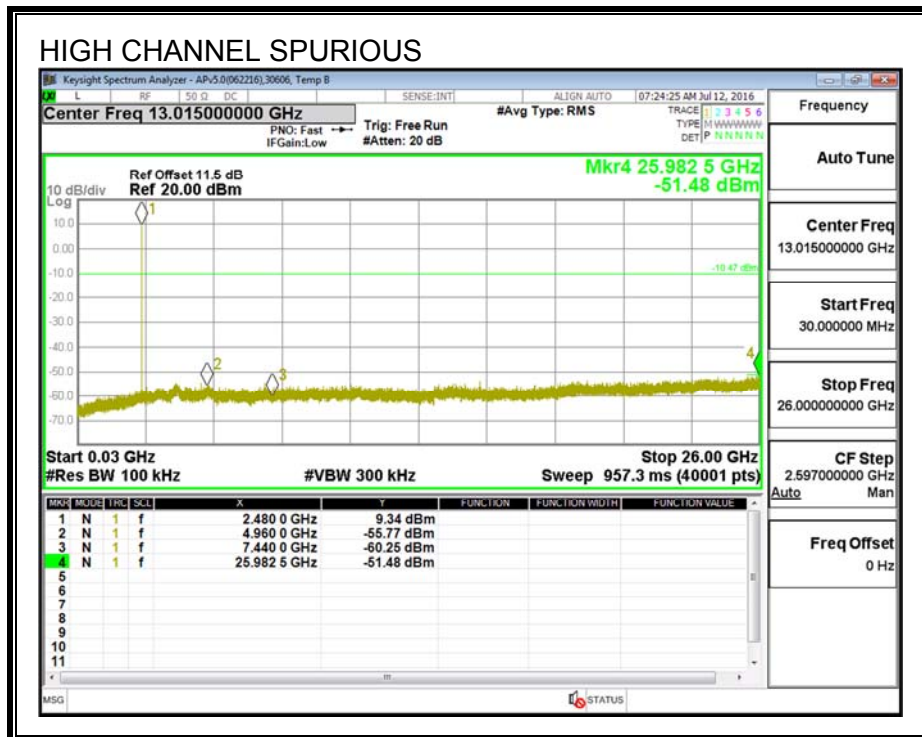
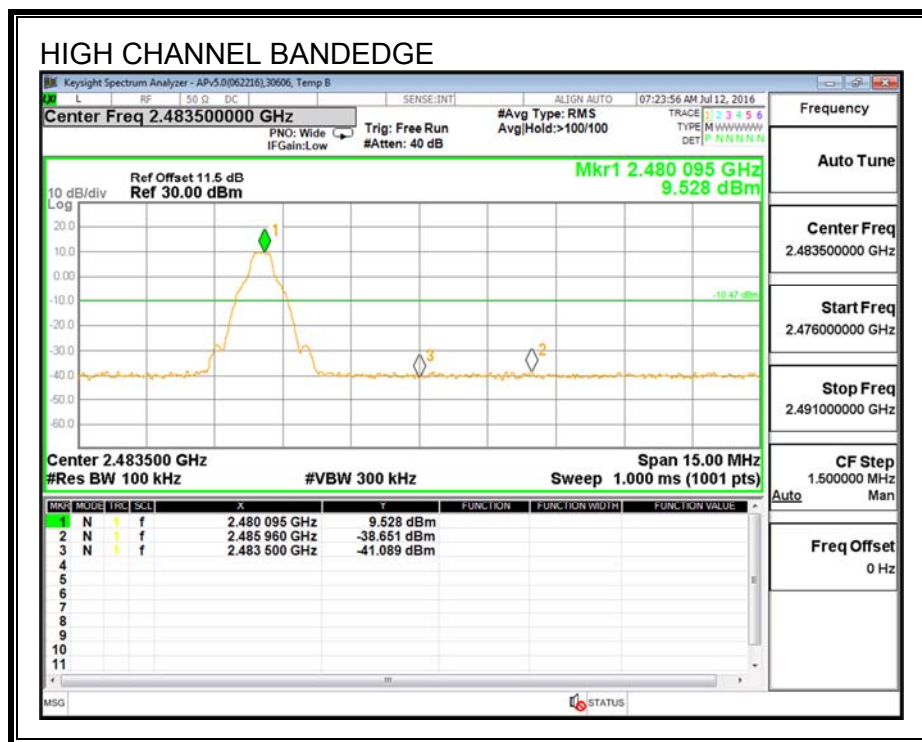




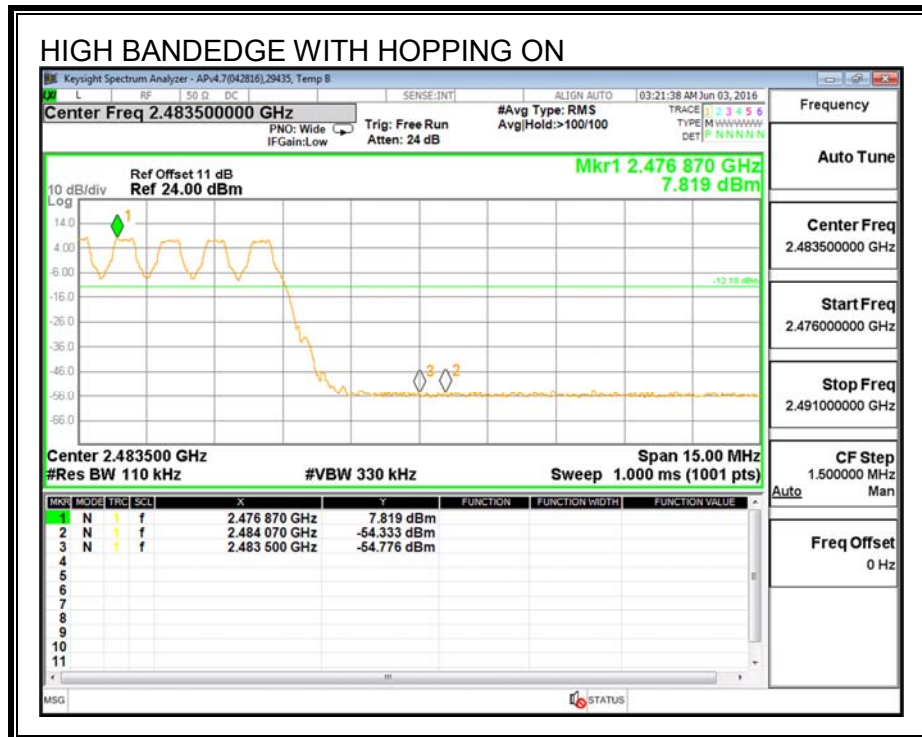
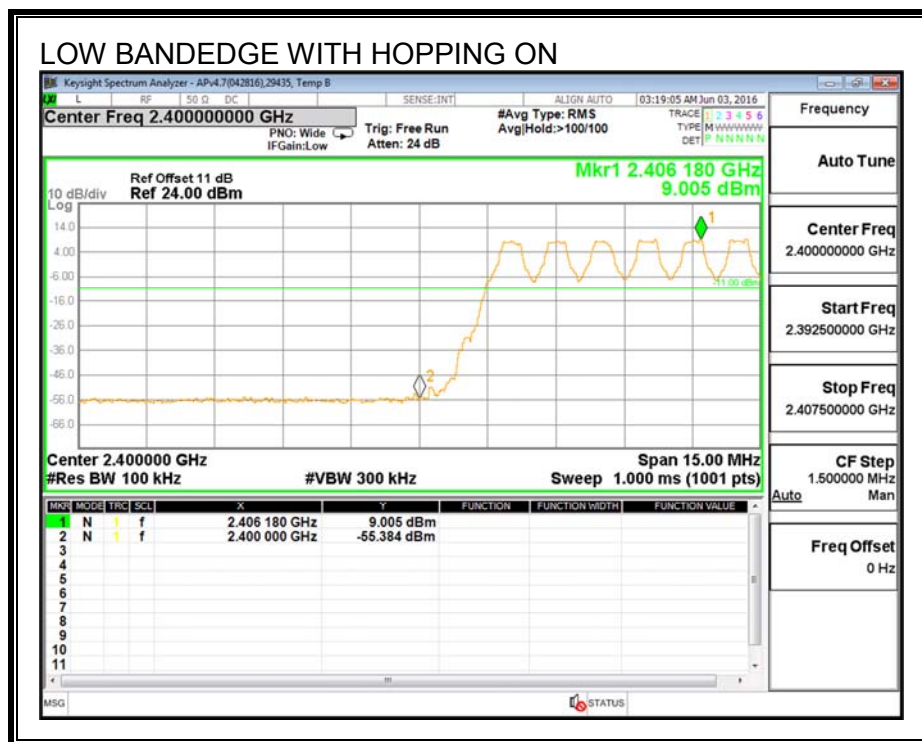
# **SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL**



**SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL**



# SPURIOUS BANDEDGE EMISSIONS WITH HOPPING ON



## 7.6. LOW POWER ENHANCED DATA RATE QPSK MODULATION

### 7.6.1. OUTPUT POWER

#### LIMIT

§15.247 (b) (1)

RSS-247 (5.4) (2)

The maximum antenna gain is less than 6 dBi, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a wideband peak and average power meter.

#### RESULTS

<b>ID:</b>	30606	<b>Date:</b>	7/11/16
------------	-------	--------------	---------

<b>Channel</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Output Power (dBm)</b>	<b>Limit (dBm)</b>	<b>Margin (dB)</b>
Low	2402	9.20	21	-11.77
Middle	2441	9.31	21	-11.66
High	2480	9.39	21	-11.58

## 7.6.2. AVERAGE POWER

### LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

### RESULTS

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

<b>ID:</b>	30606	<b>Date:</b>	7/11/16
------------	-------	--------------	---------

<b>Channel</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Average Power (dBm)</b>
Low	2402	7.26
Middle	2441	7.45
High	2480	7.43