

# Appendix C. Maximum Permissible Exposure



## 1. Maximum Permissible Exposure

## 1.1. Applicable Standard

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 0.25 m normally can be maintained between the user and the device. (A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> ,  H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842 / f	4.89 / f	(900 / f)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			F/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6

(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> ,  H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz; \*Plane-wave equivalent power density

## 1.2. MPE Calculation Method

E (V/m) = 
$$\frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
 Power Density: Pd (W/m<sup>2</sup>) =  $\frac{E^2}{377}$ 

 $\mathbf{E} = \text{Electric field (V/m)}$ 

 $\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{Peak} \ \mathbf{RF} \ \mathbf{output} \ \mathbf{power} \ \mathbf{(W)}$ 

- $\mathbf{G} = \mathbf{E} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{T}$  Antenna numeric gain (numeric)
- d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$

From the peak EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.25m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.



## 1.3. Calculated Result and Limit

#### For 5GHz Band:

#### Antenna Type : Dipole Antenna

#### Max Conducted Power for 802.11a Ant. B-1+B-2+B-3 : 29.36 dBm

Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Peak Output Power ( mW )	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
6	3.9811	29.3588	862.7354	0.437530	1	Complies

#### For 2.4GHz Band:

### Antenna Type : Embeded Antenna

#### Max Conducted Power for draft n Ant. B-1+B-2+B-3 : 29.79 dBm

Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Peak Output Power ( mW )	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
3	1.9953	29.7851	951.7295	0.241904	1	Complies

#### Co-location mode

Max Conducted Power for 2.4G and 5G simultaneously transmitting

2.4G Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	5G Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Max. Power Density (\$) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
0.437530	0.241904	0.679434	1	Complies