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APPENDIX 2: SAR Measurement data

Appendix 2-1: Evaluation procedure

The SAR evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- **Step 1:** Measurement of the E-field at a fixed location above the central position of flat phantom was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.
- **Step 2:** The SAR distribution at the exposed side of head or body position was measured at a distance of each device from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the antenna of EUT and suitable horizontal grid spacing of EUT. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by splines interpolation.
- Step 3: Around this point found in the Step 2 (area scan), a volume of 30mm(X axis)×30mm(Y axis)×30mm(Z axis) (or more) was assessed by measuring 7×7×7 points (or more) under 3GHz.

 And for any secondary peaks found in the Step2 which are within 2dB of the SAR limit (1.6W/kg), this Step3 (Zoom scan) is repeated.

On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- (1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 2mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- (2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10×10×10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
- (3) All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- Step 4: Re-measurement of the E-field at the same location as in Step 1 for the assessment of the power drift.
- **Step 5**: Repeat Step 1-Step 4 with other condition or/and setup of EUT.

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Appendix 2-2: SAR measurement data

Step 1: Worst extremity SAR(10g) (wrist) search of DSSS mode

Plot 1-1: 11b (1Mbps), 2437 MHz / Rear & touch (separation distance=0mm)

-Highest reported extremity (wrist) SAR(10g) of this platform

EUT: Wireless module (in wrist watch); Type: WSD-F10 (watch: WSD-F10); Serial: 34 (watch: 201A5XAM10000157) Mode: 11b(1Mbps)(DBPSK/DSSS)(UID 0, Frame Length in ms: 0; PAR: 0; PMF: 1); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0 Medium: M2450(151207); Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 2.008 S/m; $ε_r = 50.63$; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration: -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907; ConvF(7.17, 7.17, 7.17); Calibrated: 2015/04/23;

-DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0 -Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2015/09/15

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

portable,wrist(watch),wlan,sar10g/b2,ch;DSSS;rear&touch(d0mm),11b(1m),m2437/

Area Scan:96x96,stp12 (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0419 W/kg

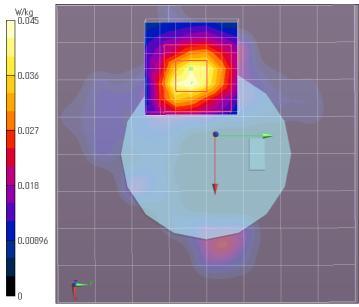
 $\textbf{Area Scan:} 96x96, \textbf{stp12 (81x81x1):} \ \text{Interpolated grid: } dx = 1.200 \ \text{mm}, \ dy = 1.200 \ \text{mm}; \ \text{Maximum value of SAR (interpolated)} = 0.0545 \ \text{W/kg}$

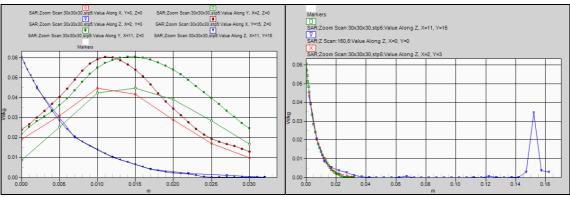
Z Scan:160,5 (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0430 W/kg

Zoom Scan:30x30x30,stp5 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Reference Value = 4.688 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0448 W/kg; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0600 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 W/kg





Remarks: *. Date tested: 2015/12/07; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,

*. liquid depth: 152 mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0 mm (2 mm to liquid); ambient: 23.5 ± 1 deg.C. $/40 \pm 10$ %RH,

*. liquid temperature: 21.8(start)/21.8(end)/21.9(in check) deg.C.; *. White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

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Appendix 2-2: SAR measurement data / Step 1: Worst extremity SAR(10g) (wrist) search of DSSS mode (cont'd)

Plot 1-2: 11b (1Mbps), 2412 MHz / Rear & touch (separation distance=0mm)

EUT: Wireless module (in wrist watch); Type: WSD-F10 (watch: WSD-F10); Serial: 34 (watch: 201A5XAM10000157) Mode: 11b(1Mbps)(DBPSK/DSSS)(UID 0, Frame Length in ms: 0; PAR: 0; PMF: 1); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0 Medium: M2450(151207); Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.976 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.70$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration: -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907; ConvF(7.17, 7.17, 7.17); Calibrated: 2015/04/23; -DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331) -Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2015/09/15

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

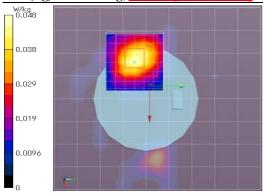
portable,wrist(watch),wlan,sar10g/b1,DSSS;rear&touch(d0mm),11b(1m),m2412/

Area Scan:96x108,stp12 (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0449 W/kg Area Scan:96x108,stp12 (81x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0851 W/kg

Zoom Scan:30x30x30,stp5 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Reference Value = 5.001 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0480 W/kg; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0630 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.031 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 W/kg



Remarks: *. Date tested: 2015/12/07; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No. 7 shielded room,

- *. liquid depth: 152 mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0 mm (2 mm to liquid); ambient: 23.5 ± 1 deg.C. $/40 \pm 10$ %RH,
- * liquid temperature: 21.7(start)/21.8(end)/21.9(in check) deg.C.; * White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

Plot 1-3: 11b (1Mbps), 2462 MHz / Rear & touch (separation distance=0mm)

EUT: Wireless module (in wrist watch); Type: WSD-F10 (watch: WSD-F10); Serial: 34 (watch: 201A5XAM10000157) Mode: 11b(1Mbps)(DBPSK/DSSS)(UID 0, Frame Length in ms: 0; PAR: 0; PMF: 1); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0 Medium: M2450(151207); Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 2.041 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 50.52$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration: -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907; ConvF(7.17, 7.17, 7.17); Calibrated: 2015/04/23; -DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331) -Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2015/09/15 -Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

portable,wrist(watch),wlan,sar10g/b3,ch;DSSS;rear&touch(d0mm),11b(1m),m2462/

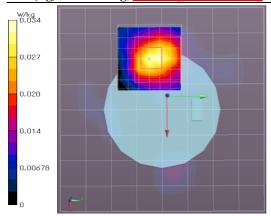
Area Scan:96x96,stp12 (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0337 W/kg

Area Scan:96x96,stp12 (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0435 W/kg

Zoom Scan:30x30x30,stp5 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.044 V/m; Power Drift = 0.20 dB; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0339 W/kg; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.111 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.021 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0081 W/kg



*. Date tested: 2015/12/07; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No. 7 shielded room, Remarks:

- *. liquid depth: 152 mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0 mm (2 mm to liquid); ambient: 23.5 ± 1 deg.C. $/40 \pm 10$ %RH,
- *. liquid temperature: 21.8(start)/21.8(end)/21.9(in check) deg.C.; *.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

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Appendix 2-2: SAR measurement data (cont'd)

Step 2: Worst partial body SAR(1g) (next-to-mouth) search of DSSS mode

Plot 2-1: 11b (1Mbps), 2412 MHz / Front & 10 mm separation distance -> Highest reported partial body (next-to-mouth) SAR(1g) of this platform

EUT: Wireless module (in wrist watch); Type: WSD-F10 (watch: WSD-F10); Serial: 34 (watch: 201A5XAM10000157) Mode: 11b(1Mbps)(DBPSK/DSSS)(UID 0, Frame Length in ms: 0; PAR: 0; PMF: 1); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0 Medium: HSL2450(151208); Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.824$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.10$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration: -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2015/04/23;

-DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0

-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2015/09/15

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

portable, mouth (watch), d=10mm, wlan, sar1g/h1, DSSS; front &d10mm, 11b(1m), h2412/mm, wlan, sar1g/h1, bSSS; front &d10mm, sar1g/h1, bS

Area Scan:96x108,stp12 (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.176 W/kg

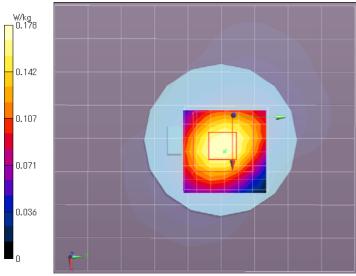
Area Scan:96x108,stp12 (81x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.189 W/kg

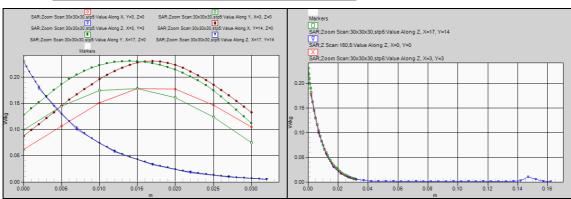
Z Scan: 160,5 (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.175 W/kg

Zoom Scan:30x30x30,stp5 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Reference Value = 9.964 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.178 W/kg; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.231 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.130 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.067 W/kg





Remarks: *. Date tested: 2015/12/08; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No. 7 shielded room,

*. liquid depth: 150 mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0 mm (2 mm to liquid); ambient: 24 ± 1 deg.C. $/40 \pm 10$ %RH,

*. liquid temperature: 23.2(start)/23.2(end)/23.3(in check) deg C.; *.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

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Appendix 2-2: SAR measurement data / Step 2: Worst partial body SAR(1g) (next-to-mouth) search of DSSS mode (cont'd)

Plot 2-2: 11b (1Mbps), 2437 MHz / Front & 10 mm separation distance

EUT: Wireless module (in wrist watch); Type: WSD-F10 (watch: WSD-F10); Serial: 34 (watch: 201A5XAM10000157) Mode: 11b(1Mbps)(DBPSK/DSSS)(UID 0, Frame Length in ms: 0; PAR: 0; PMF: 1); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0 Medium: \dot{H} SL2 $\dot{4}$ 50(151208); Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.86$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.99$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration: -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2015/04/23;

-DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2015/09/15

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

portable,mouth(watch),d=10mm,wlan,sar1g/h2,ch;DSSS;front&d10mm,11b(1m),h2437/

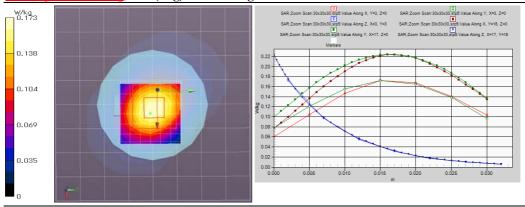
Area Scan:96x96,stp12 (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 W/kg

Area Scan:96x96,stp12 (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.177 W/kg

Zoom Scan:30x30x30,stp5 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Reference Value = 9.652 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.173 W/kg; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.224 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.125 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 W/kg



Remarks:

- *. Date tested: 2015/12/08; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No. 7 shielded room,
- *. liquid depth: 150 mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0 mm (2 mm to liquid); ambient: 24 ± 1 deg.C. $/ 40 \pm 10$ %RH,
- *. liquid temperature: 23.2(start)/23.2(end)/23.3(in check) deg.C.; *.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

Plot 2-3: 11b (1Mbps), 2462 MHz / Front & 10 mm separation distance

EUT: Wireless module (in wrist watch); Type: WSD-F10 (watch: WSD-F10); Serial: 34 (watch: 201A5XAM10000157) Mode: 11b(1Mbps)(DBPSK/DSSS)(UID 0, Frame Length in ms: 0; PAR: 0; PMF: 1); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0 Medium: HSL2450(151208); Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.889$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.88$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration: -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2015/04/23;

-DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2015/09/15

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

portable,mouth(watch),d=10mm,wlan,sar1g/h3,ch;DSSS;front&d10mm,11b(1m),h2462/

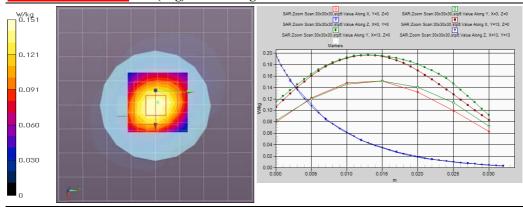
Area Scan:96x96,stp12 (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.153 W/kg

Area Scan:96x96,stp12 (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.154 W/kg

Zoom Scan:30x30x30,stp5 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Reference Value = 9.157 V/m; Power Drift = -0.20 dB; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.151 W/kg; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.197 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.109 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 W/kg



Remarks:

- *. Date tested: 2015/12/08; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,
- *. liquid depth: 150 mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0 mm (2 mm to liquid); ambient: 24 ± 1 deg.C. / 40 ± 10 %RH, *. liquid temperature: 23.1(start)23.1(end)23.3(in check) deg.C.; *.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

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APPENDIX 3: Test instruments

Appendix 3-1: Equipment used

Control No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Test Item	* Interval(month)
COTS-SSAR-0 2	DASY52	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DASY52(ver.52.8.8(1222))	-	SAR	-
COTS-SSEP-0	Dielectric assessment kit	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DAK(ver1.10.317.11	-	SAR(daily)	-
SSAR-02	SAR measurement system	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DASY5	1324	SAR	Pre Check
SSRBT-02	SAR robot	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	TX60 Lspeag	F12/5L2QA1/A /01	SAR	2015/09/10 * 12
KDAE-01	Data Acquisition Electronics	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DAE4	626	SAR	2015/09/15 * 12
SPB-02	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	EX3DV4	3907	SAR	2015/04/23 * 12
KSDA-01	Dipole Antenna	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	D2450V2	822	SAR(daily)	2015/01/15 * 12
KPFL-01	Flat Phantom	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	Oval flat phantom ELI 4.0	1059	SAR	2015/08/06 * 12
SSNA-01	Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US39171777	SAR(daily)	2015/01/16 * 12
SEPP-02	Dielectric probe	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DAK3.5	1129	SAR(daily)	2015/08/11 * 12
KSG-08	Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMT06	100763	SAR(daily)	2015/07/02 * 12
KPA-12	RF Power Amplifier	MILMEGA	AS2560-50	1018582	SAR(daily)	Pre Check
KCPL-07	Directional Coupler	Pulsar Microwave Corp.	CCS30-B26	0621	SAR(daily)	Pre Check
KAT10-P1	Attenuator	Weinschel	24-10-34	BY5927	SAR(daily)	2014/12/26 * 12
KPM-06	Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	101599	SAR(daily)	2015/09/08 * 12
KIU-08	Power sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z4	100372	SAR(daily)	2015/09/08 * 12
KIU-09	Power sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z4	100371	SAR(daily)	2015/09/08 * 12
KPM-05	Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41290718	SAR(daily)	2015/04/01 * 12
KPSS-01	Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40440544	SAR(daily)	2015/04/01 * 12
SAT20-SAR1	Attenuator	TME	SFA-01AXPJ-20	-	SAR(daily)	2014/12/26 * 12
SCC-SAR2	Coaxial Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SF104A/11PC3542 /11N451/4M	MY699/4A	SAR(daily)	Pre Check
KRU-01	Ruler(300mm)	Shinwa	13134	-	SAR(daily)	2015/02/25 * 12
KRU-02	Ruler(150mm,L)	Shinwa	12103	-	SAR	2015/02/25 * 12
KRU-05	Ruler(100x50mm,L)	Shinwa	12101	-	SAR	2015/05/21 * 12
SOS-SAR1	Digtal thermometer	LKMelectonic	DTM3000	3171	SAR	2015/10/20 * 12
SOS-12	Digtal thermometer	HANNA	Checktemp-4	SOS-12	SAR	2015/02/25 * 12
SOS-10	Humidity Indicator	A&D	AD-5681	4064561	SAR	2015/10/22 * 12
SSA-04	Spectrum Analyzer	Advantest	R3272	101100994	SAR(moni.)	2014/12/15 * 12
KSDH-01	Device holder	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	Mounting device for transmitter	-	SAR	2015/09/10 * 12
KPM-08	Power meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	6K00003356	AT.pwr	2015/09/09 * 12
KPSS-04	Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	012088	AT.pwr	2015/09/09 * 12
KAT10-S3	Attenuator	Agilent	8490D 010	50924	AT.pwr	2014/12/26 * 12
KSA-08	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY46180525	AT.pwr	2015/03/23 * 12
SPS-07	Power Supply	NF Corporation	EPO2000S	9102649	AT.pwr	2014/03/05 * 36
SWTR-03	DI water	MonotaRo	34557433	-	SAR(daily)	Pre Check
KSLM245-01	Tissue simulation liqud (2450MHz,body)	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	MSL2450V2	SL AAM 245 BA	SAR	(Daily check) Target value ±5%
KSLH245-01	Tissue simulation liqud (2450MHz,head)	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	HSL2450V2	SL AAH 245 BA	SAR	(Daily check) Target value ±5%
No.7 Shielded room	SAR shielded room (2.76m(W)x3.76m(D)x2.4m(H))	TDK	-	-	SAR	(Daily check) Ambient noise: < 12mW/kg
	!	-				

The expiration date of calibration is the end of the expired month.

As for some calibrations performed after the tested dates, those test equipment have been controlled by means of an unbroken chains of calibrations. All equipment is calibrated with valid calibrations. Each measurement data is traceable to the national or international standards.

[Test Item] SAR: Specific Absorption Rate, AT.pwr: Antenna terminal conducted power

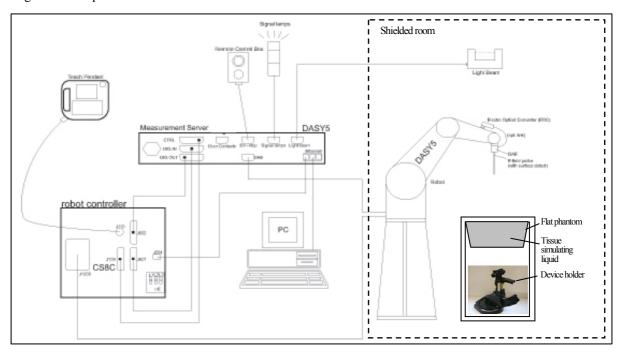
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Appendix 3-2: Configuration and peripherals

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than \pm 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetry probes EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software.
 - An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2 An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements,
- 3 mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- 6 The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- 7 A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY5 software.
- 8 R Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9 The phantom.
- 10 The device holder for EUT. (low-loss dielectric palette) (*. when it was used.)
- 11 Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes
- 12 Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

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Appendix 3-3: Test system specification

TX60 Lsepag robot/CS8Csepag-TX60 robot controller

•Number of Axes : 6 •Repeatability : ±0.02 mm

Manufacture : Stäubli Unimation Corp.

DASY5 Measurement server

• Features : The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a

400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected

to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

Calibration : No calibration required.

•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE)

• Features : Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic.

Serial optical link for communication with DASY5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). 2 step probe touch detector for mechanical surface

detection and emergency robot stop (not in -R version)

•Measurement Range : $1 \mu V$ to > 200 mV (16bit resolution and 2 range settings: 4 mV, 400 mV)

•Input Offset voltage : $< 1 \mu V$ (with auto zero)

•Input Resistance : $200 \text{ M}\Omega$

•Battery Power : > 10 hr of operation (with two 9 V battery) •Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Electro-Optical Converter (EOC61)

•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Light Beam Switch (LB5/80)

•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

SAR measurement software

•Item : Dosimetric Assessment System DASY5

•Software version : DASY52, V8.2 B969

•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

E-Field Probe

•Model : EX3DV4 (serial number: 3907)

Construction
 Symmetrical design with triangular core.
 Built-in shielding against static charges.

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).

•Frequency : 10MHz to 6GHz, Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz) •Conversion Factors : 2.45, 5.2, 5.25, 5.30, 5.5, 5.6, 5.75, 5.8 GHz (Head)

: 2.45, 5.25, 5.6, 5.75 GHz (Body)

•Directivity : ±0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

±0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

•Dynamic Range : $10\mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu W/g$)

•Dimension : Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1mm

• Application : High precision dosimetric measurement in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient

fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6GHz with precision

of better 30%.

•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Phantom

•Type : ELI 4.0 oval flat phantom

Shell Material
 Fiberglass
 Shell Thickness
 Bottom plate: 2 ±0.2 mm
 Dimensions
 Bottom elliptical: 600×400 mm, Depth: 190 mm (Volume: Approx. 30 liters)

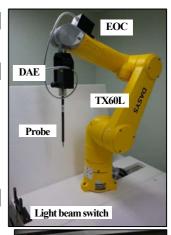
•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Device Holder

□ Urethane foam

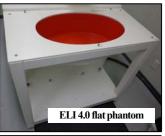
XSDH-01: In combination with the ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned. The low-loss dielectric urethane foam was used for the mounting section of device holder.

•Material: POM •Manufacture: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG













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Appendix 3-4: Simulated tissue composition and parameter confirmation

Liquid type	Body	Head			
Model No. / Product No.	MSL2450V2 / SL AAM 245 BA	HSL2450V2 /SL AAH 245 BA			
Control number	KSLM245-01	KSLH245-01			
Ingredient: Mixture (%)	Water:52-75%, DGBE:25-48%, NaCl:<1.0%	Water: 52-75%, DGBE: 25-48%, NaCl: <1.0%			
Manufacture	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG			

*. The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the DAK3.5 dielectric probe kit.

			A 1-24	Liquid temp.	mp. Liquid Liquid parameters (*1)						ASAR					
Measured	Freq.	Liquid		[deg.C.]	Depth	I	Permittivity (εr) [-]			Conductivity [S/m]					[%] (*2)	
date	[MHz]	type	[deg.C.] /[%RH]		[mm]	Torgot	Terrort Measured		Limit	Torget	Tawaret Measured		Limit	[/0]	(12)	
			/[/01411]	Before/After	[IIIIII]	n] Target	Meas.	Δεr [%]	Lillit	Target	Meas.	Δσ[%]	Lillit	1g	10g	
December 7, 2015	2450	Body	23.5/45	21.9/21.9	(152)	52.7	50.54	-4 .1	±5%	1.95	2.027	+4.0	±5%	+2.82	+1.68	
December 8, 2015	2450	Head	24.3/40	23.3/23.3	(150)	39.2	37.94	-3.2	±5%	1.80	1.870	+3.9	±5%	+2.60	+1.53	

*1. The target value is a parameter defined in Appendix A of KDB865664 D01 (v01)04). The dielectric parameters suggested for head and body tissue simulating liquid are given at 2000, 2450 and 3000MHz. As an intermediate solution, dielectric parameters for the frequencies between 2000-2450 and 2450-3000MHz were obtained using linear interpolation.

Standard					Interpolated					
f(MHz)	Head	Tissue	Body	Tissue form		Head	Tissue	Body Tissue		
I (MHZ)	εr	σ[S/m]	εr	σ[S/m]	f (MHz)	εr	σ[S/m]	εr	σ[S/m]	
(1800-)2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	2412	39.27.	1.766	52.75	1.914	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	2437	39.22	1.788	52.72	1.938	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	2462	39.18	1.813	52.68	1.967	

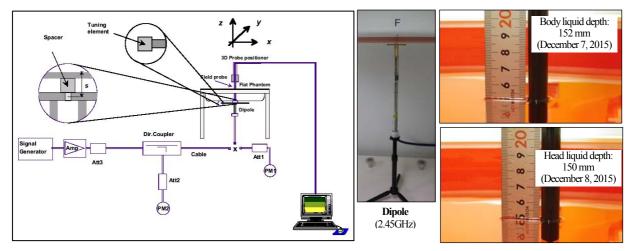
*2. The coefficients are parameters defined in IEEE Std. 1528-2013. **ASAR(1g)= Cer ×Aer + C\sigma ×A\sigma, Cer=7.854E-4×f^3+9.402E-3×f^2-2.742E-2×f0.2026 / C\sigma=9.804E-3×f^3-8.661E-2×f^2+2.981E-2×f+0.7829 ASAR(10g)= Cer ×Aer + C\sigma ×A\sigma,** Cer=3.456×10⁻³×f 3 -3.531×10⁻²×f 2 +7.675×10⁻²×f 2 -0.1860 / C σ =4.479×10⁻³×f 3 -1.586×10⁻²×f 2 -0.1972×f+0.7717

Appendix 3-5: Daily check results

Prior to the SAR assessment of EUT, the daily check (system check) was performed to test whether the SAR system was operating within its target of $\pm 10\%$. The daily check results are in the table below. (*. Refer to Appendix 3-6 of measurement data.)

	Daily check results															
	Euro	Liquid	Ambient	Liquid	quid Temp. [deg.C.] Liquid D		Liquid Dielectric P		Power Daily check measured & target							
Date	MHz	Туре	[deg.C.]	Liquid	remp. [Dej		epth parameter		drift		SAR [W/	kg] (*3)		Deviation	Limit
	[WILIZ]	Type	/[%RH]	Check	Before	After	[mm]	er [-]	σ[S/m]	[dB]	-	Measured	1W scaled	Target	[%]	[%]
December 7,	2450	Body	23.2/40	21.0	21.6	21.7	152	50.54	2.027	0	10g	6.01 (250mW)->	23.64	none (*4)	-	-
2015	2430	Body	23.2/40	21.9	21.0	21./	132	30.34	2.027	U	iog	Δ SAR-corrected: 5.91	25.04	24.0 (*5)	-1.5	±10
December 8,	2450	Head	23.9/40	23.3	23.2	23.1	150	37.94	1.87	-0.01	10	13.6 (250mW)->	53.00	52.4 (*4)	+1.1	±10
2015	2430	1 1000	43.9/40	23.3	23.2	23.1	130	31.94	1.07	-0.01	1g	Δ SAR-corrected: 13.25	33.00	52.5 (*5)	(+1.0)	(±10)

- *. Calculating formula: ΔSAR corrected SAR (W/kg) = (Measured SAR (W/kg)) × (100 (ΔSAR (%)) / 100
- *3. The measured SAR value of daily check was compensated for tissue dielectric deviations (delta-SAR) and scaled to 1W of output power in order to compare with the manufacture's calibration target value which was normalized.
- *4. The target value (normalized to 1W) is defined in IEEE Std.1528.
- *5. The target value is a parameter defined in the calibration data sheet of D2450V2 (sn:822) dipole calibrated by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (Certification No. D2450V2-822_Jan15, the data sheet was filed in this report). For 2.45GHz, the manufacture's calibration data of dipole for head liquid were within 1% of IEEE Std 1528 head liquid target value (=52.4W/kg, cal.=52.5W/kg, +0.2% vs. standard). This calibration result is enough, using this dipole as a reference. We decided to use body liquid calibration data of this dipole for the daily check target.



Test setup for the system performance check

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Appendix 3-6: Daily check measurement data

(Body liquid: December 7, 2015)

EUT: Dipole(2.45GHz); Type: D2450V2; Serial: 822; Forward conducted power: 250mW

Communication System: CW (*. Frame Length in ms: 0; PAR: 0; PMF: 1); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0 Medium: M2450(151207); Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.027$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 50.54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration: -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907; ConvF(7.17, 7.17, 7.17); Calibrated: 2015/04/23; -DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2015/09/15 -Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

Area Scan:60x60,stp15 (5x5x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

Area Scan:60x60,stp15 (41x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.9 W/kg

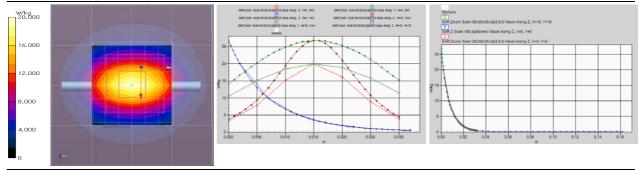
Z Scan;160,stp5(mm) (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg

Zoom Scan:30x30x30,stp5,5,5 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Reference Value = 100.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg;

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.8 W/kg (-4.5 %, vs. speag-cal.=28.1 W/kg)

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.01 W/kg



Remarks:

- *. Date tested: 2015/12/07; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,
- *. liquid depth: 152 mm; Position: distance of dipole to phantom: 8mm (10mm to liquid); ambient: 23.2 deg.C. / 40 %RH,

*. liquid temperature: 21.6(start)/21.7(end)/21.9(in check) deg.C.; *. White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

(Head liquid; December 8, 2015)

EUT: Dipole(2.45GHz); Type: D2450V2; Serial: 822; Forward conducted power: 250mW

Communication System: CW (*. Frame Length in ms: 0; PAR: 0; PMF: 1); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0

Medium: HSL2450(151208); Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.94$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration: -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2015/04/23;

-DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0

-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2015/09/15

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

Area Scan:60x60,stp15 (5x5x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.2 W/kg

Area Scan:60x60,stp15 (41x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.2 W/kg

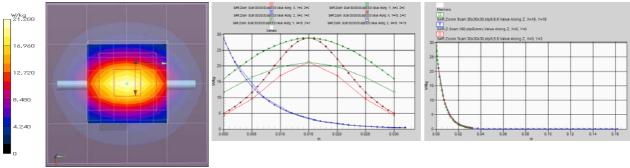
Z Scan;160,stp5(mm) (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.1 W/kg

Zoom Scan:30x30x30,stp5,5,5 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Reference Value = 107.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.2 W/kg;

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.9 W/kg (+11.0 %, vs. IEEE1528 std.=26 W/kg / +2.8 %, vs. speag-cal.=28.1 W/kg)

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.25 W/kg



Remarks:

- *. Date tested: 2015/12/08 Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,
- *. liquid depth: 150 mm; Position: distance of dipole to phantom: 8mm (10mm to liquid); ambient: 23.9 deg.C. / 40 %RH,
- * liquid temperature: 23.2(start)/23.1(end)/23.3(in check) deg.C.; * White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

UL Japan, Inc. Shonan EMC Lab.

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Appendix 3-7: Daily check uncertainty

Uncertainty of daily check (2.4~6GHz) (*£&\sigma tolerance: ≤±5%, DAK3.5, CW) (v08)	1g SAR	10g SAR
Combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system (k=1)	±11.0 %	± 10.9 %
Expanded uncertainty (k=2)	±22.1 %	±21.8 %

	Error Description (v08)	Uncertainty Value	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	ui (1g)	ui (10g)	Vi, veff
Α	Measurement System (DASY5)						(std. uncertainty)	(std. uncertainty)	
1	Probe Calibration Error	±6.55 %	Normal	1	1	1	±6.55 %	±6.55 %	oc
2		±4.7 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
3	Hemispherical isotropy error	±9.6 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0%	0%	∞
4		±4.7 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
5	Probe modulation response (CW)	±0.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0%	0%	∞
6	System detection limit	±1.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	00
7	Boundary effects	±4.8 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.8 %	±2.8 %	œ
8	System readout electronics (DAE)	±0.3 %	Normal	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	œ
9	Response Time Error (<5ms/100ms wait)	±0.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0 %	0%	œ
10	Integration Time Error (CW)	±0.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0 %	0%	œ
11	RF ambient conditions-noise	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	œ
12	RF ambient conditions-reflections	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	œ
13	Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	±3.3 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	œ
14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	±6.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	œ
15	Max. SAR evaluation (Post-processing)	±4.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	oc
В	Test Sample Related								
16	Deviation of the experimental source	±3.5 %	Normal	1	1	1	±3.5 %	±3.5 %	oc
17	Dipole to liquid distance (10mm±0.2mm,<2deg.)	±2.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	oc
18	Drift of output power (measured, <0.2dB)	±2.3 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.3 %	±1.3 %	oc
C	Phantom and Setup								
19	Phantom uncertainty	±2.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2%	oc
20	Algorithm for correcting SAR (e',σ: ≤5%)	±1.2 %	Normal	1	1	0.84	±1.2 %	±0.97 %	œ
21	Liquid conductivity (meas.) (DAK3.5)	±3.0 %	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	±2.3 %	±2.1 %	oc
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.) (DAK3.5)	±3.1 %	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	±0.7 %	±0.8 %	œ
23	Liquid Conductivity-temp.uncertainty (≤2deg.C.)	±5.3 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±2.4 %	±2.2 %	∞
24	Liquid Permittivity-temp.uncertainty (\(\sigma \) deg.C.)	±0.9 %	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞
	Combined Standard Uncertainty						±11.0 %	±10.9 %	
	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						±22.1 %	±21.8 %	

^{*.} This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE Std. 1528(2013) and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (DASY5 Uncertainty Budget).

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Appendix 3-8: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4)

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

UL Japan (Vitec)

Certificate No: EX3-3907_Apr15

CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE
Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3907
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	April 23, 2015
	uments the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). containties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been con	ducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used ()	ASTE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe Einaouq	Laboratory Technician	Man Chang
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	fol def-
This calibration certificate	e shall not be reproduced except in ful	t without written approval of the labor	Issued: April 25, 2015

Certificate No: EX3-3907_Apr15 Page 1 of 11

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Appendix 3-8: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (cont'd)

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- iEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Appendix 3-8: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (cont'd)

EX3DV4 - SN:3907

April 23, 2015

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3907

Manufactured:

September 4, 2012

Calibrated:

April 23, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3907_Apr15

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Appendix 3-8: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (cont'd)

EX3DV4- SN:3907

April 23, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3907

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.44	0.43	0.46	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	99.8	102.0	106.3	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A	В	C	D	VR	Unc∈
			dB	dB√μV		dB	mV	(k=2)
0	cw	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	149.7	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		149.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		130.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E³ field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^{**}Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

**Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the

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Appendix 3-8: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (cont'd)

EX3DV4-SN:3907 April 23, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3907

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ⁶	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
2450	39.2	1.80	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.16	5.16	5.16	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5250_	35.9	4.71	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.35	1.80	±13.1%
5300	35.9	4.76	4.94	4.94	4.94	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.61	4.61	4.61	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.48	4.48	4.48	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for CorvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 100 MHz.

^c At frequencies below 3 GHz the validity of tissue parameters (c and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the parameters of the value of the

At requencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tasse parameters (a and a) can be resized to ± 10% in induction parameters apprect to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tasse parameters (a and a) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration, SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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Appendix 3-8: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (cont'd)

EX3DV4- SN:3907 April 23, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3907

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
2450	52.7	1.95	7.17	7.17	7.17	0.32	0.85	± 12.0 %
5250_	48.9	5.36	4.53	4.53	4.53	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.78	3.78	3.78	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.06	4.06	4.06	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

Fat frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (x and x) as the relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to accessed SAP values. At four-variety shape 3 GHz, the validity of these appearances is and x) is contributed to ± 6%. The uncertainty is the RSS.

Certificate No: EX3-3907_Apr15

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FAt frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

ApplicaCHD are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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 $FCC\,I\!D$

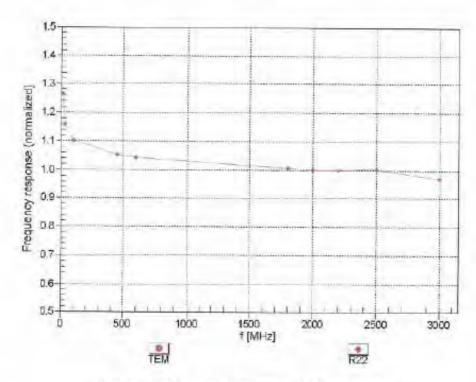
Issued date : December 14, 2015

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Appendix 3-8: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (cont'd)

EX30\4- SN:3907 April 23, 2015

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:iff110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificale No; EX3-3907_Apr15

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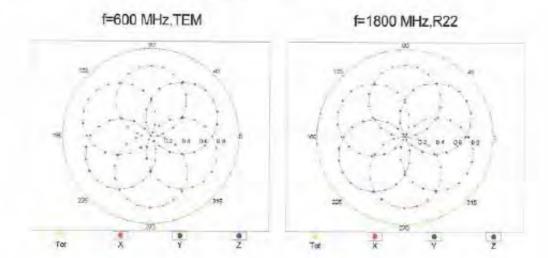
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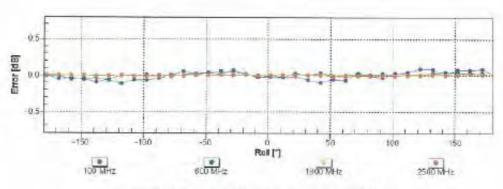
FCC ID : BBQ-WSDF10

Appendix 3-8: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (cont'd)

EX3DV4- SN:3907 April 23, 2015

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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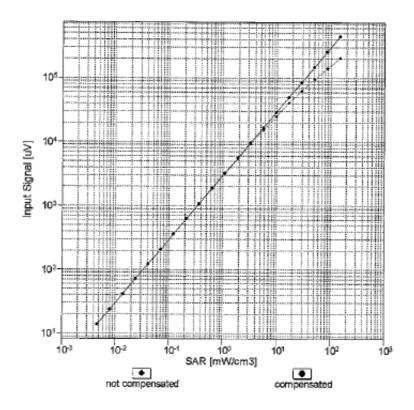
 $FCC\,I\!D$: BBQ-WSDF10

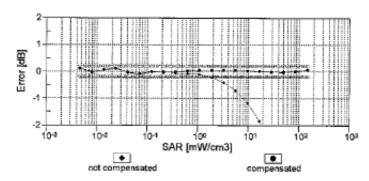
Appendix 3-8: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (cont'd)

EX3DV4- SN:3907 April 23, 2015

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(TEM cell , feval= 1900 MHz)





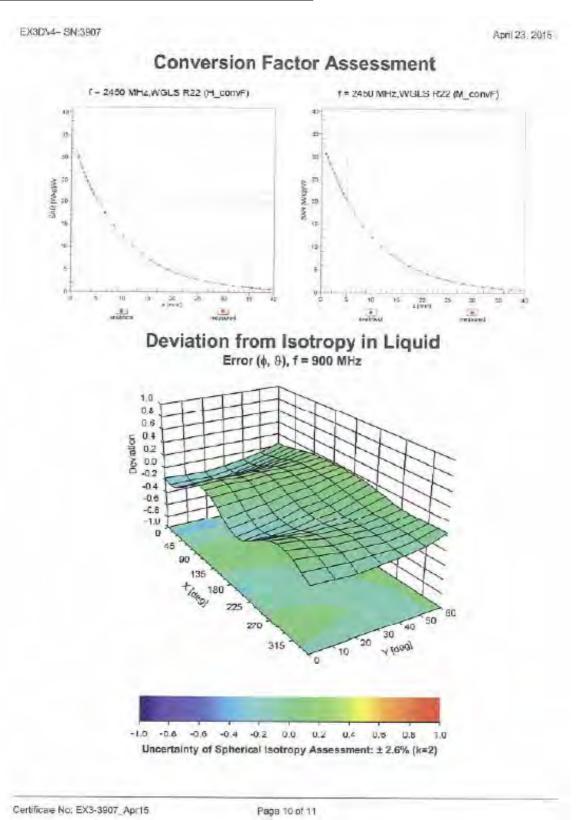
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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Appendix 3-8: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (cont'd)



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Appendix 3-8: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (cont'd)

EX3DV4-SN:3907

April 23, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3907

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	112
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

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FCC ID : BBQ-WSDF10

Appendix 3-9: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2)

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst s Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATI		
Object	D2450V2 - SN: 8	322	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9		
	Calibration proce	edure for dipole validation kits abo	ove 700 MHz
		and the second s	the second second second second second second second second second
Calibration date:	January 15, 2015		
This calibration certificate docum	ents the traceability to nat	ional standards, which realize the physical un	its of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence p	robability are given on the following pages an	nd are part of the certificate.
	tted in the closed laborato	or facility applicant and town and an income	Count humidity a 2007
All campitations flave been condu	and an and dispose laborate	ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°(c and numidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)	y racumy, environment temperature (22 ± 3) 1	c and numbers < 70%,
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M&) Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	ID # GB37480704	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15
Calibration Equipment used (M&) Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB37480704 US37292783	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15
Calibration Equipment used (M&) Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Aug-15 Scheduled Check
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-9205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Aug-15
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Aug-15 Scheduled Check
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-9205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16
Calibration Equipment used (M&Termary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-15
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Peterence 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-15
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-15

Certificate No: D2450V2-822_Jan15

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Appendix 3-9: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (cont'd)

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-822_Jan15

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Test report No. : 10941712S-A Page : 37 of 42

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FCC ID : BBQ-WSDF10

Appendix 3-9: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (cont'd)

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	mir opassi
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.3 ± 6 %	1.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.6 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix 3-9: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (cont'd)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.1 Ω + 3.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3 Ω + 5.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	
Liectrical Delay (one direction)	1.160 ns
	1:100 15

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 11, 2008

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Appendix 3-9: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (cont'd)

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 15.01.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 822

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.88$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

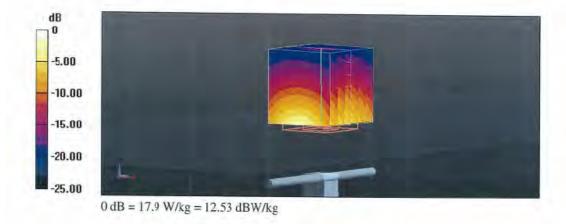
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 101.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.2 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 W/kg



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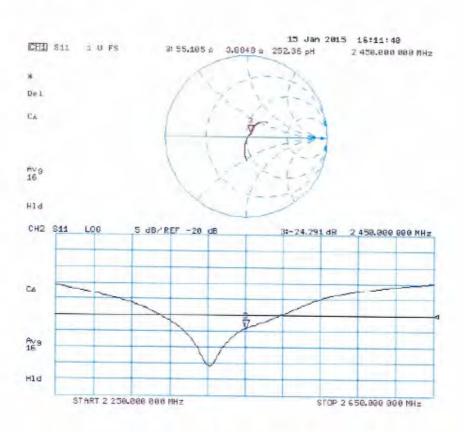
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Appendix 3-9: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (cont'd)

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Appendix 3-9: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (cont'd)

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 15.01.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 822

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.03 S/m; ϵ_r = 51.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Eectronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg



0 dB = 17.3 W/kg = 12.38 dBW/kg

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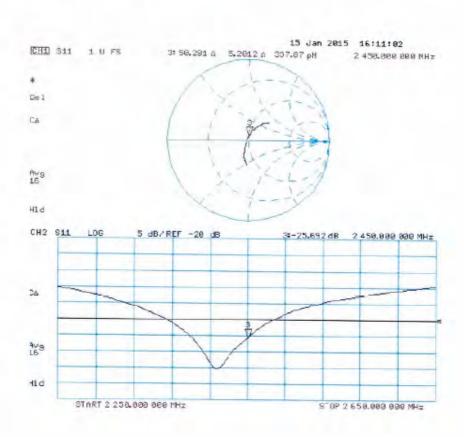
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Appendix 3-9: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (cont'd)

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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