MOTOROLA SOLUTIONS

STANDARDS MALAYSIA
MS ISO/IEC 17025
TESTING
SAMM No.0826

DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE SAR ASSESSMENT Part 1 of 2

Motorola Solutions Inc.
EME Test Laboratory
Motorola Solutions Malaysia Sdn Bhd (Innoplex)
Plot 2A, Medan Bayan Lepas,
Mukim 12 SWD 11900 Bayan Lepas Penang, Malaysia.

Date of Report: 07/12/2019
Report Revision: A

Responsible Engineer:	Lee Kin Kting (EME Engineer)
Report Author:	Lee Kin Kting (EME Engineer)
Date/s Tested:	07/08/19 - 07/11/19
Manufacturer:	Motorola Solutions Inc.
DUT Description:	Handheld Portable – Frequency bands; LMR 136.000 – 174.000 MHz
Test TX mode(s):	CW (PTT)
Max. Power output:	6.0W (VHF band)
Nominal Power:	5.0W (VHF band)
Tx Frequency Bands:	LMR 136.000 – 174.000 MHz
Signaling type:	FM
Model(s) Tested:	VX-80-D0-5 (AZ089N102)
Model(s) Certified:	VX-80-D0-5 (AZ089N102)
Serial Number(s):	XX9H010054
Classification:	Occupational/Controlled
FCC ID:	AZ489FT3846; LMR 150.800 – 173.400 MHz This report contains results that are immaterial for FCC equipment approval, which are clearly identified.
FCC Test Firm Registration Number:	823256

The test results clearly demonstrate compliance with FCC Occupational/Controlled RF Exposure limits of 8 W/kg averaged over 1 gram per the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

Based on the information and the testing results provided herein, the undersigned certifies that when used as stated in the operating instructions supplied, said product complies with the national and international reference standards and guidelines listed in section 4.0 of this report. This report shall not be reproduced without written approval from an officially designated representative of the Motorola Solutions Inc EME Laboratory.
I attest to the accuracy of the data and assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements. This reporting format is consistent with the suggested guidelines of the TIA TSB-150 December 2004. The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

Tiong Nguk Ing
Digitally signed by Tiong Nguk Ing
Date: 2019.07.24 10:32:13 +08'00'

Tiong Nguk Ing
Deputy Technical Manager (Approved Signatory)
Approval Date: 7/24/2019

Part 1 of 2

APPENDICES

Part 2 of 2

APPENDICES

Report Revision History

Date	Revision	Comments
07/12/2019	A	Initial release

1.0 Introduction

This report details the utilization, test setup, test equipment, and test results of the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) measurements performed at the Motorola Solutions Inc. EME Test Laboratory for handheld portable model number VX-80-D0-5 (AZ089N102). This device is classified as Occupational/Controlled.

2.0 FCC SAR Summary

Table 1

Equipment Class	Frequency band (MHz)	Max Calc at Body (W/kg)	Max Calc at Face (W/kg)
		1g-SAR	1g-SAR
TNF	150.800-173.400MHz	0.23	0.85

3.0 Abbreviations / Definitions

CNR: Calibration Not Required
CW: Continuous Wave
DUT: Device Under Test
EME: Electromagnetic Energy
FM: Frequency Modulation
LMR: Land Mobile Radio
NA: Not Applicable
PTT: Push to Talk
RSM: Remote Speaker Microphone
SAR: Specific Absorption Rate

Audio accessories: These accessories allow communication while the DUT is worn on the body.

Body worn accessories: These accessories allow the DUT to be worn on the body of the user.
Maximum Power: Defined as the upper limit of the production line final test station.

4.0 Referenced Standards and Guidelines

This product is designed to comply with the following applicable national and international standards and guidelines.

- IEC62209-1 (2005) Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)
- Federal Communications Commission, “Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields”, OET Bulletin 65, FCC, Washington, D.C.: 1997.
- IEEE 1528 (2013), Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI) / Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) C95. 1-1992
- Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) C95.1-2005
- International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) 1998
- Ministry of Health (Canada) Safety Code 6 (2015), Limits of Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz
- RSS-102 (Issue 5) – Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)
- Australian Communications Authority Radio communications (Electromagnetic Radiation - Human Exposure) Standard (2014)
- ANATEL, Brazil Regulatory Authority, Resolution No. 303 of July 2, 2002 "Regulation of the limitation of exposure to electrical, magnetic, and electromagnetic fields in the radio frequency range between 9 kHz and 300 GHz." and “Attachment to resolution # 303 from July 2, 2002”
- IEC62209-2 Edition 1.0 2010-03, Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz).
- FCC KDB – 643646 D01 SAR Test for PTT Radios v01r03
- FCC KDB – 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB – 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB – 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

5.0 SAR Limits

Table 2

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average - ANSI - (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak - ANSI - (averaged over any 1-g of tissue)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak – ICNIRP/ANSI - (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10-g)	4.0	20.0
Spatial Peak - ICNIRP - (Head and Trunk 10-g)	2.0	10.0

6.0 Description of Device Under Test (DUT)

This portable device operates in the LMR bands using frequency modulation (FM) signals incorporating traditional simplex two-way radio transmission protocol.

The LMR bands in this device operate in a half duplex system. A half duplex system only allows the user to transmit or receive. This device cannot transmit and receive simultaneously. The user must stop transmitting in order to receive a signal or listen for a response, regardless of PTT button or use of voice activated audio accessories. This type of operation, along with the RF safety booklet, which instructs the user to transmit no more than 50% of the time, justifies the use of 50% duty factor for this device.

The intended operating positions are “at the face” with the DUT at least 1 inch (2.5cm) from the mouth, and “at the body” by means of the offered body worn accessories. Body worn audio and PTT operation is accomplished by means of optional remote accessories that are connected to the radio.

7.0 Optional Accessories and Test Criteria

This device is offered with optional accessories. All accessories were individually evaluated during the test plan creation to determine if testing was required per the guidelines outlined in "SAR Test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios" FCC KDB 643646 to assess compliance of this device. The following sections identify the test criteria and details for each accessory category. Refer to Exhibit 7B for antenna separation distances.

7.1 Antennas

There are optional removable antennas offered for this product. The Table below lists their descriptions.

Table 3

Antenna No.	Antenna Models	Description	Selected for test	Tested
1	CZ089AN005	VX Series VHF Antenna 136-150MHz, ¼ wave, 2.00 dBi	Yes	*Yes
2	CZ089AN006	VX Series VHF Antenna 150-174MHz, ¼ wave, 2.00 dBi	Yes	Yes

Note - * Antenna not applicable for FCC as frequency range outside FCC authorized spectrum.

7.2 Battery

There is only one battery offered for this product. The Table below lists its descriptions.

Table 4

Battery No.	Battery Models	Description	Selected for test	Tested
1	CZ089B002	FNB-Z165 Li-Ion 1600 mAh	Yes	Yes

7.3 Body worn accessory

There is only one body worn offered for this product. The Table below lists its descriptions.

Table 5

Body worn No.	Body worn Models	Description	Selected for test	Tested
1	CZ072CL61	VZ Series Belt clip	Yes	Yes

7.4 Audio Accessories

All audio accessories were considered. The Table below lists the offered audio accessories and their descriptions. Exhibit 7B illustrates photos of the tested audio accessories.

Table 6

Audio No.	Audio Acc. Models	Description	Selected for test	Tested	Comments
1	CZ084AUA01	Remote Speaker Microphone	Yes	Yes	Default Audio
2	CZ084AUA02	Inline PTT Earbud	Yes	*No	
3	CZ084AUA03	G-Hook Earbud	Yes	*No	

Note: *No – SAR ≤4.0W/kg, test no required as per KDB 643646 D01

8.0 Description of Test System

8.1 Descriptions of Robotics/Probes/Readout Electronics

Table 7

Dosimetric System type	System version	DAE type	Probe Type
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG SPEAG DASY 5	52.10.2.1495	DAE4	EX3DV4 (E-Field)

The DASY5™ system is operated per the instructions in the DASY5™ Users Manual. The complete manual is available directly from SPEAG™. All measurement equipment used to assess SAR compliance was calibrated according to ISO/IEC 17025 A2LA guidelines. Section 9.0 presents additional test equipment information. Appendices B and C present the applicable calibration certificates. The E-field probe first scans a coarse grid over a large area inside the phantom in order to locate the interpolated maximum SAR distribution. After the coarse scan measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The subsequent scan can directly use this position as reference for the cube evaluations.

8.2 Description of Phantom(s)

Table 8

Phantom Type	Phantom (s) Used	Material Parameters	Phantom Dimensions LxWxD (mm)	Material Thickness (mm)	Support Structure Material	Loss Tangent (wood)
Triple Flat	NA	200MHz -6GHz; Er = 3-5, Loss Tangent = ≤0.05	280x175x175	2mm +/- 0.2mm	Wood	< 0.05
SAM	NA	300MHz -6GHz; Er = < 5, Loss Tangent = ≤0.05	Human Model			
Oval Flat	√	300MHz -6GHz; Er = 4+/- 1, Loss Tangent = ≤0.05	600x400x190			

8.3 Description of Simulated Tissue

The sugar based simulate tissue is produced by placing the correct measured amount of De-ionized water into a large container. Each of the dried ingredients are weighed and added to the water carefully to avoid clumping. If the solution has a high sugar concentration the water is pre-heated to aid in dissolving the ingredients.

The simulated tissue mixture was mixed based on the Simulated Tissue Composition indicated in Table 9. During the daily testing of this product, the applicable mixture was used to measure the Di-electric parameters at each of the tested frequencies to verify that the Di-electric parameters were within the tolerance of the tissue specifications.

Simulated Tissue Composition (percent by mass)

Table 9

Ingredients	150MHz	
	Head	Body
Sugar	55.40	49.70
De ionized –Water	38.35	46.20
Salt	5.15	3.0
HEC	1.0	1.0
Bact.	0.1	0.1

9.0 Additional Test Equipment

The table below lists additional test equipment used during the SAR assessment.

Table 10

Equipment Type	Model Number	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
SPEAG PROBE	EX3DV4	7519	10/19/2018	10/19/2019
SPEAG DAE	DAE4	1294	10/16/2018	10/16/2019
AMPLIFIER	50W 1000A	14715	CNR	CNR
POWER METER	E4418B	MY45100911	07/14/2017	07/14/2019
POWER METER	E4418B	MY45100532	11/07/2018	11/07/2019
POWER SENSOR	E9301B	MY41495733	04/19/2019	04/19/2020
POWER SENSOR	8481B	SG41090248	12/20/2018	12/20/2019
VECTOR SIGNAL GENERATOR	E4438C	MY44270302	03/09/2019	03/09/2020
BI-DIRECTIONAL COUPLER	3020A	40295	09/04/2018	09/04/2019
POWER METER	E4419B	MY40330364	09/16/2017	09/16/2019
POWER SENSOR	E9301B	MY41495594	08/15/2018	08/15/2019
THERMOMETER	HH806AU	080307	12/05/2018	12/05/2019
TEMPERATURE PROBE	80PK-22	06032017	12/05/2018	12/05/2019
TEMPERATURE & HUMINIDITY LOGGER	TM320	12253047	10/30/2018	10/30/2019
NETWORK ANALYZER	E5071B	MY42403218	09/06/2018	09/06/2019
DIELECTRIC ASSESSMENT KIT	DAK-12	1069	01/08/2019	01/08/2020
SPEAG DIPOLE	CLA150	4005	02/09/2018	02/09/2020

10.0 SAR Measurement System Validation and Verification

DASY output files of the probe/dipole calibration certificates and system verification test results are included in appendices B, C & D respectively.

10.1 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664. The validation status summary Table is below.

Table 11

Dates	Probe Calibration Point		Probe SN	Measured Tissue Parameters		Validation		
				σ	ϵ_r	Sensitivity	Linearity	Isotropy
CW								
11/21/2018	Body	150	7519	0.80	59.40	Pass	Pass	Pass
11/20/2018	Head	150		0.75	51.90	Pass	Pass	Pass

10.2 System Verification

System verification checks were conducted each day during the SAR assessment. The results are normalized to 1W. Appendix D includes DASY plots for each day during the SAR assessment. The Table below summarizes the daily system check results used for the SAR assessment.

Table 12

Probe Serial #	Tissue Type	Dipole Kit / Serial #	Ref SAR @ 1W (W/kg)	System Check Results Measured (W/kg)	System Check Test Results when normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Tested Date
7519	FCC Body	SPEAG CLA150 / 4005	3.84 +/- 10%	4.13	4.13	07/08/2019#
				4.03	4.03	07/09/2019
	IEEE/IEC Head		3.77 +/- 10%	3.88	3.88	07/09/2019#
				3.93	3.93	07/11/2019

Note: # System Performance Check date covered for next test day (Within 24 hours)

10.3 Equivalent Tissue Test Results

Simulated tissue prepared for SAR measurements is measured daily and within 24 hours prior to actual SAR testing to verify that the tissue is within +/- 5% of target parameters at the center of the transmit band. This measurement is done using the applicable equipment indicated in section 9.0. The Table below summarizes the measured tissue parameters used for the SAR assessment.

Table 13

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Conductivity Target (S/m)	Dielectric Constant Target	Conductivity Meas. (S/m)	Dielectric Constant Meas.	Tested Date
138	FCC Body	0.79 (0.75-0.83)	62.2 (59.1-65.3)	0.77	59.3	07/09/2019#
	IEEE/ IEC Head	0.75 (0.71-0.79)	52.9 (50.2-55.5)	0.73	51.8	07/09/2019
144	FCC Body	0.80 (0.76-0.84)	62.1 (58.9-65.2)	0.78	59.1	
	IEEE/ IEC Head	0.76 (0.72-0.79)	52.6 (49.9-55.2)	0.74	51.6	
150	FCC Body	0.80 (0.76-0.84)	61.9 (58.8-65.0)	0.78	59.8	07/08/2019#
				0.78	59.0	07/09/2019#
	IEEE/ IEC Head	0.76 (0.72-0.80)	52.3 (49.7-54.9)	0.74	51.4	07/09/2019#
				0.77	49.9	07/11/2019
151	IEEE/ IEC Head	0.76 (0.72-0.80)	52.3 (49.6-54.9)	0.74	51.3	07/09/2019#
158	IEEE/ IEC Head	0.77 (0.73-0.80)	51.9 (49.3-54.5)	0.75	51.1	
173	FCC Body	0.82 (0.78-0.86)	61.3 (58.3-64.4)	0.79	59.3	07/08/2019#
	IEEE/ IEC Head	0.78 (0.74-0.82)	51.2 (48.7-53.8)	0.76	50.5	07/09/2019#
				0.78	48.9	07/11/2019

Note: # Tissue date covered for next test day (Within 24 hours)

11.0 Environmental Test Conditions

The EME Laboratory's ambient environment is well controlled resulting in very stable simulated tissue temperature and therefore stable dielectric properties. Simulated tissue temperature is measured prior to each scan to insure it is within +/ - 2^{o}C of the temperature at which the dielectric properties were determined. The liquid depth within the phantom used for measurements was at least 15cm. Additional precautions are routinely taken to ensure the stability of the simulated tissue such as covering the phantoms when scans are not actively in process in order to minimize evaporation. The lab environment is continuously monitored. The Table below presents the range and average environmental conditions during the SAR tests reported herein:

Table 14

	Target	Measured
Ambient Temperature	18 – 25 ˚C	Range: 21.70 – 23.7˚C Avg. 22.70 ˚C
Tissue Temperature	18 – 25 ˚C	Range: 20.3 – 21.8˚C Avg. 21.05˚C

Relative humidity target range is a recommended target

The EME Lab RF environment uses a Spectrum Analyzer to monitor for extraneous large signal RF contaminants that could possibly affect the test results. If such unwanted signals are discovered the SAR scans are repeated.

12.0 DUT Test Setup and Methodology

12.3 Measurements

SAR measurements were performed using the DASY system described in section 8.0 using zoom scans. Oval flat phantoms filled with applicable simulated tissue were used for body and face testing.

The Table below includes the step sizes and resolution of area and zoom scans per KDB 865664 requirements.

Table 15

Description		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: ΔxArea, ΔyArea		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: ΔxZoom, ΔyZoom		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: ΔzZoom(n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.			

12.4 DUT Configuration(s)

The DUT is a portable device operational at the body and face as described in section 6.0 while using the applicable accessories listed in section 7.0. All accessories listed in section 7.0 of this report were considered when implementing the guidelines specified in KDB 643646.

12.5 DUT Positioning Procedures

The positioning of the device for each body location is described below and illustrated in Appendix G.

12.5.1 Body

The DUT was positioned in normal use configuration against the phantom with the offered body worn accessory as well as with the offered audio accessories as applicable.

12.5.2 Head

Not applicable.

12.5.3 Face

The DUT was positioned with its’ front side separated 2.5cm from the phantom.

12.6 DUT Test Channels

The number of test channels was determined by using the following IEEE 1528 equation. The use of this equation produces the same or more test channels compared to the FCC KDB 447498 number of test channels formula.

$$N_c = 2 * roundup[10 * (f_{high} - f_{low}) / f_c] + 1$$

Where
N_c = Number of channels
F_{high} = Upper channel
F_{low} = Lower channel
F_c = Center channel

12.7 SAR Result Scaling Methodology

The calculated 1-gram SAR results indicated as "Max Calc. 1g-SAR" in the data Tables is determined by scaling the measured SAR to account for power leveling variations and drift. Appendix F includes a shortened scan to justify SAR scaling for drift. For this device the "Max Calc. 1g-SAR" is scaled using the following formula:

$$Max\_Calc = SAR\_meas \cdot 10^{\frac{-Drift}{10}} \cdot \frac{P\_\max}{P\_\text{int}} \cdot DC$$

P_max = Maximum Power (W)
P_int = Initial Power (W)
Drift = DASY drift results (dB)
SAR_meas = Measured 1-g or 10-g Avg. SAR (W/kg)
DC = Transmission mode duty cycle in % where applicable
50% duty cycle is applied for PTT operation

Note: for conservative results, the following are applied:
If P_int > P_max, then P_max/P_int = 1.
Drift = 1 for positive drift

Additional SAR scaling was applied using the methodologies outlined in FCC KDB 865664 using tissue sensitivity values. SAR was scaled for conditions where the tissue permittivity was measured above the nominal target and for tissue conductivity that was measured below the nominal target. Negative or reduced SAR scaling is not permitted.

12.8 DUT Test Plan

The guidelines and requirements outlined in section 4.0 were used to assess compliance of this device. All modes of operation identified in section 6.0 were considered during the development of the test plan. All tests were performed in CW and 50% duty cycle was applied to PTT configurations in the final results.

13.0 DUT Test Data

13.1 LMR assessments at the Body for 150.800 – 173.400 MHz band

Battery CZ089B002 was selected as the default battery for assessments at the Body since it is the only offered battery (refer to Exhibit 7B for battery illustration). The default battery was used during conducted power measurements for all test channels within FCC allocated frequency range (150.800 – 173.400 MHz) which are listed in Table 16. The channel with the highest conducted power will be identified as the default channel per KDB 643646 (SAR Test for PTT Radios).

Table 16

Test Freq (MHz)	Power (W)
150.8000	5.880
158.3000	5.830
165.9000	5.900
173.4000	6.000

Assessments at the Body with Body Worn CZ072CL61

Assessment of DUT with offered antennas, default battery, body worn accessory and default audio accessory per KDB 643646. Refer to Table 16 for highest output power channel. SAR plots of the highest results per Table (bolded) are presented in Appendix E.

Table 17

Antenna	Battery	Carry Accessory	Cable Accessory	Test Freq (MHz)	Init Pwr (W)	SAR Drift (dB)	Meas. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Max Calc. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Run#
CZ089AN006	CZ089B002	CZ072CL61	CZ084AUA01	150.8000					
				158.3000					
				165.9000					
				173.4000	6.00	-0.47	0.41	**0.23**	BL-AB-190709-02#

13.2 LMR assessment at the Body with other audio accessories

Assessment per "KDB 643646 Body SAR Test Consideration for Audio Accessories without Built-in Antenna; Sec 1, A. when overall ≤ 4.0 W/kg, SAR tested for that audio accessory is not necessary." This was applicable to all remaining accessories.

13.3 LMR assessments at the Face for 150.800 – 173.400 MHz band

Battery CZ089B002 was selected as the default battery for assessments at the Face since it is the only offered battery (refer to Exhibit 7B for battery illustration). The default battery was used during conducted power measurements for all test channels within FCC allocated frequency range (150.800 – 173.400 MHz) which are listed in Table 18. The channel with the highest conducted power will be identified as the default channel per KDB 643646 (SAR Test for PTT Radios).

Table 18

Test Freq (MHz)	Power (W)
150.8000	5.880
158.3000	5.830
165.9000	5.900
173.4000	6.000

DUT assessment with offered antennas and default battery with front of DUT positioned 2.5 cm from the phantom per KDB 643646. Refer to Table 18 for highest output power channel. SAR plots of the highest results per Table (bolded) are presented in Appendix E.

Table 19

Antenna	Battery	Carry Accessory	Cable Accessory	Test Freq (MHz)	Init Pwr (W)	SAR Drift (dB)	Meas. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Max Calc. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Run#
CZ089AN006	CZ089B002	None, Radio Front 2.5cm	None	150.8000					
				158.3000					
				165.9000					
				173.4000	6.00	-0.28	1.34	**0.71**	FAZ-FACE-190709-06

13.4 Assessment outside FCC range

Based on the assessment results for body and face per KDB643646, additional tests were required for Outside FCC frequency range (136-150 MHz). The overall highest test configuration from 150.8-174 MHz band was repeated with test frequency 138, 144 and 149.9 MHz for body and face configurations. The SAR result from the Table below is provided in Appendix E.

Table 20

Antenna	Battery	Carry Accessory	Cable Accessory	Test Freq (MHz)	Init Pwr (W)	SAR Drift (dB)	Meas. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Max Calc. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Run#
Body									
CZ089AN005	CZ089B002	CZ072CL61	CZ084AUA01	138.000	5.96	-0.66	1.89	1.11	BL-AB-190709-11
				144.000	6.00	0.01	1.55	0.78	BL-AB-190709-12
				149.900	5.90	-0.62	1.15	0.67	BL-AB-190710-01#
Face									
CZ089AN005	CZ089B002	None, Radio Front 2.5cm	None	138.000	5.98	-0.16	0.38	0.20	FAZ-FACE-190709-07
				144.000	5.98	0.06	0.83	0.41	BL-FACE-190709-08
				149.900	5.93	0.00	0.69	0.35	BL-FACE-190709-09

13.5 Shortened Scan Assessment

A “shortened” scan using the highest SAR configuration overall from above was performed to validate the SAR drift of the full DASY5™ coarse and zoom scans. Note that the shortened scan represents the zoom scan performance result; this is obtained by first running a coarse scan to find the peak area and then, using a newly charged battery, a zoom scan only was performed. The results of the shortened cube scan presented in Appendix F demonstrate that the scaling methodology used to determine the calculated SAR results presented herein are valid. The SAR result from the Table below is provided in Appendix F.

Table 21

Antenna	Battery	Carry Accessory	Cable Accessory	Test Freq (MHz)	Init Pwr (W)	SAR Drift (dB)	Meas. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Max Calc. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Run#
CZ089AN006	CZ089B002	None, Radio Front 2.5cm	None	173.4000	6.00	-0.57	1.49	**0.85**	BL-FACE-190711-05

14.0 Results Summary

Based on the test guidelines from section 4.0 and satisfying frequencies within FCC frequency bands, the highest Operational Maximum Calculated 1-gram average SAR values found for this filing:

Table 22

Designator	Frequency band (MHz)	Max Calc at Body (W/kg)	Max Calc at Face (W/kg)
		1g-SAR	1g-SAR
FCC US			
LMR	150.800 – 173.400	0.23	0.85
Overall			
LMR	136.000 - 174.000	1.11	0.85

Results are scaled to the maximum output power.

15.0 Variability Assessment

Per the guidelines in KDB 865664 SAR variability assessment is not required because SAR results are below 4.0 W/kg (Occupational).

16.0 System Uncertainty

A system uncertainty analysis is not required for this report per KDB 865664 because the highest report SAR value for Occupational exposure is less than 7.5W/kg.

Per the guidelines of ISO 17025 a reported system uncertainty is required and therefore measurement uncertainty budget is included in Appendix A.

Appendix A
Measurement Uncertainty Budget

Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test, for 100 MHz to 800 MHz

a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e = f(d,k)*	*f*	*g*	*h = c x f / e*	*i = c x g / e*	*k*
Uncertainty Component	**IEEE 1528 section**	**Tol. (± %)**	**Prob Dist**	**Div.**	c_i **(1 g)**	c_i **(10 g)**	**1 g** u_i **(±%)**	**10 g** u_i **(±%)**	v_i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.7	N	1.00	1	1	6.7	6.7	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom	E.6.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	3.2	N	1.00	1	1	3.2	3.2	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	4.0	N	1.00	1	1	4.0	4.0	8
SAR drift	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3	3.3	N	1.00	0.64	0.43	2.1	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.3	1.9	N	1.00	0.6	0.49	1.1	0.9	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11	11	477
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			*k*=2				23	22	

Notes for uncertainty budget Tables:
a) Column headings *a*-*k* are given for reference.
b) Tol. - Tolerance in influence quantity.
c) Prob. Dist. – Probability distribution
d) N, R - normal, rectangular probability distributions
e) Div. - divisor used to translate tolerance into normally distributed standard uncertainty
f) *ci* - sensitivity coefficient that should be applied to convert the variability of the uncertainty component into a variability of SAR.
g) *ui* – SAR uncertainty
h) *vi* - degrees of freedom for standard uncertainty and effective degrees of freedom for the expanded uncertainty

Uncertainty Budget for System Validation (dipole & flat phantom) for 100 MHz to 800 MHz

a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e = f(d,k)*	*f*	*g*	*h = c x f / e*	*i = c x g / e*	*k*
Uncertainty Component	**IEEE 1528 section**	**Tol. (± %)**	**Prob. Dist.**	**Div.**	**c_i (1 g)**	**c_i (10 g)**	**1 g u_i (±%)**	**10 g u_i (±%)**	**v_i**
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.7	N	1.00	1	1	6.7	6.7	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Spherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0	0	0.0	0.0	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t. Phantom	E.6.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Dipole									
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	8, E.4.2	2.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Input Power and SAR Drift Measurement	8, 6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3	3.3	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.2	0.8	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.3	1.9	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	0.6	0.5	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10	9	99999
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			*k*=2				19	18	

Notes for uncertainty budget Tables:
a) Column headings *a*-*k* are given for reference.
b) Tol. - Tolerance in influence quantity.
c) Prob. Dist. – Probability distribution
d) N, R - normal, rectangular probability distributions
e) Div. - divisor used to translate tolerance into normally distributed standard uncertainty
f) *ci* - sensitivity coefficient that should be applied to convert the variability of the uncertainty component into a variability of SAR.
g) *ui* – SAR uncertainty
h) *vi* - degrees of freedom for standard uncertainty and effective degrees of freedom for the expanded uncertainty

Appendix B
Probe Calibration Certificates

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Motorola Solutions MY**

Certificate No: **EX3-7519_Oct18**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:7519
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	October 19, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-17 (No. ES3-3013_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 660	21-Dec-17 (No. DAE4-660_Dec17)	Dec-18
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: October 23, 2018

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

Probe EX3DV4

SN:7519

Manufactured: February 26, 2018
Calibrated: October 19, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7519

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	0.57	0.40	0.47	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	99.8	100.3	99.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	150.2	±2.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		159.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		137.7	

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7519

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unc (k=2)
150	52.3	0.76	13.03	13.03	13.03	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
300	45.3	0.87	11.73	11.73	11.73	0.08	1.30	± 13.3 %
450	43.5	0.87	10.99	10.99	10.99	0.13	1.30	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.97	9.97	9.97	0.47	0.84	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.85	9.85	9.85	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.71	9.71	9.71	0.26	1.13	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.68	8.68	8.68	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	8.34	8.34	8.34	0.36	0.88	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.24	8.24	8.24	0.36	0.88	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	8.17	8.17	8.17	0.28	0.90	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.81	7.81	7.81	0.28	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.46	7.46	7.46	0.33	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.36	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.18	7.18	7.18	0.28	1.20	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.89	6.89	6.89	0.30	1.25	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7519

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unc (k=2)
150	61.9	0.80	12.42	12.42	12.42	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
300	58.2	0.92	11.52	11.52	11.52	0.05	1.20	± 13.3 %
450	56.7	0.94	11.27	11.27	11.27	0.08	1.20	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	10.23	10.23	10.23	0.43	0.85	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.90	9.90	9.90	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.78	9.78	9.78	0.48	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.28	0.80	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	8.03	8.03	8.03	0.36	0.85	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.78	7.78	7.78	0.31	0.96	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	7.93	7.93	7.93	0.38	0.90	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.37	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.55	7.55	7.55	0.31	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.49	7.49	7.49	0.21	1.20	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	7.08	7.08	7.08	0.30	1.20	± 13.1 %
3700	51.0	3.55	6.70	6.70	6.70	0.28	1.25	± 13.1 %

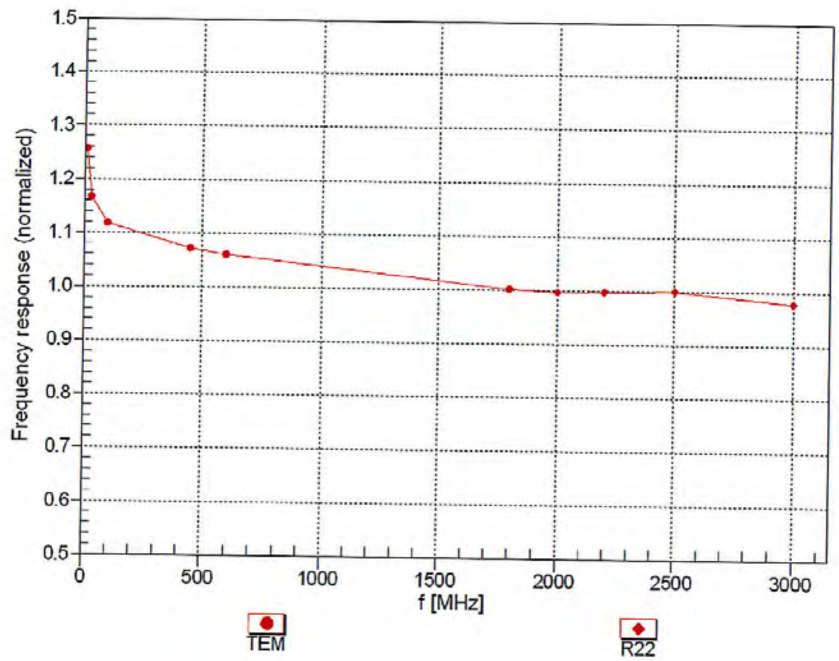
[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field

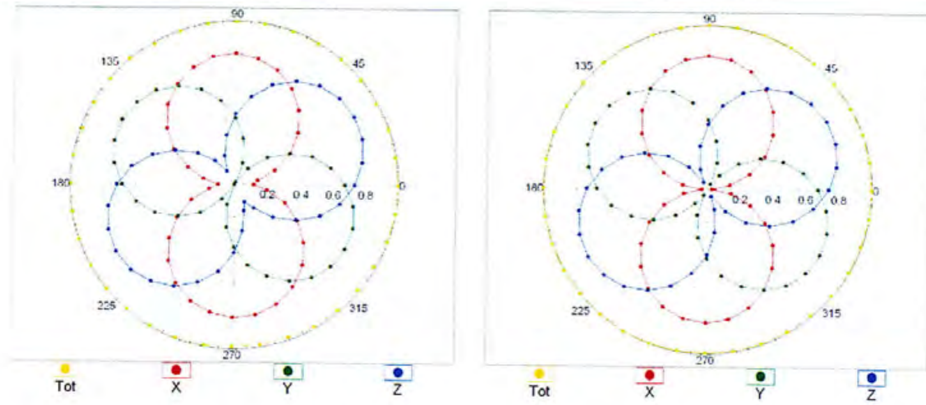
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

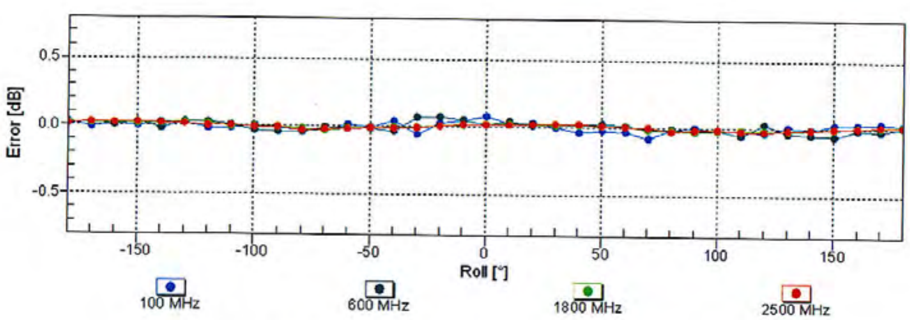


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0°$

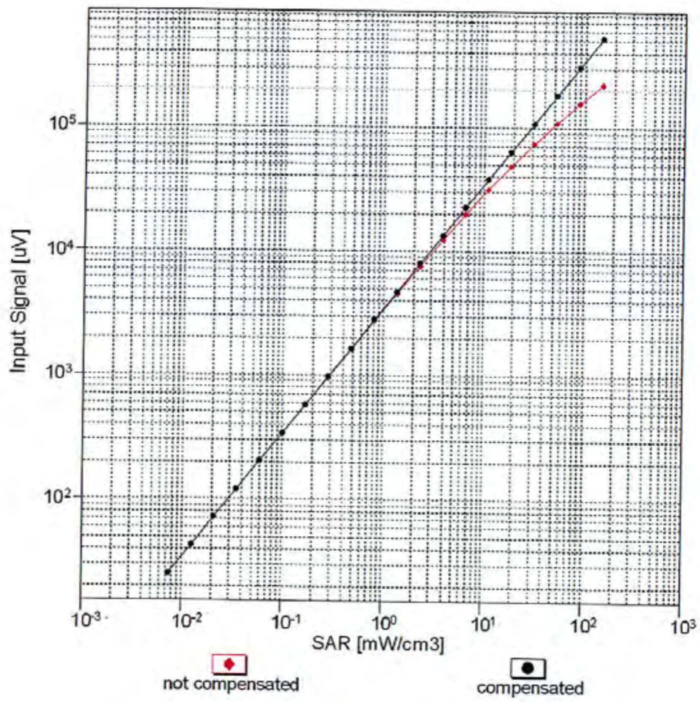
f=600 MHz,TEM f=1800 MHz,R22

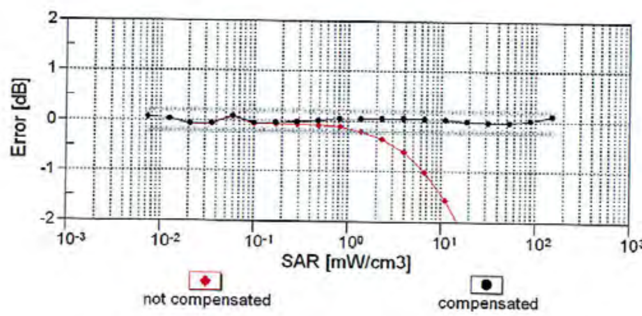




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

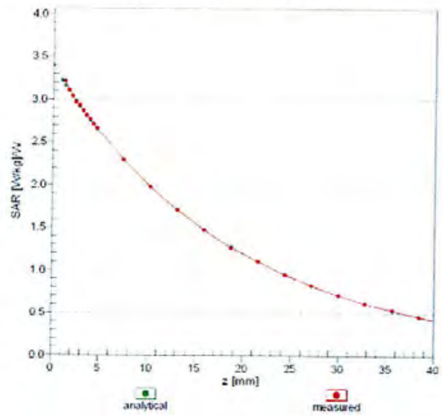




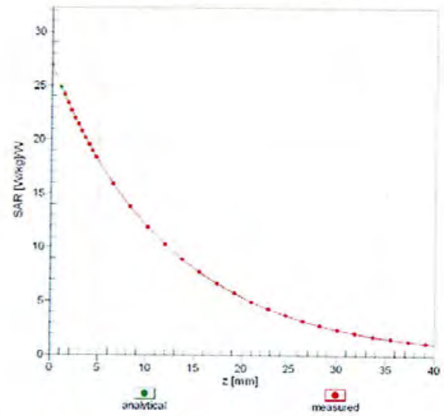
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment

f = 900 MHz,WGLS R9 (H_convF)

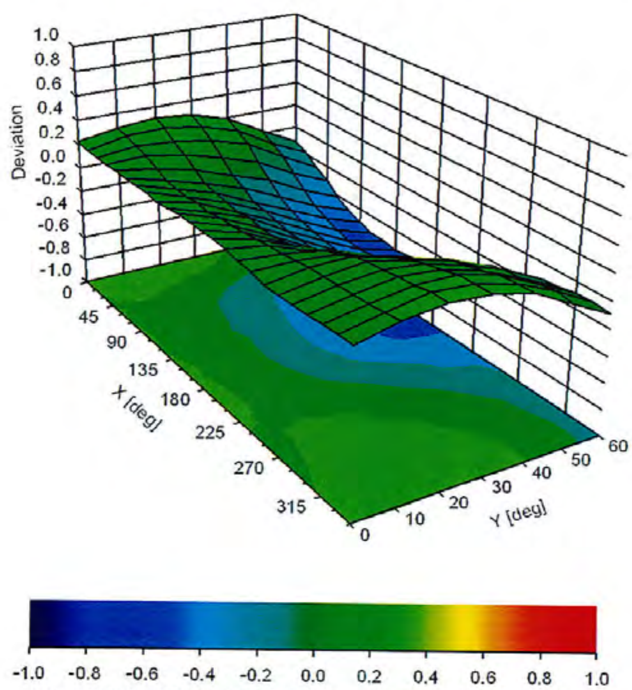


f = 1810 MHz,WGLS R22 (H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7519

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-9.8
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	150.2	±2.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		159.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		137.7	
10011-CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	3.40	67.9	19.2	2.91	138.3	±0.5 %
		Y	3.01	65.6	17.8		145.6	
		Z	3.52	68.3	19.2		149.3	
10097-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	X	4.67	67.4	19.1	3.98	147.9	±0.9 %
		Y	4.18	65.3	17.8		130.4	
		Z	4.60	66.9	18.7		134.3	
10098-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	X	4.65	67.3	19.0	3.98	147.8	±0.7 %
		Y	4.18	65.3	17.8		130.7	
		Z	4.58	66.8	18.7		134.5	
10100-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.27	67.1	19.7	5.67	131.2	±1.4 %
		Y	5.84	65.5	18.7		135.8	
		Z	6.36	67.3	19.7		141.5	
10101-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	7.44	67.9	20.5	6.42	140.5	±1.7 %
		Y	6.90	66.1	19.2		144.5	
		Z	7.19	66.9	19.8		126.7	
10108-CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.20	67.1	19.9	5.80	128.9	±1.4 %
		Y	5.76	65.3	18.7		132.6	
		Z	6.25	67.1	19.8		138.5	
10109-CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	7.17	67.6	20.4	6.43	136.1	±1.7 %
		Y	6.68	65.9	19.2		139.7	
		Z	7.17	67.5	20.2		146.3	
10110-CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.12	67.7	20.4	5.75	148.4	±1.4 %
		Y	5.50	65.1	18.6		129.2	
		Z	5.92	66.7	19.6		134.2	
10111-CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	6.92	67.7	20.5	6.44	130.7	±1.4 %
		Y	6.45	66.0	19.2		135.3	
		Z	6.90	67.4	20.2		140.4	
10117-CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.17	69.1	21.7	8.07	143.7	±2.2 %
		Y	9.56	67.6	20.6		144.5	
		Z	9.83	68.1	21.0		128.1	
10140-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	7.62	68.1	20.6	6.49	142.4	±1.7 %
		Y	7.09	66.4	19.4		145.7	
		Z	7.33	67.0	19.8		127.7	
10142-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.90	67.5	20.3	5.73	144.6	±1.4 %
		Y	5.46	65.6	18.9		149.4	
		Z	5.72	66.5	19.5		131.4	
10143-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	6.62	67.6	20.5	6.35	126.6	±1.4 %
		Y	6.15	65.9	19.1		130.3	
		Z	6.65	67.5	20.2		136.4	

10145-CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.74	68.0	20.6	5.76	139.3	±1.2 %
		Y	5.23	65.7	18.9		143.1	
		Z	5.70	67.6	20.1		149.8	
10146-CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	6.60	69.0	21.2	6.41	142.9	±1.4 %
		Y	6.06	66.9	19.7		147.0	
		Z	6.38	67.9	20.5		129.6	
10149-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	7.12	67.5	20.4	6.42	135.2	±1.7 %
		Y	6.67	66.0	19.2		139.5	
		Z	7.19	67.6	20.2		145.7	
10154-CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.09	67.6	20.3	5.75	147.4	±1.2 %
		Y	5.49	65.1	18.6		128.9	
		Z	5.91	66.6	19.6		134.3	
10155-CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	6.89	67.6	20.5	6.43	130.6	±1.4 %
		Y	6.46	66.0	19.2		135.1	
		Z	6.93	67.6	20.3		140.6	
10156-CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.88	67.6	20.4	5.79	143.0	±1.4 %
		Y	5.43	65.7	19.0		147.5	
		Z	5.72	66.7	19.7		130.1	
10157-CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	6.88	68.7	21.1	6.49	148.3	±1.4 %
		Y	6.19	66.1	19.4		128.4	
		Z	6.68	67.7	20.4		134.2	
10160-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.38	67.5	20.2	5.82	130.4	±1.4 %
		Y	5.86	65.4	18.7		133.9	
		Z	6.36	67.2	19.8		139.6	
10161-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	7.20	67.8	20.5	6.43	135.5	±1.7 %
		Y	6.75	66.3	19.4		140.1	
		Z	7.22	67.7	20.3		146.5	
10166-CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.21	68.1	20.6	5.46	133.8	±0.9 %
		Y	4.68	65.5	18.8		137.5	
		Z	5.15	67.5	20.0		143.5	
10167-CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	6.05	69.1	21.3	6.21	134.8	±1.2 %
		Y	5.48	66.7	19.6		138.6	
		Z	6.02	68.7	20.9		144.5	
10169-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.05	68.1	20.9	5.73	127.4	±0.9 %
		Y	4.56	65.6	19.0		132.6	
		Z	5.00	67.6	20.3		137.1	
10170-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.93	69.8	22.1	6.52	148.5	±1.4 %
		Y	5.13	66.2	19.7		130.2	
		Z	5.67	68.4	21.1		134.8	
10175-CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.27	69.2	21.5	5.72	149.6	±1.2 %
		Y	4.51	65.3	18.9		132.4	
		Z	5.01	67.6	20.4		136.6	
10176-CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.95	69.9	22.1	6.52	148.2	±1.4 %
		Y	5.13	66.2	19.7		130.4	
		Z	5.68	68.5	21.1		134.6	

10177-CAI	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.23	68.9	21.3	5.73	149.5	±0.9 %
		Y	4.53	65.4	19.0		132.6	
		Z	5.03	67.7	20.4		136.6	
10178-CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.94	69.8	22.1	6.52	148.1	±1.4 %
		Y	5.11	66.1	19.6		129.7	
		Z	5.65	68.3	21.1		134.7	
10181-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.25	69.0	21.4	5.72	149.5	±1.2 %
		Y	4.56	65.6	19.1		132.1	
		Z	5.01	67.6	20.4		137.0	
10182-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.92	69.7	22.0	6.52	148.1	±1.4 %
		Y	5.11	66.1	19.6		129.8	
		Z	5.67	68.4	21.1		134.6	
10184-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.05	68.1	20.9	5.73	127.4	±0.9 %
		Y	4.57	65.6	19.1		132.9	
		Z	5.03	67.7	20.4		136.9	
10185-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.94	69.9	22.1	6.51	148.3	±1.4 %
		Y	5.08	65.9	19.4		130.3	
		Z	5.69	68.5	21.2		134.7	
10187-CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.22	68.9	21.3	5.73	149.7	±1.2 %
		Y	4.52	65.3	18.9		132.2	
		Z	5.03	67.7	20.4		136.7	
10188-CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	6.00	70.1	22.3	6.52	148.3	±1.7 %
		Y	5.10	66.0	19.6		129.7	
		Z	5.68	68.5	21.1		134.7	
10196-CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	9.74	68.9	21.7	8.10	135.1	±2.5 %
		Y	9.19	67.4	20.6		138.0	
		Z	9.81	69.0	21.6		146.4	
10225-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	X	7.00	68.0	20.4	5.97	136.0	±1.2 %
		Y	6.54	66.4	19.1		141.6	
		Z	6.98	67.7	20.0		146.1	
10274-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	X	5.94	67.5	19.5	4.87	133.4	±0.9 %
		Y	5.47	66.0	18.4		137.2	
		Z	5.93	67.4	19.3		143.2	
10275-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	X	4.69	68.4	20.0	3.96	143.4	±0.7 %
		Y	4.09	65.6	18.1		148.3	
		Z	4.47	67.2	19.1		129.0	
10297-AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.51	68.6	21.1	5.81	127.5	±0.9 %
		Y	5.79	65.4	18.8		132.3	
		Z	6.37	67.7	20.3		136.6	
10298-AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.90	68.6	21.0	5.72	141.0	±1.2 %
		Y	5.30	65.8	19.0		145.4	
		Z	5.63	67.1	19.9		128.6	
10299-AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	6.73	69.1	21.3	6.39	144.8	±1.2 %
		Y	6.17	66.9	19.7		148.5	
		Z	6.53	68.1	20.6		131.4	

10311-AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.81	67.8	20.4	6.06	133.0	±1.4 %
		Y	6.26	65.8	19.0		136.3	
		Z	6.83	67.7	20.2		143.4	
10415-AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.91	81.0	24.8	1.54	142.0	±1.2 %
		Y	2.53	67.7	18.5		149.7	
		Z	4.06	76.1	22.3		129.5	
10416-AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	9.85	69.0	21.9	8.23	135.9	±2.7 %
		Y	9.30	67.5	20.7		137.8	
		Z	9.89	69.0	21.7		146.0	
10418-AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Long preambule)	X	9.70	68.8	21.7	8.14	134.7	±2.5 %
		Y	9.18	67.5	20.7		137.4	
		Z	9.75	68.9	21.6		145.1	
10435-AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.93	70.8	23.7	7.82	149.2	±1.9 %
		Y	5.15	67.1	21.2		147.2	
		Z	5.71	69.5	22.7		136.1	
10457-AAA	UMTS-FDD (DC-HSDPA)	X	8.19	67.3	20.2	6.62	131.4	±1.9 %
		Y	7.82	66.3	19.3		136.3	
		Z	8.24	67.4	20.1		142.0	
10460-AAA	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA, AMR)	X	3.97	75.2	22.9	2.39	136.1	±0.9 %
		Y	2.77	67.5	18.7		143.1	
		Z	3.67	73.0	21.5		145.5	
10461-AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.96	71.0	23.8	7.82	148.9	±2.2 %
		Y	5.13	66.9	21.1		147.1	
		Z	5.70	69.4	22.6		136.2	
10462-AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.43	71.8	24.3	8.30	146.4	±2.2 %
		Y	5.49	67.6	21.5		143.7	
		Z	6.13	70.2	23.2		133.4	
10464-AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.90	70.6	23.5	7.82	148.7	±1.9 %
		Y	5.14	67.0	21.1		147.5	
		Z	5.67	69.3	22.6		135.6	
10465-AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.41	71.6	24.2	8.32	146.4	±2.2 %
		Y	5.56	67.9	21.7		144.2	
		Z	6.14	70.1	23.2		133.2	
10467-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.91	70.6	23.5	7.82	148.3	±2.2 %
		Y	5.14	67.0	21.0		148.1	
		Z	5.68	69.3	22.6		135.8	
10468-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.45	71.8	24.3	8.32	146.6	±1.9 %
		Y	5.54	67.8	21.6		144.0	
		Z	6.14	70.1	23.2		133.2	
10470-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.94	70.8	23.7	7.82	148.2	±2.2 %
		Y	5.15	67.1	21.1		148.0	
		Z	5.67	69.2	22.5		135.7	

10471-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.43	71.7	24.3	8.32	146.8	±1.9 %
		Y	5.55	67.8	21.7		144.0	
		Z	6.13	70.1	23.1		133.4	
10473-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.95	70.9	23.7	7.82	148.6	±2.2 %
		Y	5.12	66.9	21.0		147.4	
		Z	5.67	69.2	22.5		135.4	
10474-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.41	71.6	24.3	8.32	146.3	±1.9 %
		Y	5.51	67.5	21.5		144.1	
		Z	6.12	70.0	23.1		133.3	
10477-AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.46	71.8	24.4	8.32	146.3	±2.2 %
		Y	5.55	67.8	21.6		144.6	
		Z	6.15	70.2	23.3		133.2	
10479-AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.98	69.3	22.7	7.74	132.7	±1.4 %
		Y	5.25	65.9	20.3		134.1	
		Z	5.91	68.8	22.1		141.4	
10480-AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.60	70.3	23.2	8.18	134.7	±1.7 %
		Y	5.78	66.9	20.9		134.1	
		Z	6.56	69.9	22.8		143.3	
10482-AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.33	69.0	22.5	7.71	140.1	±1.7 %
		Y	5.56	65.7	20.1		140.5	
		Z	6.28	68.5	21.9		149.4	
10483-AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	7.30	70.1	23.2	8.39	144.8	±1.7 %
		Y	6.48	67.0	21.0		143.2	
		Z	7.09	69.0	22.3		132.3	
10485-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.34	69.0	22.4	7.59	142.4	±1.7 %
		Y	5.57	65.6	20.0		142.8	
		Z	6.10	67.6	21.4		129.8	
10486-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	7.45	70.0	23.1	8.38	149.3	±1.9 %
		Y	6.63	66.8	20.9		147.0	
		Z	7.22	68.8	22.2		136.1	
10488-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.69	68.8	22.3	7.70	148.3	±1.9 %
		Y	5.91	65.7	20.1		147.5	
		Z	6.49	67.7	21.5		135.1	
10489-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	7.48	68.7	22.4	8.31	133.7	±1.9 %
		Y	6.71	65.9	20.3		134.0	
		Z	7.48	68.6	22.1		143.1	
10491-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.91	68.4	22.0	7.74	131.7	±1.7 %
		Y	6.11	65.4	19.9		131.9	
		Z	6.91	68.2	21.7		140.9	
10492-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	7.94	69.0	22.5	8.41	140.0	±2.2 %
		Y	7.14	66.3	20.6		139.4	
		Z	7.96	68.9	22.3		149.8	
10494-AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.92	68.6	22.1	7.74	132.0	±1.7 %
		Y	6.10	65.5	20.0		132.3	
		Z	6.88	68.2	21.6		140.3	

10495-AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	7.88	68.9	22.4	8.37	139.9	±2.2 %
		Y	7.06	66.1	20.5		139.1	
		Z	7.88	68.7	22.1		149.6	
10497-AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.25	69.2	22.5	7.67	139.2	±1.7 %
		Y	5.53	66.1	20.3		139.6	
		Z	6.20	68.6	21.9		148.7	
10498-AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	7.26	70.5	23.4	8.40	142.7	±1.9 %
		Y	6.38	67.1	21.0		140.8	
		Z	6.99	69.1	22.4		129.9	
10500-AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.50	68.9	22.4	7.67	144.6	±1.7 %
		Y	5.71	65.5	20.0		144.4	
		Z	6.29	67.8	21.5		131.8	
10501-AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	7.39	69.0	22.6	8.44	128.7	±2.2 %
		Y	6.76	66.7	20.9		149.6	
		Z	7.38	68.7	22.2		138.1	
10503-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.74	69.0	22.4	7.72	148.5	±1.9 %
		Y	5.93	65.7	20.2		147.8	
		Z	6.51	67.8	21.5		134.8	
10504-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	7.44	68.6	22.3	8.31	133.0	±1.9 %
		Y	6.71	65.9	20.3		133.9	
		Z	7.47	68.5	22.0		143.0	
10506-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.89	68.4	22.0	7.74	131.3	±1.7 %
		Y	6.07	65.4	19.9		131.8	
		Z	6.88	68.2	21.6		140.4	
10507-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	7.86	68.9	22.4	8.36	139.6	±2.2 %
		Y	7.02	66.0	20.4		138.9	
		Z	7.88	68.7	22.1		149.5	
10509-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	7.54	69.0	22.3	7.99	137.8	±1.9 %
		Y	6.60	65.7	20.1		137.0	
		Z	7.52	68.8	22.0		147.2	
10510-AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	8.41	69.3	22.6	8.49	146.6	±2.5 %
		Y	7.47	66.3	20.6		143.6	
		Z	8.18	68.3	21.9		133.2	
10512-AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	7.29	69.2	22.3	7.74	136.5	±1.7 %
		Y	6.31	65.6	19.9		135.1	
		Z	7.25	68.8	21.8		145.4	
10513-AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	8.26	69.1	22.5	8.42	145.0	±2.2 %
		Y	7.33	66.1	20.4		142.5	
		Z	8.07	68.3	21.9		132.2	
10515-AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.23	78.0	23.6	1.58	141.7	±0.9 %
		Y	2.50	67.6	18.4		147.5	
		Z	4.36	77.7	23.0		129.8	

EX3DV4– SN:7519 October 19, 2018

10564-AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 9 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	9.83	68.9	21.8	8.25	134.9	±2.7 %
		Y	9.33	67.7	20.8		138.1	
		Z	9.94	69.1	21.8		146.6	
10571-AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.68	79.4	24.3	1.99	138.8	±0.9 %
		Y	2.52	67.1	18.3		144.4	
		Z	3.77	74.3	21.8		149.2	
10572-AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.40	82.6	25.6	1.99	138.3	±1.2 %
		Y	2.66	68.3	19.0		143.1	
		Z	3.89	75.2	22.2		148.7	
10575-AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	9.93	68.9	22.1	8.59	132.5	±3.0 %
		Y	9.41	67.6	21.0		134.5	
		Z	10.02	69.1	22.0		143.6	
10576-AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	9.92	68.9	22.1	8.60	132.3	±3.0 %
		Y	9.37	67.5	20.9		134.5	
		Z	10.02	69.1	22.0		143.2	
10591-AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	10.05	69.0	22.1	8.63	134.2	±3.0 %
		Y	9.50	67.6	21.0		136.2	
		Z	10.13	69.1	22.0		144.9	
10592-AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	10.20	69.1	22.2	8.79	134.2	±3.0 %
		Y	9.65	67.7	21.1		136.0	
		Z	10.30	69.3	22.2		145.4	
10599-AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	10.67	69.5	22.3	8.79	142.0	±2.5 %
		Y	10.02	67.9	21.2		143.2	
		Z	10.36	68.6	21.7		126.9	
10600-AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	10.78	69.7	22.5	8.88	142.2	±2.7 %
		Y	10.09	68.0	21.3		143.2	
		Z	10.44	68.6	21.8		127.4	

[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Appendix C
Dipole Calibration Certificates

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Motorola Solutions MY**

Certificate No: **CLA150-4005_Feb18**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	CLA150 - SN: 4005
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-15.v8 Calibration procedure for system validation sources below 700 MHz
Calibration date:	February 09, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5277 (20x)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3877	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-3877_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 654	24-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-654_Jul17)	Jul-18

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02285/02284)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02285)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02284	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 12, 2018

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- *Return Loss:* This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm
EUT Positioning	Touch Position	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	150 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.3	0.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.3 ± 6 %	0.76 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	3.80 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**3.77 W/kg ± 18.4 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	2.52 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**2.50 W/kg ± 18.0 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	61.9	0.80 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	62.1 ± 6 %	0.81 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	3.87 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**3.84 W/kg ± 18.4 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	2.57 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**2.55 W/kg ± 18.0 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	41.9 Ω + 2.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 20.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	42.9 Ω + 0.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.3 dB

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 23, 2013

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 09.02.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: CLA150; Type: CLA150; Serial: CLA150 - SN: 4005

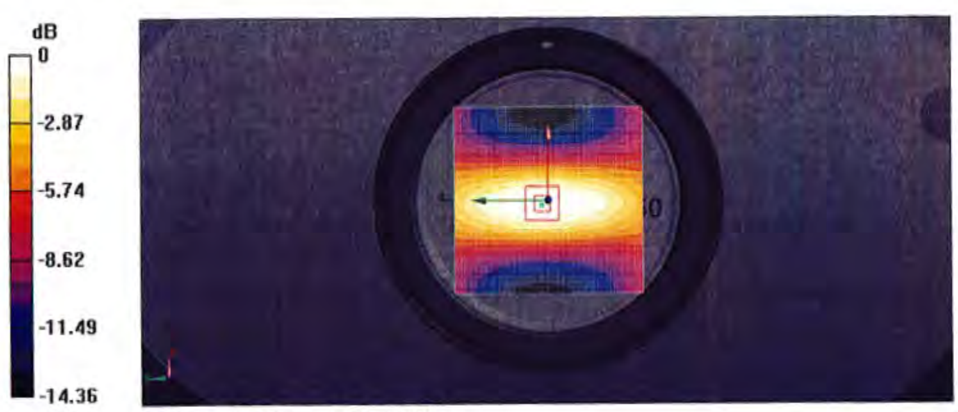
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 150 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz; σ = 0.76 S/m; ε_r = 50.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3877; ConvF(12.12, 12.12, 12.12); Calibrated: 30.12.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 24.07.2017
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.37 W/kg

CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x10x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 83.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.14 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.52 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.33 W/kg



0 dB = 5.37 W/kg = 7.30 dBW/kg

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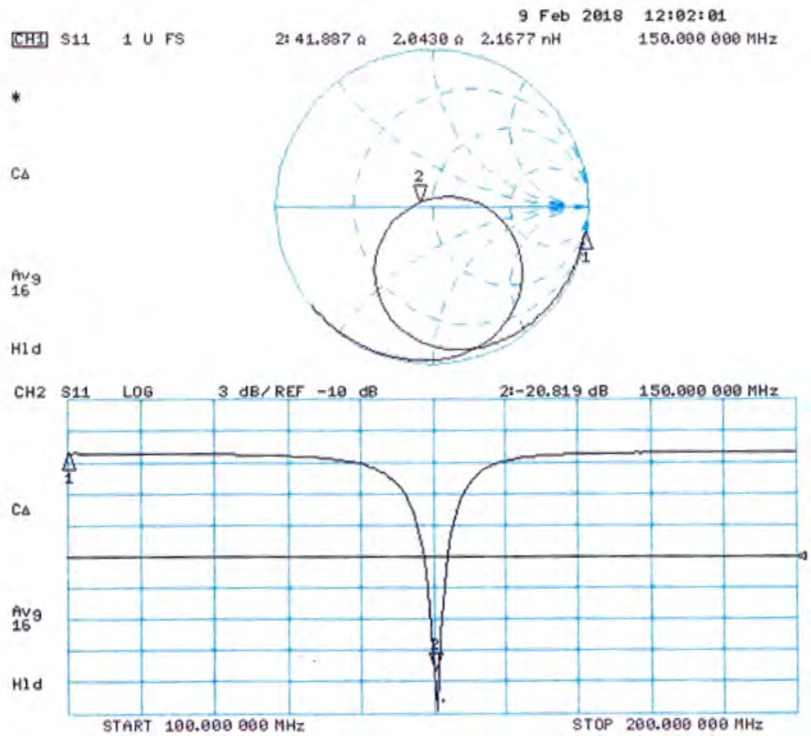
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 09.02.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: CLA150; Type: CLA150; Serial: CLA150 - SN: 4005

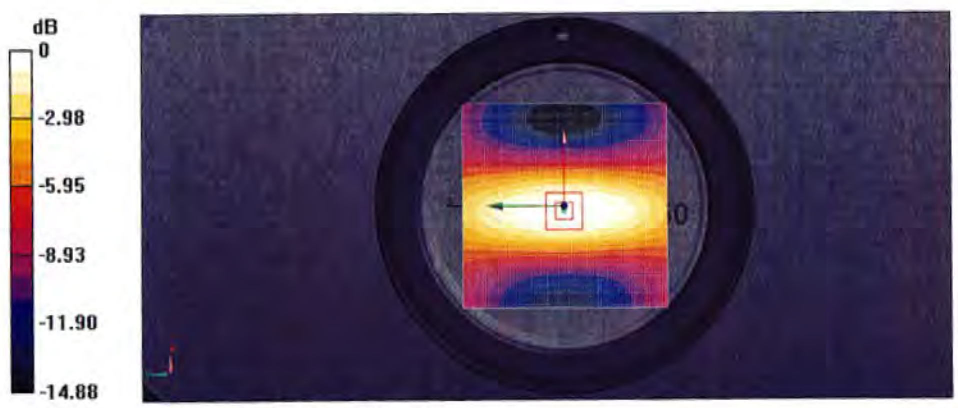
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 150 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz; σ = 0.81 S/m; ε_r = 62.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3877; ConvF(11.57, 11.57, 11.57); Calibrated: 30.12.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 24.07.2017
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.47 W/kg

CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x10x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 81.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.26 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.87 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.57 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.37 W/kg



0 dB = 5.47 W/kg = 7.38 dBW/kg

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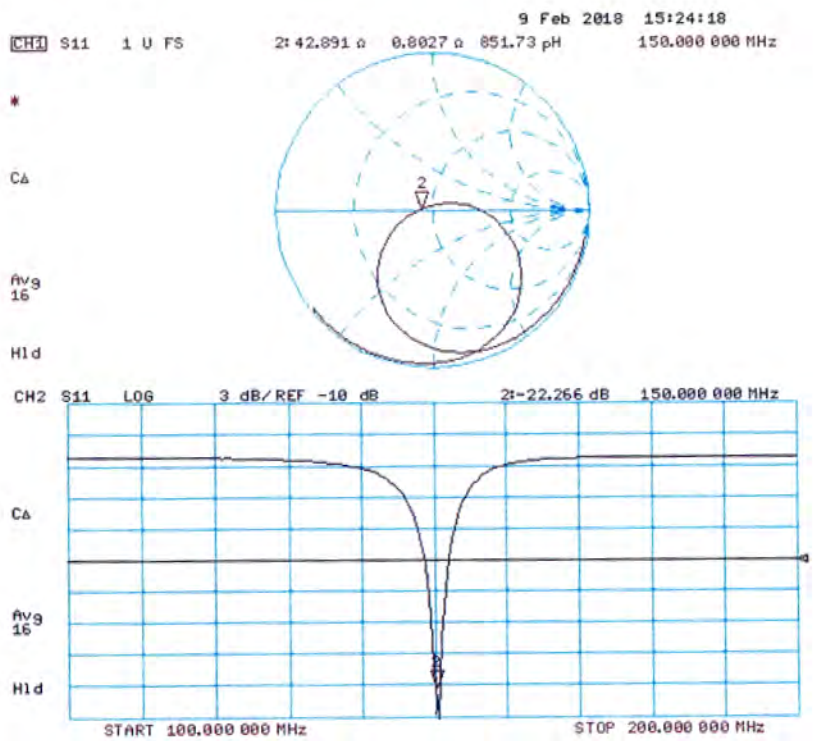
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Dipole Data

As stated in KDB 865664, only dipoles exceed annual calibration interval required to provide supporting information and measurement to qualify for extended calibration interval.

The table below includes dipole impedance and return loss measurement data measured by Motorola Solutions' EME lab. The results meet the requirements stated in KDB 865664.

CLA150-4005	Head			Body		
	Impedance		Return Loss	Impedance		Return Loss
Date Measured	real Ω	imag jΩ	dB	real Ω	imag jΩ	dB
02/26/2018	43.11	4.56	-21.01	46.25	-0.63	-28.16
02/09/2019	43.62	5.59	-20.87	46.18	-2.20	-26.77