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IEEE Std 1528-2003 & IEEE 1528a-2005

SAR EVALUATION REPORT
(Class II Permissive Change: Added W-CDMA Band IV)

For
iPhone

Model: A1428
FCC ID: BCG-E2599A

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A	1/25/2013	Revised Sec. 9 based on UL CCS EMC Report "12U14759-1", FCC ID: BCG-E2599A.	Bobby Bayani
B	3/25/2013	Revised Report based on Reviewer's comments: 1. Sec. 14.2: Updated Simultaneous Transmission Analysis Table.	Bobby Bayani
C	3/27/2013	Revised Report based on Reviewer's comments: 1. Sec. 7.3: Revised Table to include WCDMA 1700MHz. 2. Sec. 9.1: Added Note in reference to Maximum Output Power Tune Up Limit. 3. Secs. 4.2, 10.2, 11.3, and 15: Removed reference to 2.4GHz.	Bobby Bayani

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1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant	Apple Inc.		
DUT description	iPhone		
Model	A1428		
Test device is	An identical prototype		
Device category	Portable		
Exposure category	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure		
Date tested	12/13/2012 – 12/27/2012		
RF Exposure Rule	Freq. Range	Highest Reported SAR	Limit
27	1710-1755 MHz	Head: 1.060 W/kg (Right Touch) Body-worn accessory: 0.977 W/kg (Front w/ 10 mm distance) Hotspot: 0.977 W/kg (Front w/ 10 mm distance)	1.6 W/kg
Applicable Standards			Test Results
FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures, TCB workshop updates and OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C, IEEE Std 1528-2003 and IEEE Std 1528a-2005			Pass
<p>UL CCS tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL CCS based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.</p> <p>Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL CCS and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL CCS will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government (NIST Handbook 150, Annex A). This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.</p>			
Approved & Released For UL CCS By:		Prepared By:	
			
Sunny Shih Engineering Leader UL CCS		Bobby Bayani SAR Engineer UL CCS	

2. Test Methodology

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C Edition 01-01, IEEE Std 1528-2003 & IEEE 1528a-2005 and the following published KDB procedures:

- 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05
- 648474 D04 SAR Handsets Multi Xmitter and Ant v01
- 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02
- 941225 D02 Guidance for 3GPP R6 and R7 HSPA v02v01
- 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01
- 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01
- 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01

3. Facilities and Accreditation

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA.

UL CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <http://www.ccsemc.com>.

4. Calibration and Uncertainty

4.1. Measuring Instrument Calibration

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due date		
				MM	DD	Year
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	MY40001647	6	27	2013
Dielectronic Probe kit	SPEAG	SM DAK 040 CA	1082	9	18	2013
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42100131	2	11	2013
Dielectronic Probe kit	HP	85070E	594	N/A		
Synthesized Signal Generator	HP	8665B	3438A00633	2	22	2013
Power Meter	HP	438A	3513U04320	9	17	2013
Power Sensor A	HP	8481A	2237A31744	8	17	2013
Power Sensor B	HP	8481A	3318A95392	8	17	2013
Amplifier	MITEQ	4D00400600-50-30P	1622052	N/A		
Directional coupler	Werlatone	C8060-102	2149	N/A		
Synthesized Signal Generator	HP	8665B	3744A01084	5	3	2013
Power Meter	HP	438A	2822A05684	10	7	2013
Power Sensor A	HP	8481A	2702A66876	8	1	2013
Power Sensor B	HP	8482A	2349A08568	4	14	2013
Amplifier	MITEQ	4D00400600-50-30P	1620606	N/A		
Directional coupler	Werlatone	C8060-102	2141	N/A		
Base Station Simulator	R & S	CMU200	106301	6	6	2013
Base Station Simulator	Agilent	8960	GB42361452	4	4	2013
Thermometer	ERTCO	639-1S	8350	7	30	2013
E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3773	3	14	2013
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1239	6	6	2013
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1053	8	15	2013
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	748	2	7	2013

4.2. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram (Head)

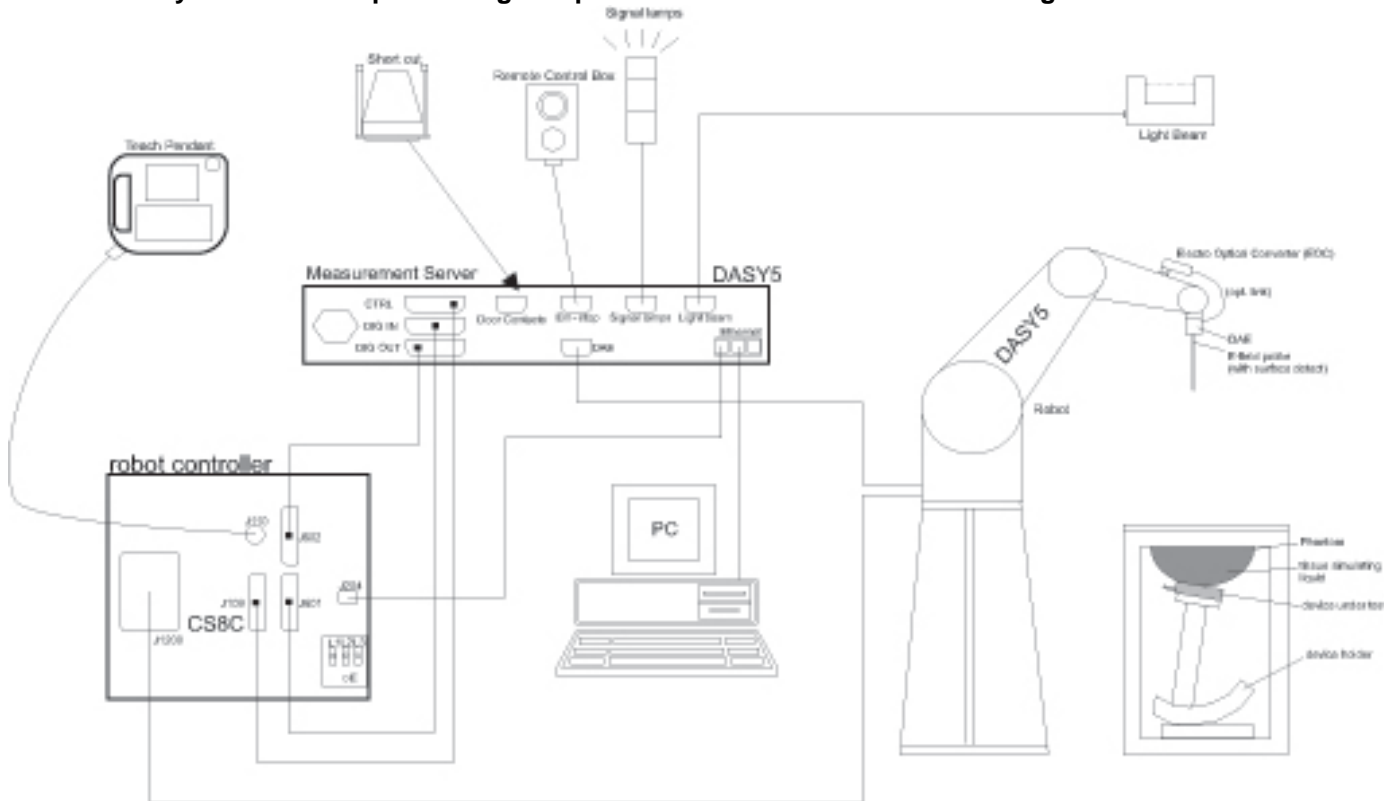
Component	Error, %	Distribution	Divisor	Sensitivity	U (Xi), %
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration (k=1)	6.00	Normal	1	1	6.00
Axial Isotropy	1.15	Rectangular	1.732	0.7071	0.47
Hemispherical Isotropy	2.30	Rectangular	1.732	0.7071	0.94
Boundary Effect	0.90	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.52
Probe Linearity	3.45	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.99
System Detection Limits	1.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.58
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.46
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.50
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.73
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.73
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.40	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.23
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom	2.90	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.67
Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration	1.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.58
Test Sample Related					
Test Sample Positioning	2.90	Normal	1	1	2.90
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60	Normal	1	1	3.60
Output Power Variation - SAR Drift	5.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	2.89
Phantom and Tissue Parameters					
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness)	4.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	2.31
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target	5.00	Rectangular	1.732	0.64	1.85
Liquid Conductivity - measurement	-4.59	Normal	1	0.64	-2.94
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target	5.00	Rectangular	1.732	0.6	1.73
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	-3.57	Normal	1	0.6	-2.14
Combined Standard Uncertainty Uc(y) =					10.40
Expanded Uncertainty U, Coverage Factor = 2, > 95 % Confidence =				20.79 %	
Expanded Uncertainty U, Coverage Factor = 2, > 95 % Confidence =				1.64 dB	

Measurement uncertainty for 30 MHz to 6 GHz averaged over 1 gram (Body)

Component	Error, ±%	Prob Dist	Divisor	Sensitivity	U (Xi), %
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration (k=1)	6.00	Normal	1	1	6.00
Axial Isotropy	1.15	Rectangular	1.732	0.7071	0.47
Hemispherical Isotropy	2.30	Rectangular	1.732	0.7071	0.94
Boundary Effect	0.90	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.52
Probe Linearity	3.45	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.99
Modulation Response	2.40	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.39
System Detection Limits	1.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.58
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.46
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.50
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.73
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.73
Probe Positioner	0.80	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.46
Probe Positioning	6.70	Rectangular	1.732	1	3.87
Post-processing	4.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	2.31
Test Sample Related					
Device Holder	3.60	Normal	1	1	3.60
Test Sample Positioning	3.00	Normal	1	1	3.00
Power Scaling	1.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.58
Power Drift	5.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	2.89
Phantom and Setup					
Phantom Uncertainty	7.90	Rectangular	1.732	1	4.56
SAR Correction	1.90	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.10
Liquid Conductivity - measurement	-3.38	Rectangular	1.732	0.78	-1.52
Liquid Permittivity - measurement	-2.21	Rectangular	1.732	0.26	-0.33
Liquid Conductivity - temperature uncertainty	5.22	Rectangular	1.732	0.78	2.35
Liquid Permittivity - temperature uncertainty	0.84	Rectangular	1.732	0.23	0.11
Combined Standard Uncertainty Uc(y) =					11.49
Expanded Uncertainty U, Coverage Factor = 2, > 95 % Confidence =				22.98 %	
Expanded Uncertainty U, Coverage Factor = 2, > 95 % Confidence =				1.80 dB	

5. Measurement System Description and Setup

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- Data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6. SAR Measurement Procedure

6.1. Normal SAR Measurement Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom}$		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	≤ 1.5 · $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the area scan based <i>1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.			

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan (FCC only)

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

6.2. Volume Scan Procedures

Step 1: Repeat Step 1-4 in Section 6.1

Step 2: Volume Scan

Volume Scans are used to assess peak SAR and averaged SAR measurements in largely extended 3-dimensional volumes within any phantom. This measurement does not need any previous area scan. The grid can be anchored to a user specific point or to the current probe location.

Step 3: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

7. Device Under Test

iPhone Model: A1428	
Normal operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Held to head, • Body-worn (Rear and Front sides) with 10 mm separation distance. • Hotspot (wireless router) with 10 mm separation distance to all sides and edges.
Accessory	1. Headset

7.1. Band and Air Interfaces

Tx Frequencies	Model: A1428 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GSM850: 824 - 849 MHz • GSM1900: 1850 - 1910 MHz • W-CDMA Band II: 1850 - 1910 MHz • W-CDMA Band IV: 1710 - 1755 MHz • W-CDMA Band V: 824 - 849 MHz • LTE Band 2: 1850 - 1910 MHz • LTE Band 4: 1710 - 1755 MHz • LTE Band 5: 824 - 849 MHz • LTE Band 17: 704 - 716 MHz • 802.11a/b/g/n: 2412 - 2462 MHz 5180 – 5825 MHz • Bluetooth: 2402 - 2480 MHz
Mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GSM/GPRS/EGPRS • UMTS Rel 99 • HSDPA (Rel 7, CAT 14) • HSUPA (Rel 6, CAT 6) • DC-HSDPA (Rel 8, CAT 24) • HSPA+ (Rel 6, CAT 6) • 802.11a/b/g/n HT20 • Bluetooth 4.0 LE
GPRS Multi-Slot Class	10
GPRS Class	B
DTM Class	Not supported

7.2. Hotspot (Wireless router) Exposure Condition

The device is capable of personal hotspot mode with WiFi in the 2.4 GHz band. The hotspot mode can be enabled by the user. However, the 5 GHz bands do not support hotspot mode.

7.3. Simultaneous Transmission

WWAN Radio (GSM/GPRS/EGPRS/UMTS/LTE) can transmit simultaneously with WiFi/BT Radio.

- WiFi 2.4 GHz Radio cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth Radio.
- WiFi 5 GHz Radio can transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth Radio

- TX1 = LAT/Primary Antenna
- TX2 = UAT/Secondary Antenna
- TX3 = WiFi/Bluetooth Antenna. WiFi 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz share the same antenna with each other and Bluetooth
- WWAN transmits using either TX1 or TX2 and not TX3, and TX1 and TX2 never transmit simultaneously. At any given time only one technology (GSM/UMTS/LTE) can transmit from Tx1 or Tx2.
- WiFi and BT transmit using only TX3

7.3.1. Head Exposure Conditions

A1428 Cellular + Wifi

User usage	SAR Test distance	Mode	Mode of Operation	Band	LTE data	GSM Voice	WCDMA Voice	GPRS/EGPRS	DC-HSDPA	HSDPA / HSPA+ (HSDPA/HSUPA)	Wi-Fi 5GHz	Wi-Fi 2.4GHz	BT 2.4GHz
Head	0 cm	Voice	GSM Voice	850	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	Tx3	No
			GSM Voice	1900	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No		No
			WCDMA Voice	835	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No		No
			WCDMA Voice	1700	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No		No
			WCDMA Voice	1900	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No		No
			LTE VOIP*	710	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No		No
			LTE VOIP*	850	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No		No
			LTE VOIP*	1700	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No		No
			LTE VOIP*	1900	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No		No
			GSM Voice	850	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No		No
		GSM Voice	1900	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
		WCDMA Voice	835	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	
		WCDMA Voice	1700	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	
		WCDMA Voice	1900	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	
		LTE VOIP	710	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
		LTE VOIP	850	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
		LTE VOIP	1700	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
		LTE VOIP	1900	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

7.3.2. Body-worn Accessory Exposure Condition

A1428 Cellular + Wi-Fi, Cellular+ BT Simultaneous Transmission Configurations

User usage	SAR Test distance	Mode	Mode of Operation	Band	LTE	GSM Voice	WCDMA Voice	GPRS/ EGPRS	WCDMA	DC-HSDPA/HSPA+ (HSDPA/HSUPA)	Wi-Fi 5GHz	Wi-Fi 2.4GHz	BT 2.4GHz	
Body-worn accessory	1 cm	Cellular + 2.4GHz Wifi	GSM Voice	850	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	Tx3	No	
			GSM Voice	1900	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No		No	
			WCDMA Voice	835	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No		No	No
			WCDMA Voice	1700	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No		No	No
			WCDMA Voice	1900	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
			GPRS/ EGPRS	850	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No
			GPRS/ EGPRS	1900	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No
			DC-HSDPA	835	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No
			DC-HSDPA	1700	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No
			DC-HSDPA	1900	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No
			HSPA+	835	No	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No
			HSPA+	1700	No	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No
			HSPA+	1900	No	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No
			LTE data	710	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
		LTE data	850	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
		LTE data	1700	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
		LTE data	1900	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
		Cellular + 5GHz Wifi/Cellular + BT/ Cellular + 5GHz Wifi+ BT	GSM Voice	850	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	Tx3	No
			GSM Voice	1900	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No		No
			WCDMA Voice	835	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No		No
			WCDMA Voice	1700	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No		No
			WCDMA Voice	1900	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
			GPRS/ EGPRS	850	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No
			GPRS/ EGPRS	1900	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No
			DC-HSDPA	835	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No
			DC-HSDPA	1700	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No
			DC-HSDPA	1900	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No
			HSPA+	835	No	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No
HSPA+	1700		No	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No		
HSPA+	1900		No	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No		
LTE data	710		Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No		
LTE data	850	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
LTE data	1700	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
LTE data	1900	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			

7.3.3. Wireless Router (hotspot) Exposure Condition

A1428 Hotspot simultaneous transmission

User usage	SAR Test distance	Mode	Mode of Operation	Band	LTE	WCDMA	GPRS/ EGPRS	DC-HSDPA	HSPA+ (HSDPA/HSUPA)	Wi-Fi HOTSPOT 2.4GHz Only)	BT 2.4GHz
Hotspot	1 cm	Cellular + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi HOTSPOT	GPRS/ EGPRS	850	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No	Tx3	No
			GPRS/ EGPRS	1900	No	No	Tx1/2	No	No		No
			DC-HSDPA	835	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No		No
			DC-HSDPA	1700	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No		No
			DC-HSDPA	1900	No	No	No	Tx1/2	No		No
			HSPA+	835	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2		No
			HSPA+	1700	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2		No
			HSPA+	1900	No	No	No	No	Tx1/2		No
			LTE data	710	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No		No
			LTE data	850	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No		No
			LTE data	1700	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No		No
			LTE data	1900	Tx1/2	No	No	No	No		No

8. Summary of Test Configurations

Refer to Section 17 “Antenna Location and Separation Distances” for the specific details of the antenna-to-antenna and antenna-to-edge(s) distances.

8.1. Head Exposure Conditions for WWAN and WiFi

Applicable to both LAT/Primary Ant. (TX1), UAT/Secondary Ant. (TX2) and WiFi/BT Ant. (TX3)

Test Configurations	SAR Required	Note
Left Touch	Yes	
Left Tilt (15°)	Yes	
Right Touch	Yes	
Right Tilt (15°)	Yes	

8.2. Body-worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

Applicable to both LAT/Primary Ant. (TX1), UAT/Secondary Ant. (TX2) and WiFi/BT Ant. (TX3)

Test Configurations	Antenna-to-edge/surface	SAR Required	Note
Rear	< 25 mm	Yes	
Front	< 25 mm	Yes	

8.3. Hotspot Mode Exposure Conditions

For WWAN (LAT/Primary Antenna)

Test Configurations	Antenna-to-edge/surface	SAR Required	Note
Rear	< 25 mm	Yes	
Front	< 25 mm	Yes	
Edge 1	>25 mm	No	SAR is not required because the distance from the antenna to the edge is > 2.5 cm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01
Edge 2	0 mm	Yes	
Edge 3	0 mm	Yes	
Edge 4	0 mm	Yes	

For WWAN (UAT/Secondary Antenna)

Test Configurations	Antenna-to-edge/surface	SAR Required	Note
Rear	< 25 mm	Yes	
Front	< 25 mm	Yes	
Edge 1	0 mm	Yes	
Edge 2	0 mm	Yes	
Edge 3	>25 mm	No	SAR is not required because the distance from the antenna to the edge is > 2.5 cm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01
Edge 4	0 mm	Yes	

For WiFi

Test Configurations	Antenna-to-edge/surface	SAR Required	Note
Rear	< 25 mm	Yes	
Front	< 25 mm	Yes	
Edge 1	4.7 mm	Yes	
Edge 2	35.2 mm	Yes	
Edge 3	115.4 mm	No	SAR is not required because the distance from the antenna to the edge is > 2.5 cm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01
Edge 4	10.5 mm	Yes	

Notes:

- Edge 1= Top Edge
- Edge 2= Left Edge
- Edge 3= Right Edge
- Edge 4= Bottom Edge

9. RF Output Power Measurement

9.1. W-CDMA Band IV

The output power is already tuned up to the maximum limit.

Release 99

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The DUT supports power Class 3, which has a nominal maximum output power of 24 dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

Mode	Subtest	Rel99
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	β_c/β_d	8/15

Results

Band	Mode	UL Ch No.	Freq. (MHz)	Primary Antenna	Secondary Antenna
				Avg Pwr (dBm)	
W-CDMA Band IV	Rel 99 (RMC, 12.2 kbps)	1312	1712.4	23.0	21.5
		1413	1732.6	23.0	21.5
		1513	1752.6	23.0	21.4

HSDPA

The following 4 Sub-tests were completed according to Release 6 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS34.121. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
Subtest	1	2	3	4
W-CDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode			
	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC			
	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC			
	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm			
	Algorithm 2			
	β_c	2/15	12/15	15/15
β_d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
Bd (SF)				
64				
β_c/β_d	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
β_{hs}	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
CM (dB)	0	1	1.5	1.5
HSDPA Specific Settings	D_{ACK}			
	8			
	D_{NAK}			
	8			
	DCQI			
	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor			
3				
CQI Feedback (Table 5.2B.4)				
4ms				
CQI Repetition Factor (Table 5.2B.4)				
2				
$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c$				
30/15				

Results

Band	Mode	UL Ch No.	Freq. (MHz)	MPR	Primary Antenna	Secondary Antenna
					Avg Pwr (dBm)	
W-CDMA Band IV	Subtest 1	1312	1712.4	0	22.9	21.5
		1413	1732.6	0	23.0	21.5
		1513	1752.6	0	22.9	21.4
	Subtest 2	1312	1712.4	1	23.0	21.4
		1413	1732.6	1	23.0	21.4
		1513	1752.6	1	23.0	21.4
	Subtest 3	1312	1712.4	1.5	22.5	21.0
		1413	1732.6	1.5	22.1	21.0
		1513	1752.6	1.5	22.5	21.0
	Subtest 4	1312	1712.4	1.5	22.5	20.9
		1413	1732.6	1.5	22.2	21.0
		1513	1752.6	1.5	22.5	20.9

Note(s):

- KDB 941225 D01 – Body SAR is not required for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is < 75% of the SAR limit.

HSPA (HSDPA & HSUPA)

The following 5 Sub-tests were completed according to Release 6 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS34.121. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

	Mode	HSPA	HSPA	HSPA	HSPA	HSPA
	Subtest	1	2	3	4	5
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	β_c	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	15/15
	β_{ec}	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	24/15
	β_c/β_d	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	15/15
	β_{hs}	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	30/15
	β_{ed}	1309/225	94/75	47/15	56/75	134/15
	CM (dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
MPR (dB)	0	2	1	2	0	
HSDPA Specific Settings	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback (Table 5.2B.4)	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor (Table 5.2B.4)	2				
	A _{hs} = β_{hs}/β_c	30/15				
HSUPA Specific Settings	D E-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI (from 34.121 Table C.11.1.3)	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_TFCIs	E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO 23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO 26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18		E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO 23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO 26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27

Results

Band	Mode	UL Ch No.	Freq. (MHz)	MPR	Primary Antenna	Secondary Antenna
					Avg Pwr (dBm)	
WCDMA Band IV	Subtest 1	1312	1712.4	0	23.0	21.3
		1413	1732.6	0	22.7	21.5
		1513	1752.6	0	22.8	21.5
	Subtest 2	1312	1712.4	2	21.1	19.6
		1413	1732.6	2	20.6	19.5
		1513	1752.6	2	20.9	19.4
	Subtest 3	1312	1712.4	1	22.1	20.6
		1413	1732.6	1	21.7	20.5
		1513	1752.6	1	21.8	20.5
	Subtest 4	1312	1712.4	2	21.0	19.5
		1413	1732.6	2	20.6	19.5
		1513	1752.6	2	20.8	19.6
	Subtest 5	1312	1712.4	0	23.0	21.5
		1413	1732.6	0	22.6	21.5
		1513	1752.6	0	22.7	21.5

Note(s):

- KDB 941225 D01 – Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is ≤ 75% of the SAR limit.

DC-HSDPA (Rel 8, CAT 24)

The following tests were completed according to procedures in section 7.3.13 of 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Downlink Physical Channels are set as per 3GPP TS34.121-1 v9.0.0 E.5.0

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

Parameter During Connection setup	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/Ior	dB	-3.1

Call is set up as per 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0 sub clause 7.3.13

The configurations of the fixed reference channels for HSDPA RF tests are described in 3GPP TS 34.121, annex C for FDD and 3GPP TS 34.122.

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table. Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

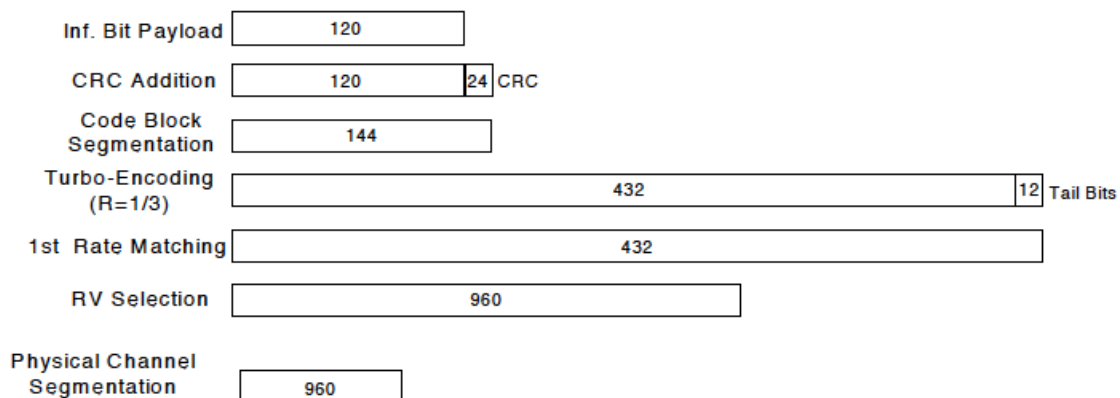


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

The following 4 Sub-tests for HSDPA were completed according to Release 6 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS34.121. A summary of subtest settings are illustrated below:

	Mode	Rel6 HSDPA	Rel6 HSDPA	Rel6 HSDPA	Rel6 HSDPA
	Subtest	1	2	3	4
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	β_c	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	β_d (SF)	64			
	β_c/β_d	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	β_{hs}	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	MPR	0	0	0.5	0.5
HSDPA Specific Settings	DACK	8			
	DNAK	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack Repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor	2			
	A _{hs} = β_{hs}/β_c	30/15			

Up commands are set continuously to set the UE to Max power.

Results

Band	Mode	UL Ch No.	Freq. (MHz)	MPR	Primary Antenna	Secondary Antenna
					Avg Pwr (dBm)	
WCDMA Band IV	Subtest 1	1312	1712.4	0	22.9	21.5
		1413	1732.6	0	23.0	21.3
		1513	1752.6	0	23.0	21.5
	Subtest 2	1312	1712.4	0	22.9	21.5
		1413	1732.6	0	23.0	21.3
		1513	1752.6	0	23.0	21.5
	Subtest 3	1312	1712.4	0.5	22.5	20.9
		1413	1732.6	0.5	22.5	20.9
		1513	1752.6	0.5	22.5	21.0
	Subtest 4	1312	1712.4	0.5	22.4	21.0
		1413	1732.6	0.5	22.5	20.9
		1513	1752.6	0.5	22.5	21.0

HSPA+

Since 16QAM is not used for uplink, the uplink Category and release is same as HSUPA, i.e., CAT 6 Rel 6. Therefore, the RF conducted power is not measured.

10. Tissue Dielectric Properties

IEEE Std 1528-2003 Table 2

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
300	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
1450	40.5	1.20
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40
2450	39.2	1.80
2600	39.0	1.96
3000	38.5	2.40

FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01 & IC RSS-102

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

10.1. Composition of Ingredients for the Tissue Material Used in the SAR Tests

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ+ resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

MSL/HSL750 (Body and Head liquids for 700 – 800 MHz)

Item	Head Tissue Simulation Liquids HSL750 Muscle (body) Tissue Simulation Liquids MSL750
Type No	SL AAH 075
Manufacturer	SPEAG
The item is composed of the following ingredients:	
H ₂ O	Water, 35 – 58%
Sucrose	Sugar, white, refined, 40-60%
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, 0-6%
Hydroxyethyl-cellulose	Medium Viscosity (CAS# 9004-62-0), <0.3%
Preventol-D7	Preservative: aqueous preparation, (CAS# 55965-84-9), containing 5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone and 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone, 0.1-0.7%

MSL/HSL1750 (Body and Head liquids for 1700 – 1800 MHz)

Item	Head Tissue Simulation Liquids HSL1750 Muscle (body) Tissue Simulation Liquids MSL1750
Type No	SL AAM 175
Manufacturer	SPEAG
-The item is composed of the following ingredients:	
H ₂ O	Water, 52 – 75%
C8H18O3	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (DGBE), 25-48%
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, <1.0%

Simulating Liquids for 5 GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	78
Mineral oil	11
Emulsifiers	9
Additives and Salt	2

10.2. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within ± 2°C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 – 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

Date	Freq. (MHz)	Liquid Parameters		Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit ±(%)	
12/13/2012	Head 1750	e'	39.6579	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	39.66	40.08	-1.06	5
		e"	13.6214	Conductivity (σ):	1.33	1.37	-3.18	5
	Head 1710	e'	39.7758	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	39.78	40.15	-0.92	5
		e"	13.5276	Conductivity (σ):	1.29	1.35	-4.47	5
	Head 1755	e'	39.6412	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	39.64	40.08	-1.09	5
		e"	13.6615	Conductivity (σ):	1.33	1.37	-2.82	5
12/13/2012	Body 1750	e'	53.2791	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	53.28	53.44	-0.30	5
		e"	14.9635	Conductivity (σ):	1.46	1.49	-2.03	5
	Body 1710	e'	53.3710	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	53.37	53.54	-0.32	5
		e"	14.8519	Conductivity (σ):	1.41	1.46	-3.38	5
	Body 1755	e'	53.2765	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	53.28	53.43	-0.28	5
		e"	14.9984	Conductivity (σ):	1.46	1.49	-1.72	5
12/18/2012	Head 1750	e'	40.7016	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	40.70	40.08	1.54	5
		e"	13.6409	Conductivity (σ):	1.33	1.37	-3.04	5
	Head 1710	e'	40.8868	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	40.89	40.15	1.84	5
		e"	13.5107	Conductivity (σ):	1.28	1.35	-4.59	5
	Head 1755	e'	40.6692	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	40.67	40.08	1.48	5
		e"	13.6617	Conductivity (σ):	1.33	1.37	-2.82	5
12/18/2012	Body 1750	e'	52.2595	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	52.26	53.44	-2.21	5
		e"	14.9793	Conductivity (σ):	1.46	1.49	-1.92	5
	Body 1710	e'	52.4379	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	52.44	53.54	-2.07	5
		e"	14.8543	Conductivity (σ):	1.41	1.46	-3.36	5
	Body 1755	e'	52.2513	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	52.25	53.43	-2.20	5
		e"	15.0254	Conductivity (σ):	1.47	1.49	-1.54	5
12/27/2012	Head 1750	e'	38.6815	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	38.68	40.08	-3.50	5
		e"	13.7114	Conductivity (σ):	1.33	1.37	-2.54	5
	Head 1710	e'	38.8533	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	38.85	40.15	-3.22	5
		e"	13.6220	Conductivity (σ):	1.30	1.35	-3.80	5
	Head 1755	e'	38.6472	Relative Permittivity (ϵ_r):	38.65	40.08	-3.57	5
		e"	13.7273	Conductivity (σ):	1.34	1.37	-2.35	5

11. System Performance Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are remeasured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

11.1. System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0 ±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm ± 0.5 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm ± 0.5 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.
 For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm.
 For 5 GHz band - Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

11.2. Reference SAR Values for System Performance Check

The reference SAR values can be obtained from the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles

System Dipole	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Freq. (MHz)	Target SAR Values (mW/g)		
				1g/10g	Head	Body
D1750V2	1053	8/14/12	1750	1g	35.9	37.5
				10g	19.1	20.2

11.3. System Performance Check Results

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within 10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

Date Tested	System Dipole		T.S. Liquid	Measured Results			Target (Ref. Value)	Delta ±10 %	Est./Zoom Ratio ±3 %	Plot No.	
	Type	Serial #		Area Scan	Zoom Scan	Normalize to 1 W					
12/13/2012	1750MHz	1053	Head	1g	3.54	3.48	34.8	35.9	-3.06	1.69	
				10g	1.92	1.86	18.6	19.1	-2.62		
12/13/2012	1750MHz	1053	Body	1g	3.90	3.89	38.9	37.5	3.73	0.26	
				10g	2.07	2.08	20.8	20.2	2.97		
12/18/2012	1750MHz	1053	Head	1g	4.10	3.91	39.1	35.9	8.91	4.63	1,2
				10g	2.19	2.07	20.7	19.1	8.38		
12/18/2012	1750MHz	1053	Body	1g	3.73	3.66	36.6	37.5	-2.40	1.88	
				10g	1.93	1.96	19.6	20.2	-2.97		
12/27/2012	1750MHz	1053	Head	1g	3.79	3.70	37.0	35.9	3.06	2.37	
				10g	2.03	1.97	19.7	19.1	3.14		

12. SAR Test Results

12.1. W-CDMA Band IV

Test reduction considerations

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is ≤ 75% of the SAR limit as per KDB 941225 D01

12.1.1. Head Exposure Conditions

Test Position	Mode	Antenna	Ch #.	Freq. (MHz)	Power (dBm)		1-g SAR (W/kg)		Plot No.	Note
					Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled		
Left Touch	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Primary	1312	1712.4	23.0	23.0				1
			1413	1732.6	23.0	23.0	0.634	0.634	1	
			1513	1752.6	23.0	23.0				1
Left Tilt (15°)	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Primary	1312	1712.4	23.0	23.0				1
			1413	1732.6	23.0	23.0	0.295	0.295	2	
			1513	1752.6	23.0	23.0				1
Right Touch	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Primary	1312	1712.4	23.0	23.0	0.757	0.757	3	
			1413	1732.6	23.0	23.0	1.060	1.060	4	
			1513	1752.6	23.0	23.0	0.910	0.910	5	
Right Tilt (15°)	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Primary	1312	1712.4	23.0	23.0				1
			1413	1732.6	23.0	23.0	0.216	0.216	6	
			1513	1752.6	23.0	23.0				1
Test Position	Mode	Antenna	Ch #.	Freq. (MHz)	Power (dBm)		1-g SAR (W/kg)		Plot No.	Note
					Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled		
Left Touch	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Secondary	1312	1712.4	21.5	21.5				1
			1413	1732.6	21.5	21.5	0.662	0.662	7	
			1513	1752.6	21.4	21.4				1
Left Tilt (15°)	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Secondary	1312	1712.4	21.5	21.5				1
			1413	1732.6	21.5	21.5	0.735	0.735	8	
			1513	1752.6	21.4	21.4				1
Right Touch	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Secondary	1312	1712.4	21.5	21.5	0.922	0.922	9	
			1413	1732.6	21.5	21.5	0.953	0.953	10	
			1513	1752.6	21.4	21.4	0.804	0.804	11	
Right Tilt (15°)	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Secondary	1312	1712.4	21.5	21.5	0.774	0.774	12	
			1413	1732.6	21.5	21.5	0.824	0.824	13	
			1513	1752.6	21.4	21.4	0.594	0.594	14	

Note(s):

- According to KDB 447498, Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.

12.1.2. Body-worn Accessory & Hotspot Mode Exposure Conditions

Test Position	Mode	Antenna	Dist. (mm)	Ch #.	Freq. (MHz)	Power (dBm)		1-g SAR (W/kg)		Plot No.	Note
						Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled		
Rear	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Primary	10	1312	1712.4	23.0	23.0	0.580	0.580	15	
				1413	1732.6	23.0	23.0	0.933	0.933	16	
				1513	1752.6	23.0	23.0	0.829	0.829	17	
Front	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Primary	10	1312	1712.4	23.0	23.0	0.609	0.609	18	
				1413	1732.6	23.0	23.0	0.977	0.977	19	
				1413	1732.6	23.0	23.0	0.571	0.571	20	2
				1513	1752.6	23.0	23.0	0.772	0.772	21	
Edge 2	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Primary	10	1312	1712.4	23.0	23.0				1
				1413	1732.6	23.0	23.0	0.606	0.606	22	
				1513	1752.6	23.0	23.0				1
Edge 3	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Primary	10	1312	1712.4	23.0	23.0	0.480	0.480	23	
				1413	1732.6	23.0	23.0	0.861	0.861	24	
				1513	1752.6	23.0	23.0	0.758	0.758	25	
Edge 4	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Primary	10	1312	1712.4	23.0	23.0				1
				1413	1732.6	23.0	23.0	0.051	0.051	26	
				1513	1752.6	23.0	23.0				1
Test Position	Mode	Antenna	Dist. (mm)	Ch #.	Freq. (MHz)	Power (dBm)		1-g SAR (W/kg)		Plot No.	Note
						Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled		
Rear	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Secondary	10	1312	1712.4	21.5	21.5				1
				1413	1732.6	21.5	21.5	0.350	0.350	27	
				1413	1732.6	21.5	21.5	0.231	0.231	28	2
				1513	1752.6	21.4	21.4				1
Front	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Secondary	10	1312	1712.4	21.5	21.5				1
				1413	1732.6	21.5	21.5	0.284	0.284	29	
				1513	1752.6	21.4	21.4				1
Edge 1	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Secondary	10	1312	1712.4	21.5	21.5				1
				1413	1732.6	21.5	21.5	0.300	0.300	30	
				1513	1752.6	21.4	21.4				1
Edge 2	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Secondary	10	1312	1712.4	21.5	21.5				1
				1413	1732.6	21.5	21.5	0.039	0.039	31	
				1513	1752.6	21.4	21.4				1
Edge 4	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Secondary	10	1312	1712.4	21.5	21.5				1
				1413	1732.6	21.5	21.5	0.169	0.169	32	
				1513	1752.6	21.4	21.4				1

Note(s):

1. According to KDB 447498, Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.
2. With headset attached. (The difference between the SAR values of the primary antenna without the headset and with the headset is dramatic, but this has been verified to be true through repeated testing)

13. Summary of Highest SAR Values

Results for highest SAR values for each frequency band and mode

Technology/Band	Test configuration		Mode	Antenna	Highest 1g SAR (W/kg)
W-CDMA Band IV	Head	Right Touch	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Primary	1.060
	Body & Hotspot	Front	Rel 99 RMC 12.2kbps	Primary	0.977

13.1. SAR Measurement Variability and Uncertainty

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Wireless Technologies	Test Configuration		Mode	Dist. (mm)	Ch #.	Freq. (MHz)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)		Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Plot No.	Note
	Exposure	Position					Original	Repeated			
W-CDMA Band IV	Head	Right Touch	Rel. 99 RMC 12.2kbps	10	1413	1732.6	1.060	1.040	1.02	1	2

Note(s):

1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.
2. Repeated measurement was performed on the highest measured SAR configuration in each frequency band only.

13.2. SAR Plots (from Summary of Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: UL CCS SAR Lab C

Date: 12/13/2012

W-CDMA Band IV (Primary Antenna)

Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Room Ambient Temperature: 24.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 23.0°C
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.311$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.702$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan Setting: Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1239; Calibrated: 6/6/2012
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3773; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 3/14/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1632

RHS/Touch_R99_ch 1413/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: [Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg

RHS/Touch_R99_ch 1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

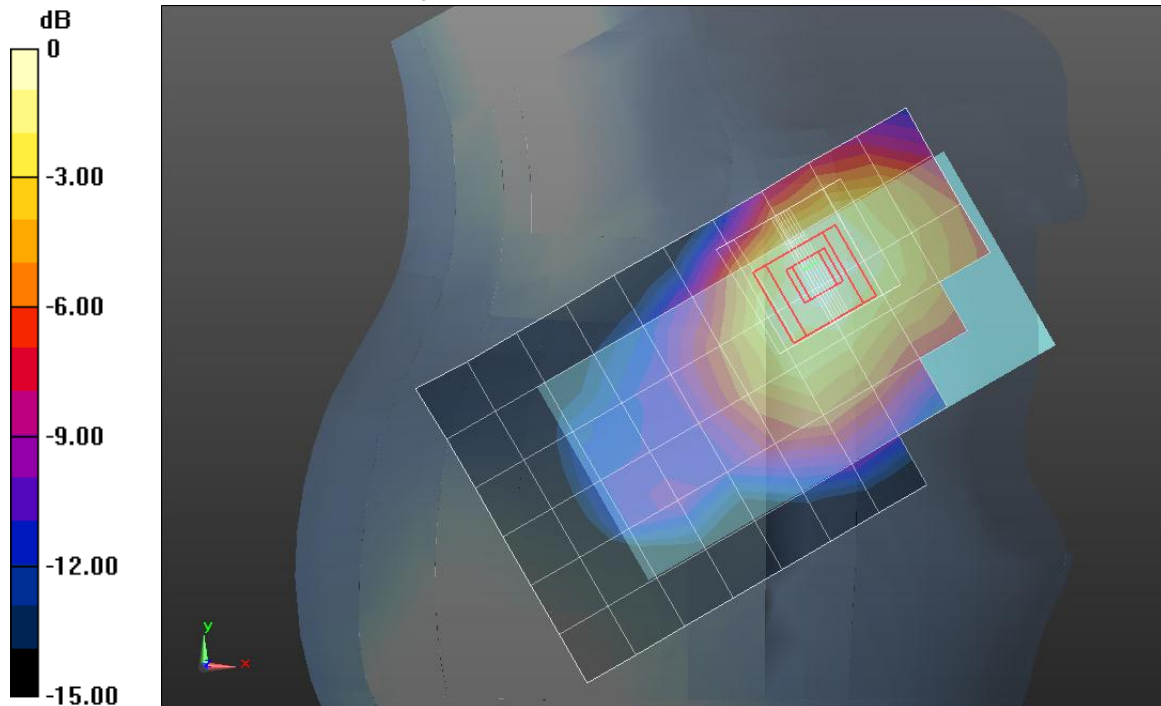
Reference Value = 31.231 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.678 W/kg

Info: [Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg



0 dB = 1.26 W/kg = 1.00 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: UL CCS SAR Lab C

Date: 12/14/2012

W-CDMA Band IV (Primary Antenna)

Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Room Ambient Temperature: 24.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 23.0°C
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.433$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.28$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan Setting: Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1239; Calibrated: 6/6/2012
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3773; ConvF(7.37, 7.37, 7.37); Calibrated: 3/14/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (A); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1117

Front/R99_ch 1413/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 W/kg

Front/R99_ch 1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

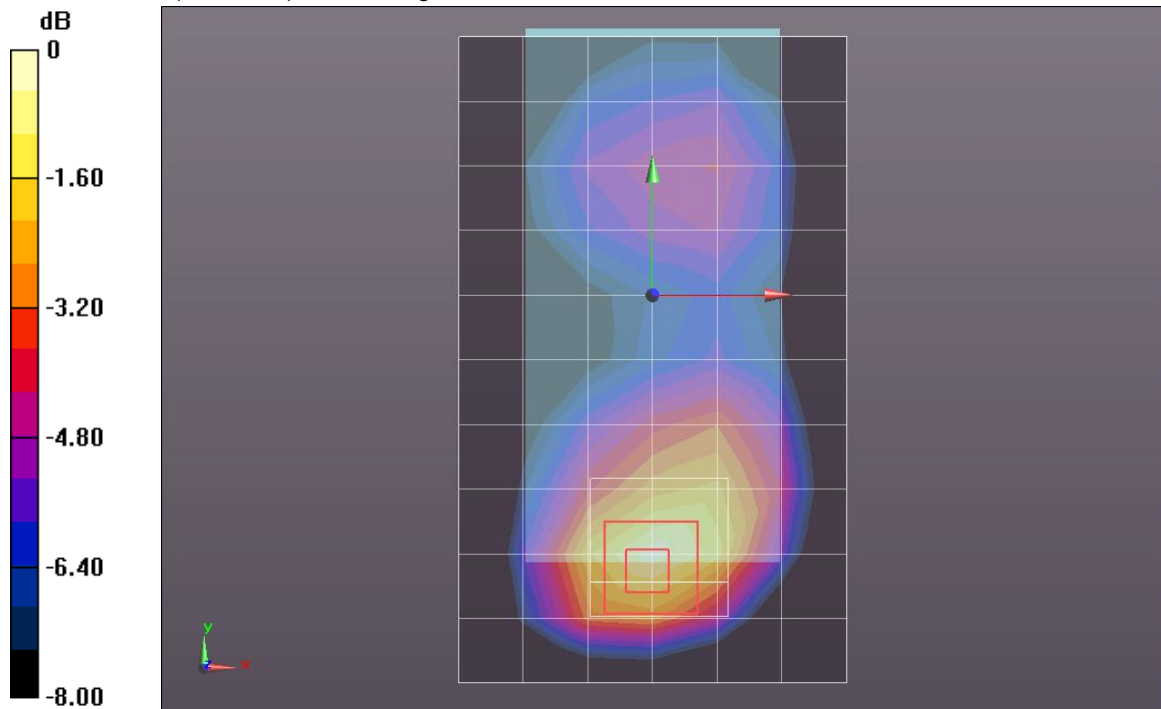
Reference Value = 6.675 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.977 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.568 W/kg

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg



0 dB = 1.20 W/kg = 0.79 dBW/kg

14. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05, introduces a new formula for calculating the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR) between pairs of simultaneously transmitting antennas:

$$SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / Ri$$

Where:

SAR₁ is the highest measured or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition

SAR₂ is the highest measured or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in the same test operating mode and exposure condition as the first

Ri is the separation distance between the pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. When the SAR is measured, for both antennas in the pair, it is determined by the actual x, y and z coordinates in the 1-g SAR for each SAR peak location, based on the extrapolated and interpolated result in the zoom scan measurement, using the formula of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$

A new threshold of 0.04 is also introduced in the KDB. Thus, in order for a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas with the sum of 1-g SAR > 1.6 W/kg to qualify for exemption from Simultaneous Transmission SAR measurements, it has to satisfy the condition of:

$$(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / Ri < 0.04$$

14.1. Head Exposure Conditions

WiFi max. 1g SAR from SAR report "11U14136-7A1 FCC SAR Report" submitted under FCC ID: BCG-E2599A (APPLE INC).

14.1.1. Sum of the SAR for W-CDMA & WiFi 2.4GHz Band

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Primary Antenna)

Test Position	Voice	Data	Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 2.4 GHz	
Left Touch	0.634	0.205	0.839
Left Tilt	0.295	0.131	0.426
Right Touch	1.060	0.572	1.632
Right Tilt	0.216	0.326	0.542

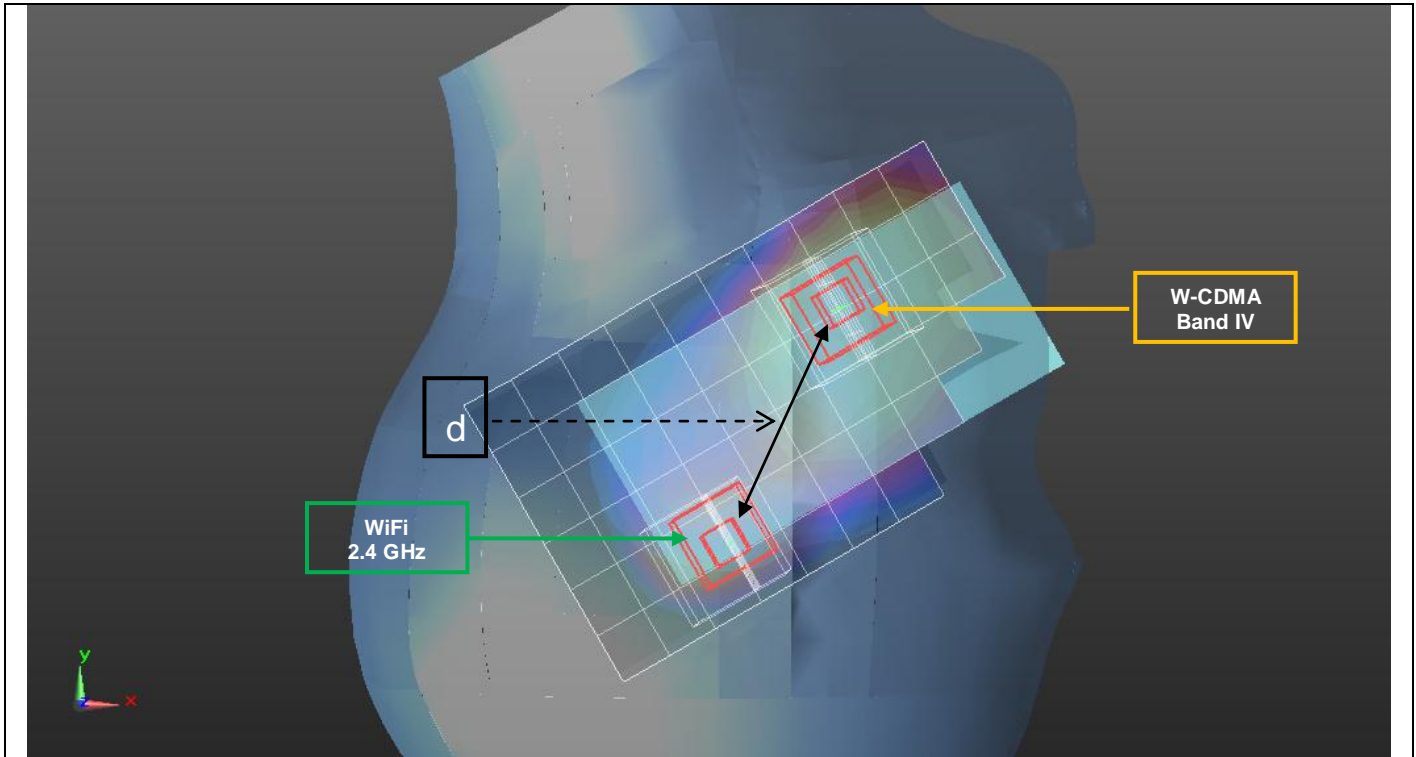
SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

Case #	Test Position	Worst-case combination		Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)	Calculated distance (mm)	SPLSR*	Fig.
		W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 2.4 GHz				
1	Right Touch	1.060	0.572	1.632	79.8	0.026	1

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because either the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

Figure (1)



Mode	Peak SAR mW/g	X m	Y m	Z m
W-CDMA Band IV	1.26	0.0644	-0.256	-0.172
WiFi 2.4 GHz	0.833	0.0322	-0.329	-0.173

d: Calculated distance (mm)
79.8

The Peak Location Separation Distance is computed by using the formula below:
 $\sqrt{(X1-X2)^2+(Y1-Y2)^2+(Z1-Z2)^2}$

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Secondary Antenna)

Test Position	Voice	Data	Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 2.4 GHz	
Left Touch	0.662	0.205	0.867
Left Tilt	0.735	0.131	0.866
Right Touch	0.953	0.572	1.525
Right Tilt	0.824	0.326	1.150

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

14.1.2. Sum of the SAR for W-CDMA & WiFi 5.2 GHz Band

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Primary Antenna)

Test Position	Voice	Data	Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.2 GHz	
Left Touch	0.634	0.440	1.074
Left Tilt	0.295	0.471	0.766
Right Touch	1.060	0.594	1.654
Right Tilt	0.216	0.566	0.782

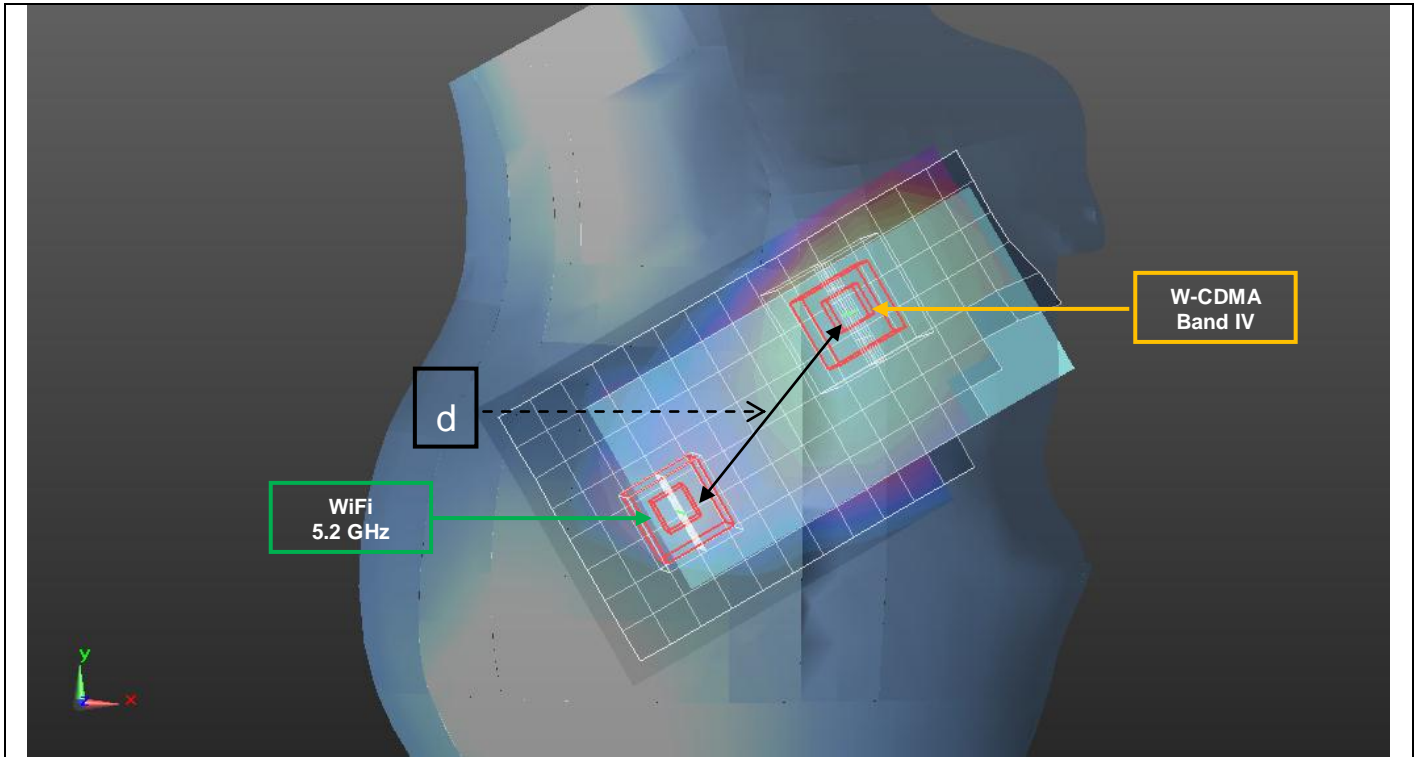
SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

Case #	Test Position	Worst-case combination		Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)	Calculated distance (mm)	SPLSR (≤ 0.04)	Figure
		W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.2 GHz				
2	Right Touch	1.060	0.594	1.654	79.3	0.027	2

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because either the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

Figure (2)



Mode	Peak SAR mW/g	X m	Y m	Z m
W-CDMA Band IV	1.26	0.0644	-0.256	-0.172
WiFi 5.2 GHz	1.24	0.0149	-0.318	-0.171

d: Calculated distance (mm)	
79.3	

The Peak Location Separation Distance is computed by using the formula below:
 $\sqrt{((X1-X2)^2+(Y1-Y2)^2+(Z1-Z2)^2)}$

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Secondary Antenna)

Test Position	Voice	Data	Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.2 GHz	
Left Touch	0.662	0.440	1.102
Left Tilt	0.735	0.471	1.206
Right Touch	0.953	0.594	1.547
Right Tilt	0.824	0.566	1.390

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

14.1.3. Sum of the SAR for W-CDMA & WiFi 5.3 GHz Band

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Primary Antenna)

Test Position	Voice	Data	Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.3 GHz	
Left Touch	0.634	0.384	1.018
Left Tilt	0.295	0.350	0.645
Right Touch	1.060	0.538	1.598
Right Tilt	0.216	0.474	0.690

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Secondary Antenna)

Test Position	Voice	Data	Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.3 GHz	
Left Touch	0.662	0.384	1.046
Left Tilt	0.735	0.350	1.085
Right Touch	0.953	0.538	1.491
Right Tilt	0.824	0.474	1.298

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

14.1.4. Sum of the SAR for W-CDMA & WiFi 5.5 GHz Band

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Primary Antenna)

Test Position	Voice	Data	Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.5 GHz	
Left Touch	0.634	0.492	1.126
Left Tilt	0.295	0.530	0.825
Right Touch	1.060	0.593	1.653
Right Tilt	0.216	0.579	0.795

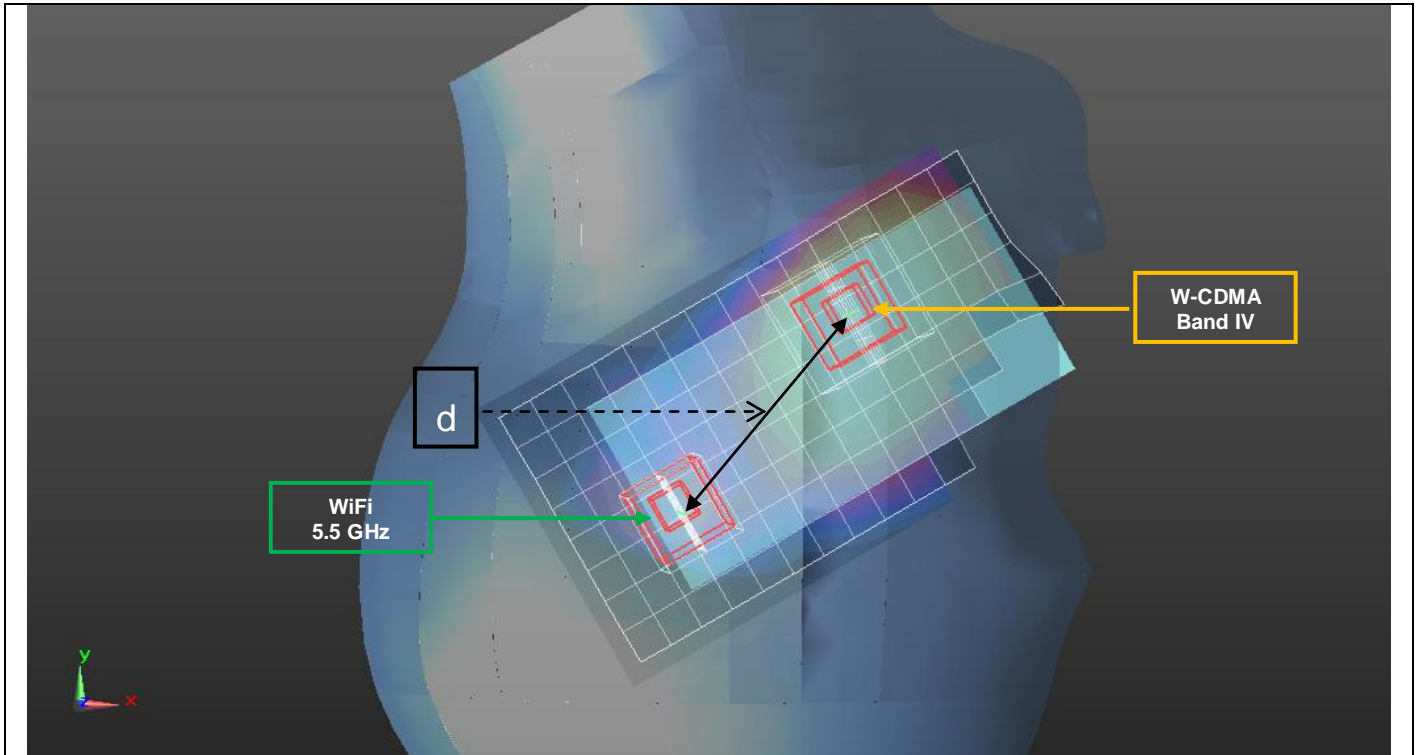
SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

Case #	Test Position	Worst-case combination		Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)	Calculated distance (mm)	SPLSR (≤ 0.04)	Figure
		W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.5 GHz				
3	Right Touch	1.060	0.593	1.653	79.3	0.027	3

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

Figure (3)



Mode	Peak SAR mW/g	X m	Y m	Z m
W-CDMA Band IV	1.26	0.0644	-0.256	-0.172
WiFi 5.5 GHz	1.31	0.0149	-0.318	-0.171

d: Calculated distance (mm)
79.3

The Peak Location Separation Distance is computed by using the formula below:
 $\sqrt{((X1-X2)^2+(Y1-Y2)^2+(Z1-Z2)^2)}$

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Secondary Antenna)

Test Position	Voice	Data	Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.5 GHz	
Left Touch	0.662	0.492	1.154
Left Tilt	0.735	0.530	1.265
Right Touch	0.953	0.593	1.546
Right Tilt	0.824	0.579	1.403

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

14.1.5. Sum of the SAR for W-CDMA & WiFi 5.8 GHz Band

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Primary Antenna)

Test Position	Voice	Data	Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.8 GHz	
Left Touch	0.634	0.559	1.193
Left Tilt	0.295	0.546	0.841
Right Touch	1.060	0.580	1.640
Right Tilt	0.216	0.577	0.793

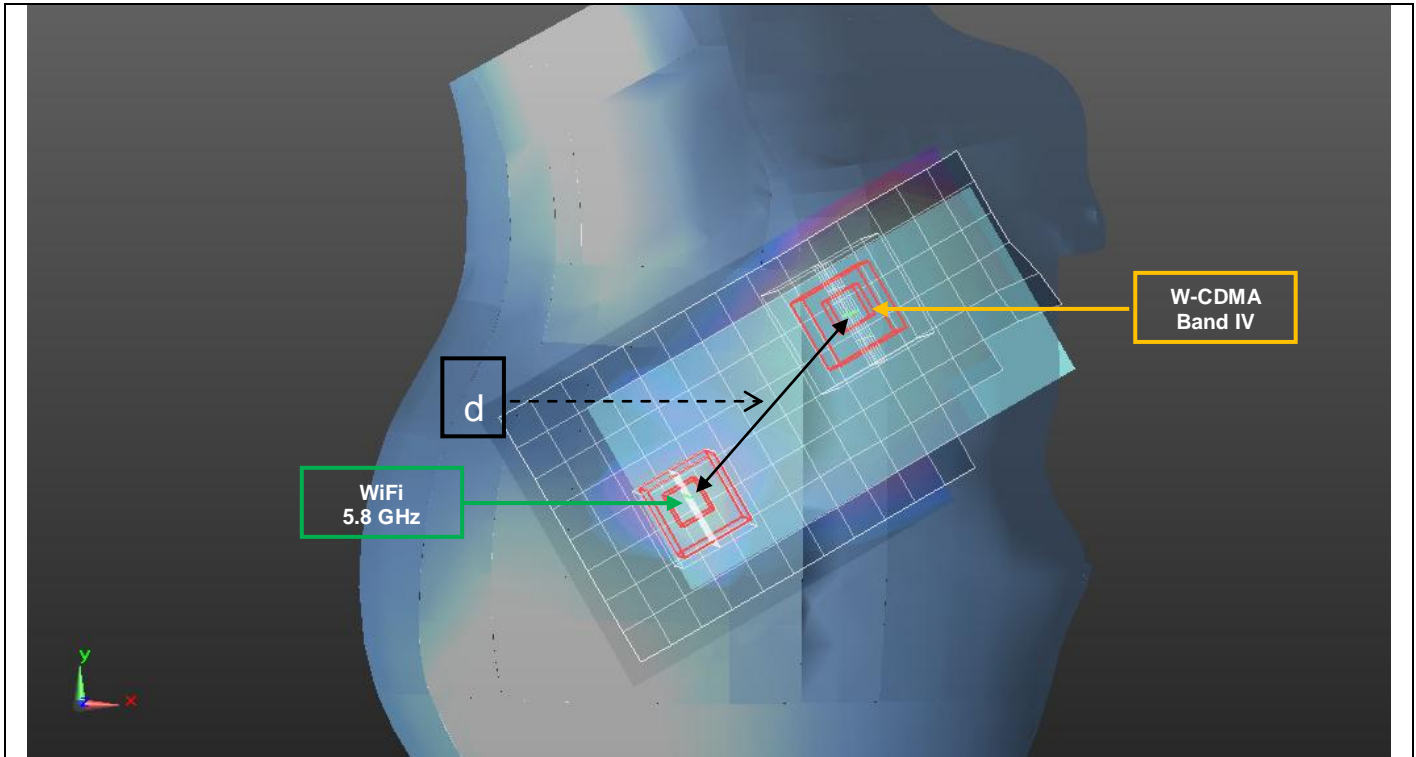
SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

Case #	Test Position	Worst-case combination		Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)	Calculated distance (mm)	SPLSR (≤ 0.04)	Figure
		W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 2.4 GHz				
4	Right Touch	1.060	0.580	1.640	75.0	0.028	4

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

Figure (4)



Mode	Peak SAR mW/g	X m	Y m	Z m
W-CDMA Band IV	1.26	0.0644	-0.256	-0.173
WiFi 5.8 GHz	1.27	0.0168	-0.314	-0.172

d: Calculated distance (mm)
75.0

The Peak Location Separation Distance is computed by using the formula below:
 $\sqrt{((X1-X2)^2+(Y1-Y2)^2+(Z1-Z2)^2)}$

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Secondary Antenna)

Test Position	Voice	Data	Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.8 GHz	
Left Touch	0.662	0.559	1.221
Left Tilt	0.735	0.546	1.281
Right Touch	0.953	0.580	1.533
Right Tilt	0.824	0.577	1.401

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

14.2. Body-worn Accessory & Hotspot Mode Exposure Conditions

WiFi and BT max. 1g SAR from SAR report “11U14136-7A1 FCC SAR Report” submitted under FCC ID: BCG-E2599A (APPLE INC).

14.2.1. Sum of the SAR for W-CDMA & WiFi 2.4 GHz Band

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Primary Antenna)

Test Position	Data		Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 2.4 GHz	
Rear	0.933	0.198	1.131
Front	0.977	0.083	1.060
Edge 1	0	0.084	0.084
Edge 2	0.606	0.022	0.628
Edge 3	0.861	0	0.861
Edge 4	0.051	0.170	0.221

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Secondary Antenna)

Test Position	Data		Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 2.4 GHz	
Rear	0.350	0.198	0.548
Front	0.284	0.083	0.367
Edge 1	0.300	0.084	0.384
Edge 2	0.039	0.022	0.061
Edge 3	0	0	0
Edge 4	0.169	0.170	0.339

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

14.2.2. Sum of the SAR for W-CDMA, WiFi 5.2 GHz Band & Bluetooth 2.4 GHz

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Primary Antenna)

Test Position	Data			Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.2 GHz	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	
Rear	0.933	0.050	0.109	1.092
Front	0.977	0.065	0.045	1.087

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Secondary Antenna)

Test Position	Data			Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.2 GHz	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	
Rear	0.350	0.050	0.109	0.509
Front	0.284	0.065	0.045	0.394

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

14.2.3. Sum of the SAR for W-CDMA, WiFi 5.3 GHz Band & Bluetooth 2.4 GHz

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Primary Antenna)

Test Position	Data			Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.3 GHz	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	
Rear	0.933	0.068	0.109	1.110
Front	0.977	0.071	0.045	1.093

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Secondary Antenna)

Test Position	Data			Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.3 GHz	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	
Rear	0.350	0.068	0.109	0.527
Front	0.284	0.071	0.045	0.400

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

14.2.4. Sum of the SAR for W-CDMA, WiFi 5.5 GHz Band & Bluetooth 2.4 GHz

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Primary Antenna)

Test Position	Data			Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.5 GHz	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	
Rear	0.933	0.076	0.109	1.118
Front	0.977	0.085	0.045	1.107

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Secondary Antenna)

Test Position	Data			Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.5 GHz	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	
Rear	0.350	0.076	0.109	0.535
Front	0.284	0.085	0.045	0.414

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

14.2.5. Sum of the SAR for W-CDMA, WiFi 5.8 GHz Band & Bluetooth 2.4 GHz

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Primary Antenna)

Test Position	Data			Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.8 GHz	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	
Rear	0.933	0.051	0.109	1.093
Front	0.977	0.067	0.045	1.089

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

Sum of the SAR with Measured Values (Secondary Antenna)

Test Position	Data			Σ 1-g SAR (mW/g)
	W-CDMA Band IV	WiFi 5.8 GHz	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	
Rear	0.350	0.051	0.109	0.510
Front	0.284	0.067	0.045	0.396

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

15. Appendixes

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

- 15.1. System Performance Check Plots**
- 15.2. SAR Test Plots for W-CDMA Band IV**
- 15.3. SAR Test Plots for Repeatability**
- 15.4. Calibration Certificate for E-Field Probe EX3DV4 - SN 3773**
- 15.5. Calibration Certificate for D1750V2 - SN 1053**