

1 S11 Log Mag 10.00dB/ Ref 0.000dB [F1] >1 2.3000000 GHz -28.612 dB 0.000 IFBW 70 kHz Stop 2.5 GHz Cor 1 Start 2.1 GHz ▶<mark>Tr1</mark> 511 Smith (R+j×) Scale 1.000U [F1 Del] >1 2.3000000 GHz 48.022 Ω -2.9858 Ω 23.176 pF 1 Start 2.1 GHz IFBW 70 kHz Stop 2.5 GHz Cor

<Dipole Verification Data> - D2300 V2, serial no. 1006 (Data of Measurement : 01.27.2020) 2300 MHz - Head



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Certificate No: Z18-60327

60327

CNAS L0570

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2600V2 - SN: 1008

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

August 31, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102083	01-Nov-17 (CTTL, No.J17X08756)	Oct-18
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100542	01-Nov-17 (CTTL, No.J17X08756)	Oct-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7464	12-Sep-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-7464_Sep17)	Sep-18
DAE4	SN 1524	13-Sep-17(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1524_Sep17)	Sep-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00560)	Jan-19
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561)	Jan-19
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	ANE -
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	和北
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	1005
		Issued: Septer	mber 3, 2018





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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.1.1476
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.3 ± 6 %	1.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.4 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.36 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.3 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.4 ± 6 %	2.15 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.8 mW / g	
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	55.3 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)	
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.18 mW/g	
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.7 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)	



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Appendix(Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point		50.4Ω- 4.65jΩ		
	Return Loss	- 26.7dB		

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.0Ω- 2.75jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.9dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.016 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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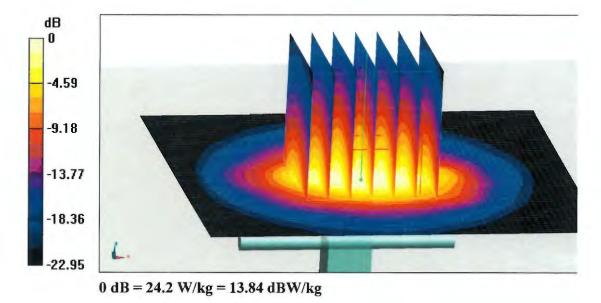
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSLDate: 08.30.2018Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, ChinaDUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1008Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.977$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 38.28$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3Phantom section: Center SectionDASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7464; ConvF(7.76, 7.76, 7.76) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 9/12/2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1524; Calibrated: 9/13/2017
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 103.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.36 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.2 W/kg



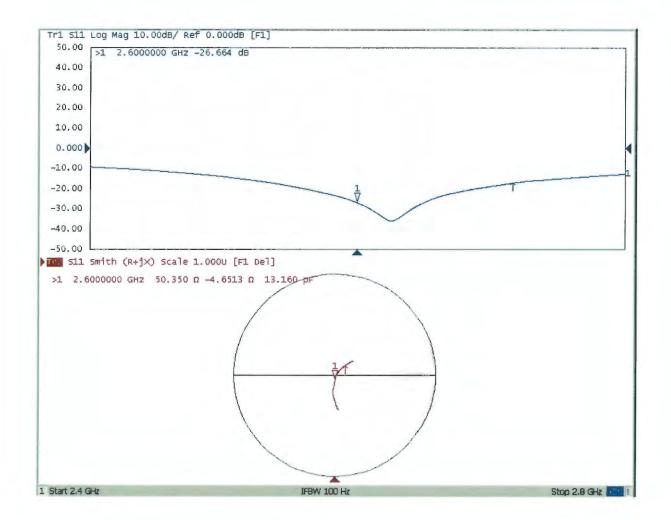




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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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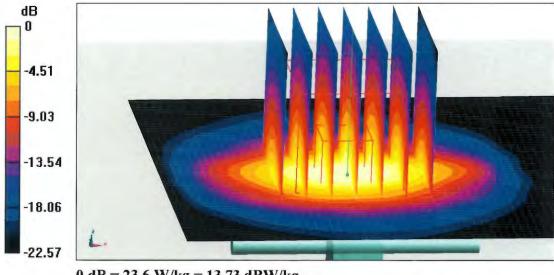
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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSLDate: 08.30.2018Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, ChinaDUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1008Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.152$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3Phantom section: Right SectionDASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7464; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 9/12/2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1524; Calibrated: 9/13/2017
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.6 W/kg



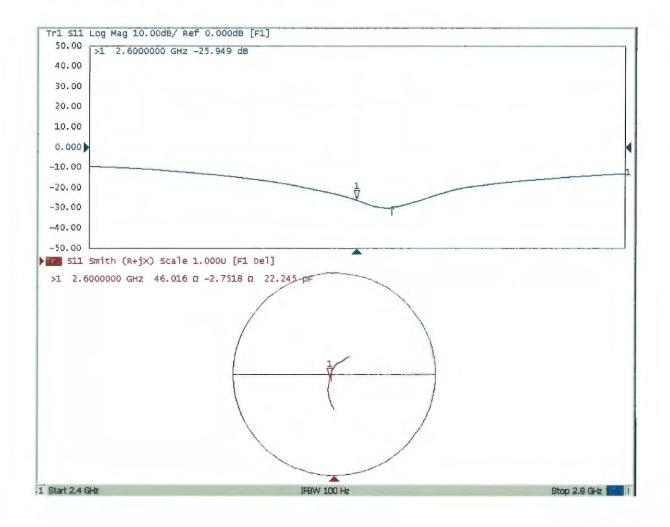
0 dB = 23.6 W/kg = 13.73 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D2600V2, serial no. 1008 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

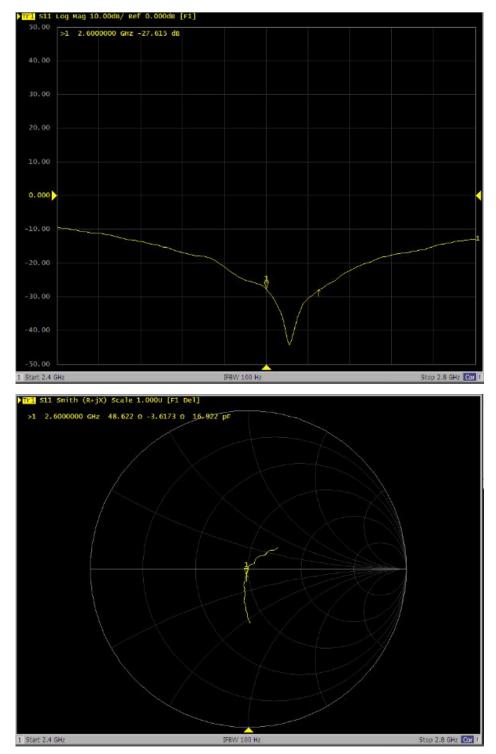
<Justification of the extended calibration>

D 2600 V2 – serial no. 1008						
	2600 Head					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
08.31.2018	-26.664		50.35		-4.6513	
08.30.2019	-27.615	3.444	48.622	-1.728	-3.6173	1.034

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



<Dipole Verification Data> - D2600 V2, serial no. 1008 (Data of Measurement : 8.30.2019) 2600 MHz - Head





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http://www.chinattl.cn **Certificate No:**

Z19-60060

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2600V2 - SN: 1078

March 6, 2019

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	81 -
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	The Asi
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	and /
		Issued: March	8, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.5 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	57.6 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.5 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.0±6%	2.14 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.7 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.93 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)



Appendix(Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.6Ω- 6.35jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.9dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.0Ω- 5.66jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.8dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction) 1.016 ns	Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.016 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL Test Laboratory: CTTL Beijing China

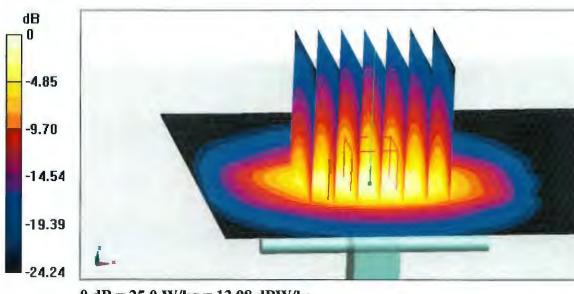
Date: 03.05.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China **DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1078** Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.992$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.91$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3 Phantom section: Center Section DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 14.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.41 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 25.0 W/kg





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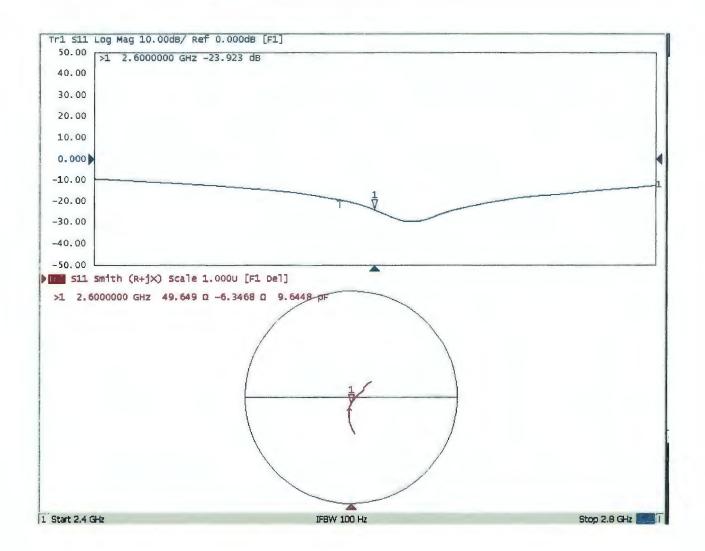
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

Date: 03.05.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China **DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1078** Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.139 S/m; ε_r = 51.97; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Right Section DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

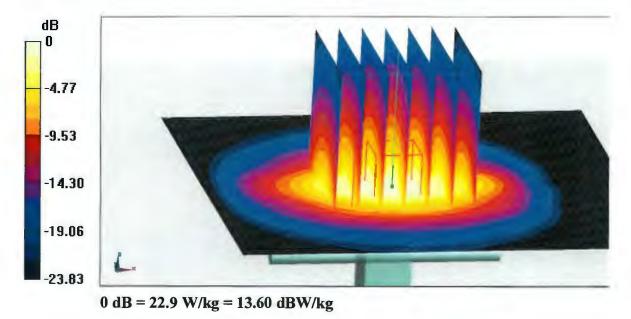
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.97 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

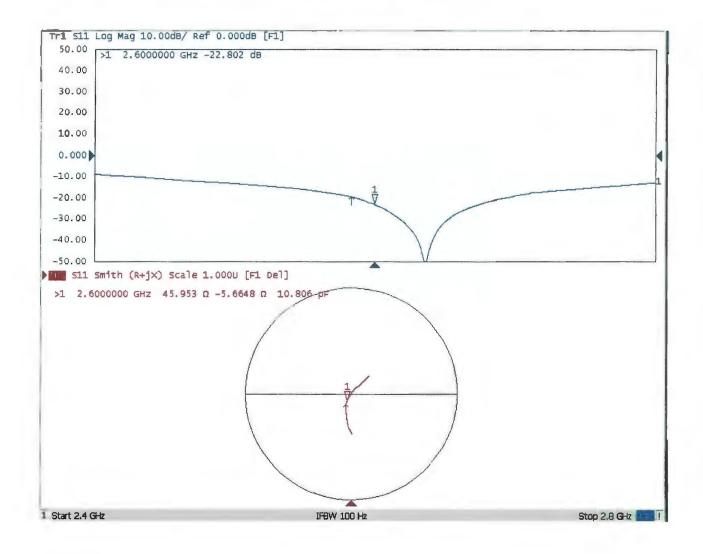
SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.93 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.9 W/kg





Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D2600V2, serial no. 1078 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

<Justification of the extended calibration>

D 2600 V2 – serial no. 1078						
	2600MHZ					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
03.06.2019 (Cal. Report)	-23.923		49.649		-6.3468	
03.05.2020 (extended)	-23.769	-0.64	50.320	-0.671	-7.2897	0.9429

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



1 S11 Log Mag 10.00dB/ Ref 0.000dB [F1] >1 2.6000000 GHz -23.769 dB 0.000 \$ 1 Start 2.4 GHz IFBW 70 kHz Stop 2.8 GHz Cor <mark>r1</mark> S11 Smith (R+jX) Scale 1.000U [F1 Del] >1 2.6000000 GHz 50.320 Ω -7.2897 Ω 8.3972 pF Stop 2.8 GHz Cor 1 Start 2.4 GHz IFBW 70 kHz

<Dipole Verification Data> - D2600 V2, serial no. 1078 (Data of Measurement : 03.05.2020) 2600 MHz - Head

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Sporton

Certificate No: D3500V2-1014_Jan19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration procedure(s)

Object

D3500V2 - SN:1014

QA CAL-22.v4 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date:

January 29, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	31-Dec-18 (No. EX3-3503_Dec18)	Dec-19
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Oct-18 (No. DAE4-601_Oct18)	Oct-19
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	=Ve
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	fille
		6	issued: January 29, 2019

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

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Swiss Calibration Service

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:TSLtissue simulating liquidConvFsensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,zN/Anot applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	3500 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	37.9	2.91 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	2.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.74 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	67.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.54 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	51.3	3.31 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.1 ± 6 %	3.28 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.56 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	65.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.44 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.4 Ω - 3.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.4 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.6 Ω - 0.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.134 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manus factoria al las s	SPEAG
Manufactured by	I SPEAG I
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 29.01.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 3500 MHz; Type: D3500V2; Serial: D3500V2 - SN:1014

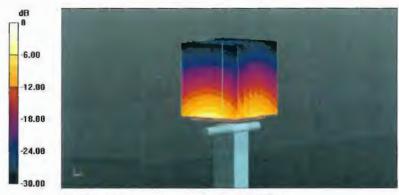
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 3500 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 3500 MHz; $\sigma = 2.89$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6) @ 3500 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.10.2018
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

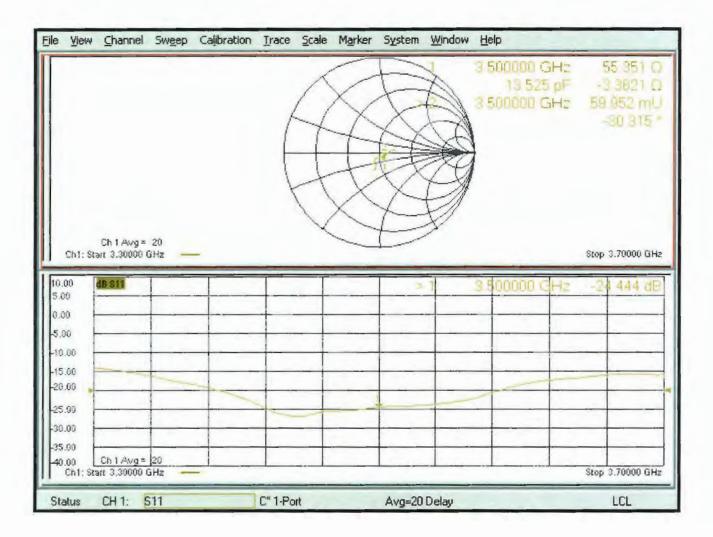
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm

(8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 71.60 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 6.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.54 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 W/kg



0 dB = 12.8 W/kg = 11.07 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 29.01.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 3500 MHz; Type: D3500V2; Serial: D3500V2 - SN:1014

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 3500 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 3500 MHz; σ = 3.28 S/m; ϵ_r = 50.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21) @ 3500 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.10.2018
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

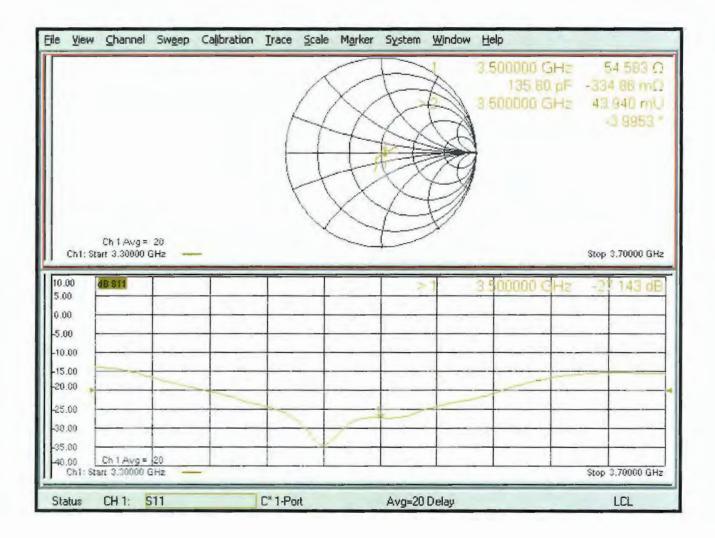
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan , dist=1.4mm

(8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 66.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 6.56 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 W/kg



0 dB = 12.8 W/kg = 11.07 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D3500V2, serial no. 1014 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

<Justification of the extended calibration>

	D 3500 V2 – serial no. 1014					
		3500MHZ				
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
01.29.2019 (Cal. Report)	24.444		55.351		-3.3621	
01.28.2020 (extended)	27.481	12.424	53.183	2.168	-0.13305	-3.2291

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



1 S11 Log Mag 10.00dB/ Ref 0.000dB [F1] >1 3.5000000 GHz -27.481 dB 0.000 Stop 3.7 GHz Cor IFBW 70 kHz 1 Start 3.3 GHz r1 S11 Smith (R+j×) Scale 1.000U [F1 Del] >1 3.5000000 GHz 53.183 Ω -133.05 mΩ 341.76 pF IFBW 70 kHz 1 Start 3.3 GHz Stop 3.7 GHz Cor

<Dipole Verification Data> - D3500 V2, serial no. 1014 (Data of Measurement : 01.28.2020) 3500 MHz - Head





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Certificate No: Z19-60061

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D3700V2 - SN: 1006

In Collaboration with

Calibration Procedure(s)

Client

FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

March 5, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	· · · · · ·

Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: March 8, 2019

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	3700 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	37.7	3.12 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22 .0 ± 0.2) °C	36.6 ± 6 %	3.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.73 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	67.3 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	51.0	3.55 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22 .0 ± 0.2) °C	50.2 ± 6 %	3.45 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	63.7 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.2 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)



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Appendix(Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.4Ω- 7.98jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.9Ω- 5.56jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

	Manufactured by	SPEAG
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In Collaboration with

S D C ALIBRATION LABORATORY

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

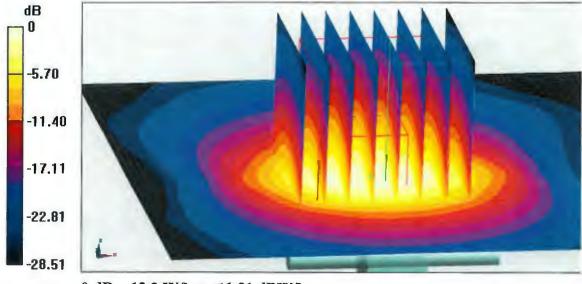
Date: 03.05.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China **DUT: Dipole 3700 MHz; Type: D3700V2; Serial: D3700V2 - SN: 1006** Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 3700 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 3700 MHz; $\sigma = 3.033$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.59$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3 Phantom section: Right Section DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(6.89, 6.89, 6.89) @ 3700 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/ Pin=100mW, d=10mm /Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 56.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 6.73 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.46 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.2 W/kg

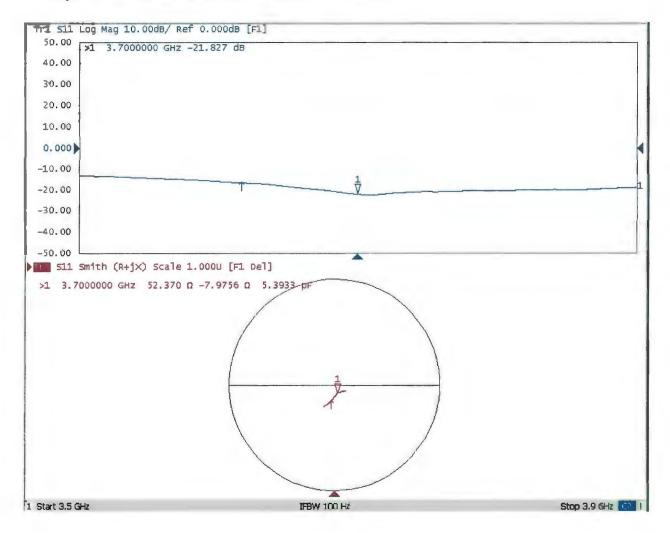


0 dB = 13.2 W/kg = 11.21 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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S P C A C

In Collaboration with

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

Date: 03.05.2018

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China **DUT: Dipole 3700 MHz; Type: D3700V2; Serial: D3700V2 - SN: 1006** Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 3700 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 3700 MHz; $\sigma = 3.446$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 50.18$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3 Phantom section: Center Section DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(6.69, 6.69, 6.69) @ 3700 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

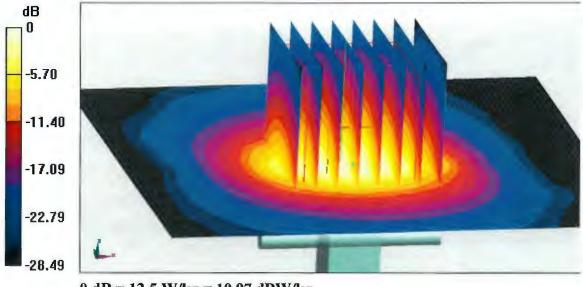
Dipole Calibration/ Pin=100mW, d=10mm /Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg

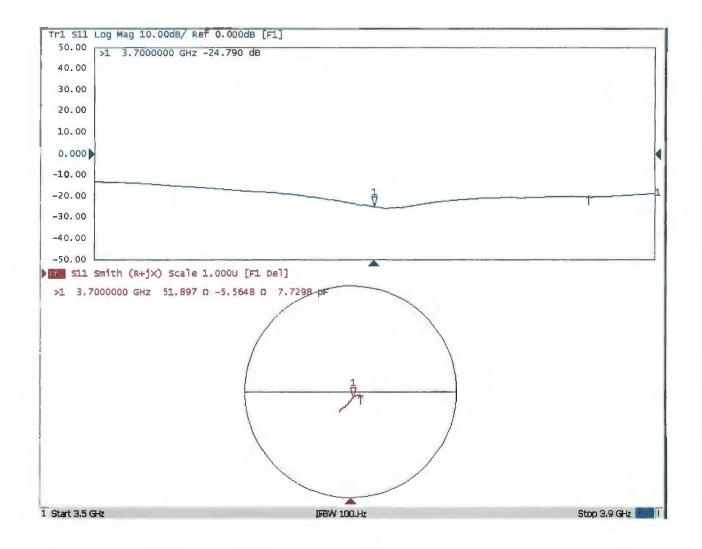
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 W/kg





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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D3700V2, serial no. 1006 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

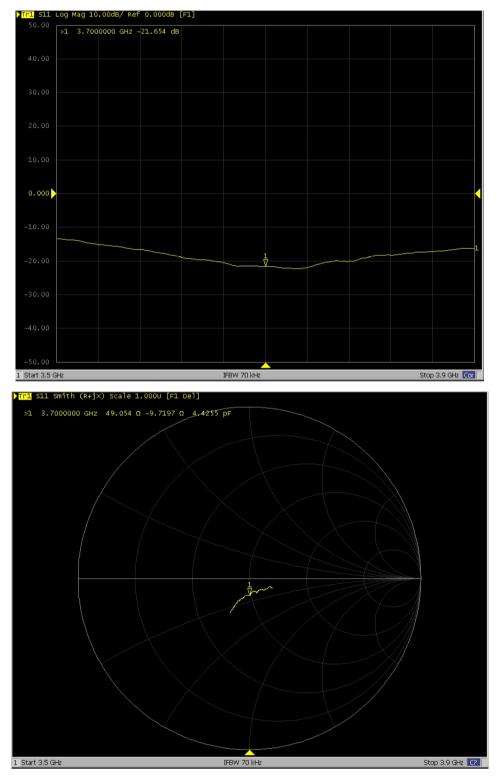
<Justification of the extended calibration>

D 3700 V2 – serial no. 1006						
		3700MHZ				
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
03.05.2019 (Cal. Report)	-21.827		52.370		-7.9756	
03.04.2020 (extended)	-21.654	-0.79	49.054	3.316	-9.7197	1.7441

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



<Dipole Verification Data> - D3700 V2, serial no. 1006 (Data of Measurement : 03.04.2020) 3700 MHz - Head

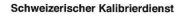


Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Client





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S **Swiss Calibration Service**

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Certificate No: DAE3-495_May19

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

S

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE3 - SD 000 D	03 AD - SN: 495	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration procec	lure for the data acquisition electror	nics (DAE)
Calibration date:	May 21, 2019		
		nal standards, which realize the physical units of obability are given on the following pages and are	
All calibrations have been conducte	d in the closed laboratory	facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C and	l humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Sep-18 (No:23488)	Sep-19
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	, ,	In house check: Jan-20
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-19 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-20
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Adrian Gehring	Laboratory Technician	Age
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	55
This calibration certificate shall not I	be reproduced except in fi	ull without written approval of the laboratory.	lssued: May 21, 2019

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Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.389 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.375 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.757 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.95402 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99251 ± 1.50% (k=2)	$3.96803 \pm 1.50\%$ (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	78.0 ° ± 1 °

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199994.45	-0.30	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20002.23	0.53	0.00
Channel X	- Input	-19997.07	4.34	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	199994.25	-0.44	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000.75	-0.81	-0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20000.42	1.14	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199998.55	3.62	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20004.75	3.21	0.02
Channel Z	- Input	-19996.69	4.85	-0.02

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.77	0.65	0.03
Channel X	+ Input	202.01	0.47	0.23
Channel X	- Input	-198.94	-0.53	0.26
Channel Y	+ Input	2003.23	2.22	0.11
Channel Y	+ Input	201.91	0.48	0.24
Channel Y	- Input	-199.28	-0.82	0.41
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.71	0.81	0.04
Channel Z	+ Input	200.52	-0.72	-0.36
Channel Z	- Input	-199.77	-1.20	0.61

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	5.40	3.09
	- 200	-0.78	-3.32
Channel Y	200	0.39	-0.26
	- 200	-1.36	-1.32
Channel Z	200	3.02	2.90
	- 200	-4.97	-5.00

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	-1.46	-1.92
Channel Y	200	8.11	-	-0.30
Channel Z	200	5.41	6.05	_

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15811	16868
Channel Y	15762	17134
Channel Z	15909	17613

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input $10M\Omega$

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.64	-0.92	3.11	0.68
Channel Y	0.52	-1.17	2.14	0.67
Channel Z	-0.78	-2.74	0.86	0.78

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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Client Sporton Certificate No: DAE4-1311_Aug19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1311 Object QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) August 27, 2019 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) ID # **Primary Standards** Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration SN: 0810278 03-Sep-18 (No:23488) Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Sep-19 Secondary Standards ID # Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Auto DAE Calibration Unit In house check: Jan-20 SE UWS 053 AA 1001 07-Jan-19 (in house check) Calibrator Box V2.1 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 07-Jan-19 (in house check) In house check: Jan-20 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Adrian Gehring Laboratory Technician i.V.Blenner Sven Kühn Deputy Manager Approved by: Issued: August 27, 2019

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