CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT
FOR
FCC 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C

Report No.: 11-10-MAS-076-01

Client:	FUJITSU TEN LIMITED
Product:	Car Navigation System with Bluetooth
Model:	FT0033A
FCC ID:	BABFT0033A
Manufacturer/supplier:	FUJITSU TEN LIMITED

Date test item received:	2011/10/11
Date test campaign completed:	2011/10/18
Date of issue:	2011/10/21

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Total number of pages of this test report: 76 pages

Total number of pages of photos: External photos 1 pages
Internal photos 9 pages
Setup photos 1 pages

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Manufacturer	: FUJITSU TEN LIMITED
Address	: 2-28, Gosho-dori, 1-chome, Hyogo-ku, kobe 652-8510 Japan
EUT	: Car Navigation System with Bluetooth
Trade name	: ----
Model No.	: FT0033A
Power Source	: 12Vdc battery
Regulations applied	: FCC 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C

The testing described in this report has been carried out to the best of our knowledge and ability, and our responsibility is limited to the exercise of reasonable care. This certification is not intended to believe the sellers from their legal and/or contractual obligations.

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⑥ Industry Canada Site Regisitation number: IC 2949A-2

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

a) Type of EUT : Car Navigation System with Bluetooth
b) Trade Name : ----
c) Model No. : FT0033A
d) FCC ID : BABFT0033A

1.2 Characteristics of Device

The EUT is a Car Navigation System with Bluetooth based on the Bluetooth technology. Bluetooth is a short-range radio link intended to be a cable replacement between portable or fixed electronic devices. Bluetooth operates in the unlicensed ISM Band at 2.4GHz. In this band, 79 RF channels spaced 1MHz apart are defined. The rated output power is -0.22 dBm (0.95 mW).

1.3 Test Methodology

All testing were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (2009) and FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and Part 15 and DA 00-705.

1.4 Modifiction List of EUT

N/A

1.5 Test Facility

The semi-anechoic chamber and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated and conducted data are located inside the Building at No.8, Lane 29, Wen-ming Road, Lo-shan Tsun, Kweishan Hsiang, Taoyuan, Taiwan, R.O.C.
This site has been accreditation as a FCC filing site.

1.6 Test Summary

Requirement	FCC Paragraph #	Test Pass
Radiated Emission	15.247 (c)	☒
Conducted Emission	15.207	N/A
Antenna Requirement	15.203	☒
20dB Emission Bandwidth	15.247 (a)(1)	☒
Output Power	15.247 (b)(1)	☒
OUT-OF-BAND RF Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247 (c)	☒
Number of Hopping Channels	15.247 (b)(1)	☒
Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Seperated	15.247 (a)(1)	☒
Dwell Time	15.247 (a)(1)(iii)	☒
Maximum Permissible Exposure	15.247 (b)(5)	☒

2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

2.1 Definition

Unintentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and radio frequency energy for use within the device, or that sends radio frequency signals by conduction to associated equipment via connecting wiring, but which is not intended to emit RF energy by radiation or induction.

Class A Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in commercial or business environment; exclusive of a device which is market for use by the general public, or which is intended to be used in the home.

Class B Digital Device :

A digital device which is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in a commercial, business of industrial environment. Example of such devices that are marketed for the general public.

Note : A manufacturer may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business, or industrial environment as a Class B digital device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B Digital Device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B Digital Device, Regardless of its intended use.

Intentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

2.2 Requirement for Compliance

(1) Conducted Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.107(a) Line Conducted Emission Limits is as following:

Frequency MHz	Quasi Peak dB μV	Average dB μV
0.15 - 0.5	66-56*	56-46*
0.5 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

For intentional device, according to §15.207(a) Line Conducted Emission Limits is same as above table.

(2) Radiated Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.109(a), except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

Frequency MHz	Distance Meters	Radiated dB μV/m	Radiated μV/m
30 - 88	3	40.0	100
88 - 216	3	43.5	150
216 - 960	3	46.0	200
above 960	3	54.0	500

For intentional device, according to §15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emissions from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the above table.

(3) Antenna Requirement

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to §15.247 (c),(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. (ii) Systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted output power.

(4) 20dB Bandwidth Requirement

For frequency hopping systems, according to 15.247(a)(1), hopping channel carrier frequencies seperated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

(5) Output Power Requirement

For frequency hopping systems, according to 15.247(1), operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels. The maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(6) 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges Requirement

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

(7) Number of Hopping Channels

According to 15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems, operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels.

(8) Channel Carrier Frequencies Seperation

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), the frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies seperated by minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

(9) Dwell Time

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping system in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 second multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

(10) Power Spectral Density

According to 15.247(d), for bluetooth device, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater them 8dBm in any 3kHz band during any time interral of continuous transmission.

2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.25
0.495 - 0.505 **	16.69475 - 16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2655-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	Above 38.6
13.36-13.41			

** : Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device :

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual.

The Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement includes the following paragraph.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

-- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

To comply with the FCC RF exposure compliance requirement, this device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating to conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For the purposes of this test report ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT during the test. Notebook PC was used to control the RF channel under the hightest, middle and lowest frequency and transmit the maximun RF power. Customer would not use it. But never the less ancillary equipment can influence the test results..

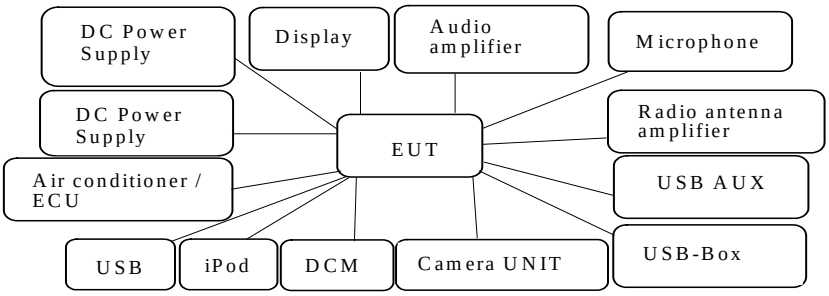
3.2 Devices for Tested System

3.2.1

Device	Manufacture	Model No.	Cable Description
* Car Navigation System with Bluetooth	FUJITSU TEN LIMITED	FT0033A	----
DC Power Supply	GW	GPC-3030D	1.8m*1, Unshielded Power Line 2.6m*1 Unshielded Signal Line
DC Power Supply	GW	GPC-3030D	1.8m*1, Unshielded Power Line 2.6m*1 Unshielded Signal Line
USB	Apacer	USB-THA-001	----
iPod	Apple	A1236	1.8m*1, Unshielded Audio Cable
USB-Box	Panasonic	861A0-48010	2.0m*1 Unshielded Signal Line
Air conditioner / ECU	DENSO	88650-50B70	2.4m*1 Unshielded Signal Line
DCM	DENSO	86741-75021	2.4m*1 Unshielded Signal Line
Camera UNIT	Panasonic	86790-30030	2.4m*1 Unshielded Signal Line
USB AUX	Panasonic	86190-48030	1.0m*1 Unshielded Signal Line
Radio antenna amplifier	FUJITSU	146000-39600	2.1m*1 Unshielded Signal Line
Display	FUJITSU	86110-60140	2.0m*1 Unshielded Signal Line
Audio amplifier	Pioneer	86280-30670	2.4m*1 Unshielded Signal Line
Microphone	N/A	N/A	4.5m*1 Unshielded Signal Line

Remark

1. "*" means equipment under test.



2. Software: Car LanchControl Version 1.3.2.10.
3. During Conducted testing, cable loss is 0.6 dB.

3.2.2 Test Mode Description

3.2.2.1 Modulation Type

Test Mode	Type	Note
A	NON-EDR	GFSK
B	EDR	π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK (note 1)

Test Channel	Frequency (MHz)
Channel Low(L)	2402
Channel Mid(M)	2441
Channel Low(H)	2480

3.2.2.2 Test Mode and Worse Case Determination

Item	Test Item	Test Mode	Test Frequency (MHz)
1	Output Power	A	L, M, H
		B	L, M, H
	Worse Case	Mode B (note 1)	
2.	20dB Emission Bandwidth	A、B	M (Worse Case)
3	Conducted Emission	-	-
4	Out of Band Conducted Emission	A、B	L, M, H
5.1	Number of Channel	B	L~H
5.2	Channel Seperation	B	M (note 2)
5.3	Dwell Time	B	M (note 2)
6.1	Radiated Emission (below 1GHz)	B	M (Worse Case)
6.2	Radiated Emission (above 1GHz)	B	L, M, H
6.3	Radiated Emission (BandEdge)	A, B	L, H

note:

1. 8-DPSK is the worse case determined as the modulation with highest output power.
2. Pretest result is no difference in three test modes by channl low, middle and high. Choose one for final testing and record the result.
3. The worse case is determined as the modulation with highest output power.
4. Pretest result is no difference in three test modes by channl low, middle and high. Choose mode A, channel middle for final testing and record the result.

4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

4.1 Applicable Standard

For unintentional radiator, the radiated emission shall comply with §15.109(a).

For intentional radiators, according to §15.247 (a), operation under this provision is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated, and the out band emission shall be comply with § 15.247 (c)

4.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively. Turn on EUT and make sure that it is in continuous operating function.
2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a semi-anechoic chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions and then each selected frequency is precisely measured. As the same purpose, for emission measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
3. For emission measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 120 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0 ° to 360 ° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.

Figure 1 : Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

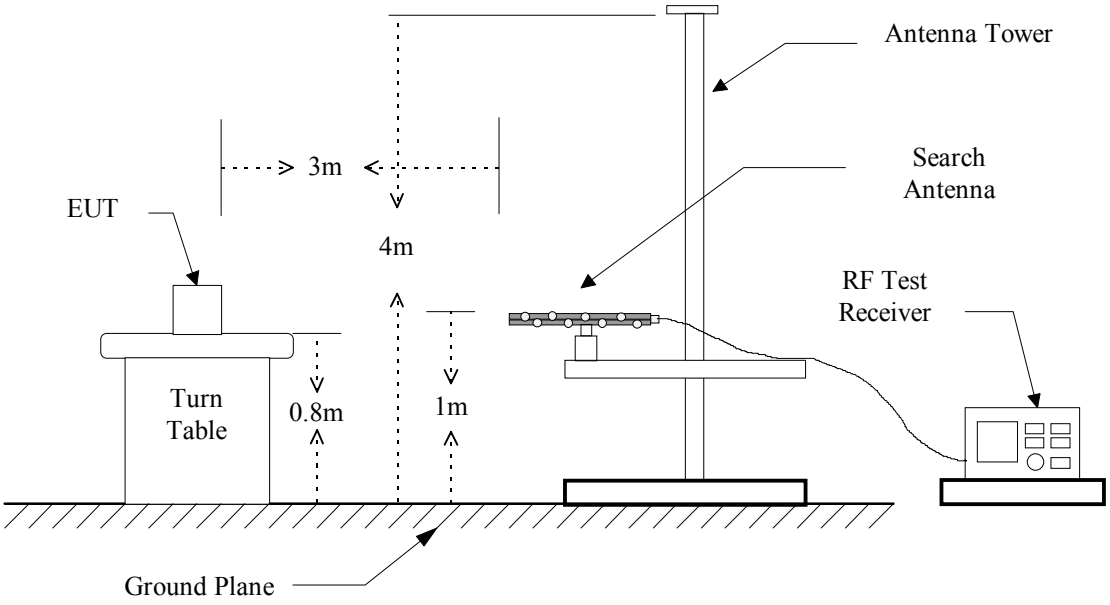
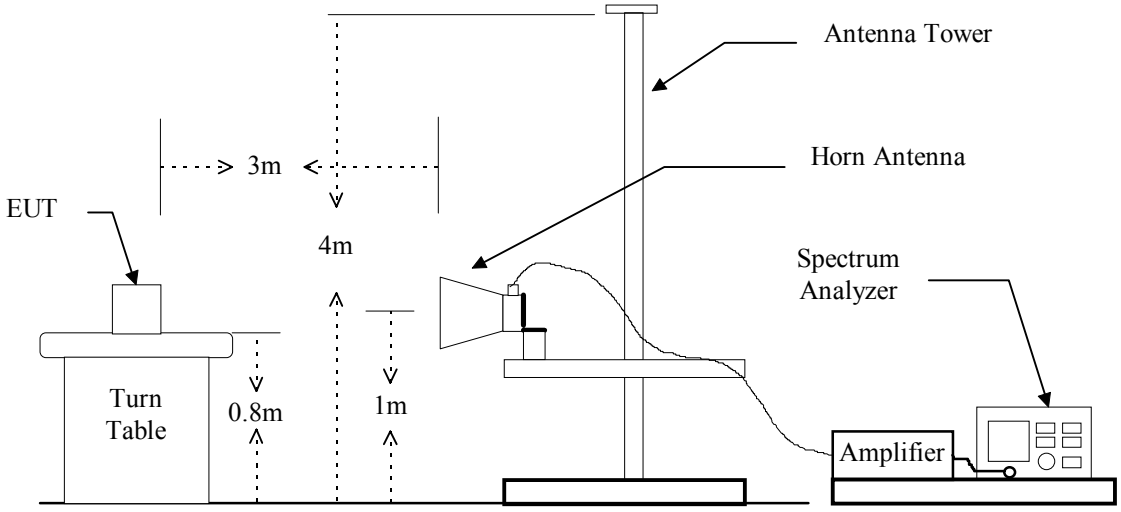


Figure 2 : Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration



4.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement :

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESIB7	06/25/2012
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSU46	11/25/2011
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	07/21/2012
BiLog Antenna	ETC	MCTD2756	12/06/2011
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3116	07/21/2012
Preamplifier	Hewlett-Packard	8449B	10/25/2011

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used :

Frequency Band (MHz)	Instrument	Function	Resolution Bandwidth	Video Bandwidth
30 to 1000	RF Test Receiver	Quasi-Peak	120 kHz	300 kHz
	RF Test Receiver	Peak	120 kHz	300 kHz
Above 1000	Spectrum Analyzer	Peak	1 MHz	1 MHz
	Spectrum Analyzer	Average	1 MHz	10 Hz

4.4 Radiated Emission Data

4.4.1 RF Portion

a) Channel 0

Operation Mode : Tx
Fundamental Frequency : 2402 MHz
Test Date : Oct. 05, 2011 Temperature : 22℃ Humidity : 54%

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV) H Peak	H Ave	V Peak	V Ave	Factor (dB) Corr.	Result @3m (dBuV/m) Peak (H/V Max.)	Result @3m (dBuV/m) Ave (H/V Max.)	Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Peak	Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Ave.
4804.000	52.8	---	56.9	53.5	-2.53	54.4	51.0	74.0	54.0
7206.000	---	---	---	---	0.35	---	---	74.0	54.0
9608.000	---	---	---	---	2.26	---	---	74.0	54.0

b) Channel 39

Fundamental Frequency : 2441 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV) H Peak	H Ave	V Peak	V Ave	Factor (dB) Corr.	Result @3m (dBuV/m) Peak (H/V Max.)	Result @3m (dBuV/m) Ave (H/V Max.)	Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Peak	Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Ave.
4882.000	50.7	---	52.9	---	-2.36	50.5	---	74.0	54.0
7323.000	---	---	---	---	0.61	---	---	74.0	54.0
9764.000	---	---	---	---	2.36	---	---	74.0	54.0

c) Channel 78

Fundamental Frequency : 2480 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV) H Peak	H Ave	V Peak	V Ave	Factor (dB) Corr.	Result @3m (dBuV/m) Peak (H/V Max.)	Result @3m (dBuV/m) Ave (H/V Max.)	Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Peak	Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Ave.
4960.000	48.1	---	53.3	---	-2.19	51.1	---	74.0	54.0
7440.000	---	---	---	---	0.87	---	---	74.0	54.0
9920.000	---	---	---	---	2.45	---	---	74.0	54.0
14880.000	---	---	---	---	7.15	---	---	74.0	54.0
17360.000	---	---	---	---	9.45	---	---	74.0	54.0

Note :

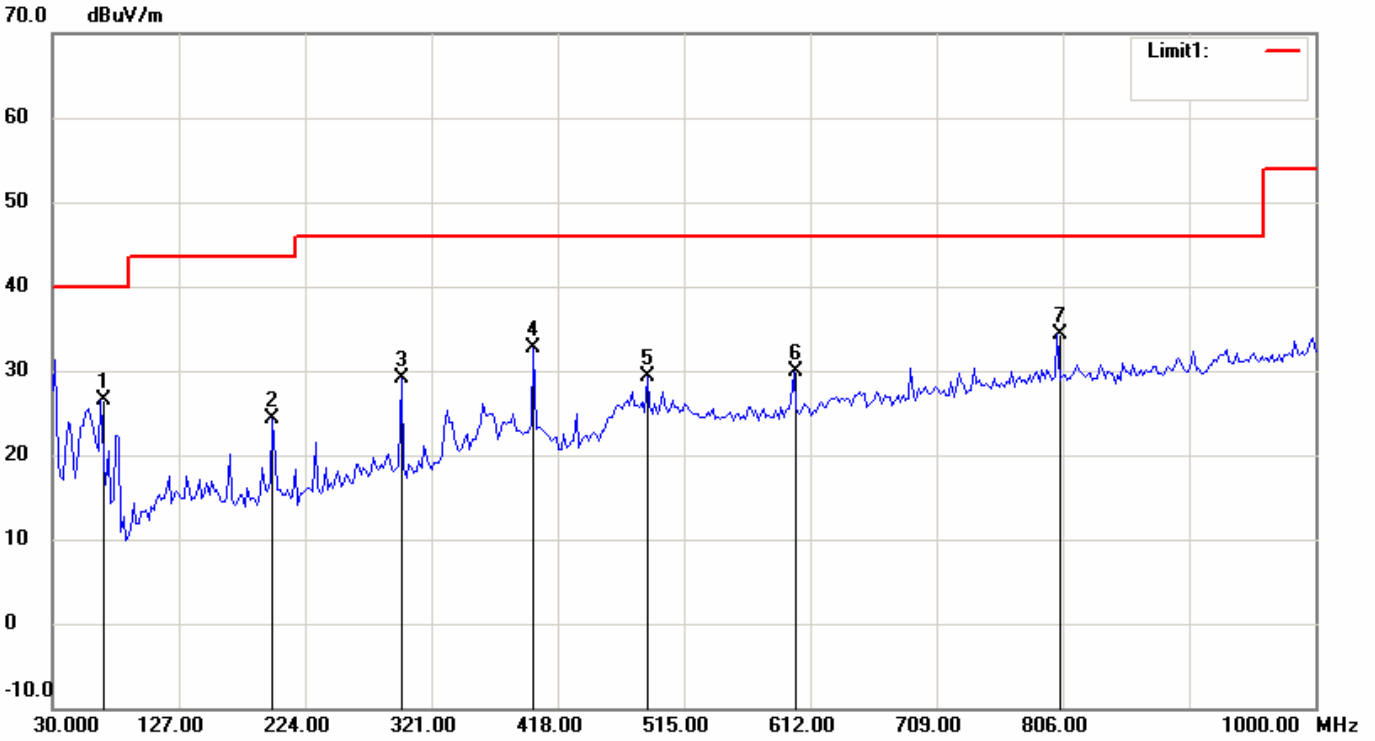
1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. Remark "---" means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
3. Item "Margin" referred to Average limit while there is only peak result.
4. The radiation emissions have been measured to beyond the tenth harmonic of the fundamental frequency and show the significant frequencies, other means the value is too low to be detected.

4.4.2 Other Emission

4.4.2.1 below 1GHz

File: 33A **Data:** #9 **Date:** 2011/10/5 **Temperature:** 22 ℃

Time: AM 10:30:32 **Humidity:** 54 %



Condition: FCC Part15 RE-Class B **Polarization:** Horizontal

EUT: **Distance:** 3m

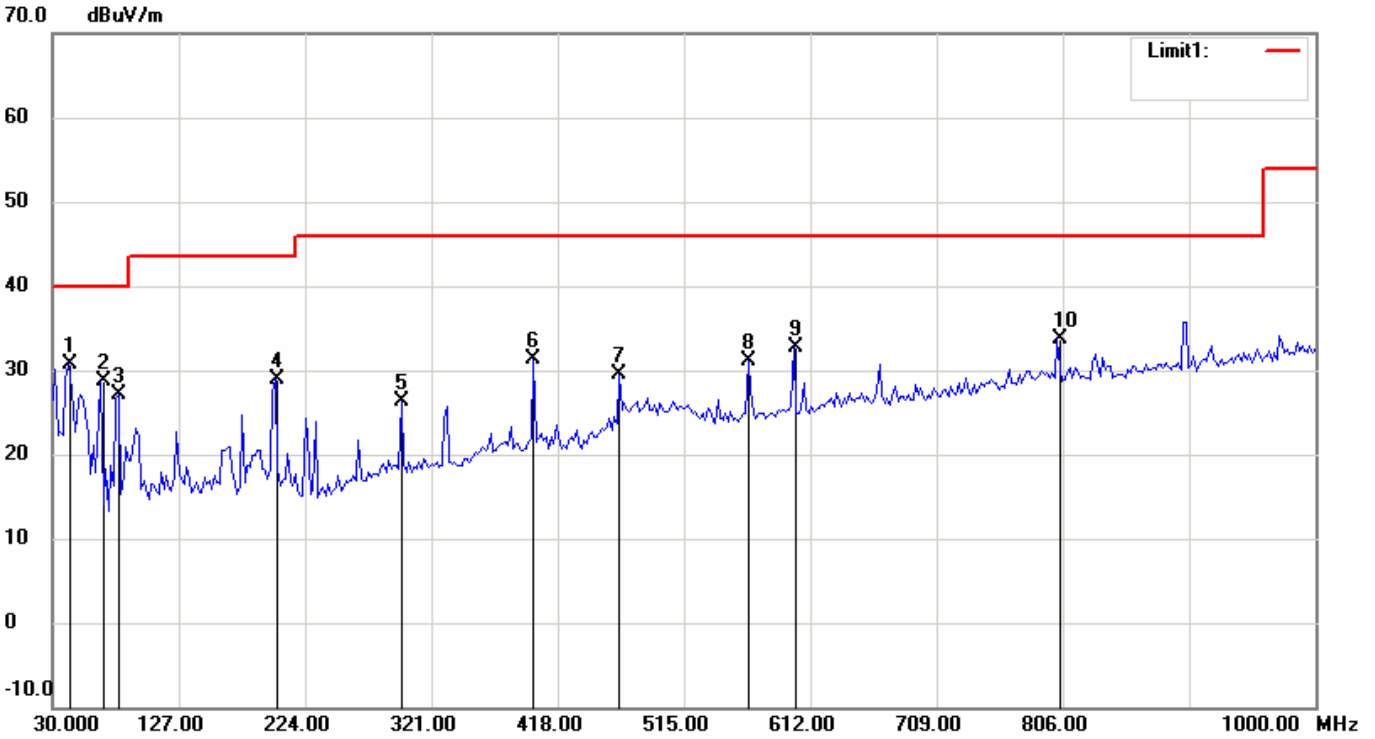
Model:

Test Mode:

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Detector	Corrected dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
1	66.9340	17.95	peak	8.47	26.42	40.00	-13.58
2	199.1182	8.58	peak	15.64	24.22	43.50	-19.28
3	298.2565	11.54	peak	17.50	29.04	46.00	-16.96
4	399.3387	13.13	peak	19.63	32.76	46.00	-13.24
5	486.8136	5.90	peak	23.35	29.25	46.00	-16.75
6	599.5591	5.88	peak	24.03	29.91	46.00	-16.09
7	801.7234	6.63	peak	27.77	34.40	46.00	-11.60

File: 33A **Data:** #8 **Date:** 2011/10/5 **Temperature:** 22 ℃

Time: AM 10:24:40 **Humidity:** 54 %



Condition: FCC Part15 RE-Class B **Polarization:** Vertical

EUT: **Distance:** 3m

Model:

Test Mode:

No.	Frequency	Reading	Detector	Corrected	Result	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
1	41.6633	17.03	peak	13.66	30.69	40.00	-9.31
2	66.9340	20.25	peak	8.47	28.72	40.00	-11.28
3	80.5411	18.25	peak	8.85	27.10	40.00	-12.90
4	201.0621	13.04	peak	15.77	28.81	43.50	-14.69
5	298.2565	8.73	peak	17.50	26.23	46.00	-19.77
6	399.3387	11.66	peak	19.63	31.29	46.00	-14.71
7	465.4310	7.47	peak	22.05	29.52	46.00	-16.48
8	564.5691	7.44	peak	23.58	31.02	46.00	-14.98
9	599.5591	8.77	peak	24.03	32.80	46.00	-13.20
10	801.7234	5.96	peak	27.77	33.73	46.00	-12.27

4.4.2.2 above 1GHz

4.4.2.2.1 Fundamental Frequency : 2402 MHz

Frequency	Ant Pol	Reading (dBuV) @3m			Correct Factor	Result (dBuV) @3m			Limit (dBuV/m) @3m		
(MHz)	H/V	Peak	QP	AVG	(dB/m)	Peak	QP	AVG	Peak	QP	AVG
1000.0000	H	52.1	----	----	-14.60	37.5	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1020.1923	V	59.8	----	----	-14.49	45.3	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1022.4360	H	51.4	----	----	-14.49	36.9	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1031.4103	V	61.5	----	----	-14.44	47.1	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1166.0256	H	51.6	----	----	-13.77	37.8	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1080.7692	V	57.7	----	----	-14.19	43.5	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1199.6795	H	51.8	----	----	-13.60	38.2	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1136.8590	V	56.8	----	----	-13.92	42.9	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1394.8717	H	52.1	----	----	-12.62	39.5	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1394.8718	V	51.8	----	----	-12.62	39.2	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1500.3205	H	54.9	----	----	-12.10	42.8	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1500.3205	V	57.6	----	----	-12.10	45.5	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1818.9103	H	56.6	----	----	-10.50	46.1	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1818.9103	V	52.6	----	----	-10.50	42.1	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
5840.4351	H	60.1	----	48.1	-1.13	59.0	----	47.0	74.0	----	54.0
5840.4351	V	61.9	----	47.8	-1.13	60.8	----	46.7	74.0	----	54.0
11683.9887	H	49.4	----	----	4.41	53.8	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
11683.9888	V	54.4	----	46.5	4.41	58.8	----	50.9	74.0	----	54.0

4.4.2.2.2 Fundamental Frequency : 2441 MHz

Frequency	Ant Pol	Reading (dBuV) @3m			Correct Factor	Result (dBuV) @3m			Limit (dBuV/m) @3m		
(MHz)	H/V	Peak	QP	AVG	(dB/m)	Peak	QP	AVG	Peak	QP	AVG
1031.4103	H	51.6	----	----	-14.44	37.2	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1033.6538	V	59.0	----	----	-14.44	44.6	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1136.8590	H	52.6	----	----	-13.92	38.7	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1047.1153	V	58.5	----	----	-14.37	44.1	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1199.6795	H	52.9	----	----	-13.60	39.3	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1394.8718	V	52.5	----	----	-12.62	39.9	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1394.8718	H	51.3	----	----	-12.62	38.7	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1500.3205	V	58.5	----	----	-12.10	46.4	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1500.3205	H	54.1	----	----	-12.10	42.0	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1818.9103	V	52.0	----	----	-10.50	41.5	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1818.9103	H	52.2	----	----	-10.50	41.7	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
5840.4351	V	61.2	----	50.4	-1.13	60.1	----	49.3	74.0	----	54.0
5840.4351	H	59.8	----	48.9	-1.13	58.7	----	47.8	74.0	----	54.0
11683.9888	V	54.8	----	46.4	4.41	59.2	----	50.8	74.0	----	54.0
11683.9888	H	50.2	----	42.0	4.41	54.6	----	46.4	74.0	----	54.0

4.4.2.2.3 Fundamental Frequency : 2480 MHz

Frequency	Ant Pol	Reading (dBuV) @3m			Correct Factor	Result (dBuV) @3m			Limit (dBuV/m) @3m		
(MHz)	H/V	Peak	QP	AVG	(dB/m)	Peak	QP	AVG	Peak	QP	AVG
1031.4103	H	51.5	----	----	-14.44	37.1	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1029.1667	V	60.0	----	----	-14.46	45.5	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1199.6795	H	51.5	----	----	-13.60	37.9	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1074.0385	V	58.7	----	----	-14.23	44.5	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1394.8718	H	52.1	----	----	-12.62	39.5	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1152.5641	V	57.6	----	----	-13.84	43.8	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1500.3205	H	53.9	----	----	-12.10	41.8	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1258.0128	V	58.1	----	----	-13.32	44.8	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1596.7950	H	51.2	----	----	-11.61	39.6	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1500.3205	V	53.5	----	----	-12.10	41.4	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1818.9103	H	51.0	----	----	-10.50	40.5	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
1818.9103	V	51.6	----	----	-10.50	41.1	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
5591.7732	V	54.6	----	----	-1.18	53.4	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
5840.4351	H	48.7	----	----	-1.13	47.6	----	----	74.0	----	54.0
5840.4351	V	61.1	----	47.3	-1.13	60.0	----	46.2	74.0	----	54.0
11683.9888	H	50.1	----	41.7	4.41	54.5	----	46.1	74.0	----	54.0
11683.9887	V	55.2	----	44.9	4.41	59.6	----	49.3	74.0	----	54.0

Note:
1. Place of Measurement: Measuring site of the ETC.
2. If the data table appeared symbol of "***" means the value was too low to be measured.
3. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is
   ±4.6dB (30MHz≦f<300MHz).
   ±4.4dB (300MHz≦f<1000MHz).
   ±4.1dB (1GHz≦f≦18GHz).
   ±4.4dB (18GHz<f≦40GHz).

4 Remark “---” means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.

4.4.3 Radiated Measurement at Bandedge with Fundamental Frequencies

4.4.3.1 Operation Mode : NON-EDR

(A) Channel 0
Fundamental Frequency : 2402 MHz
Test Date: Oct. 05, 2011 Temperature : 22℃ Humidity : 54%

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV) H Peak	H Ave	V Peak	V Ave	Factor (dB) Corr.	Result @3m (dBuV/m) Peak (H/V Max.)	Result @3m (dBuV/m) Ave (H/V Max.)	Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Peak	Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Ave.
2390.000	25.3	13.6	25.7	13.6	29.8	55.5	43.4	74.0	54.0

Note:
The result is the highest value of radiated emission from restrict band of 2310 ~2390 MHz.

(B) Channel 78
Operation Mode : Transmitting
Fundamental Frequency : 2480 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV) H Peak	H Ave	V Peak	V Ave	Factor (dB) Corr.	Result @3m (dBuV/m) Peak (H/V Max.)	Result @3m (dBuV/m) Ave (H/V Max.)	Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Peak	Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Ave.
2483.500	26.1	15.7	27.1	18.9	29.8	56.9	48.7	74.0	54.0

Note:
The result is the highest value of radiated emission from restrict band of 2483.5 ~2500 MHz.

4.4.3.2 Operation Mode : EDR

(A) Channel 0
Fundamental Frequency : 2402 MHz
Test Date: Oct. 05, 2011 Temperature : 22℃ Humidity : 54%

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV) H Peak	H Ave	V Peak	V Ave	Factor (dB) Corr.	Result @3m (dBuV/m) Peak (H/V Max.)	Result @3m Ave	Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Peak	Limit @3m Ave.
2390.000	26.6	13.6	24.8	13.6	29.8	56.4	43.4	74.0	54.0

Note:
The result is the highest value of radiated emission from restrict band of 2310 ~2390 MHz.

(B) Channel 78
Operation Mode : Transmitting
Fundamental Frequency : 2480 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV) H Peak	H Ave	V Peak	V Ave	Factor (dB) Corr.	Result @3m (dBuV/m) Peak (H/V Max.)	Result @3m Ave	Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Peak	Limit @3m Ave.
2483.500	26.9	17.0	26.3	19.0	29.8	56.7	48.8	74.0	54.0

Note:
The result is the highest value of radiated emission from restrict band of 2483.5 ~2500 MHz.

4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, High Pass Filter Loss(if used) and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation calculation is as follows:

Result = Reading + Corrected Factor

where

Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + High Pass Filter Loss - Amplifier Gain

5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

This EUT is excused from investigation of conducted emission, for it is powered by battery only. According to §15.207 (d), measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines.

6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

6.1 Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to §15.247 (c),(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. (ii) Systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted output power.

6.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain

The antennas is a Bluetooth chip antenna.

Antenna Type	Surface mounting antenna
Peak Antenna Gain	1.26 dBi

The directional gain of antenna doesn't greater than 6 dBi, the power won't be reduced.

7 20dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

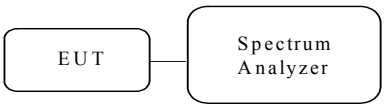
7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1), for frequency hopping systems, hopping channel carrier frequencies seperated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

7.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. The setup of the EUT as shown in figure 3. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 3: Emission bandwidth measurement configuration.



7.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	09/18/2012

7.4 Measurement Data

7.4.1 Operation Mode: NON-EDR

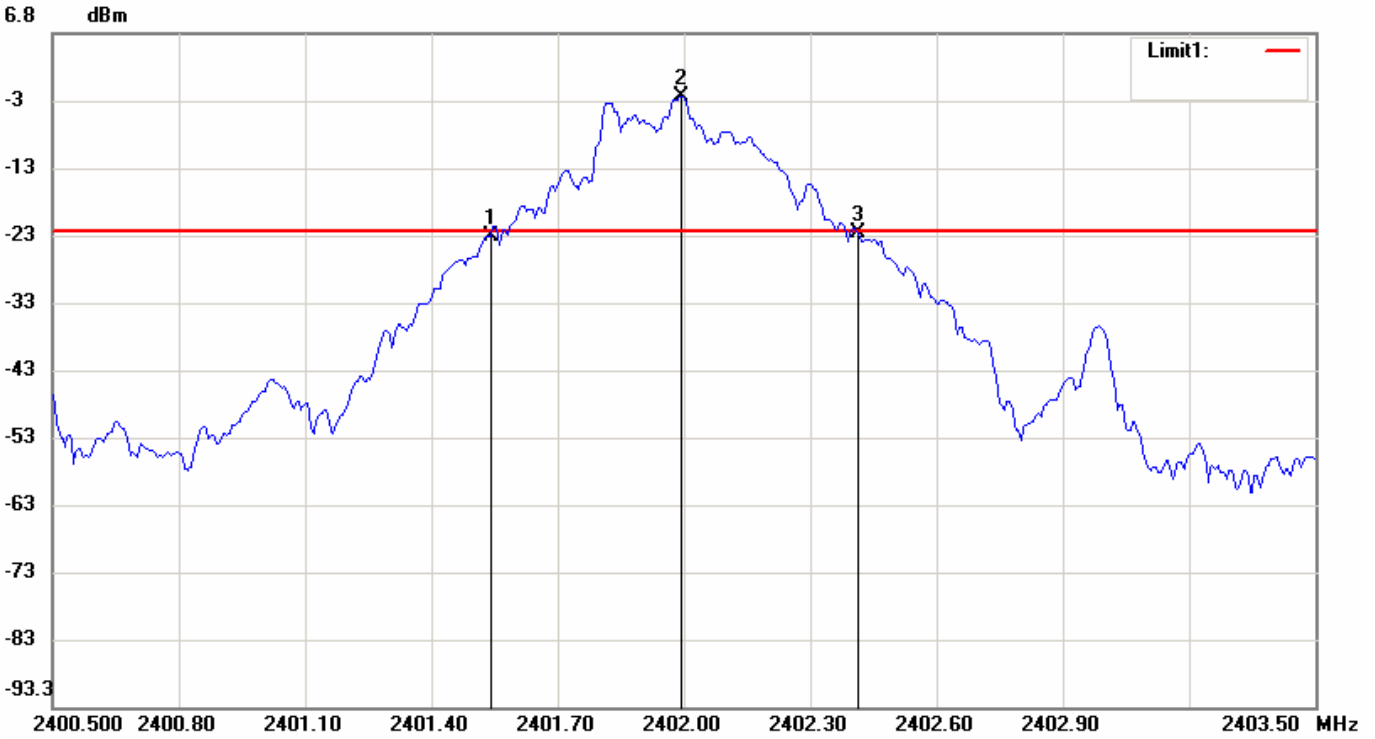
Test Date : Oct. 11, 2011 Temperature : 27℃ Humidity : 54%

Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Chart
L	0.875	Page 28
M	0.900	Page 29
H	0.860	Page 30

Note: Please refer to page 28 to page 30 for chart.

File: FT0033A **Data: #65** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:05:09 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-22.69dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 3.2ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 30 KHz** **VBW: 100 KHz**

Test Mode:

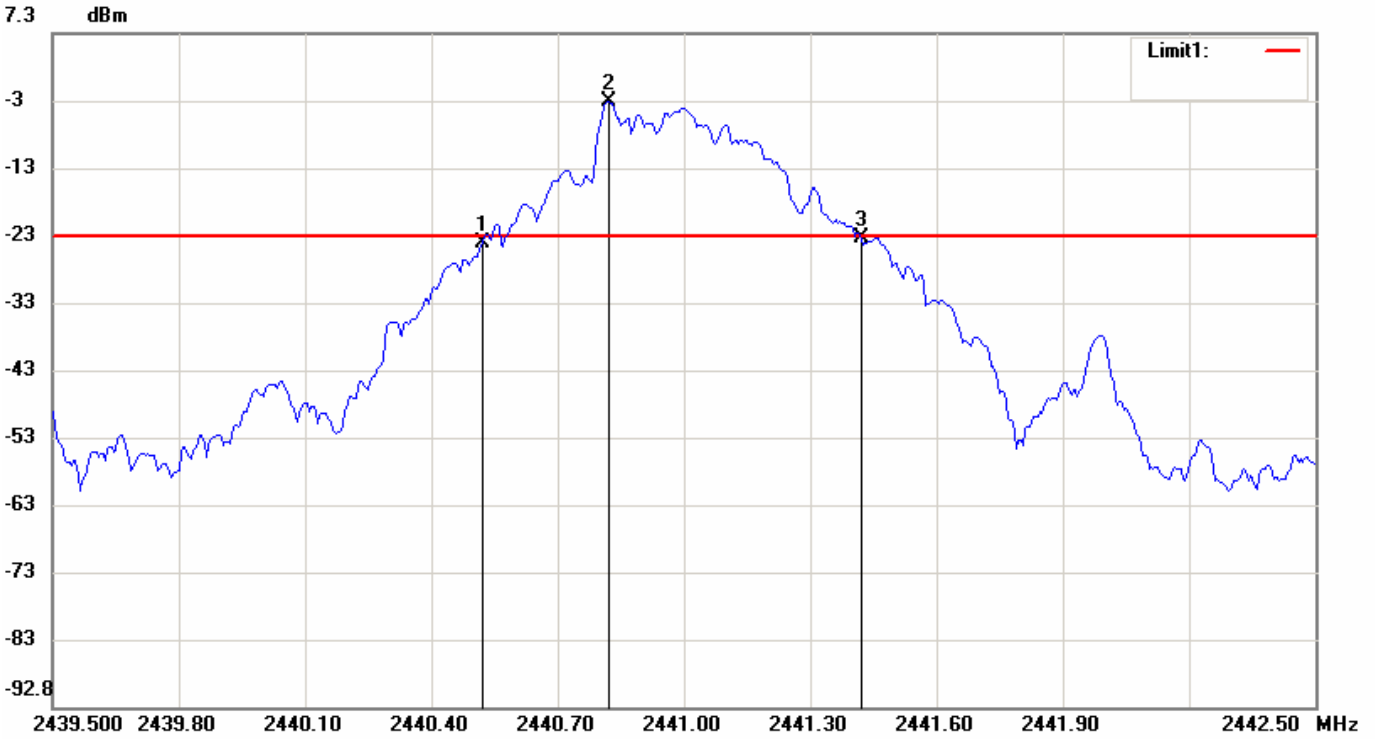
Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 00-20dB EBW NON-EDR**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2401.54000	-23.29
2	2401.99500	-2.69
3	2402.41500	-22.79

No.		△Frequency(MHz)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	0.875	0.5

File: FT0033A **Data: #73** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:11:08 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-22.91dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 3.2ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 30 KHz** **VBW: 100 KHz**

Test Mode:

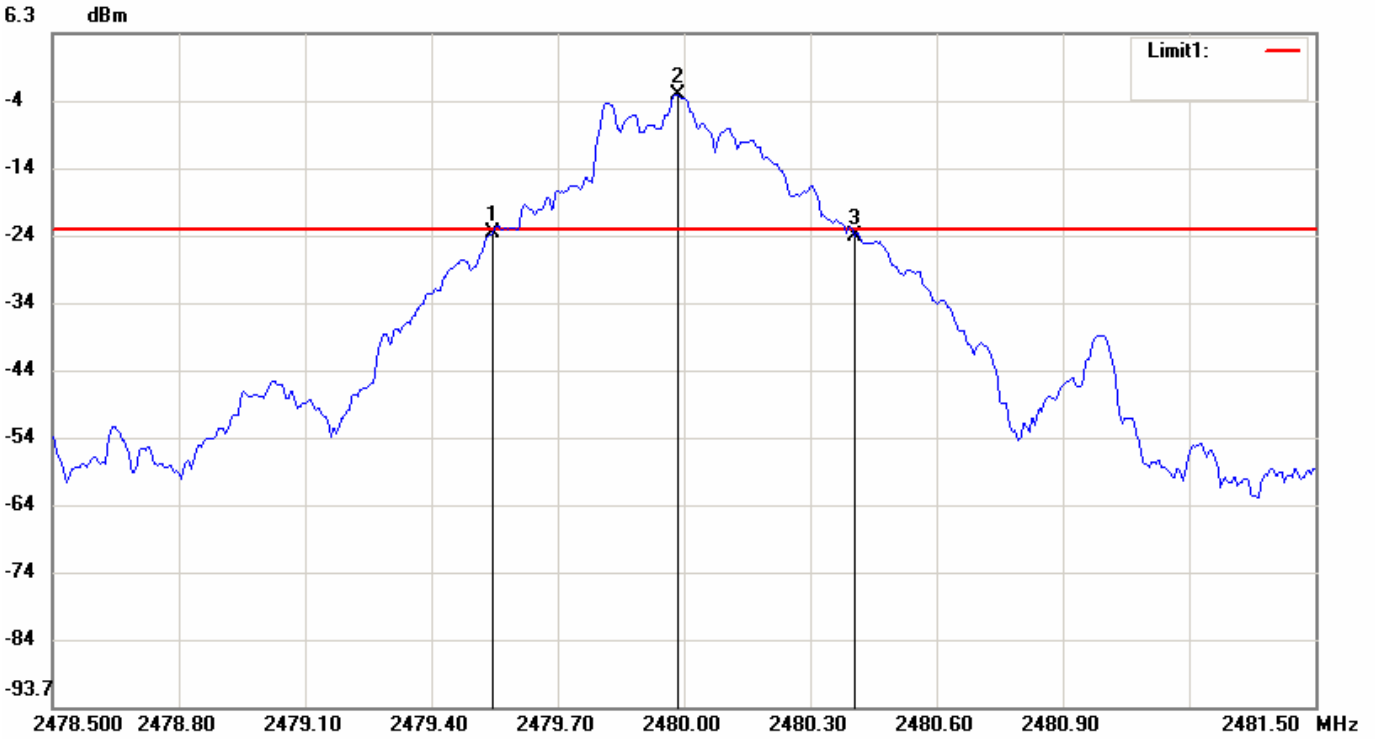
Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 39-20dB EBW**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2440.52000	-23.81
2	2440.82000	-2.91
3	2441.42000	-23.06

No.		△Frequency(MHz)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	0.9	0.75

File: FT0033A **Data: #69** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:08:09 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-22.82dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 3.2ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 30 KHz** **VBW: 100 KHz**

Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 78-20dB EBW**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2479.54500	-23.42
2	2479.98500	-2.82
3	2480.40500	-23.71

No.		△Frequency(MHz)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	0.86	-0.29

7.4.2 Operation Mode: EDR

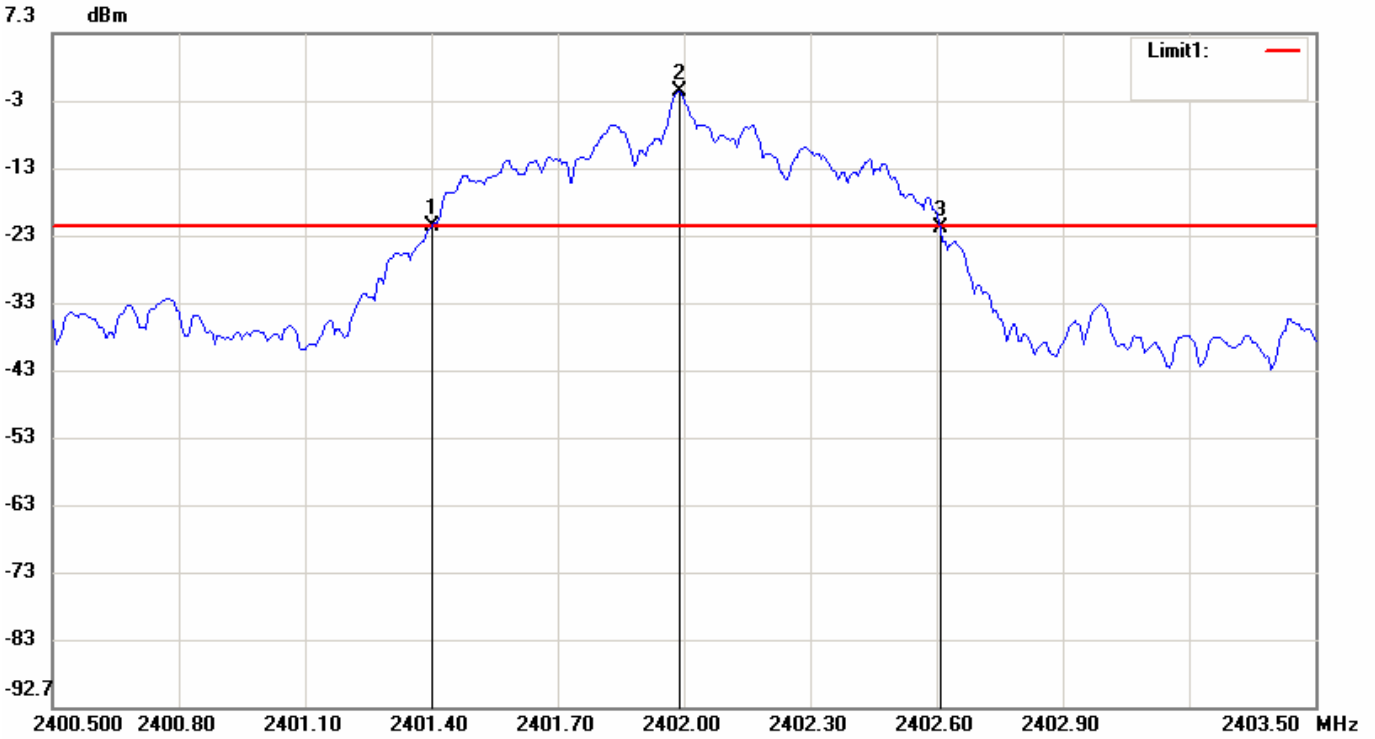
Test Date : Oct. 11, 2011 Temperature : 27℃ Humidity : 54%

Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Chart
L	1.210	Page 31
M	1.210	Page 32
H	1.205	Page 33

Note: Please refer to page 31 to page 33 for chart.

File: FT0033A **Data: #86** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:24:33 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-21.36dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 3.2ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 30 KHz** **VBW: 100 KHz**

Test Mode:

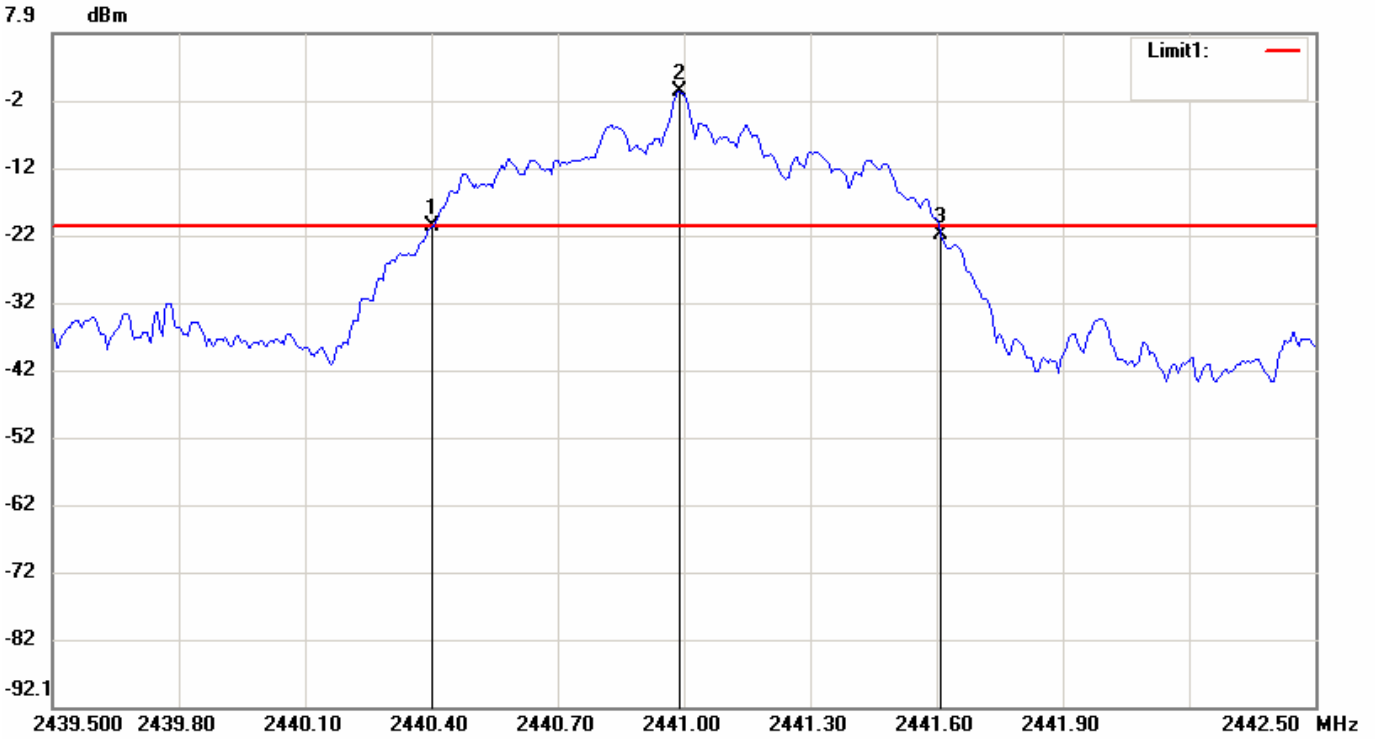
Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 00-20dB EBW EDR**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2401.40000	-21.44
2	2401.99000	-1.36
3	2402.61000	-21.63

No.		△Frequency(MHz)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	1.21	-0.19

File: FT0033A **Data: #94** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:36:03 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-20.71dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 3.2ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 30 KHz** **VBW: 100 KHz**

Test Mode:

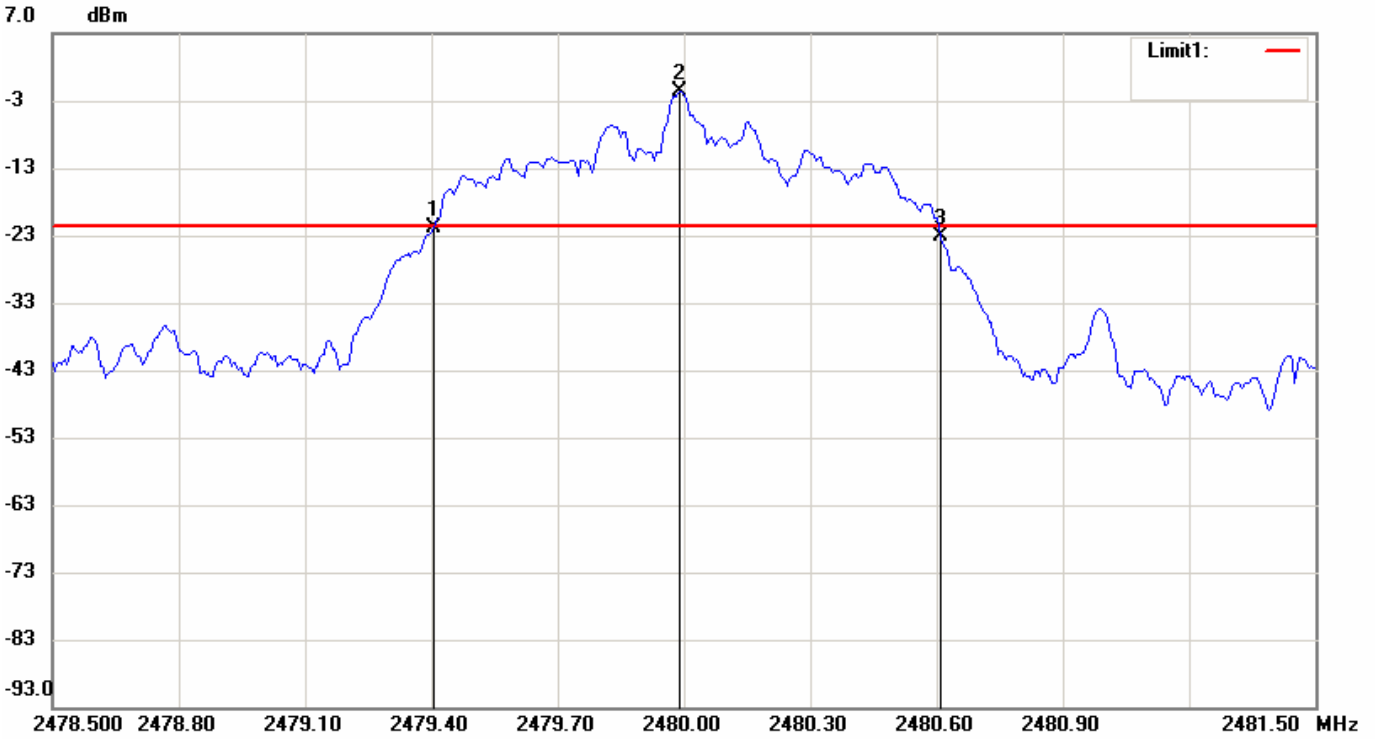
Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 39-20dB EBW EDR**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2440.40000	-20.73
2	2440.99000	-0.71
3	2441.61000	-21.88

No.		△Frequency(MHz)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	1.21	-1.15

File: FT0033A **Data: #90** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:29:10 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-21.64dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 3.2ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 30 KHz** **VBW: 100 KHz**

Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 78-20dB EBW EDR**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2479.40500	-21.77
2	2479.99000	-1.64
3	2480.61000	-23.07

No.		△Frequency(MHz)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	1.205	-1.3

8 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

8.1 Standard Applicable

For frequency hopping system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If Receving antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

8.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. The setup of the EUT as shown in figure 3. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Add cable loss factor to measurement instrument to get maximum peak output power. Then set it to any measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 2 MHz and VBW to 2 MHz.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and record the level to calculate result data.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

8.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	09/18/2012

8.4 Measurement Data

8.4.1 Operation Mode: NON-EDR

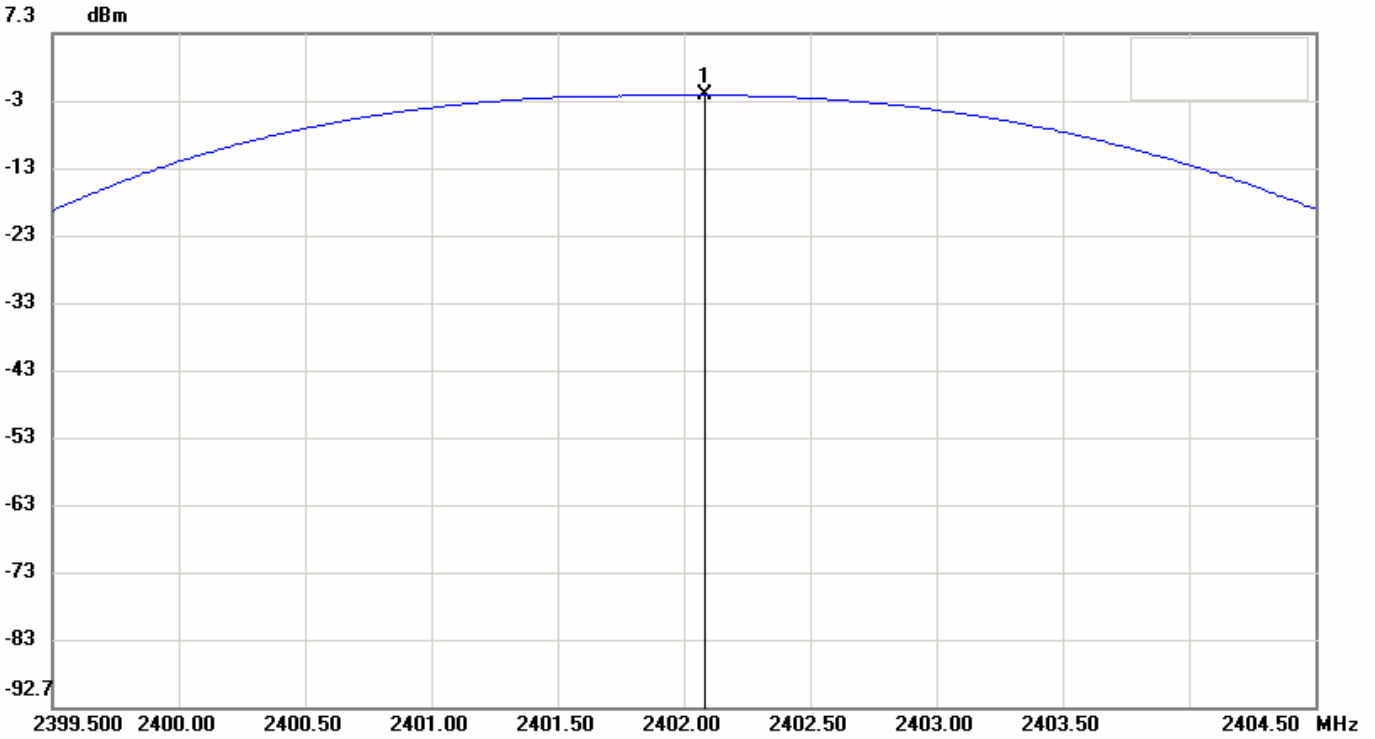
Test Date : Oct. 11, 2011 Temperature : 27℃ Humidity : 54%

Channel	Maximum Peak Output Power (dBm)	Maximum Peak Output Power (mW)	FCC Limit (mW)	Chart
L	-1.82	0.66	1000	Page 37
M	-1.29	0.74	1000	Page 38
H	-2.41	0.57	1000	Page 39

Note: Please refer to page 37 to page 39 for chart.

File: FT0033A **Data: #64** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:04:42 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 2000 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz**

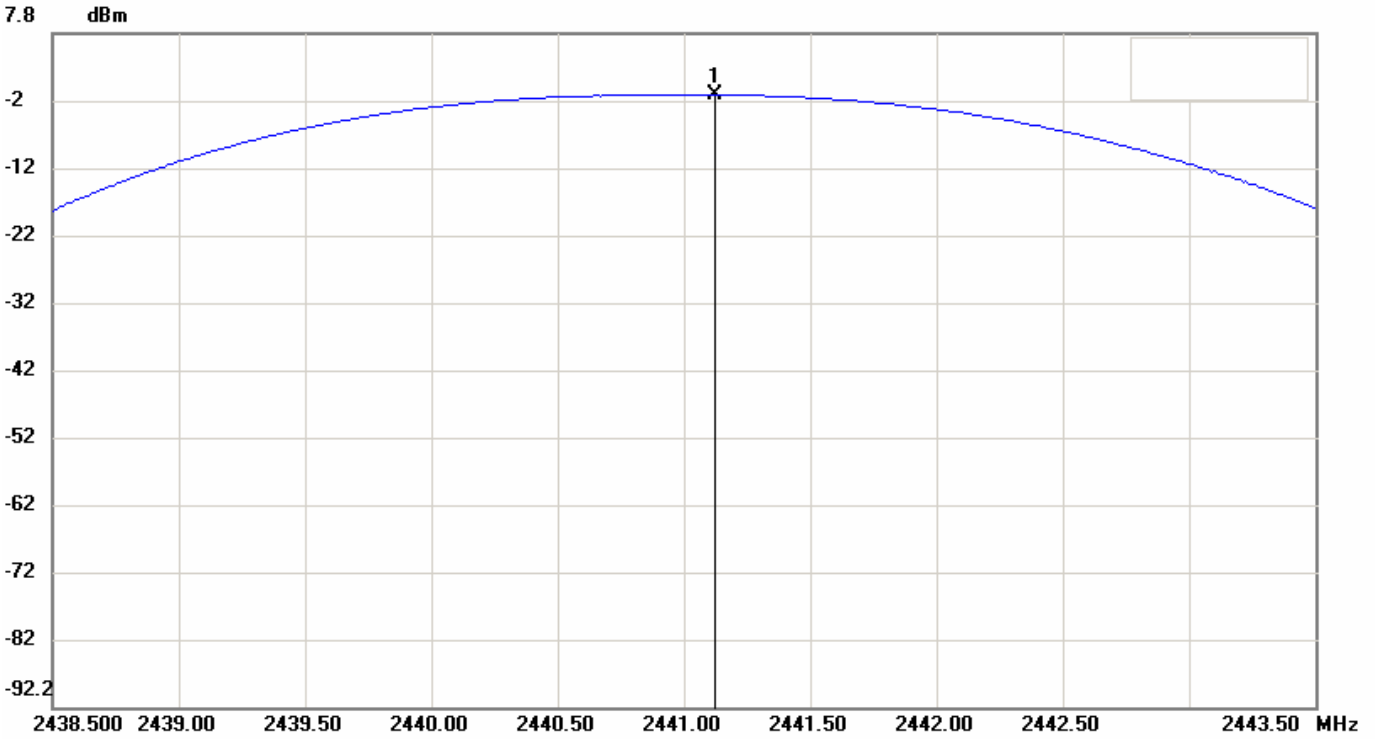
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC Bluetooth CH00 Output Power (NON-EDR)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2402.08330	-1.82

File: FT0033A **Data: #72** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:10:39 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 2000 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz**

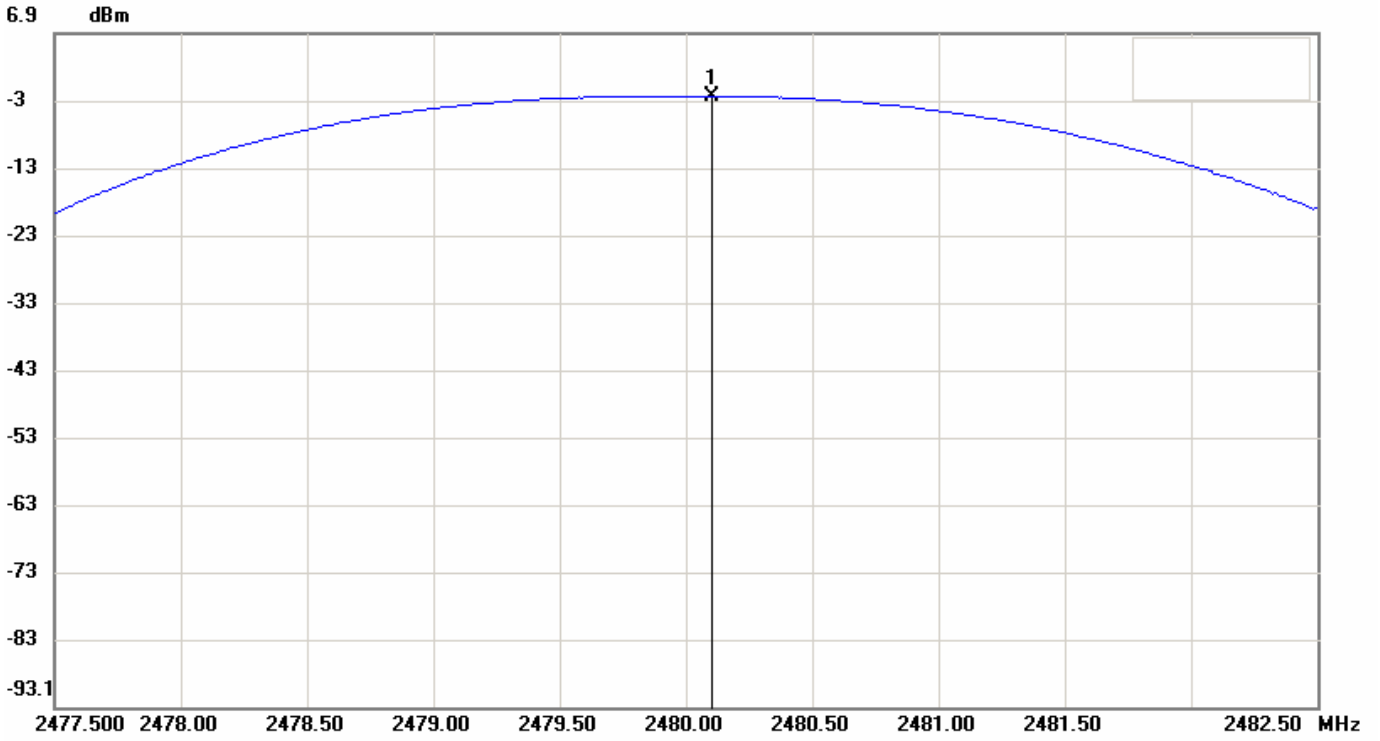
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC Bluetooth CH39 Output Power (NON-EDR)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2441.12500	-1.29

File: FT0033A **Data: #68** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:07:42 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 2000 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz**

Test Mode:

Note: **FCC Bluetooth CH78 Output Power (NON-EDR)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2480.09170	-2.41

8.4.2 Operation Mode: EDR

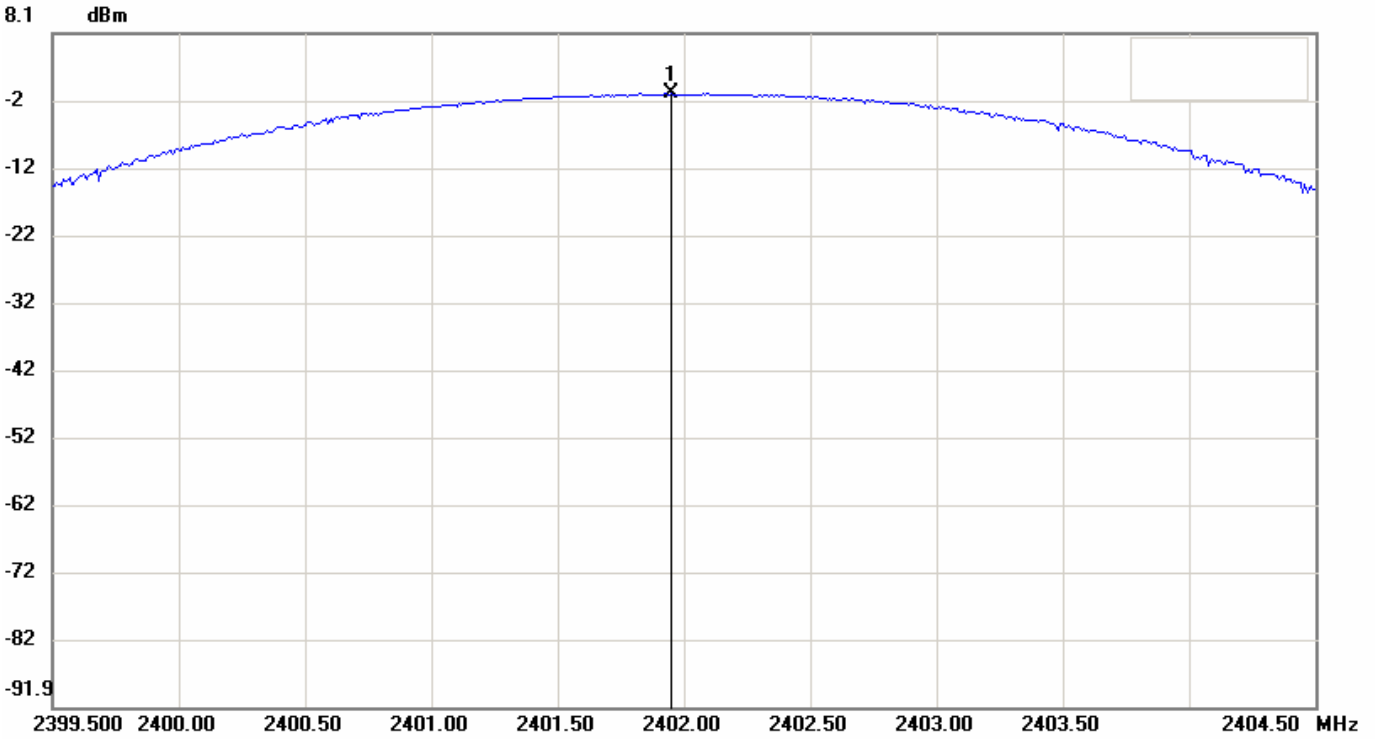
Test Date : Oct. 11, 2011 Temperature : 27℃ Humidity : 54%

Channel	Maximum Peak Output Power (dBm)	Maximum Peak Output Power (mW)	FCC Limit (mW)	Chart
L	-0.76	0.84	1000	Page 41
M	-0.22	0.95	1000	Page 42
H	-1.03	0.79	1000	Page 43

Note: Please refer to page 41 to page 43 for chart.

File: FT0033A **Data: #85** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:24:05 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 2000 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz**

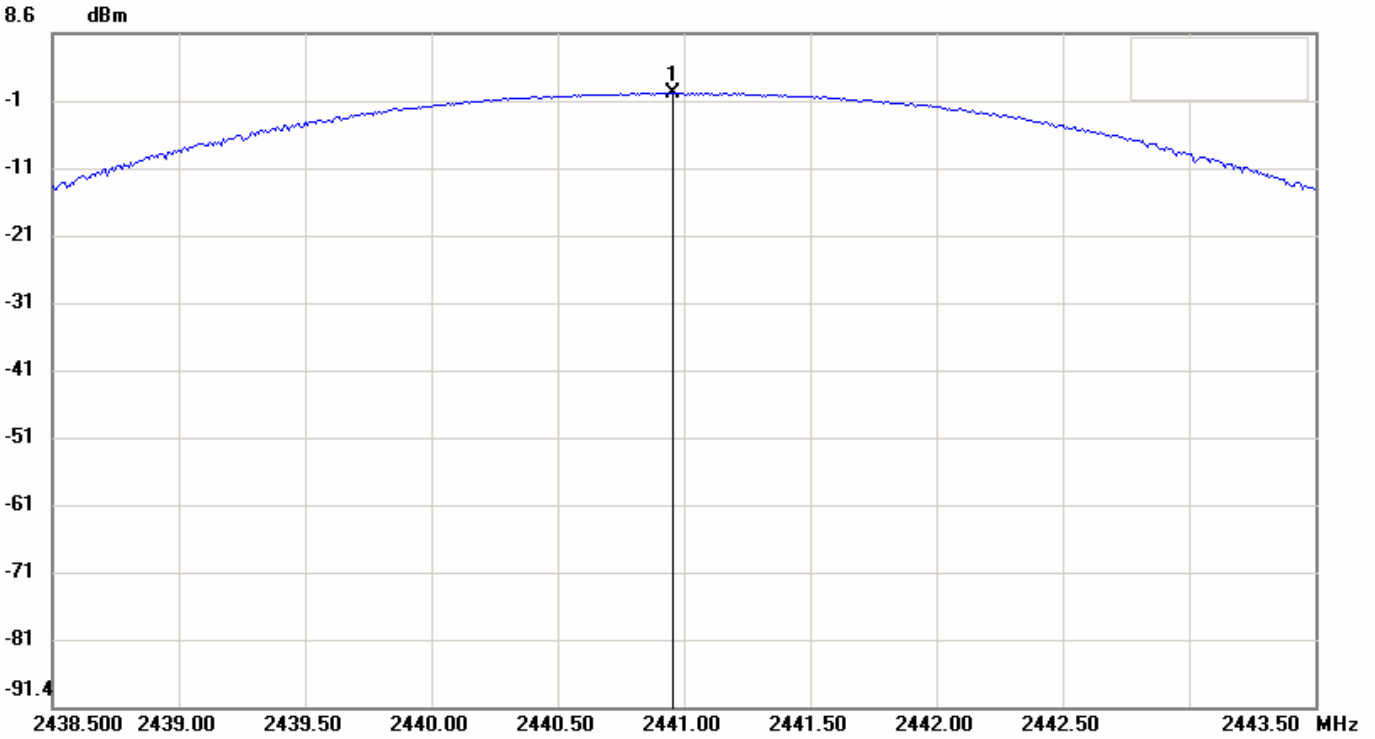
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC Bluetooth CH00 Output Power (EDR)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2401.95000	-0.76

File: FT0033A **Data: #93** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:35:36 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 2000 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz**

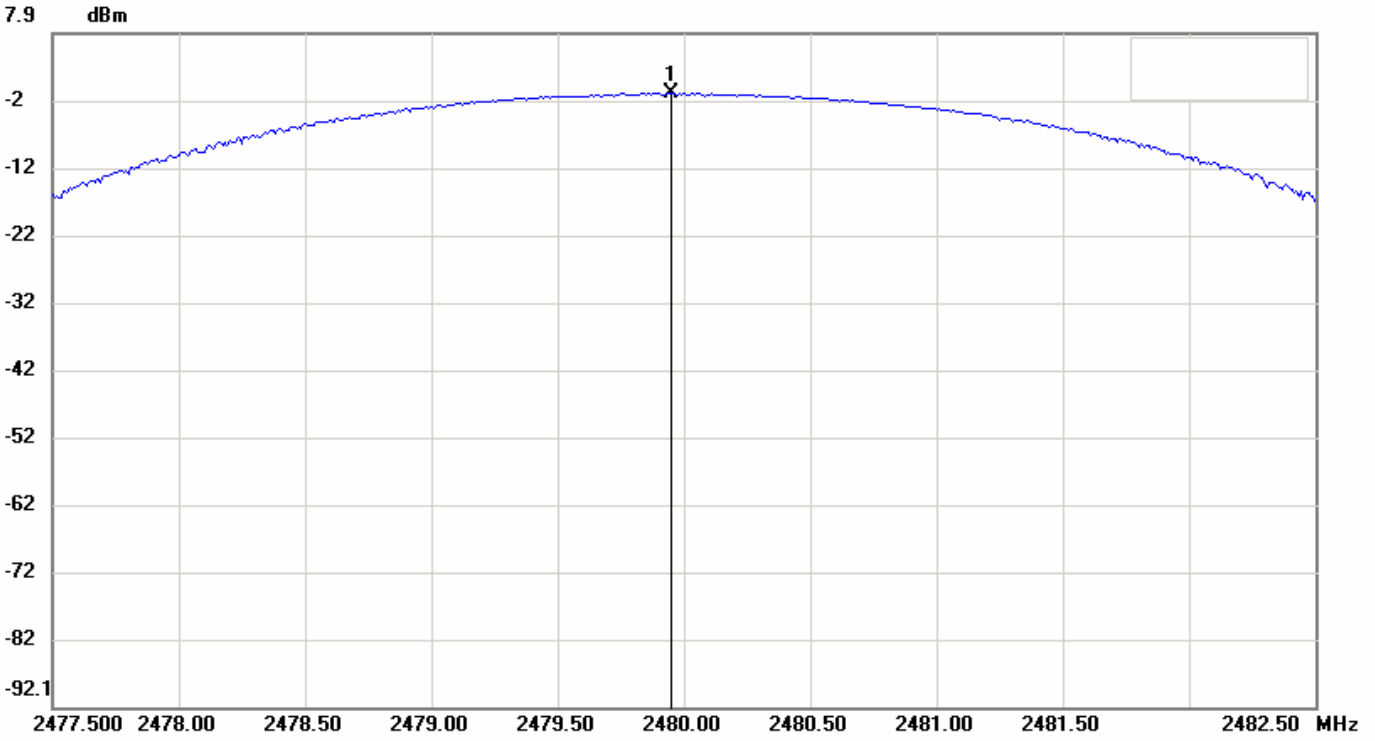
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC Bluetooth CH39 Output Power (EDR)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2440.95830	-0.22

File: FT0033A **Data: #89** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:28:42 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 2000 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz**

Test Mode:

Note: **FCC Bluetooth CH78 Output Power (EDR)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2479.95000	-1.03

9 OUT-OF-BAND RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION MEASUREMENT

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

9.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. The setup of the EUT as shown in figure 3. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

9.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	09/18/2012

9.4 Measurement Data

9.4.1 Operation Mode: NON-EDR

Test Date : Oct. 06, 2011 Temperature : 27℃ Humidity : 54%

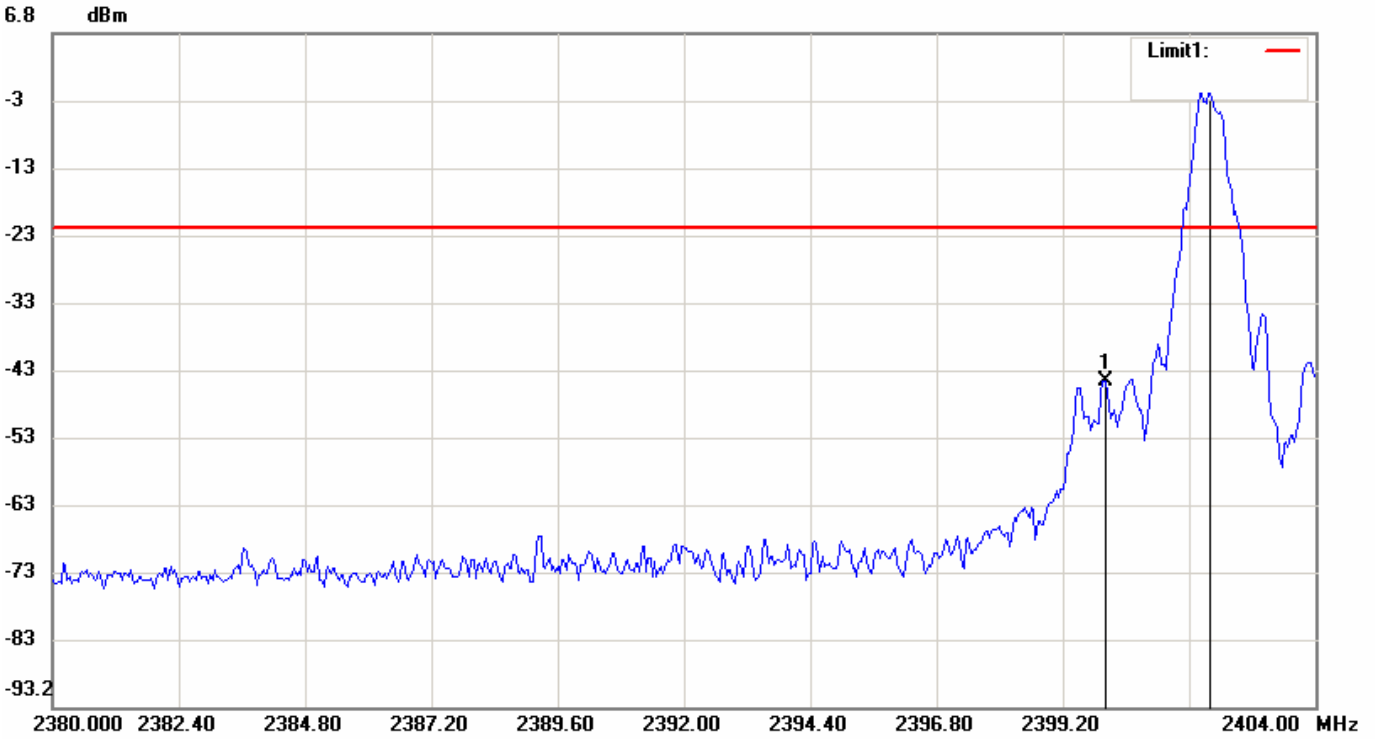
Test Date : Oct. 11, 2011 Temperature : 27℃ Humidity : 54%

Channel	Test Frequency Range	Note	Chart
0	2350 MHz - 2450 MHz	Lower Band Edge	Page 46-47
78	2433.5 MHz - 2533.5 MHz	Upper Band Edge	Page 48-49
0	30 MHz - 25 GHz		Page 50
39	30 MHz - 25 GHz		Page 51
78	30 MHz - 25 GHz		Page 52

Note: Please refer to page 46 to page 52 for chart.

File: FT0033A **Data: #67** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:06:52 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-22dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2.32ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz** **VBW: 300 KHz**

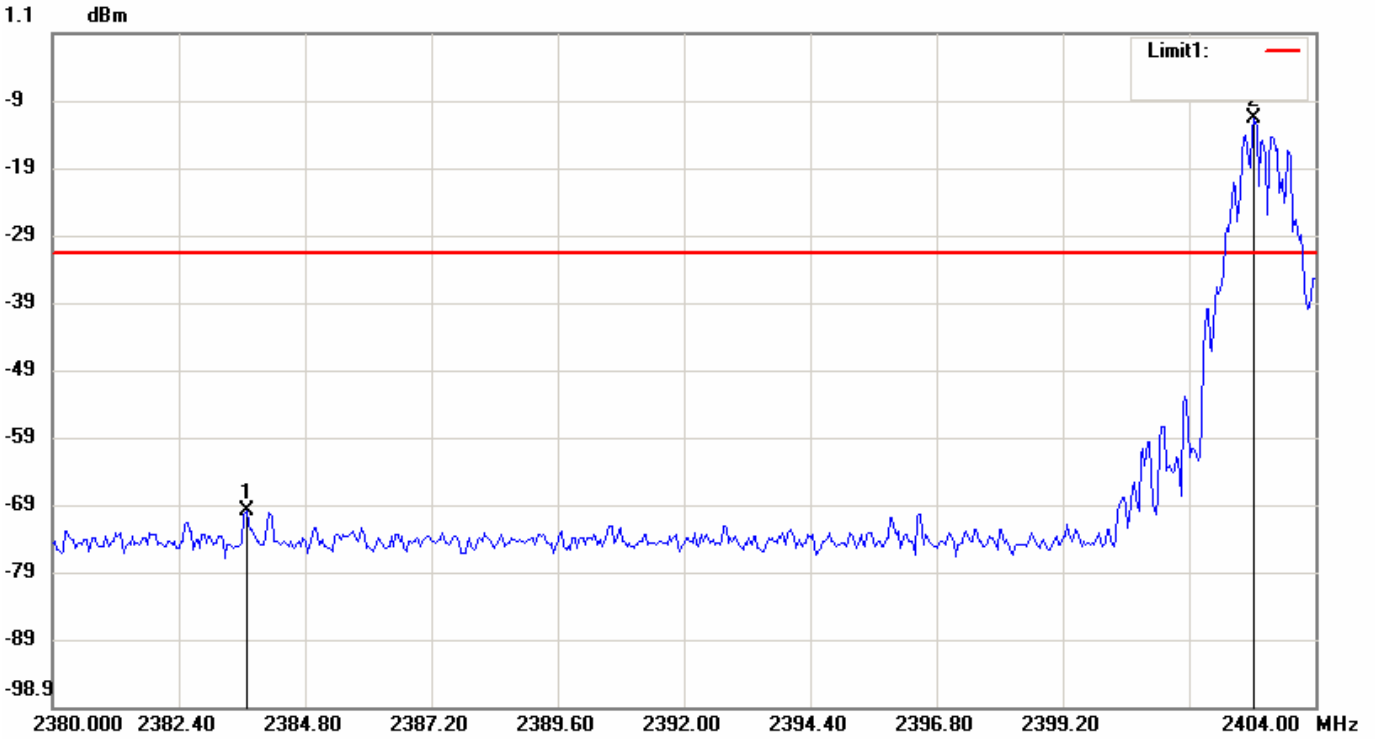
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 00-Bandedge NON_EDR (Fixed)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2400.00000	-44.88
2	2402.00000	-2.00

File: FT0033A **Data: #39** **Date: 2011/10/6** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: AM 11:03:38 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-31.47dBm** **RF Conducted**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2.32ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz** **VBW: 300 KHz**

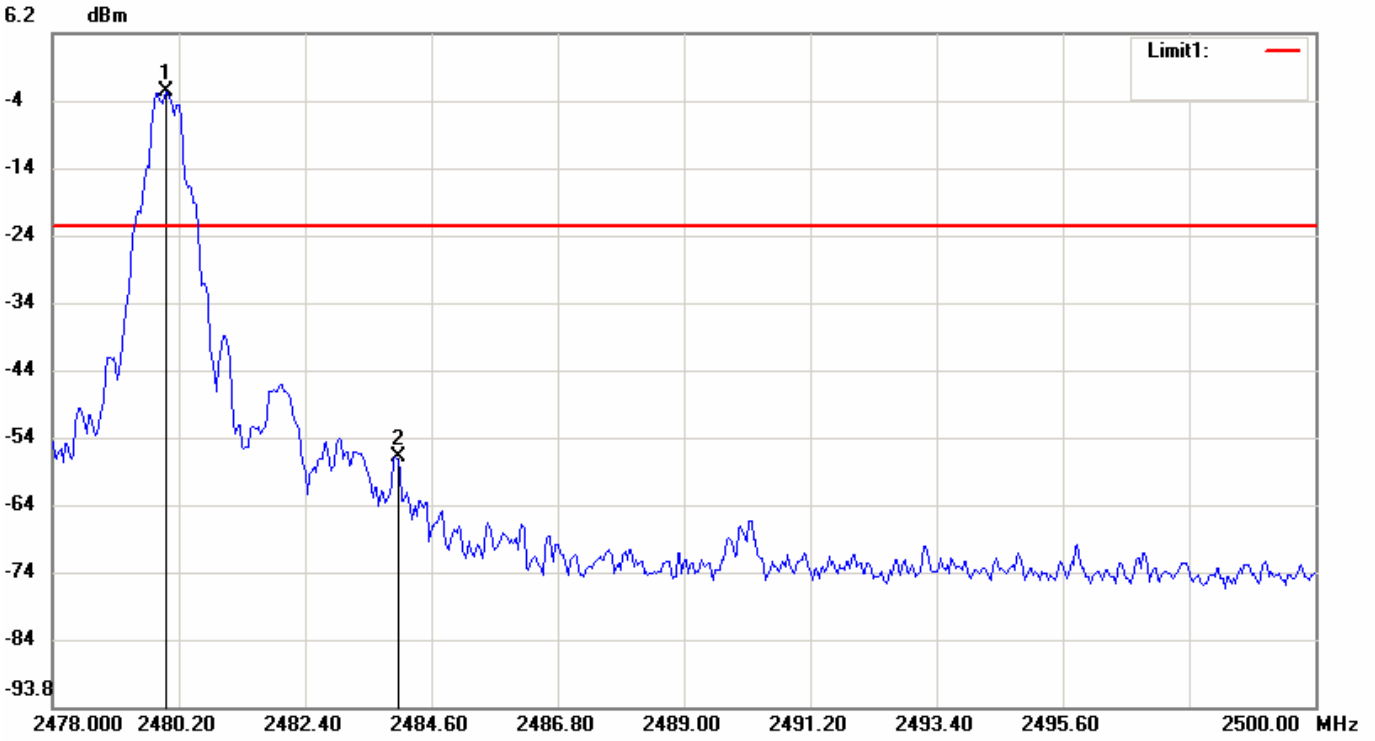
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 00-Bandedge NON_EDR(Hopping)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2383.68000	-69.80
2	2402.84000	-11.47

File: FT0033A **Data: #71** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:09:52 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-22.5dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2.12ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz** **VBW: 300 KHz**

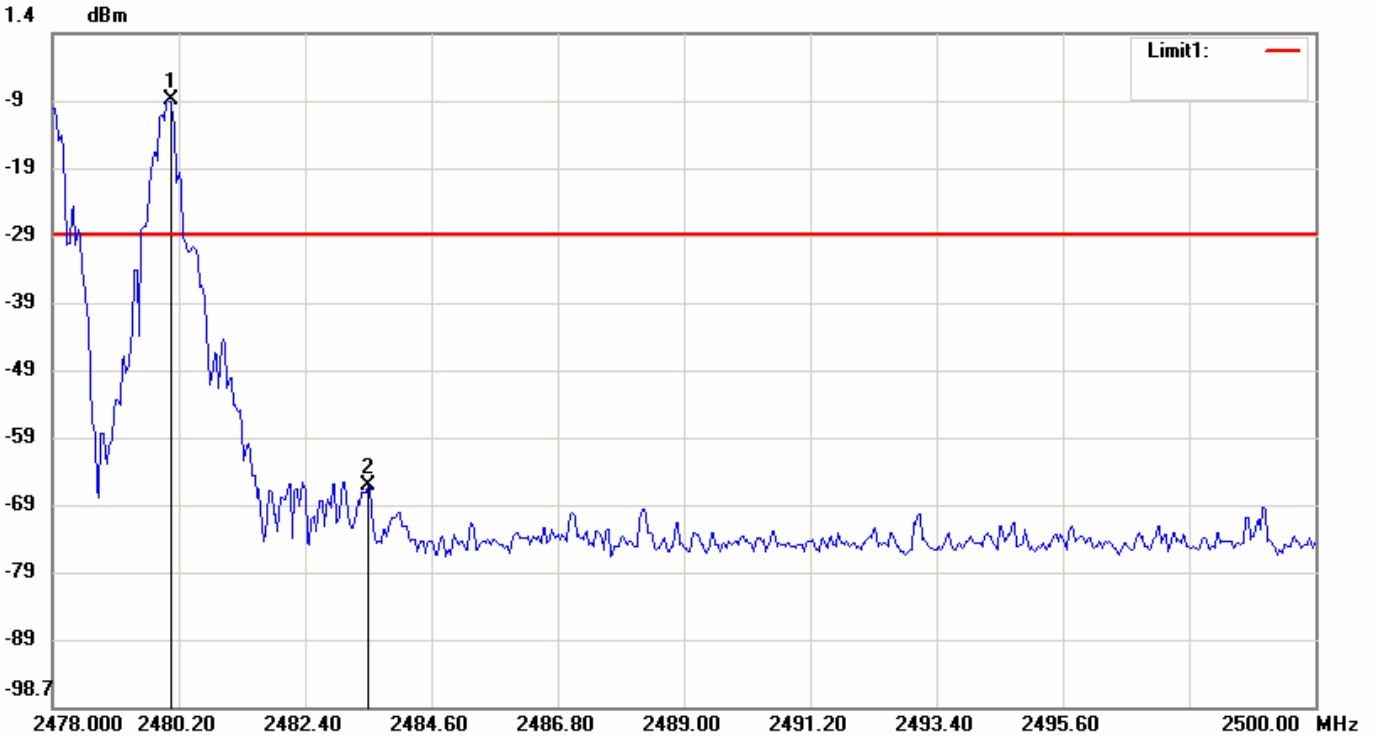
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 78-Bandedge NON_EDR (Fixed)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2479.98000	-2.50
2	2483.97670	-56.63

File: FT0033A **Data: #59** **Date: 2011/10/6** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: AM 11:18:55 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-28.47dBm** **RF Conducted**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2.12ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz** **VBW: 300 KHz**

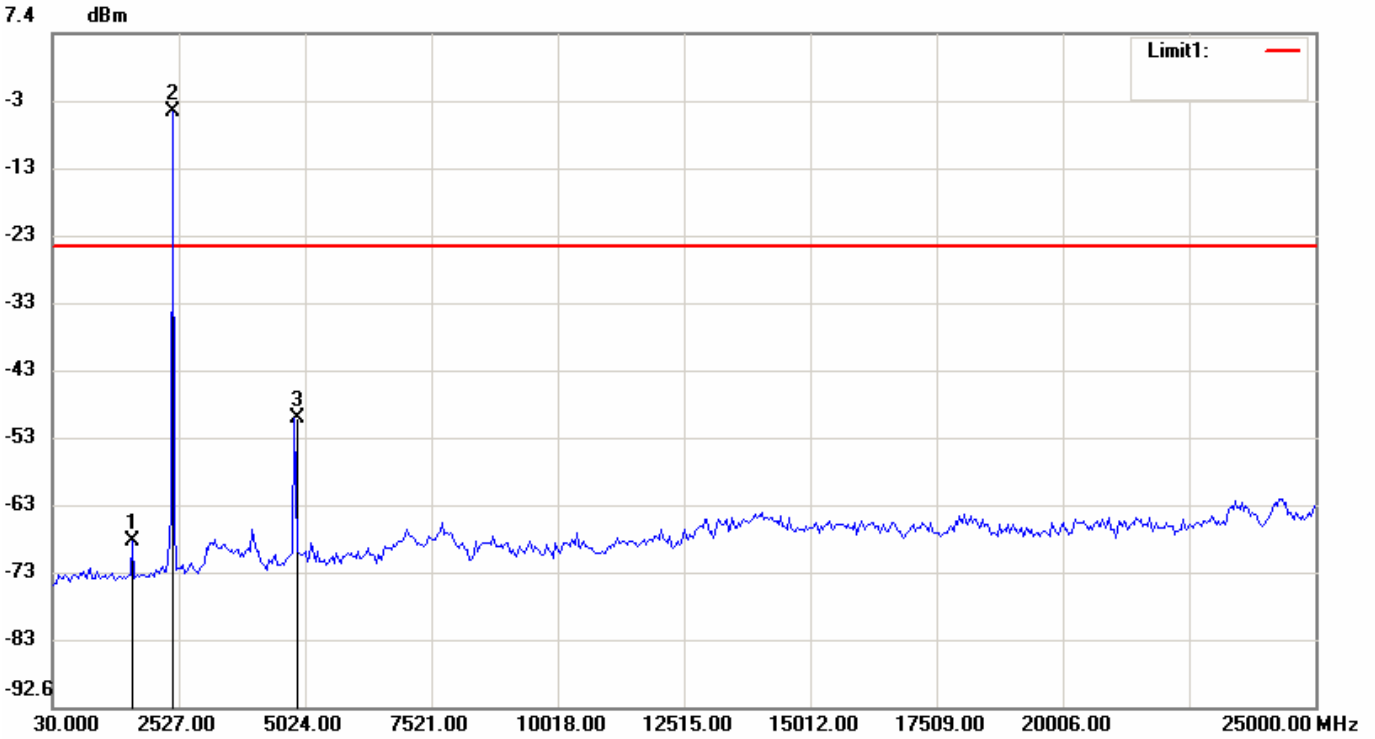
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 78-Bandedge NON_EDR(Hopping)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2480.01670	-8.47
2	2483.50000	-65.77

File: FT0033A **Data: #66** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:06:25 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-24.17dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz**

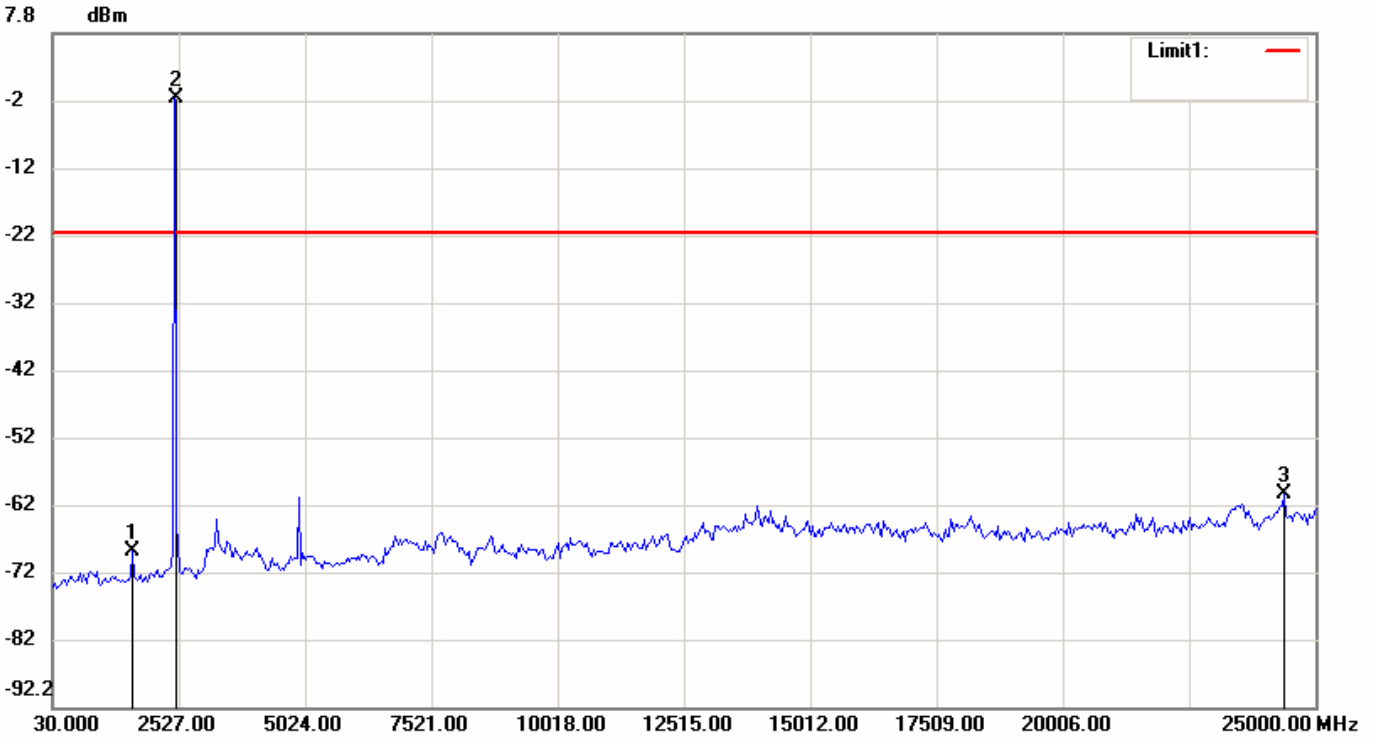
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-BT Channel 00-Conducted Spurious NON-EDR**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	1611.43330	-68.09
2	2402.15000	-4.17
3	4815.91670	-49.62

File: **FT0033A** **Data:** **#74** **Date:** **2011/10/11** **Temperature:** **27 ℃**

Time: **PM 03:12:22** **Humidity:** **54 %**



Condition: **-21.85dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2386.4ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz** **VBW: 300 KHz**

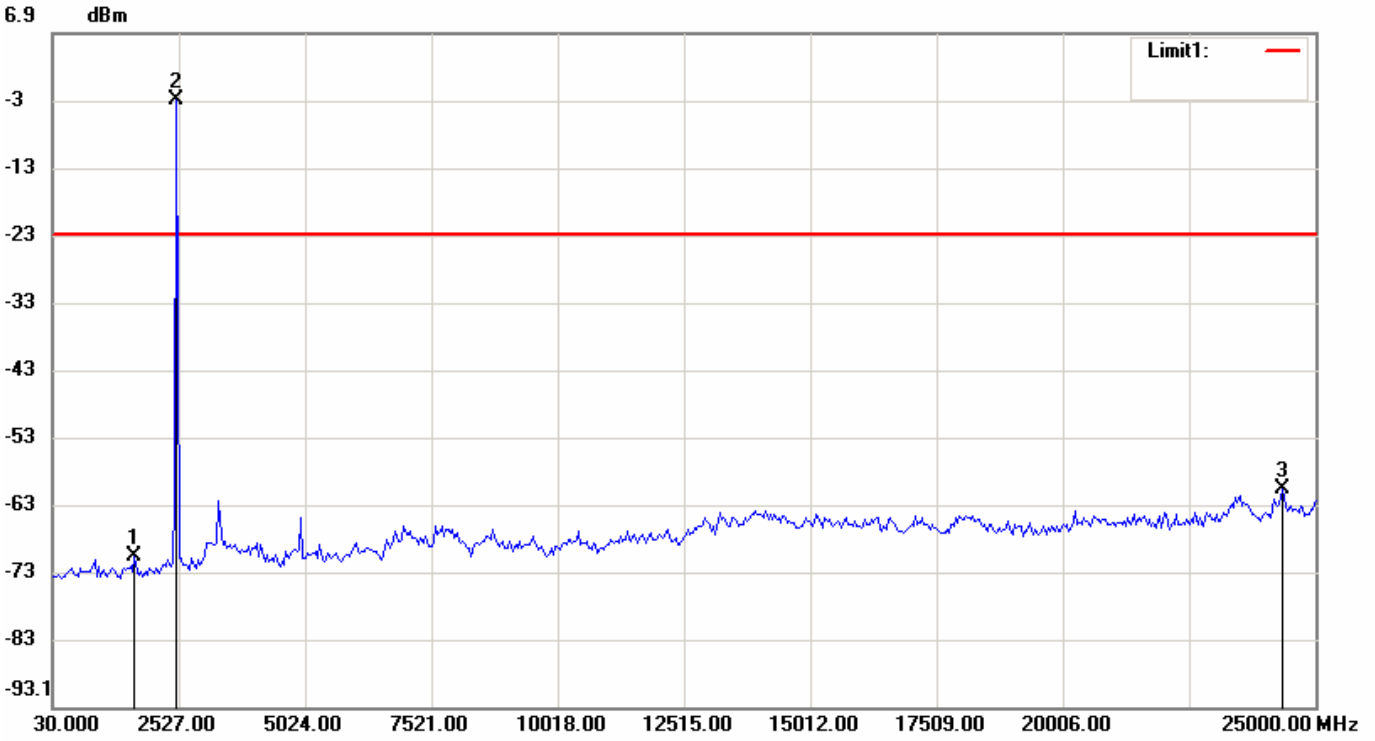
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-BT Channel 39-Conducted Spurious NON-EDR**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	1611.43330	-69.00
2	2443.76670	-1.85
3	24375.75000	-60.59

File: FT0033A **Data: #70** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:09:24 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-22.93dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz**

Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-BT Channel 78-Conducted Spurious NON-EDR**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	1653.05000	-70.75
2	2485.38330	-2.93
3	24334.13330	-60.74

9.4.2 Operation Mode: EDR

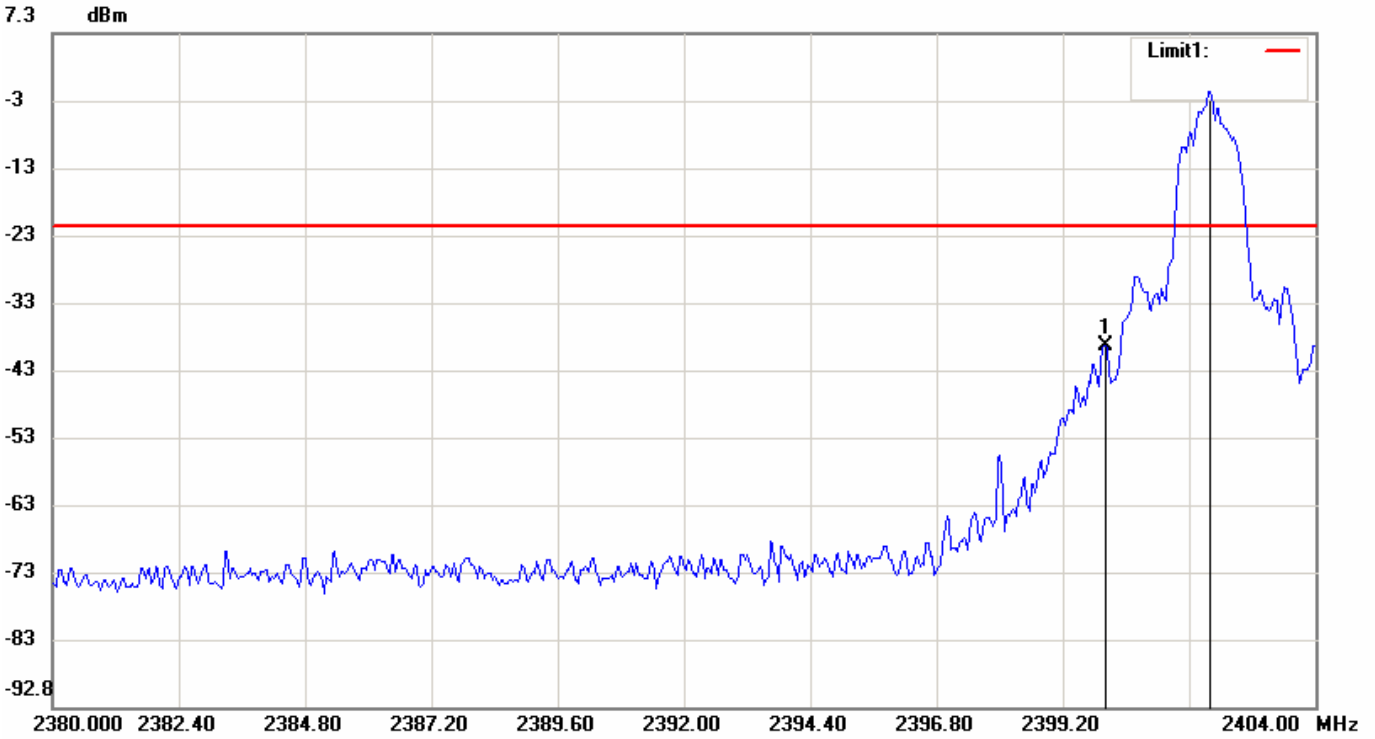
Test Date : Oct. 06, 2011 Temperature : 27℃ Humidity: 54%
Test Date : Oct. 11, 2011 Temperature : 27℃ Humidity: 54%

Channel	Test Frequency Range	Note	Chart
0	2350 MHz - 2450 MHz	Lower Band Edge	Page 54-55
78	2433.5 MHz - 2533.5 MHz	Upper Band Edge	Page 56-57
0	30 MHz - 25 GHz		Page 58
39	30 MHz - 25 GHz		Page 59
78	30 MHz - 25 GHz		Page 60

Note: Please refer to page 54 to page 60 for chart.

File: **FT0033A** **Data:** **#88** **Date:** **2011/10/11** **Temperature:** **27 ℃**

Time: **PM 03:26:15** **Humidity:** **54 %**



Condition: **-21.34dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2.32ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz** **VBW: 300 KHz**

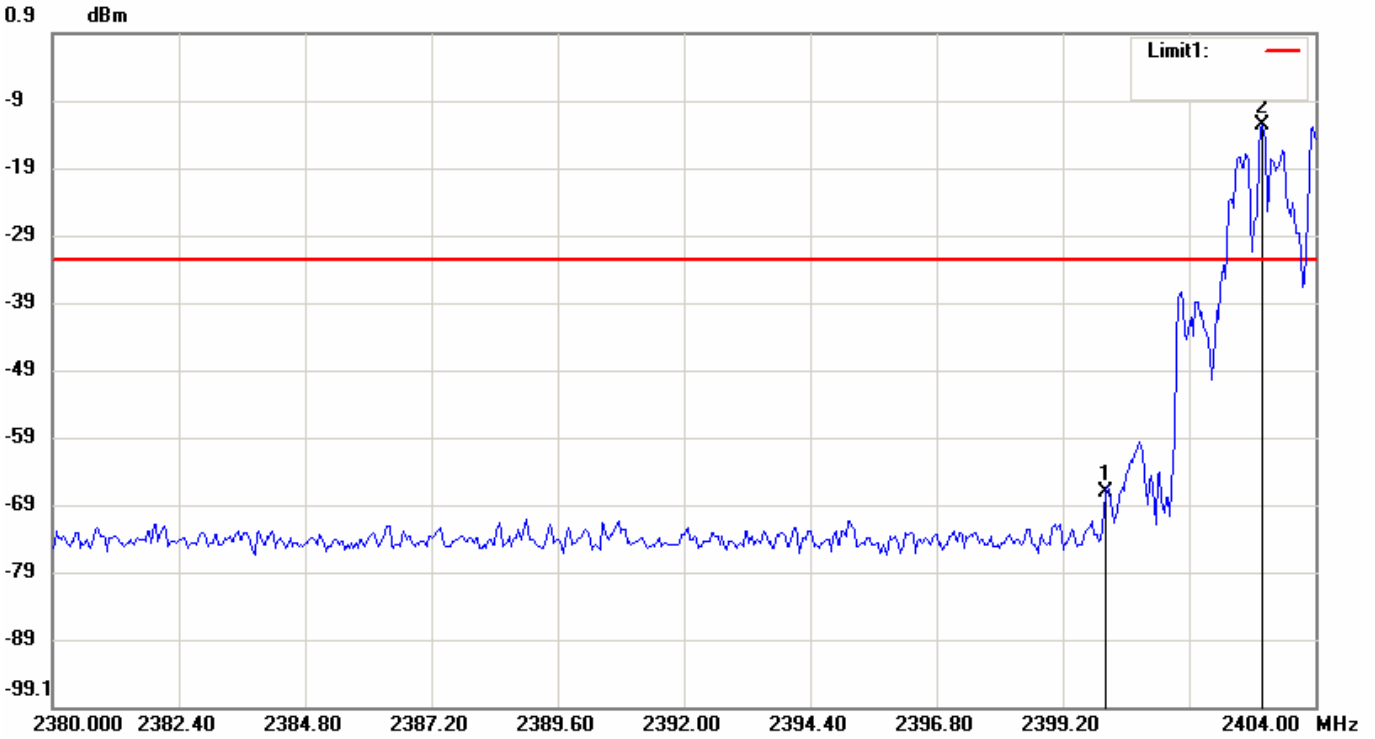
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 00-Bandedge EDR (Fixed)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2400.00000	-39.06
2	2402.00000	-1.34

File: FT0033A **Data: #43** **Date: 2011/10/6** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: AM 11:05:42 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-32.66dBm** **RF Conducted**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2.32ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz** **VBW: 300 KHz**

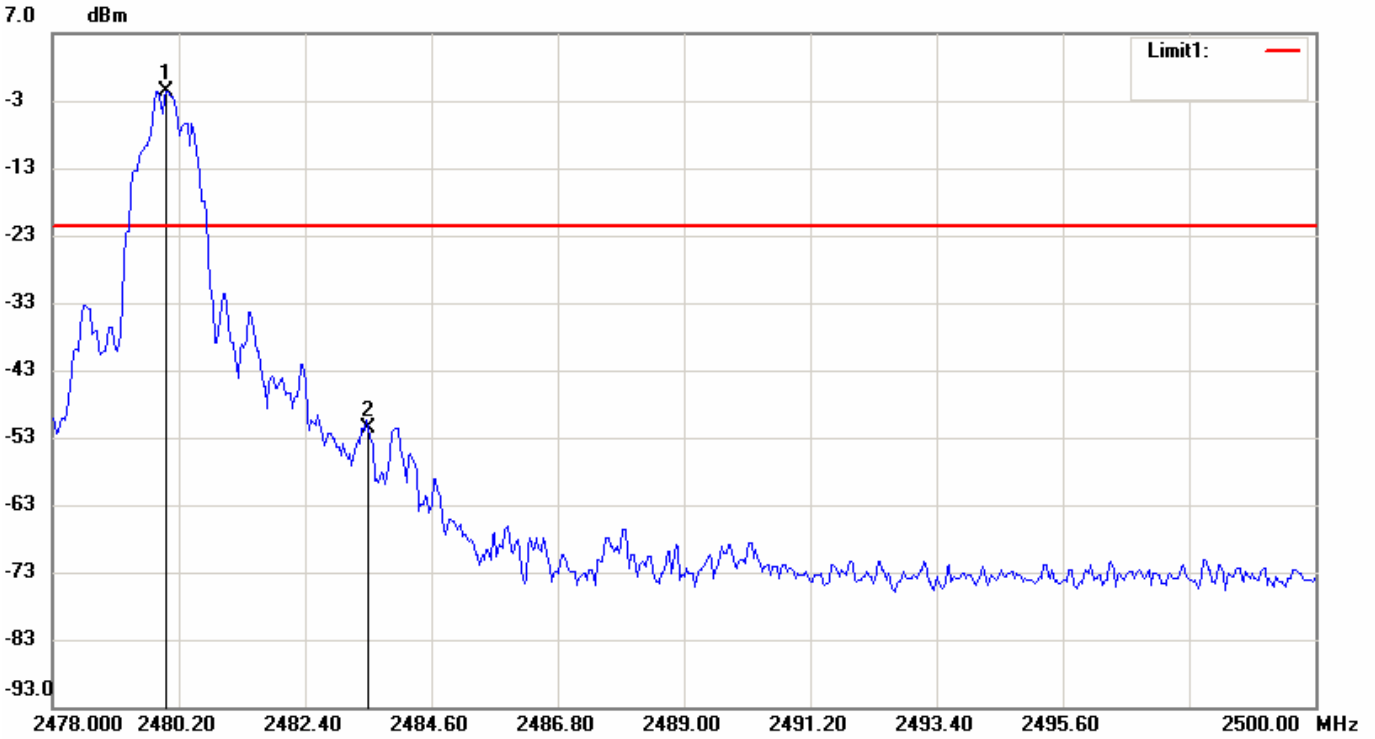
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 00-Bandedge EDR(Hopping)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2400.00000	-67.23
2	2403.00000	-12.66

File: FT0033A **Data: #92** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:30:52 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-21.63dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2.12ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz** **VBW: 300 KHz**

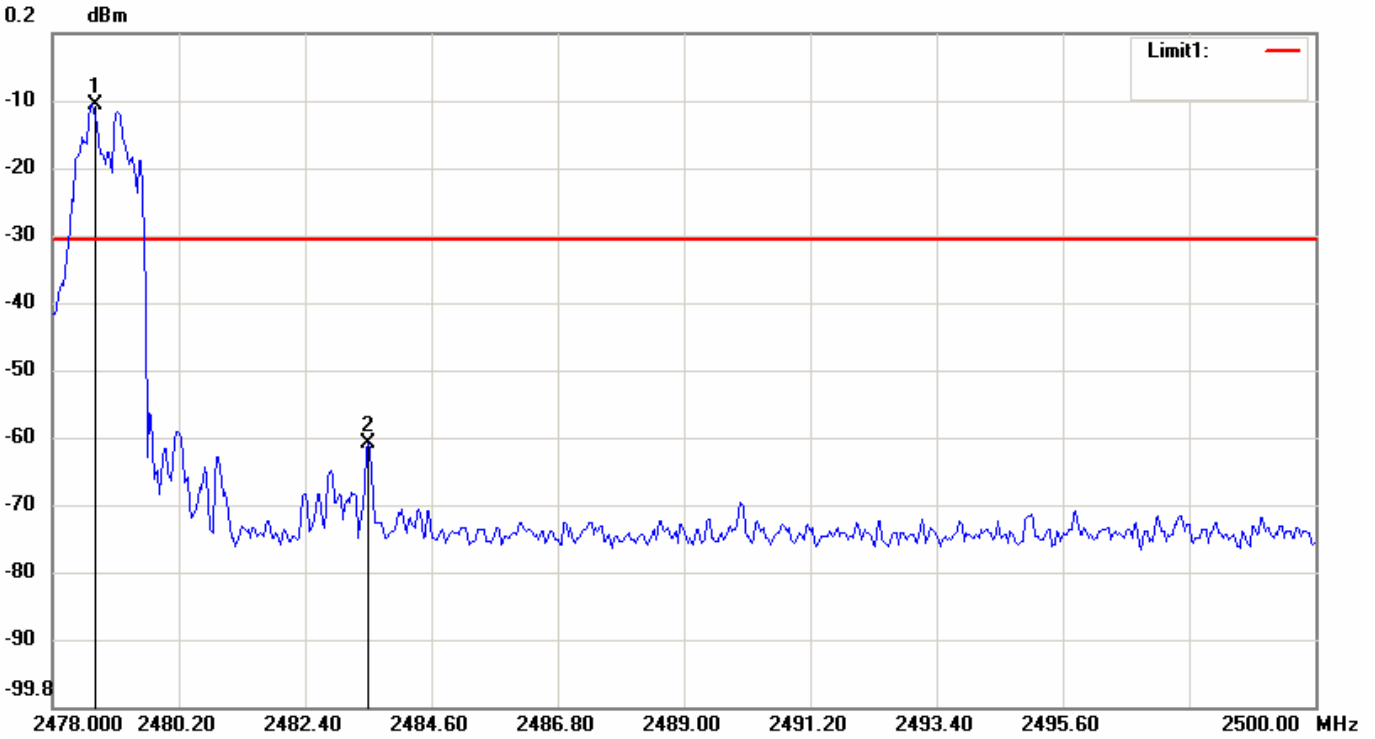
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 78-Bandedge EDR (Fixed)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2479.98000	-1.63
2	2483.50000	-51.60

File: FT0033A **Data: #45** **Date: 2011/10/6** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: AM 11:06:36 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-30.34dBm** **RF Conducted**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2.12ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz** **VBW: 300 KHz**

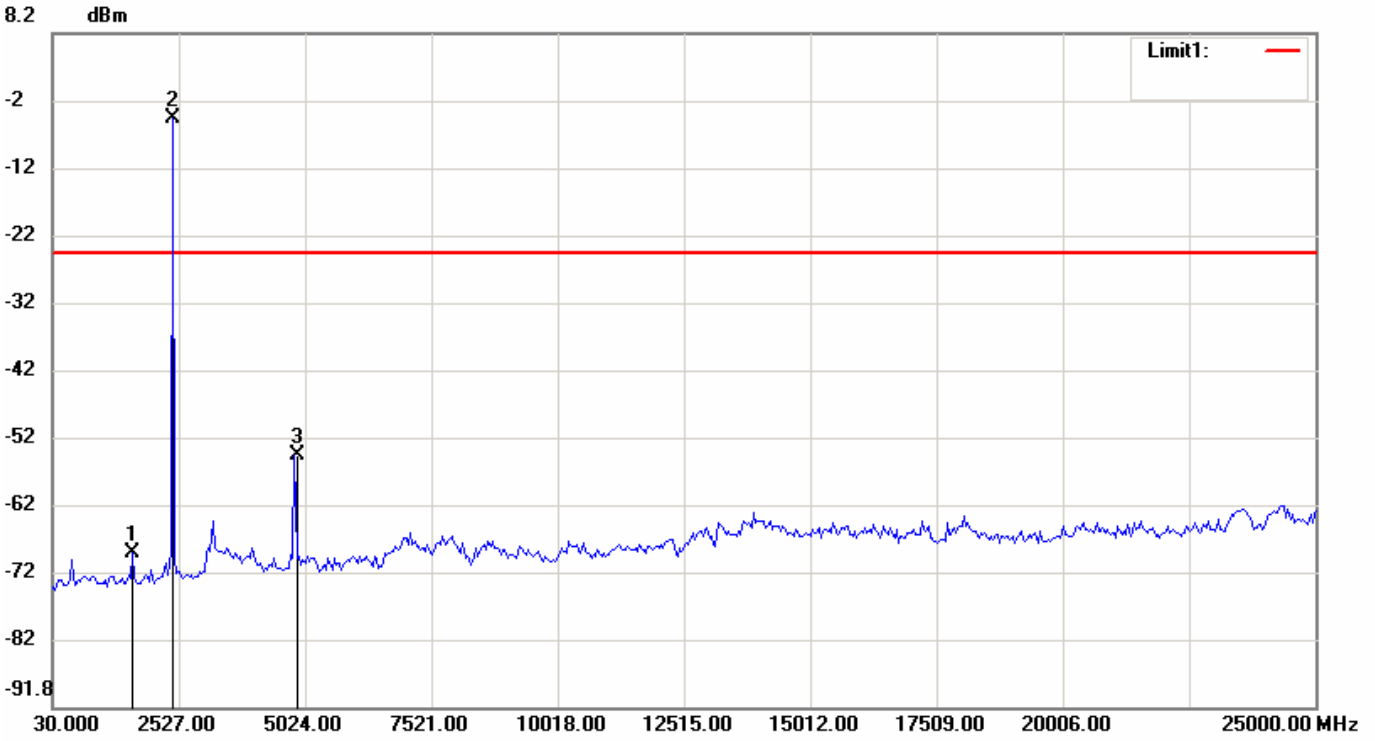
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Channel 78-Bandedge EDR(Hopping)**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2478.69670	-10.34
2	2483.50000	-60.75

File: FT0033A **Data: #87** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:25:48 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-24.46dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz**

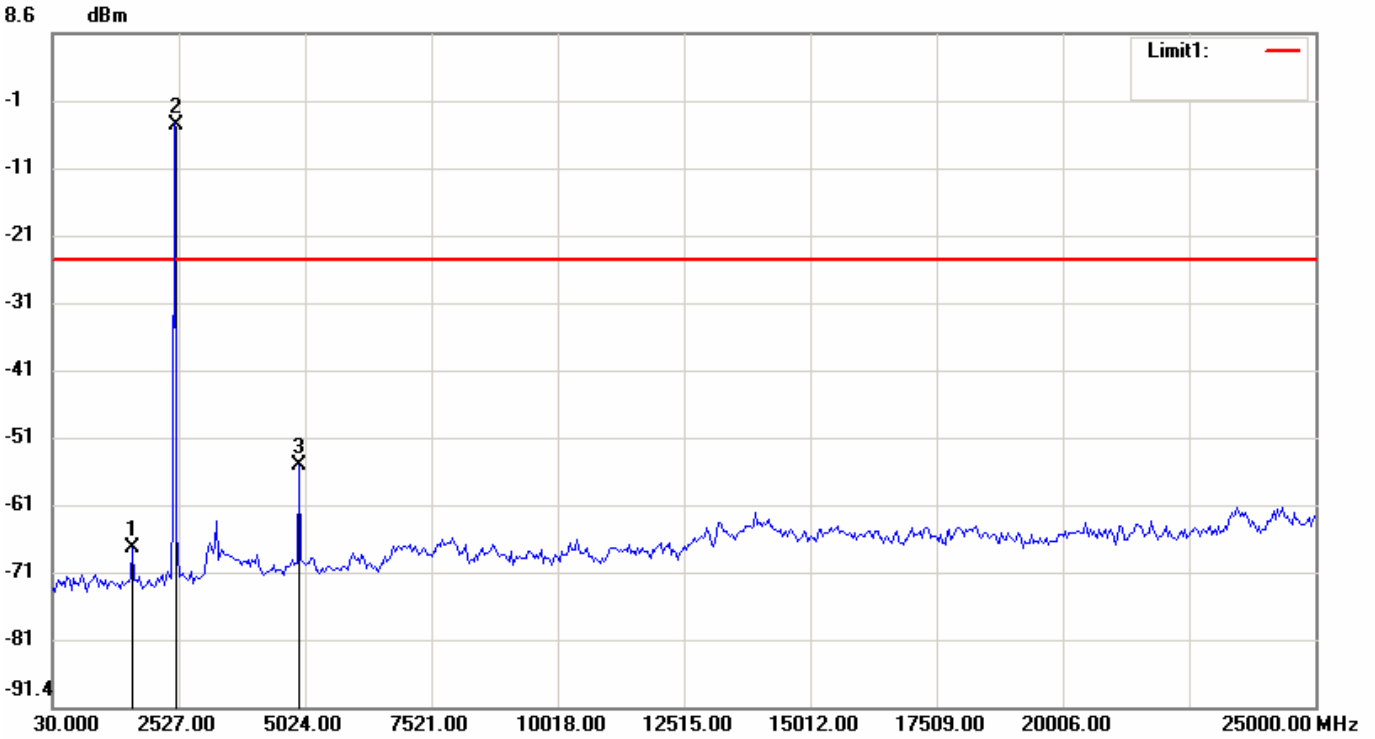
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-BT Channel 00-Conducted Spurious EDR**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	1611.43330	-68.78
2	2402.15000	-4.46
3	4815.91670	-54.49

File: FT0033A **Data: #95** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:37:18 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-24.92dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz**

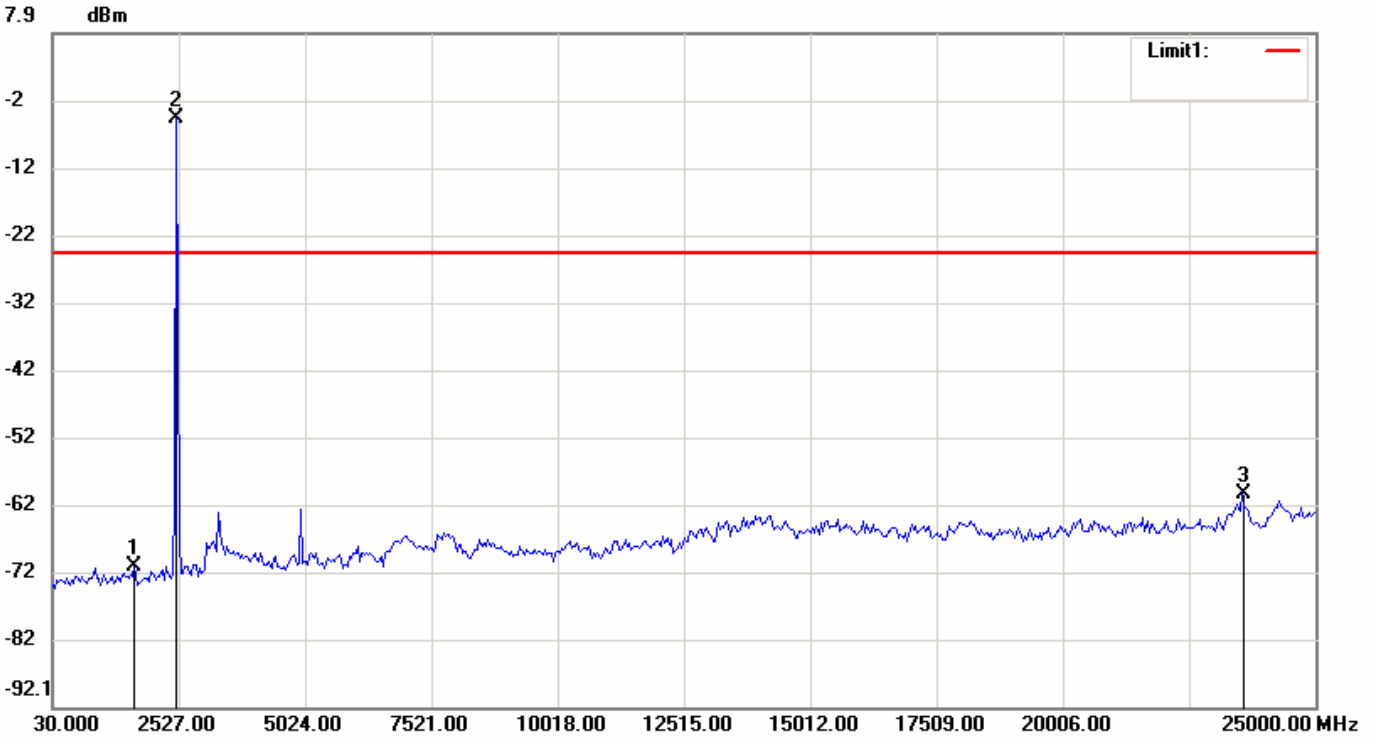
Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-BT Channel 39-Conducted Spurious EDR**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	1611.43330	-67.87
2	2443.76670	-4.92
3	4899.15000	-55.57

File: **FT0033A** **Data:** **#91** **Date:** **2011/10/11** **Temperature:** **27 ℃**

Time: **PM 03:30:24** **Humidity:** **54 %**



Condition: **-24.78dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 2386.4ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 100 KHz** **VBW: 300 KHz**

Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-BT Channel 78-Conducted Spurious EDR**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	1653.05000	-71.14
2	2485.38330	-4.78
3	23543.41670	-60.44

10 NUMBER of HOPPING CHANNELS

10.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems, operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels

10.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. The setup of the EUT as shown in figure 3. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set EUT to hopping operating mode and set spectrum analyzer miximum to measure the number of hopping channels.

10.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	09/18/2012

10.4 Measurement Data

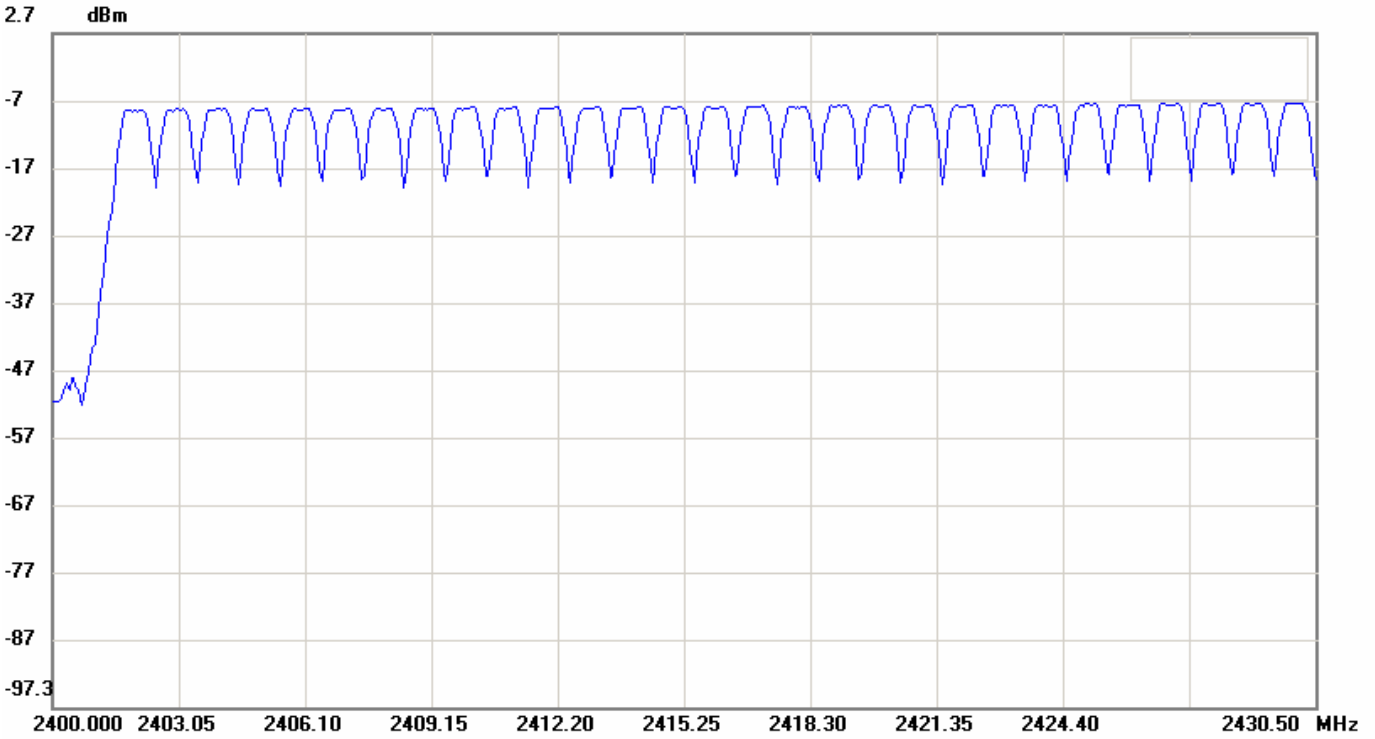
Test Date : Oct. 11, 2011 Temperature : 27℃ Humidity : 54%

Number of hopping channels = 79 channels

Note: Please refer to page 62 to page 65 for chart.

File: FT0033A **Data: #82** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:19:09 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB**

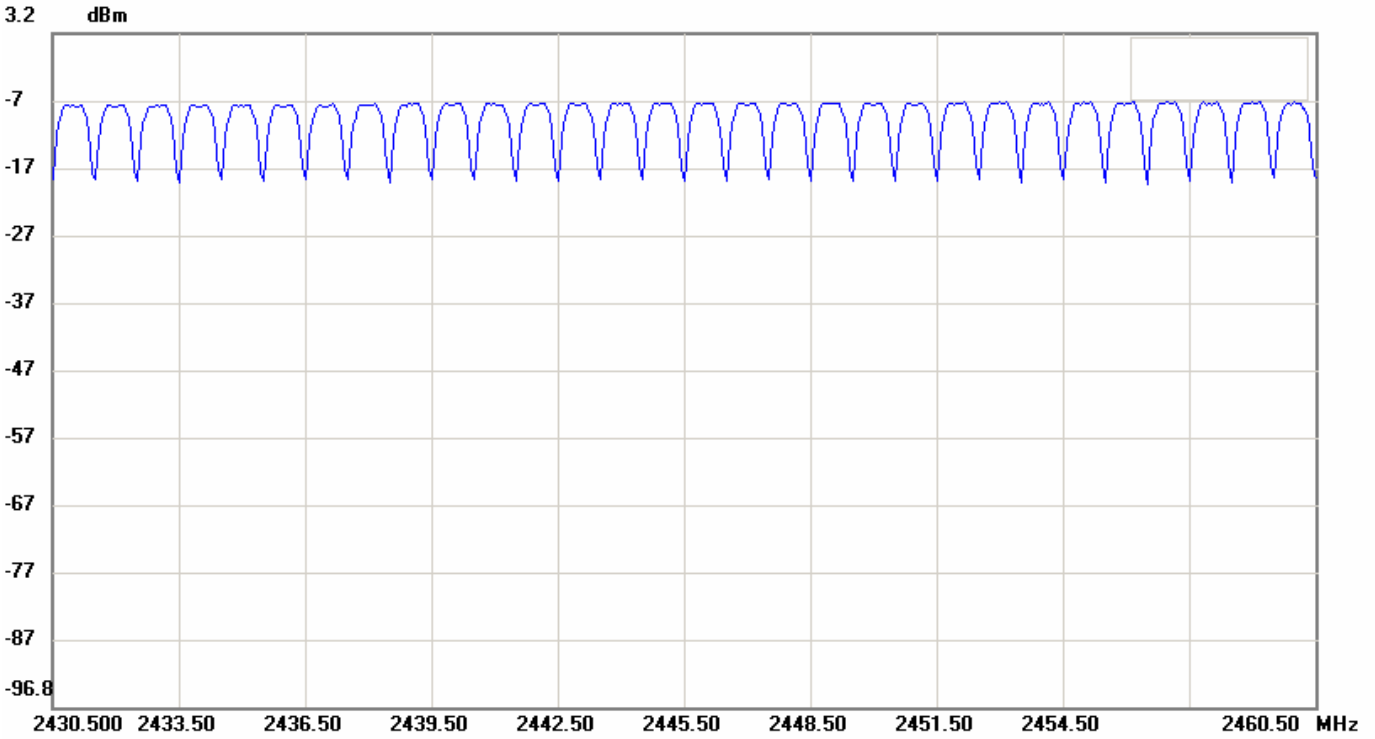
Model: **RBW: 300 KHz VBW: 300 KHz**

Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Number of Hopping Channels -Part1**

File: FT0033A **Data: #83** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:20:57 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB**

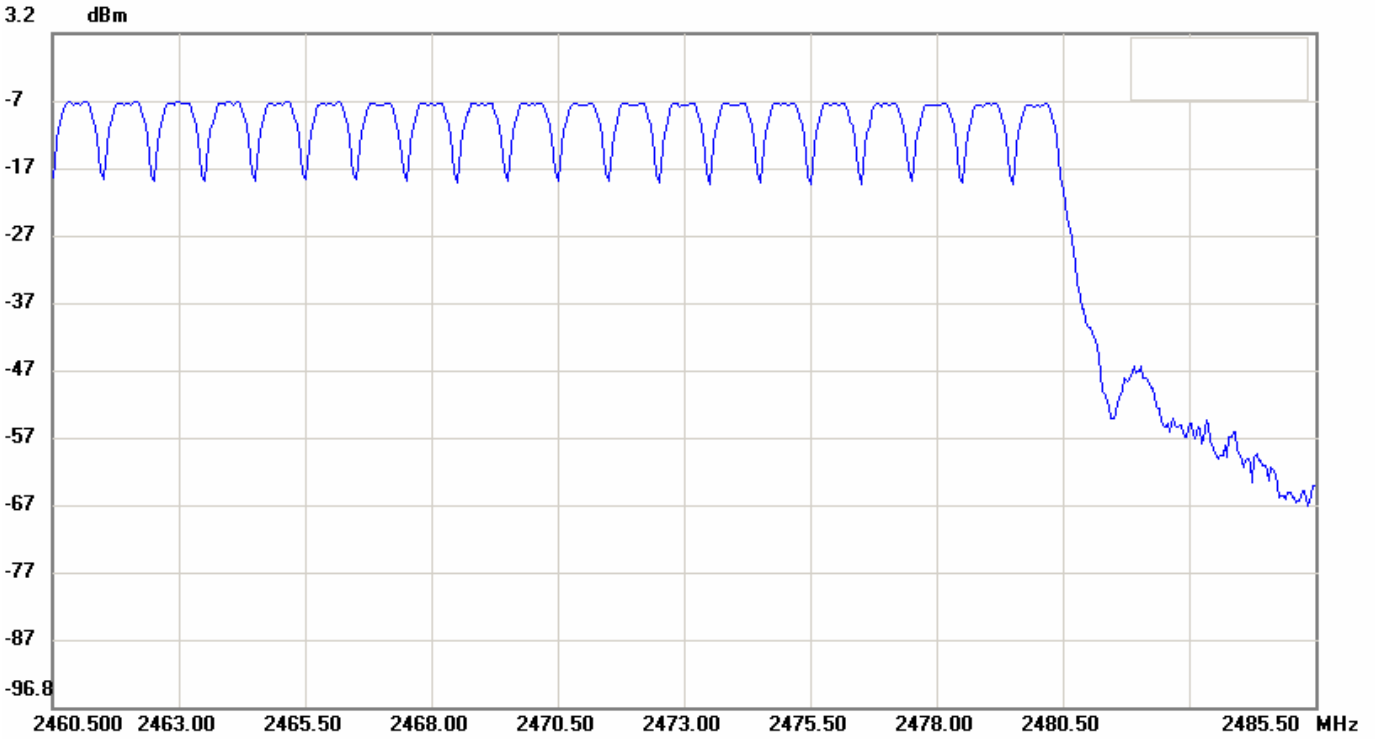
Model: **RBW: 300 KHz VBW: 300 KHz**

Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Number of Hopping Channels -Part2**

File: FT0033A **Data: #84** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:22:44 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 300 KHz VBW: 300 KHz**

Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Number of Hopping Channels -Part3**

11 HOPPING CHANNEL CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATED

11.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1), the frequency hopping system shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies seperated by minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW.

11.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. The setup of the EUT as shown in figure 3. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any measurement frequency within its operating ragne and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set spectrum analyzer maximum hold to measure channel carrier frequency , then adjust channel carrier frequency to adjacent channel.
4. Repeat above procedure until all measured frequencies were complete.

11.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	09/18/2012

11.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Oct. 11, 2011 Temperature : 27℃ Humidity : 54%

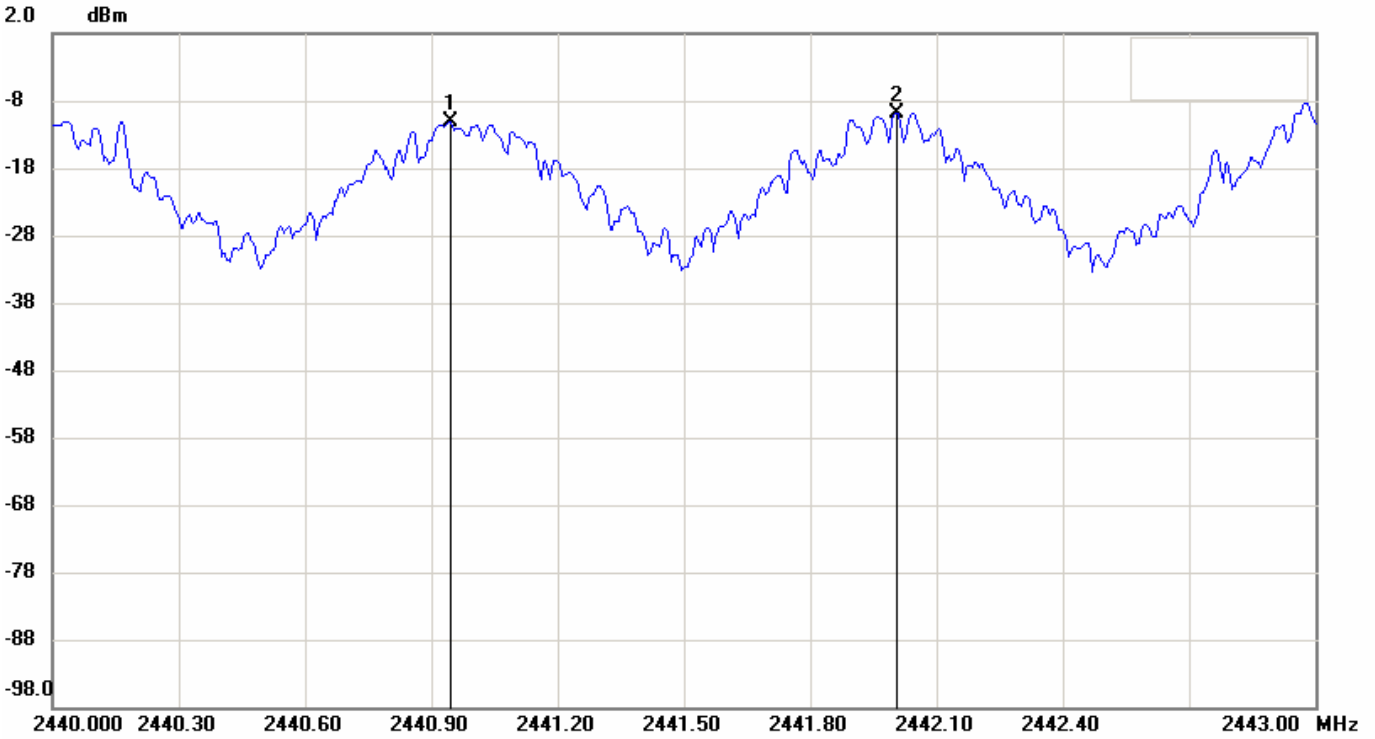
Channel	Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separated (MHz)	Chart
M	1.060	Page 67

Note: 1. Please refer to page 67 for chart.

2. CH Low, CH Mid and CH High have the same test result. Only CH Mid test result showed in the test report.

File: FT0033A **Data: #81** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:17:20 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 3.2ms Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 30 KHz VBW: 100 KHz**

Test Mode:

Note: **FCC-Bluetooth Carrier Frequency Separation**

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2440.94500	-11.14
2	2442.00500	-9.78

No.		△Frequency(MHz)	△Level(dB)
1	mk2-mk1	1.06	1.36

12 Dwell Time

12.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping system in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 second multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

12.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. The setup of the EUT as shown in figure 3.

12.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	09/18/2012

12.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Oct. 11, 2011 Temperature : 27℃ Humidity : 54%

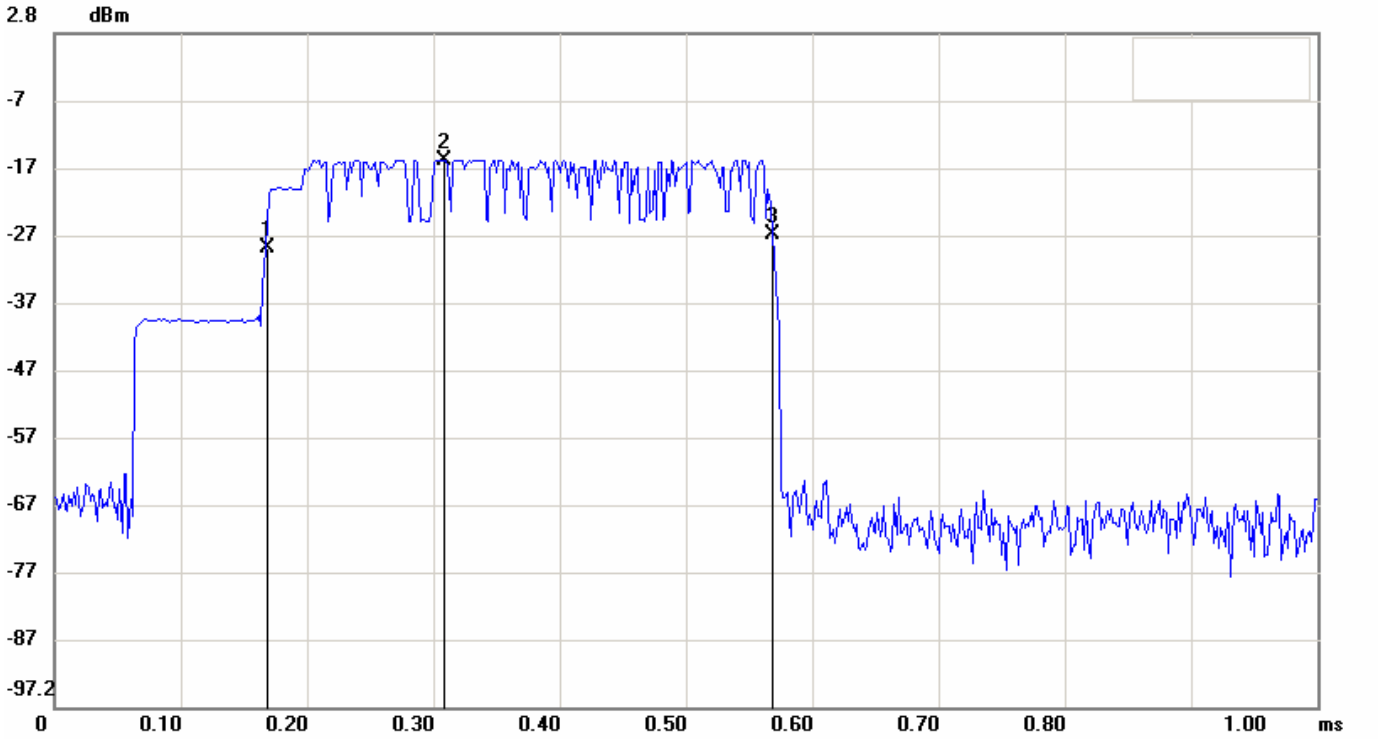
12.4.1 3DH1

Test period=0.4(second/channel)× 79 channel=31.6sec
2402MHz dwell time= 401.6 us× 110 = 44.176 ms

Note: Please refer to page 69 to page 70 for chart.

File: FT0033A **Data: #76** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:14:38 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-26dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 1ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 1000 KHz** **VBW: 1000 KHz**

Test Mode:

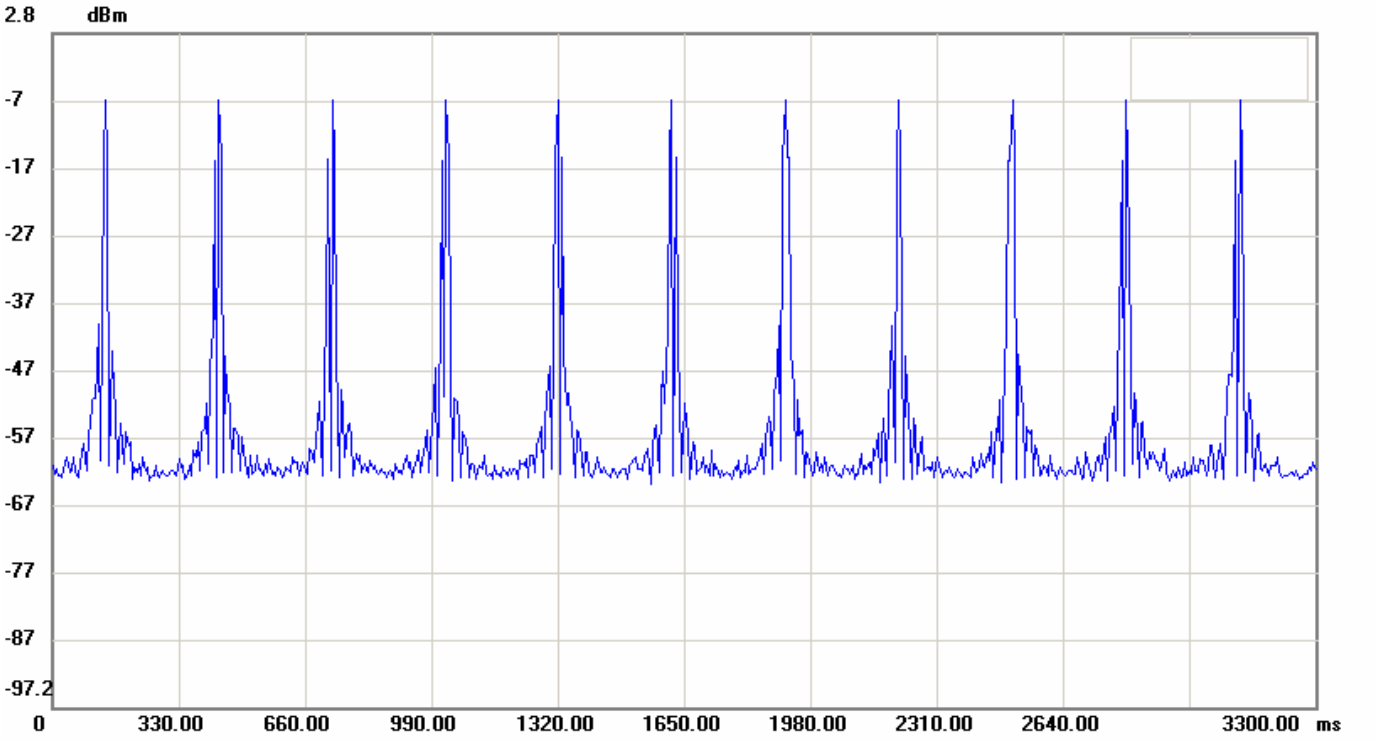
Note: **DH1 pulse width**

No.	Sweep time(ms)	Level(dBm)
1	0.1667	-29.15
2	0.3067	-16.00
3	0.5683	-26.98

No.		△Time(ms)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	0.4016	2.17

File: FT0033A **Data: #75** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:14:25 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 3300ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 1000 KHz** **VBW: 1000 KHz**

Test Mode:

Note: **DH1 Hops per 3.16 seconds**

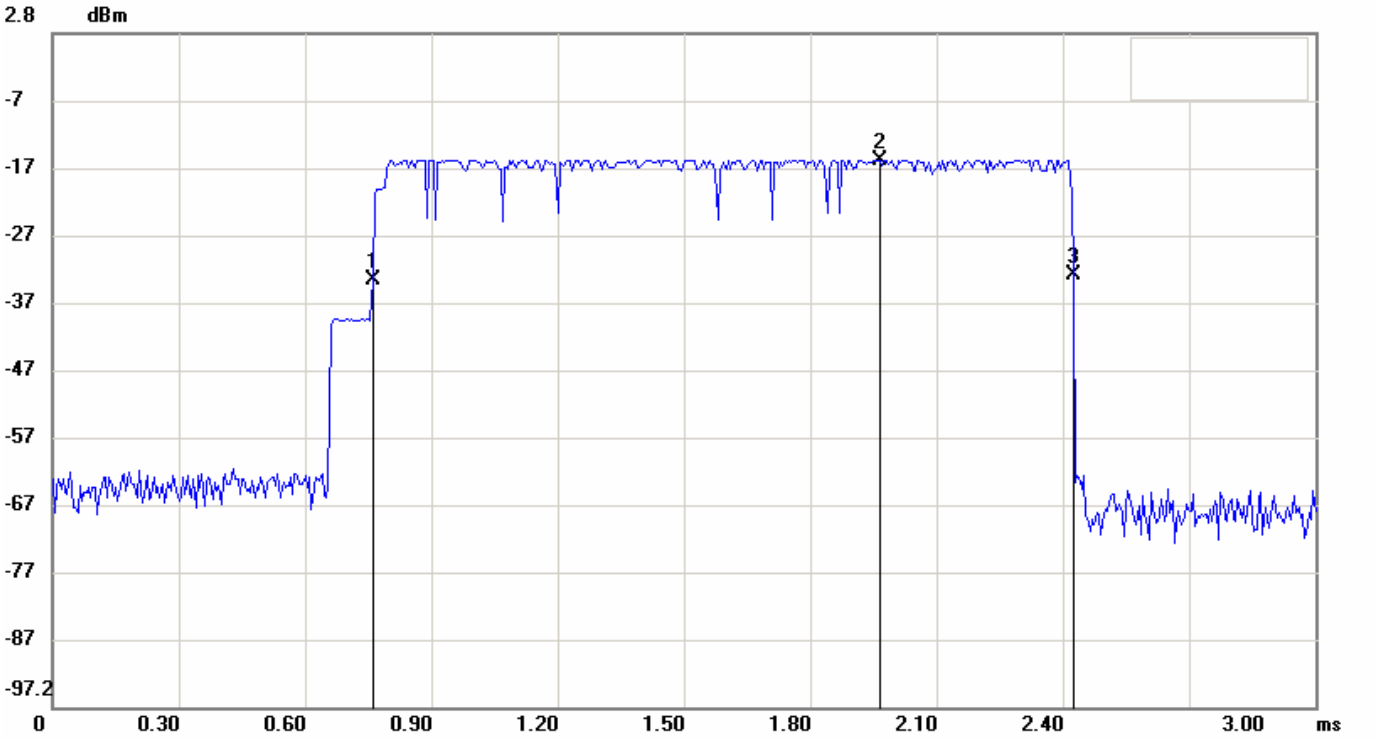
12.4.2 3DH3

Test period=0.4(second/channel)$\times$79 channel=31.6sec
2441MHz dwell time= 1.665 ms$\times$110 = 183.15 ms

Note: Please refer to page 72 to page 73 for chart.

File: FT0033A **Data: #78** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:15:39 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-25.96dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 3ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 1000 KHz** **VBW: 1000 KHz**

Test Mode:

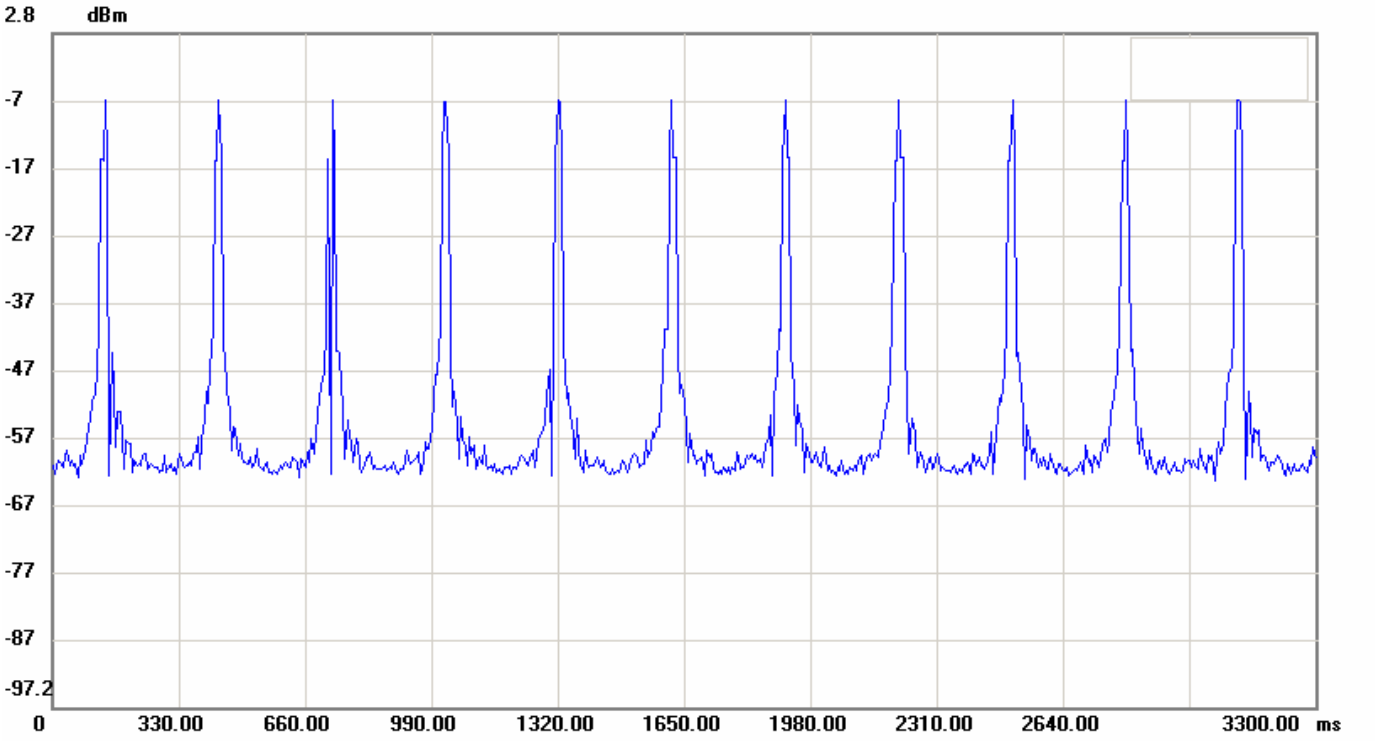
Note: **DH3 pusle width**

No.	Sweep time(ms)	Level(dBm)
1	0.7600	-33.74
2	1.9650	-15.96
3	2.4250	-33.15

No.		△Time(ms)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	1.665	0.59

File: FT0033A **Data: #77** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:15:26 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 3300ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 1000 KHz** **VBW: 1000 KHz**

Test Mode:

Note: **DH3 Hops per 3.16 seconds**

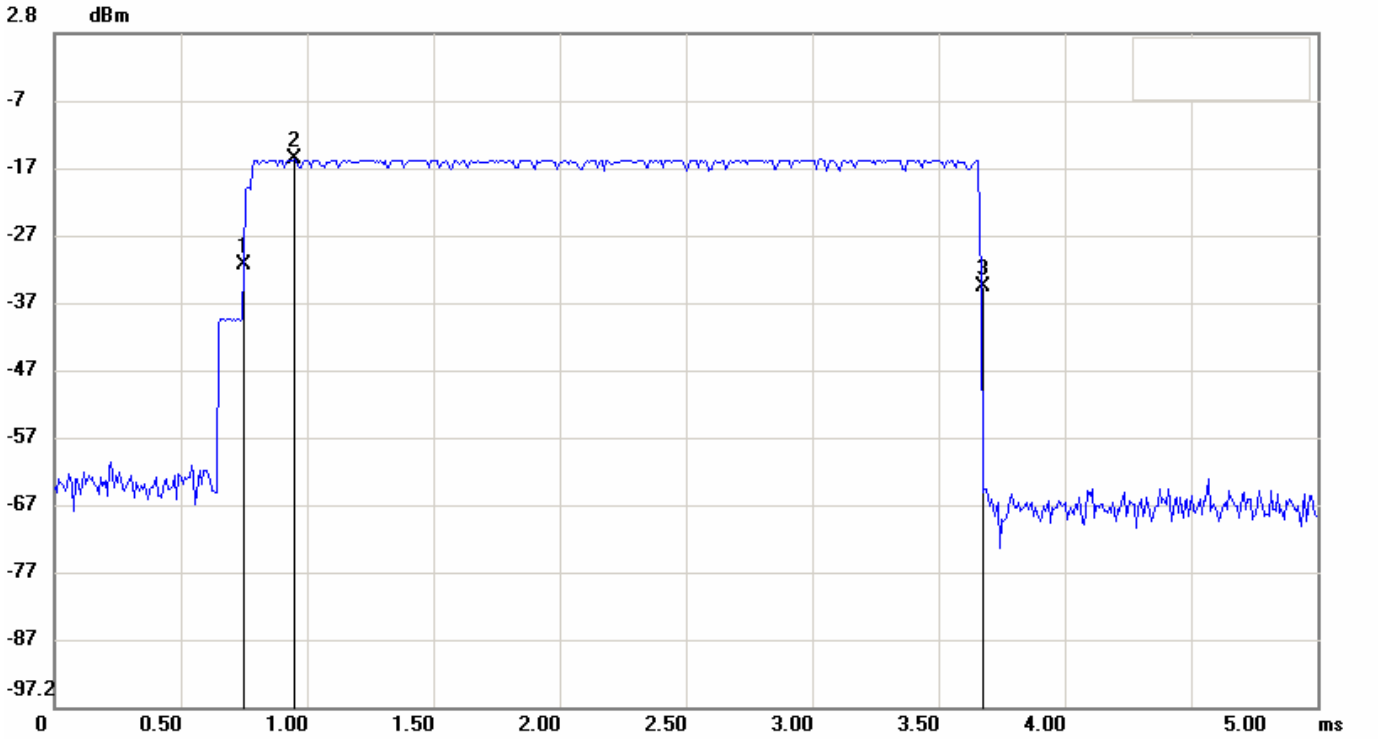
12.4.3 3DH5

Test period=0.4(second/channel)$\times$79 channel=31.6sec
2480MHz dwell time= 2.9167 ms$\times$110 = 320.837 ms

Note: Please refer to page 75 to page 76 for chart.

File: FT0033A **Data: #80** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:16:23 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **-25.9dBm** **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 5ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 1000 KHz** **VBW: 1000 KHz**

Test Mode:

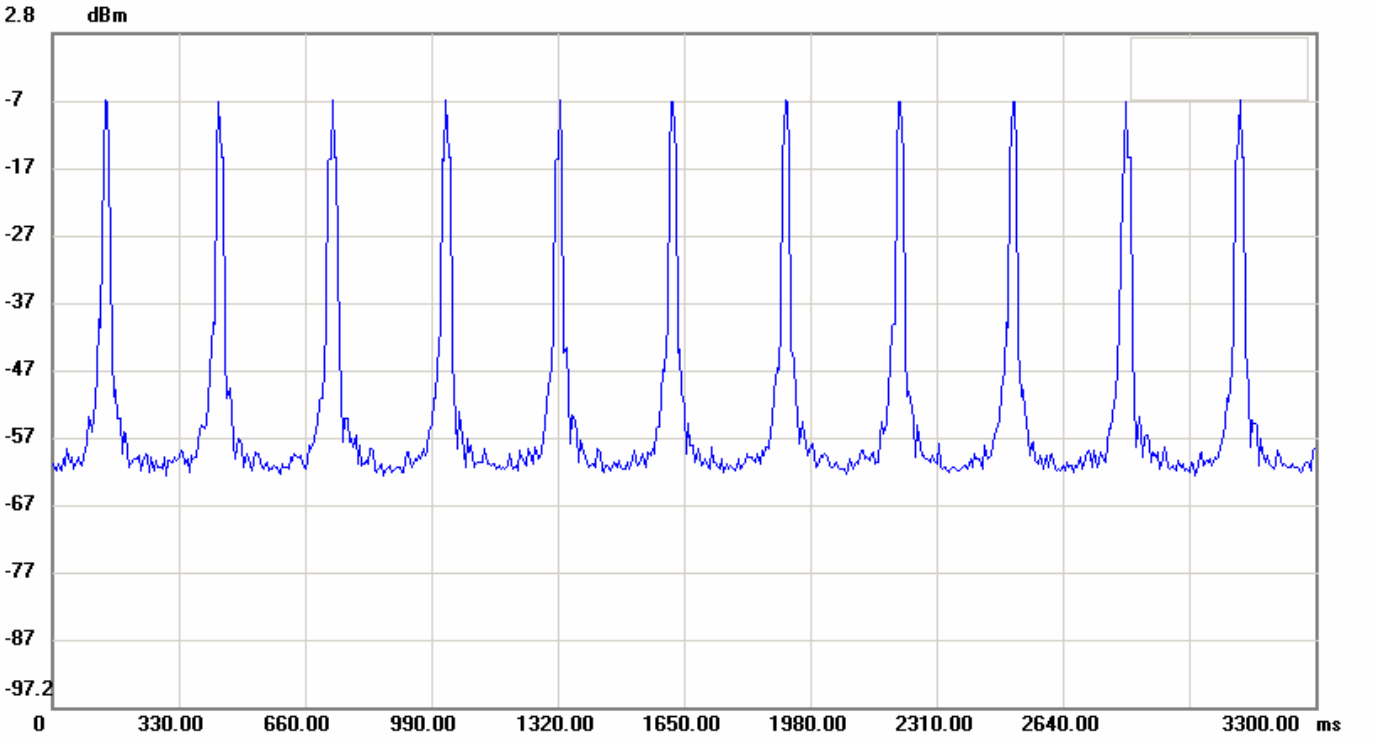
Note: **DH5 pulse width**

No.	Sweep time(ms)	Level(dBm)
1	0.7500	-31.46
2	0.9500	-15.90
3	3.6667	-34.82

No.		△Time(ms)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	2.9167	-3.36

File: FT0033A **Data: #79** **Date: 2011/10/11** **Temperature: 27 ℃**

Time: PM 03:16:09 **Humidity: 54 %**



Condition: **Horizontal**

EUT: **Sweep Time: 3300ms** **Att.: 10dB**

Model: **RBW: 1000 KHz** **VBW: 1000 KHz**

Test Mode:

Note: **DH5 Hops per 3.16 seconds**