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## **APPENDIX 2: SAR Measurement data**

### **Appendix 2-1: Evaluation procedure**

The SAR evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- **Step 1:** Measurement of the E-field at a fixed location above the central position of flat phantom was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.
- **Step 2:** The SAR distribution at the exposed side of head or body position was measured at a distance of each device from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the antenna of EUT and suitable horizontal grid spacing of EUT. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by splines interpolation.
- **Step 3:** Around this point found in the Step 2 (area scan), a volume of 30mm(X axis)×30mm(Y axis)×30mm(Z axis) was assessed by measuring 7×7×7 points under 3GHz.
  - And for any secondary peaks found in the Step2 which are within 2dB of maximum peak and not with this Step3 (Zoom scan) is repeated.

On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- (1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 2mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- (2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points ( $10 \times 10 \times 10$ ) were interpolated to calculate the average.
- (3) All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- **Step 4**: Re-measurement of the E-field at the same location as in Step 1 for the assessment of the power drift.
- **Step 5**: Repeat Step 1-Step 4 with other condition or/and setup of EUT.

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#### Appendix 2-2: Measurement data / Platform (1)-Digital camera (1)

Step 1: Changed the channels at a worst SAR position that was determined in a pre-check test.

### Step 1-1: 2437MHz (6ch.), Left & touch (separation distance=0mm) / 11b(1Mbps)

## EUT: Wireless module (in Digital camera (1)); Type: WM812 (DC1:PC2036); Serial: 4ED (DC1:122) Communication System: IEEE 802.11b(1Mbps, DBPSK/DSSS); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0 Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.947 S/m; $ε_r = 50.58$ ; ρ = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY Configuration:** -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(6.77, 6.77, 6.77); Calibrated: 2012/06/21;

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/03/11

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

-DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

### WM812+dc1(PC2036),near-body/f1,pos;left-grip&touch(d0mm),11b(1m),m2437/

Area Scan:72x84,12 (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 W/kg

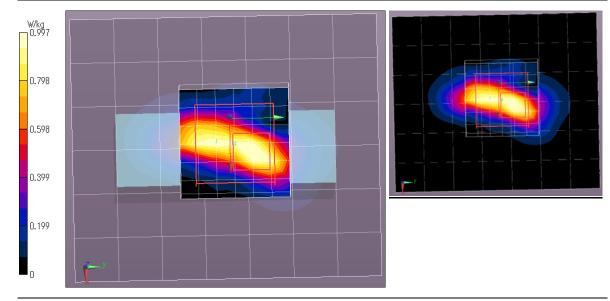
Area Scan:72x84,12 (61x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 W/kg Z Scan:160,5 (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 W/kg

Zoom Scan:30x30x30,5 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Reference Value = 22.666 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.997 W/kg

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.664 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.624 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.237 mW/g



Remarks: \*. Date tested: 2013/04/10; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,

\*!liquid depth: 150mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0mm (2mm to liquid); ambient:  $24 \pm 0.5$ deg.C. /  $35 \pm 5$  %RH,

\*!liquid temperature: 22.5(start)/22.4(end)/22.4(in check) deg.C.; \*.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

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Appendix 2-2: Measurement data / Platform (1)-Digital camera (1) (cont'd)

Step 1: Changed the channels at a worst SAR position that was determined in a pre-check test (cont'd

## Step 1-2: 2412MHz (1ch.), Left & touch (separation distance=0mm) / 11b(1Mbps)

->Worst reported (and measured) SAR (1g) of EUT installed in platform (1)

## EUT: Wireless module (in Digital camera (1)); Type: WM812 (DC1:PC2036); Serial: 4ED (DC1:122)

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b(1Mbps, DBPSK/DSSS); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0 Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.921$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.87$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY Configuration:** -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(6.77, 6.77, 6.77); Calibrated: 2012/06/21;

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0 -Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/03/11

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

-DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

#### WM812+dc1(PC2036),near-body/f2,ch;left-grip&touch(d0mm),11b(1m),m2412/

Area Scan:72x84,12 (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 W/kg

Area Scan: 72x84, 12 (61x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx = 1.200 mm, dy = 1.200 mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.20 W/kg

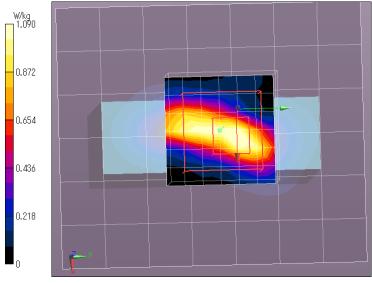
Z Scan:160,5 (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg

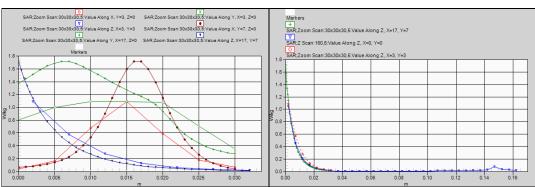
## Zoom Scan:30x30x30,5 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Reference Value = 24.145 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 W/kg

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.719 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.690 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.260 mW/g





Remarks: \*. Date tested: 2013/04/10; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,

- \*.liquid depth: 150mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0mm (2mm to liquid); ambient: 24 ± 0.5deg.C. / 35 ± 5 %RH,
- \*.liquid temperature: 22.4(start)/22.3(end)/22.4(in check) deg.C.; \*.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

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### Appendix 2-2: Measurement data / Platform (1)-Digital camera (1) (cont'd)

Step 1: Changed the channels at a worst SAR position that was determined in a pre-check test (cont'd

## Step 1-3: 2462MHz (11ch.), Left & touch (separation distance=0mm) / 11b(1Mbps)

## EUT: Wireless module (in Digital camera (1)); Type: WM812 (DC1:PC2036); Serial: 4ED (DC1:122)

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b(1Mbps, DBPSK/DSSS); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0 Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.982$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.51$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY Configuration:** -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(6.77, 6.77, 6.77); Calibrated: 2012/06/21;

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0 -Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/03/11

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

-DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

### WM812+dc1(PC2036),near-body/f3,ch;left-grip&touch(d0mm),11b(1m),m2462/

Area Scan:72x84,12 (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg

Area Scan:72x84,12 (61x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

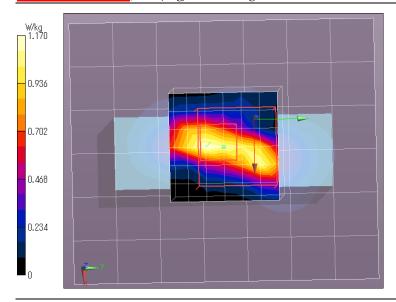
Z Scan:160,5 (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 W/kg

## Zoom Scan:30x30x30,5 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

 $Reference\ Value=23.866\ V/m;\ Power\ Drift=-0.01\ dB,\ Maximum\ value\ of\ SAR\ (measured)=1.17\ W/kg$ 

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.897 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.654 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.252 mW/g



Remarks: \*. Date tested: 2013/04/10; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,

\*.liquid depth: 150mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0mm (2mm to liquid); ambient:  $24 \pm 0.5 \text{deg.C.} / 35 \pm 5 \text{ }\%\text{RH}$ ,

 $*. liquid temperature: 22.3 (start) \\ 22.2 (end) \\ 22.4 (in check) deg C; \\ *. White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g) \\ /small=SAR(1g) \\ /small$ 

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# Appendix 2-2: Measurement data / Platform (1)-Digital camera (1) (cont'd)

### Step 2: Changed the position for reference

Step 2-1: Top & touch (separation distance=0mm) / 11b(1Mbps), 2437MHz (6ch.),

### EUT: Wireless module (in Digital camera (1)); Type: WM812 (DC1:PC2036); Serial: 4ED (DC1:122)

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b(1Mbps, DBPSK/DSSS); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0 Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.947$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.58$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY Configuration:** -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(6.77, 6.77, 6.77); Calibrated: 2012/06/21;

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0 -Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/03/11

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

-DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

### WM812+dc1(PC2036),near-body/f8,pos;top&touch(d0mm),11b(1m),m2437/

Area Scan:60x132,12 (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.171 W/kg

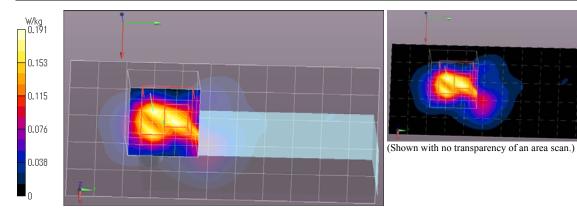
Area Scan:60x132,12 (51x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.196 W/kg

Zoom Scan:30x30x30,5 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Reference Value = 9.063 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.191 W/kg

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.350 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.110 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 mW/g



Remarks: \*. Date tested: 2013/04/10; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,

- \*.liquid depth: 150mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0mm (2mm to liquid); ambient:  $24 \pm 0.5 \text{deg.C.} / 35 \pm 5 \% \text{RH}$ ,
- \*liquid temperature: 22.2(start)/22.2(end)/22.4(in check) deg.C.; \*White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

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## Appendix 2-2: Measurement data / Platform (1)-Digital camera (1) (cont'd)

Step 2: Changed the position for reference (cont'd)

## Step 2-2: Front-left (near antenna) & touch (separation distance=0mm) / 11b(1Mbps), 2437MHz (6ch.),

# EUT: Wireless module (in Digital camera (1)); Type: WM812 (DC1:PC2036); Serial: 4ED (DC1:122)

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b(1Mbps, DBPSK/DSSS); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0 Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.947$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 50.58$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY Configuration:** -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(6.77, 6.77, 6.77); Calibrated: 2012/06/21;

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0 -Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/03/11

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

-DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

### WM812+dc1(PC2036),near-body/f11,pos(a/s-only);front-left&touch(d0mm),11b(1m),m2437/

Area Scan:84x72,12 (8x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.140 W/kg

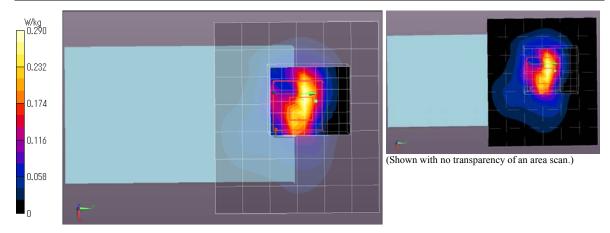
Area Scan:84x72,12 (71x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.182 W/k

Zoom Scan:30x30x30,5 (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Reference Value = 9.475 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.290 W/kg

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.427 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.162 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 mW/g



- Remarks: \*. Date tested: 2013/04/10; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No. 7 shielded room,
  - \*.liquid depth: 150mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0mm (2mm to liquid); ambient:  $24 \pm 0.5 \text{deg.C.} / 35 \pm 5 \text{ }\%\text{RH}$ ,
  - \*liquid temperature: 22.2(start)/22.3(end)/22.4(in check) deg.C.; \*.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

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## **APPENDIX 3:** Test instruments

## Appendix 3-1: Equipment used

DASY52 Dielectric measurement SAR measurement system SAR robot  Data Acquisition Electronics Dosimetric E-Field Probe	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG Agilent Schmid&Partner Engineering AG Schmid&Partner Engineering AG Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DASY52 V8.2 B969 85070 DASY5 TX60 Lspeag		SAR SAR SAR	- Pre Check
SAR measurement system SAR robot  Data Acquisition Electronics Dosimetric E-Field Probe	Agilent Schmid&Partner Engineering AG Schmid&Partner Engineering AG Schmid&Partner	DASY5 TX60 Lspeag	F12/5L2QA1/A	SAR	Pre Check
system SAR robot  Data Acquisition Electronics Dosimetric E-Field Probe	Engineering AG Schmid&Partner Engineering AG Schmid&Partner	TX60 Lspeag	F12/5L2QA1/A		Pre Check
Data Acquisition Electronics Dosimetric E-Field Probe	Engineering AG Schmid&Partner			SAR	
Electronics Dosimetric E-Field Probe		DAEA	/01		2012/09/24 * 12
Probe		DAE4	626	SAR	2013/03/11 * 12
	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	EX3DV4	3679	SAR	2012/06/21 * 12
Dipole Antenna	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	D2450V2	822	SAR(daily)	2013/01/08 * 12
Flat Phantom	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	Oval flat phantom ELI 4.0	1059	SAR	2012/10/31 * 12
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US39171777	SAR	2012/12/29 * 12
Dielectric probe	Agilent	85070E/8710-2036	2540	SAR	2013/03/05 * 12
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMT06	100763	SAR(daily)	2012/06/26 * 12
RF Power Amplifier	MILMEGA	AS2560-50	1018582	SAR(daily)	Pre Check
Directional Coupler	Pulsar Microwave Corp.	CCS30-B26	0621	SAR(daily)	Pre Check
Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	101599	SAR(daily)	2012/09/13 * 12
Power sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z4	100372	SAR(daily)	2012/09/13 * 12
Power sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z4	100371	SAR(daily)	2012/09/13 * 12
Attenuator	Weinschel	24-10-34	BY5927	SAR(daily)	2013/02/27 * 12
Attenuator	TME	SFA-01AXPJ-20	-	SAR(daily)	2013/02/19 * 12
Ruler(300mm)	Shinwa	13134	-	SAR(daily)	2013/03/25 * 12
Ruler(100x50mm,L)	Shinwa	12101	-	SAR(daily)	2012/05/29 * 12
Digtal thermometer	HANNA	Checktemp-2	KOS-13	SAR	2013/01/31 * 12
Thermo-Hygrometer data logger	SATO KEIRYOKI	SK-L200THII $\alpha$ / SK-LTHII $\alpha$ -2	015246/08169	SAR	2013/01/31 * 12
Humidity Indicator	A&D	AD-5681	4063424	SAR	2013/02/27 * 12
Power meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	6K00003356	Ant.pwr	2012/09/14 * 12
Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	012088	Ant.pwr	2012/09/14 * 12
Attenuator	Agilent	8490D 010	50924	Ant.pwr	2013/02/19 * 12
Spectrum Analyzer	Advantest	R3272	101100994	SAR(moni.)	2012/12/17 * 12
Device holder	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	Mounting device for transmitter	-	SAR	Pre Check
DI water	MonotaRo	34557433	-	SAR(daily)	Pre Check
Tissue simulation liqud (2450MHz,body)	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	SL AAM 245	-	SAR	(Daily check) Target value ±5%
SAR shielded room (2.76m(W)x3.76m(D)x2.4m(H))	TDK	-	-	SAR	(Daily check) Ambient noise: < 12mW/kg
	Probe Dipole Antenna Flat Phantom Network Analyzer Dielectric probe Signal Generator RF Power Amplifier Directional Coupler Power Meter Power sensor Attenuator Attenuator Ruler(300mm) Ruler(100x50mm,L) Digtal thermometer Thermo-Hygrometer data logger Humidity Indicator Power meter Power sensor Attenuator Spectrum Analyzer Device holder DI water Tissue simulation liqud (2450MHz,body) SAR shielded room	Dosimetric E-Field Probe Schmid&Partner Engineering AG Dipole Antenna Schmid&Partner Engineering AG Flat Phantom Schmid&Partner Engineering AG Flat Phantom Schmid&Partner Engineering AG Network Analyzer Agilent Dielectric probe Agilent Signal Generator Rohde & Schwarz RF Power Amplifier MILMEGA Directional Coupler Pulsar Microwave Corp. Power Meter Rohde & Schwarz Power sensor Rohde & Schwarz Power sensor Rohde & Schwarz Attenuator TME Ruler(300mm) Shinwa Ruler(100x50mm,L) Shinwa Digtal thermometer HANNA Thermo-Hygrometer data logger Humidity Indicator A&D Power meter Anritsu Attenuator Agilent Spectrum Analyzer Advantest Device holder Schmid&Partner Engineering AG DI water Tissue simulation liqud (2450MHz,body) TDK  Schmid&Partner Engineering AG SAR shielded room TDK	Dosimetric E-Field Probe         Schmid&Partner Engineering AG         EX3DV4           Dipole Antenna         Schmid&Partner Engineering AG         D2450V2           Flat Phantom         Schmid&Partner Engineering AG         Oval flat phantom ELI 4.0           Network Analyzer         Agilent         8753ES           Dielectric probe         Agilent         85070E/8710-2036           Signal Generator         Rohde & Schwarz         SMT06           RF Power Amplifier         MILMEGA         AS2560-50           Directional Coupler         Pulsar Microwave Corp.         CCS30-B26           Power Meter         Rohde & Schwarz         NRVD           Power sensor         Rohde & Schwarz         NRV-Z4           Power sensor         Rohde & Schwarz         NRV-Z4           Attenuator         Weinschel         24-10-34           Attenuator         TME         SFA-01AXPJ-20           Ruler(300mm)         Shinwa         13134           Ruler(100x50mm,L)         Shinwa         12101           Digtal thermometer         HANNA         Checktemp-2           Thermo-Hygrometer         SATO KEIRYOKI         SK-L200THII α / SK-LTHII α - 2           Humidity Indicator         A&D         AD-5681           Power meter	Dosimetric E-Field   Schmid&Partner   Engineering AG   Dipole Antenna   Schmid&Partner   Engineering AG   Dipole Antenna   Schmid&Partner   Engineering AG   Flat Phantom   Schmid&Partner   Engineering AG   Network Analyzer   Agilent   8753ES   US39171777   Dielectric probe   Agilent   85070E/8710-2036   Signal Generator   Rohde & Schwarz   SMT06   100763   RF Power Amplifier   MILMEGA   AS2560-50   1018582   Directional Coupler   Pulsar Microwave Corp.   CCS30-B26   0621   Power Meter   Rohde & Schwarz   NRVD   101599   Power sensor   Rohde & Schwarz   NRV-Z4   100372   Power sensor   Rohde & Schwarz   NRV-Z4   100372   Power sensor   Rohde & Schwarz   NRV-Z4   100371   Attenuator   Weinschel   24-10-34   BY5927   Attenuator   TME   SFA-01AXPJ-20   Ruler(300mm)   Shinwa   13134   - Ruler(100x50mm,L)   Shinwa   12101   - Digtal thermometer   HANNA   Checktemp-2   KOS-13   Thermo-Hygrometer   SATO KEIRYOKI   SK-L200THII α / SK-L7HII α -2   Humidity Indicator   A&D   AD-5681   4063424   Power meter   Anritsu   ML2495A   6K00003356   Power sensor   Anritsu   MA2411B   012088   Attenuator   Agilent   8490D 010   50924   Spectrum Analyzer   Advantest   R3272   101100994   Device holder   Schmid&Partner   Engineering AG   SL AAM 245   -  Tissue simulation liqud   Schmid&Partner   Engineering AG   SL AAM 245   -  SAR shielded room   TDK   -	Dosimetric E-Field   Schmid&Partner   Engineering AG   EX3DV4   3679   SAR

The expiration date of calibration is the end of the expired month.

[Test Item] SAR: Specific Absorption Rate, Ant.pwr: Antenna terminal conducted power

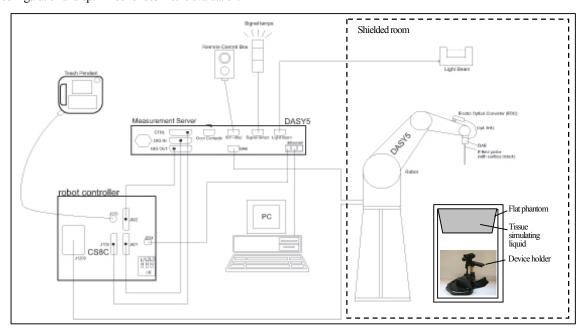
As for some calibrations performed after the tested dates, those test equipment have been controlled by means of an unbroken chains of calibrations. All equipment is calibrated with valid calibrations. Each measurement data is traceable to the national or international standards.

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### Appendix 3-2: Configuration and peripherals

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than  $\pm$  0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetry probes EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software.
- An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2 An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements,
- 3 mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- 6 The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- 7 A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY5 software.
- 8 R Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9 The phantom.
- 10 The device holder for EUT. (low-loss dielectric palette) (\*. when it was used.)
- 11 Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 12 Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

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## Appendix 3-3: Test system specification

TX60 Lsepag robot/CS8Csepag-TX60 robot controller

•Number of Axes : 6 •Repeatability : ±0.02mm

Manufacture : Stäubli Unimation Corp.

#### **DASY5 Measurement server**

•Features : The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a

400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected

to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

•Calibration : No calibration required.

•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

### Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE)

• Features : Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic.

Serial optical link for communication with DASY5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). 2 step probe touch detector for mechanical surface

detection and emergency robot stop (not in -R version)

•Measurement Range :  $1\mu V$  to > 200 mV (16bit resolution and 2 range settings: 4 mV, 400 mV)

•Input Offset voltage :  $< 1\mu V$  (with auto zero)

•Input Resistance :  $200M\Omega$ 

•Battery Power : > 10hr of operation (with two 9V battery) •Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

### Electro-Optical Converter (EOC61)

•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

#### Light Beam Switch (LB5/80)

Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

### SAR measurement software

•Item : Dosimetric Assessment System DASY5

•Software version : DASY52, V8.2 B969

Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

### E-Field Probe

•Model : EX3DV4 (serial number: 3679)

Symmetrical design with triangular core.
 Built-in shielding against static charges.

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).

•Frequency : 10MHz to 6GHz, Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30MHz to 6GHz) •Conversion Factors : 2450, 5200, 5300, 5500, 5600, 5800MHz (Head and Body)

•Directivity : ±0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

 $\pm 0.5$  dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) •Dynamic Range  $\pm 0.5$  dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)  $\pm 10 \mu W/g$  to  $\geq 100$  mW/g; Linearity:  $\pm 0.2$  dB (noise: typically  $\leq 1 \mu W/g$ )

•Dimension : Overall length: 330mm (Tip: 20mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5mm (Body: 12mm)

Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1mm

Application : High precision dosimetric measurement in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient

fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6GHz with precision

of better 30%.

•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

#### Phantom

•Type : <u>ELI 4.0 oval flat phantom</u>

Shell Material
 Fiberglass
 Shell Thickness
 Bottom plate: 2 ±0.2mm
 Dimensions
 Bottom elliptical: 600×400mm, Depth: 190mm (Volume: Approx. 30 liters)

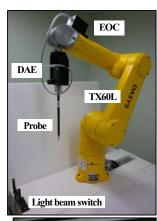
Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

### Device Holder

□ Urethane foam

XSDH-01: In combination with the ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned. The low-loss dielectric urethane foam was used for the mounting section of device holder.

•Material: POM •Manufacture: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

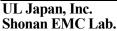












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### Appendix 3-4: Simulated tissue composition and parameter confirmation

Liquid type used	☐ / Head, HSL 2450	∠ / Body, MSL 2450
M/N / Control No.	SL AAH 245 / KSLH245-01	SL AAM 245 / KSLM245-01
Ingredient	Mixture (%)	Mixture (%)
Water	52-75 %	52-75 %
C8H18O3 (DGBE, .Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether)	25-48%	25-48%
NaCl	<1.0%	<1.0%
Manufacture	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG

\*. The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the 85070E dielectric probe kit.

	Dielectric parameter measurement results (Body tissue)															
	Date	Freq.	Ambient		Liq.T.[deg.C.]		Liquid	Parameters	Target value			ΔSAR	Deviation	Limit	Deviation	Limit
		[MHz]	Temp [deg.C.]	Humidity [%RH]	Before	After	Depth [mm]	Relative permittivity: εr Conductivity: σ	#1:Std. (*1)	#2:Cal. (*2)	Measured	(1g) [%] (*3)	for #1 (Std.)[%]	[%]	for #2 (Cal.)[%]	[%] (*2)
	April 10,	2450	23.5	32	22.4	22.4	(155)	er [-]	52.7	50.5	50.57	(+1.23)	-4.0	±5	+0.1	±5
	2013	2430	00 23.3 3.	32	22.4	22.4	(133)	σ[S/m]	1.95	2.01	1.963	(+1.23)	+0.7	±5	-2.3	±5

- The target value is a parameter defined in OET65, Supplement C.
- The target value is a parameter defined in the calibration data sheet of D2450V2 (sn:822) dipole calibrated by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (Certification No. D2450V2-822 Jan13, the data sheet was filed in this report.).
- \*3. The number of \( \Delta SAR(1g) \) of body simulated tissue was reference purpose only. \( \Delta SAR \) correction was only applied to head simulated tissue. The coefficients are parameters defined in Annex F, IEC 62209-2:2010. In accordance with clause 6.1.1 of IEC 62209-2; "If the correction ASAR has a negative sign, the measured SAR results shall not be corrected", the calculated  $\Delta$ SAR values of the tested liquid had shown negative correction. Therefore the measured SAR was not required ΔSAR correction.

**∆SAR(1g)=** Cer **x**∆er + Co **x**∆o, Cer=-7.854E-4×f³+9.402E-3×f²-2.742E-2×f-0.2026 / Co =9.804E-3×f³-8.661E-2×f²+2.981E-2×f+0.7829

Decision on Simulated Tissues of 2450MHz; In the current standards (e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65 Supplement C), the dielectric parameters suggested for head and body tissue simulating liquid are given at 2000, 2450 and 3000MHz. As an intermediate solution, dielectric parameters for the frequencies between 2000-2450 and 2450-3000 were obtained using linear interpolation.

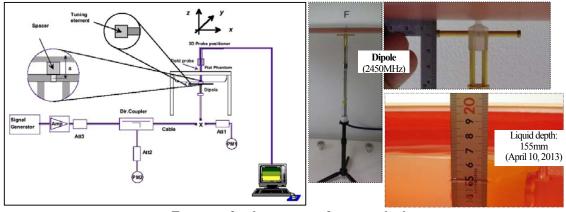
	Sta	ndard			Interpolated						
f(MHz)	Head	Tissue	Body	Tissue	f(MHz)	Head	Tissue	Body Tissue			
T (IVII IZ)	er	σ[S/m]	εr	$\sigma[S/m]$	I (IVII IZ)	er	σ[S/m]	εr	σ[S/m]		
(1800-)2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	2412	39.27	1.766	52.75	1.914		
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	2437	39.22	1.788	52.72	1.938		
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	2462	39.18	1.813	52.68	1.967		

### Appendix 3-5: Daily check data

Prior to the SAR assessment of EUT, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of ±10%. The Daily check results are in the table below. (\*. Refer to Appendix 3-6 of measurement data.)

	Daily check results														
	Freq.	T * * 1	Ambient		L'. 'IT H. CI		Liquid	[]	σ[S/m]	Power	Daily check target & measured				
Date	[MHz]	Liquid	Temp	Humidity	Liquia	iquid Temp. [deg.C.]		Depth [mm]	er [-] measured		drift	S	AR 1g [W/kg]	Deviation	Limit
		Type [c	[deg.C.]	[%RH]	Check Before A	After	measured			[dB]	Target	Measured	[%]	[%]	
April 10, 2013	2450	Body	23.7	31	22.4	22.7	22.6	155	50.57	1.963	-0.02	<b>12.8</b> (*4)	13 (at 250mW) (ΔSAR corrected: -)	+1.6	±10

- \*4. The target value is a parameter defined in the calibration data sheet of D2450V2 (sn:822) dipole calibrated by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (Certification No. D2450V2-822\_Jan13, the data sheet was filed in this report.).
  - \*. We performed the Daily check based on FCC requirement, "The 1g or 10g SAR values measured using the required tissue dielectric parameters should be within 10% of manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR values. However these manufacturer calibrated dipole target SAR values should be substantially similar to those defined in IEEE Standard 1528." and FCC permits "SAR system verification with the actual liquid used for EUT's SAR measurement, should be the default operating procedures." We confirmed the this dipole manufacture's validation data for head is within 5% against IEEE Standard 1528 (manufacture's cal.: 52.5W/kg (+0.2%, vs. standard=52.4W/kg). so we can only use Body liquid validation data for our Daily check procedure



Test setup for the system performance check

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#### Appendix 3-6: System check measurement data

2450MHz System check (Body tissue) / Forward conducted power: 250mW

EUT: Dipole (2.45GHz); Type: D2450V2; Serial: 822

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0

Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.963 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 50.57$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY Configuration:** -Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(6.77, 6.77, 6.77); Calibrated: 2012/06/21; -DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824) -Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0 -Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/03/11 -Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

Area Scan:60x60,15 (5x5x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg Area Scan:60x60,15 (41x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.8 W/kg

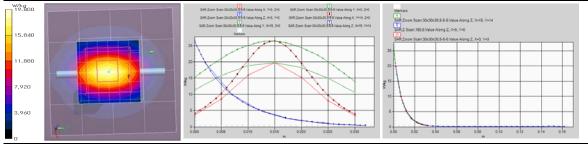
Z Scan;160,5 (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

Zoom Scan:30x30x30x5-5-5 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Reference Value = 101.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.483 mW/g (-1.9%, vs. speag-cal.=27.0 W/kg)

SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g (+1.6%, vs. speag-cal. = 12.8 W/kg); SAR(10 g) = 6.06 mW/g



\*. Date tested: 2013/04/10; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No.7 shielded room, Remarks:

\*.liquid depth: 155mm; Position: distance of dipole to phantom: 8mm (10mm to liquid); ambient: 23.7 deg.C. / 31 %RH,

\*.liquid temperature: 22.7(start)/22.6(end)/22.4(in check) deg.C.; \*.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g )/small=SAR(1g)

### Appendix 3-7: Daily check uncertainty

Uncertainty of system daily check (~6GHz) (Body liquid, 2.4-6	GHz, e', σ: ≤5%) (v06) <b>1g SAR</b>	10g SAR
Combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement sy	$\pm 12.7 \%$	± 12.4 %
Expanded uncertainty (k=2)	± 25.4 %	±24.8 %

	Expanded un	cerumity (K 2)	/				-20.170	-21.0 /0	1
	Error Description	Uncertainty Value	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	ui (1g)	ui (10g)	Vi, veff
A	Measurement System (DASY5)						(std. uncertainty)	(std. uncertainty)	
1	Probe Calibration Error (245,52,5.3,5.5,5.6,5.8GHz±100MHz)	±6.55 %	Normal	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	$\infty$
2		±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	$\infty$
3	Hemispherical isotropy (*flat phantom, <5°)	±9.6 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	$\infty$
4	Boundary effects	±4.8 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.8%	±2.8 %	$\infty$
5	Probe linearity	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7 %	$\infty$
6	Probe modulation response (CW)	±0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0%	$\infty$
7	System detection min	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6 %	$\infty$
8	Response Time Error (<5ms/100ms wait)	±0.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0 %	$\infty$
9	Table Comment Comment (Comment Comment	±0.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0 %	∞
10	System readout electronics (DAE)	±0.3 %	Normal	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	$\infty$
11	RF ambient conditions-noise	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
12		±3.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	$\infty$
13	- rece produced received to the control of the cont	±3.3 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.9%	±1.9 %	$\infty$
14	3	±6.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9 %	$\infty$
15		±4.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	$\infty$
В	Test Sample Related								
16	Deviation of the experimental source	±5.5 %	Normal	1	1	1	±5.5 %	±5.5 %	$\infty$
17	Dipole to liquid distance (10mm±0.2mm,<2deg.)	±2.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	$\infty$
18	Drift of output power (measured, <0.2dB)	±2.5 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4%	$\infty$
C	Phantom and Setup								
19	Phantom uncertainty	±2.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	$\infty$
20	Liquid conductivity (target) (≤5%)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	±1.8 %	±1.2%	$\infty$
21	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	±3.0 %	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	±1.9 %	±1.3 %	$\infty$
22	Liquid permittivity (target) (≤5%)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	±1.7 %	±1.4%	$\infty$
23	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	±3.0 %	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	±1.8%	±1.5 %	$\infty$
24	Liquid Conductivity-temp.uncertainty (≤2deg.C.)	±5.2 %	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.3 %	±2.1 %	$\infty$
25	Liquid Permittivity-temp.uncertainty (\( \leq 2\)deg.C.)	±0.8 %	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	$\infty$
	Combined Standard Uncertainty						±12.7%	±12.4%	
	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						±25.4%	±24.8%	1

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE 1528, IEC 62209-2 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (DASY5 Uncertainty Budget).