

# FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART E INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-210 ISSUE 8

#### **CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT**

**FOR** 

#### **QUAD-BAND RADIO WITH WLAN AND BT RADIO**

**MODEL NUMBER: A1456, A1532** 

FCC ID: BCG-E2644A IC: 579C-E2644A, 579C-E2644B

**REPORT NUMBER: 13U14987-16** 

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Prepared for

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## **Revision History**

Issue Rev. Date Revisions		Revisions	Revised By
	07/22/13	Initial Issue	T. Chan

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#### 1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

**COMPANY NAME:** APPLE, INC.

1 INFINITE LOOP

CUPERTINO, CA 95014, U.S.A.

QUAD-BAND RADIO WITH WLAN AND BT RADIO **EUT DESCRIPTION:** 

MODEL: A1456, A1532

**SERIAL NUMBER:** C39KD007FHYY (RF) and C7JKT0URFLTW (DFS)

DATE TESTED: MAY 14 – JUNE 12 (RF) and July 16, 20132013 (DFS)

#### **APPLICABLE STANDARDS**

**STANDARD TEST RESULTS** CFR 47 Part 15 Subpart E **Pass** INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-210 Issue 8 Annex 9 **Pass** 

**INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-GEN Issue 3 Pass** 

UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL Verification Services Inc. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government.

Approved & Released For UL Verification Services Inc. By:

Tested By:

Thu Chan

WiSE Operations Manager

UL Verification Services Inc.

Francisco Guarnero WiSE Technician

UL Verification Services Inc.

#### 2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC CFR 47 Part 2, FCC CFR 47 Part 15, FCC 06-96, FCC KDB 789033, ANSI C63.10-2009, RSS-GEN Issue 3, and RSS-210 Issue 8.

#### 3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA.

UL Verification Services Inc. is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <a href="http://www.ccsemc.com">http://www.ccsemc.com</a>.

### 4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

#### 4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

#### 4.2. SAMPLE CALCULATION

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

Field Strength (dBuV/m) = Measured Voltage (dBuV) + Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) – Preamp Gain (dB) 36.5 dBuV + 18.7 dB/m + 0.6 dB – 26.9 dB = 28.9 dBuV/m

#### 4.3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Conducted Disturbance, 0.15 to 30 MHz	3.52 dB
Radiated Disturbance, 30 to 1000 MHz	4.94 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

#### 5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

#### 5.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

Model A1456/A1532 is a mobile phone with multimedia functions (music, application support, and video), cellular GSM/GPRS/EGPRS/WCDMA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA/CDMA/EVDO/LTE radio, IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n, Bluetooth and GPS radio. The rechargeable battery is not user accessible.

#### 5.2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum conducted output power as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
5180 - 5240	802.11a	14.24	26.55
5180 - 5240	802.11n HT20	14.36	27.29
5190 - 5230	802.11n HT40	14.09	25.63
5260 - 5320	802.11a	14.28	26.76
5260 - 5320	802.11n HT20	14.58	28.67
5270 - 5310	802.11n HT40	14.52	28.28
5500 - 5700	802.11a	14.01	25.20
5500 - 5700	802.11n HT20	14.05	25.41
5510 - 5670	802.11n HT40	14.01	25.18

#### 5.1. DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS

The radio utilizes a PiFA antenna, with a maximum gain as below table.

FREQUENCY (MHZ)	ANTENNA GAIN ( dBi)
5150 5250	-0.73
5250 5350	-0.37
5500 5700	1.31
5725 5850	1.59

#### 5.2. SOFTWARE AND FIRMWARE

The firmware installed in the EUT during testing was WL Tool FW 6.10.56.166.

#### 5.3. WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION AND MODE

The worst-case channel for RF radiated emissions below 1GHz tests is channel with highest RF output power.

Based on the investigation results, the highest peak power and enhanced data rate is the worst-case scenario for all measurements.

For the fundamental investigation, the EUT is investigated for vertical and horizontal antenna orientations and the worst case was determined to be at Y-position.

Based on the manufacturer's attestation that the nominal output power is reduced as the data rate increases, the data rates tested represent the highest power and worst-case with respect to EMC performance.

Worst-case data rates were used:

802.11b mode: 1 Mbps 802.11g mode: 6 Mbps 802.11a mode: 6 Mbps 802.11n HT20mode: MCS0 802.11n HT40mode: MCS0

## 6. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

Test Equipment List					
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Asset	Cal Due	
Horn Antenna 1-18GHz	ETS Lindgren	3117	F00133	02/19/14	
Preamplifier, 1300 MHz	Agilent / HP	8447D	C00580	01/28/14	
Antenna, Horn, 26.5 GHz	ARA	SWH-28	C01015	05/06/14	
Antenna, Biconolog, 30MHz-1 GHz	Sunol Sciences	JB3	F00215	03/07/14	
Peak / Average Power Sensor	Agilent / HP	E9323A	F00026	07/27/13	
P-Series single channel Power Meter	Agilent / HP	N1911A	F00153	07/26/13	
Spectrum Analyzer, 3Hz-44GHz	Agilent	N9030A	F00127	02/22/14	
PreApmplifier, 1-26.5GHz	Agilent	8449B	C01052	10/22/13	
LISN, 30 MHz	FCC	LISN-50/250-	N02625	04/17/14	
		25-2			
Antenna, Horn, 40 GHz	ARA	MWH-2640/B	C00981	06/14/14	
EMI Test Receiver, 30 MHz	R & S	ESHS 20	N02396	08/08/13	
Preamplifier, 40 GHz	Miteq	NSP4000-SP2	C00990	08/02/13	

## 7. ON TIME, DUTY CYCLE AND MEASUREMENT METHODS

### **LIMITS**

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### **PROCEDURE**

KDB 789033 Zero-Span Spectrum Analyzer Method.

#### 7.1.1. ON TIME AND DUTY CYCLE RESULTS

Mode	<b>ON Time</b>	Period	<b>Duty Cycle</b>	Duty	Duty Cycle	1/T
	В		х	Cycle	<b>Correction Factor</b>	Minimum VBW
	(msec)	(msec)	(linear)	(%)	(dB)	(kHz)
802.11a 20 MHz	2.061	2.093	0.985	98.5%	0.00	0.010
802.11n HT20	1.920	1.949	0.985	98.5%	0.00	0.010
802.11n HT40	0.943	0.9921	0.951	95.1%	0.22	1.060

#### 7.1.2. MEASUREMENT METHOD FOR POWER AND PPSD

The Duty Cycle is greater than or equal to 98% therefore KDB 789033 Method SA-1 is used.

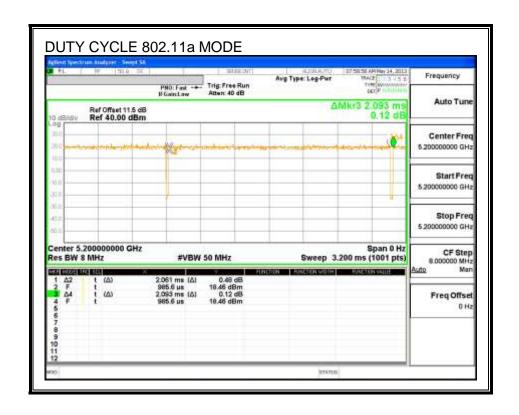
The Duty Cycle is less than 98% and consistent therefore KDB 789033 Method SA-2 is used.

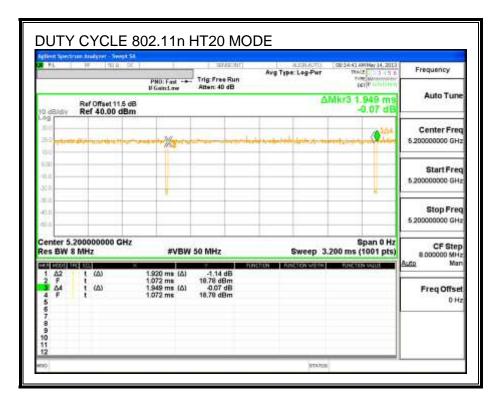
# 7.1.3. MEASUREMENT METHOD FOR AVERAGE SPURIOUS EMISSIONS ABOVE 1 GHz

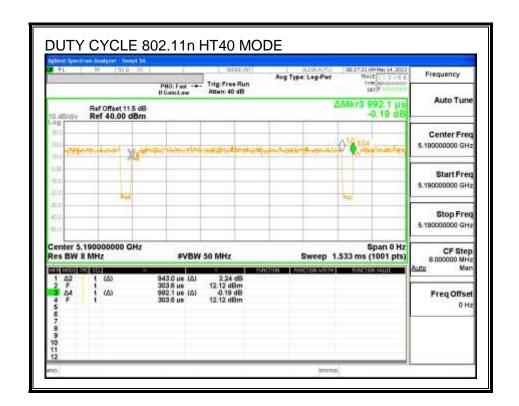
The Duty Cycle is greater than or equal to 98%, KDB 789033 Method AD with Power RMS Averaging is used.

The Duty Cycle is less than 98% and consistent, KDB 789033 Method AD with Power RMS Averaging and duty cycle correction is used.

#### 7.1.4. DUTY CYCLE PLOTS







### 8. ANTENNA PORT TEST RESULTS

#### 8.1. 802.11a MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

#### 8.1.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

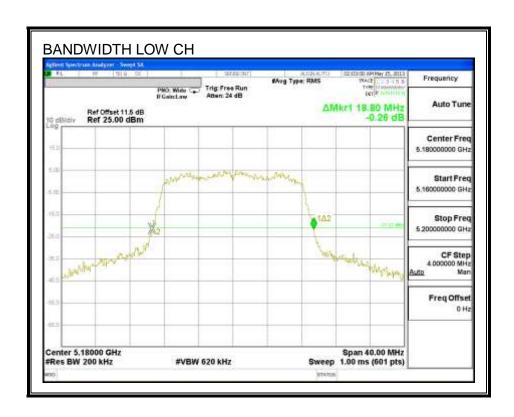
#### LIMITS

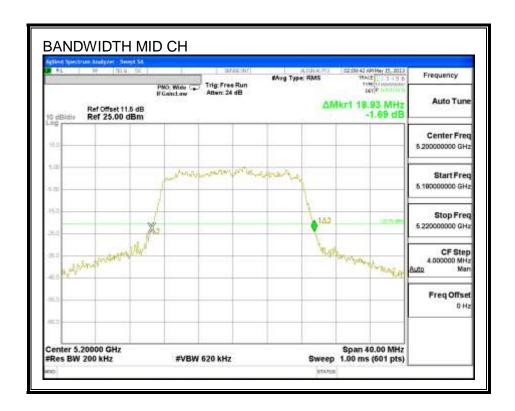
None; for reporting purposes only.

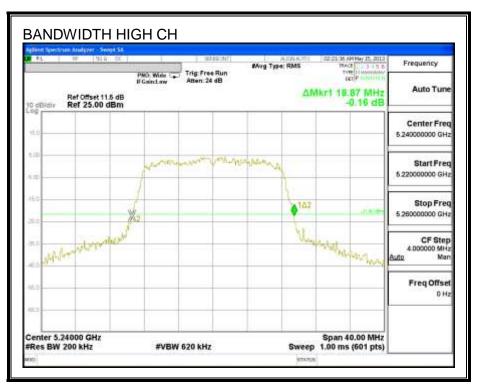
#### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	26 dB Bandwidth	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	
Low	5180	18.80	
Mid	5200	18.93	
High	5240	18.87	

#### **26 dB BANDWIDTH**







#### 8.1.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

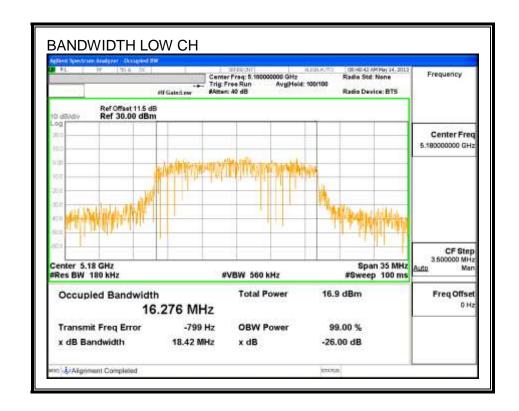
#### LIMITS

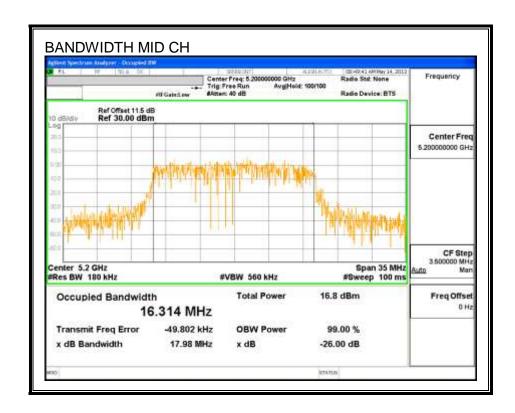
None; for reporting purposes only.

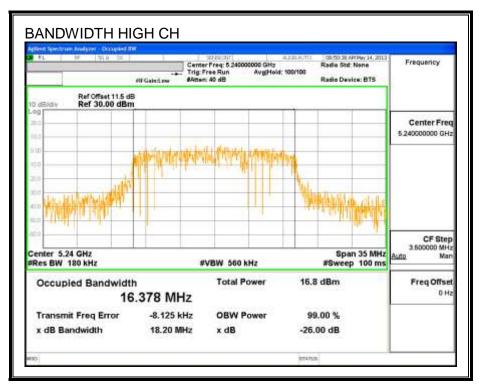
#### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	
Low	5180	16.276	
Mid	5200	16.314	
High	5240	16.378	

#### 99% BANDWIDTH







#### 8.1.3. AVERAGE POWER

#### **LIMITS**

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

#### **RESULTS**

Channel	Channel Frequency	
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5180	14.10
Mid	5200	14.14
High	5240	14.13

#### 8.1.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PSD

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

For the band 5.15–5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 50 mW or 4 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26–dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 4 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or 10 + 10 log10 B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

#### **DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN**

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

#### **RESULTS**

#### **Bandwidth and Antenna Gain**

Channel	Frequency	Min	Min	Directional
		26 dB	99%	Gain
		BW	BW	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBi)
Low	5180	18.80	16.276	-6.00
Mid	5200	18.93	16.314	-6.00
High	5240	18.87	16.378	-6.00

#### Limits

Channel	Frequency	FCC	IC	Max	Power	FCC	IC	PSD
		Power	EIRP	IC	Limit	PSD	eirp	Limit
		Limit	Limit	Power		Limit	PSD	
							Limit	
	(MHz)	(dBm)						
Love	F400	40.74	00.40	00.40	40.74	4.00	40.00	4.00
Low	5180	16.74	22.12	28.12	16.74	4.00	10.00	4.00
Mid	5200	16.74	22.12	28.12	16.74	4.00	10.00	4.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB)	0.00	Included in Calculations of Corr'd Power & PSD
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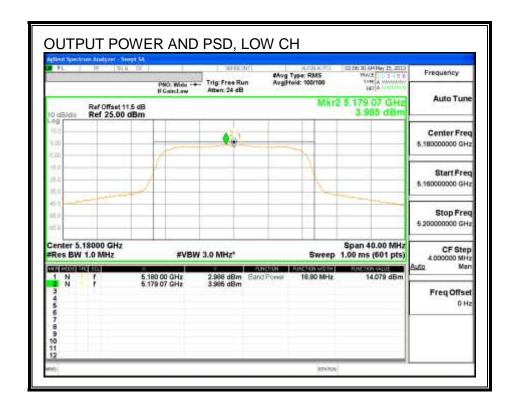
#### **Output Power Results**

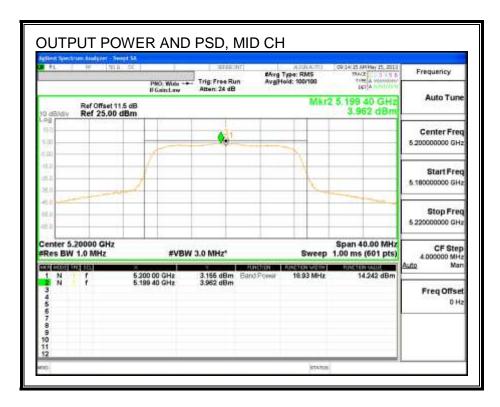
Channel	Frequency	Chain 0	Total	Power	Power
		Meas	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
		Power	Power		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5180	14.08	14.08	16.74	-2.66
Mid	5200	14.24	14.24	16.77	-2.53
High	5240	14.24	14.24	16.76	-2.52

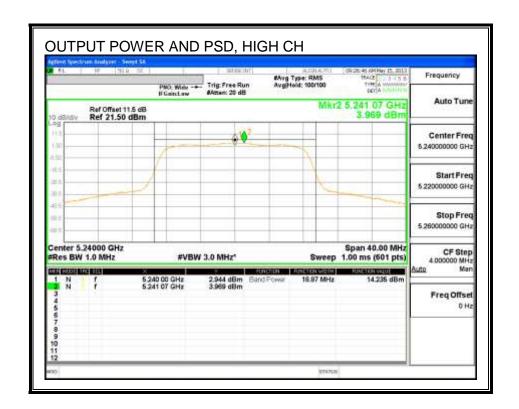
#### **PSD Results**

Channel	Frequency	Chain 0	Total	PSD	PSD
		Meas	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
		PSD	PSD		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5180	3.985	3.985	4.00	-0.01
Mid	5200	3.962	3.962	4.00	-0.04
High	5240	3.969	3.969	4.00	-0.03

#### **OUTPUT POWER AND PSD**







#### 8.1.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### **LIMITS**

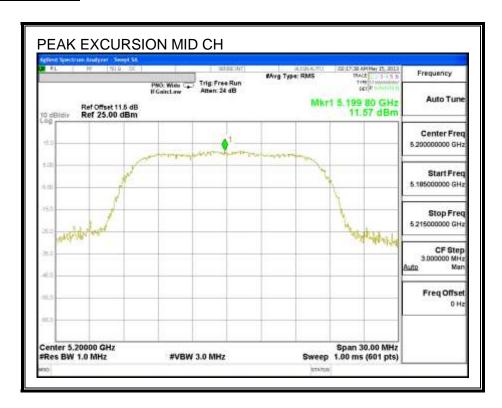
FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

#### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	PK Level	PSD	DCCF	Peak Excursion	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
Mid	5200	11.57	3.962	0.00	7.61	13	-5.39

#### **PEAK EXCURSION**



#### 802.11n HT20 MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND 8.2.

#### 8.2.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

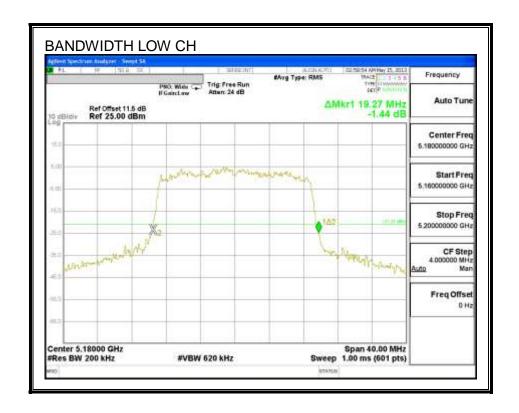
#### **LIMITS**

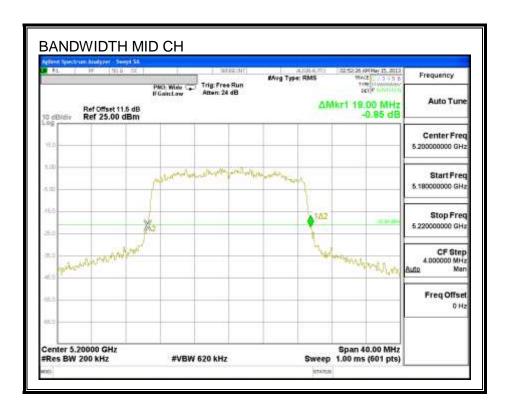
None; for reporting purposes only.

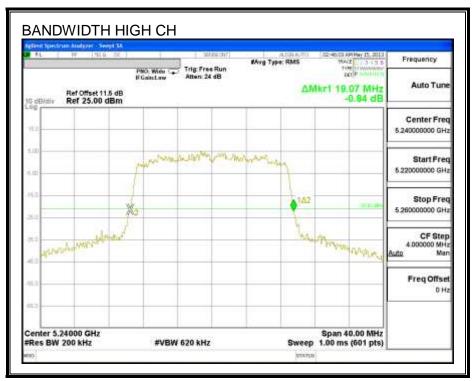
#### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	26 dB Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	5180	19.27
Mid	5200	19.00
High	5240	19.07

#### **26 dB BANDWIDTH**







#### 8.2.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

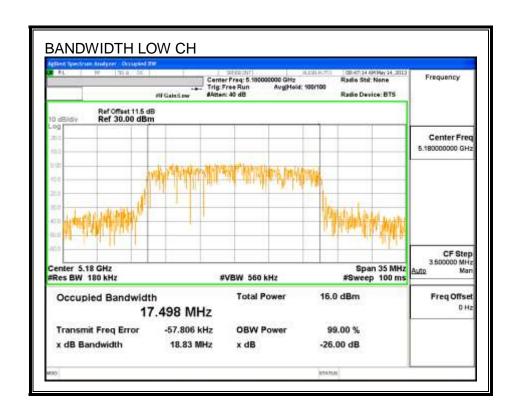
#### **LIMITS**

None; for reporting purposes only.

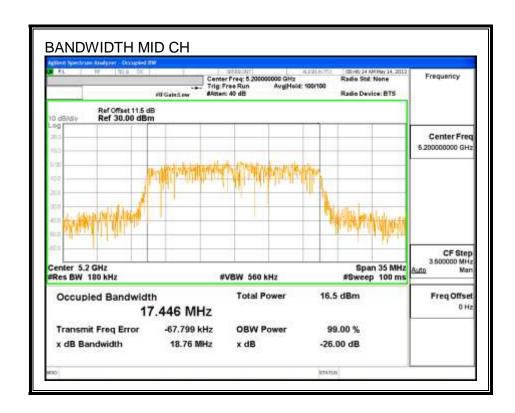
#### **RESULTS**

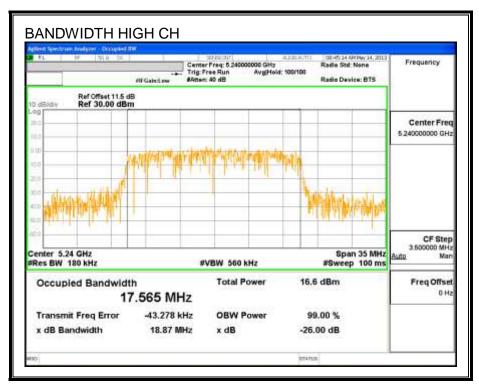
Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	5180	17.498
Mid	5200	17.446
High	5240	17.565

#### 99% BANDWIDTH



FAX: (510) 661-0888





#### 8.2.3. AVERAGE POWER

### **LIMITS**

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

#### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5180	14.10
Mid	5200	14.30
High	5240	14.28

#### 8.2.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PSD

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

For the band 5.15–5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 50 mW or 4 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26–dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 4 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or 10 + 10 log10 B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

#### **DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN**

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

#### **RESULTS**

#### **Bandwidth and Antenna Gain**

Channel	Frequency	Min	Min	Directional
		26 dB	99%	Gain
		BW	BW	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBi)
Low	5180	19.3	17.498	-6.00
Mid	5200	19.0	17.446	-6.00
High	5240	19.1	17.565	-6.00

#### Limits

Channel	Frequency	FCC	IC	Max	Power	FCC	IC	PSD
		Power	EIRP	IC	Limit	PSD	eirp	Limit
		Limit	Limit	Power		Limit	PSD	
							Limit	
	(MHz)	(dBm)						
Low	5180	16.85	22.43	28.43	16.85	4.00	10.00	4.00
Mid	5200	16.79	22.42	28.42	16.79	4.00	10.00	4.00
High	5240	16.80	22.45	28.45	16.80	4.00	10.00	4.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB) 0.00
-------------------------

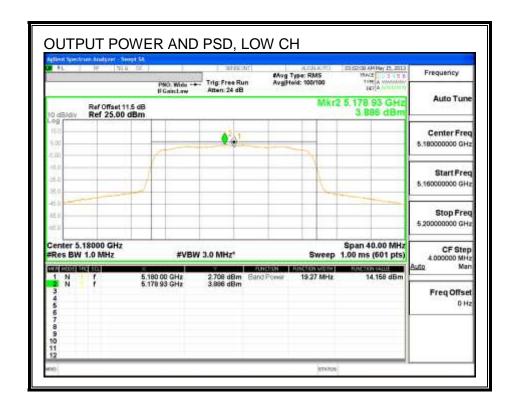
#### **Output Power Results**

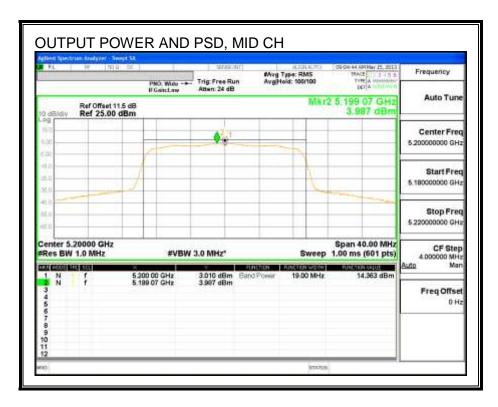
Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	Power	Power
		Power	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
			Power		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5180	14.16	14.16	16.85	-2.69
Mid	5200	14.36	14.36	16.79	-2.42
High	5240	14.32	14.32	16.80	-2.48

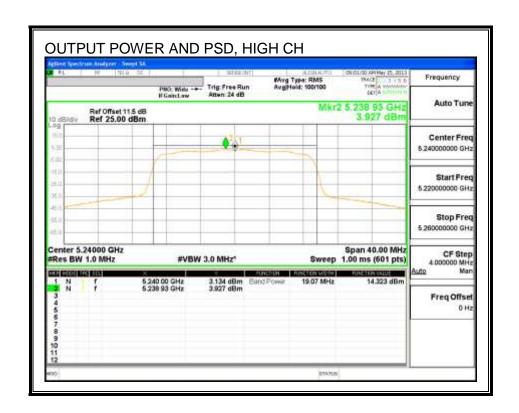
#### **PSD Results**

. OD NOOMIS					
Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	PSD	PSD
		PSD	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
			PSD		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5180	3.89	3.89	4.00	-0.11
Mid	5200	3.99	3.99	4.00	-0.01
High	5240	3.93	3.93	4.00	-0.07

#### **OUTPUT POWER AND PSD**







#### 8.2.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### **LIMITS**

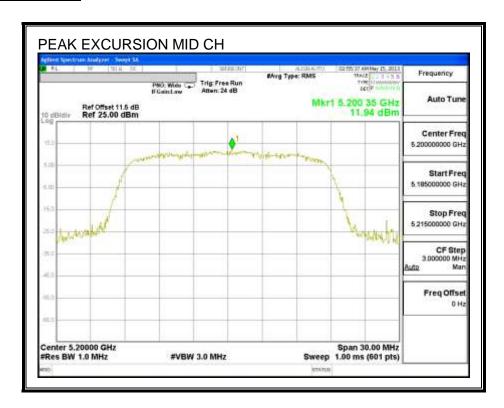
### FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

#### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	PK Level	PSD	DCCF	Peak Excursion	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
Mid	5200	11.94	3.89	0.00	8.05	13	-4.95

#### **PEAK EXCURSION**



### 8.3. 802.11n HT40 MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

#### 8.3.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

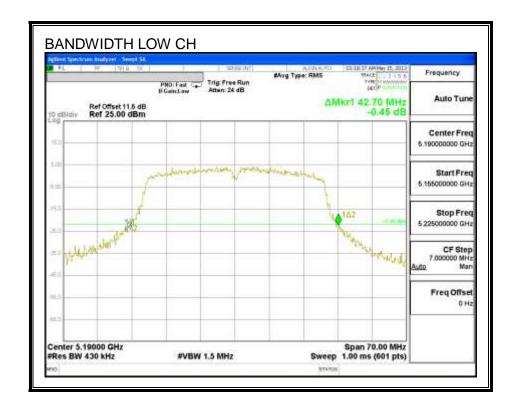
#### **LIMITS**

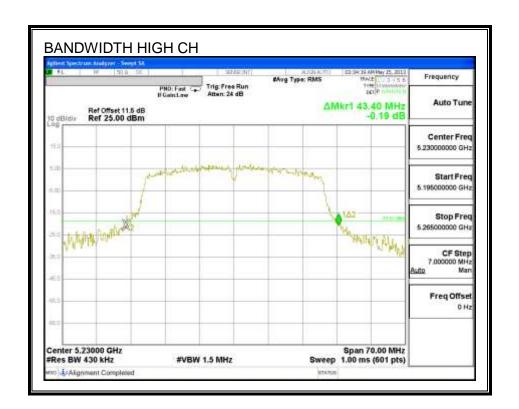
None; for reporting purposes only.

#### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	26 dB Bandwidt	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	
Low	5190	42.70	
High	5230	43.40	

#### **26 dB BANDWIDTH**





#### 8.3.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

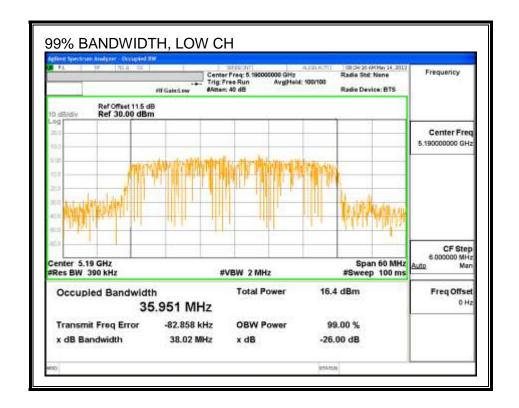
#### **LIMITS**

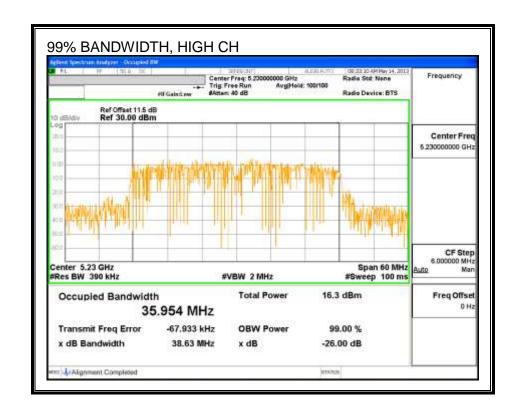
None; for reporting purposes only.

#### **RESULTS**

Channel Frequency		99% Bandwidth		
	(MHz)	(MHz)		
Low	5190	35.951		
High	5230	35.954		

#### 99% BANDWIDTH





# 8.3.3. AVERAGE POWER

# **LIMITS**

None; for reporting purposes only.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5190	13.95
High	5230	14.05

## 8.3.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

For the band 5.15–5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 50 mW or 4 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26–dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 4 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or 10 + 10 log10 B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

### **DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN**

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

### **RESULTS**

# **Bandwidth and Antenna Gain**

Channel	Frequency	Min	Min	Directional
		26 dB	99%	Gain
		BW	BW	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBi)
Low	5190	42.7	36.0	-6.00
High	5230	43.4	36.0	-6.00

### Limits

Channel	Frequency	FCC	IC	Max	Power	FCC	IC	PPSD
		Power	EIRP	IC	Limit	PPSD	eirp	Limit
		Limit	Limit	Power		Limit	PSD	
							Limit	
	(MHz)	(dBm)						
Low	5190	17.00	23.00	29.00	17.00	4.00	10.00	4.00
High	5230	17.00	23.00	29.00	17.00	4.00	10.00	4.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB) 0.	.22	Included in Calculations of Corr'd Power & PPSD
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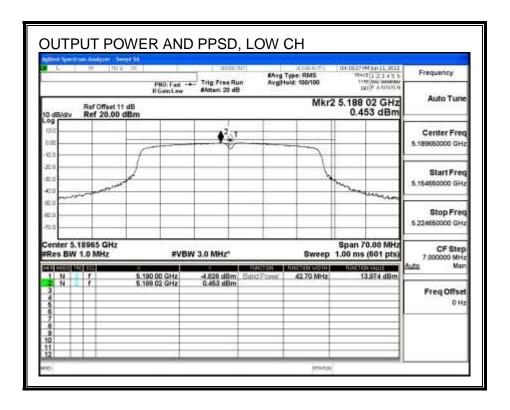
# **Output Power Results**

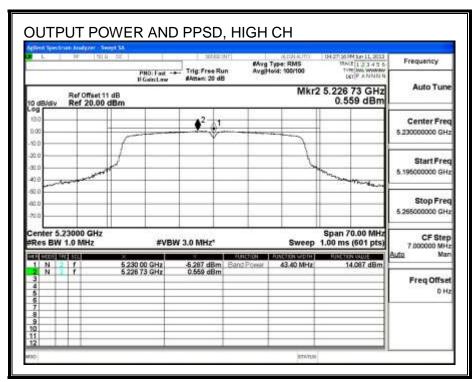
Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	Power	Power
		Power	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
			Power		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5190	13.974	14.19	17.00	-2.81

# **PPSD Results**

Channel	Frequency	Meas PPSD	Total Corr'd PPSD	PPSD Limit	PPSD Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5190	0.453	0.67	4.00	-3.33

### **OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD**





# 8.3.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

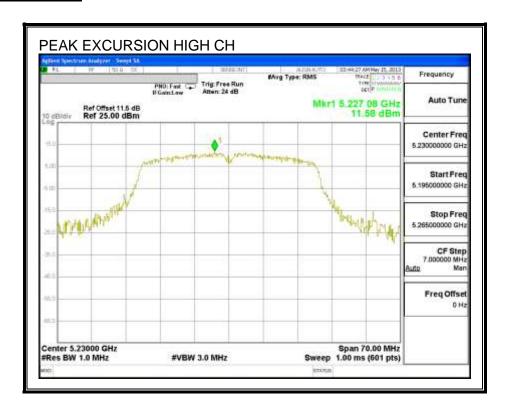
# **RESULTS**

Refer to the results of 802.11n HT20 mode in the 5.2 GHz band.

#### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	PK Level	PSD	DCCF Peak Excursion		Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
High	5230	11.58	0.453	0.22	10.91	13	-2.09

#### **PEAK EXCURSION**



#### 802.11a MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND 8.4.

# 8.4.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

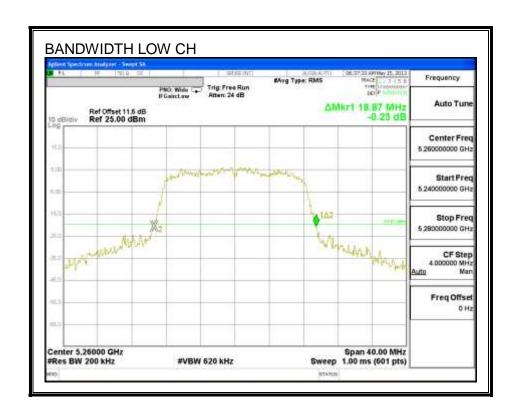
# **LIMITS**

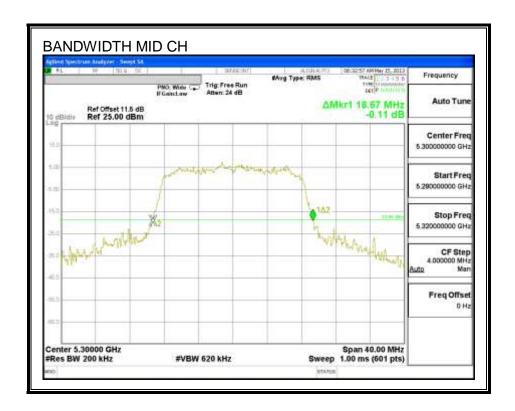
None; for reporting purposes only.

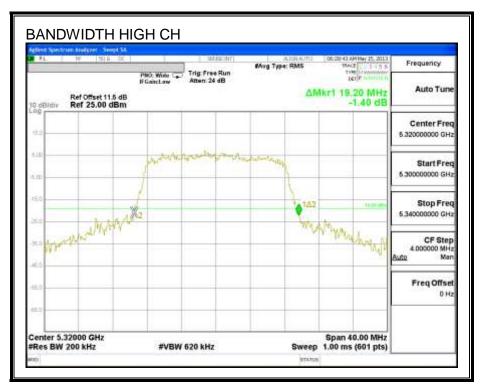
# **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	26 dB Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	5260	18.87
Mid	5300	18.67
High	5320	19.20

### **26 dB BANDWIDTH**







# 8.4.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

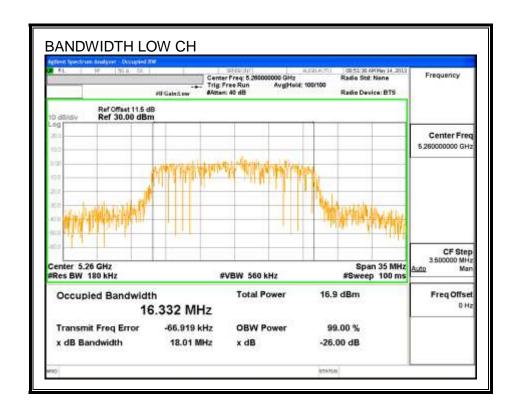
# **LIMITS**

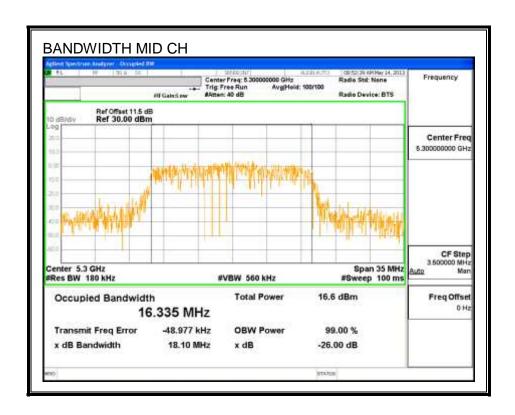
None; for reporting purposes only.

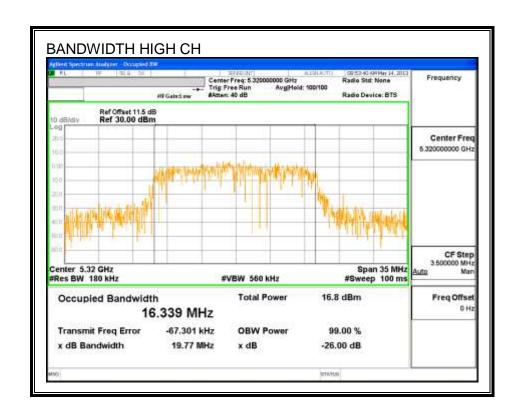
### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	5260	16.332
Mid	5300	16.335
High	5320	16.339

# 99% BANDWIDTH







# 8.4.3. AVERAGE POWER

### **LIMITS**

None; for reporting purposes only.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5260	14.40
Mid	5300	14.26
High	5320	14.25

## 8.4.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

For the band 5.25–5.35 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26–dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or 10 + 10 log10 B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

### **DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN**

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

### **RESULTS**

#### **Bandwidth and Antenna Gain**

Channel	Frequency	Min	Min	Directional
		26 dB	99%	Gain
		BW	BW	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBi)
Low	5260	18.9	16.3	-6.00
Mid	5300	18.7	16.3	-6.00
High	5320	19.2	16.3	-6.00

# Limits

Channel	Frequency	FCC	IC	IC	Power	FCC	IC	PPSD
		Power	Power	EIRP	Limit	PPSD	PSD	Limit
		Limit	Limit	Limit		Limit	Limit	
	(MHz)	(dBm)						
Low	5260	23.76	23.13	29.13	23.13	11.00	11.00	11.00
Mid	5300	23.71	23.13	29.13	23.13	11.00	11.00	11.00
High	5320	23.83	23.13	29.13	23.13	11.00	11.00	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB) 0.00	Included in Calculations of Corr'd Power & PPSD
-------------------------	---

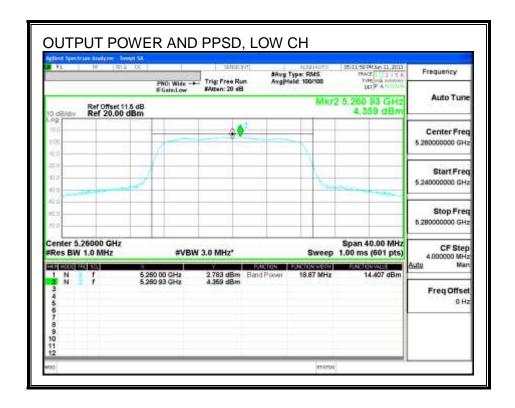
## **Output Power Results**

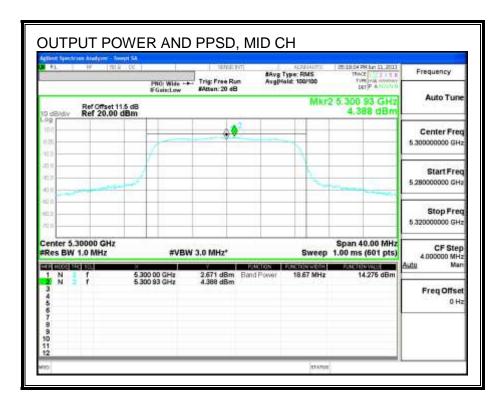
Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	Power	Power
		Power	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
			Power		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5260	14.407	14.41	23.13	-8.72
Mid	5300	14.275	14.28	23.13	-8.86
High	5320	14.260	14.26	23.13	-8.87

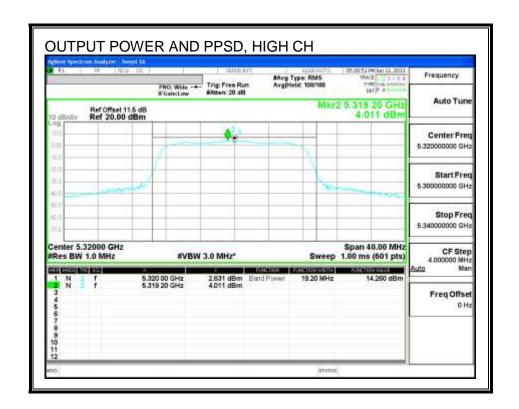
# **PPSD Results**

Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	PPSD	PPSD
		PPSD	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
			PPSD		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5260	4.359	4.36	11.00	-6.64
Mid	5300	4.388	4.39	11.00	-6.61
High	5320	4.011	4.01	11.00	-6.99

#### **OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD**







# 8.4.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

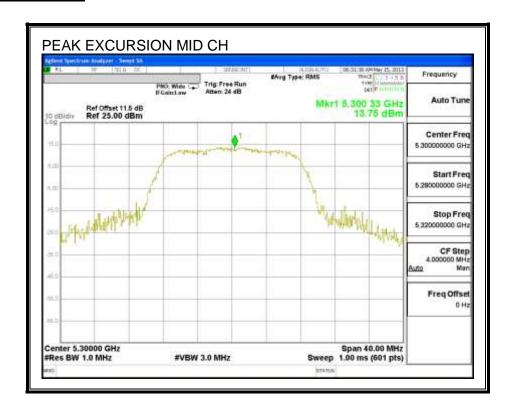
# **RESULTS**

Refer to the results of 802.11n HT20 mode in the 5.2 GHz band.

#### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	PK Level	PSD	DCCF	Peak Excursion	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
Mid	5300	13.75	4.011	0.00	9.74	13	-3.26

#### **PEAK EXCURSION**



# 8.5. 802.11n HT20 MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND

# 8.5.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

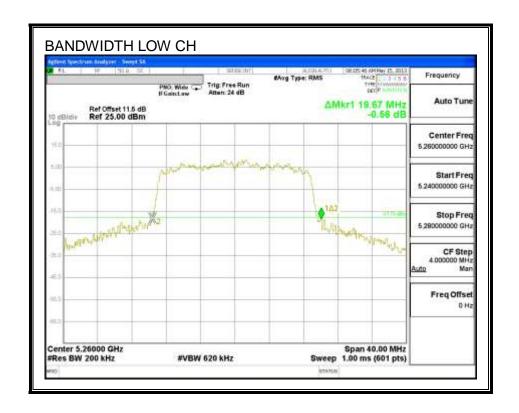
# **LIMITS**

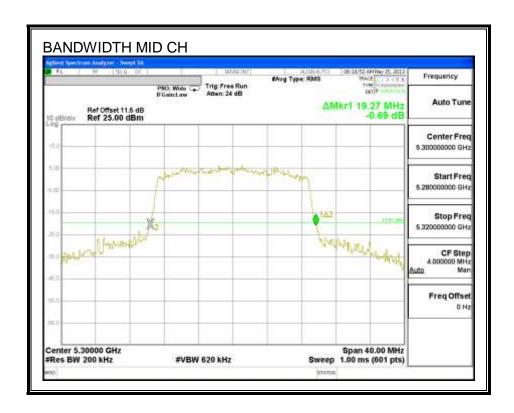
None; for reporting purposes only.

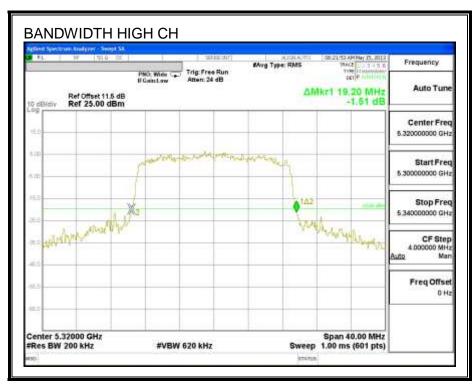
# **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	26 dB Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	5260	19.67
Mid	5300	19.27
High	5320	19.20

# **26 dB BANDWIDTH**







# 8.5.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

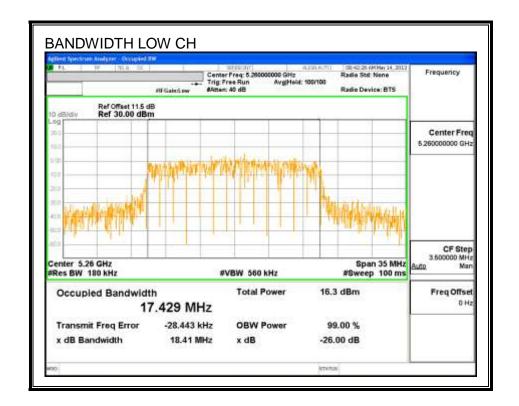
#### LIMITS

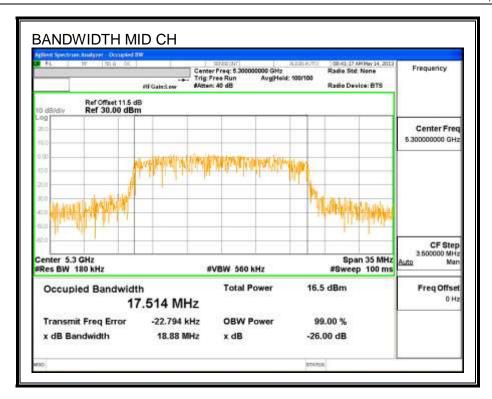
None; for reporting purposes only.

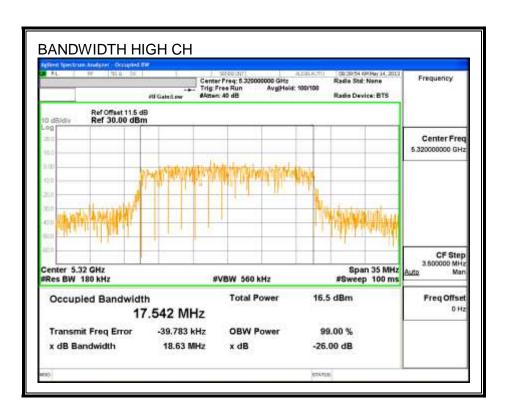
## **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	5260	17.429
Mid	5300	17.514
High	5320	17.542

# 99% BANDWIDTH







# 8.5.3. AVERAGE POWER

### **LIMITS**

None; for reporting purposes only.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5260	14.56
Mid	5300	14.44
High	5320	14.32

## 8.5.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

For the band 5.25–5.35 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26–dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or 10 + 10 log10 B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

### **DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN**

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

### **RESULTS**

#### **Bandwidth and Antenna Gain**

Channel	Frequency	Min Min		Directional
		26 dB	99%	Gain
		BW	BW	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBi)
Low	5260	19.7	17.4	-6.00
Mid	5300	19.3	17.5	-6.00
High	5320	19.2	17.5	-6.00

### Limits

Channel	Frequency	FCC	IC	IC	Power	FCC	IC	PPSD
		Power	Power	EIRP	Limit	PPSD	PSD	Limit
		Limit	Limit	Limit		Limit	Limit	
	(MHz)	(dBm)						
Low	5260	23.94	23.41	29.41	23.41	11.00	11.00	11.00
Mid	5300	23.85	23.43	29.43	23.43	11.00	11.00	11.00
High	5320	23.83	23.44	29.44	23.44	11.00	11.00	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB) 0.00	Included in Calculations of Corr'd Power & PPSD
-------------------------	---

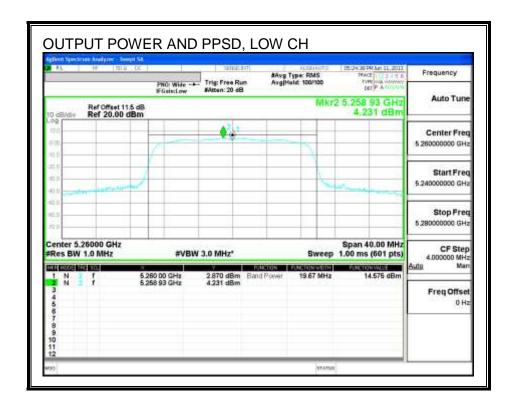
## **Output Power Results**

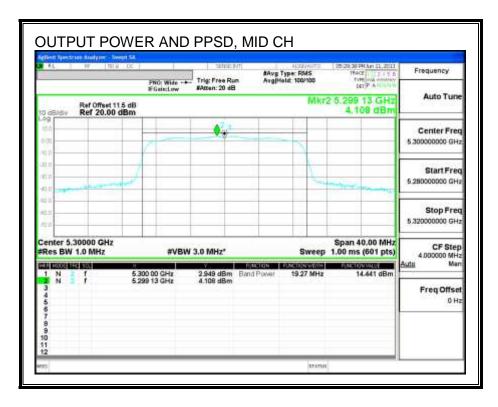
Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	Power	Power
		Power	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
			Power		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5260	14.575	14.58	23.41	-8.84
Mid	5300	14.441	14.44	23.43	-8.99
High	5320	14.335	14.34	23.44	-9.11

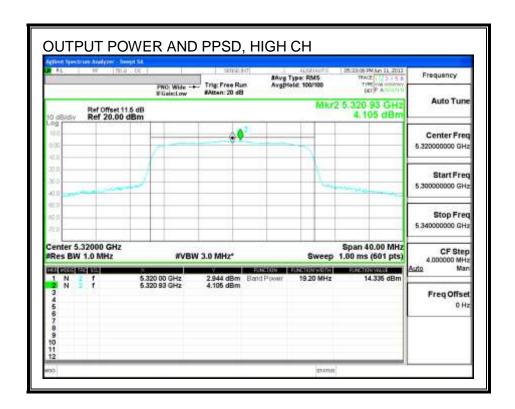
# **PPSD Results**

Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	PPSD	PPSD
		PPSD	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
			PPSD		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5260	4.231	4.23	11.00	-6.77
Mid	5300	4.108	4.11	11.00	-6.89
High	5320	4.105	4.11	11.00	-6.90

### **OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD**







# 8.5.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

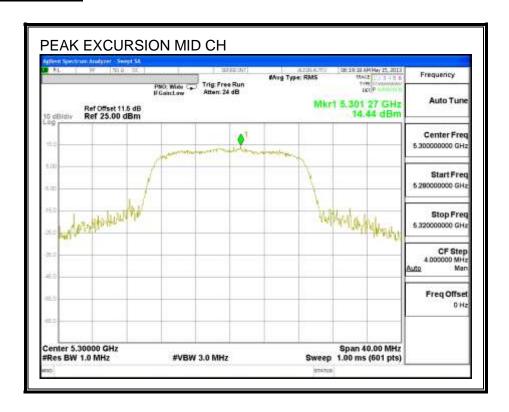
# **RESULTS**

Refer to the results of 802.11n HT20 mode in the 5.2 GHz band.

#### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	PK Level	PSD	DCCF	Peak Excursion	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
Mid	5300	14.44	4.105	0.00	10.34	13	-2.67

#### **PEAK EXCURSION**



#### 802.11n HT40 MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND 8.6.

# 8.6.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

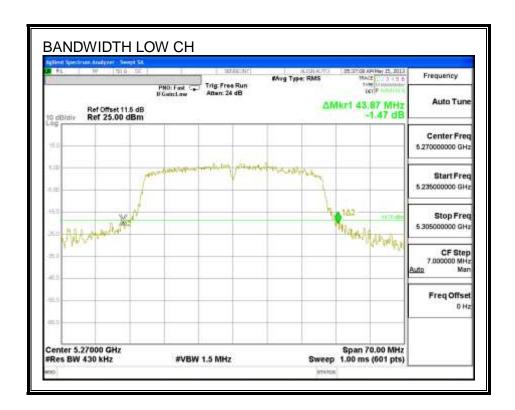
# **LIMITS**

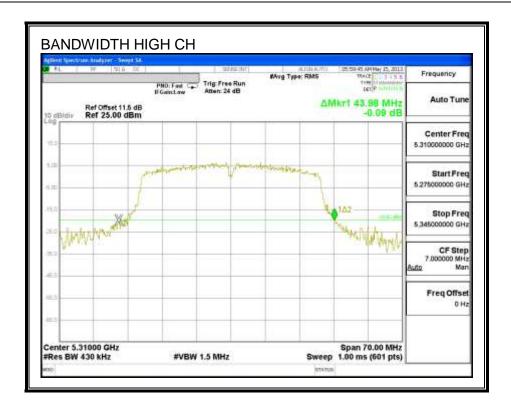
None; for reporting purposes only.

# **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	26 dB Bandwidth		
(MHz)		(MHz)		
Low	5270	43.87		
High	5310	43.98		

### **26 dB BANDWIDTH**





# 8.6.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

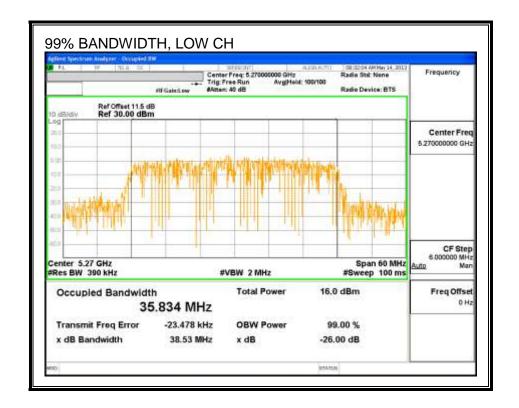
# **LIMITS**

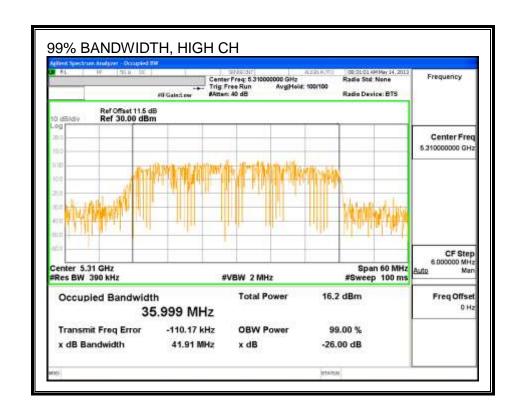
None; for reporting purposes only.

### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth		
	(MHz)	(MHz)		
Low	5270	35.834		
High	5310	35.999		

# 99% BANDWIDTH





# 8.6.3. AVERAGE POWER

### **LIMITS**

None; for reporting purposes only.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5270	14.50
High	5310	14.40

## 8.6.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

For the band 5.25–5.35 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26–dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or 10 + 10 log10 B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

### **DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN**

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

# **RESULTS**

### **Bandwidth and Antenna Gain**

Channel	Frequency	Min	Min	Directional
		26 dB	99%	Gain
		BW	BW	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBi)
Low	5270	43.9	35.8	-6.00
High	5310	44.0	36.0	-6.00

### Limits

Channel	Frequency	FCC	IC	IC	Power	FCC	IC	PPSD
		Power	Power	EIRP	Limit	PPSD	PSD	Limit
		Limit	Limit	Limit		Limit	Limit	
	(MHz)	(dBm)						
Low	5270	24.00	24.00	30.00	24.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
High	5310	24.00	24.00	30.00	24.00	11.00	11.00	11.00

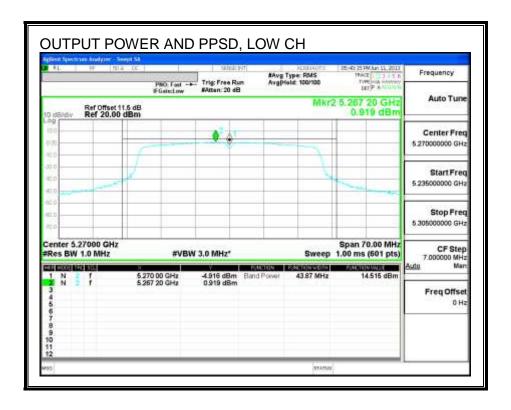
#### **Output Power Results**

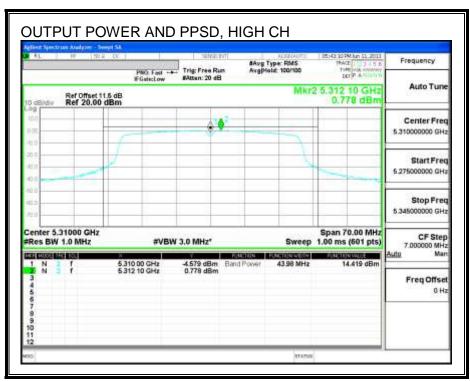
Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	Power	Power
		Power	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
			Power		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5270	14.515	14.74	24.00	-9.27
High	5310	14.419	14.64	24.00	-9.36

# **PPSD Results**

Channel	Frequency	Meas PPSD	Total Corr'd PPSD	PPSD Limit	PPSD Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5270	0.919	1.14	11.00	-9.86
High	5310	0.778	1.00	11.00	-10.00

#### **OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD,**





# 8.6.5. PEAK EXCURSION Fixed

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

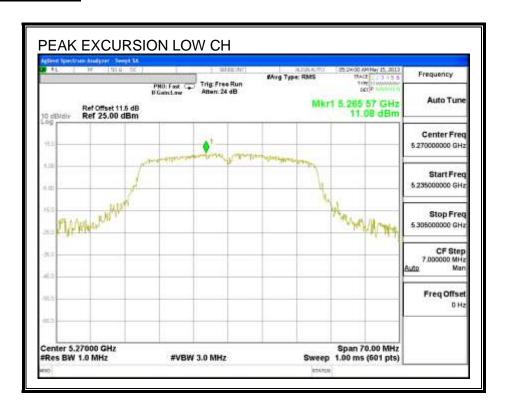
The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

# **RESULTS**

Refer to the results of 802.11n HT20 mode in the 5.2 GHz band.

Channel	Frequency	PK Level	PSD	DCCF	Peak Excursion	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
Low	5270	11.08	0.778	0.22	10.08	13	-2.92

#### **PEAK EXCURSION**



# 8.7. 802.11a MODE IN THE 5.6 GHz BAND

# 8.7.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

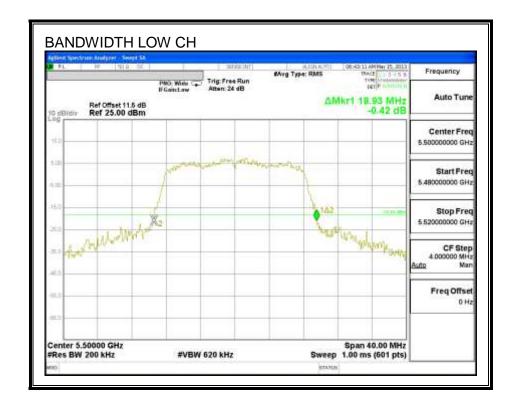
# <u>LIMITS</u>

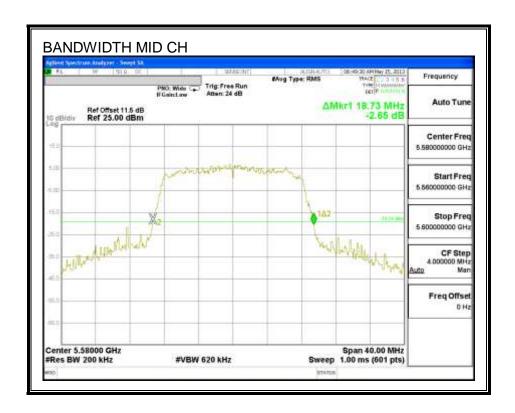
None; for reporting purposes only.

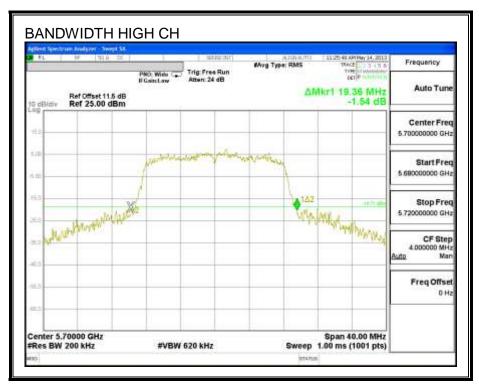
# **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	26 dB Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	5500	18.93
Mid	5580	18.73
High	5700	19.36

### 26 dB BANDWIDTH







## 8.7.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

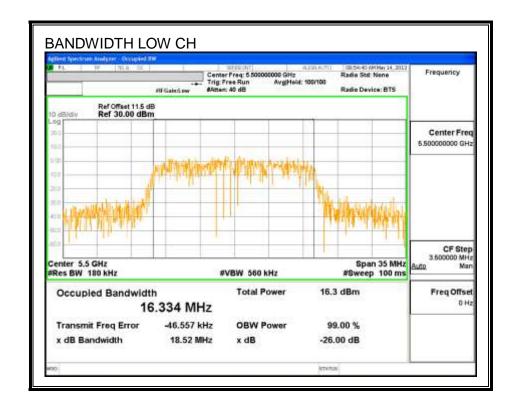
#### LIMITS

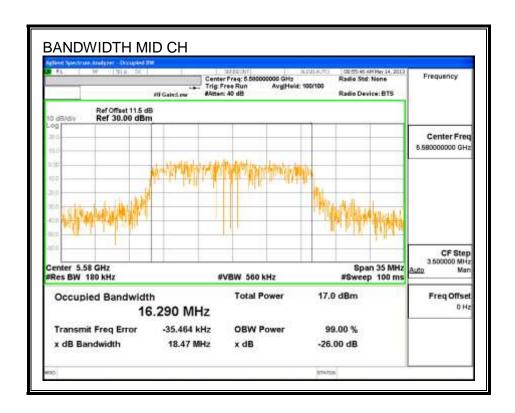
None; for reporting purposes only.

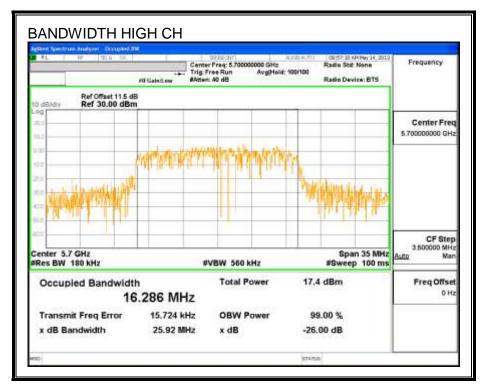
### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	5500	16.334
Mid	5580	16.290
High	5700	16.286

## 99% BANDWIDTH







## 8.7.3. AVERAGE POWER

# **LIMITS**

None; for reporting purposes only.

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

## **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5500	13.90
Mid	5580	13.90
High	5700	14.00

## 8.7.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

For the band 5.5–5.7 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26–dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or 10 + 10 log10 B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

### **DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN**

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

### **RESULTS**

### **Bandwidth and Antenna Gain**

Channel	Frequency	Min	Min	Directional
		26 dB	99%	Gain
		BW	BW	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBi)
Low	5500	18.9	16.3	-5.50
Mid	5580	18.7	16.3	-5.50
High	5700	19.4	16.3	-5.50

### Limits

Channel	Frequency	FCC	IC	IC	Power	FCC	IC	PPSD
		Power	Power	EIRP	Limit	PPSD	PSD	Limit
		Limit	Limit	Limit		Limit	Limit	
	(MHz)	(dBm)						
Low	5500	23.77	23.13	29.13	23.13	11.00	11.00	11.00
Mid	5580	23.73	23.12	29.12	23.12	11.00	11.00	11.00
High	5700	23.87	23.12	29.12	23.12	11.00	11.00	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB) 0.00	Included in Calculations of Corr'd Power & PPSD
-------------------------	---

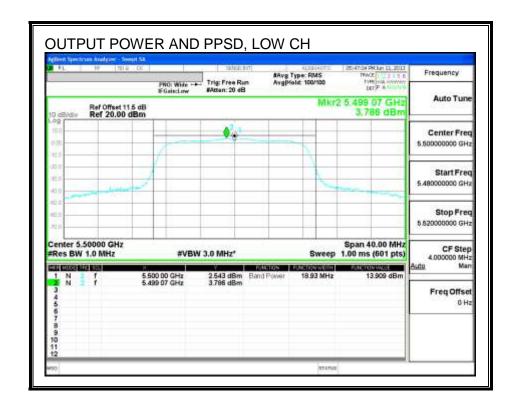
### **Output Power Results**

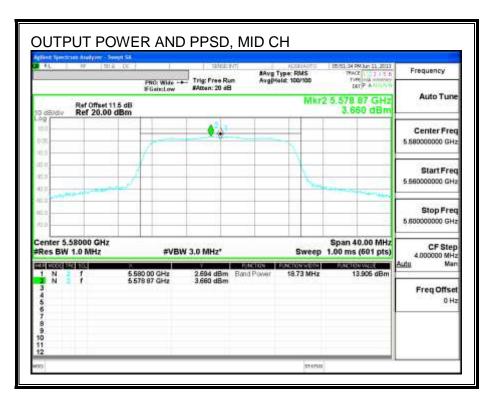
Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	Power	Power
		Power	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
			Power		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5500	13.909	13.91	23.13	-9.22
Mid	5580	13.905	13.91	23.12	-9.21
High	5700	14.014	14.01	23.12	-9.10

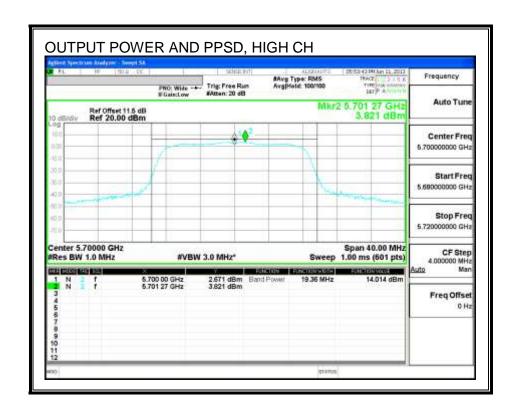
## **PPSD Results**

Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	PPSD	PPSD
		PPSD	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
			PPSD		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5500	3.786	3.79	11.00	-7.21
Mid	5580	3.660	3.66	11.00	-7.34
High	5700	3.821	3.82	11.00	-7.18

### **OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD**







## 8.7.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

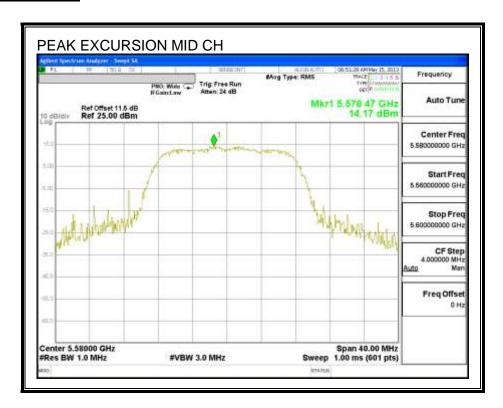
The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

### **RESULTS**

Refer to the results of 802.11n HT20 mode in the 5.2 GHz band.

Channel	Frequency	PK Level	PSD	DCCF	Peak Excursion	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
Mid	5580	14.17	3.66	0.00	10.51	13	-2.49

#### **PEAK EXCURSION**



# 8.8. 802.11n HT20 MODE IN THE 5.6 GHz BAND

## 8.8.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

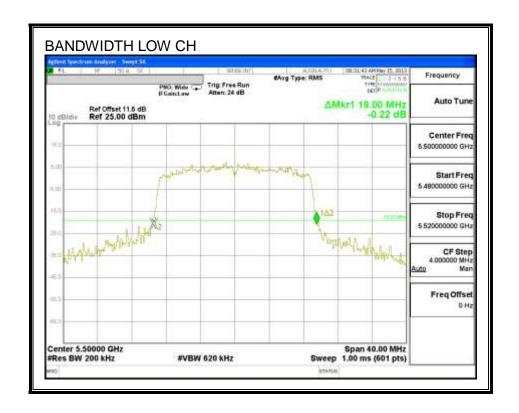
## **LIMITS**

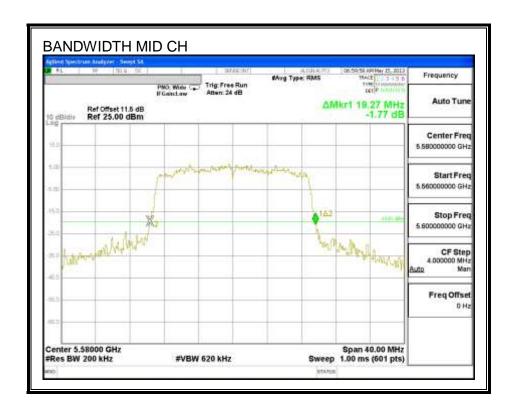
None; for reporting purposes only.

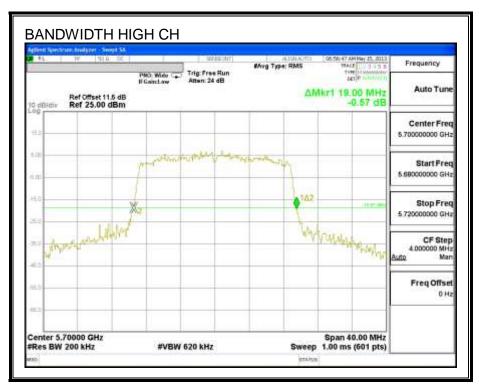
# **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	26 dB Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	5500	19.00
Mid	5580	19.27
High	5700	19.00

## **26 dB BANDWIDTH**







## 8.8.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

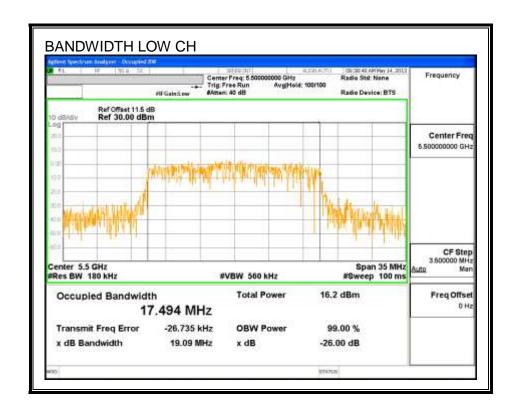
#### LIMITS

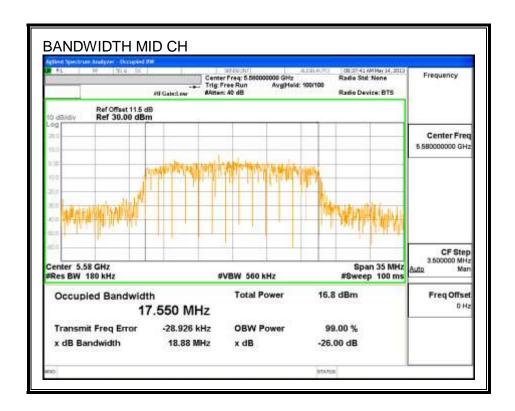
None; for reporting purposes only.

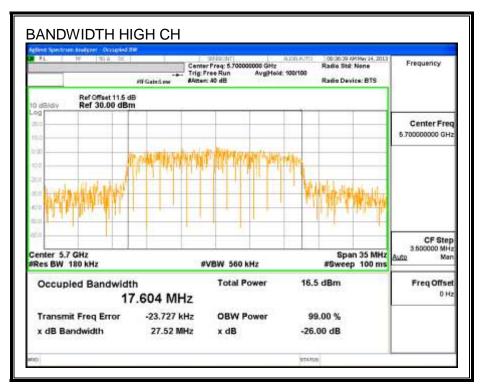
### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	5500	17.494
Mid	5580	17.550
High	5700	17.604

## 99% BANDWIDTH







## 8.8.3. AVERAGE POWER

# **LIMITS**

None; for reporting purposes only.

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

## **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5500	13.98
Mid	5580	14.03
High	5700	13.81

### 8.8.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

For the band 5.5–5.7 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26–dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or 10 + 10 log10 B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

### **DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN**

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

## **RESULTS**

### **Bandwidth and Antenna Gain**

Channel	Frequency	Min	Min	Directional
		26 dB	99%	Gain
		BW	BW	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBi)
Low	5500	19.0	17.5	-5.50
Mid	5580	19.3	17.6	-5.50
High	5700	19.0	17.6	-5.50

### Limits

Channel	Frequency	FCC	IC	IC	Power	FCC	IC	PPSD
		Power	Power	EIRP	Limit	PPSD	PSD	Limit
		Limit	Limit	Limit		Limit	Limit	
	(MHz)	(dBm)						
Low	5500	23.79	23.43	29.43	23.43	11.00	11.00	11.00
Mid	5580	23.85	23.44	29.44	23.44	11.00	11.00	11.00
High	5700	23.79	23.46	29.46	23.46	11.00	11.00	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB) 0.00	Included in Calculations of Corr'd Power & PPSD
-------------------------	---

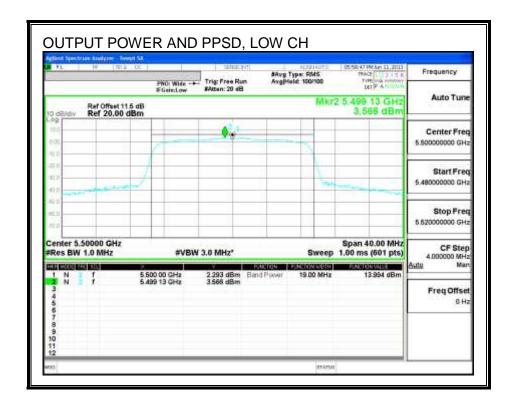
### **Output Power Results**

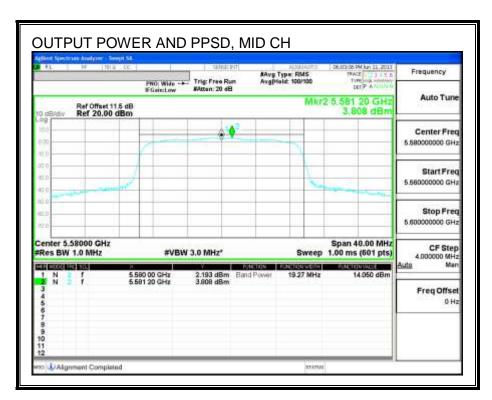
Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	Power	Power
		Power	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
			Power		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5500	13.994	13.99	23.43	-9.43
Mid	5580	14.050	14.05	23.44	-9.39
High	5700	13.865	13.87	23.46	-9.59

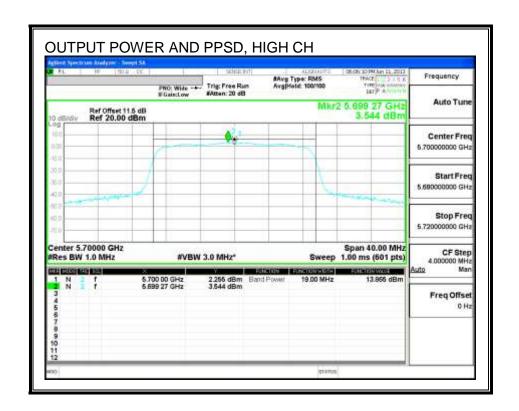
## **PPSD Results**

Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	PPSD	PPSD
		PPSD	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
			PPSD		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5500	3.566	3.57	11.00	-7.43
Mid	5580	3.808	3.81	11.00	-7.19
High	5700	3.544	3.54	11.00	-7.46

### **OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD**







## 8.8.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

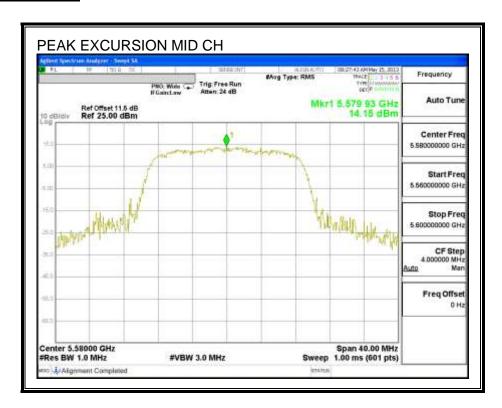
The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

### **RESULTS**

Refer to the results of 802.11n HT20 mode in the 5.2 GHz band.

Channel	Frequency	PK Level	PSD	DCCF	Peak Excursion	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
Mid	5580	14.15	3.544	0.00	10.61	13	-2.39

#### **PEAK EXCURSION**



# 8.9. 802.11n HT40 MODE IN THE 5.6 GHz BAND

## 8.9.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

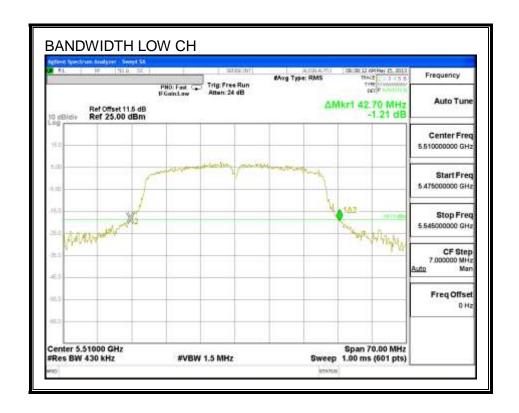
## **LIMITS**

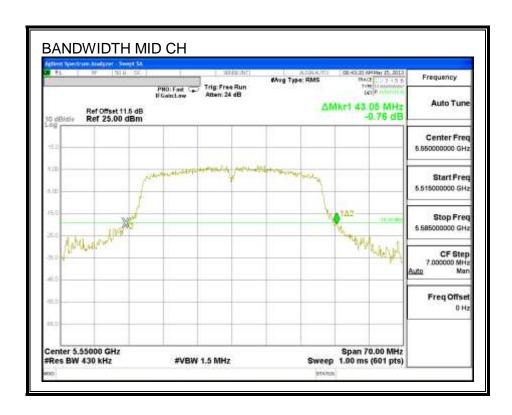
None; for reporting purposes only.

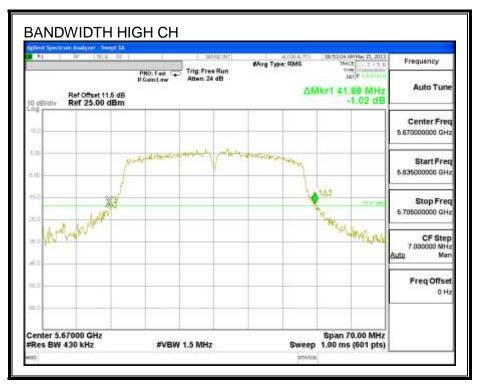
## **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	26 dB Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	5510	42.70
Mid	5550	43.05
High	5670	41.88

## **26 dB BANDWIDTH**







## 8.9.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

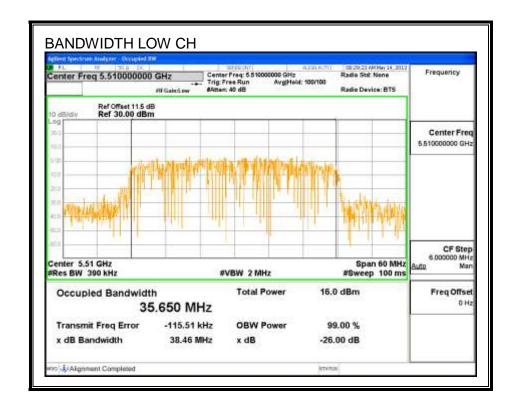
#### LIMITS

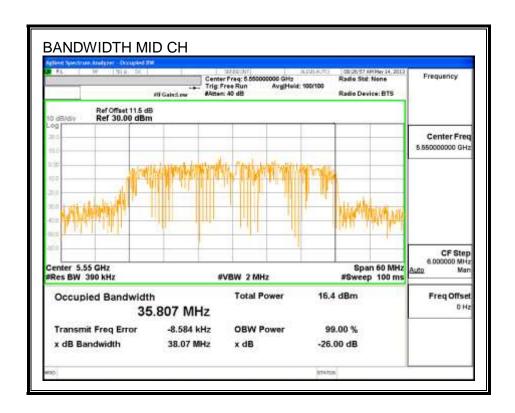
None; for reporting purposes only.

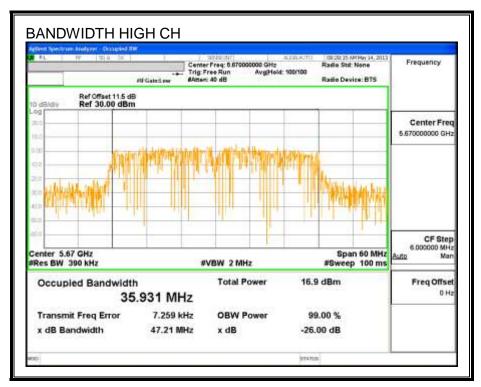
### **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth		
	(MHz)	(MHz)		
Low	5510	35.650		
Mid	5550	35.807		
High	5670	35.931		

## 99% BANDWIDTH







## 8.9.3. AVERAGE POWER

### **LIMITS**

None; for reporting purposes only.

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 11.5 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

## **RESULTS**

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5510	13.97
Mid	5550	14.00
High	5670	13.82

## 8.9.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

For the band 5.5–5.7 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26–dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

IC RSS-210 A9.2 (1)

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or 10 + 10 log10 B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

### **DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN**

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

### **RESULTS**

### **Bandwidth and Antenna Gain**

Channel	Frequency	Min	Min	Directional
		26 dB	99%	Gain
		BW	BW	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBi)
Low	5510	42.7	35.7	-5.50
Mid	5550	43.1	35.8	-5.50
High	5670	41.9	35.9	-5.50

### Limits

Channel	Frequency	FCC	IC	IC	Power	FCC	IC	PPSD
		Power	Power	EIRP	Limit	PPSD	PSD	Limit
		Limit	Limit	Limit		Limit	Limit	
	(MHz)	(dBm)						
Low	5510	24.00	24.00	30.00	24.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Mid	5550	24.00	24.00	30.00	24.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
High	5670	24.00	24.00	30.00	24.00	11.00	11.00	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB) 0.22	Included in Calculations of Corr'd Power & PPSD
-------------------------	---

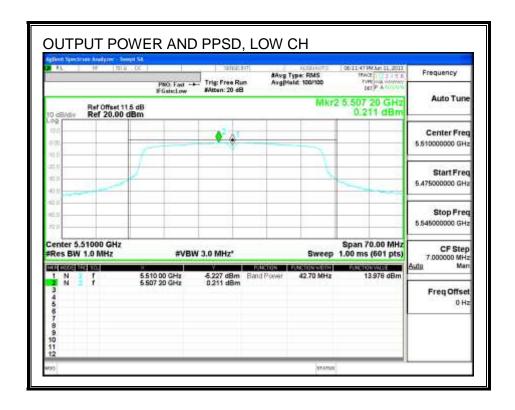
### **Output Power Results**

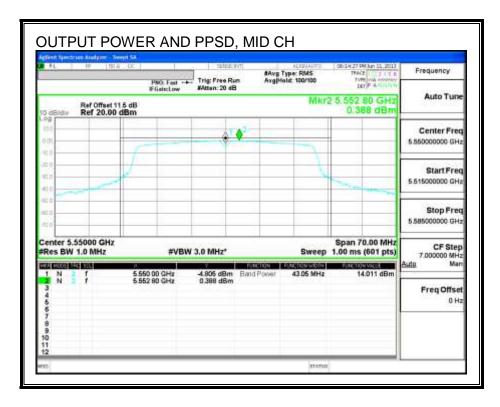
Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	Power	Power
		Power	Corr'd	Limit	Margin
			Power		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5510	13.978	14.20	24.00	-9.80
Mid	5550	14.011	14.23	24.00	-9.77
High	5670	13.868	14.09	24.00	-9.91

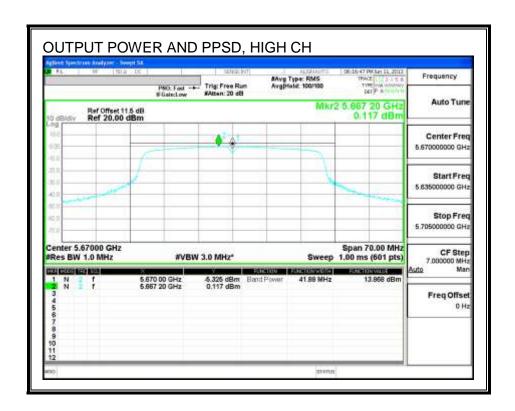
## **PPSD Results**

Channel	Frequency	Meas	Total	PPSD	PPSD	
		PPSD	Corr'd	Limit	Margin	
			PPSD			
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
Low	5510	0.211	0.43	11.00	-10.57	
Mid	5550	0.388	0.61	11.00	-10.39	
High	5670	0.117	0.34	11.00	-10.66	

#### **OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD**







## 8.9.5. PEAK EXCURSION

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.407 (a) (6)

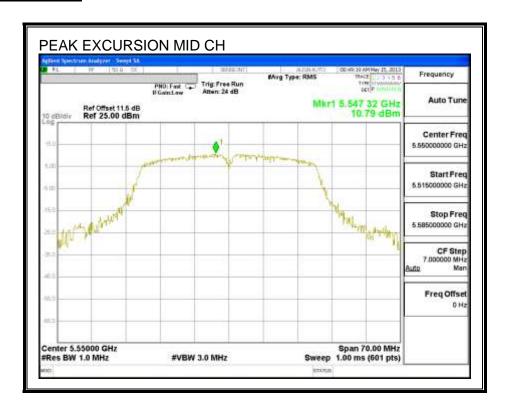
The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

### **RESULTS**

Refer to the results of 802.11n HT20 mode in the 5.2 GHz band.

Channel	Frequency	PK Level	PSD	DCCF	Peak Excursion	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
Mid	5550	10.79	0.117	0.22	10.45	13	-2.55

### **PEAK EXCURSION**



# 9. RADIATED TEST RESULTS

# 9.1. LIMITS AND PROCEDURE

#### **LIMITS**

FCC §15.205 and §15.209

IC RSS-210 Clause 2.6 (Transmitter)

IC RSS-GEN Clause 6 (Receiver)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Field Strength Limit (uV/m) at 3 m	Field Strength Limit (dBuV/m) at 3 m
30 - 88	100	40
88 - 216	150	43.5
216 - 960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz; the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and as applicable for average measurements.

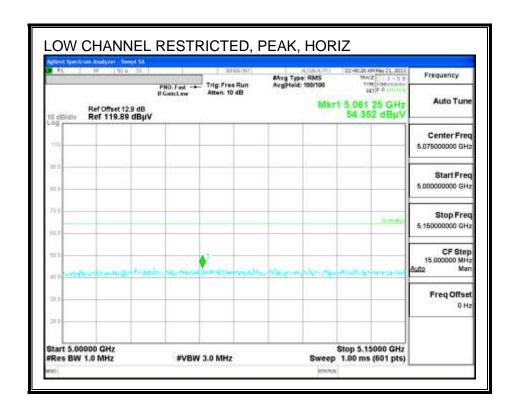
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in each applicable band.

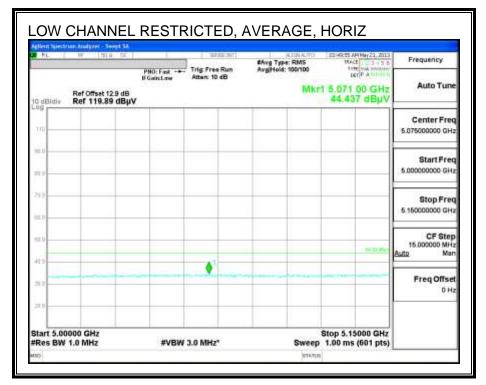
The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

### 9.2. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz

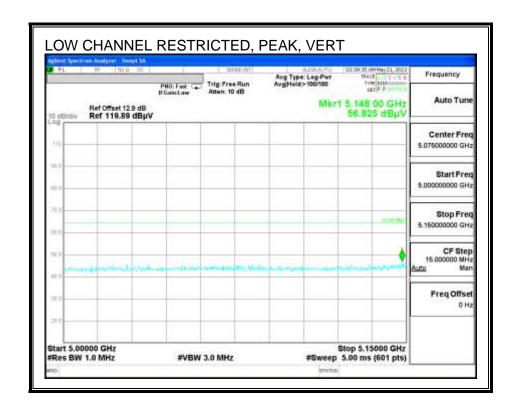
### 9.2.1. TX ABOVE 1 GHz 802.11a MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

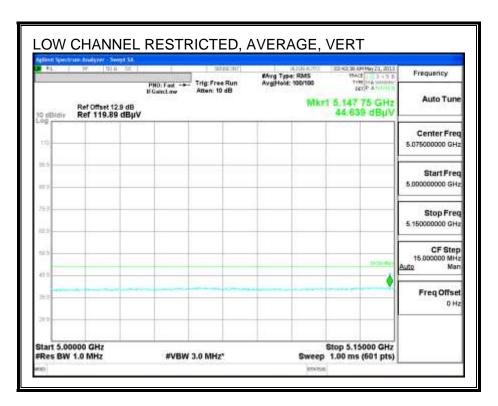
## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL)



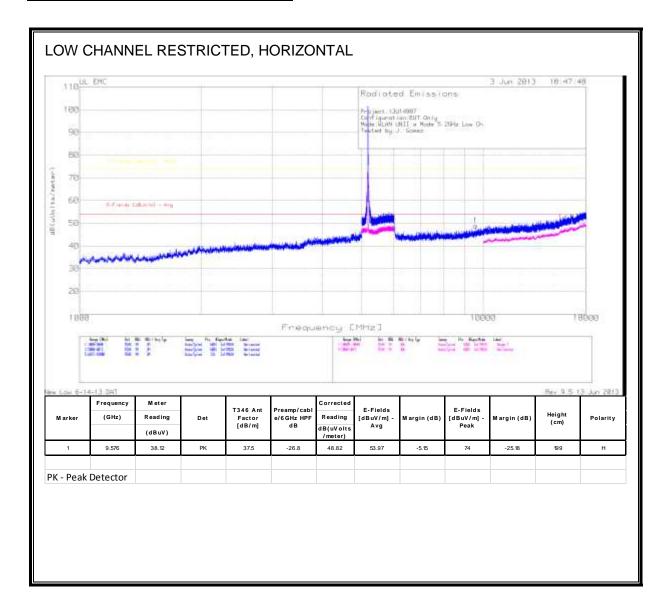


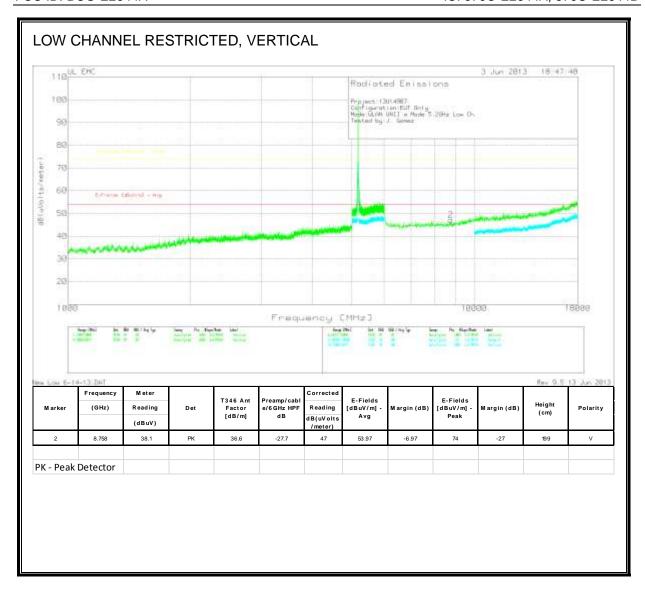
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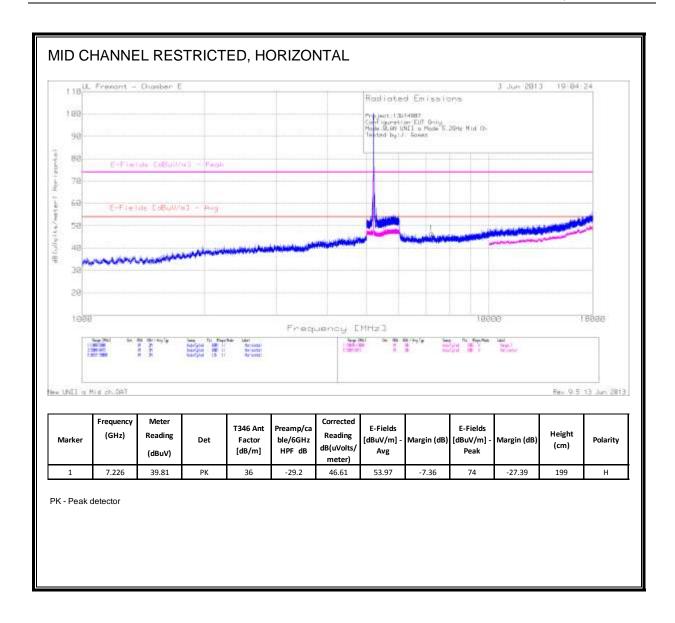


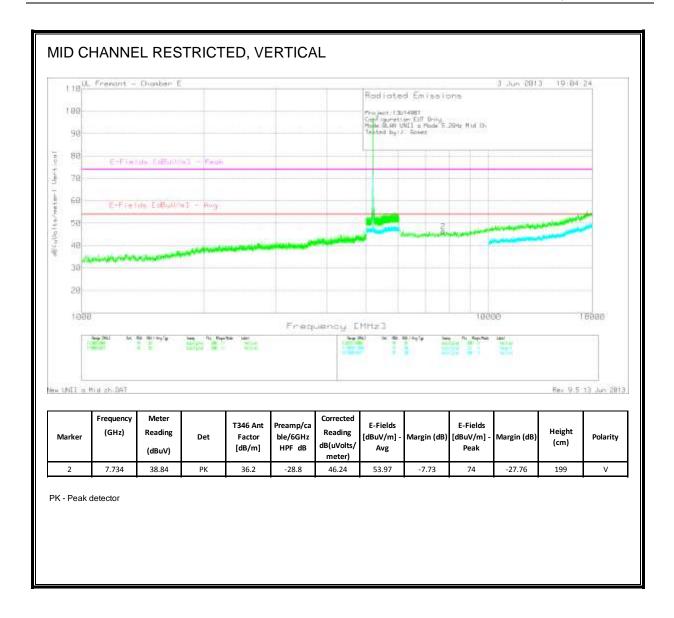


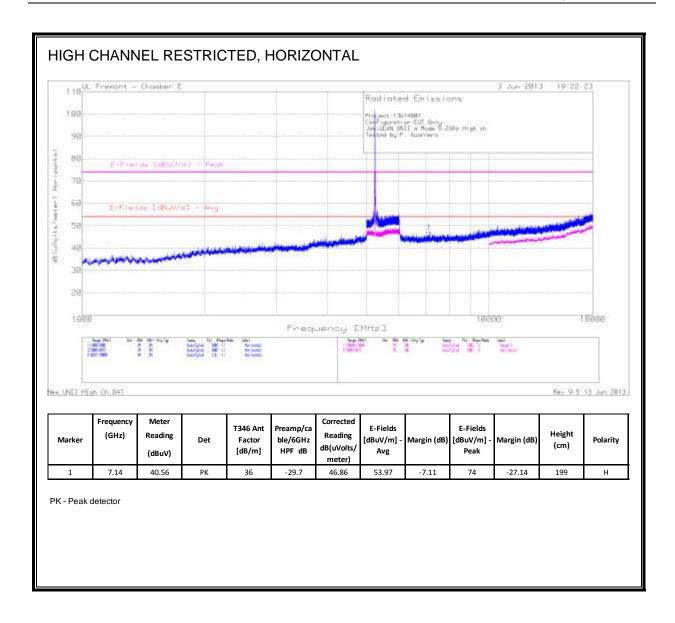
## **HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

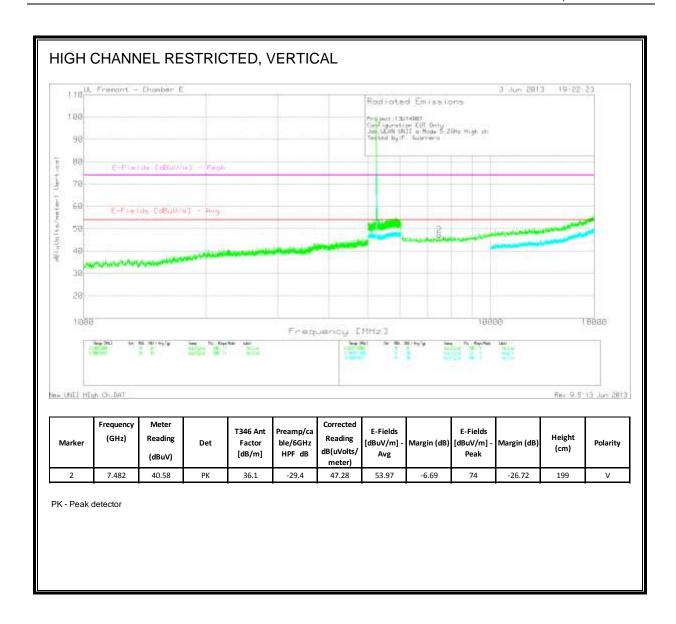






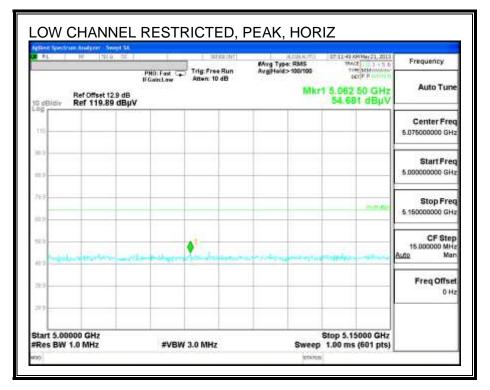


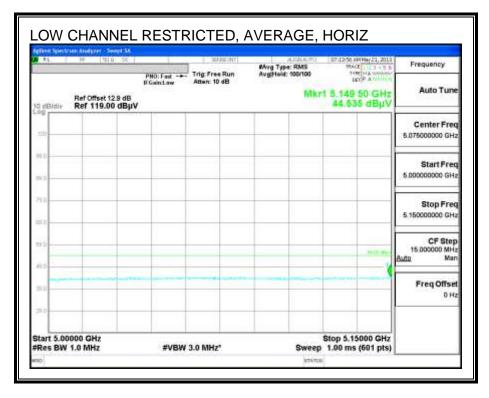


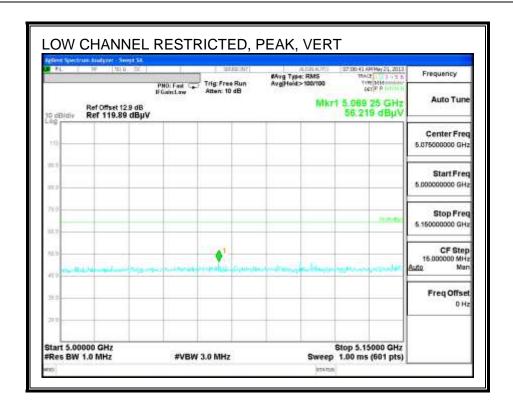


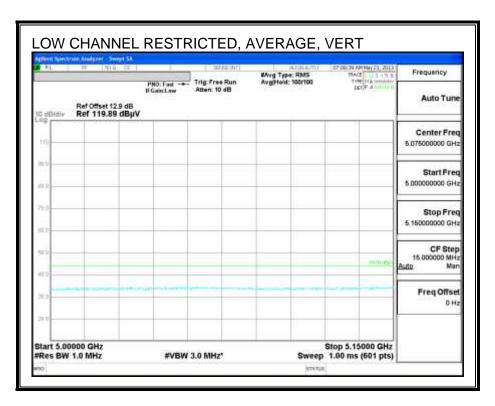
## 9.2.2. TX ABOVE 1 GHz 802.11n HT20 MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

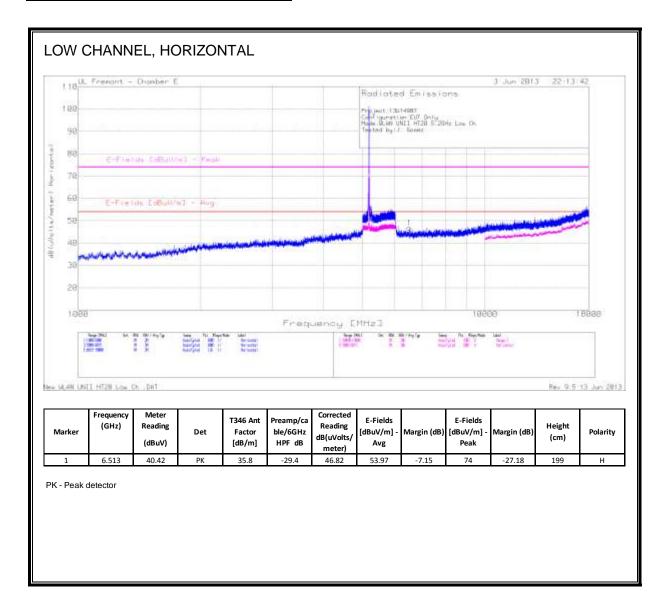
## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL)

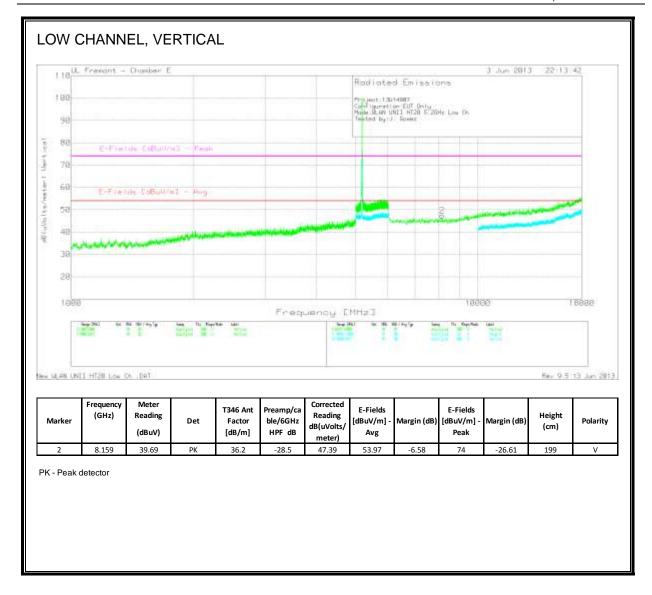


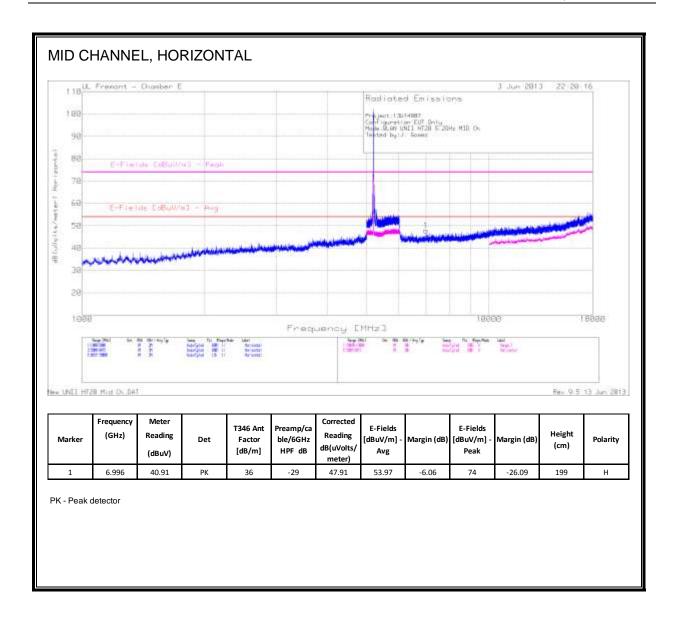


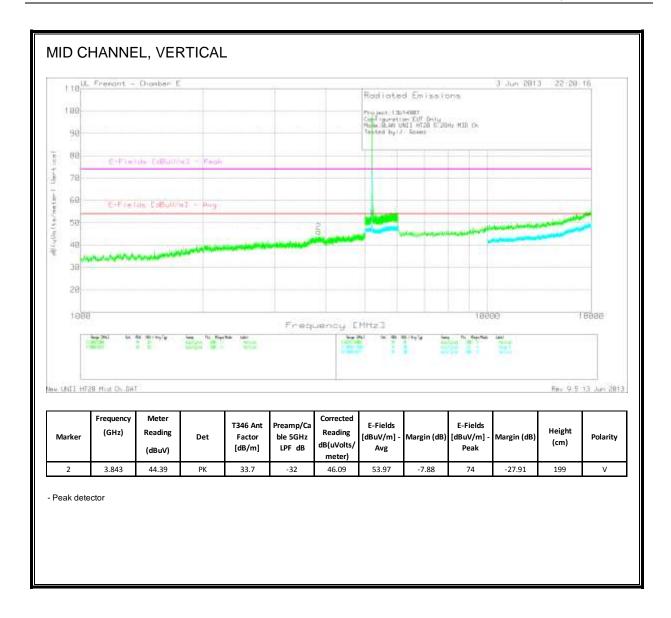


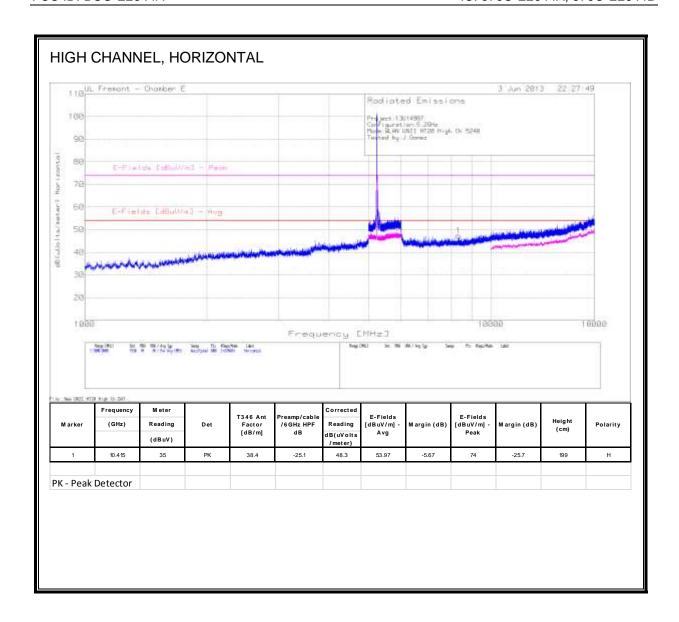


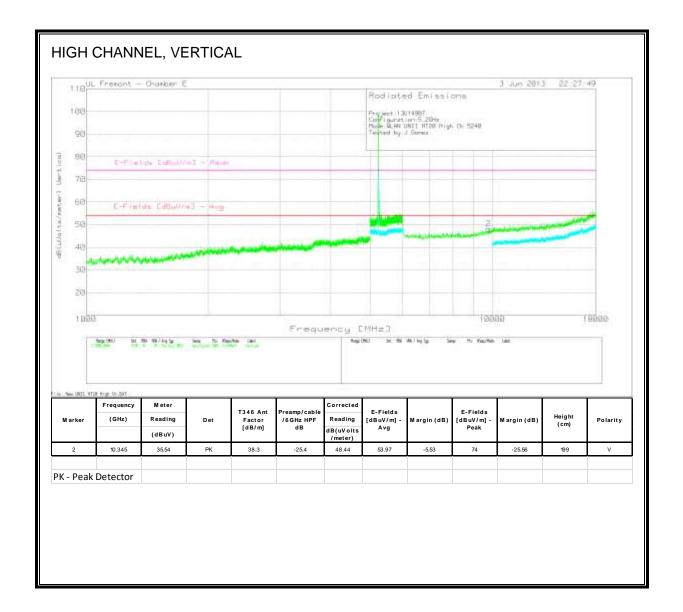






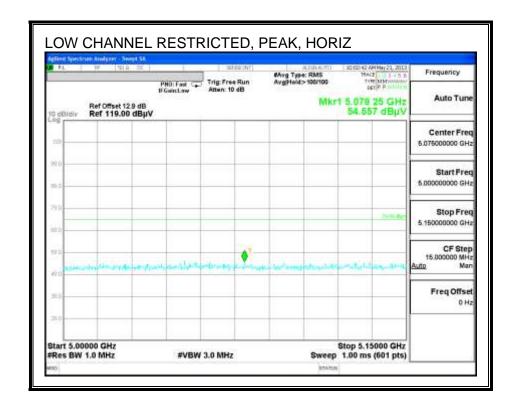


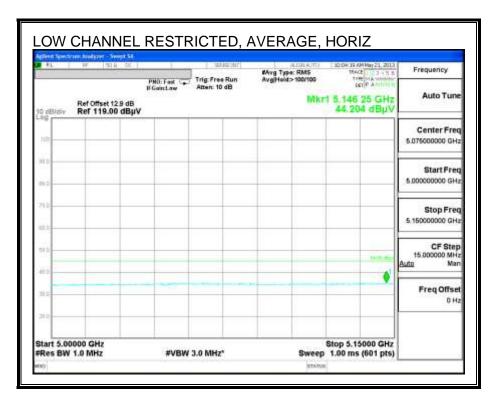


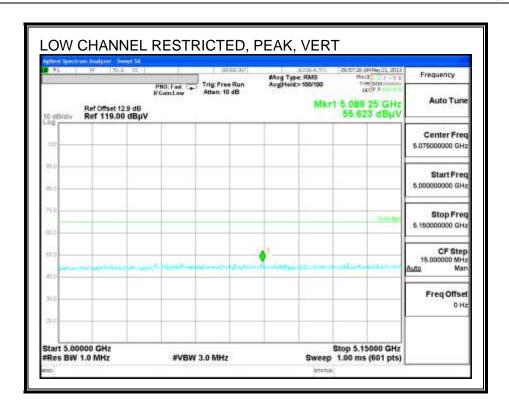


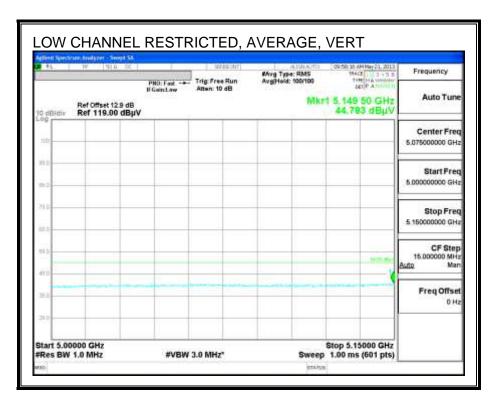
## 9.2.3. TX ABOVE 1 GHz 802.11n HT40 MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

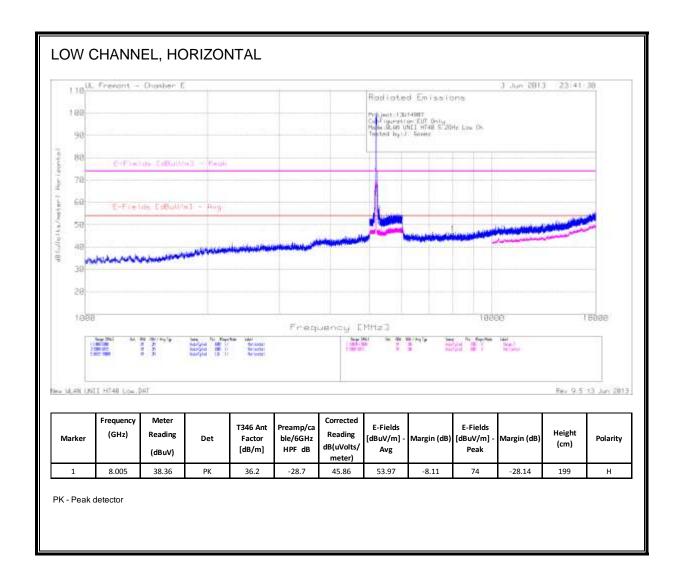
## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL)

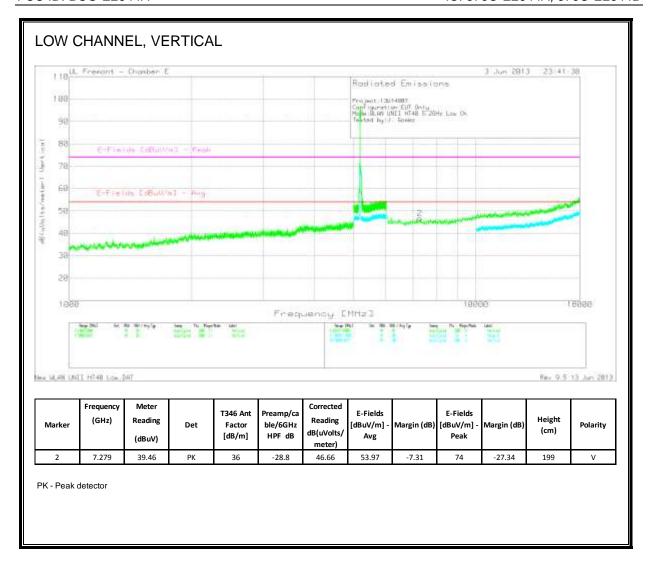


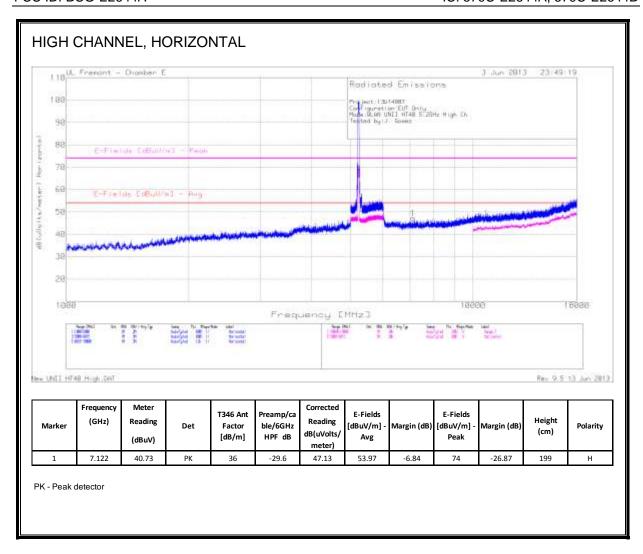


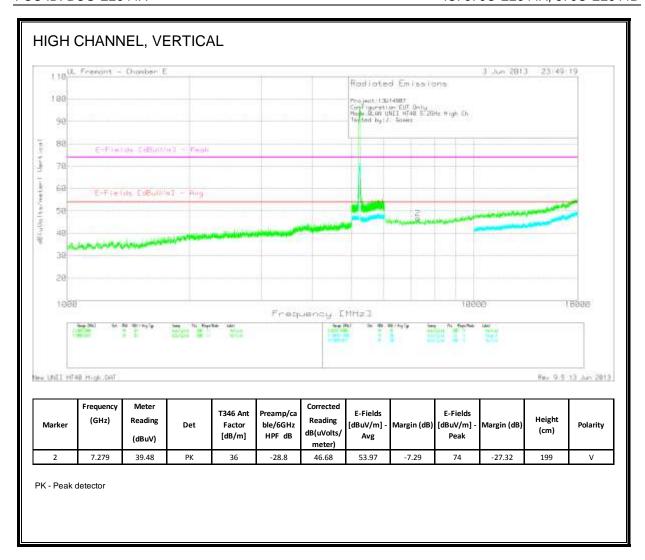






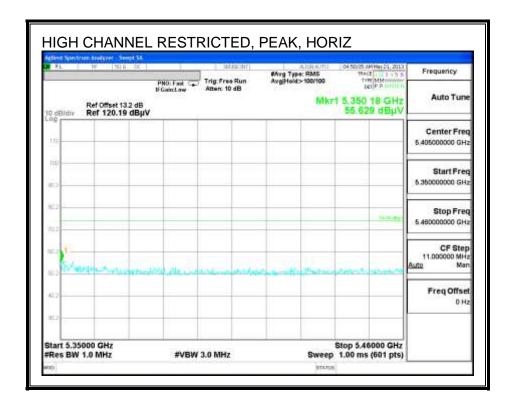


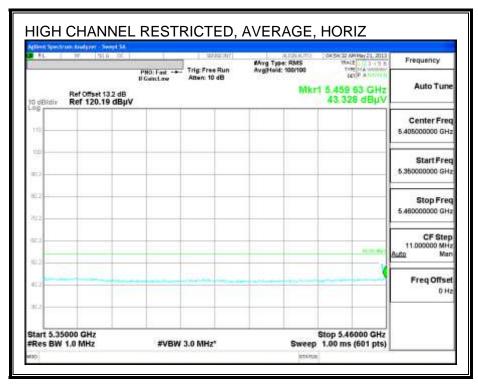




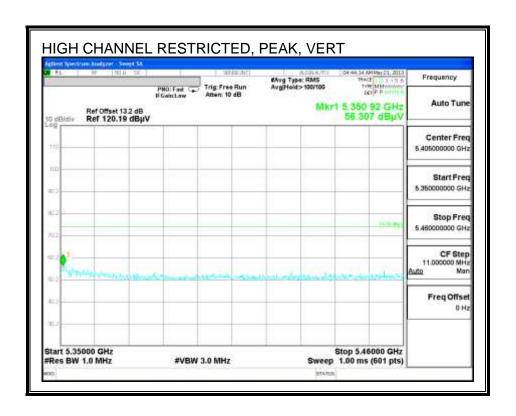
#### 9.2.4. TX ABOVE 1 GHz 802.11a MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND

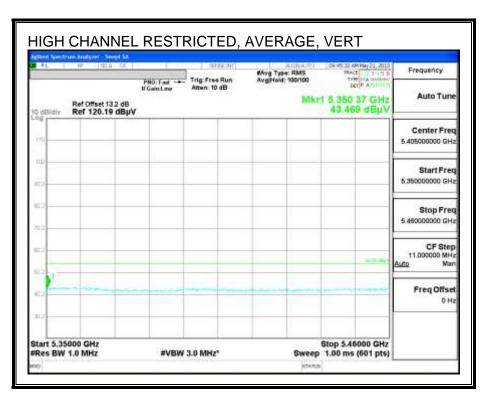
#### **RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL)**

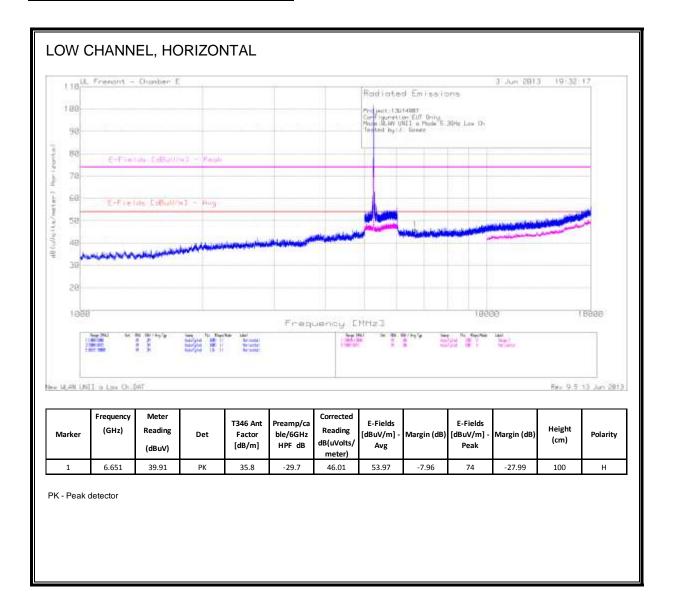


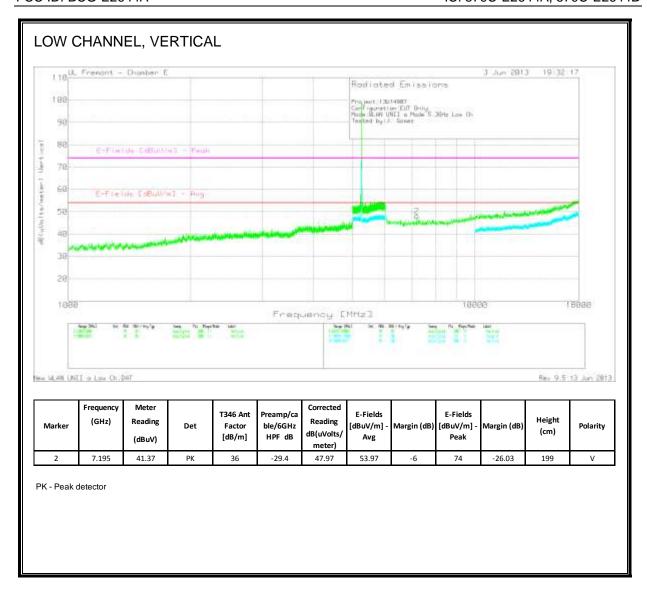


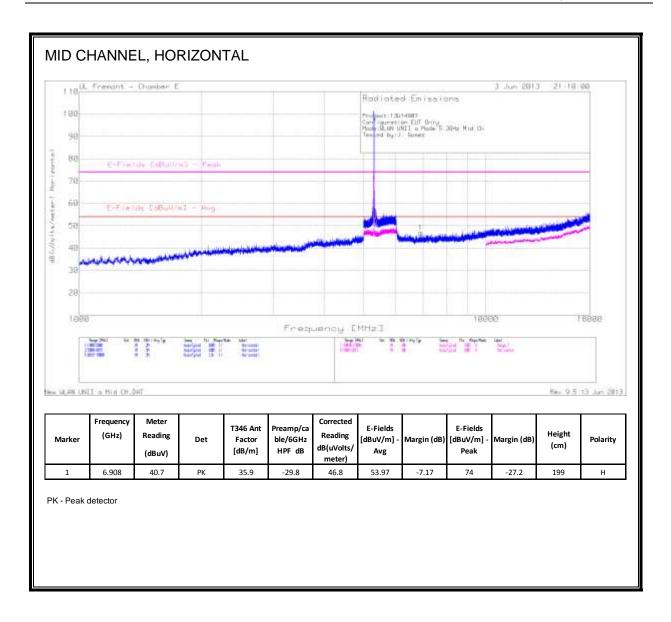
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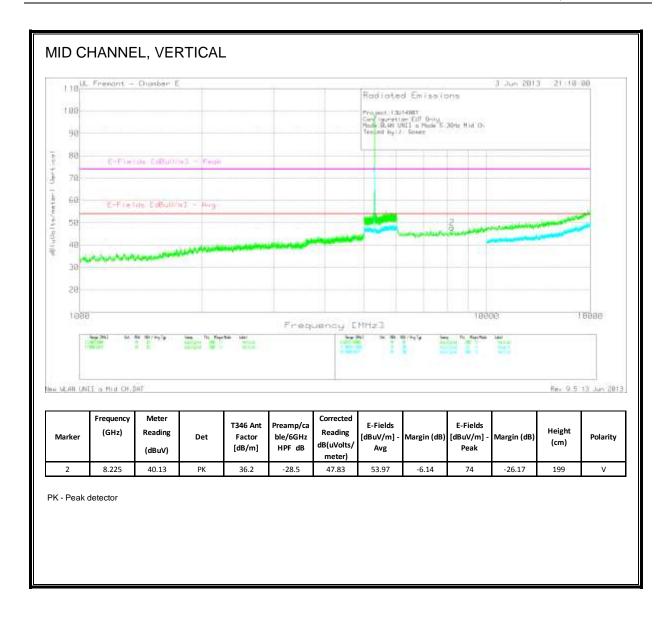


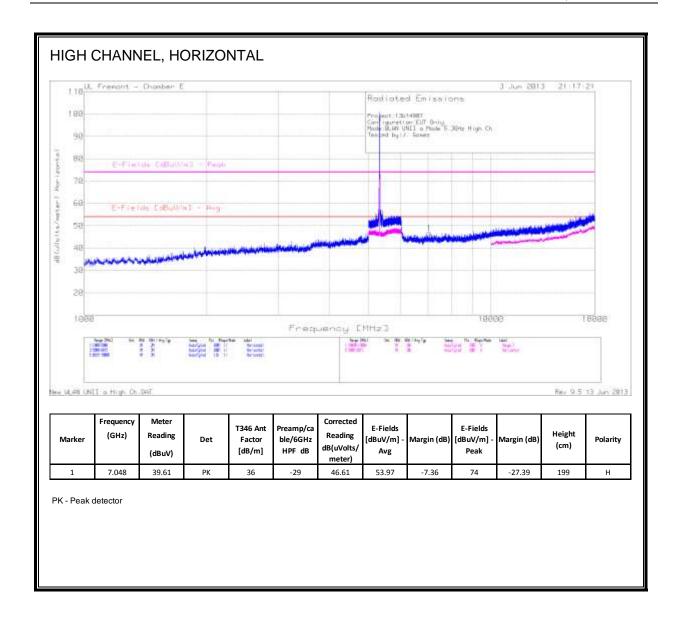


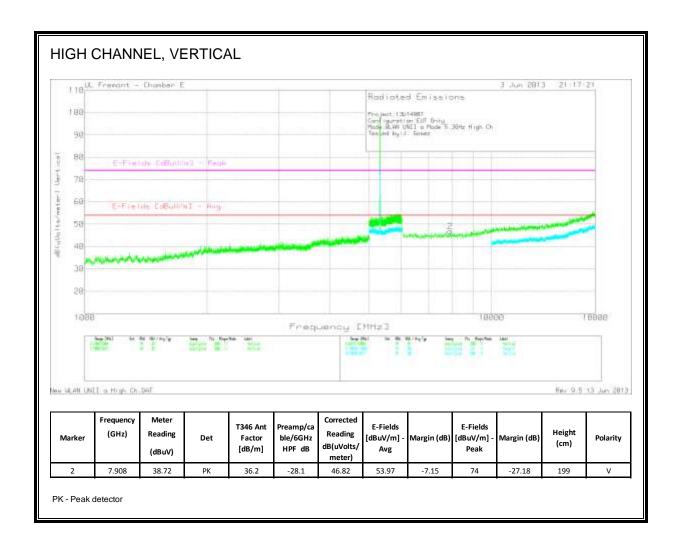






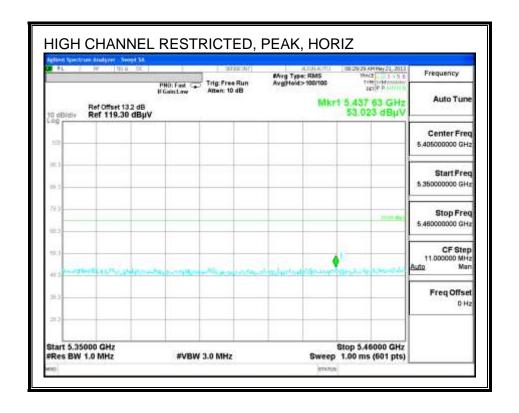


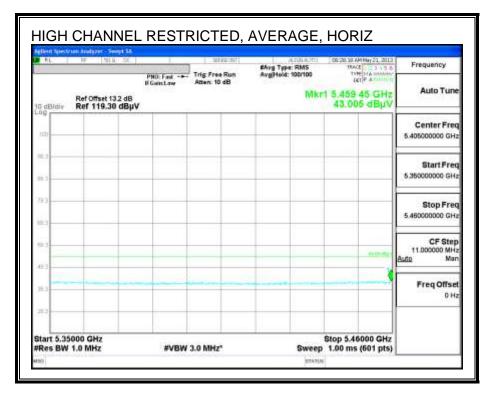


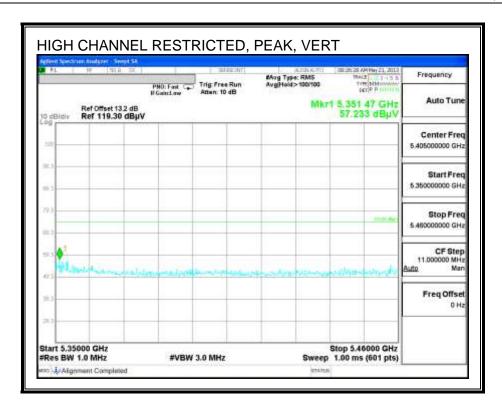


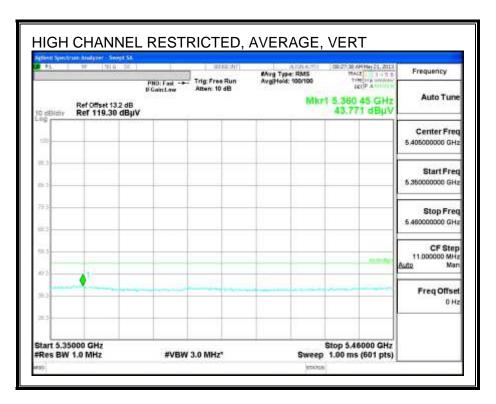
## 9.2.5. TX ABOVE 1 GHz 802.11n HT20 MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND

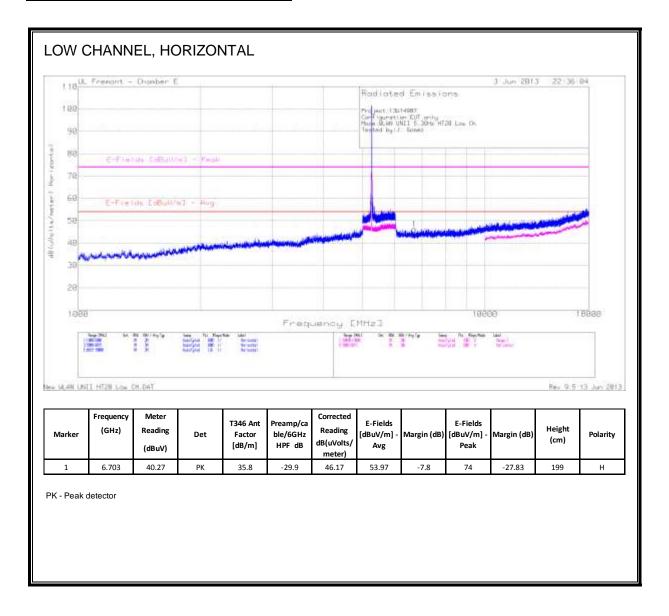
## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL)

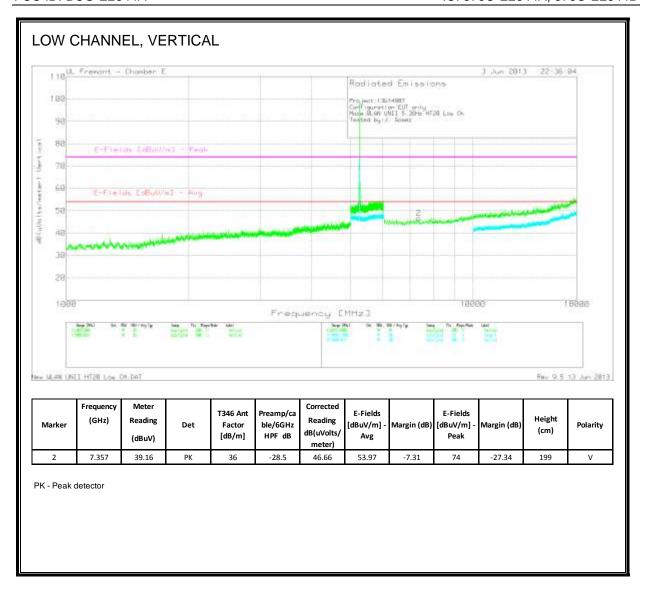


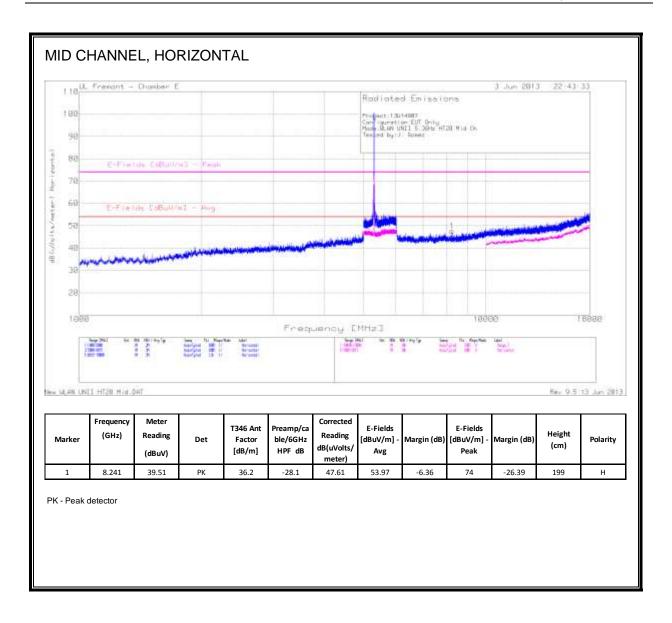


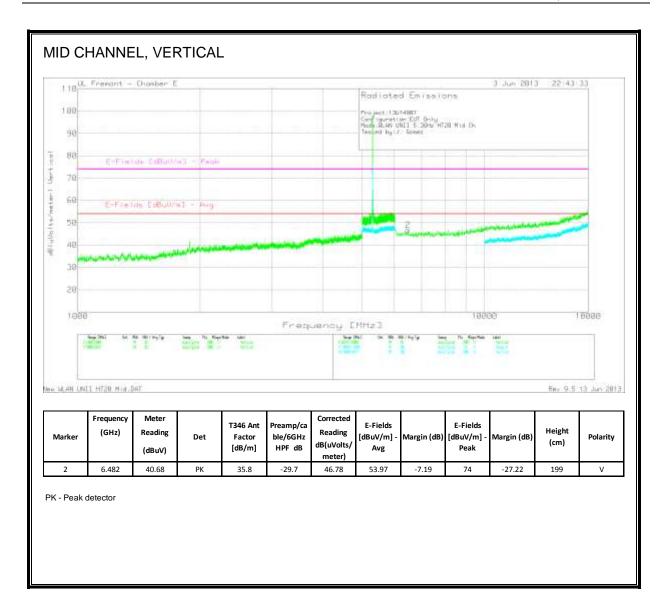


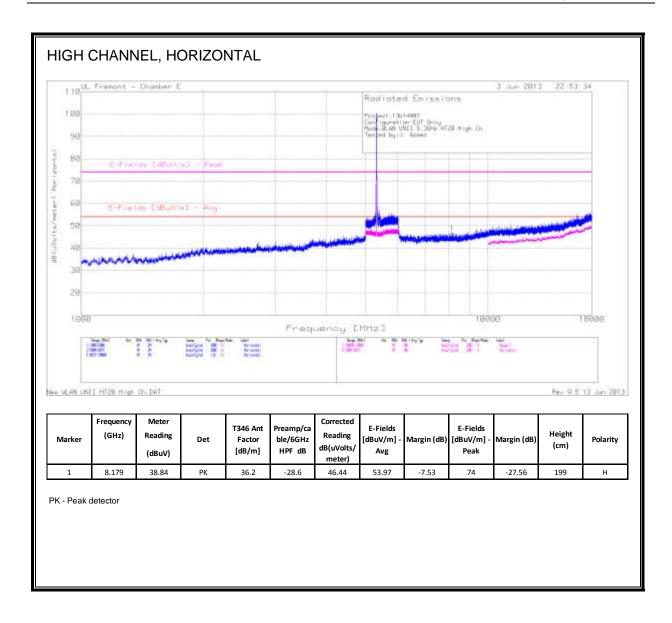


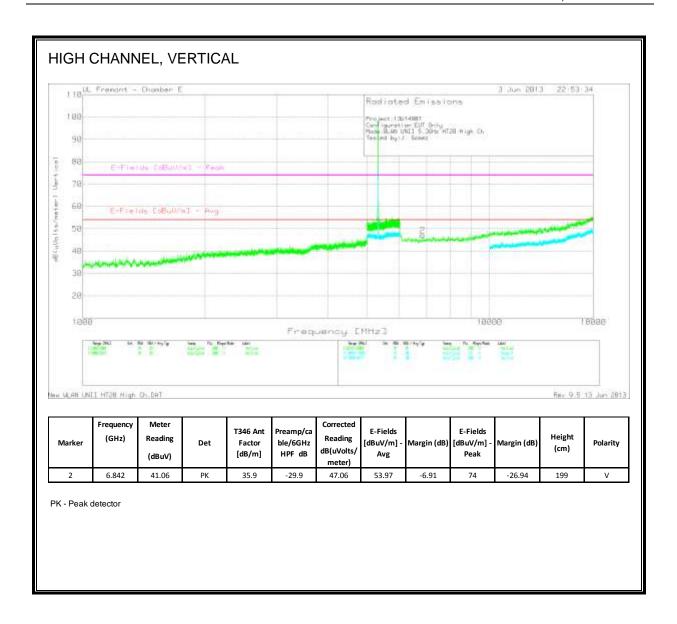






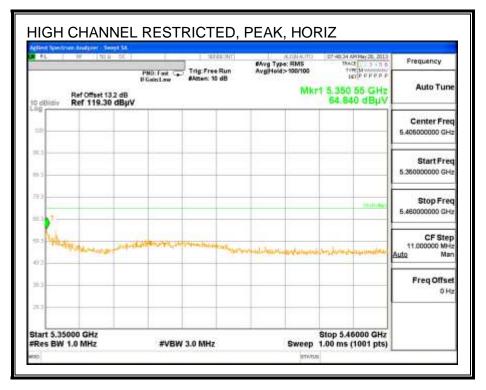


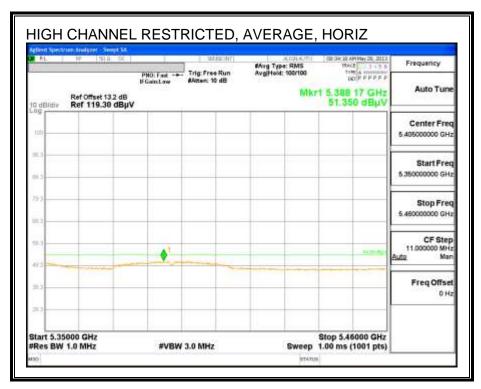


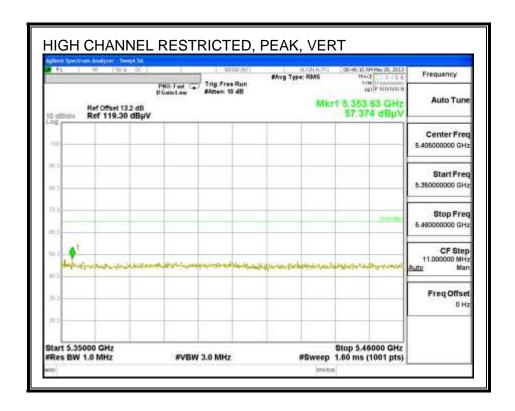


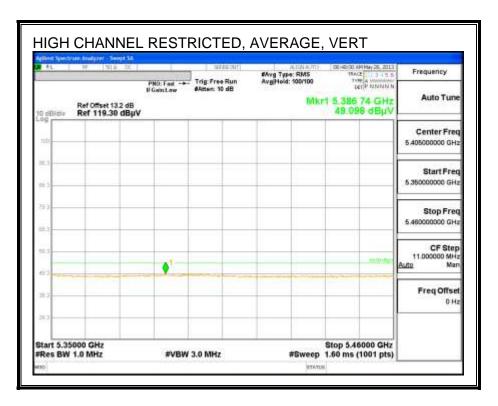
## 9.2.6. TX ABOVE 1 GHz 802.11n HT40 MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND

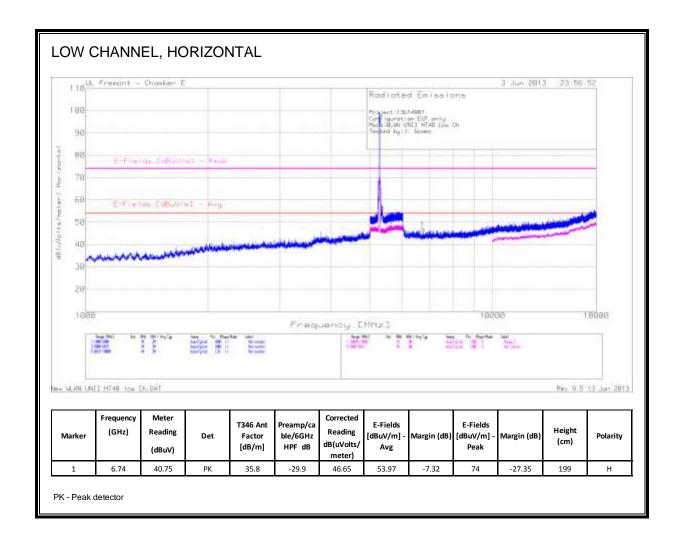
## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL)

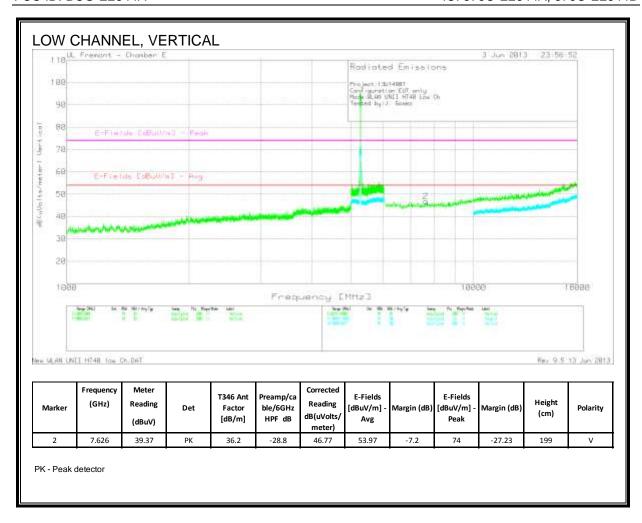


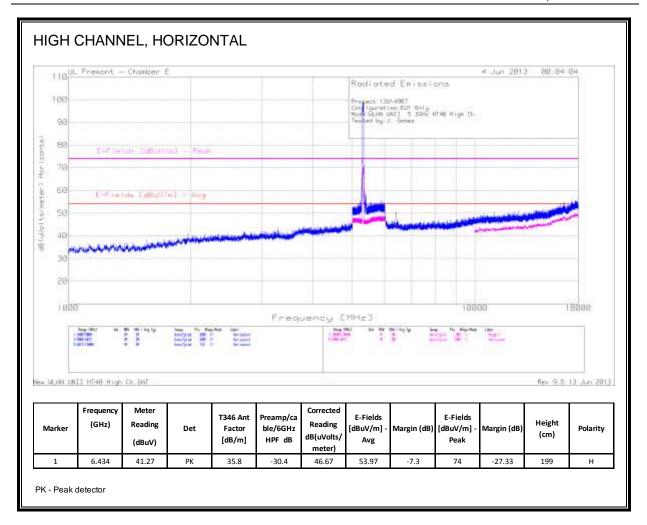


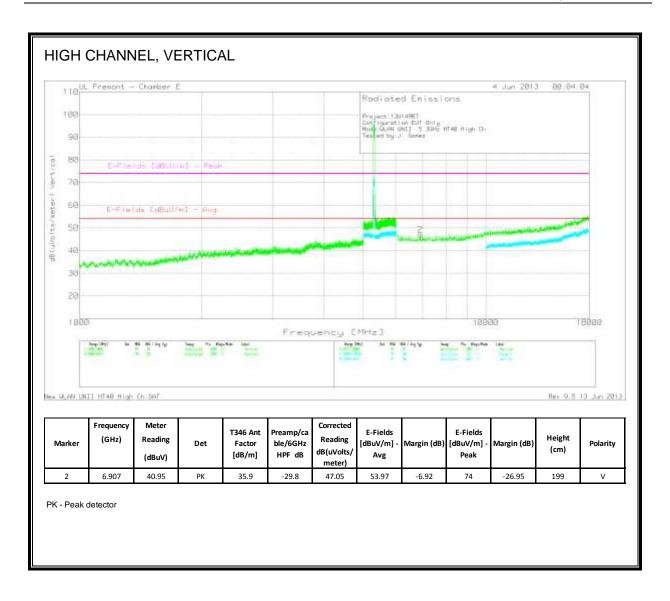






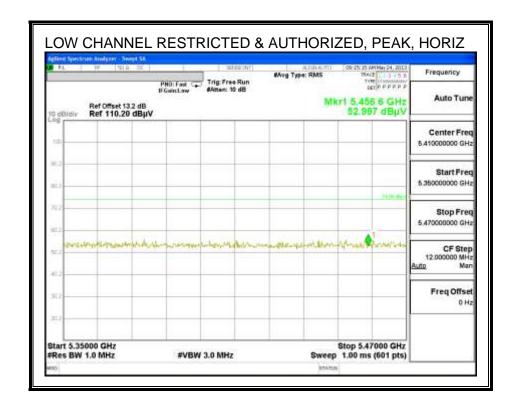


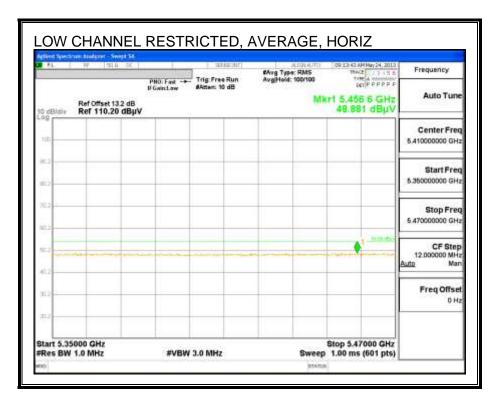


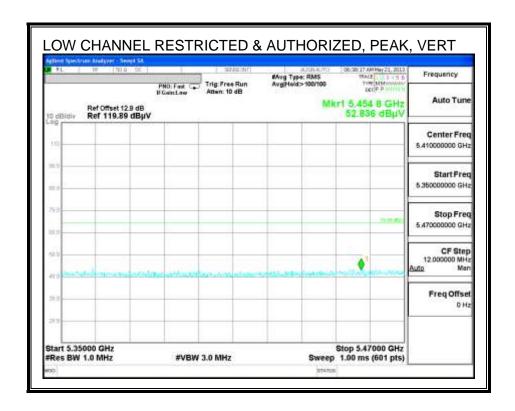


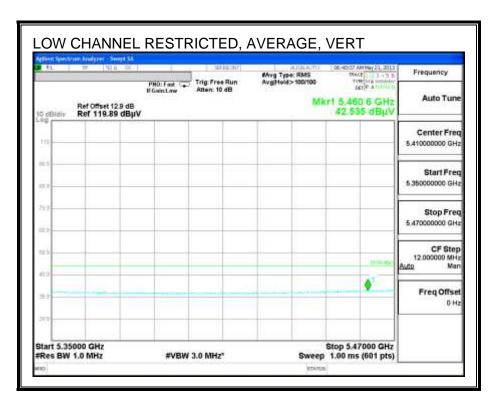
## 9.2.7. TX ABOVE 1 GHz 802.11a MODE IN THE 5.6 GHz BAND

## **RESTRICTED & AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL)**

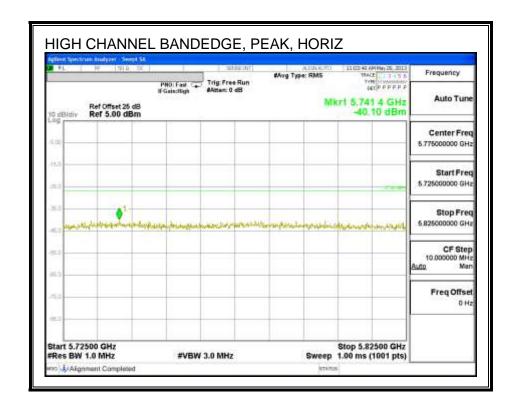


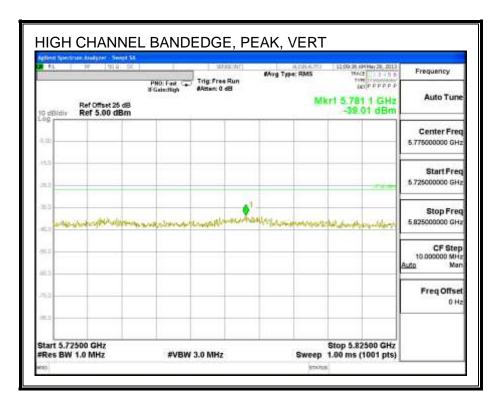




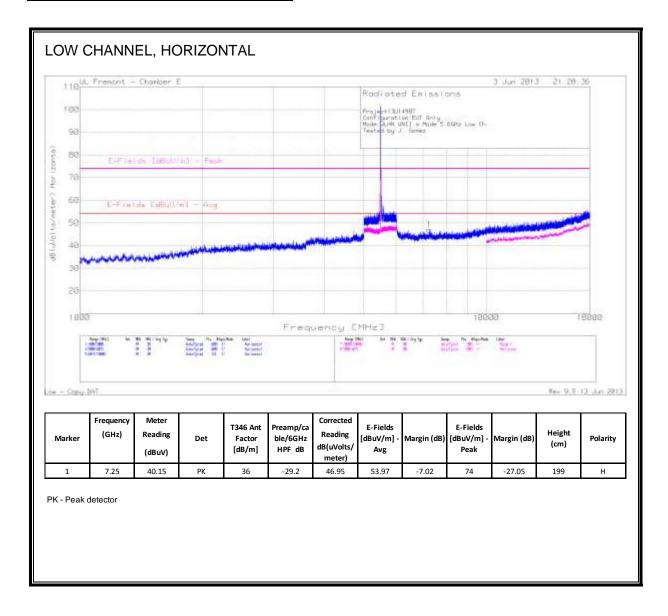


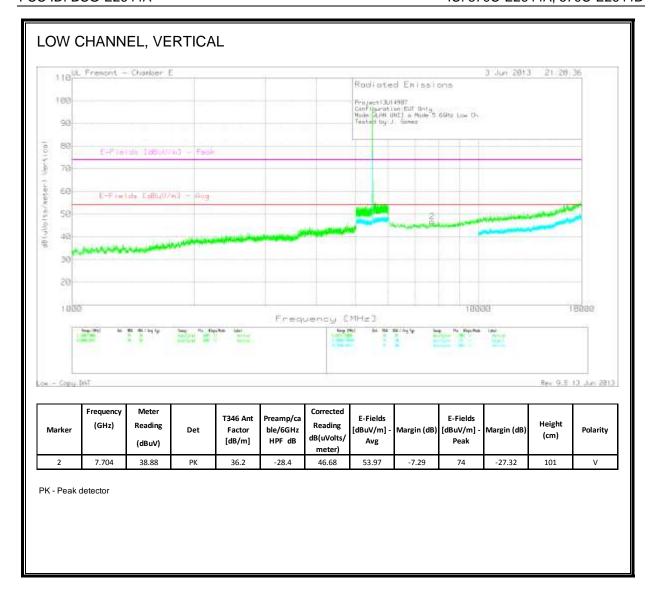
## **AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL)**

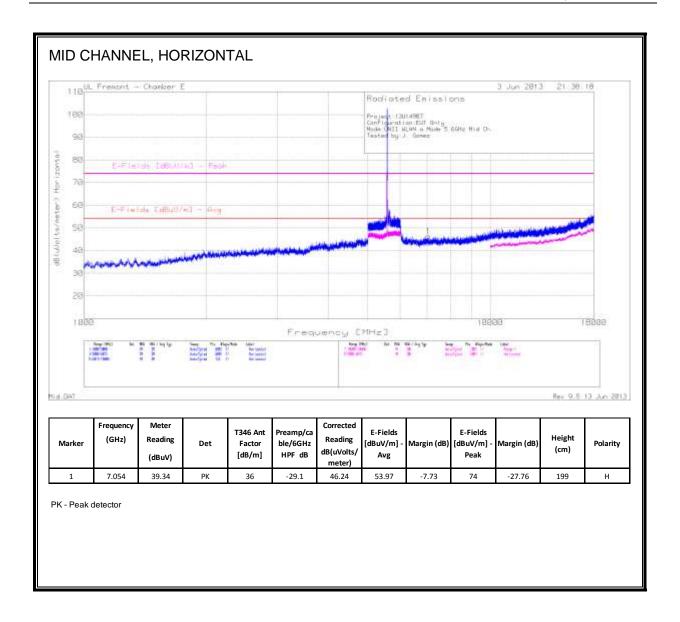


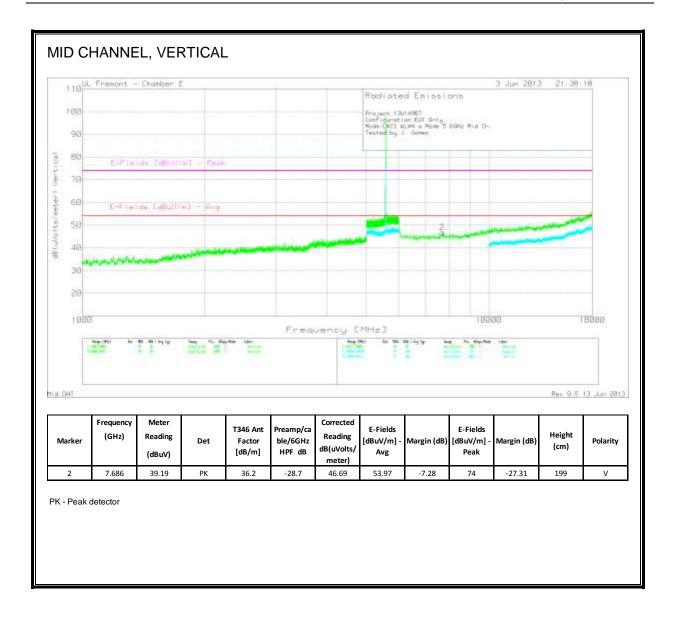


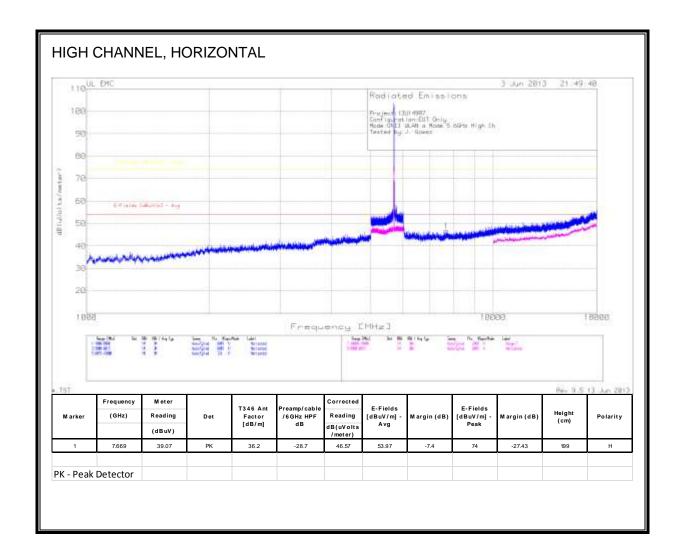
## **HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

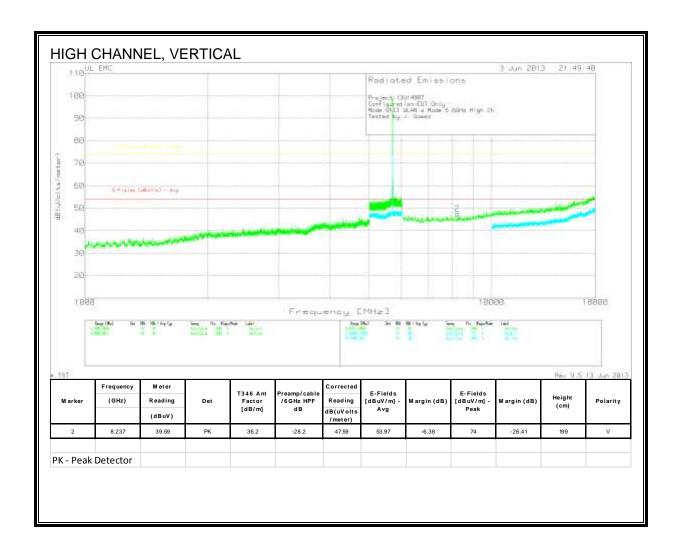






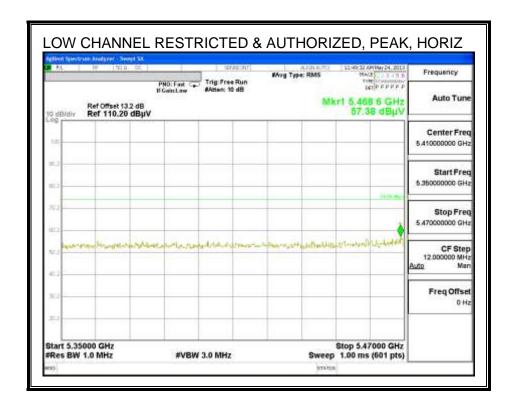


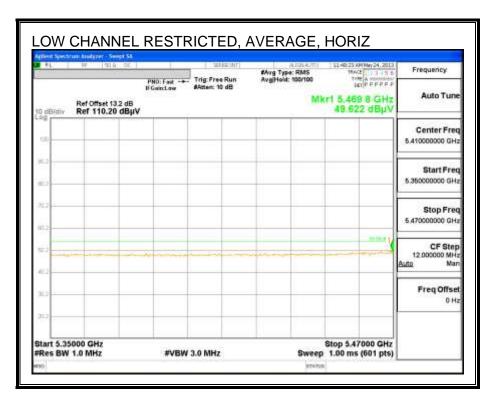


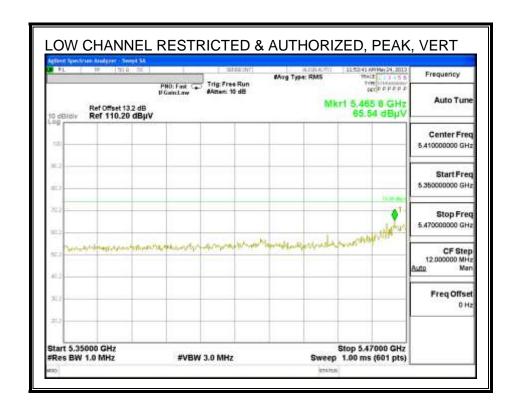


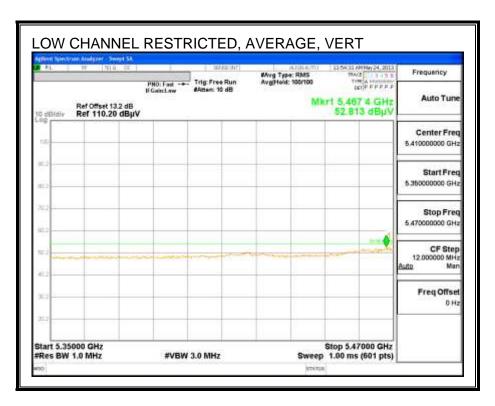
## 9.2.8. TX ABOVE 1 GHz 802.11n HT20 MODE IN THE 5.6 GHz BAND

# RESTRICTED & AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL)

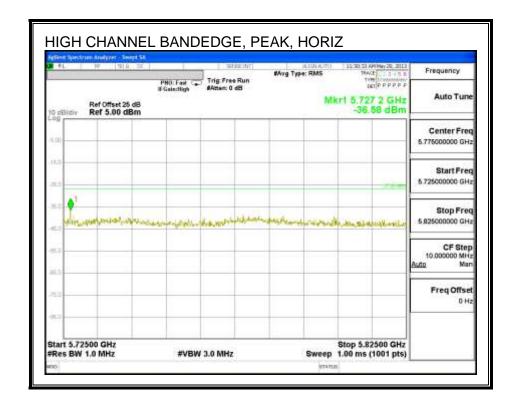


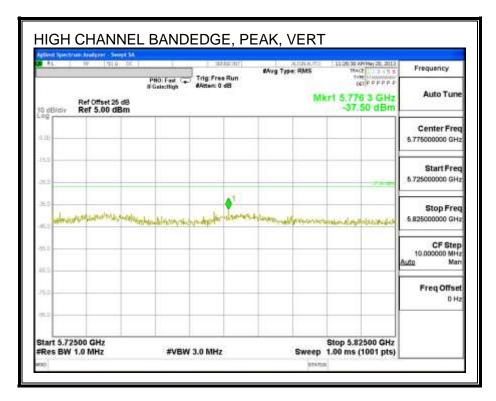




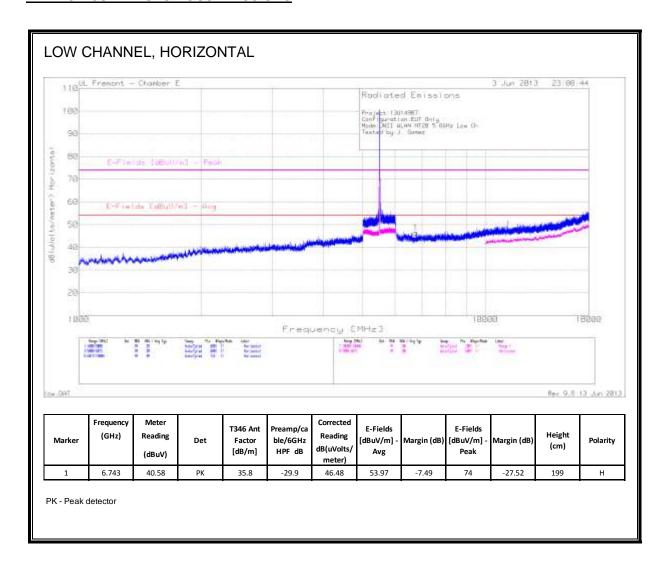


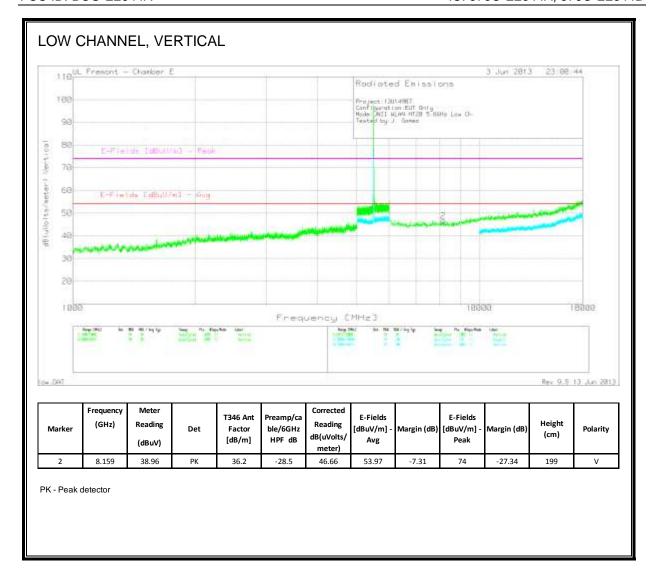
## **AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL)**

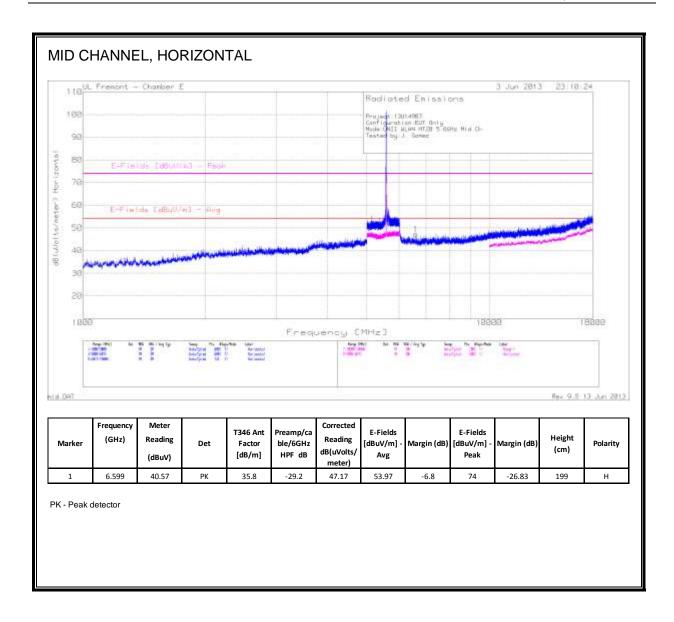


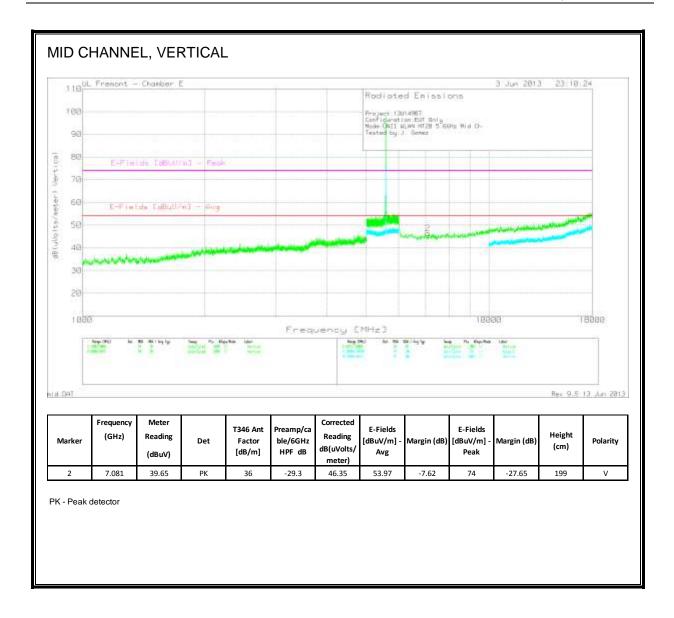


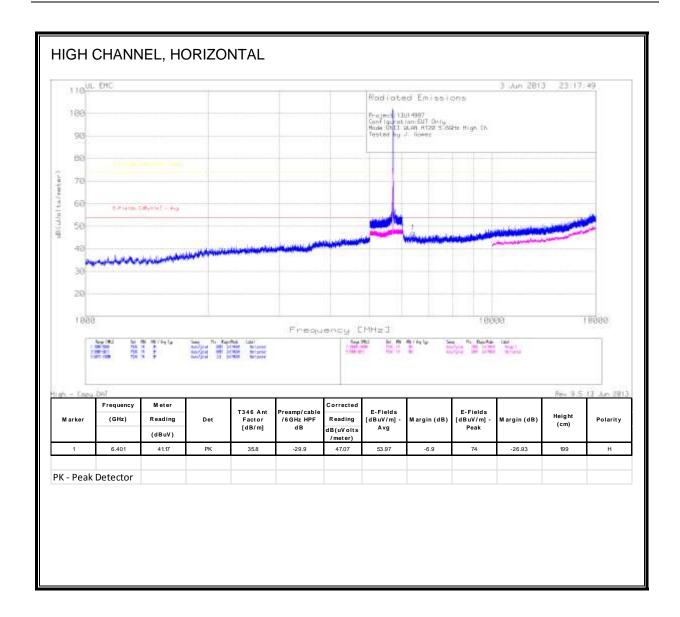
# **HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

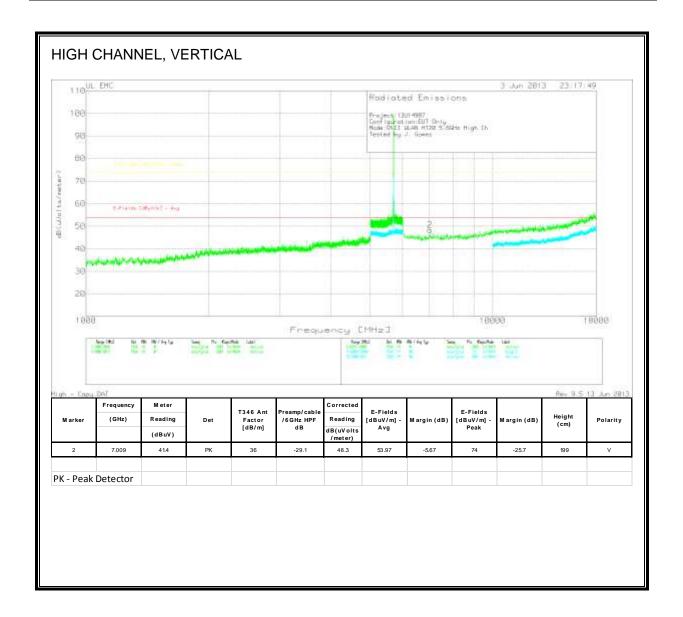






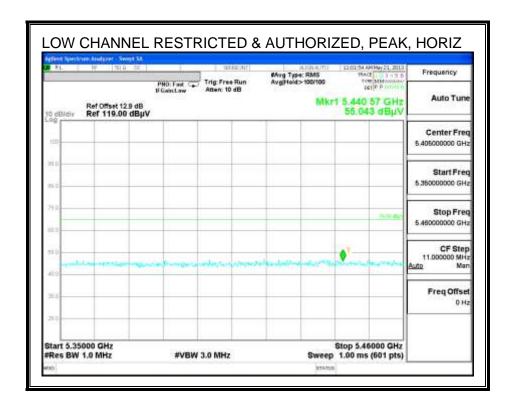


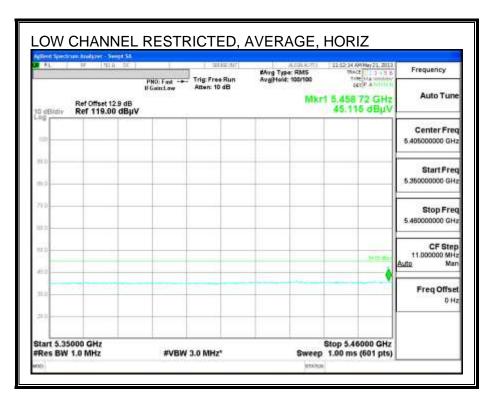




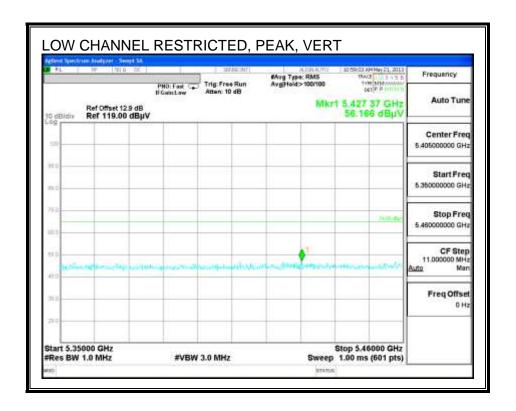
# 9.2.9. TX ABOVE 1 GHz 802.11n HT40 MODE IN THE 5.6 GHz BAND

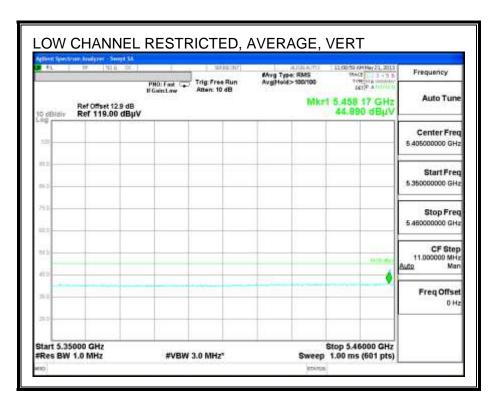
## **RESTRICTED & AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL)**



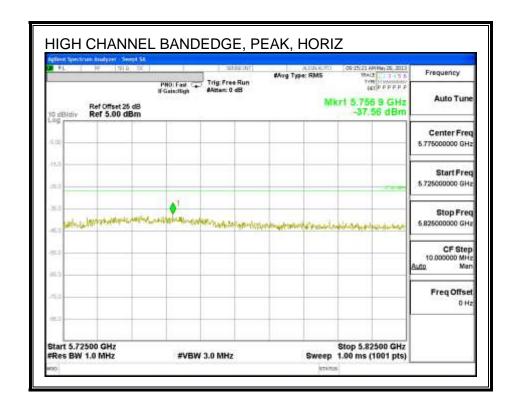


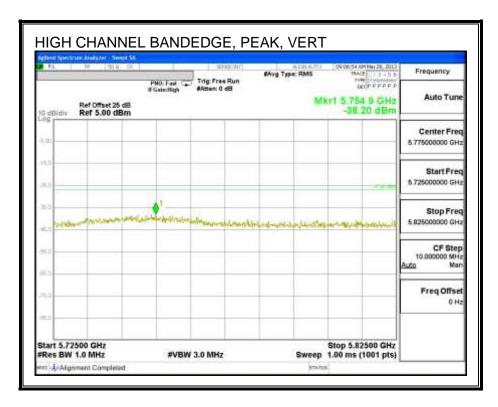
FAX: (510) 661-0888





## **AUTHORIZED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL)**

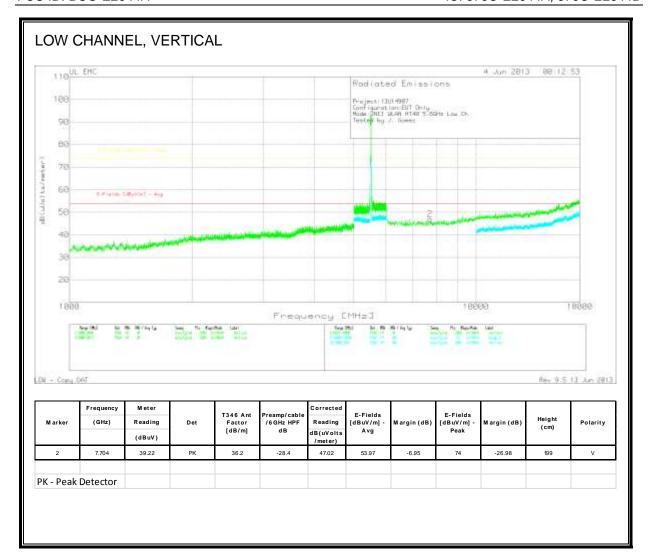


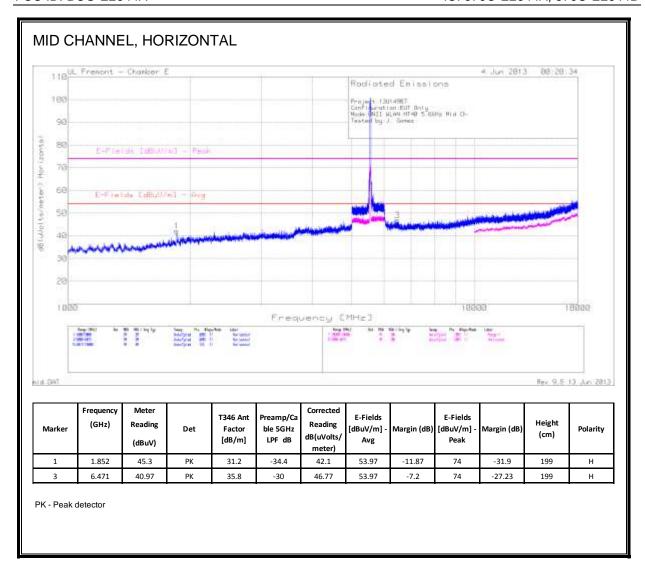


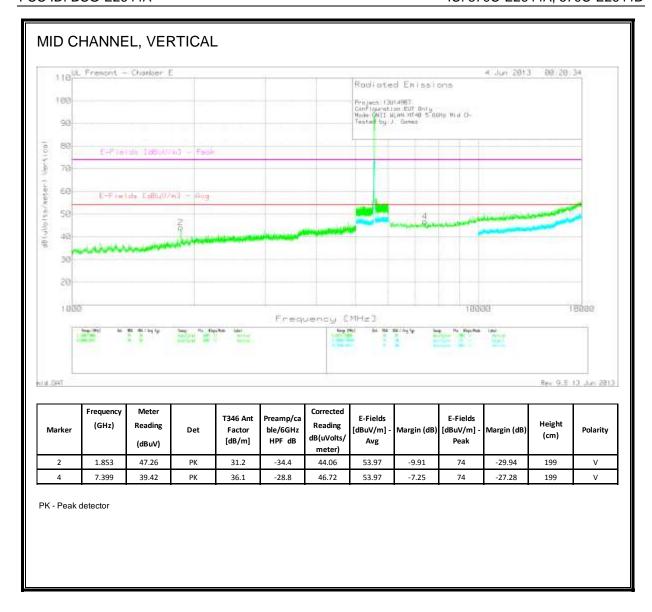
REPORT NO: 13U14987-16

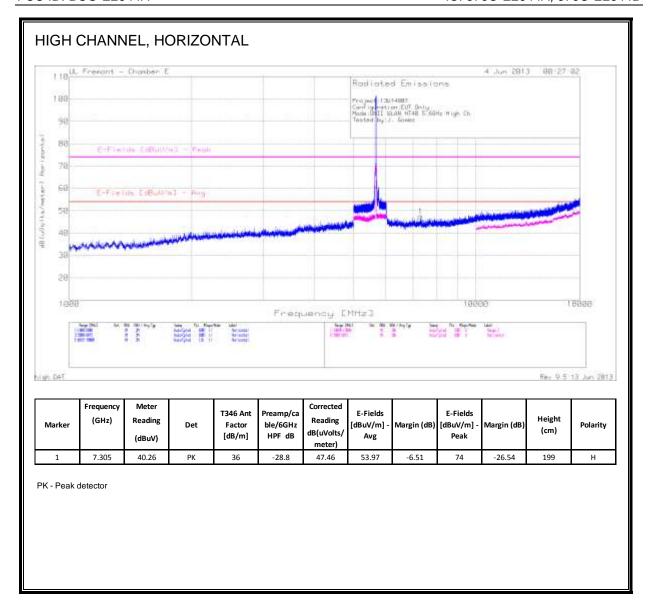
FCC ID: BCG-E2644A

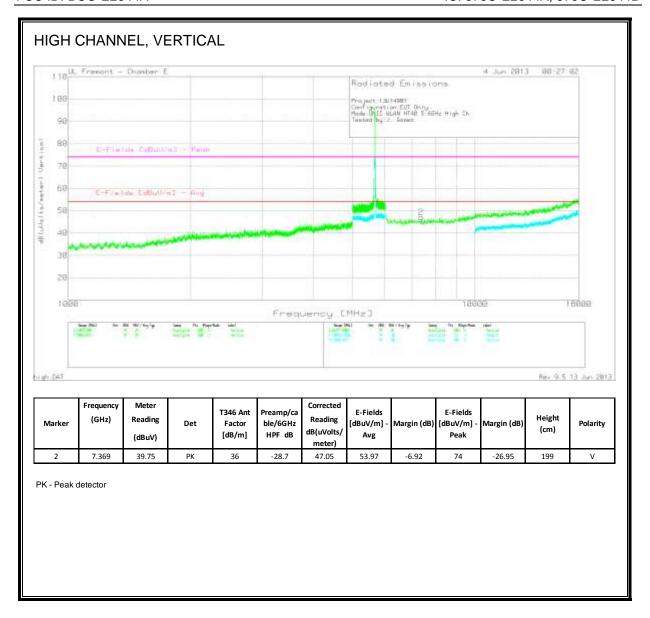
## LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL 4 Jun 2813 88:12 53 Radiated Emissions Privipes (13014987 Configures) an: EUT Only Mode DRIT SLEE HT48 5 804s Low Ch Texton by J. Gowell 188 88 60 S. Friein, Liferite? - Aug 1988 18668 18888 Frequency [MHz] Meter Frequency Corrected T346 Ant E-Fields E-Fields Preamp/cable /6GHz HPF Height (cm) (GHz) Factor [dB/m] Reading [dBuV/m] Peak Marker Reading Det [dBuV/m] Margin (dB Polarity Avg dB(uVolt (dBuV) PK - Peak Detector





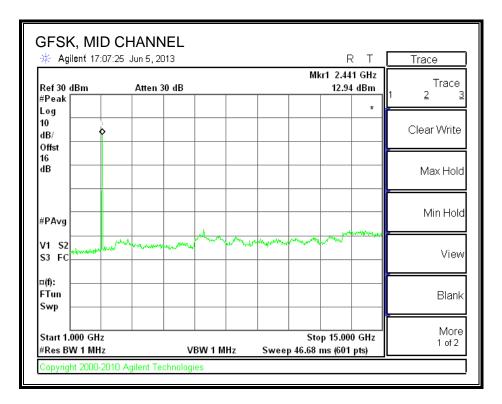




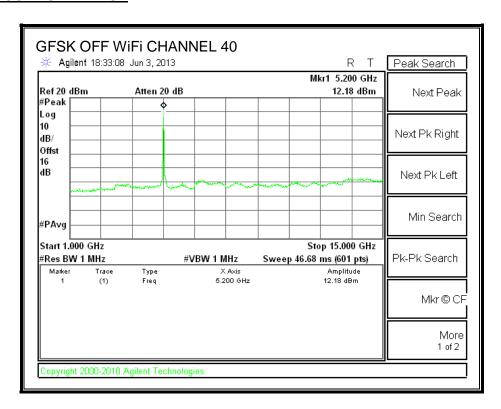


# 9.2.10. 2.4GHz and 5GHz Band Co-Location

## **BLUETOOTH ON**

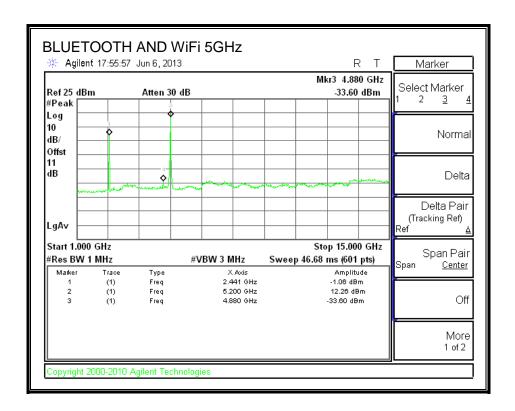


#### **BLUETOOTH OFF WIFI ON**

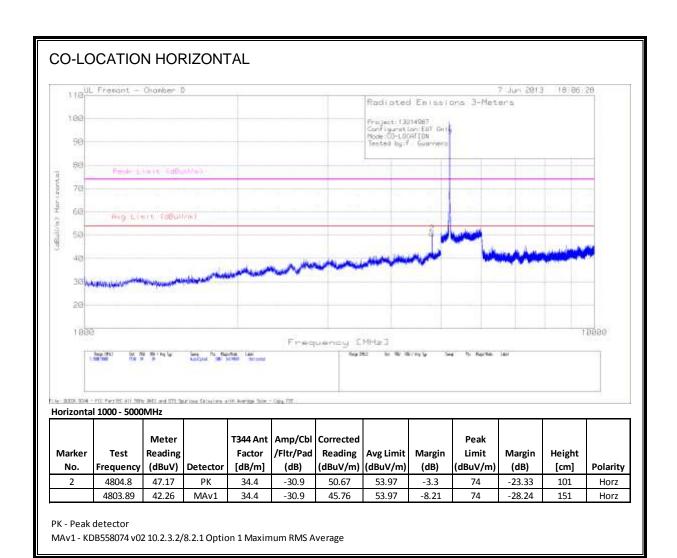


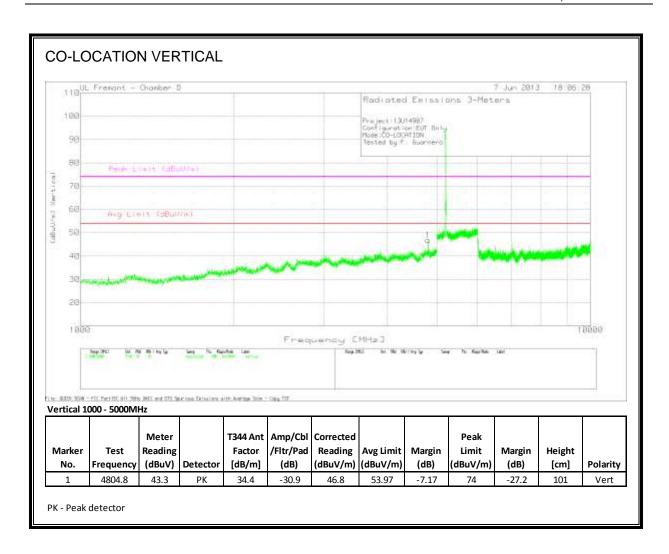
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#### **BLUETOOTH AND WIFI CO-LOCATION**



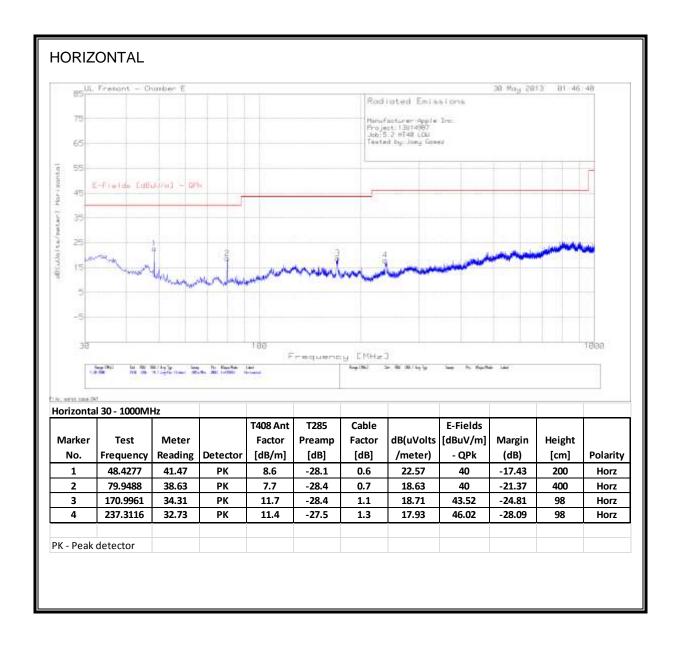
## **HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**

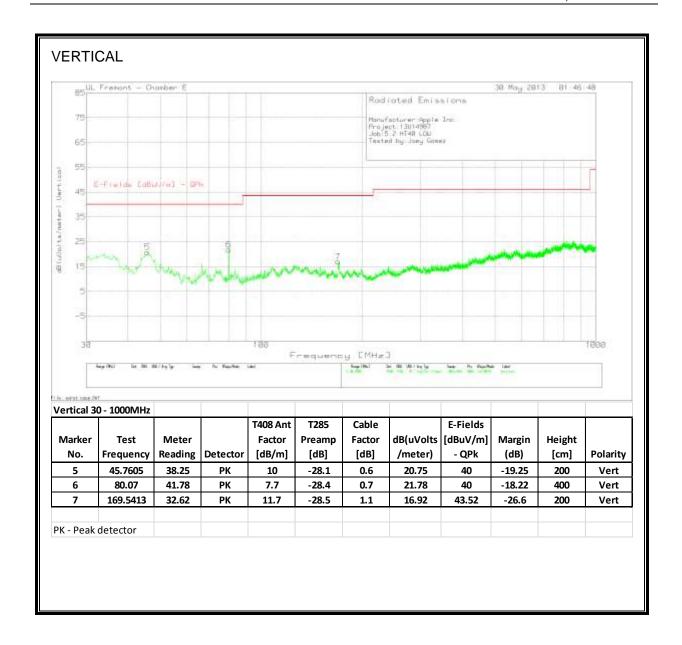




#### **WORST-CASE BELOW 1 GHz** 9.3.

## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, HORIZONTAL)





# 10. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

# **LIMITS**

FCC §15.207 (a)

RSS-Gen 7.2.2

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4.

The receiver is set to a resolution bandwidth of 9 kHz. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak or average.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and HOT lines.

# **RESULTS**

### **6 WORST EMISSIONS**

Line-L1 .15 - 30MHz

Test Frequency	Meter Reading	Detector	T24 IL L1.TXT (dB)	LC Cables 1&3.TXT (dB)	dB(uVolts)	CISPR 11/22 Class B Quasi- peak	Margin	CISPR 11/22 Class B Average	Margin
0.159	54.38	QP	0.1	0	54.48	65.52	-11.04	-	-
0.159	48.7	Av	0.1	0	48.8	-	-	55.5	-6.7
0.8295	48.8	PK	0.1	0	48.9	56	-7.1	-	-
0.8295	30.76	Av	0.1	0	30.86	-	-	46	-15.14
7.278	39.71	PK	0.1	0.1	39.91	60	-20.09	-	-
7.278	25.72	Av	0.1	0.1	25.92	-	-	50	-24.08
16.854	45.42	PK	0.2	0.2	45.82	60	-14.18	-	-
16.854	28.85	Av	0.2	0.2	29.25	-	-	50	-20.75

Line-L2 .15 - 30MHz

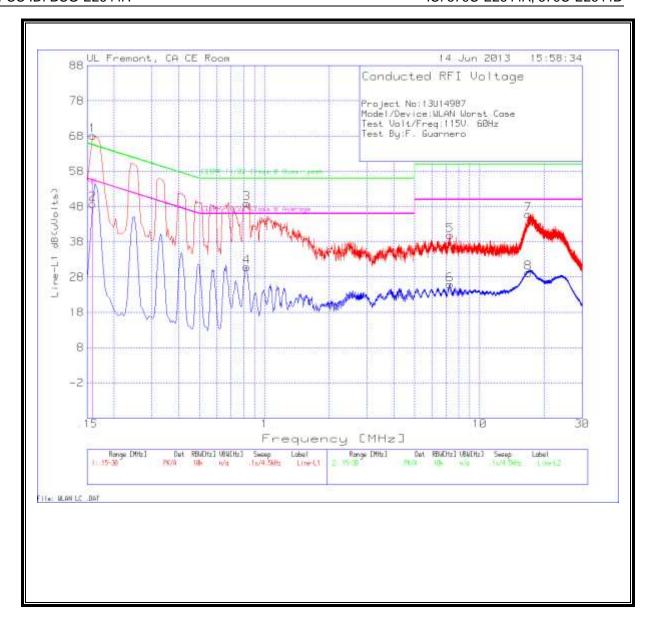
Test Frequency	Meter Reading	Detector	T24 IL L2.TXT (dB)	LC Cables 2&3.TXT (dB)	dB(uVolts)	CISPR 11/22 Class B Quasi- peak	Margin	CISPR 11/22 Class B Average	Margin
0.1545	54.75	PK	0.1	0	54.85	65.8	-10.95	-	-
0.1545	40.25	Av	0.1	0	40.35	ı	-	55.8	-15.45
0.78	42.3	PK	0.1	0	42.4	56	-13.6	-	-
0.78	24.89	Av	0.1	0	24.99	-	-	46	-21.01
2.4585	35.55	PK	0.1	0.1	35.75	56	-20.25	-	-
2.4585	22.07	Av	0.1	0.1	22.27	-	-	46	-23.73
17.5425	42	PK	0.2	0.2	42.4	60	-17.6	-	-
17.5425	29.72	Av	0.2	0.2	30.12	-	-	50	-19.88

PK - Peak detector

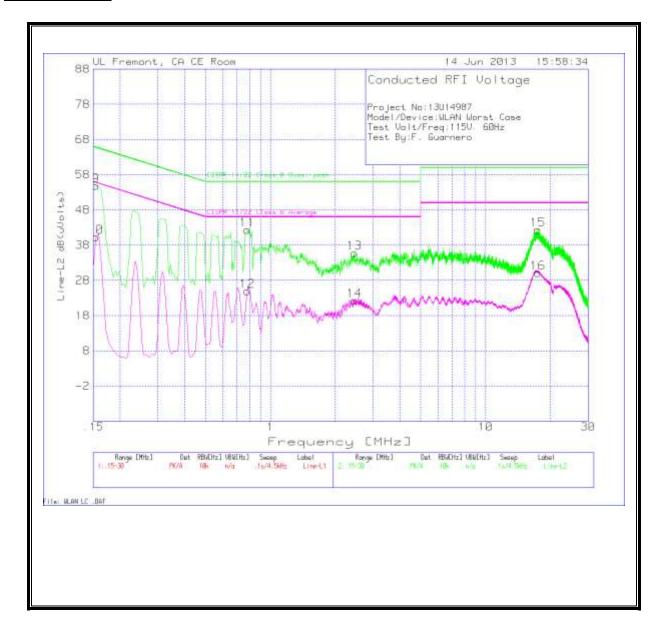
QP - Quasi-Peak detector

Av - Average detector

#### **LINE 1 RESULTS**



#### **LINE 2 RESULTS**



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### 11. DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION

#### 11.1. OVERVIEW

#### 11.1.1. LIMITS

#### **INDUSTRY CANADA**

IC RSS-210 is closely harmonized with FCC Part 15 DFS rules. The deviations are as follows:

RSS-210 Issue 7 A9.4 (b) (ii) Channel Availability Check Time: ...

**Additional requirements for the band 5600-5650 MHz**: Until further notice, devices subject to this Section shall not be capable of transmitting in the band 5600-5650 MHz, so that Environment Canada weather radars operating in this band are protected.

RSS-210 Issue 7 A9.4 (b) (iv) **Channel closing time:** the maximum channel closing time is 260 ms.

#### **FCC**

§15.407 (h) and FCC 06-96 APPENDIX "COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR UNLICENSED-NATIONAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE DEVCIES OPERATING IN THE 5250-5350 MHz AND 5470-5725 MHz BANDS INCORPORATING DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION".

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Table 1: Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel

Requirement	Operational Mode				
	Master	Client (without radar detection)	Client (with radar detection)		
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes		
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required		
Uniform Spreading	Yes	Not required	Not required		

Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

Table 2. Applicability of bit of requirements daring normal operation							
Requirement	Operational Mode						
	Master Client		Client				
		(without DFS)	(with DFS)				
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes				
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	Yes				

## Table 3: Interference Threshold values, Master or Client incorporating In-Service Monitoring

Montoning	
Maximum Transmit Power	Value
	(see note)
≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
< 200 milliwatt	-62 dBm

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

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#### Table 4: DFS Response requirement values

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds +
	approx. 60 milliseconds
	over remaining 10 second
	period

The instant that the Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time begins is as follows:

For the Short pulse radar Test Signals this instant is the end of the *Burst*.

For the Frequency Hopping radar Test Signal, this instant is the end of the last radar burst

For the Long Pulse radar Test Signal this instant is the end of the 12 second period defining the radar transmission.

The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate channel changes (an aggregate of approximately 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Table 5 - Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar	Pulse Width	PRI	Pulses	Minimum	Minimum		
Type	(Microseconds)	(Microseconds)		Percentage of	Trials		
				Successful			
				Detection			
1	1	1428	18	60%	30		
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30		
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30		
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30		
Aggregate (I	Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4) 80% 120						

Table 6 - Long Pulse Radar Test Signal

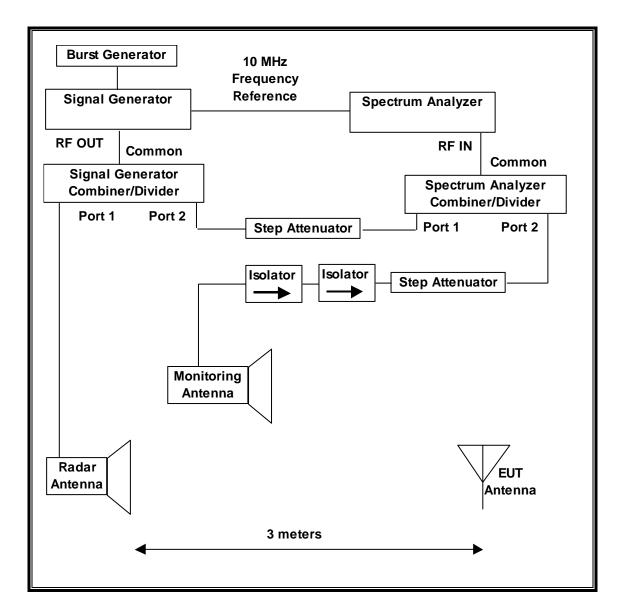
	.9						
Radar Waveform	Bursts	Pulses per Burst	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	8-20	1-3	50-100	5-20	1000- 2000	80%	30

Table 7 - Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal

i abic i	rubie i Trequency fropping Rudai Test Signal								
Radar	Pulse	PRI	Burst	Pulses	Hopping	Minimum	Minimum		
Waveform	Width	(µsec)	Length	per	Rate	Percentage of	Trials		
	(µsec)		(ms)	Hop	(kHz)	Successful			
				-		Detection			
6	1	333	300	9	.333	70%	30		

#### 11.1.2. TEST AND MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

#### RADIATED METHOD SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



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#### **SYSTEM OVERVIEW**

The short pulse and long pulse signal generating system utilizes the NTIA software. The Vector Signal Generator has been validated by the NTIA. The hopping signal generating system utilizes the CCS simulated hopping method and system, which has been validated by the DoD, FCC and NTIA. The software selects waveform parameters from within the bounds of the signal type on a random basis using uniform distribution.

The short pulse types 2, 3 and 4, and the long pulse type 5 parameters are randomized at runtime.

The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the August 2005 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of FCC 06-96 APPENDIX. The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from  $F_L$  to  $F_H$  for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.

#### SYSTEM CALIBRATION

A 50-ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected to a horn antenna via a coaxial cable, with the reference level offset set to (horn antenna gain – coaxial cable loss). The signal generator is set to CW mode. The amplitude of the signal generator is adjusted to yield a level of –64 dBm as measured on the spectrum analyzer.

Without changing any of the instrument settings, the spectrum analyzer is reconnected to the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider. The Reference Level Offset of the spectrum analyzer is adjusted so that the displayed amplitude of the signal is –64 dBm.

The spectrum analyzer displays the level of the signal generator as received at the antenna ports of the Master Device. The interference detection threshold may be varied from the calibrated value of –64 dBm and the spectrum analyzer will still indicate the level as received by the Master Device.

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#### ADJUSTMENT OF DISPLAYED TRAFFIC LEVEL

A link is established between the Master and Slave and the distance between the units is adjusted as needed to provide a suitable received level at the Master and Slave devices. The video test file is streamed to generate WLAN traffic. The monitoring antenna is adjusted so that the WLAN traffic level, as displayed on the spectrum analyzer, is at lower amplitude than the radar detection threshold.

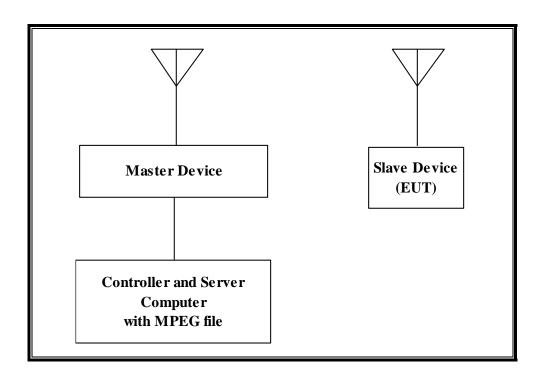
#### **TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT**

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the DFS tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST							
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Asset Number	Cal Due			
Spectrum Analyzer, 26.5 GHz	Agilent / HP	E4440A	C01178	08/18/13			
Vector Signal Generator, 20GHz	Agilent / HP	E8267C	C01066	11/20/13			

### 11.1.3. SETUP OF EUT (CLIENT MODE)

#### **RADIATED METHOD EUT TEST SETUP**



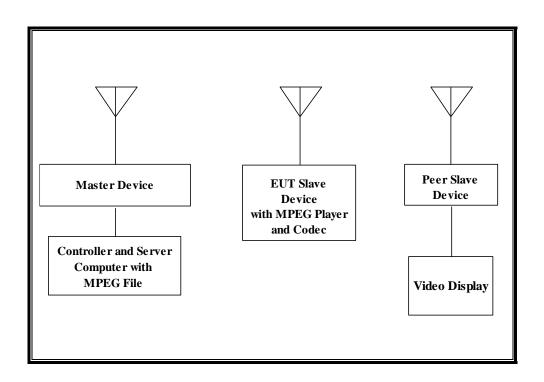
#### **SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

The following support equipment was utilized for the DFS tests documented in this report:

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST								
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID				
Wireless Access Point (Master Device)	Cisco	AIR-AP1252AG-A- K9	FTX130390D9	LDK102061				
AC Adapter (AP)	Delta Electronics	EADP-45BB B	DTH1049902N	DoC				
Notebook PC (Controller/Server)	Apple	MacBook Pro A1150	AOU257941	DoC				
AC Adapter (Controller/Server PC)	Delta Electronics	A1330	MV952157KAGKA	DoC				

# 11.1.4. SETUP OF EUT (CLIENT-TO-CLIENT COMMUNICATIONS MODE)

#### **RADIATED METHOD EUT TEST SETUP**



#### **SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

The following support equipment was utilized for the DFS tests documented in this report:

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST								
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID				
Wireless Access Point (Master Device)	Cisco	AIR-AP1252AG-A- K9	FTX130390D9	LDK102061				
AC Adapter (AP)	Delta Electronics	EADP-45BB B	DTH1049902N	DoC				
Notebook PC (Controller/Server)	Apple	MacBook Pro A1150	AOU257941	DoC				
AC Adapter (Controller/Server PC)	Delta Electronics	A1330	MV952157KAGKA	DoC				
Apple TV (Peer Slave	Apple	A1469	V07JV1Z7FF54	BCGA1469				
Video Display	Dell	U2410f	CN-0FJ525N- 72872-1B5-AGAL	DoC				

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#### 11.1.5. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

The EUT operates over the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz ranges.

The EUT is a Slave Device without Radar Detection.

The highest power level within these bands is 14.21 dBm EIRP in the 5250-5350 MHz band and 15.36 dBm EIRP in the 5470-5725 MHz band.

The only antenna assembly utilized with the EUT has a gain of -0.37 dBi in the 5250-5350 MHz band and 1.31 dBi in the 5470-5725 MHz band.

The rated output power of the Master unit is > 23dBm (EIRP). Therefore the required interference threshold level is -64 dBm. After correction for procedural adjustments, the required radiated threshold at the antenna port is -64 + 1 = -63 dBm.

The calibrated radiated DFS Detection Threshold level is set to –64 dBm. The tested level is lower than the required level hence it provides margin to the limit.

The EUT uses one transmitter/receiver chain connected to an antenna to perform radiated tests.

WLAN traffic is generated by streaming the video file TestFile.mp2 "6 ½ Magic Hours" from the Master to the Slave in full motion video mode using Safari web browser.

TPC is not required since the maximum EIRP is less than 500 mW (27 dBm).

The EUT utilizes the 802.11a/n architecture. Two nominal channel bandwidths of 20 MHz and 40 MHz are implemented.

The software installed in the EUT is 11A5400f.

#### **UNIFORM CHANNEL SPREADING**

This requirement is not applicable to Slave radio devices.

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#### OVERVIEW OF MASTER DEVICE WITH RESPECT TO §15.407 (h) REQUIREMENTS

The Master Device is a Cisco Access Point, FCC ID: LDK102061. The minimum antenna gain for the Master Device is 3.5 dBi.

The rated output power of the Master unit is > 23dBm (EIRP). Therefore the required interference threshold level is -64 dBm. After correction for procedural adjustments, the required radiated threshold at the antenna port is -64 + 1 = -63 dBm.

The calibrated radiated DFS Detection Threshold level is set to –64 dBm. The tested level is lower than the required level hence it provides margin to the limit.

The software installed in the access point is 12.4(25d)JA1.

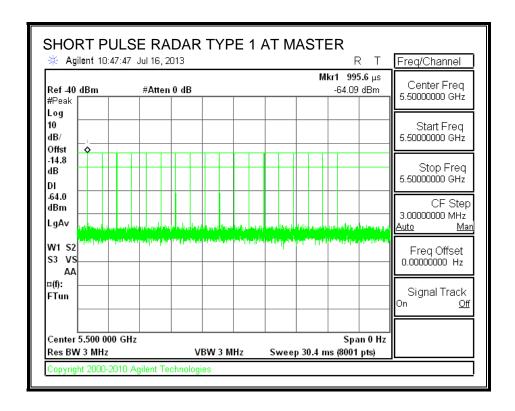
#### 11.2. CLIENT MODE RESULTS FOR 20 MHz BANDWIDTH

#### 11.2.1. TEST CHANNEL

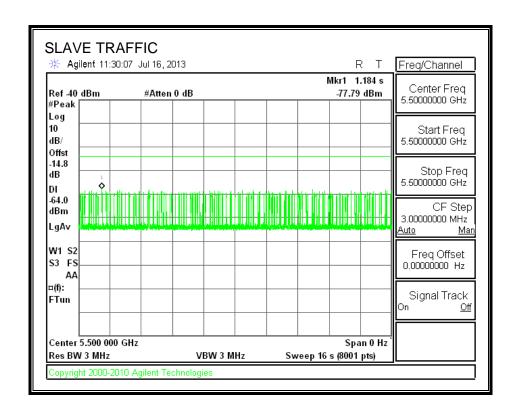
All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5500 MHz.

#### 11.2.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

#### **RADAR WAVEFORM**



#### **TRAFFIC**



#### 11.2.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

#### **RESULTS**

These tests are not applicable.

#### 11.2.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

#### **REPORTING NOTES**

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time = (Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) \* (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the FCC aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

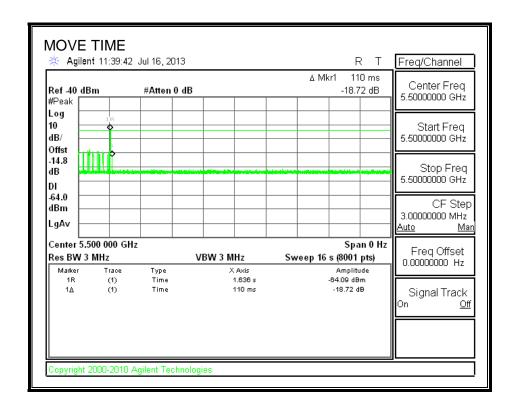
The observation period over which the IC aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

#### **RESULTS**

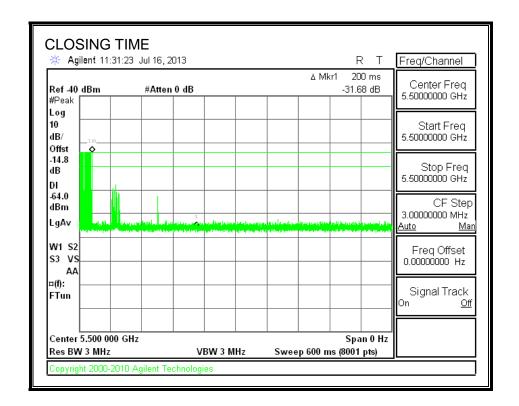
Agency	Channel Move Time	Limit
	(sec)	(sec)
FCC / IC	0.110	10

Agency	Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time	Limit
	(msec)	(msec)
FCC	0.0	60
IC	2.0	260

#### **MOVE TIME**

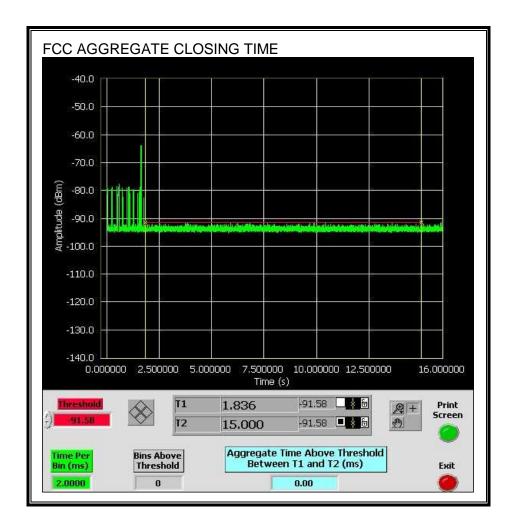


#### **CHANNEL CLOSING TIME**

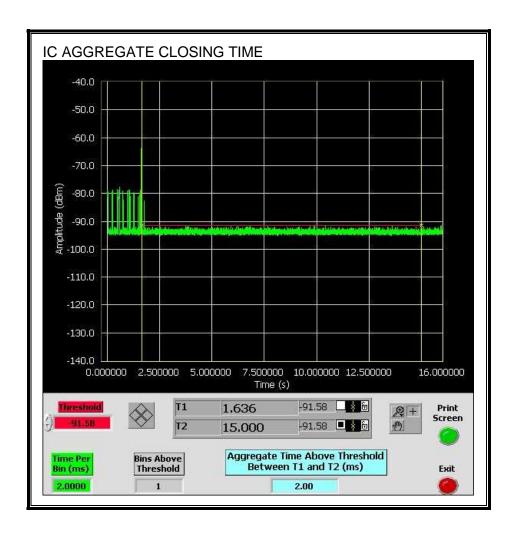


#### AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

No transmissions are observed during the FCC aggregate monitoring period.



Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the IC aggregate monitoring period.



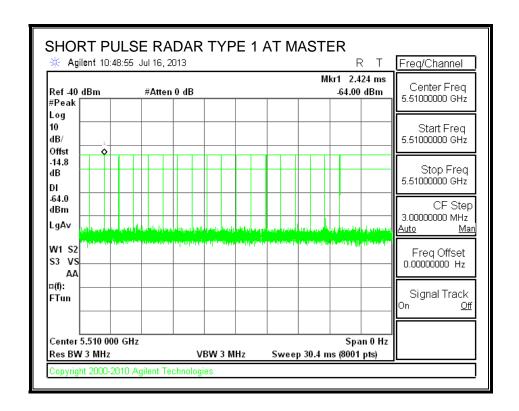
#### 11.3. CLIENT MODE RESULTS FOR 40 MHz BANDWIDTH

#### 11.3.1. TEST CHANNEL

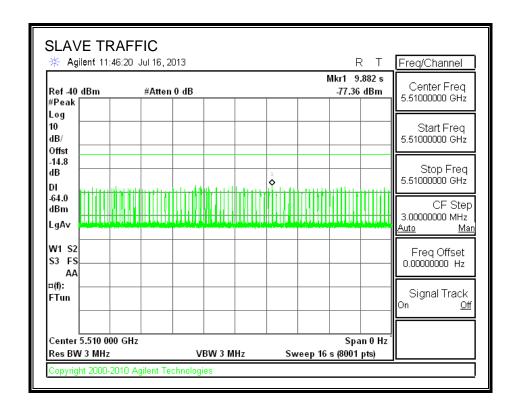
All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5510 MHz.

#### 11.3.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

#### **RADAR WAVEFORM**



#### **TRAFFIC**



#### 11.3.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

#### **RESULTS**

These tests are not applicable.

#### 11.3.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

#### **REPORTING NOTES**

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time = (Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) \* (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the FCC aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

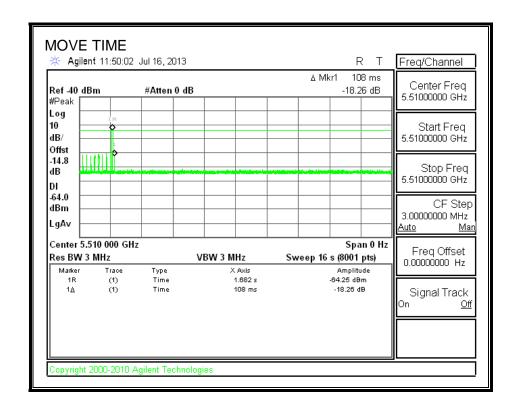
The observation period over which the IC aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

#### **RESULTS**

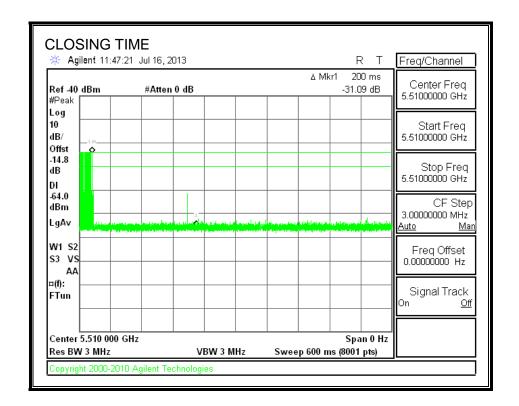
Agency	Channel Move Time	Limit
	(sec)	(sec)
FCC / IC	0.108	10

Agency	Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time	Limit
	(msec)	(msec)
FCC	0.0	60
IC	2.0	260

#### **MOVE TIME**

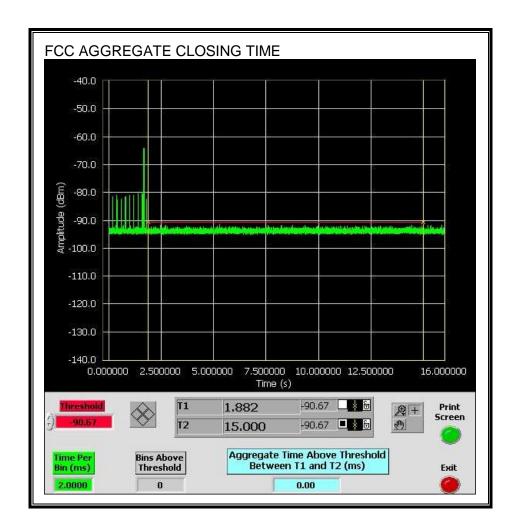


#### **CHANNEL CLOSING TIME**

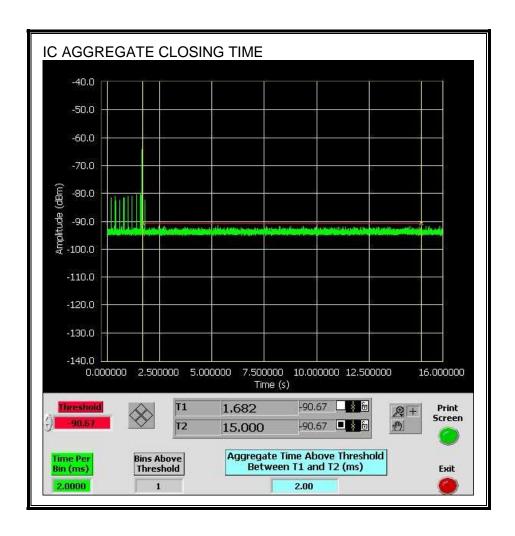


#### AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

No transmissions are observed during the FCC aggregate monitoring period.



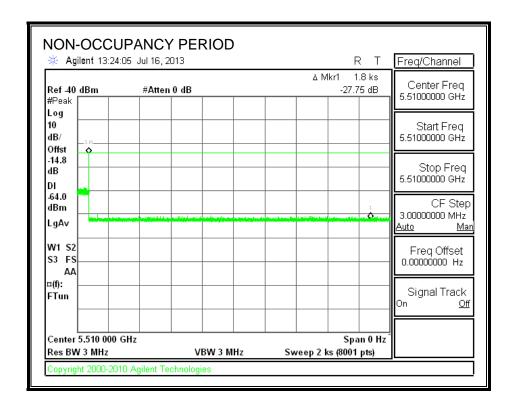
Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the IC aggregate monitoring period.



#### 11.3.5. NON-OCCUPANCY PERIOD

#### **RESULTS**

No EUT transmissions were observed on the test channel during the 30-minute observation time.



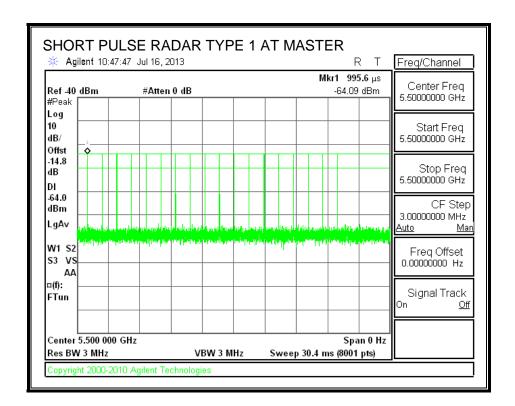
# 11.4. CLIENT-TO-CLIENT COMMUNICATIONS MODE RESULTS FOR 20 MHz BANDWIDTH

#### 11.4.1. TEST CHANNEL

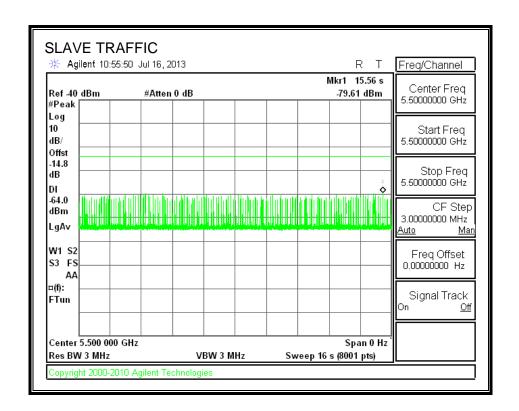
All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5500 MHz.

#### 11.4.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

#### **RADAR WAVEFORM**



#### **TRAFFIC**



#### 11.4.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

#### **RESULTS**

These tests are not applicable.

#### 11.4.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

#### **REPORTING NOTES**

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time = (Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) \* (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the FCC aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

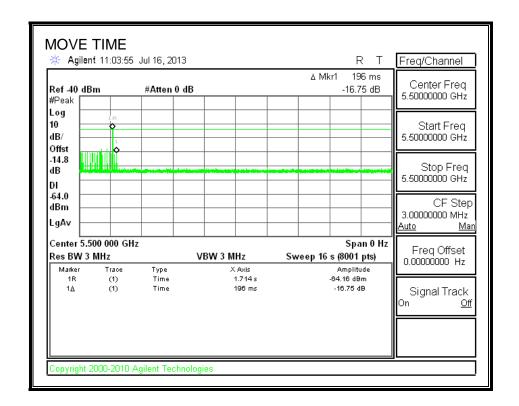
The observation period over which the IC aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

#### **RESULTS**

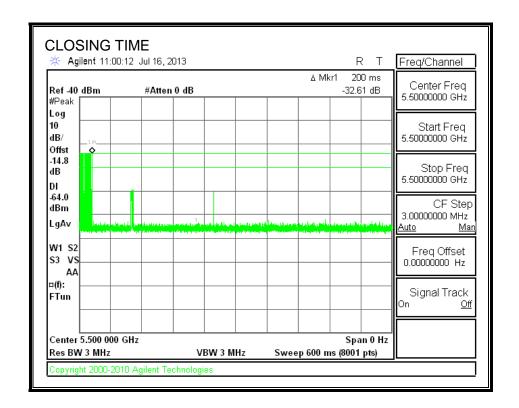
Agency	Channel Move Time	Limit
	(sec)	(sec)
FCC / IC	0.196	10

Agency	Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time	Limit
	(msec)	(msec)
FCC	0.0	60
IC	4.0	260

#### **MOVE TIME**

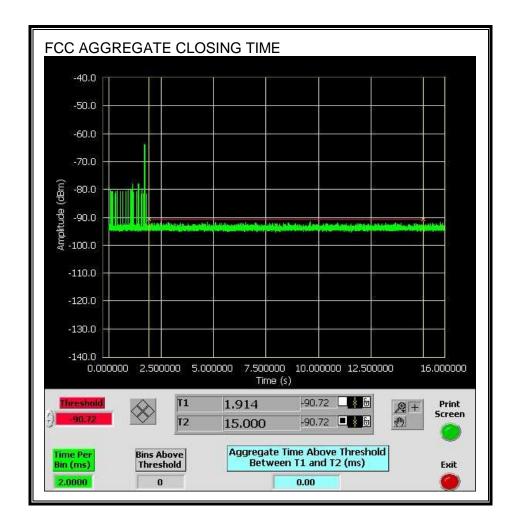


#### **CHANNEL CLOSING TIME**

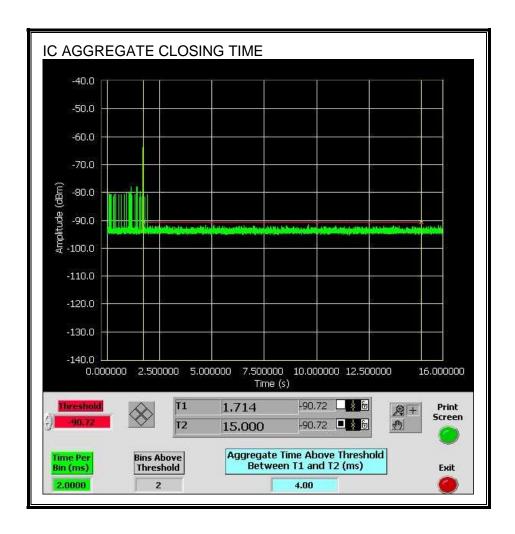


#### AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

No transmissions are observed during the FCC aggregate monitoring period.



Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the IC aggregate monitoring period.



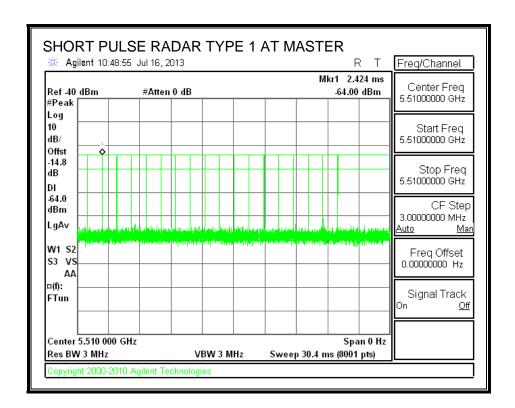
# 11.5. CLIENT-TO-CLIENT COMMUNICATIONS MODE RESULTS FOR 40 MHz BANDWIDTH

#### 11.5.1. TEST CHANNEL

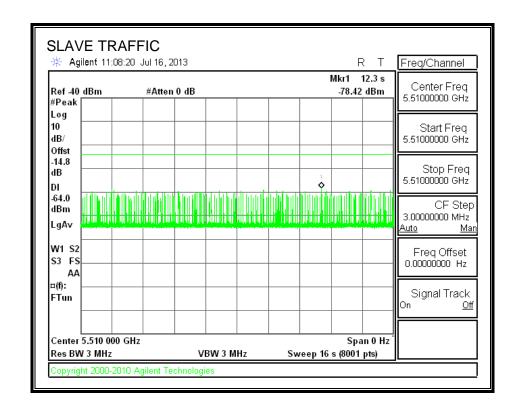
All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5510 MHz.

#### 11.5.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

#### **RADAR WAVEFORM**



#### **TRAFFIC**



#### 11.5.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

#### **RESULTS**

These tests are not applicable.

#### 11.5.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

#### **REPORTING NOTES**

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time = (Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) \* (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the FCC aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

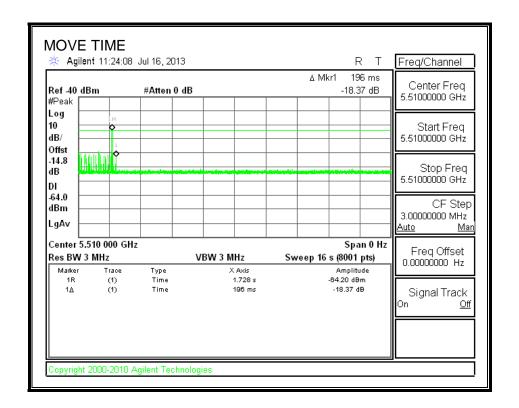
The observation period over which the IC aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

#### **RESULTS**

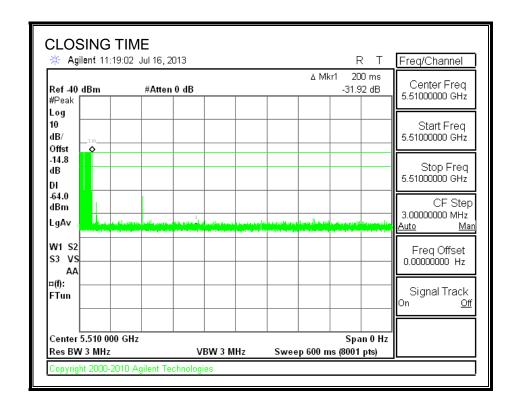
Agency	Channel Move Time	Limit
	(sec)	(sec)
FCC / IC	0.196	10

Agency	Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time	Limit
	(msec)	(msec)
FCC	0.0	60
IC	6.0	260

#### **MOVE TIME**

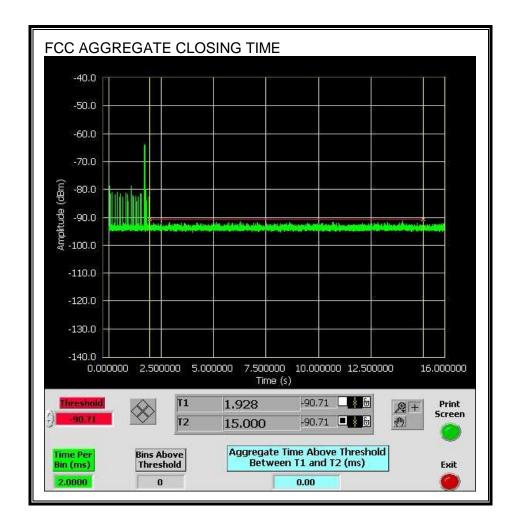


#### **CHANNEL CLOSING TIME**



#### AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

No transmissions are observed during the FCC aggregate monitoring period.



Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the IC aggregate monitoring period.

