

16 General SAR test reduction & exclusion guidance

KDB 447498

Section 4.3 General SAR test reduction and exclusion guidance

For Standalone SAR exclusion consideration, when SAR Exclusion Threshold requirement in KDB 447498 is satisfied, standalone SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions by measurement or numerical simulation is not required.

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold for frequency range below 100 MHz will be determined as follows.

$$\text{SAR Exclusion Threshold (SARET)} = \text{Step 2} * \text{Step 3}$$

Step 1

$$\text{NT} = \left[\frac{\text{MP}}{\text{TSD}^A} \right] * \sqrt{f_{\text{GHz}}}$$

NT = Numeric Threshold (3.0 for 1-g SAR and 7.5 for 10-g SAR)

MP = Max Power of channel (mW) (including tune-up tolerance)

TSD^A = Min Test separation Distance or 50mm (whichever is lower) = 5mm
(in this case)

We can transpose this formula to allow us to find the maximum power of a channel allowed and compare this to the measured maximum power.

$$= \left[(\text{NT} * \text{TSD}^A) / \sqrt{f_{\text{GHz}}} \right]$$

Step 2

$$\text{Step 2} = \text{Step 1} + (\text{TSD}^B - 50\text{mm}) * 10$$

$$\text{TSD}^B = \text{Min Test separation Distance (mm)} = 50$$

So,

$$\text{Step 2} = \text{Step 1} = \left[(\text{NT} * \text{TSD}^A) / \sqrt{f_{\text{GHz}}} \right]$$

Step 3

- the power threshold at the corresponding test separation distance at 100 MHz in step 2 is multiplied by $[1 + \log(100/f_{\text{MHz}})]$ for test separation distances > 50 mm and < 200 mm
- the power threshold determined by the equation (a) for 50 mm and 100 MHz is multiplied by $\frac{1}{2}$ for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm

$$\text{SARET} = \left[(\text{NT} * \text{TSD}^A) / \sqrt{0.1} \right] * [1 + \log(100/f_{\text{MHz}})] * \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{SARET} = \left[(3.0 * 50) / \sqrt{0.1} \right] * [1 + \log(100/0.1342)] * \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{SARET} = 918.4 \text{ mW}$$

The calculated output power is 1.8×10^{-7} mW (eirp) and is less than the SAR Exclusion Threshold of 918.4 mW, at a test separation distance ≤ 50 mm, for general population and uncontrolled exposure. Therefore standalone SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions by measurement or numerical simulation is not required.