## Collocated MPE Calculations

Systems operating under the provision of 47 CFR 1.1307(b)(1) shall be operated in a manor that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the FCC guidelines.

The EUT will only be used with a separation of 20 centimeters or greater between the antennas and the body of the user or nearby persons and can therefore be considered a mobile transmitter per 47 CFR 2.1091(b).

The EUT contains a PCS Licensed Transmitter, FCC Identifier N7N-MC5720, covered under FCC parts 24E and 22H of CFR part 47. The details for this transmitter are shown in table

| FCC Rule Parts | Range (MHz) | Output Watts | Peak Antenna Gain to <br> be used for collocated <br> MPE, dBi |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 E | $1851.25-1908.75$ | 0.923 | 3.35 |
| 2 H | $824.7-848.31$ | 0.964 | 4.00 |

The EUT contains a transmitter, with FCC Identifier B94WM3945ABG, operating in the Unlicensed UNII bands covered under parts 15E of CFR part 47 and also in the Unlicensed IMS bands covered under part 15C of CFR part 47. The details for this transmitter are shown below.

| FCC Rule Parts | Range (MHz) | Output Watts | Peak Antenna Gain to <br> be used for collocated <br> MPE, dBi |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 C | $2412.0-2462.0$ | 0.300 | 2.00 |
| 15 E | $5180.0-5240.0$ | 0.047 | 4.12 |
| 15 C | $5745.0-5825.0$ | 0.095 | 4.12 |
| 15 E | $5260.0-5320.0$ | 0.068 | 4.12 |

## Equations

The equations used are based on methods described in OET Bulletin 65 and appendices.
Given

$$
E=\sqrt{ }(30 * P * G) / d
$$

And

$$
S=E^{2} / 3770
$$

Where

$$
\begin{aligned}
& E=\text { Field Strength in Volts/meter } \\
& \mathrm{P}=\text { Power in Watts } \\
& \mathrm{G}=\text { Numeric antenna gain } \\
& \mathrm{d}=\text { Distance in meters } \\
& \mathrm{S}=\text { Power Density in milli-watts/square centimeter }
\end{aligned}
$$

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the Power Density in terms of the other variables yields,

$$
\mathrm{S}=(30 * \mathrm{P} * \mathrm{G}) /\left(3770 * \mathrm{~d}^{2}\right)
$$

Changing the units of Power to mW and Distance to cm , using,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& P(\mathrm{~mW})=1000 * P(W) \\
& d(\mathrm{~cm})=100 * d(\mathrm{~m})
\end{aligned}
$$

Yields,

$$
\mathrm{S}=(30 *(\mathrm{P} / 1000) * \mathrm{G}) /\left(3770 *(\mathrm{~d} / 100)^{2}\right)
$$

Or,

$$
S=(0.0795756 * P * G) /\left(d^{2}\right)
$$

Where
$\mathrm{d}=$ distance in cm
$\mathrm{P}=$ Power in mW
$\mathrm{G}=$ Numeric antenna gain
$\mathrm{S}=$ Power Density in $\mathrm{mW} / \mathrm{cm}^{\wedge} 2$

# FCC Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) 

(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure
$\left.\begin{array}{ccccc}\hline \begin{array}{c}\text { Frequency } \\ \text { Range } \\ (\mathrm{MHz})\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Electric Field } \\ \text { Strength (E) } \\ (\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m})\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Magnetic Field } \\ \text { Strength (H) } \\ (\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{m})\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Power Density } \\ (\mathrm{S})\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Averaging Time } \\ \left(\mathrm{mW} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)\end{array} \\ \hline & & & & \\ \left.0.3\right|^{2},\left.\mathrm{H}\right|^{2} \text { or S } \\ (\text { minutes })\end{array}\right]$

The MPE calculations for $\mathrm{d}=20 \mathrm{~cm}$ are shown below for the possible combinations of transmit frequency bands.

Per OET Bulletin 65, for frequency bands with the same MPE limits, the Power Densities produced by each transmitter are summed. The summation must be under the limit for the band.

Per OET Bulletin 65, for frequency bands with different limits the Power Densities are calculated separately for each band, divided by the limit for the band and the results are then summed. The summation must be less than 1 .

For the frequency band $824.7-848.31 \mathrm{MHz}$ the worst case (lowest) limit is used. The limit is calculated as follows,

$$
824.7 / 1500=0.55 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}
$$

For the 5 GHz frequency bands the worse case (highest) conducted power level of 0.095 Watts is used.

## Collocated MPE Calculations

| Transmitter Frequency Band, MHz | Power, Watts | Power, milliWatts | Antenna <br> Gain, dBi | Antenna Gain, Dimensionless | $\begin{gathered} \text { Power Density } \\ \text { at } 20 \mathrm{~cm}_{,} \\ \text {mW/cm } \\ (0.0795756 * * * \mathbf{G}) / \\ \left(\mathrm{d}^{2}\right) \end{gathered}$ | Fraction of Limit, Dimensionless |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $824.7-848.31$ | 0.964 | 964 | 4.0 | 2.51 | NA | $0.48 / 0.55=0.87$ |
| 1851.25-1908.75 | 0.923 | 923 | 3.35 | 2.16 | 0.40 | NA |
| 2412.0-2462.0 | 0.300 | 300 | 2.00 | 1.58 | 0.09 | $0.09 / 1=0.09$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5180.0-5240.0 / \\ & 5260.0-5320.0 / \\ & 5745.0-5825.0 \end{aligned}$ | 0.095 | 95 | 4.12 | 2.58 | 0.05 | 0.05/1 $=0.05$ |


| Active |  | $\mathbf{5 1 8 0 . 0}-\mathbf{5 2 4 0 . 0} /$ |  | Limit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transmitter | $\mathbf{2 4 1 2 . 0}-\mathbf{2 4 6 2 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 2 6 0 . 0}-\mathbf{5 3 2 0 . 0} /$ | Unit |  |
| Bands, $\mathbf{M H z}$ |  | $\mathbf{5 7 2 5 . 0}-\mathbf{5 8 5 0 . 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{8 2 4 . 7}-\mathbf{8 4 8 . 3 1}$ | $0.87+0.09=0.96$ | $0.87+0.05=0.92$ | Dimensionless | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 8 5 1 . 2 5 - \mathbf { 1 9 0 8 . 7 5 }}$ | $0.40+0.09=0.49$ | $0.40+0.05=0.45$ | $\mathbf{m W} / \mathbf{c m 2}$ |  |

Calculated worse case MPE numbers are below required limits.

