

### **Appendix 3-7: Simulated tissue parameter confirmation**

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the 85070E dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measurement is reported in each correspondent section.

Date	Freq. [MHz]	Dielectric parameter measurement results												
		Ambient		Liq.T.[degC.]		Liquid Depth [mm]	Parameters	Target value		Measured	Deviation for #1 (Std.)[%]	Limit [%]	Deviation for #2 (Cal.)[%]	Limit [%]
		Temp [degC.]	Humidity [%RH]	Before	After			#1:Std. (*1)	#2:Cal. (*2)					
Sept. 5, 2011	5200	24.1	63	24.0	24.0	(149)	Relative permittivity: $\epsilon_r$ [-]	<b>49.01</b>	<b>47.2</b>	49.80	+1.6	$\pm 5$	+5.5	$\pm 6$
							Conductivity: $\sigma$ [S/m]	<b>5.299</b>	<b>5.37</b>	5.554	+4.8	$\pm 5$	+3.4	$\pm 6$
Sept. 6, 2011	5800	25.0	63	24.9	24.9	(149)	Relative permittivity: $\epsilon_r$ [-]	<b>48.2</b>	<b>46.2</b>	48.80	+1.3	$\pm 5$	+5.6	$\pm 6$
							Conductivity: $\sigma$ [S/m]	<b>6.00</b>	<b>6.16</b>	6.244	+4.1	$\pm 5$	+1.4	$\pm 6$
Sept. 9, 2011	2450	23.8	63	23.7	23.7	(158)	Relative permittivity: $\epsilon_r$ [-]	<b>52.7</b>	<b>52.5</b>	50.17	-4.8	$\pm 5$	-4.4	$\pm 6$
							Conductivity: $\sigma$ [S/m]	<b>1.95</b>	<b>1.96</b>	1.976	+1.3	$\pm 5$	+0.8	$\pm 6$

\*1. The target value is a parameter defined in OET65, Supplement C.

\*2 For 5200MHz and 5800MHz, the target value and limit are parameter defined in the calibration data sheet of D5GHzV2 (sn:1070) dipole calibrated by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (Certification No. D5GHzV2-1070\_Feb11, the data sheet was filed in this report).

For 2450MHz, the target value and limit are parameter defined in the calibration data sheet of D2450V2 (sn:822) dipole calibrated by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (Certification No. D2450V2-822\_Jan11, the data sheet was filed in this report).

#### **\*. Decision on Simulated Tissues of 5200MHz**

In the current standards (e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65 Supplement C), the dielectric parameters suggested for head and body tissue simulating liquid are given at 3000MHz and 5800MHz. As an intermediate solution, dielectric parameters for the frequencies between 5000 to 5800 MHz were obtained using linear interpolation. Furthermore, dielectric parameters for the frequencies above 5800MHz were obtained using linear extrapolation. Therefore the dielectric parameters of 5200MHz (the frequency for the validation) and other SAR tested frequencies in listed below were decided as following.

Standard, interpolated and extrapolated dielectric parameters for head and body tissue simulating liquid in the frequency range 3000 to 5825MHz.

f (MHz)	Head Tissue		Body Tissue		Reference	f (MHz)	Head Tissue		Body Tissue		Reference
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [S/m]	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [S/m]			$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [S/m]	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [S/m]	
<b>3000</b>	<b>38.5</b>	<b>2.40</b>	<b>52.0</b>	<b>2.73</b>	<b>Standard</b>	5755	-	-	48.26	5.947	Interpolated
<b>5800</b>	<b>35.3</b>	<b>5.27</b>	<b>48.2</b>	<b>6.00</b>	<b>Standard</b>	5765	-	-	48.25	5.959	Interpolated
5190	-	-	49.03	5.288	Interpolated	5785	-	-	48.22	5.982	Interpolated
5200	-	-	49.01	5.299	Interpolated	5795	-	-	48.21	5.994	Interpolated
5230	-	-	48.97	5.334	Interpolated	5825	-	-	48.17	6.029	Extrapolated
5240	-	-	48.96	5.346	Interpolated						
5260	-	-	48.93	5.369	Interpolated						
5270	-	-	48.92	5.381	Interpolated						
5310	-	-	48.87	5.428	Interpolated						
5320	-	-	48.85	5.439	Interpolated						

### Appendix 3-8: System validation data

Prior to the SAR assessment of EUT, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are in the table below.

Date	Freq. [MHz]	Liquid Type	System validation results									System dipole validation target & measured			
			Ambient		Liquid Temp. [deg.C.]			Liquid Depth [mm]	Permittivity measured $\epsilon_r$ [-]	Conductivity measured $\sigma$ [S/m]	Power drift [dB]	SAR 1g [W/kg] (at 1W)		Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
			Temp [deg.C.]	Humidity [%RH]	Check	Before	After					Target value	Measured (*3)		
Sept. 5, 2011	5200	Body	24.3	63	24.0	24.0	23.9	149	49.8	5.55	-0.019	77.1(*1) (80.3 (at 100mW))	80.3 (80.3 (at 100mW))	+4.2	$\pm 10$
Sept. 6, 2011	5800	Body	24.8	59	24.9	24.6	24.6	149	48.8	6.24	0.051	72.4(*1) (72.1 (at 100mW))	72.1 (72.1 (at 100mW))	-0.4	$\pm 10$
Sept. 9, 2011	2450	Body	23.8	57	23.7	23.6	23.6	158	50.2	1.98	-0.076	50.9(*2) (50.0 (at 250mW))	50.0 (50.0 (at 250mW))	-1.8	$\pm 10$

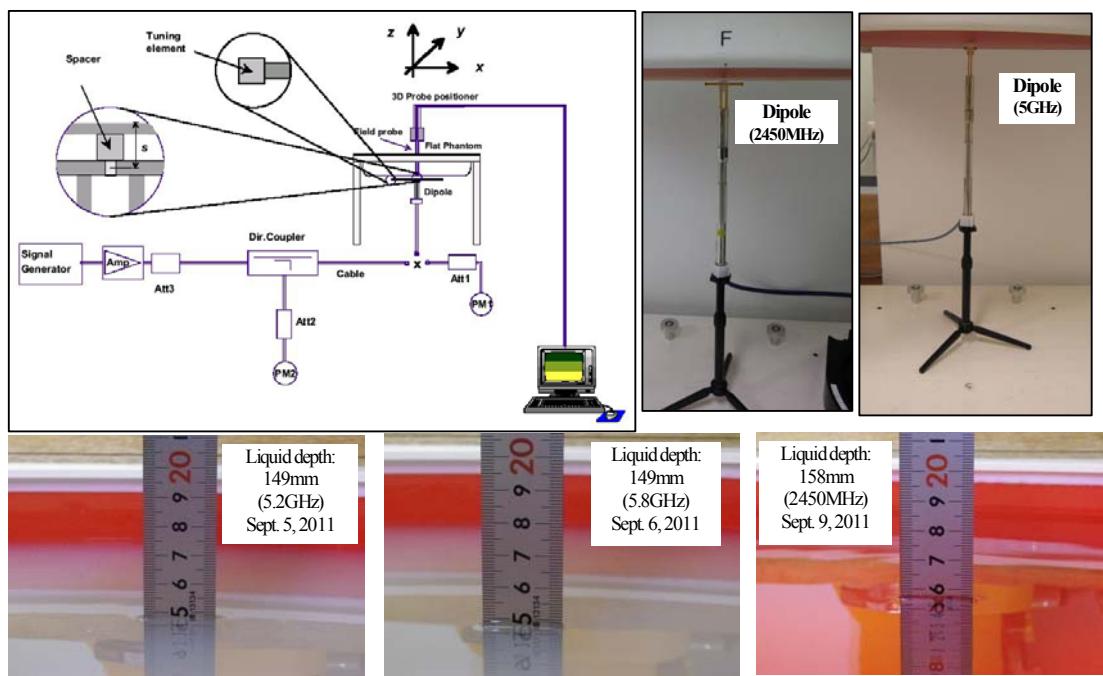
Note: Refer to Appendix 3-10 Validation measurement data for the above result representation in plot data.

\*1. The target value is a parameter defined in the calibration data sheet of D5GHzV2(sn:1070) dipole calibrated by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (Certification No. D5GHzV2-1070\_Feb11, the data sheet was filed in this report).

\*2. The target value is a parameter defined in the calibration data sheet of D2450V2 (sn:822) dipole calibrated by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (Certification No. D2450V2-822\_Jan11, the data sheet was filed in this report).

\*. We performed the system validation based on FCC requirement, "The 1-g or 10-g SAR values measured using the required tissue dielectric parameters should be within 10% of manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR values. However these manufacturer calibrated dipole target SAR values should be substantially similar to those defined in IEEE Standard 1528." and FCC permits "SAR system verification with the actual liquid used for EUT's SAR measurement, should be the default operating procedures." We confirmed the this dipole manufacture's validation data for head is within 5% against IEEE Standard 1528 (manufacture's cal.: 54.4W/kg (+3.8% vs. std.: 52.4W/kg). so we can only use Body liquid validation data for our system verification

\*3. The measurement value was normalized to 1W forward power.



Test setup for the system performance check

### Appendix 3-9: Validation uncertainty

Uncertainty of system check setup	Under 3GHz	
	1g SAR	10g SAR
combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system (k=1)	± 9.9%	± 9.6%
expanded uncertainty (k=2)	± 19.9%	± 19.3%

	Error Description	Uncertainty Value	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	ui (1g)	ui (10g)	vi, veff
<b>A Measurement System</b>									
1	Probe calibration	±5.9 %	Normal	1	1	1	±5.9 %	±5.9 %	∞
2	Axial isotropy	±4.7 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
3	Hemispherical isotropy (flat, <5°)	±2.6 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.1 %	±1.1 %	∞
4	Boundary effects	±1.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
5	Probe linearity	±4.7 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
6	System detection limit	±1.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
7	System readout electronics	±0.3 %	Normal	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
8	Response time	±0.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
9	Integration time	±0.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
10	RF ambient - noise	±3.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
11	RF ambient - reflections	±3.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
12	Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	±0.4 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2 %	±0.2 %	∞
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	±2.9 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
14	Max.SAR evaluation	±1.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
<b>B Dipole</b>									
15	Dipole axis to liquid distance	±2.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
16	Input power and SAR drift measurement	±4.7 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±4.7 %	±4.7 %	3
<b>C Phantom and Setup</b>									
17	Phantom uncertainty	±4.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8 %	±1.2 %	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	±2.9 %	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	±1.9 %	±1.2 %	3
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	±1.7 %	±1.4 %	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	±2.9 %	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	±1.7 %	±1.4 %	3
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>							±9.9 %	±9.6 %	88
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)</b>							±19.9 %	±19.3 %	

\*. This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE 1528 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.[6]

Uncertainty of SAR measurement system /Validation	5~6 GHz	
	1g SAR	10g SAR
combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system (k=1)	± 12.1%	± 11.9%
expanded uncertainty (k=2)	± 24.2%	± 23.7%

	Error Description	Uncertainty Value	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	ui (1g)	ui (10g)	vi, veff
<b>A Measurement System</b>									
1	Probe calibration	±6.8 %	Normal	1	1	1	±6.8 %	±6.8 %	∞
2	Axial isotropy	±4.7 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
3	Hemispherical isotropy (*flat phantom, <5°)	±2.6 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.1 %	±1.1 %	∞
4	Boundary effects	±2.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
5	Probe linearity	±4.7 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
6	System detection limit	±1.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
7	System readout electronics	±0.3 %	Normal	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
8	Response time	±0.8 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0 %	±0 %	∞
9	Integration time	±2.6 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0 %	±0 %	∞
10	RF ambient - noise	±3.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
11	RF ambient - reflections	±3.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
12	Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	±0.8 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	±9.9 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±5.7 %	±5.7 %	∞
14	Max.SAR evaluation	±4.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
<b>B Dipole</b>									
15	Dipole axis to liquid distance	±2.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
16	Input power and SAR drift measurement	±4.7 %	Normal	1	1	1	±4.7 %	±4.7 %	∞
<b>C Phantom and Setup</b>									
17	Phantom uncertainty	±4.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8 %	±1.2 %	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	±3.0 %	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	±1.9 %	±1.3 %	∞
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	±1.7 %	±1.4 %	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	±3.2 %	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	±1.9 %	±1.6 %	∞
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>							±12.1 %	±11.9 %	∞
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)</b>							±24.2 %	±23.7 %	

\*. This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. [6]

### Appendix 3-10: Validation measurement data

(September 5, 2011) 5200MHz system check (Body) / Forward conducted power: 100mW

EUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1070

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0

Medium: MSL5800; Medium parameters used(24.0deg.C.): f = 5200 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.55 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

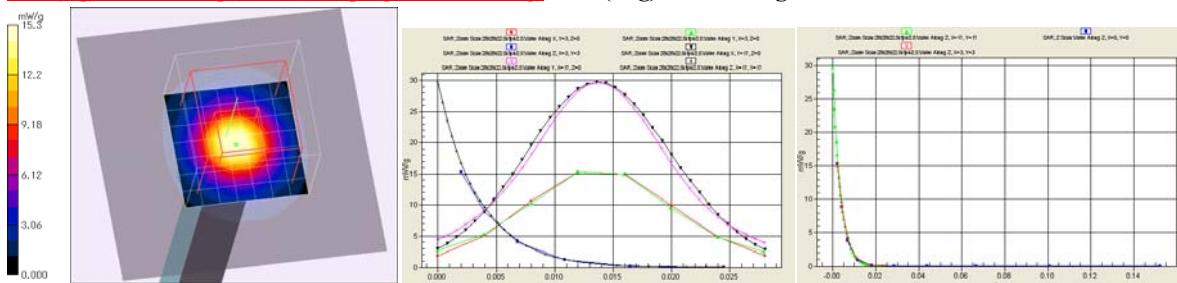
DASY4 Configuration:  
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(4.1, 4.1, 4.1); Calibrated: 2011/05/19  
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section  
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Area Scan: (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.7 mW/g  
Z Scan (1x1x10): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=2mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 mW/g

Zoom Scan:(xy28,z22.5/4.2&r1.5) (8x8x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm;  
Reference Value = 60.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.8 W/kg (-4.1%, vs. speag-cal=31.1W/kg)

SAR(1 g) = 8.03 mW/g (+4.2%, vs. speag-cal=7.71mW/g); SAR(10 g) = 2.29 mW/g



Additional information:

\*position: distance of dipole to phantom: 8mm (10mm to liquid), liquid depth: 149mm

\*ambient: 24.3 deg.C / 63 %RH; liquid temperature: (before) 24.0 deg.C (after) 23.9 deg.C

\*white cubic: zoom scan area, red big cubic: SAR(10g), red small cubic: SAR(1g)

\*Tested by: Hiroshi Naka / Tested place:No.7 shielded room, Date tested: September 5, 2011

(September 6, 2011) 5800MHz system check (Body) / Forward conducted power: 100mW

EUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1070

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0

Medium: MSL5800; Medium parameters used(24.9deg.C.): f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma = 6.24 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 48.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:  
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(3.94, 3.94, 3.94); Calibrated: 2011/05/19  
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section  
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

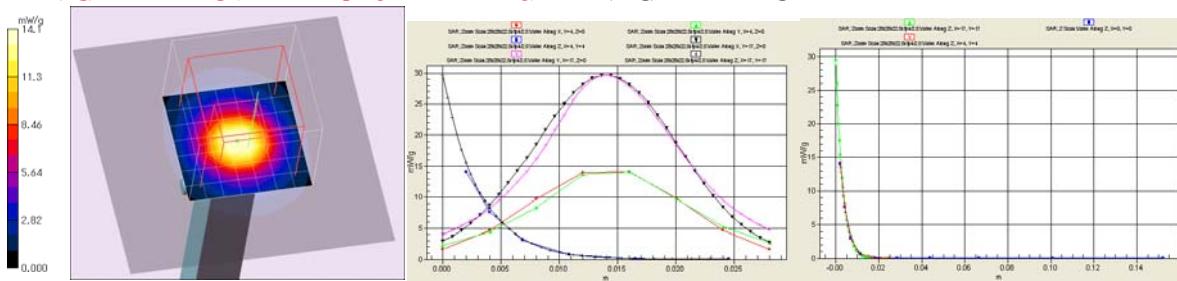
Area Scan: (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.7 mW/g

Z Scan (1x1x10): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=2mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 mW/g

Zoom Scan:(xy28,z22.5/4.2&r1.5) (8x8x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm;  
Reference Value = 55.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.051 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.7 W/kg (-10.0%, vs. speag-cal=33.0W/kg)

SAR(1 g) = 7.21 mW/g (-0.4%, vs. speag-cal=7.24mW/g); SAR(10 g) = 2.02 mW/g



Additional information:

\*position: distance of dipole to phantom: 8mm (10mm to liquid), liquid depth: 149mm

\*ambient: 24.8 deg.C / 59 %RH; liquid temperature: (before) 24.6 deg.C (after) 24.6 deg.C

\*white cubic: zoom scan area, red big cubic: SAR(10g), red small cubic: SAR(1g)

\*Tested by: Hiroshi Naka / Tested place:No.7 shielded room, Date tested: September 6, 2011

Appendix 3-10: Validation measurement data (cont'd)

**(September 9, 2011) 2450MHz system check (Body) / Forward conducted power: 250mW**

**EUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 822**

**Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0**

**Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used(23.7deg.C): f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$**

DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2011/05/19

- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2011/02/10

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

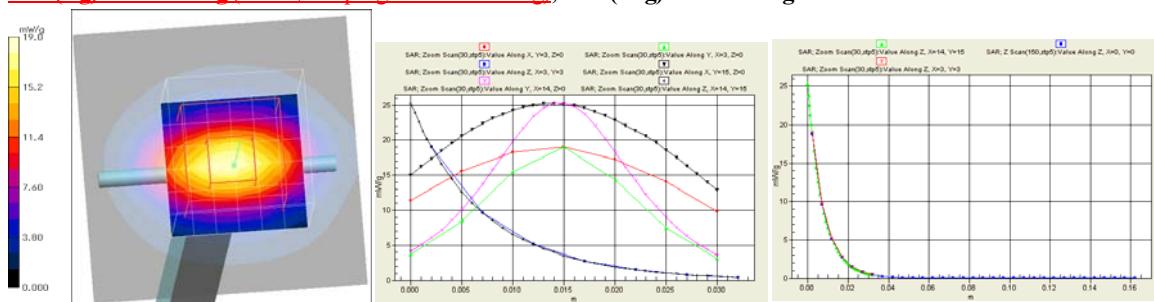
**Area Scan(60,stp15) (41x41x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.1 mW/g  
**Z Scan(150,stp5) (1x1x33):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 mW/g

**Zoom Scan(30,stp5) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Reference Value = 99.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 mW/g

**Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.2 W/kg (-6.7%, vs. speag-cal=27.0W/kg)**

**SAR(1 g) = 12.5 mW/g (-1.8%, vs. speag-cal=12.73mW/g); SAR(10 g) = 5.88 mW/g**



**Additional information:**

\*.position: distance of dipole to phantom: 8mm (10mm to liquid), liquid depth: 158mm

\*.ambient: 23.8 deg.C / 57 %RH; liquid temperature: (before) 23.6 deg.C / (after) 23.6 deg.C

\*.white cubic: zoom scan area, red big cubic: SAR(10g), red small cubic: SAR(1g)

\*.Tested by: Hiroshi Naka / Tested place:No.7 shielded room, Date tested: September 9, 2011

Appendix 3-11: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (sn:822)

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di teratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client UL Japan (PTT)

Certificate No: D2450V2-822\_Jan11

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object D2450V2 - SN: 822

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: January 05, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (In house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41082317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US57390585 54206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	

Approved by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: January 5, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Appendix 3-11: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (sn:822) (cont'd)

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Appendix 3-11: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (sn:822) (cont'd)

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.9 ± 6 %	1.74 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.5 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	54.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	54.4 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.33 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.3 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

---

Appendix 3-11: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (sn:822) (cont'd)

**Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.5 ± 6 %	1.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

**SAR result with Body TSL**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.8 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	51.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.91 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	23.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.6 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

---

Appendix 3-11: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (sn:822) (cont'd)

**Appendix**

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.3 $\Omega$ + 3.6 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.4 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.7 $\Omega$ + 5.2 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.6 dB

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.159 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.  
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 11, 2008

Appendix 3-11: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (sn:822) (cont'd)

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 04.01.2011 14:12:13

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:822**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.75$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6 Build (401)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

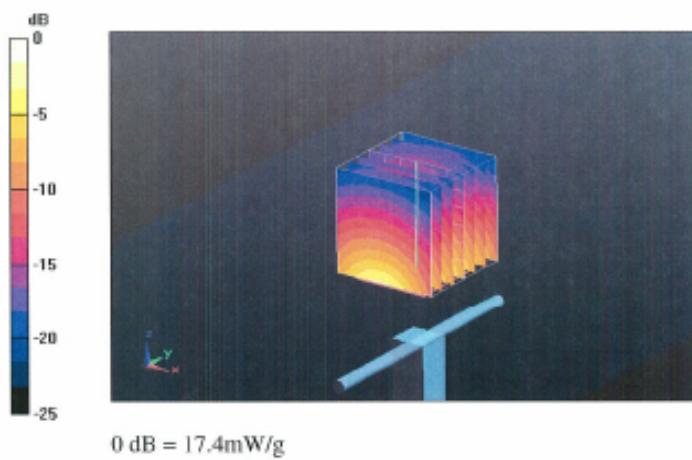
**Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 103.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 mW/g**

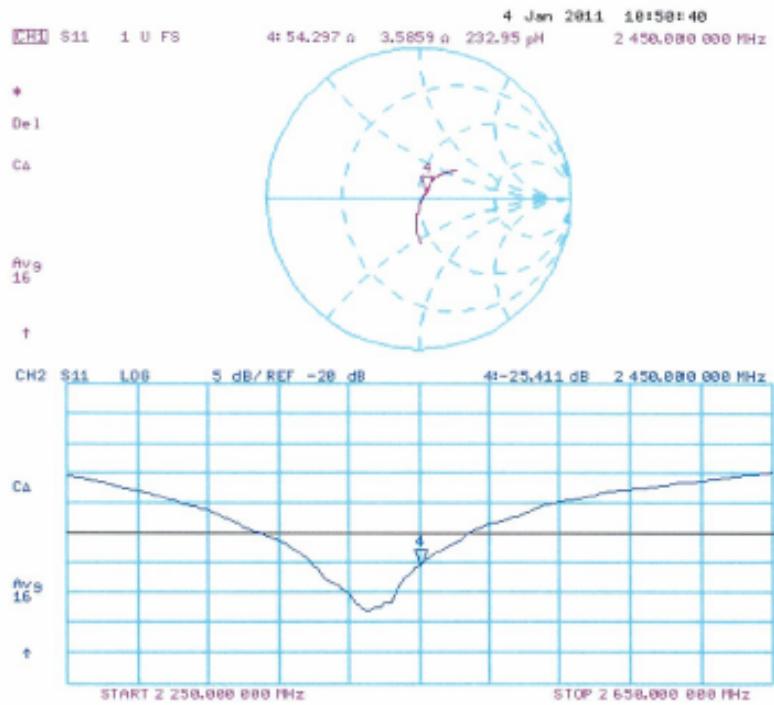
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 mW/g



0 dB = 17.4mW/g

Appendix 3-11: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (sn:822) (cont'd)

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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**Appendix 3-11: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (sn:822) (cont'd)**

**DASY5 Validation Report for Body**

Date/Time: 05.01.2011 12:40:53

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:822**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.97$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6 Build (401)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

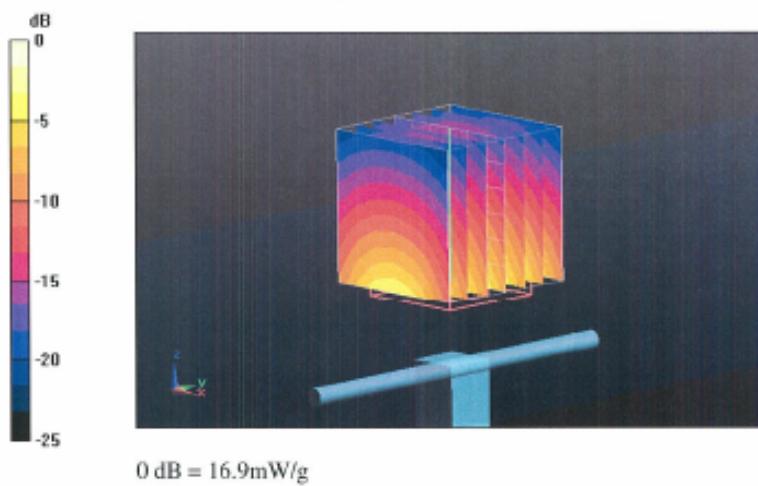
**Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

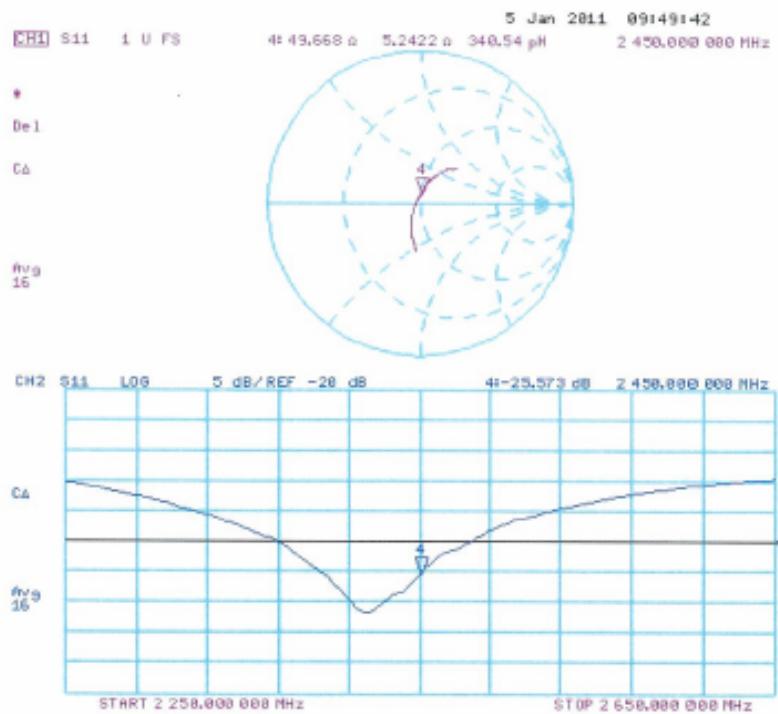
**SAR(1 g) = 12.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.91 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 mW/g



Appendix 3-11: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2) (sn:822) (cont'd)

**Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL**



Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070)

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

UL Japan (PTT)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1070\_Feb11

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object	D5GHzV2 - SN: 1070																																																										
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v1 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz																																																										
Calibration date:	February 16, 2011																																																										
<p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature <math>(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}</math> and humidity &lt; 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)</p> <table border="1"><tr><th>Primary Standards</th><th>ID #</th><th>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</th><th>Scheduled Calibration</th></tr><tr><td>Power meter EPM-442A</td><td>GB37480704</td><td>06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)</td><td>Oct-11</td></tr><tr><td>Power sensor HP 8481A</td><td>US37292783</td><td>06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)</td><td>Oct-11</td></tr><tr><td>Reference 20 dB Attenuator</td><td>SN: 5086 (20g)</td><td>30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)</td><td>Mar-11</td></tr><tr><td>Type-N mismatch combination</td><td>SN: 5047.2 / 06327</td><td>30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)</td><td>Mar-11</td></tr><tr><td>Reference Probe EX3DV4</td><td>SN: 3503</td><td>05-Mar-10 (No. EX3-3503_Mar10)</td><td>Mar-11</td></tr><tr><td>DAE4</td><td>SN: 601</td><td>10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)</td><td>Jun-11</td></tr><tr><th>Secondary Standards</th><th>ID #</th><th>Check Date (in house)</th><th>Scheduled Check</th></tr><tr><td>Power sensor HP 8481A</td><td>MY41092317</td><td>18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)</td><td>In house check: Oct-11</td></tr><tr><td>RF generator R&amp;S SMT-06</td><td>100005</td><td>4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)</td><td>In house check: Oct-11</td></tr><tr><td>Network Analyzer HP 8753E</td><td>US37390585 S4206</td><td>18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)</td><td>In house check: Oct-11</td></tr></table> <p>Calibrated by:</p> <table border="1"><tr><th>Name</th><th>Function</th><th>Signature</th></tr><tr><td>Dimce Iliev</td><td>Laboratory Technician</td><td></td></tr></table> <p>Approved by:</p> <table border="1"><tr><th>Name</th><th>Function</th><th>Signature</th></tr><tr><td>Katja Pekovic</td><td>Technical Manager</td><td></td></tr></table> <p>Issued: February 16, 2011</p> <p>This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.</p>				Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11	Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11	Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11	Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11	Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	05-Mar-10 (No. EX3-3503_Mar10)	Mar-11	DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11	Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11	RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11	Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11	Name	Function	Signature	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician		Name	Function	Signature	Katja Pekovic	Technical Manager	
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration																																																								
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11																																																								
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Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician																																																										
Name	Function	Signature																																																									
Katja Pekovic	Technical Manager																																																										

Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070) (cont'd)

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

**Glossary:**

TSI	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- b) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

**UL Japan, Inc.  
Shonan EMC Lab.**

1-22-3 Megumigaoka, Hiratsuka-shi, Kanagawa-ken, 259-1220 JAPAN  
Telephone: +81 463 50 6400 / Facsimile: +81 463 50 6401

Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070) (cont'd)

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 10 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 2.0 mm	
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

**Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.3 ± 6 %	4.50 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.24 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	82.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.1 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.34 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	23.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.3 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070) (cont'd)

**Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.2 ± 6 %	4.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	---	---

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.92 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	89.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	89.4 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.50 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.0 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)

**Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.6 ± 6 %	5.17 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.1 ± 0.2) °C	---	---

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.25 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	82.5 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.6 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	23.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.2 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070) (cont'd)

**Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.2 ± 6 %	5.37 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	---	---

**SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.77 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	77.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.1 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.15 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.5 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)

**Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.6 ± 6 %	5.75 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	---	---

**SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.34 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	83.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.7 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.29 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.7 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)

---

**Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070) (cont'd)**

**Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.2 ± 6 %	6.16 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

**SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.30 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	73.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	72.4 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.00 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.8 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)

---

Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070) (cont'd)

**Appendix**

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5 $\Omega$ - 10.2 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	-19.9 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.3 $\Omega$ - 8.2 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	-21.8 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.0 $\Omega$ - 5.6 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	-23.6 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.3 $\Omega$ - 9.3 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	-20.2 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.8 $\Omega$ - 8.6 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	-21.3 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.8 $\Omega$ - 3.9 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	-25.6 dB

---

Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070) (cont'd)

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.202 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 40 W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.  
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 26, 2008

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**Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070) (cont'd)**

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 11.02.2011 15:14:35

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1070**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 5000

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.5 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.86 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.17 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.36, 5.36, 5.36), ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85), ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 05.03.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

**Pin=100mW/d=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x2mm), dist=2mm (8x8x6)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm**

Reference Value = 65.848 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.362 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.24 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.014 mW/g

**Pin=100mW/d=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x2mm), dist=2mm (8x8x6)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm**

Reference Value = 66.309 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.103 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.92 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.5 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.730 mW/g

**Pin=100mW/d=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x2mm), dist=2mm (8x8x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm**

Reference Value = 63.058 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

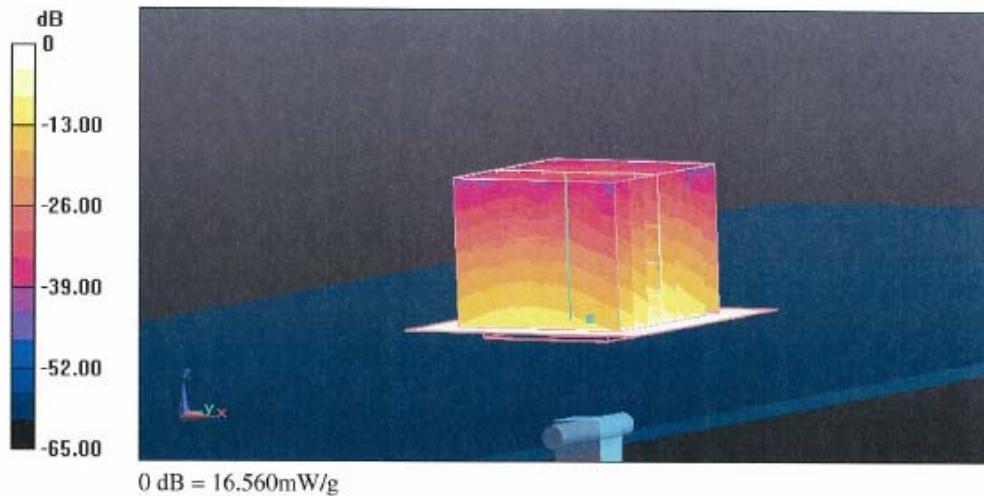
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.384 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.25 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.408 mW/g

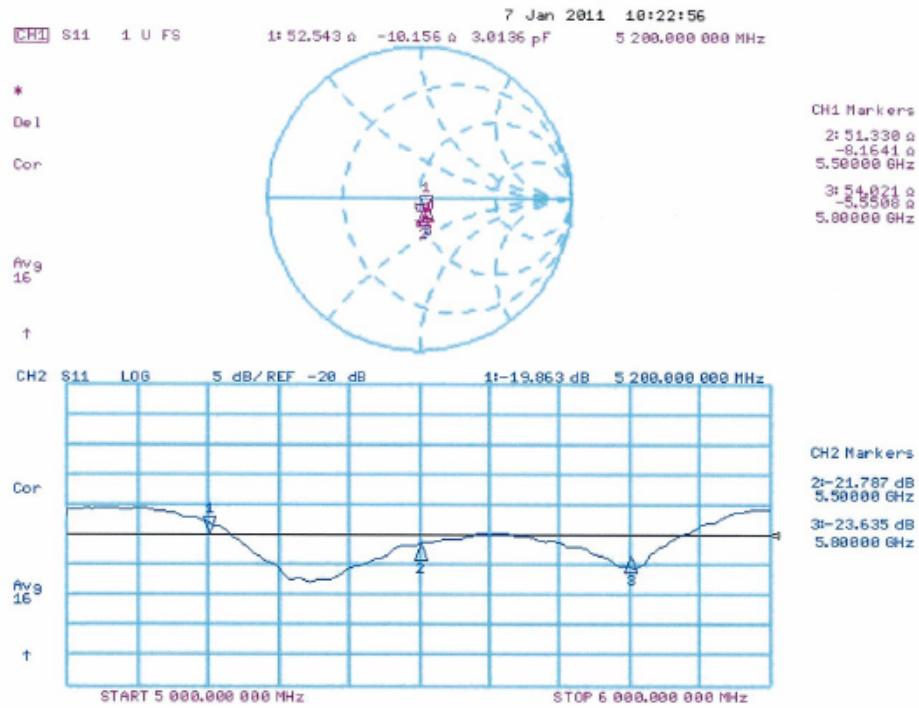
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Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070) (cont'd)



Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070) (cont'd)

**Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL**



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**Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070) (cont'd)**

**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date/Time: 16.02.2011 15:22:06

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1070**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 5000 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.4 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.78 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.16 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88), ConvF(4.37, 4.37, 4.37), ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57); Calibrated: 05.03.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

**Pin=100mW/d=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x2mm), dist=2mm (8x8x6)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm**

Reference Value = 60.047 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.080 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.77 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.512 mW/g

**Pin=100mW/d=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x2mm), dist=2mm (8x8x6)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm**

Reference Value = 60.794 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.594 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.34 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.750 mW/g

**Pin=100mW/d=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x2mm), dist=2mm (8x8x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm**

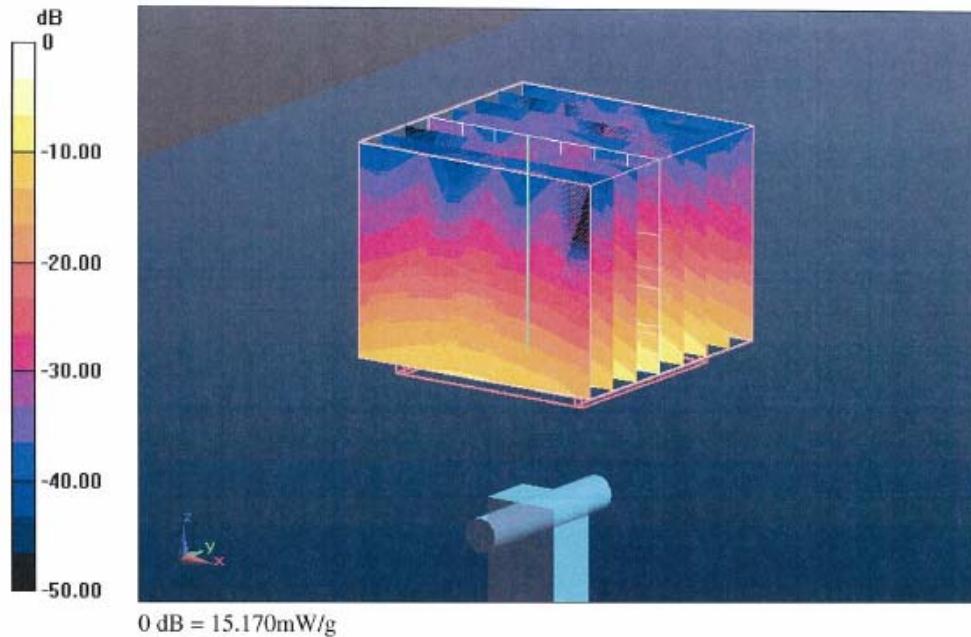
Reference Value = 54.748 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.007 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2 mW/g**

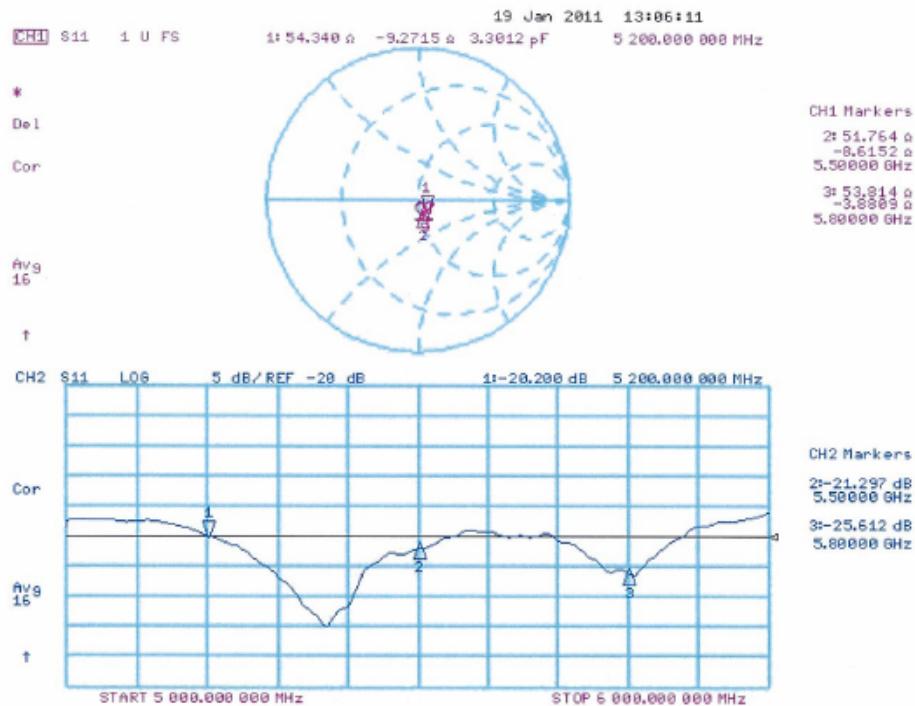
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.959 mW/g

Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070) (cont'd)



Appendix 3-12: Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2) (sn:1070) (cont'd)

**Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL**



**Appendix 3-13: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (sn:3679)**

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zughausstrasse 43, 8094 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client : UL Japan (PTT)

Certificate No: EX3-3679\_May11

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3679

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v7, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v3  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

May 19, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (MBTE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41499087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3d)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8848C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-09 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37380585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Katja Pokorni	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Fin Bonholt	R&D Director	

Issued: May 19, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3679\_May11

Page 1 of 11

**UL Japan, Inc.  
Shonan EMC Lab.**

1-22-3 Megumigaoka, Hiratsuka-shi, Kanagawa-ken, 259-1220 JAPAN  
Telephone: +81 463 50 6400 / Facsimile: +81 463 50 6401

Appendix 3-13: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (sn:3679) (cont'd)

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\alpha$	$\alpha$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\alpha = 0$ is normal to probe axis

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\alpha = 0$  ( $f \leq 800$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z are numerical linearization parameters in dB assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media.
- VR: VR is the validity range of the calibration related to the average diode voltage or DAE voltage in mV.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): In a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

---

Appendix 3-13: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (sn:3679) (cont'd)

EX3DV4 - SN:3679

May 19, 2011

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3679

Manufactured: September 9, 2008  
Calibrated: May 19, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Appendix 3-13: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (sn:3679) (cont'd)

EX3DV4- SN:3679

May 19, 2011

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3679

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.59	0.54	0.53	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	94.8	96.0	97.1	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR	A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X 0.00	0.00	1.00	128.0	$\pm 3.0 \%$
			Y 0.00	0.00	1.00	118.6	
			Z 0.00	0.00	1.00	117.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>C</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Appendix 3-13: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (sn:3679) (cont'd)

EX3DV4- SN:3679

May 19, 2011

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3679

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>T</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
2450	39.2	1.80	6.99	6.99	6.99	0.62	0.71	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.62	4.62	4.62	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.40	4.40	4.40	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.8	4.96	4.27	4.27	4.27	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Appendix 3-13: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (sn:3679) (cont'd)

EX3DV4- SN:3679

May 19, 2011

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4- SN:3679

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>d</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>e</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Uncert. (k=2)
2450	52.7	1.95	7.34	7.34	7.34	0.74	0.67	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.10	4.10	4.10	0.52	1.95	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	3.88	3.88	3.88	0.55	1.95	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.65	3.65	3.65	0.58	1.95	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.45	3.45	3.45	0.60	1.95	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.94	3.94	3.94	0.55	1.95	± 13.1 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

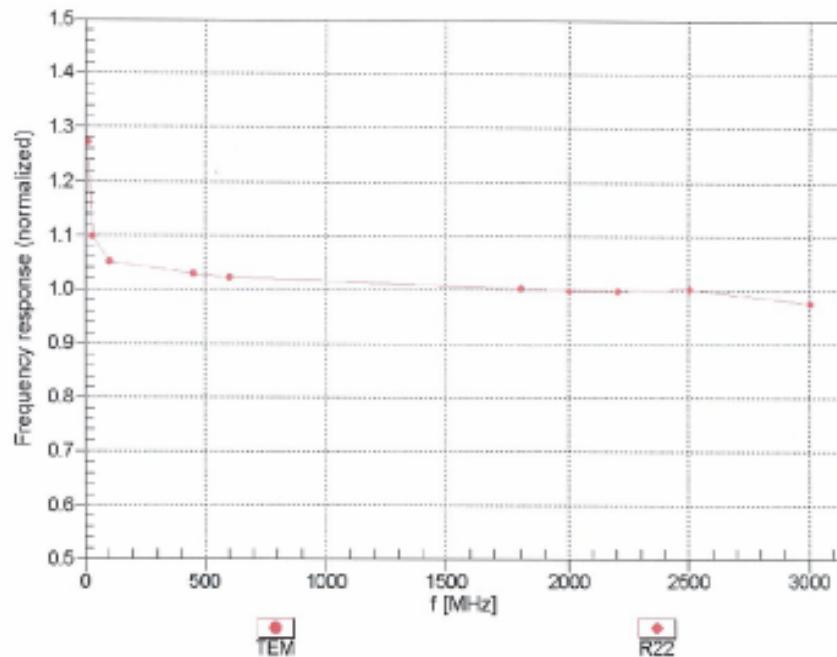
<sup>d</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Appendix 3-13: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (sn:3679) (cont'd)

EX3DV4-SN:3679

May 19, 2011

**Frequency Response of E-Field**  
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

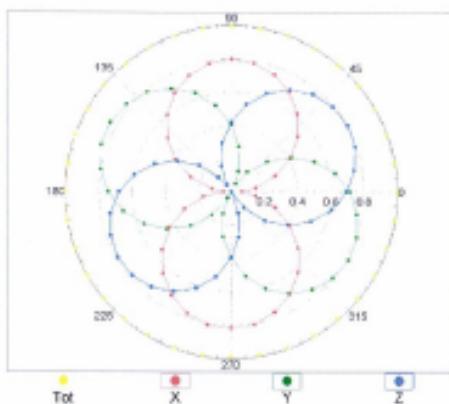
Appendix 3-13: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (sn:3679) (cont'd)

EX3DV4-SN:3679

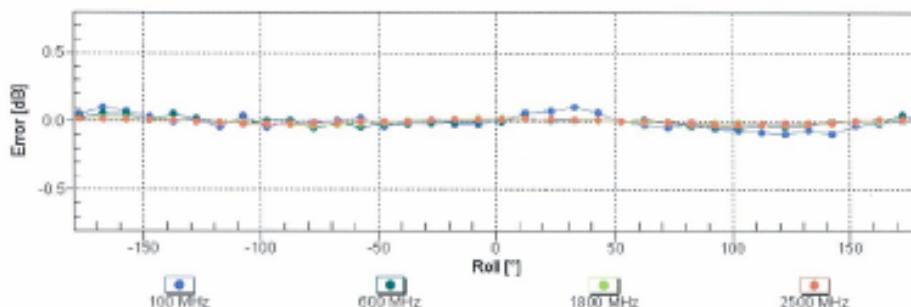
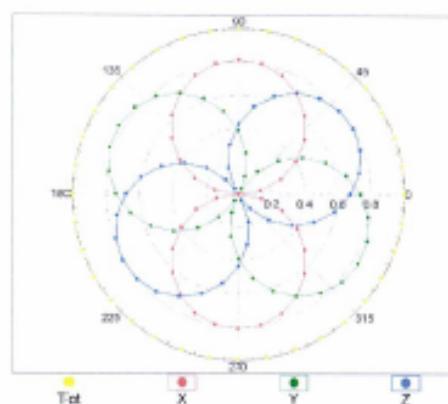
May 19, 2011

**Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$**

f=600 MHz, TEM



f=1800 MHz, R22



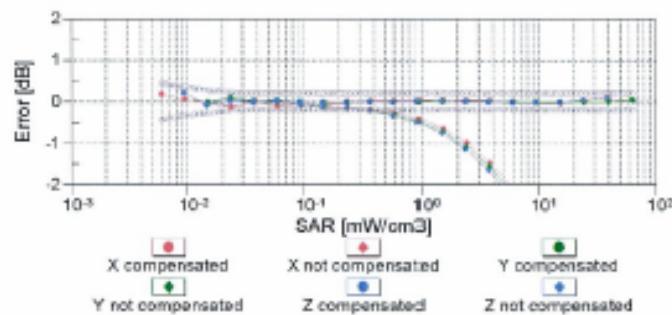
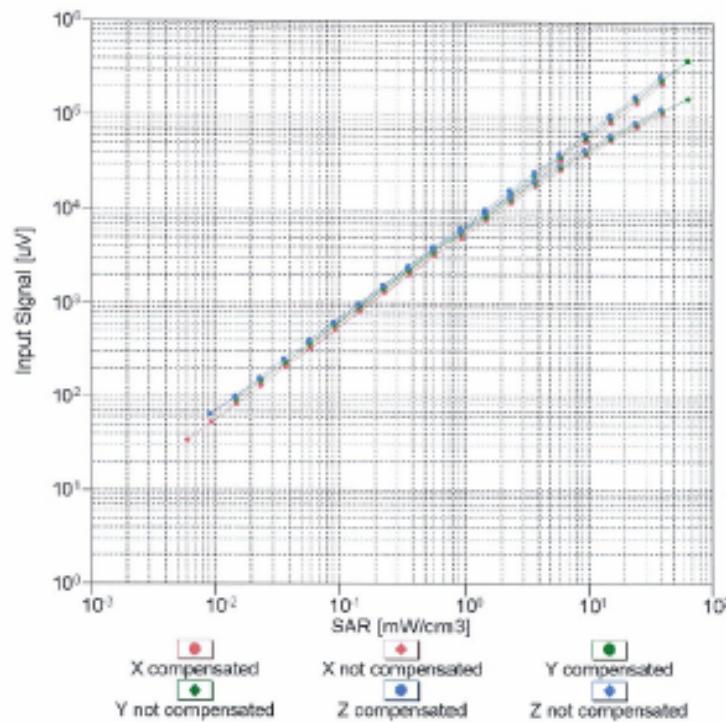
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

Appendix 3-13: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (sn:3679) (cont'd)

EX3DV4- SN:3679

May 19, 2011

**Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)**  
(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)



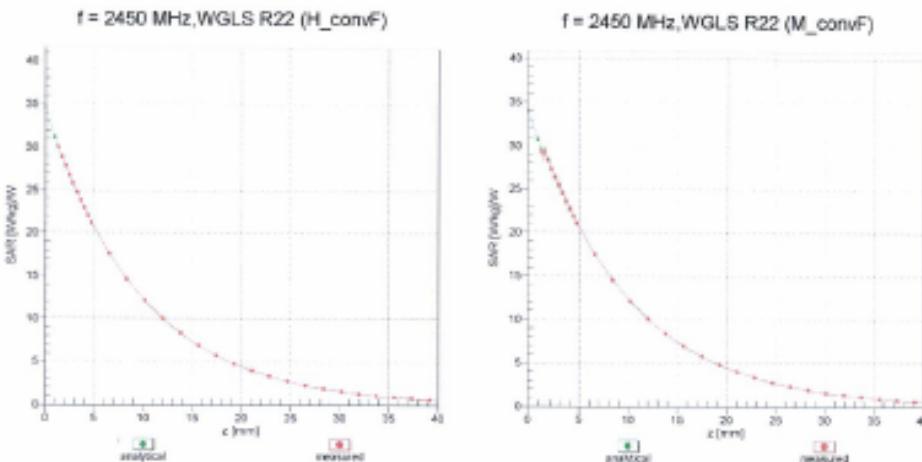
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Appendix 3-13: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (sn:3679) (cont'd)

EX3DV4- SN:3679

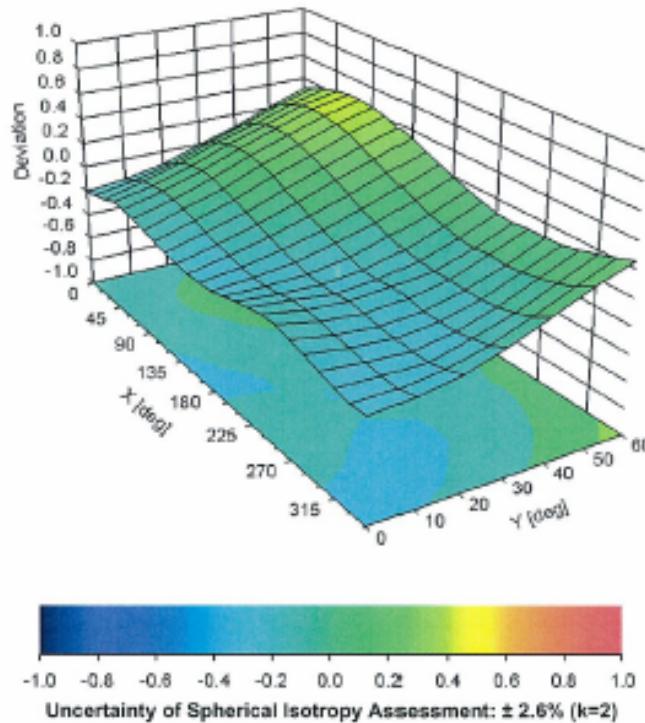
May 19, 2011

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error ( $\phi, \beta$ ), f = 900 MHz



---

Appendix 3-13: Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4) (sn:3679) (cont'd)

EX3DV4- SN:3679

May 19, 2011

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3679

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

---

**Appendix 3-14: Reference**

- [1] ANSI, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz, The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, NY 10017, 1992.
- [2] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, “Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies”, in ICECOM ‘97, Dubrovnik, October 15-17, 1997, pp. 120-124.
- [3] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, “E-field probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids”, in Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, 23-25 June, 1996, pp.172-175.
- [4] W. Gander, Computermathematik, Birkhaeuser, Basel, 1992.
- [5] W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky, W. T. Vetterling, and B. P. Flannery, Numerical Receipes in C, The Art of Scientific Computing, Second Edition, Cambridge University Press, 1992.
- [6] SPEAG uncertainty document for DASY 4 System from SPEAG (Schmid & Partner Engineering AG).