A. INTRODUCTION

The following data are submitted in connection with verification of continued compliance of the FRS 307 transceiver in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J of the FCC Rules.

The FRS 307 is a portable, battery operated, UHF, frequency modulated transceiver intended for 12.5 kHz channel family radio service applications in the 462.5625-467.7125 MHz band. It operates from a nominal 6.0 Vdc battery supply. MFR rated output power is 0.5 watts ERP.

Changes from the previously type certified model FRS 307 consists of removal of Q13 Tx buffer stage and component revisions to the Tx PA stage for improved harmonic suppression.

B. <u>RF Power Output</u> (Paragraph 2.985(a) of the Rules)

The FRS 307 has a permanently attached built-in antenna without provisions for a coaxial connector.

RF power output was determined by substitution.

TABLE 1 Operating Freq., MHz Power watts into a dipole antenna 462.5625 0.32

C. <u>Occupied Bandwidth</u> (Paragraph 2.989(c) of the Rules)

> Figure 1 is a plot of the sideband envelope of the transmitter output taken with a Tektronix 494P spectrum analyzer. Modulation corresponded to conditions of 2.989(c)(1) and consisted of 2500 Hz tone at an input level 16 dB greater than that necessary to produce 50% modulation at the frequency of maximum response.

Emission designator: $(2M + 2D) (2 \times 3 \text{ kHz}) + (2 \times 2.5 \text{ kHz}) = 11\text{kOF3E}$





ATTENUATION IN dB BELOW MEAN OUTPUT POWER Required

On any frequency more than 50% up to and including 100% of the authorized bandwidth, 12.5 kHz (6.25-12.5 kHz)

On any frequency more than 100%, up to and including 250% of the authorized bandwidth (12.5-31.25 kHz)

On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250% of the authorized bandwidth (over 31.25 kHz)



35

43+10LogP = 38(P = 0.32)

> OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH FCC ID: BBOFRS307C

FIGURE 1

C. MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

The plot is within FCC limits. The horizontal scale frequency) is 10 kHz per division and the vertical scale amplitude) is a logarithmic presentation equal to 10 dB per division.

D. SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT THE ANTENNA TERMINALS (Paragraph 2.991 of the Rules)

The FRS 307 has a permanently attached antenna. There is no connector for an external antenna. Therefore, no antenna terminal conducted measurements were made.

E. MEASUREMENTS OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

Measurements of radiated spurious emissions from the FRS 105 were made by substitution with a Tektronix 494P spectrum analyzer using Singer DM-105 for the measurements to 1 GHz, and EMCO 3115 horn to 4.8 GHz.

The transmitter was located in an open field 3 meters from the test antenna. Supply voltage was a power supply with a terminal voltage under load of 6.0 Vdc.

The transmitter and test antennae were arranged to maximize pickup. Both vertical and horizontal test antenna polarization were employed.

Measurements were made from the lowest frequency generated within the unit (12.8 MHz), to 10 times operating frequency. Data after application of antenna factors and line loss corrections are shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2

TRANSMITTER CABINET RADIATED SPURIOUS

Emission Frequency <u>MHz</u>	dB Bel Carri <u>Refere</u>	ow er nce
462.565 925.125 1387.688 1850.250 2312.813 2775.375 3237.938 3700.500	0 52 56 50 61 49 65 51	
4625.625	58 64	

Required: 43+10 Log(0.32) = 38

All other spurious to the tenth harmonic were 20 dB or more below FCC limit.