



TEST REPORT

FCC: Porta Phone Company Inc

Applicant Name :

Address :

Report Number : FCC ID: IC: ISEDC: PORTA PHONE CO., INC. FCC: 145 Dean Knauss Drive Narragansett, Rhode Island 02882, United States ISEDC: 145 Dean Knauss Drive, Narragansett RI 02882 United States Of America SZNS211104-56780E-RFB B4HEPAKR 3064A-EPAKR

Test Standard (s)

FCC PART 15.247; RSS-GEN ISSUE 5, FEBRUARY 2021 AMENDMENT 2; RSS-247, ISSUE 2,

FEBRUARY 2017

Sample Description

Product Type:	Full Duplex 2.4 GHz Transceiver- Remote
Model No.:	EPAK R
Multiple Model(s) No.:	N/A
Trade Mark:	EVADE PAK
Date Received:	2021/11/04
Date of Test:	2021/11/29~2021/12/13
Report Date:	2021/12/15
Test Result:	Pass*

* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above. **Prepared and Checked By:**Approved By:

Bluek Dr

Black Ding EMC Engineer

R6hent Li

Robert Li EMC Engineer

Note: This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "* ".

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Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd.

 1/F., Building A, Changyuan New Material Port, Science & Industry Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China

 Tel: +86 755-26503290
 Fax: +86 755-26503396
 Web: www.atc-lab.com

Version 28: 2021-11-09

Page 1 of 36

FCC-BLE; RSS-BLE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION		4
	NT UNDER TEST (EUT)	
SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION.		6
DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONFIGURATION	N	6
•		
	ILS	
	ILS	
BLOCK DIAGRAM OF TEST SETUP		
SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS		8
TEST EQUIPMENT LIST		9
ECC815 247 (I) 81 1307 (B) (1) & 82 10	93 – RF EXPOSURE	10
	55 - KF EXT 050KE	
	TS FOR ROUTINE EVALUATION-SAR EVALUATIO	
-		
	- ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	
APPLICABLE STANDARD		13
FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(D), R	SS-GEN § 8.10 & RSS-247 § 5.5 – UNWANTED EMISSI	ION
-	BANDS	
	2	
	JALYZER SETUP	
	CULATION	
	CULATION	
FCC §15.247(A) (2), RSS-GEN § 6.7 &	& RSS-247 § 5.2 (A) – 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH	& 6 DB
EMISSON BANDWIDTH	· · · · ·	22
TEST DATA		23
FCC §15.247(E), RSS-247 §5.2 (B) – P	OWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	24
APPLICABLE STANDARD		24
TEST DATA		
FCC §15.247(B) (3), RSS-247 §5.4 (D)	- PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT	26
APPLICABLE STANDARD		
Version 28: 2021-11-09	Page 2 of 36 FCC-	BLE; RSS-BLE

Report No.: SZNS211104-56780E-RFB

Test Procedure	
TEST DATA	
FCC §15.247(D) & RSS-247 § 5.5 - BAND EDGES TESTING	
APPLICABLE STANDARD	
Test Procedure	
TEST DATA	
APPENDIX	
APPENDIX A: DTS BANDWIDTH	
APPENDIX B: OCCUPIED CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	
APPENDIX C: MAXIMUM CONDUCTED PEAK OUTPUT POWER	
APPENDIX D: MAXIMUM POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	
APPENDIX E: BAND EDGE MEASUREMENTS	
Appendix F: Duty Cycle	

GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

HVIN	EPAK R
Frequency Range	BLE: 2402-2480MHz
Maximum Conducted Peak Output Power	9.37dBm
Modulation Technique	BLE: GFSK
Antenna Specification*	PCB Antenna: 1dBi
Voltage Range	DC 3.7V from battery
Sample serial number	SZNS211104-56780E-RF-S4 for Radiation Emissions SZNS211104-56780E-RF-S3 for RF Conducted Test (Assigned by ATC)
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition

Objective

This report is in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 rules and RSS-GEN Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2 and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada rules.

Test Methodology

All tests and measurements indicated in this document were performed in accordance ANSI C63.10-2013, RSS-GEN Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2 and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017.

And KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02.

All emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		Uncertainty	
Occupied Cha	nnel Bandwidth	5%	
RF Fre	equency	$0.082*10^{-7}$	
RF output por	wer, conducted	0.73dB	
Unwanted Emi	ssion, conducted	1.6dB	
AC Power Lines C	onducted Emissions	2.72dB	
	9kHz - 30MHz	2.66dB	
	30MHz - 1GHz	4.28dB	
Emissions, Radiated	1GHz - 18GHz	4.98dB	
Radiated	18GHz - 26.5GHz	5.06dB	
	26.5GHz - 40GHz	4.72dB	
Temperature		1 °C	
Hun	nidity	6%	
Supply	voltages	0.4%	

Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.

Test Facility

The test site used by Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. to collect test data is located on the 1/F., Building A, Changyuan New Material Port, Science & Industry Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 708358, the FCC Designation No.: CN1189.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0016.

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

For BLE mode, 40 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	20	2442
1	2404	21	2444
2	2406	22	2446
3	2408	23	2448
4	2410	24	2450
5	2412	25	2452
6	2414	26	2454
7	2416	27	2456
8	2418	28	2458
9	2420	29	2460
10	2422	30	2462
11	2424	31	2464
12	2426	32	2466
13	2428	33	2468
14	2430	34	2470
15	2432	35	2472
16	2434	36	2474
17	2436	37	2476
18	2438	38	2478
19	2440	39	2480

EUT was tested with Channel 0, 19 and 39.

EUT Exercise Software

"cybluetool_setup_0.1.97.1.exe"* exercise software was made to the EUT tested and the power level is default*. The software and power level was provided by the applicant.

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

Duty cycle

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

Support Equipment List and Details

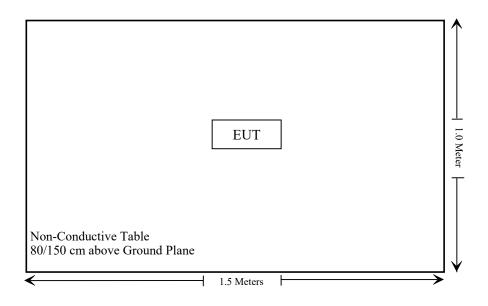
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/

External I/O Cable

Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	То
/	/	/	/

Block Diagram of Test Setup

For Radiated Emission



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC §15.247 (i) & §2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant
RSS-102 § 2.5.1	Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation – SAR Evaluation	Compliant
FCC §15.203, RSS-GEN Clause 6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
FCC §15.207 (a); RSS-Gen Clause 8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Not Applicable
FCC §15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d); RSS-247 Clause 5.5 RSS-Gen Clause 8.10	Spurious Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247 (a)(2); RSS-247 Clause 5.2 a) RSS-Gen Clause 6.7	6 dB Bandwidth and 99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(3); RSS-247 Clause 5.4 d)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247 Clause 5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §15.247(e) RSS-247 Clause 5.2 b)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant

Not Applicable: EUT only powered by battery.

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date		
Radiated Emissions Test							
Rohde& Schwarz	Test Receiver	ESR	102725	2020/12/25	2021/12/24		
Rohde&Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101949	2021/05/18	2022/05/17		
SONOMA INSTRUMENT	Amplifier	310 N	186131	2020/12/25	2021/12/24		
A.H. Systems, inc.	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	531	2021/11/09	2022/11/08		
Quinstar	Amplifier	QLW- 18405536-J0	15964001002	2021/11/28	2022/11/27		
Anritsu Corp	50 Coaxial Switch	MP59B	6100237248	2020/12/25	2021/12/24		
Schwarzbeck	Bilog Antenna	VULB9163	9163-323	2020/01/05	2023/01/04		
Schwarzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA9120D	9120D-1067	2020/01/05	2023/01/04		
Schwarzbeck	HORN ANTENNA	BBHA9170	9170-359	2020/01/05	2023/01/04		
OREGON SCIENTIFIC	Temperature & Humidity Meter	JB913R	GZ-WS004	2020/01/02	2023/01/01		
Radiated Emission T	est Software: e3 19821b	(V9)					
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	N-5m	No.3	2020/12/25	2021/12/24		
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	N-1m	No.5	2020/12/25	2021/12/24		
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	N-10m	No.7	2021/11/09	2022/11/08		
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	N-2m	No.8	2021/11/09	2022/11/08		
Wainwright	High Pass Filter	WHKX3.6/18 G-10SS	5	2020/12/25	2021/12/24		
		RF Conducted	d Test				
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV-40	101495	2020/12/24	2021/12/23		
Tonscend	RF Control Unit	JS0806-2	19G8060182	2021/07/06	2022/07/05		

* **Statement of Traceability:** Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (1) & §2.1093 – RF EXPOSURE

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §2.1093 and §1.1307(b) (1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ·

 $[\sqrt[n]{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Measurement Result

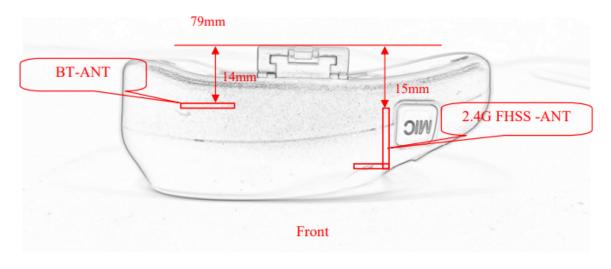
For worst case:

Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Tune-up power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g SAR)	SAR Test Exclusion
2480	9.5	8.91	14.0	1.0	3.0	Yes

Result: No SAR test is required

Evaluation distance: 14mm

Back



RSS-102 § 2.5.1 – EXEMPTION LIMITS FOR ROUTINE EVALUATION-SAR EVALUATION

Applicable Standard

According to RSS-102 Issue 5 § (2.5.1), SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device is less than or equal to 20 cm, except when the device operates at or below the applicable output power level (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) for the specified separation distance defined in Table 1.

Frequency	Exemption Limits (mW)						
(MHz)	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation		
	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of		
	≤5 mm	10 mm	15 mm	20 mm	25 mm		
≤300	71 mW	101 mW	132 mW	162 mW	193 mW		
450	52 mW	70 mW	88 mW	106 mW	123 mW		
835	$17 \mathrm{mW}$	30 mW	42 mW	55 mW	67 mW		
1900	7 mW	10 mW	18 mW	34 mW	60 mW		
2450	$4 \mathrm{mW}$	7 mW	15 mW	30 mW	52 mW		
3500	2 mW	6 mW	16 mW	32 mW	55 mW		
5800	1 mW	6 mW	15 mW	27 mW	41 mW		

Table 1: SAR evaluation – Exemption limits for routine evaluation based
on frequency and separation distance ^{4,5}

Frequency	Exemption Limits (mW)								
(MHz)	At separation			At separation	At separation				
	distance of 30 mm	distance of 35 mm	distance of 40 mm	distance of 45 mm	distance of ≥50 mm				
≤300	223 mW	254 mW	284 mW	315 mW	345 mW				
450	141 mW	159 mW	177 mW	195 mW	213 mW				
835	80 mW	92 mW	105 mW	117 mW	130 mW				
1900	99 mW	153 mW	225 mW	316 mW	431 mW				
2450	83 mW	123 mW	173 mW	235 mW	309 mW				
3500	86 mW	124 mW	170 mW	225 mW	290 mW				
5800	56 mW	71 mW	85 mW	97 mW	106 mW				

4. The exemption limits in Table 1 are based on measurements and simulations of half-wave dipole antennas at separation distances of 5 mm to 25 mm from a flat phantom, providing a SAR value of approximately 0.4 W/kg for 1 g of tissue. For low frequencies (300 MHz to 835 MHz), the exemption limits are derived from a linear fit. For high frequencies (1900 MHz and above), the exemption limits are derived from a third order polynomial fit.

5. Transmitters operating between 0.003-10 MHz, meeting the exemption from routine SAR evaluation, shall demonstrate compliance to the instantaneous limits in Section 4.

Output power level shall be the higher of the maximum conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power. For controlled use devices where the 8 W/kg for 1 gram of tissue applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 5. For limb-worn devices where the 10 gram value applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 2.5. If the operating frequency of the device is between two frequencies located in Table 1, linear interpolation shall be applied for the applicable separation distance less than 5 mm, the exemption limits for a separation distance of 5 mm can be applied to determine if a routine evaluation is required.

For medical implants devices, the exemption limit for routine evaluation is set at 1 mW. The output power of a medical implants device is defined as the higher of the conducted or e.i.r.p to determine whether the device is exempt from the SAR evaluation.

Test Result:

For worst case:

The higher of the conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power:

For 2480MHz@10mm: (2480-2450)/(3500-2450) = (7-P)/(7-6), the exemption limit is P= 6.97mW

For 2480MHz@15mm: (2480-2450)/(3500-2450) = (15-P)/(15-16), the exemption limit is P= 15.03mW

The distance between antenna and human body is 14mm:

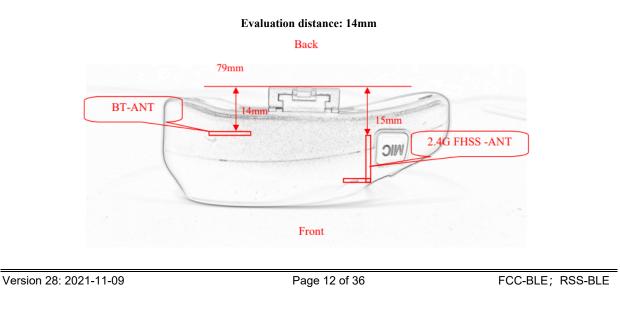
For 2480MHz@14mm:

(15-14)/(15-10) = (15.03-P)/(15.03-6.97)

The exemption limit of 2480MHz is P= 13.42mW

The maximum tune-up conducted power is 9.5 dBm, The antenna gain is 1.0 dBi, so the EIRP is 10.5 dBm (11.22mW), which less than 13.42mW@2480MHz exemption limit

So the stand-alone SAR evaluation can be meet.



FCC §15.203, RSS-GEN CLAUSE 6.8 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.

b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to RSS-Gen §6.8, The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer. The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has one internal antenna permanently attached to the unit, fulfill the requirement of this section. The antenna gain is 1.0 dBi. Please refer to the EUT photos.

Antonno	Туре	Antenna Gain	Impedance
Antenna	РСВ	1.0dBi	50 Ω

Result: Compliant.

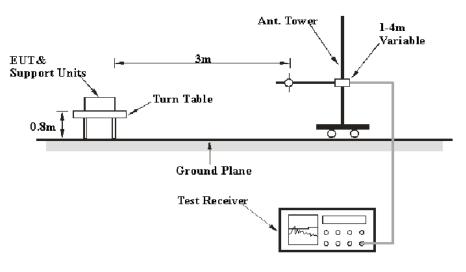
FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(D), RSS-GEN § 8.10 & RSS-247 § 5.5 – UNWANTED EMISSION FREQUENCIES AND RESTRICTED BANDS

Applicable Standard

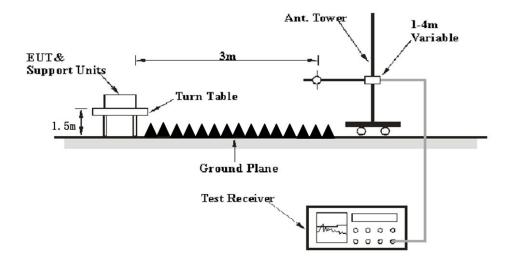
FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205; RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-GEN §8.10.

EUT Setup

Below 1 GHz:



Above 1GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3meters test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.205, FCC 15.209, FCC 15.247, RSS-Gen and RSS-247 limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

Version 28: 2021-11-09

EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Measurement
30MHz - 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	120kHz	QP
	1MHz	3 MHz	/	РК
Above 1 GHz	1MHz	$10 \text{ Hz}^{\text{Note 1}}$	/	Average
	1MHz	$> 1/T^{Note 2}$	/	Average

Note 1: when duty cycle is no less than 98% Note 2: when duty cycle is less than 98%

Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.

Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.

Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation

The Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain. The basic equation is as follows:

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain

The "**Over Limit or Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a over limit/margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin/Over Limit = Corrected Amplitude/Level-Limit Corrected Amplitude/Level = Reading + Corrected Factor

Test Results Summary

According to the data in the following table, the EUT complied with the FCC 15.205, FCC 15.209, FCC 15.247, RSS-Gen and RSS-247.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

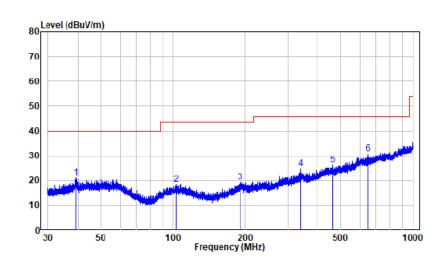
Temperature:	25~26.3 ℃
Relative Humidity:	51~64 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Chao Mo on 2021-11-29 for below 1GHz, Bin Deng on 2021-12-10 for above 1GHz.

Horizontal

EUT operation mode: Transmitting(Pre-scan in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case X-axis of orientation was recorded)

30 MHz~1 GHz: (worst case is high channel)

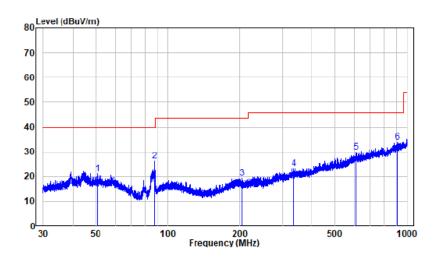


Site : chamber Condition: 3m HORIZONTAL Job NO : SZNS211104-56780E-RF Test Mode: BLE

			Read		Limit	Over	
	Freq	Factor	Leve1	Level	Line	Limit	Remark
_		dB/m					
1	39.28	-10.42	31.58	21.16	40.00	-18.84	Peak
2	102.36	-11.68	30.18	18.50	43.50	-25.00	Peak
3	189.90	-11.46	30.93	19.47	43.50	-24.03	Peak
4	341.23	-7.22	32.04	24.82	46.00	-21.18	Peak
5	459.52	-5.07	31.26	26.19	46.00	-19.81	Peak
6	647.39	-2.17	32.81	30.64	46.00	-15.36	Peak

Report No.: SZNS211104-56780E-RFB





Site : chamber Condition: 3m VERTICAL Job NO : SZNS211104-56780E-RF Test Mode: BLE

	Freq	Factor		Level			Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	50.67	-9.85	30.92	21.07	40.00	-18.93	Peak
2	87.53	-14.78	41.18	26.40	40.00	-13.60	Peak
3	203.43	-11.62	30.84	19.22	43.50	-24.28	Peak
4	334.42	-7.47	30.69	23.22	46.00	-22.78	Peak
5	609.12	-2.03	31.94	29.91	46.00	-16.09	Peak
6	910.07	1.82	31.96	33.78	46.00	-12.22	Peak

Above 1GHz:

Frequency					Turntable	Rx An	tenna	Corrected	Corrected	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	PK/AV	Angle Degree	Height (m)	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Amplitude (dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)		
				Low (Channel						
2310	51.68	PK	193	1.9	Н	-7.24	44.44	74	-29.56		
2310	53.29	PK	48	1.1	V	-7.24	46.05	74	-27.95		
2390	52.09	PK	81	2.2	Н	-7.22	44.87	74	-29.13		
2390	53.8	PK	155	2.0	V	-7.22	46.58	74	-27.42		
4804	46.95	PK	325	1.6	Н	-3.51	43.44	74	-30.56		
4804	47.74	PK	229	2.0	V	-3.51	44.23	74	-29.77		
				Middle	Channel						
4880	46.38	PK	266	1.5	Н	-3.38	43.00	74	-31.00		
4880	47.81	PK	126	2.2	V	-3.38	44.43	74	-29.57		
				High (Channel						
2483.5	53.08	PK	296	2.0	Н	-7.20	45.88	74	-28.12		
2483.5	59.84	РК	271	1.6	V	-7.20	52.64	74	-21.36		
2500	51.54	РК	135	1.0	Н	-7.18	44.36	74	-29.64		
2500	52.91	РК	61	1.6	V	-7.18	45.73	74	-28.27		
4960	46.39	РК	104	1.1	Н	-3.01	43.38	74	-30.62		
4960	47.32	РК	182	2.0	V	-3.01	44.31	74	-29.69		

Note:

Corrected Factor = Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor

Corrected Amplitude = Corrected Factor + Reading

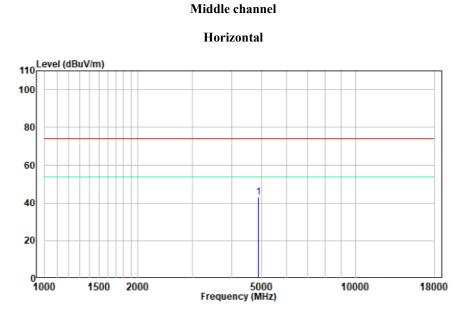
Margin = Corrected. Amplitude - Limit

The other spurious emission which is 20dB to the limit was not recorded.

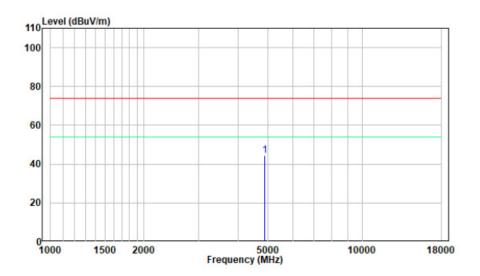
When the test result of peak was less than the limit of average, just peak value were recorded.

18~25GHz: The test values lower than the limits of 20dB or in the noise floor level, the test data were not recorded in the report.

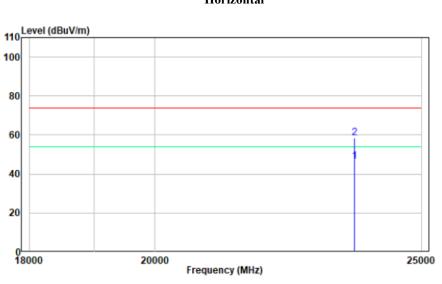
1GHz - 18 GHz: (Pre-Scan plots)



Vertical

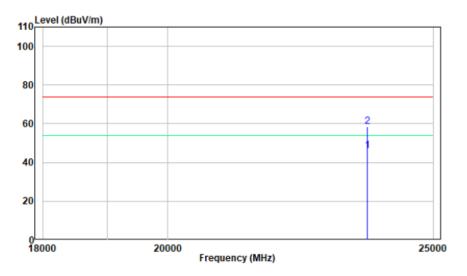


18GHz - 25GHz: (Pre-Scan plots)



Middle channel Horizontal





FCC §15.247(a) (2), RSS-GEN § 6.7 & RSS-247 § 5.2 (a) – 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH & 6 dB EMISSON BANDWIDTH

Standard Applicable

According to FCC §15.247(a) (2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

According to RSS-247 §5.2 a) The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

According to RSS-Gen §6.7

The occupied bandwidth or the "99% emission bandwidth" is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs. In some cases, the "x dB bandwidth" is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two

In some cases, the "x dB bandwidth" is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum inband power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to "Sample". However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or "Max Hold") may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

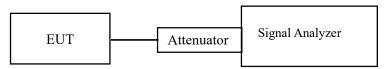
For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- 3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

99% Occupied bandwidth test:

Use Occupied bandwidth test function, measure the 99% Occupied bandwidth. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23 °C
Relative Humidity:	52 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Paul Liu on 2021-12-13.

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

FCC §15.247(e), RSS-247 §5.2 (b) – POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(e):

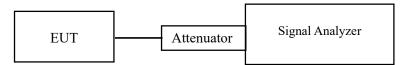
For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

According to RSS-247 §5.2 b):

b) The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

Test Procedure

- 1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
- 2. Set the RBW to: $3kHz \leq RBW \leq 100 kHz$.
- 3. Set the VBW \geq 3 × RBW.
- 4. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 5. Detector = peak.
- 6. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7. Trace mode = max hold.
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23 °C
Relative Humidity:	52 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Paul Liu on 2021-12-13.

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

FCC §15.247(b) (3), RSS-247 §5.4 (d) - PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

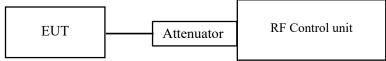
Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to RSS-247§5.4 d) For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(e), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. The maximum conducted output power is the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements, averaged across all symbols in the signalling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are implemented, the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

Test Procedure

- 1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
- 3. Add a correction factor to the display.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23 °C
Relative Humidity:	52 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Paul Liu on 2021-12-13.

Test Mode: Transmitting Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

Version 28: 2021-11-09

FCC §15.247(d) & RSS-247 § 5.5 - BAND EDGES TESTING

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(d).

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to RSS-247 § 5.5.

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(e), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23 °C
Relative Humidity:	52 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Paul Liu on 2021-12-13.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

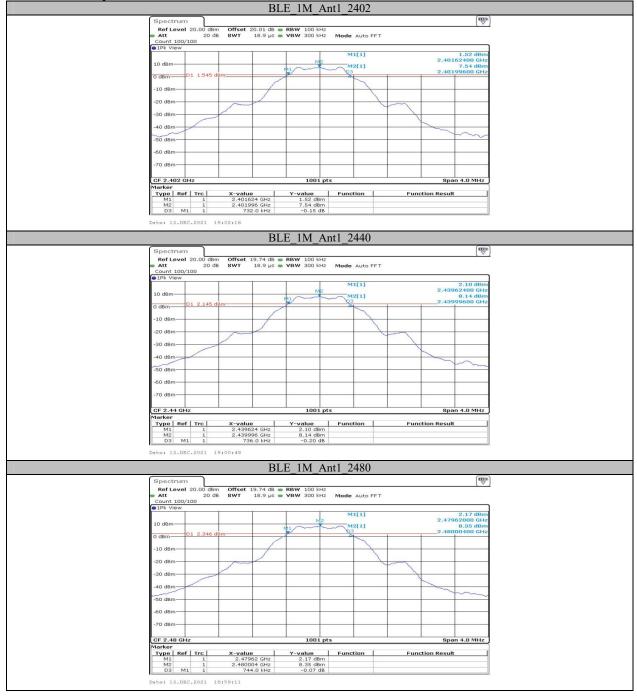
APPENDIX

Appendix A: DTS Bandwidth

Test Result

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	DTS BW [MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
BLE_1M		2402	0.732	0.5	PASS
	Ant1	2440	0.736	0.5	PASS
		2480	0.744	0.5	PASS

Test Graphs

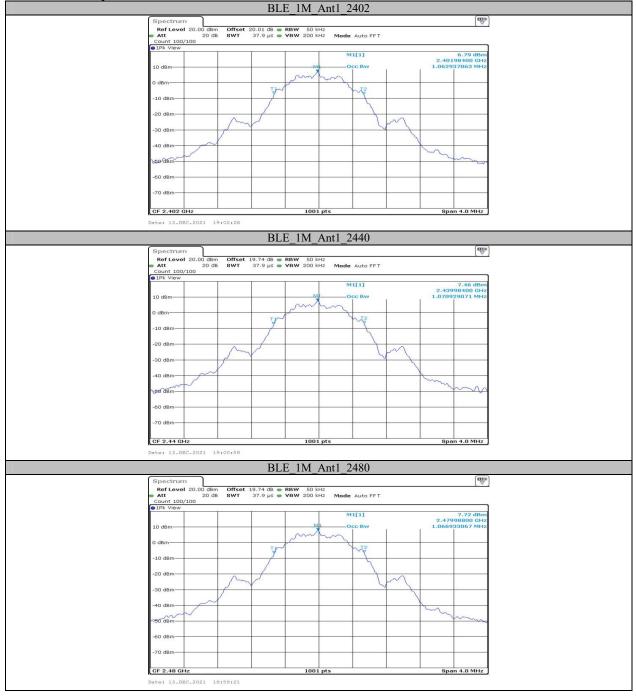


Report No.: SZNS211104-56780E-RFB

Appendix B: Occupied Channel Bandwidth Test Result

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	OCB [MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
		2402	1.063		PASS
BLE_1M	Ant1	2440	1.071		PASS
		2480	1.067		PASS

Test Graphs



Appendix C: Maximum conducted Peak output power Test Result

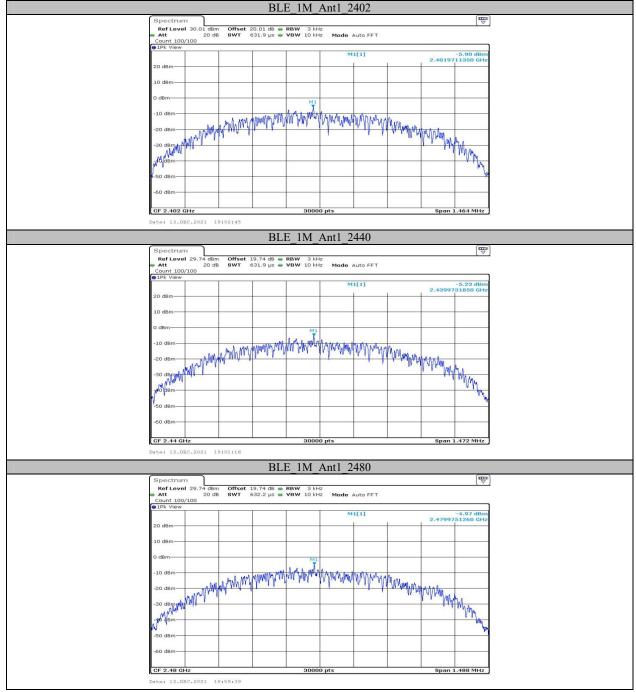
Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Result[dBm]	Limit[dBm]	Verdict
BLE_1M		2402	8.32	≤30	PASS
	Antl	2440	9.15	≤30	PASS
		2480	9.37	≤30	PASS

Note: the antenna gain is 1dBi, the maximum EIRP=9.37dBm+1.0dBi=10.37dBm<36dBm, so it's compliance with the EIRP limit of ISEDC.

Appendix D: Maximum power spectral density Test Result

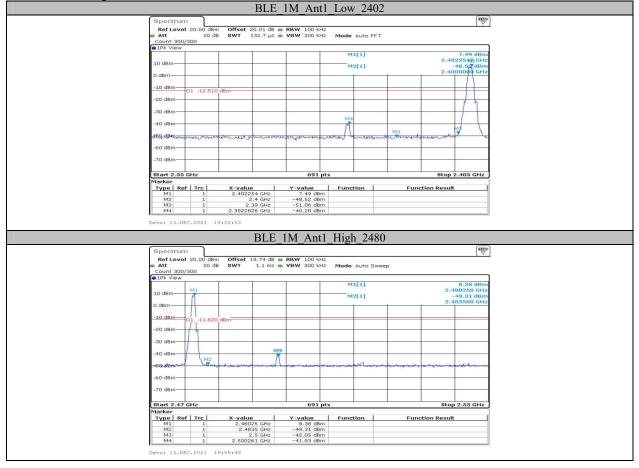
Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Result[dBm/3kHz]	Limit[dBm/3kHz]	Verdict	
BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	-5.90	≤8	PASS	
		2440	-5.23	≤ 8	PASS	
		2480	-4.97	≤ 8	PASS	

Test Graphs



Version 28: 2021-11-09

Appendix E: Band edge measurements Test Graphs



Appendix F: Duty Cycle Test Result

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Transmission Duration [ms]	Transmission Period [ms]	Duty Cycle [%]
BLE_1M	Antl	2440	0.39	0.62	62.90

Test Graphs

				E	BLE_1	M_Ar	nt1_2440					
Spec	trum											
	Ref Level 20.00 dBm Offset 19.74 dB RBW 10 MHz											
	Att 20 dB SWT 5 ms VBW 10 MHz											
SGL T	RG: VID											
O 1Pk C	lrw.											
							M1[1]				8.72 dBm	
10 dBn				-	M1		02				88000 ms	
10 411							4 01[1]				43.11 d8 390.00 µs	
0 dBm-	T	RG 3.000	dBm					1	1	-	190.00 hz	
-10 dB	m-+-					_						
-20 dB	m											
-30 dBi	m	under	Hugh		mille	alpha	W borne	ha	internet	WAND	4	
-40 dB		des la		29 I.		A	10. AND	- 1 M			87 - CS	
-40 GBI												
-50 dB	m											
500 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	~											
-60 dB	m-+-											
-70 dB	m		-	-								
CF 2.4	4 GHz					1001 pt	5			5	00.0 µs/	
Marker												
Туре		Trc	x-val		Y-va		Function	1	Function	n Result		
M1		1		1.88 ms	8	72 dBm						
D1 D2				390.0 µs 620.0 µs	-4	3.11 dB 0.16 dB		-				
02	1 M1	1		020.0 µs	-	0.10 08						

***** END OF REPORT *****