

## ANNEX A.7

Justification of SAR result using a 4mm thick phantom.

a) **Test Lab is in the process of acquiring a 2mm thick phantom for future measurements.**

b) Below is an analysis of the expected effect on SAR for the 4mm thick phantom.

(1) A comparison testing was carried out using the 4mm thick phantom and the SAM (2mm thick) phantom.

(2) 450MHz and 900MHz dipole was used to make the comparison.

Below is the summary of the comparison testing.

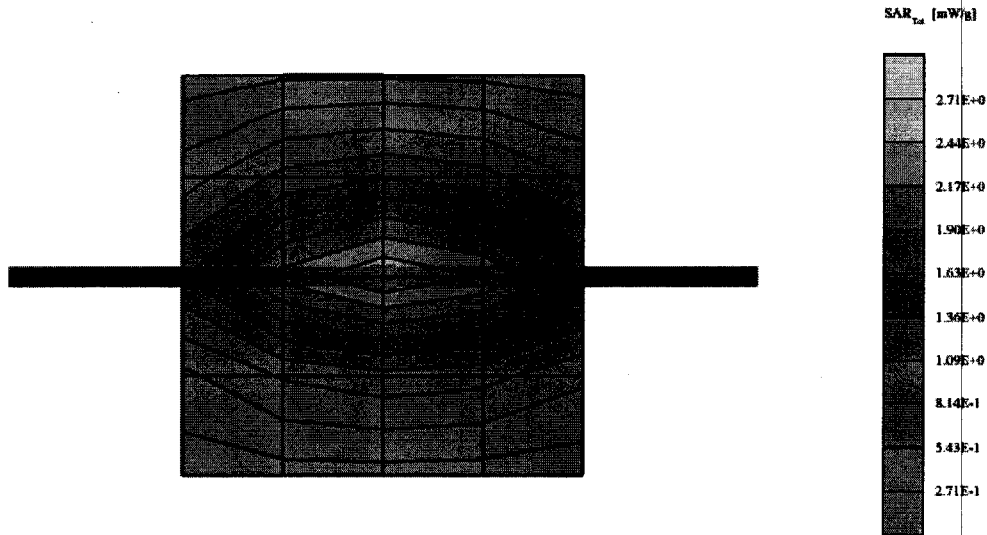
Dipole	SAM Phantom (2mm)	4mm Phantom	Differences
Using 900MHz Dipole (Forward Power = 250mW)	2.59mW/g*	2.45mW/g*	-5.4%
Using 450MHz Dipole (Forward Power = 250mW)	1.33mW/g*	1.24mW/g*	-6.7%

\* SAR<sub>1g</sub>

(i) Using 900MHz Dipole (Forward Power = 250mW) – SAM Phantom

Dipole 900 MHz

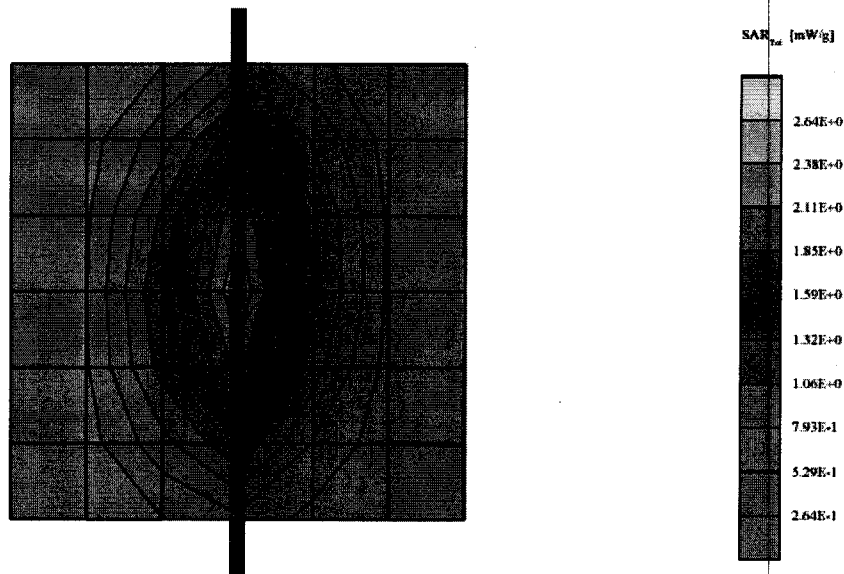
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1647; ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60); Crest factor: 1.0; Head 900 MHz:  $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 40.9$ ,  $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cubes (2): SAR (1g):  $2.59 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.09 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (10g):  $1.58 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.09 \text{ dB}$ , (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Course: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.04 dB



(ii) Using 900MHz Dipole (Forward Power = 250mW) – 4mm Phantom

Dipole 900 MHz

Rectangle Phantom; Flat  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1647; ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60); Crest factor: 1.0; Head 900 MHz:  $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 40.9$ ,  $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cubes (2): Peak:  $3.72 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.08 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (1g):  $2.45 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.08 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (10g):  $1.61 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.08 \text{ dB}$ , (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Penetration depth: (12.9, 11.9, 14.1) [mm]  
Powerdrift: 0.01 dB



Test Laboratory: Telecom & EMC Testing Group

File Name: 450MHz\_Dipole Validation at Sam Phantom\_250mW\_Data 2\_Verification.da4

**DUT: Dipole 450MHz Type & Serial Number: D450V2 & 1004 respectively.**

**Program: 450MHz\_Dipole Validation at Sam Phantom\_Data 2\_Verified; Antenna Input Power: 250mW**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 450MHz Head Tissue ( $\sigma = 0.891$  mho/m,  $\epsilon = 43.505$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1647; ConvF(7.5, 7.5, 7.5); Calibrated: 11/20/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn475; Calibrated: 11/14/2002
- Phantom: SAM V4.0 - TP:Type: 1116
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

**Area Scan (7x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm**

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm**

Reference Value = 41.9 V/m

Peak SAR = 2.14 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.33 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.842 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.01 dB



Test Laboratory: Telecom & EMC Testing Group

File Name: 450MHz\_Dipole Validation at PSB Flat Phantom\_Data 1\_Verification.da4

**DUT: Dipole 450MHz Type & Serial Number: D450V2 & 1004 respectively**

**Program: 450MHz\_Dipole Validation at Flat Phantom\_Data 1\_Verified; Antenna Input Power: 250mW**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 450MHz Head Tissue ( $\sigma = 0.891$  mho/m,  $\epsilon = 43.505$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Phantom section: bottomSection

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1647; ConvF(7.5, 7.5, 7.5); Calibrated: 11/20/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn475; Calibrated: 11/14/2002
- Phantom: PSB Flat Phantom - TP:
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

**Area Scan (7x17x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Reference Value = 38.9 V/m

Peak SAR = 1.82 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.24 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.826 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.03 dB

