

FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : SA180125C14-2
Applicant : HP Inc.
Address : 3390 East Harmony Road, Fort Collins, Colorado 80528, United States
Product : Notebook Computer
FCC ID : B94-8265D2WEE
Brand : HP
Model No. : HSN-Q10C
Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093), IEEE C95.1:1992, IEEE Std 1528:2013
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Lab Address : No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Lin Kou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Test Location : No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil, Kwei Shan Dist., Taoyuan City 33383, Taiwan (R.O.C)

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample’s SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

Prepared By : Rona Chen
 Rona Chen / Specialist
Approved By : Eli Hsu
 Eli Hsu / Senior Engineer



FCC Accredited No.: TW0003

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Table of Contents

Release Control Record	3
1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value	4
2. Description of Equipment Under Test	5
3. SAR Measurement System	6
3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	6
3.2 SPEAG DASY52 System	6
3.2.1 Robot.....	7
3.2.2 Probes.....	8
3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	8
3.2.4 Phantoms	9
3.2.5 Device Holder.....	10
3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles.....	10
3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids.....	11
3.3 SAR System Verification	14
3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure	15
3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure	15
3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure.....	15
3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring.....	16
3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	16
3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods	16
4. SAR Measurement Evaluation	17
4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting.....	17
4.2 EUT Testing Position	19
4.2.1 Body Exposure Conditions	19
4.2.2 SAR Test Exclusion Evaluations	21
4.3 Tissue Verification	23
4.4 System Validation.....	23
4.5 System Verification.....	24
4.6 Maximum Output Power.....	25
4.6.1 Maximum Target Conducted Power	25
4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result.....	30
4.7 SAR Testing Results	32
4.7.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations	32
4.7.2 SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition	33
4.7.3 SAR Measurement Variability.....	34
4.7.4 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation	35
5. Calibration of Test Equipment.....	37
6. Measurement Uncertainty.....	38
7. Information on the Testing Laboratories.....	42
Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification	
Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement	
Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole	
Appendix D. Photographs of EUT and Setup	

Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
SA180125C14-2	Initial release	Apr. 25, 2018

1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest SAR-1g Body Tested at 0 mm (W/kg)
		Tablet PC Mode
DTS	2.4G WLAN	1.02
NII	5.2G WLAN	0.36
	5.3G WLAN	N/A
	5.6G WLAN	0.70
	5.8G WLAN	0.50
DSS	Bluetooth	0.10
DXX	NFC	N/A
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR		Body SAR
		0.80

Note:

- The SAR criteria (**Head & Body: SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg, and Extremity: SAR-10g 4.0 W/kg**) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

FCC SAR Test Report

2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	Notebook Computer
FCC ID	B94-8265D2WEE
Brand Name	HP
Model Name	HSN-Q10C
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	WLAN : 2412 ~ 2472, 5180 ~ 5240, 5260 ~ 5320, 5500 ~ 5700, 5745 ~ 5825 Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480 NFC : 13.56
Uplink Modulations	802.11b : DSSS 802.11a/g/n/ac : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK NFC : ASK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	Please refer to section 4.6.1 of this report
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
EUT Stage	Production Unit

Note:

- The information of WLAN and WWAN module collocated in this EUT is listed as below.

Item	Brand Name	Model Name	Specification
WLAN/BT module	Intel	8265D2W	2T2R 802.11 a/b/g/n/ac WLAN+ Bluetooth

- The antenna information is listed as below.

Antenna Type	Vendor	Part Number	Antenna Gain (dBi)			
			Laptop PC Mode			
			WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5.2GHz	WLAN 5.5GHz	WLAN 5.8GHz
PIFA	INPAQ	WLAN Main Antenna: DQ6LB020509 (WA-P-LBLB-02-059) WLAN Aux Antenna: DQ6LB020509 (WA-P-LBLB-02-059)	1.66	0.54	0.56	-0.21
			Tablet PC Mode			
			WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5.2GHz	WLAN 5.5GHz	WLAN 5.8GHz
			-0.36	3.36	2.21	3.08

- The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY52 System

DASY52 system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY52 software defined. The DASY52 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.



Fig-3.1 SPEAG DASY52 System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY52 systems use the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version of CS8c from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)





Fig-3.2 SPEAG DASY52 System


FCC SAR Test Report

3.2.2 Probes


The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	


Model	ET3DV6	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 2.3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm	


3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	$< 5\mu$ V (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

FCC SAR Test Report


3.2.4 Phantoms


Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	

Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	


FCC SAR Test Report

3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

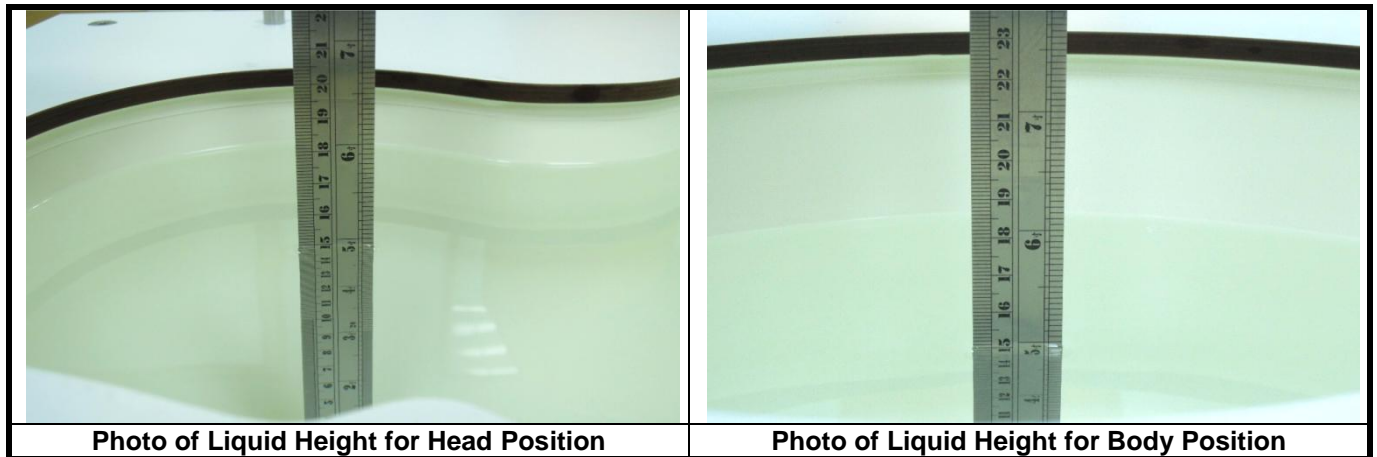
Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of $\pm 5\%$	Target Conductivity	Range of $\pm 5\%$
For Head				
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
For Body				
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30

FCC SAR Test Report

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.

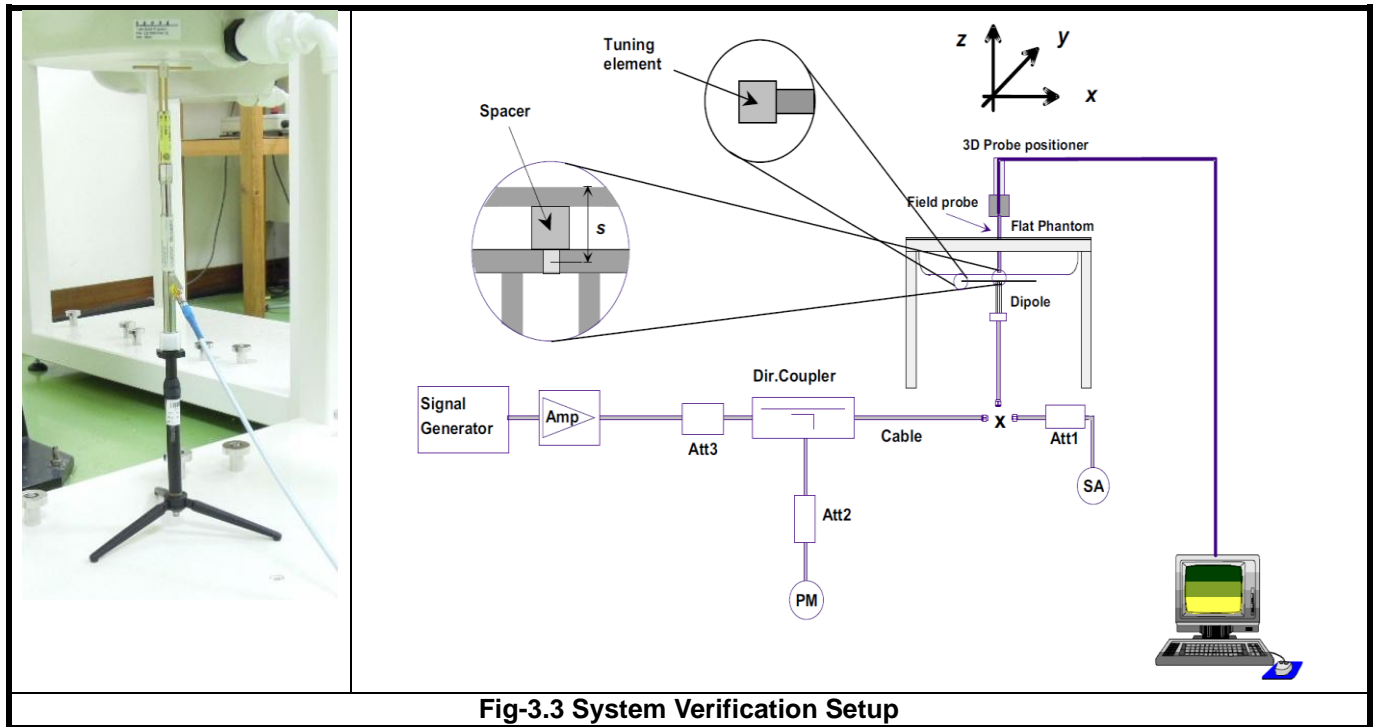


Fig-3.3 System Verification Setup

The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan ($\Delta x, \Delta y$)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan ($\Delta x, \Delta y$)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASYS measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASYS software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASYS, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

There is power reduction implemented with G-sensor in this device.

G-sensor which are used for Lid angel calculation for different operating modes detection.

EUT was tested based on different output power mode:

Tablet PC Mode: Reduction Power.

Laptop PC Mode: Full Power.

(SAR measurement is not required since the distance between WLAN antenna and keyboard bottom is >20cm)

<Considerations Related to WLAN for Setup and Testing>

In general, various vendor specific external test software and chipset based internal test modes are typically used for SAR measurement. These chipset based test mode utilities are generally hardware and manufacturer dependent, and often include substantial flexibility to reconfigure or reprogram a device. A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

According to KDB 248227 D01, this device has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During WLAN SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

Initial Test Configuration

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

Subsequent Test Configuration

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection

When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is using largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate, and lowest order 802.11 mode (i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n). After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following.

- 1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- 2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Test Reduction for U-NII-1 (5.2 GHz) and U-NII-2A (5.3 GHz) Bands

For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition).
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

<Considerations Related to Bluetooth for Setup and Testing>

This device has installed Bluetooth engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During Bluetooth SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

4.2 EUT Testing Position

4.2.1 Body Exposure Conditions

For laptop PC, according to KDB 616217 D04, SAR evaluation is required for the bottom surface of the keyboard. This EUT was tested in the base of EUT directly against the flat phantom. The required minimum test separation distance for incorporating transmitters and antennas into laptop computer display is determined with the display screen opened at an angle of 90° to the keyboard compartment.

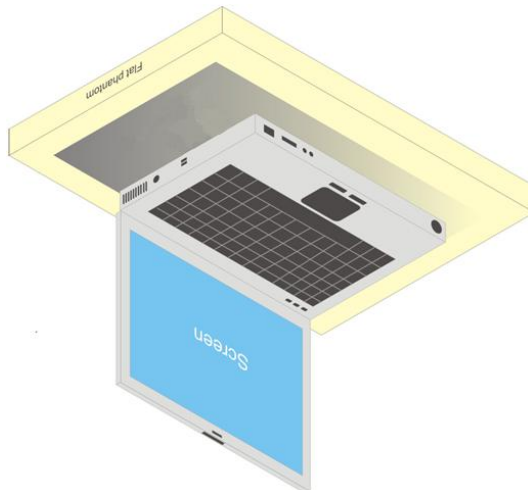


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Laptop Setup

For full-size tablet, according to KDB 616217 D04, SAR evaluation is required for back surface and edges of the devices. The back surface and edges of the tablet are tested with the tablet touching the phantom. Exposures from antennas through the front surface of the display section of a tablet are generally limited to the user’s hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary. When voice mode is supported on a tablet and it is limited to speaker mode or headset operations only, additional SAR testing for this type of voice use is not required.

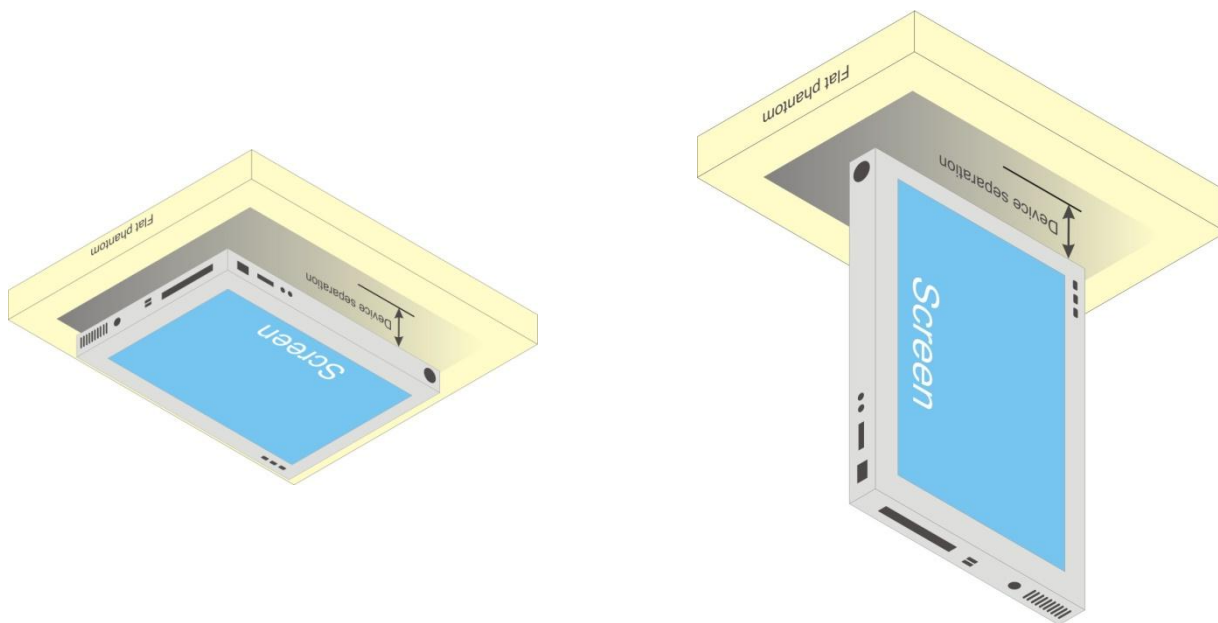


Fig-4.2 Illustration for Tablet Setup

FCC SAR Test Report

4.2.2 SAR Test Exclusion Evaluations

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

1. For the test separation distance ≤ 50 mm

$$\frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \leq 3.0 \text{ for SAR-1g, } \leq 7.5 \text{ for SAR-10g}$$

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

2. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

$$\left[(\text{Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1}) + (\text{Test Separation Distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \times \left(\frac{f_{(MHz)}}{150} \right) \right]_{(mW)}$$

3. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at > 1500 MHz to 6 GHz

$$[(\text{Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1}) + (\text{Test Separation Distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \times 10]_{(mW)}$$

<For WLAN Ant-0>

Mode	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Rear Face			Left Side			Right Side			Top Side			Bottom Side		
			Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?
WLAN 2.4G	18.5	70.79	5	22	Yes	210.2	1698 mW	No	55	146 mW	No	4	22.21	Yes	201	1606 mW	No
WLAN 5.2G	16.5	44.67	5	21	Yes	210.2	1668 mW	No	55	116 mW	No	4	20.45	Yes	201	1576 mW	No
WLAN 5.3G	15.5	35.48	5	16	Yes	210.2	1667 mW	No	55	115 mW	No	4	16.37	Yes	201	1575 mW	No
WLAN 5.6G	15.5	35.48	5	17	Yes	210.2	1665 mW	No	55	113 mW	No	4	16.94	Yes	201	1573 mW	No
WLAN 5.8G	15.5	35.48	5	17	Yes	210.2	1664 mW	No	55	112 mW	No	4	17.13	Yes	201	1572 mW	No

<For BT/WLAN Ant-1>

Mode	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Rear Face			Left Side			Right Side			Top Side			Bottom Side		
			Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?
WLAN 2.4G	18.5	70.79	5	22	Yes	55	146 mW	No	201.4	1610 mW	No	4	22.21	Yes	201	1606 mW	No
WLAN 5.2G	16.5	44.67	5	21	Yes	55	116 mW	No	201.4	1580 mW	No	4	20.45	Yes	201	1576 mW	No
WLAN 5.3G	15.5	35.48	5	16	Yes	55	115 mW	No	201.4	1579 mW	No	4	16.37	Yes	201	1575 mW	No
WLAN 5.6G	15.5	35.48	5	17	Yes	55	113 mW	No	201.4	1577 mW	No	4	16.94	Yes	201	1573 mW	No
WLAN 5.8G	15.5	35.48	5	17	Yes	55	112 mW	No	201.4	1576 mW	No	4	17.13	Yes	201	1572 mW	No
BT	11.5	14.13	5	5	Yes	55	145 mW	No	201.4	1609 mW	No	4	4.45	Yes	201	1605 mW	No

FCC SAR Test Report

<For WLAN Ant-0 + Ant-1>

Mode	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Rear Face			Left Side			Right Side			Top Side			Bottom Side		
			Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?
WLAN 2.4G	18.0	63.1	5	20	Yes	55	146 mW	No	55	146 mW	No	4	19.80	Yes	201	1606 mW	No
WLAN 5.2G	16.5	44.67	5	21	Yes	55	116 mW	No	55	116 mW	No	4	20.45	Yes	201	1576 mW	No
WLAN 5.3G	15.5	35.48	5	16	Yes	55	115 mW	No	55	115 mW	No	4	16.37	Yes	201	1575 mW	No
WLAN 5.6G	15.5	35.48	5	17	Yes	55	113 mW	No	55	113 mW	No	4	16.94	Yes	201	1573 mW	No
WLAN 5.8G	15.5	35.48	5	17	Yes	55	112 mW	No	55	112 mW	No	4	17.13	Yes	201	1572 mW	No

Note:

1. When separation distance ≤ 50 mm and the calculated result shown in above table is ≤ 3.0 for SAR-1g exposure condition, or ≤ 7.5 for SAR-10g exposure condition, the SAR testing exclusion is applied.
2. When separation distance > 50 mm and the device output power is less than the calculated result (power threshold, mW) shown in above table, the SAR testing exclusion is applied.

4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε _r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Mar. 27, 2018	Body	2450	23.3	1.997	51.524	1.95	52.7	2.41	-2.23
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	2450	23.3	2.021	52.11	1.95	52.7	3.64	-1.12
Mar. 29, 2018	Body	2450	23.3	2.032	51.142	1.95	52.7	4.21	-2.96
Apr. 27, 2018	Body	2450	23.4	2.02	51.642	1.95	52.7	3.59	-2.01
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	5250	23.4	5.332	47.649	5.36	48.9	-0.52	-2.56
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	5250	23.3	5.344	49.065	5.36	48.9	-0.30	0.34
Apr. 11, 2018	Body	5250	23.3	5.404	47.156	5.36	48.9	0.82	-3.57
Apr. 11, 2018	Body	5250	23.3	5.395	47.266	5.36	48.9	0.65	-3.34
Apr. 27, 2018	Body	5250	23.4	5.287	49.825	5.36	48.9	-1.36	1.89
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	5600	23.4	5.735	47.024	5.77	48.5	-0.61	-3.04
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	5600	23.3	5.821	48.538	5.77	48.5	0.88	0.08
Apr. 27, 2018	Body	5600	23.4	5.741	49.292	5.77	48.5	-0.50	1.63
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	5800	23.4	6.032	46.751	6	48.2	0.53	-3.01
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	5800	23.3	6.064	48.601	6	48.2	1.07	0.83
Apr. 27, 2018	Body	5800	23.4	6.021	48.987	6	48.2	0.35	1.63

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within ±5% of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within ±2 °C.

4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Test Date	Probe S/N	Calibration Point		Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε _r)	Validation for CW			Validation for Modulation		
						Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
Mar. 27, 2018	3650	Body	2450	1.997	51.524	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Mar. 28, 2018	3650	Body	2450	2.021	52.11	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Mar. 29, 2018	3820	Body	2450	2.032	51.142	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Apr. 27, 2018	3820	Body	2450	2.02	51.642	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Mar. 28, 2018	3650	Body	5250	5.332	47.649	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Mar. 28, 2018	7346	Body	5250	5.344	49.065	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Apr. 11, 2018	3650	Body	5250	5.404	47.156	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Apr. 11, 2018	7346	Body	5250	5.395	47.266	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Apr. 27, 2018	3820	Body	5250	5.287	49.825	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Mar. 28, 2018	3650	Body	5600	5.735	47.024	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Mar. 28, 2018	7346	Body	5600	5.821	48.538	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Apr. 27, 2018	3820	Body	5600	5.741	49.292	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Mar. 28, 2018	3650	Body	5800	6.032	46.751	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Mar. 28, 2018	7346	Body	5800	6.064	48.601	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Apr. 27, 2018	3820	Body	5800	6.021	48.987	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Mar. 27, 2018	Body	2450	49.70	12.1	48.40	-2.62	737	3650	861
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	2450	49.70	12.3	49.20	-1.01	737	3650	861
Mar. 29, 2018	Body	2450	49.70	12.7	50.80	2.21	737	3820	917
Apr. 27, 2018	Body	2450	49.70	12.4	49.60	-0.20	737	3820	917
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	5250	76.50	7.22	72.20	-5.62	1019	3650	861
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	5250	76.50	7.2	72.00	-5.88	1019	7346	360
Apr. 11, 2018	Body	5250	76.50	7.67	76.70	0.26	1019	3650	861
Apr. 11, 2018	Body	5250	76.50	7.9	79.00	3.27	1019	7346	360
Apr. 27, 2018	Body	5250	76.50	7.31	73.10	-4.44	1019	3820	917
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	5600	79.70	7.55	75.50	-5.27	1019	3650	861
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	5600	79.70	7.62	76.20	-4.39	1019	7346	360
Apr. 27, 2018	Body	5600	79.70	7.72	77.20	-3.14	1019	3820	917
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	5800	76.90	7.81	78.10	1.56	1019	3650	861
Mar. 28, 2018	Body	5800	76.90	7.43	74.30	-3.38	1019	7346	360
Apr. 27, 2018	Body	5800	76.90	7.65	76.50	-0.52	1019	3820	917

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

FCC SAR Test Report

4.6 Maximum Output Power

4.6.1 Maximum Target Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

without Power Reduction:

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11b	1	2412	20.0	18.0	-
	6	2437	20.0	20.0	-
	11	2462	20.0	18.5	-
	12	2467	16.5	16.0	-
	13	2472	8.5	8.5	-
802.11g	1	2412	18.0	18.0	-
	6	2437	20.0	20.0	-
	11	2462	17.5	17.0	-
	12	2467	11.5	10.5	-
	13	2472	-2.5	-2.5	-
802.11n (HT20)	1	2412	18.0	18.0	17.0
	6	2437	20.0	20.0	18.0
	11	2462	17.5	17.0	16.0
	12	2467	11.5	10.5	10.0
	13	2472	-2.5	-2.5	-6.0
802.11n (HT40)	3	2422	18.0	17.0	15.0
	6	2437	19.0	19.0	17.0
	9	2452	16.0	16.0	15.0
	10	2457	12.5	12.5	11.5
	11	2462	-2.5	-2.5	-4.5

<WLAN 5.2G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11a	36	5180	18.0	17.5	-
	40	5200	20.0	19.5	-
	44	5220	20.0	20.0	-
	48	5240	19.5	19.5	-
802.11n (HT20)	36	5180	18.0	17.5	16.0
	40	5200	20.0	19.5	18.0
	44	5220	20.0	20.0	18.0
	48	5240	19.5	19.5	18.0
802.11n (HT40)	38	5190	18.0	18.0	13.5
	46	5230	20.0	20.0	18.0
802.11ac (VHT80)	42	5210	14.0	14.0	12.0

FCC SAR Test Report

<WLAN 5.3G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11a	52	5260	20.0	20.0	-
	56	5280	20.0	20.0	-
	60	5300	20.0	20.0	-
	64	5320	16.0	16.5	-
802.11n (HT20)	52	5260	20.0	20.0	18.0
	56	5280	20.0	20.0	18.0
	60	5300	20.0	20.0	18.0
	64	5320	16.0	16.5	15.5
802.11n (HT40)	54	5270	20.0	20.0	18.0
	62	5310	14.5	15.0	12.0
802.11ac (VHT80)	58	5290	12.0	12.0	10.5

<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11a	100	5500	16.5	17.5	-
	116	5580	20.0	20.0	-
	120	5600	20.0	20.0	-
	124	5620	20.0	20.0	-
	132	5660	20.0	20.0	-
	140	5700	16.0	16.0	-
	144	5720	20.0	20.0	-
802.11n (HT20)	100	5500	16.5	17.5	16.0
	116	5580	20.0	20.0	18.0
	120	5600	20.0	20.0	18.0
	124	5620	20.0	20.0	18.0
	132	5660	20.0	20.0	18.0
	140	5700	16.0	16.0	14.0
802.11n (HT40)	102	5510	16.5	16.5	12.0
	110	5550	20.0	20.0	18.0
	118	5590	20.0	20.0	18.0
	126	5630	20.0	20.0	18.0
	134	5670	17.0	17.0	16.5
	142	5710	20.0	20.0	18.0
802.11ac (VHT80)	106	5530	13.5	14.0	10.5
	138	5690	20.0	20.0	19.0

FCC SAR Test Report

<WLAN 5.8G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11a	149	5745	20.0	20.0	-
	153	5765	20.0	20.0	-
	157	5785	20.0	20.0	-
	161	5805	20.0	20.0	-
	165	5825	20.0	20.0	-
802.11n (HT20)	149	5745	20.0	20.0	19.0
	153	5765	20.0	20.0	19.0
	157	5785	20.0	20.0	19.0
	161	5805	20.0	20.0	19.0
	165	5825	20.0	20.0	19.0
802.11n (HT40)	151	5755	20.0	20.0	19.0
	159	5795	20.0	20.0	19.0
802.11ac (VHT80)	155	5775	17.5	17.5	17.0

<Bluetooth>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power
Bluetooth EDR	0	2402	11.5
	39	2441	11.5
	78	2480	11.5
Bluetooth LE	0	2402	7.0
	19	2440	7.0
	39	2480	7.0

with Power Reduction:

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11b	1	2412	18.5	18.0	-
	6	2437	18.5	18.5	-
	11	2462	18.5	18.5	-
	12	2467	16.5	16.0	-
	13	2472	8.5	8.5	-
802.11g	1	2412	18.0	18.0	-
	6	2437	18.5	18.5	-
	11	2462	17.5	17.0	-
	12	2467	11.5	10.5	-
	13	2472	-2.5	-2.5	-
802.11n (HT20)	1	2412	18.0	18.0	17.0
	6	2437	18.5	18.5	18.0
	11	2462	17.5	17.0	16.0
	12	2467	11.5	10.5	10.0
	13	2472	-2.5	-2.5	-6.0
802.11n (HT40)	3	2422	18.0	17.0	15.0
	6	2437	18.5	18.5	17.0
	9	2452	16.0	16.0	15.0
	10	2457	12.5	12.5	11.5
	11	2462	-2.5	-2.5	-4.5

FCC SAR Test Report

<WLAN 5.2G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11a	36	5180	16.5	16.5	-
	40	5200	16.5	16.5	-
	44	5220	16.5	16.5	-
	48	5240	16.5	16.5	-
802.11n (HT20)	36	5180	16.5	16.5	16.0
	40	5200	16.5	16.5	16.5
	44	5220	16.5	16.5	16.5
	48	5240	16.5	16.5	16.5
802.11n (HT40)	38	5190	16.5	16.5	13.5
	46	5230	16.5	16.5	16.5
802.11ac (VHT80)	42	5210	14.0	14.0	12.0

<WLAN 5.3G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11a	52	5260	15.5	15.5	-
	56	5280	15.5	15.5	-
	60	5300	15.5	15.5	-
	64	5320	15.5	15.5	-
802.11n (HT20)	52	5260	15.5	15.5	15.5
	56	5280	15.5	15.5	15.5
	60	5300	15.5	15.5	15.5
	64	5320	15.5	15.5	15.5
802.11n (HT40)	54	5270	15.5	15.5	15.5
	62	5310	14.5	15.0	12.0
802.11ac (VHT80)	58	5290	12.0	12.0	10.5

<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11a	100	5500	15.5	15.5	-
	116	5580	15.5	15.5	-
	120	5600	15.5	15.5	-
	124	5620	15.5	15.5	-
	132	5660	15.5	15.5	-
	140	5700	15.5	15.5	-
	144	5720	15.5	15.5	-
802.11n (HT20)	100	5500	15.5	15.5	15.5
	116	5580	15.5	15.5	15.5
	120	5600	15.5	15.5	15.5
	124	5620	15.5	15.5	15.5
	132	5660	15.5	15.5	15.5
	140	5700	15.5	15.5	14.0
802.11n (HT40)	102	5510	15.5	15.5	12.0
	110	5550	15.5	15.5	15.5
	118	5590	15.5	15.5	15.5
	126	5630	15.5	15.5	15.5
	134	5670	15.5	15.5	15.5
	142	5710	15.5	15.5	15.5
802.11ac (VHT80)	106	5530	13.5	14.0	10.5
	138	5690	15.5	15.5	18.5

FCC SAR Test Report

<WLAN 5.8G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11a	149	5745	15.5	15.5	-
	153	5765	15.5	15.5	-
	157	5785	15.5	15.5	-
	161	5805	15.5	15.5	-
	165	5825	15.5	15.5	-
802.11n (HT20)	149	5745	15.5	15.5	15.5
	153	5765	15.5	15.5	15.5
	157	5785	15.5	15.5	15.5
	161	5805	15.5	15.5	15.5
	165	5825	15.5	15.5	15.5
802.11n (HT40)	151	5755	15.5	15.5	15.5
	159	5795	15.5	15.5	15.5
802.11ac (VHT80)	155	5775	15.5	15.5	15.5

<Bluetooth>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power
Bluetooth EDR	0	2402	11.5
	39	2441	11.5
	78	2480	11.5
Bluetooth LE	0	2402	7.0
	19	2440	7.0
	39	2480	7.0

FCC SAR Test Report

4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

without Power Reduction:

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11b	1	2412	19.73	17.99	-
	6	2437	19.64	19.83	-
	11	2462	19.82	18.46	-
	12	2467	16.42	15.99	-
	13	2472	8.12	8.22	-
802.11n (HT20)	1	2412	-	-	16.94
	6	2437	-	-	17.89
	11	2462	-	-	15.78
	12	2467	-	-	9.68
	13	2472	-	-	-6.01

<WLAN 5.3G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11n (HT40)	54	5270	19.64	19.72	17.87
	62	5310	14.50	14.84	11.74

<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11ac (VHT80)	106	5530	13.50	13.78	10.25
	122	5610	17.43	18.38	17.82
	138	5690	19.85	19.79	18.50

<WLAN 5.8G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11n (HT40)	151	5755	19.78	19.83	18.94
	159	5795	19.94	19.65	18.90

<Bluetooth>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power
Bluetooth EDR	0	2402	10.07
	39	2441	10.19
	78	2480	10.01
Bluetooth LE	0	2402	6.83
	19	2440	6.80
	39	2480	6.71

FCC SAR Test Report

with Power Reduction:

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11b	1	2412	17.81	17.99	-
	6	2437	18.16	18.24	-
	11	2462	18.19	18.46	-
	12	2467	15.90	15.99	-
	13	2472	8.12	8.22	-
802.11n (HT20)	1	2412	-	-	16.44
	6	2437	-	-	17.89
	11	2462	-	-	15.78
	12	2467	-	-	9.68
	13	2472	-	-	-6.01

<WLAN 5.2G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11n (HT40)	38	5190	16.47	16.14	13.35
	46	5230	16.35	16.21	16.37

<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11ac (VHT80)	106	5530	13.50	13.47	10.25
	122	5610	15.48	15.38	15.21
	138	5690	15.48	15.38	18.50

<WLAN 5.8G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11ac (VHT80)	155	5775	15.45	15.34	15.33

<Bluetooth>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power
Bluetooth EDR	0	2402	10.07
	39	2441	10.19
	78	2480	10.01
Bluetooth LE	0	2402	6.83
	19	2440	6.80
	39	2480	6.71

4.7 SAR Testing Results

4.7.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- (2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

<KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters>

- (1) For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- (2) For WLAN 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- (3) For WLAN 5 GHz, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power. When the reported SAR of initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for the subsequent highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are measured. For other transmission modes, SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and it is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- (4) For WLAN MIMO mode, the power-based standalone SAR test exclusion or the sum of SAR provision in KDB 447498 to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion should be applied. Otherwise, SAR for MIMO mode will be measured with all applicable antennas transmitting simultaneously at the specified maximum output power of MIMO operation.

FCC SAR Test Report

4.7.2 SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Tx Antenna	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	11	Ant 0	18.5	18.19	1.07	-0.08	0.243	0.26
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Side	0	11	Ant 0	18.5	18.19	1.07	0.05	0.001	0.00
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Right Side	0	11	Ant 0	18.5	18.19	1.07	0.10	0.199	0.21
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	0	11	Ant 0	18.5	18.19	1.07	0.15	0.62	0.67
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	11	Ant 1	18.5	18.46	1.01	0.08	0.363	0.37
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Side	0	11	Ant 1	18.5	18.46	1.01	0.02	0.397	0.40
23	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	0	11	Ant 1	18.5	18.46	1.01	0.13	1.01	1.02
	WLAN2.4G	802.11n HT20	Rear Face	0	6	Ant 0+1	18.0	17.89	1.03	0.03	0.122	0.13
	WLAN2.4G	802.11n HT20	Left Side	0	6	Ant 0+1	18.0	17.89	1.03	0.02	0.21	0.22
	WLAN2.4G	802.11n HT20	Right Side	0	6	Ant 0+1	18.0	17.89	1.03	-0.05	0.113	0.12
	WLAN2.4G	802.11n HT20	Top Side	0	6	Ant 0+1	18.0	17.89	1.03	0.07	0.349	0.36
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	0	1	Ant 1	18.0	17.99	1.00	0.07	0.952	0.95
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	0	6	Ant 1	18.5	18.24	1.06	0.12	0.731	0.78
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	0	12	Ant 1	16.0	15.99	1.00	0.03	0.556	0.56
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	0	13	Ant 1	8.5	8.22	1.07	0.01	0.09	0.10
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	0	11	Ant 1	18.5	18.46	1.01	0.09	0.982	0.99
	WLAN5G	802.11n HT40	Rear Face	0	38	Ant 0	16.5	16.47	1.01	-0.07	0.107	0.11
	WLAN5G	802.11n HT40	Left Side	0	38	Ant 0	16.5	16.47	1.01	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5G	802.11n HT40	Right Side	0	38	Ant 0	16.5	16.47	1.01	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5G	802.11n HT40	Top Side	0	38	Ant 0	16.5	16.47	1.01	-0.06	0.338	0.34
	WLAN5G	802.11n HT40	Rear Face	0	46	Ant 1	16.5	16.21	1.07	0.08	0.091	0.10
	WLAN5G	802.11n HT40	Left Side	0	46	Ant 1	16.5	16.21	1.07	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5G	802.11n HT40	Top Side	0	46	Ant 1	16.5	16.21	1.07	-0.12	0.283	0.30
	WLAN5G	802.11n HT40	Rear Face	0	46	Ant 0+1	16.5	16.37	1.03	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5G	802.11n HT40	Left Side	0	46	Ant 0+1	16.5	16.37	1.03	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5G	802.11n HT40	Right Side	0	46	Ant 0+1	16.5	16.37	1.03	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5G	802.11n HT40	Top Side	0	46	Ant 0+1	16.5	16.37	1.03	-0.17	0.207	0.21
24	WLAN5G	802.11n HT40	Top Side	0	46	Ant 0	16.5	16.35	1.04	0.03	0.35	0.36
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	138	Ant 0	15.5	15.48	1.00	0.10	0.193	0.19
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Left Side	0	138	Ant 0	15.5	15.48	1.00	0.02	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Right Side	0	138	Ant 0	15.5	15.48	1.00	0.08	0.173	0.17
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Top Side	0	138	Ant 0	15.5	15.48	1.00	-0.14	0.493	0.50
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	138	Ant 1	15.5	15.38	1.03	0.10	0.166	0.17
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Left Side	0	138	Ant 1	15.5	15.38	1.03	0.07	0.127	0.13
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Top Side	0	138	Ant 1	15.5	15.38	1.03	-0.09	0.534	0.55
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	138	Ant 0+1	18.5	18.50	1.00	0.07	0.188	0.19
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Left Side	0	138	Ant 0+1	18.5	18.50	1.00	0.11	0.156	0.16
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Right Side	0	138	Ant 0+1	18.5	18.50	1.00	0.08	0.221	0.22
25	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Top Side	0	138	Ant 0+1	18.5	18.50	1.00	-0.09	0.695	0.70
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Top Side	0	106	Ant 0+1	10.5	10.25	1.06	0.05	0.472	0.50
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Top Side	0	122	Ant 0+1	15.5	15.21	1.07	-0.10	0.648	0.69
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	155	Ant 0	15.5	15.45	1.01	0.11	0.123	0.12
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Left Side	0	155	Ant 0	15.5	15.45	1.01	0.02	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Right Side	0	155	Ant 0	15.5	15.45	1.01	0.08	0.235	0.24
26	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Top Side	0	155	Ant 0	15.5	15.45	1.01	-0.15	0.491	0.50
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	155	Ant 1	15.5	15.34	1.04	0.12	0.151	0.16
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Left Side	0	155	Ant 1	15.5	15.34	1.04	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Top Side	0	155	Ant 1	15.5	15.34	1.04	-0.10	0.471	0.49
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	155	Ant 0+1	15.5	15.33	1.04	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Left Side	0	155	Ant 0+1	15.5	15.33	1.04	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Right Side	0	155	Ant 0+1	15.5	15.33	1.04	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Top Side	0	155	Ant 0+1	15.5	15.33	1.04	-0.17	0.218	0.23

Note: The "< 0.001" means there is no SAR value or the SAR is too low to be measured.

FCC SAR Test Report

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	BT	BR / EDR	Rear Face	0	39	11.5	10.19	1.35	-0.04	0.038	0.05
	BT	BR / EDR	Left Side	0	39	11.5	10.19	1.35	0.09	0.051	0.07
27	BT	BR / EDR	Top Side	0	39	11.5	10.19	1.35	0.06	0.072	0.10
	BT	BR / EDR	Top Side	0	0	11.5	10.07	1.39	-0.10	0.066	0.09
	BT	BR / EDR	Top Side	0	78	11.5	10.01	1.41	0.07	0.053	0.07

Note: The “< 0.001” means there is no SAR value or the SAR is too low to be measured.

4.7.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 , or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 , and the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	11	1.01	0.982	1.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

FCC SAR Test Report

4.7.4 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

<Possibilities of Simultaneous Transmission>

The simultaneous transmission possibilities for this device are listed as below.

Simultaneous TX Combination	Capable Transmit Configurations	Body Exposure Condition
1	WLAN 2.4G Ant-0 + BT	Yes
2	WLAN 5G Ant-0 + BT	Yes

Note :

1. The WLAN 2.4G and WLAN 5G cannot transmit simultaneously.

<Estimated SAR Calculation>

According to KDB 447498 D01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of ≤ 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Mode / Band	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
WLAN (DTS)	2.462	18.5	Body	5	0.40
WLAN (5.2G)	5.24	16.5	Body	5	0.40
WLAN (5.3G)	5.32	15.5	Body	5	0.40
WLAN (5.6G)	5.7	15.5	Body	5	0.40
WLAN (5.8G)	5.825	15.5	Body	5	0.40
BT (DSS)	2.48	11.5	Body	5	0.40

Note:

1. The separation distance is determined from the outer housing of the EUT to the user.
2. When standalone SAR testing is not required, an estimated SAR can be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

FCC SAR Test Report

<SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR_{1g} of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR_{1g} is greater than the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

Tablet PC Mode

Position	1	2	3	SAR Summation (1g SAR W/kg)	
	WLAN 2.4GHz Ant 0	WLAN 5GHz Ant 0	BT Ant 1	1+3	2+3
Rear Face	0.26	0.19	0.05	0.31	0.24
Left Side	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.07
Right Side	0.21	0.24	0.40	0.61	0.64
Top Side	0.67	0.50	0.10	0.77	0.60
Bottom Side	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.80	0.80
SPLSR Analysis				ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required

Test Engineer : Sam Onn, and Willy Chang

5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	737	Aug. 17, 2017	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1019	Aug. 23, 2017	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3650	Jul. 24, 2017	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3820	Jun. 27, 2017	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7346	Oct. 24, 2017	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	360	Nov. 02, 2017	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	861	May. 22, 2017	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	917	Dec. 14, 2017	1 Year
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50266628	Dec. 06, 2017	1 Year
Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu	MT8820C	6201300638	Jul. 11, 2017	1 Year
Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu	MT8820C	6201381727	May. 26, 2017	1 Year
Universal Radio Communication Tester	Anritsu	MT8821C	6201502978	Jul. 14, 2017	1 Year
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSL6	102006	Mar. 23, 2018	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214281	Jun. 09, 2017	1 Year
MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50143868	Jul. 10, 2017	1 Year
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218009	Jul. 12, 2017	1 Year
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207252	Jul. 12, 2017	1 Year
Thermometer	YFE	YF-160A	120702365	Aug. 15, 2017	1 Year
Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1047	Aug. 15, 2017	1 Year

6. Measurement Uncertainty

Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Probe Modulation Response	3.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Post-processing	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	3.9 / 2.06	Normal	1	1	1	3.9	2.1	35
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.9 / 4.1	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	4.1	11
Power Drift of Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	6.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.5	3.5	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	3.24	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Measured)	2.88	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.2	2.0	43
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	1.13	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Measured)	2.50	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	54
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.4 %	± 11.2 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 22.8 %	± 22.4 %	

Head SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz

FCC SAR Test Report

Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Probe Modulation Response	3.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Post-processing	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	3.9 / 2.06	Normal	1	1	1	3.9	2.1	35
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.9 / 4.1	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	4.1	11
Power Drift of Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	6.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.8	3.8	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	3.24	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Measured)	2.88	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.2	2.0	43
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	1.13	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Measured)	2.50	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	54
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 12.5 %	± 12.3 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 25.0 %	± 24.6 %	

Head SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 3 GHz to 6 GHz

FCC SAR Test Report

Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Probe Modulation Response	3.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Post-processing	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	4.38 / 1.35	Normal	1	1	1	4.4	1.4	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.9 / 4.1	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	4.1	11
Power Drift of Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.2	4.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	3.24	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Measured)	2.88	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.2	2.0	43
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	1.13	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Measured)	2.50	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	54
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.8 %	± 11.3 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 23.6 %	± 22.6 %	

Body SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz

FCC SAR Test Report

Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Probe Modulation Response	3.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Post-processing	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	4.38 / 1.35	Normal	1	1	1	4.4	1.4	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.9 / 4.1	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	4.1	11
Power Drift of Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	3.24	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Measured)	2.88	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.2	2.0	43
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	1.13	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Measured)	2.50	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	54
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 12.8 %	± 12.4 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 25.6 %	± 24.8 %	

Body SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 3 GHz to 6 GHz

7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety Lab:

Add: No.19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd., Wen Hwa Vil., Kwei Shan Dist., Taoyuan City 33383, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-3-318-3232

Fax: 886-3-327-0892

Taiwan LinKo EMC/RF Lab:

Add: No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 244, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-2-2605-2180

Fax: 886-2-2605-1924

Taiwan HsinChu EMC/RF/Telecom Lab:

Add: E-2, No.1, Li Hsin 1st Road, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu City 30078, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-3-666-8565

Fax: 886-3-666-8323

Email: service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com

Web Site: www.bureauveritas-adt.com

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

System Check_B2450_180327

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B19T27N4_0327 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.997$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.524$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

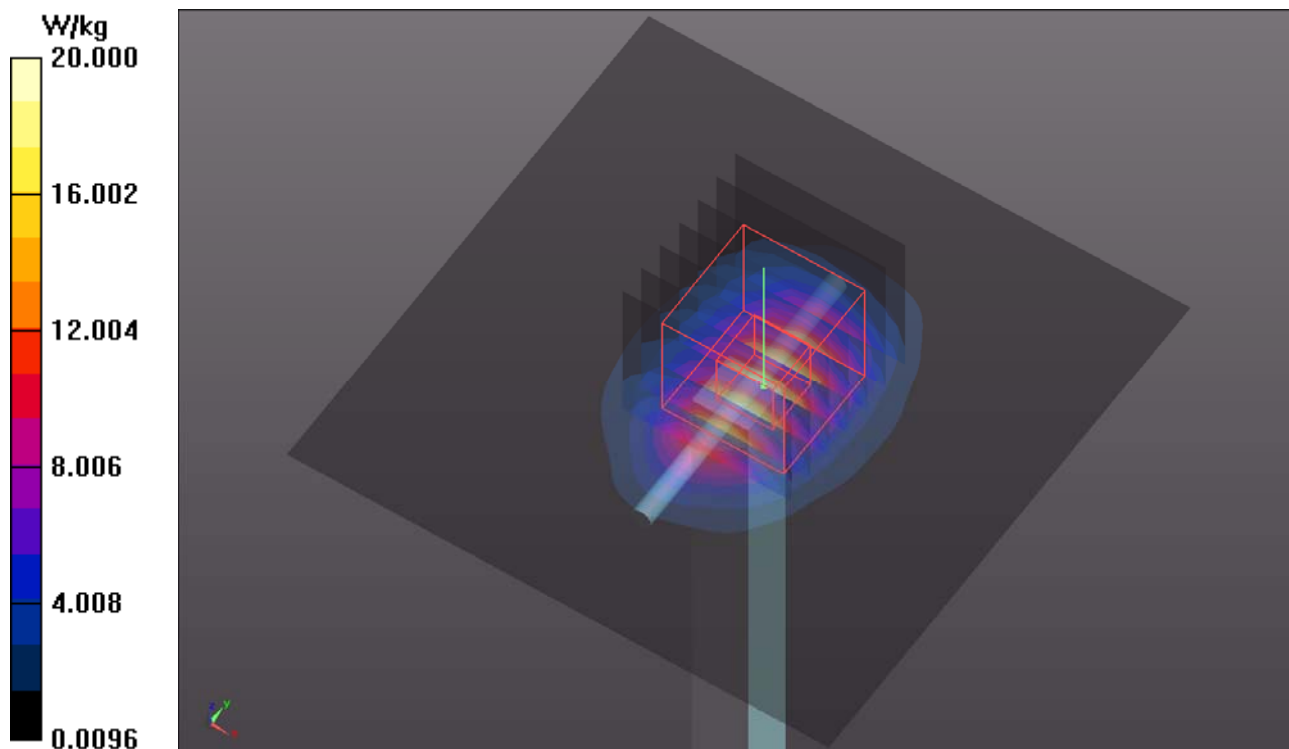
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1206; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 94.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.65 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



System Check_B5250_180328

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T60N2_0328 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.344$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.065$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

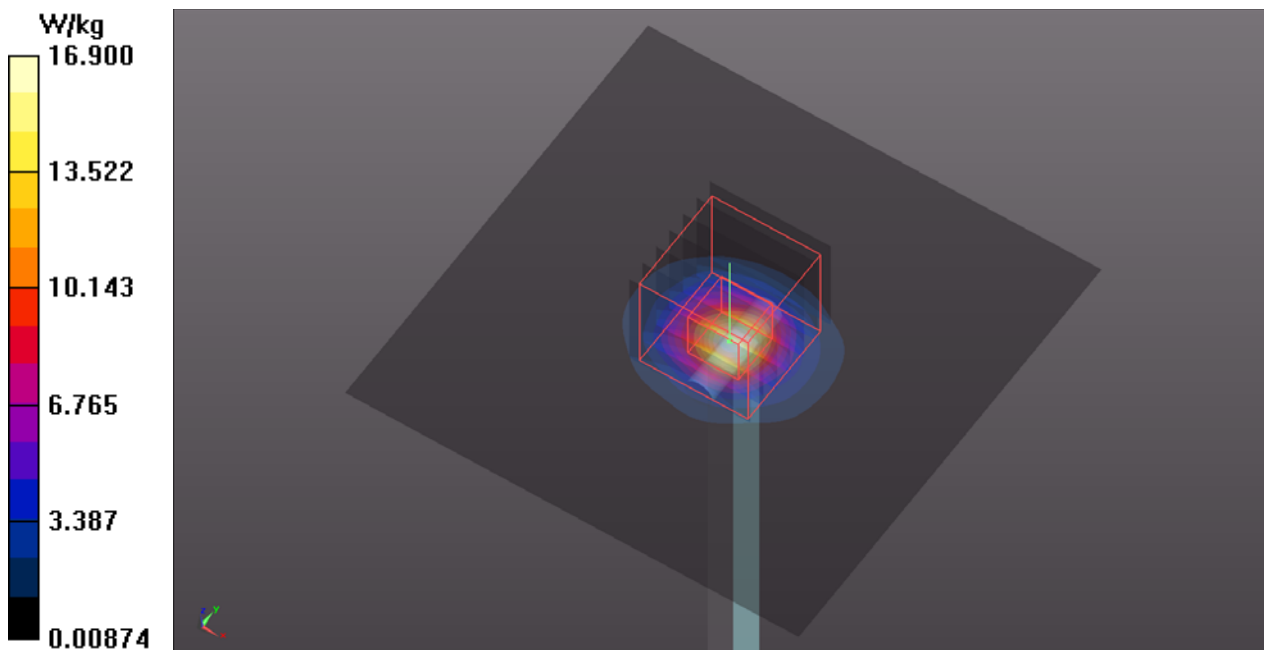
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(5.18, 5.18, 5.18); Calibrated: 2017/10/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2017/11/02
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1039; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.9 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 55.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg



System Check_B5600_180328

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T60N1_0328 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.735$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.024$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

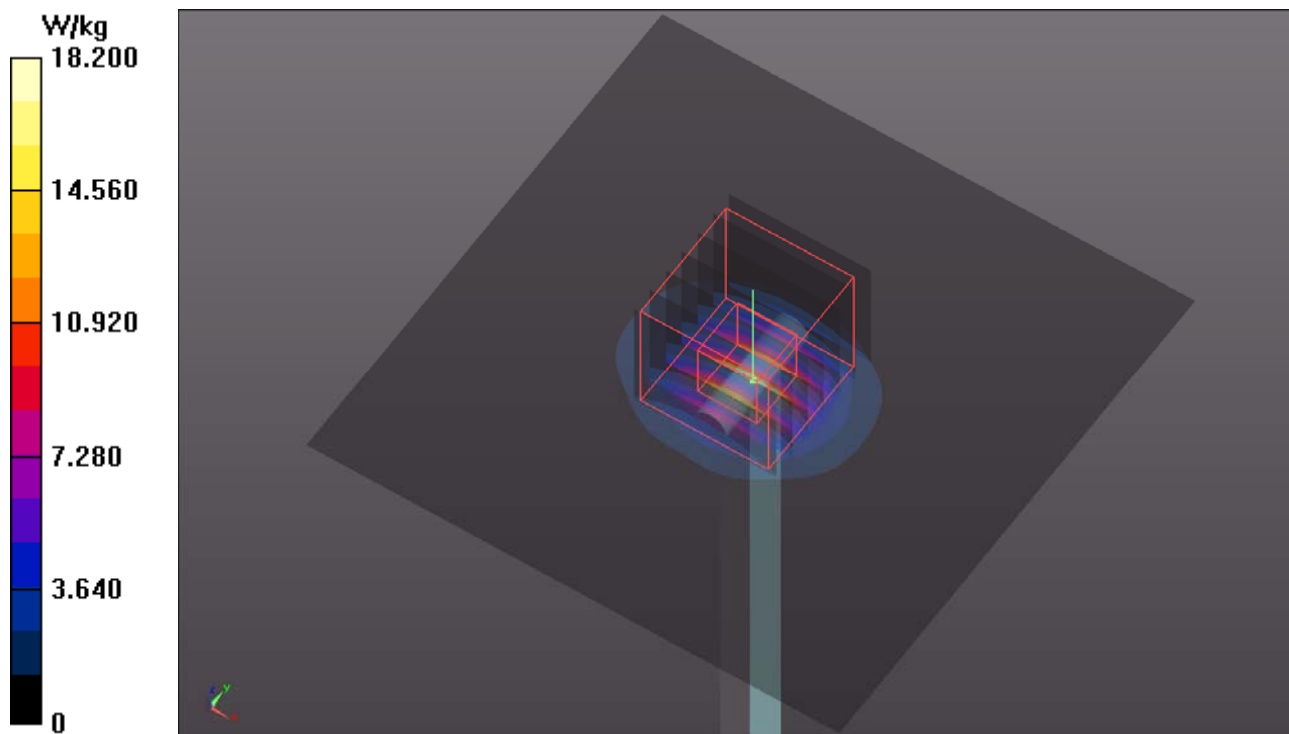
Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1206; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 58.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.55 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



System Check_B5800_180328

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T60N2_0328 Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.064$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.601$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

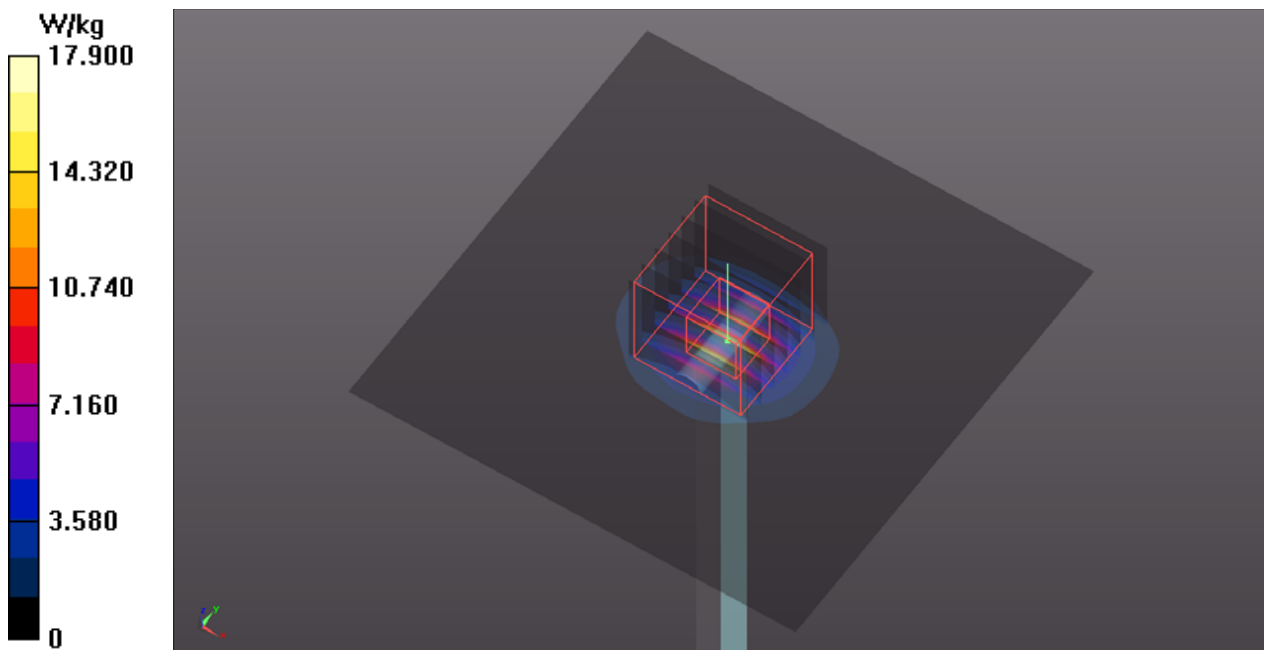
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69); Calibrated: 2017/10/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2017/11/02
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1039; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.9 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 54.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.07 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg





Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

P23 WLAN2.4G_802.11b_Top Side_0mm_Ch11_Ant1

DUT: 180125C14

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B19T27N1_0328 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.034$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.078$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1206; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- **Area Scan (51x291x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.22 W/kg

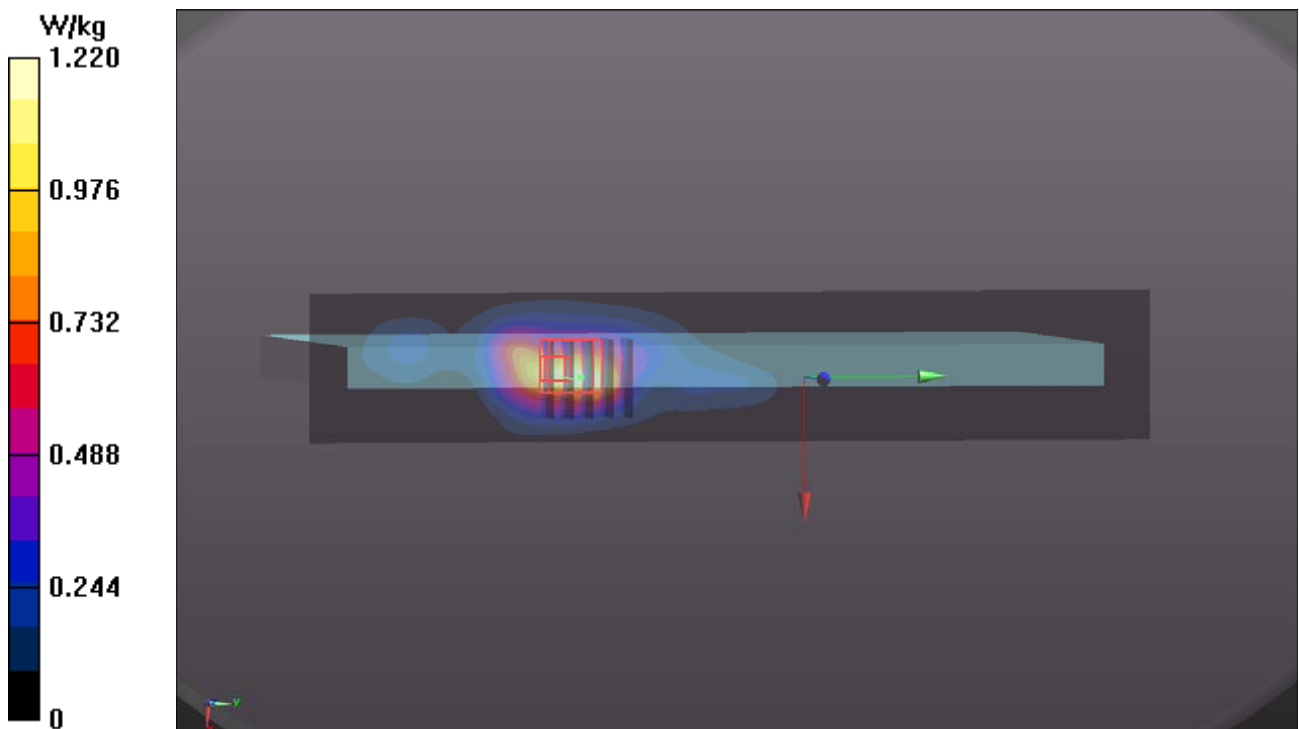
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.12 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.427 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.68 W/kg



P24 WLAN5G_802.11n HT40_Top Side_0mm_Ch46_Ant0

DUT: 180125C14

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5230 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T60N1_0411 Medium parameters used: $f = 5230$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.366$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.228$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1206; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

- **Area Scan (61x341x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.436 W/kg

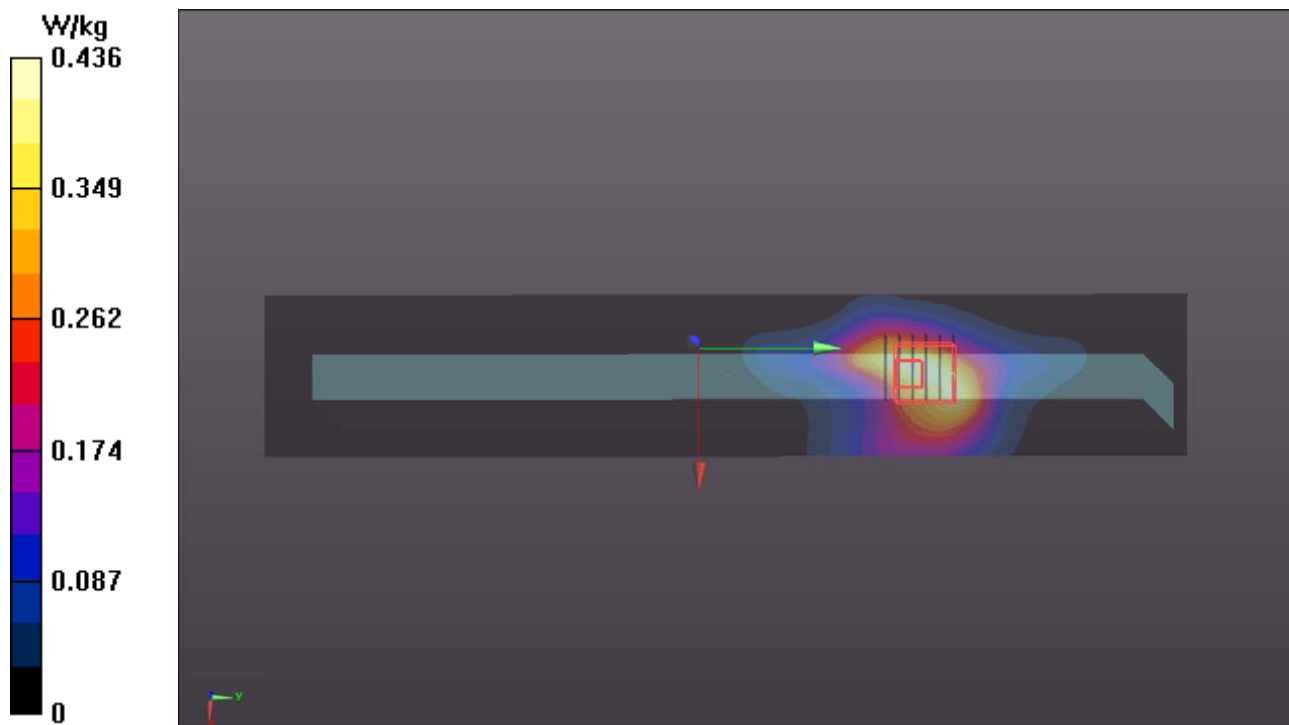
- **Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 8.544 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.350 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.131 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.923 W/kg



P25 WLAN5G_802.11ac VHT80_Top Side_0mm_Ch138_Ant0+1

DUT: 180125C14

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5690 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T60N1_0328 Medium parameters used: $f = 5690$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.89$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.92$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1206; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- **Area Scan (61x341x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.789 W/kg

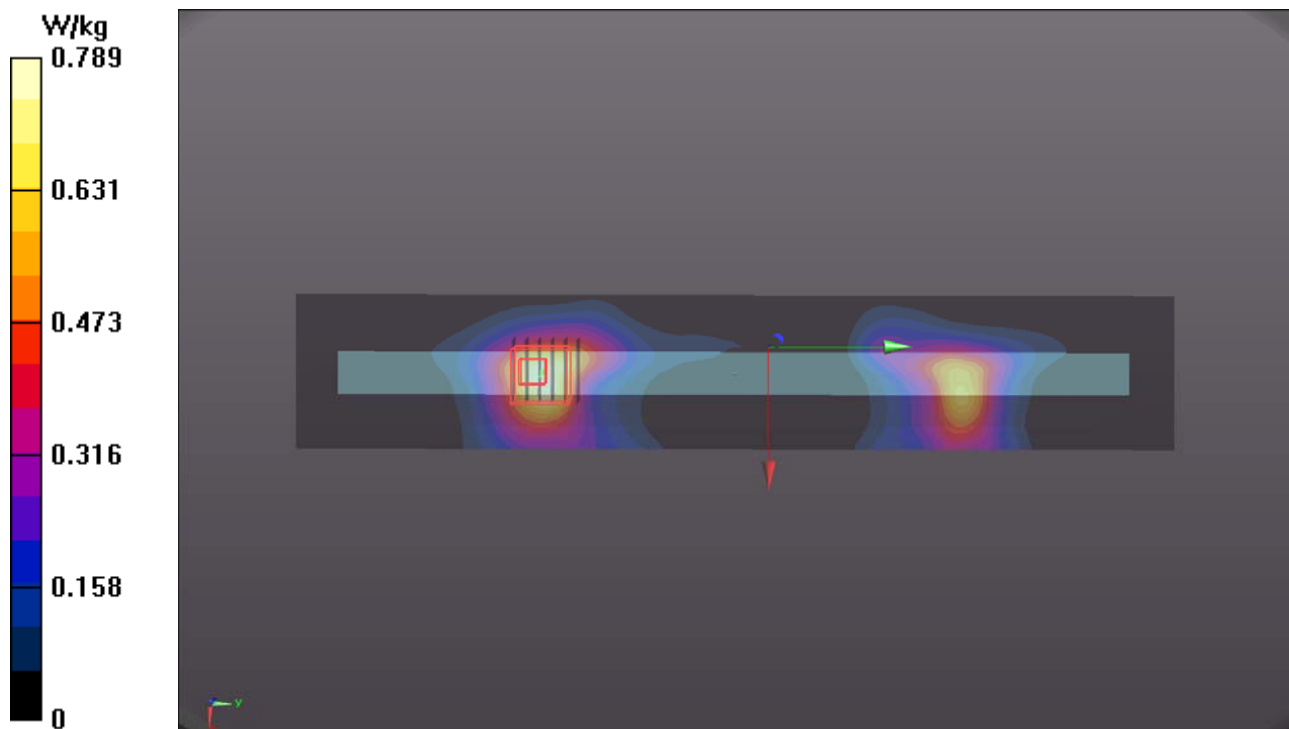
- **Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 12.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.695 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.204 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.80 W/kg



P26 WLAN5G_802.11ac VHT80_Top Side_0mm_Ch155_Ant0

DUT: 180125C14

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T60N1_0328 Medium parameters used: $f = 5775$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.02$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.678$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1206; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- **Area Scan (61x341x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.653 W/kg

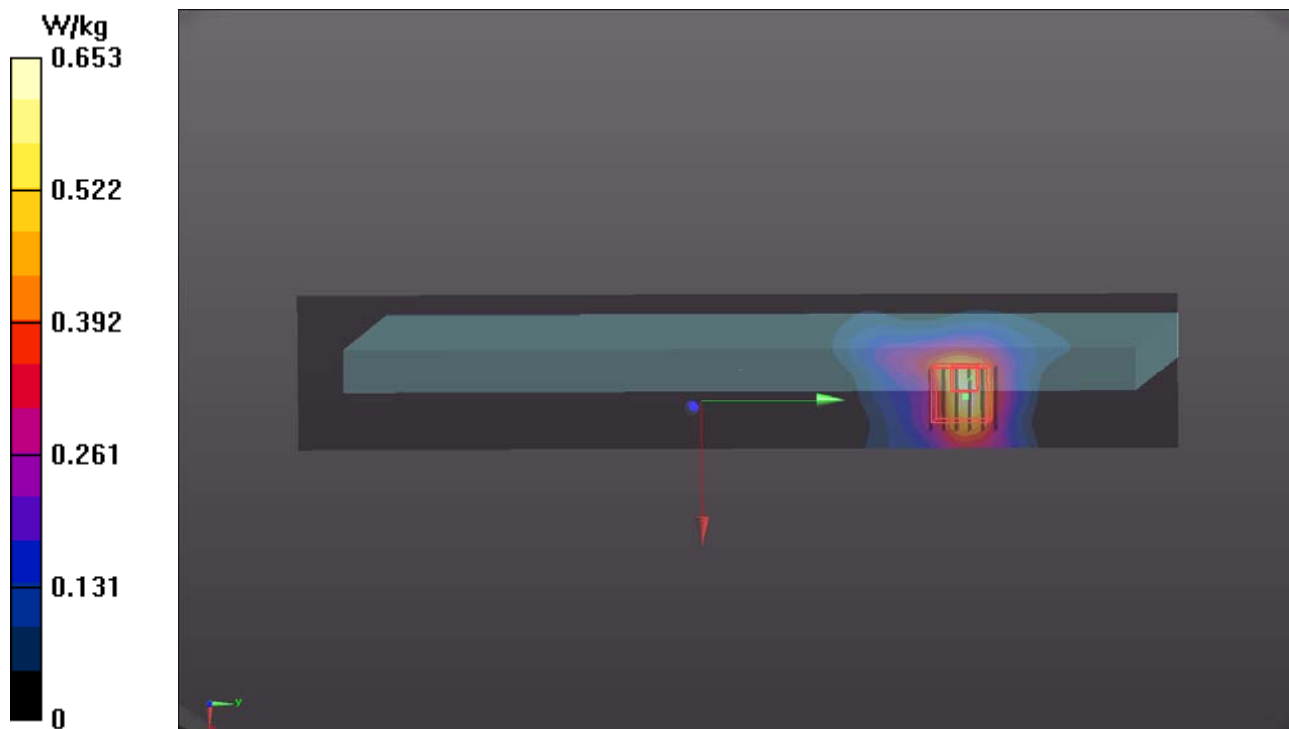
- **Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 11.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.79 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.491 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 W/kg



P27 BT_BR_EDR_Top Side_0mm_Ch39_Ant1

DUT: 180125C14

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B19T27N1_0328 Medium parameters used: $f = 2441$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.013$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.124$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1206; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- **Area Scan (51x291x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.139 W/kg

- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.359 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.158 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.072 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.032 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 W/kg

