FCC SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID	**:**	**APYHRO00303**
Equipment	**:**	**Smart phone**
Brand Name	**:**	**SHARP**
Model Name	**:**	**APYHRO00303**
Applicant	**:**	**SHARP CORPORATION** **1 Takumi-Cho, Sakai-Ku, Sakai-Shi,** **Osaka 590-8522, Japan**
Manufacturer	**:**	**SHARP CORPORATION** **1 Takumi-Cho, Sakai-Ku, Sakai-Shi,** **Osaka 590-8522, Japan**
Standard	**:**	**FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)**

The product was received on Sep 17, 2021 and testing was started from Sep 17, 2021 and completed on Oct 09, 2021. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

Testing Laboratory 3786

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History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA190730	01	Initial issue of report	Oct. 29, 2021

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for SHARP CORPORATION, Smart phone, APYHRO00303, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Highest SAR Summary: Head (Separation 0mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest SAR Summary: Body-worn (Separation 15mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest SAR Summary: Hotspot (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.30	0.36	0.39	0.90
		GSM1900	0.16	0.22	0.30	
	WCDMA	WCDMA V	0.39	0.57	0.61	
	LTE	LTE Band 2	0.17	0.18	0.31	
		LTE Band 5	0.28	0.32	0.31	
		LTE Band 7	0.43	0.30	0.50	
		LTE Band 12 / 17	0.24	0.31	0.38	
		LTE Band 38	0.40	0.27	0.43	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.27	0.11	0.22	0.83
NII		5GHz WLAN	0.57	0.31		0.90
DSS	2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.90
Date of Testing:			2021/9/17 ~ 2021/10/9			

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

Reviewed by: Jason Wang
Report Producer: Carlie Tsai

2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards, the below KDB standard may not including in the TAF code without accreditation.

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D07 UMPC Mini Tablet v01r02

3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

3.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Smart phone
Brand Name	SHARP
Model Name	APYHRO00303
FCC ID	APYHRO00303
S / N	SX1LHD1181300195 SX1LHD1181300771
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz WLAN 2.4 GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.2 GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.3 GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.6 GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz NFC : 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC: ASK
HW Version	DVT
SW Version	V1.130
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark: 1. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports Hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.	

3.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

<table>
<tr><th colspan="2">Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05</th></tr>
<tr><td>FCC ID</td><td>APYHRO00303</td></tr>
<tr><td>Equipment Name</td><td>Smart phone</td></tr>
<tr><td>Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band</td><td>LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz
LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz
LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz
LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz</td></tr>
<tr><td>Channel Bandwidth</td><td>LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz
LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz
LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz
LTE Band 12:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz
LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz
LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz</td></tr>
<tr><td>uplink modulations used</td><td>QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM</td></tr>
<tr><td>LTE Voice / Data requirements</td><td>Voice and Data</td></tr>
<tr><td>LTE MPR permanently built-in by design</td><td>Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3
<table>
<tr><th rowspan="2">Modulation</th><th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})</th><th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th></tr>
<tr><th>1.4 MHz</th><th>3.0 MHz</th><th>5 MHz</th><th>10 MHz</th><th>15 MHz</th><th>20 MHz</th></tr>
<tr><td>QPSK</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr>
<tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>≤ 5</td><td>≤ 4</td><td>≤ 8</td><td>≤ 12</td><td>≤ 16</td><td>≤ 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr>
<tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 2</td></tr>
<tr><td>64 QAM</td><td>≤ 5</td><td>≤ 4</td><td>≤ 8</td><td>≤ 12</td><td>≤ 16</td><td>≤ 18</td><td>≤ 2</td></tr>
<tr><td>64 QAM</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 3</td></tr>
<tr><td>256 QAM</td><td colspan="6">≥ 1</td><td>≤ 5</td></tr>
</table></td></tr>
<tr><td>LTE A-MPR</td><td>In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Spectrum plots for RB configuration</td><td>A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.</td></tr>
</table>

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band

LTE Band 2

	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900

LTE Band 5

	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844

LTE Band 7

	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560

LTE Band 12

	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	23017	699.7	23025	700.5	23035	701.5	23060	704
M	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5
H	23173	715.3	23165	714.5	23155	713.5	23130	711

LTE Band 17

	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz	
	Channel #	Freq.(MHz)	Channel #	Freq. (MHz)
L	23755	706.5	23780	709
M	23790	710	23790	710
H	23825	713.5	23800	711

LTE Band 38

	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850	2580
M	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595
H	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150	2610

4. RF Exposure Limits

4.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

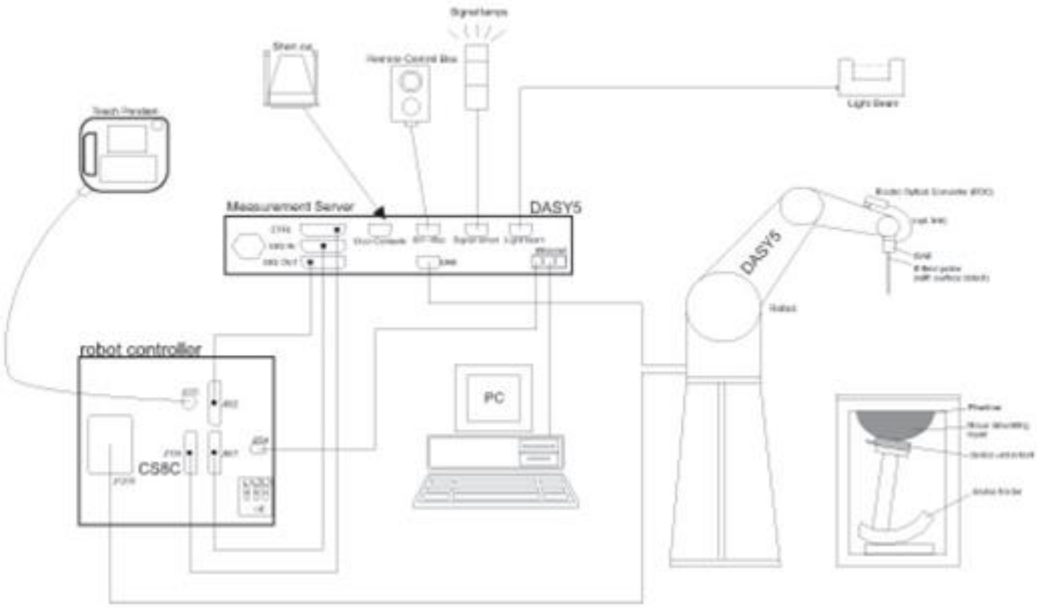
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^2}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

6. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6.1 Test Site Location

The SAR measurement facilities used to collect data are within both Sporton Lab list below test site location are accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190 and 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 and TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Test Site	EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory		Wensan Laboratory		
Test Site Location	TW1190 No.52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan		TW3786 No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan		
Test Site No.	SAR01-HY	SAR03-HY	SAR08-HY	SAR09-HY	SAR15-HY
	SAR04-HY	SAR05-HY	SAR11-HY	SAR12-HY	
	SAR06-HY	SAR10-HY	SAR13-HY	SAR14-HY	

6.2 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

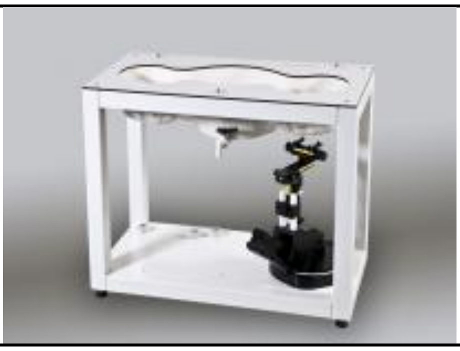
The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

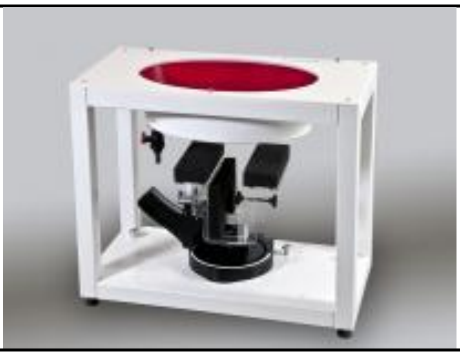
6.4 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

6.5 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.

Mounting Device for Laptops

7. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
(b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
(c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
(d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
(b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
(c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
(d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
(e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
(f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

7.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

<table>
<tr><th colspan="3"></th><th>$\leq$ 3 GHz</th><th>$>$ 3 GHz</th></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}</td><td>$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm
2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm*</td><td>3 – 4 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm*
4 – 6 GHz: $\leq$ 4 mm*</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface</td><td colspan="2">uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$</td><td>$\leq$ 5 mm</td><td>3 – 4 GHz: $\leq$ 4 mm
4 – 5 GHz: $\leq$ 3 mm
5 – 6 GHz: $\leq$ 2 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">graded grid</td><td>$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface</td><td>$\leq$ 4 mm</td><td>3 – 4 GHz: $\leq$ 3 mm
4 – 5 GHz: $\leq$ 2.5 mm
5 – 6 GHz: $\leq$ 2 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points</td><td colspan="2">$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$</td></tr>
<tr><td>Minimum zoom scan volume</td><td colspan="2">x, y, z</td><td>$\geq$ 30 mm</td><td>3 – 4 GHz: $\geq$ 28 mm
4 – 5 GHz: $\geq$ 25 mm
5 – 6 GHz: $\geq$ 22 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq$ 1.4 W/kg, $\leq$ 8 mm, $\leq$ 7 mm and $\leq$ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.</td></tr>
</table>

7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit(2)	D750V3	1107	Mar. 08, 2019	Mar. 05, 2022
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit(2)	D835V2	4d167	Nov. 25, 2019	Nov. 23, 2021
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit(2)	D1900V2	5d185	Mar. 07, 2019	Mar. 04, 2022
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit(2)	D2450V2	929	Nov. 21, 2019	Nov. 19, 2021
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit(2)	D2600V2	1078	Mar. 06, 2019	Mar. 03, 2022
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit(2)	D5GHzV2	1128	Dec. 16, 2019	Dec. 14, 2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	699	Feb. 16, 2021	Feb. 15, 2022
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1424	Jan. 19, 2021	Jan. 18, 2022
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1512	Feb. 11, 2021	Feb. 10, 2022
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7439	Feb. 23, 2021	Feb. 22, 2022
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7590	Mar. 25, 2021	Mar. 24, 2022
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7625	Jan. 19, 2021	Jan. 18, 2022
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM685-1	Nov. 10, 2020	Nov. 09, 2021
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM560-2	Nov. 10, 2020	Nov. 09, 2021
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201341950	Nov. 10, 2020	Nov. 09, 2021
Keysight	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267236	Mar. 21, 2021	Mar. 20, 2022
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT	100815	Feb. 19, 2021	Feb. 18, 2022
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Nov. 11, 2020	Nov. 10, 2021
Keysight	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Jul. 22, 2021	Jul. 21, 2022
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-12	1156	Jul. 16, 2021	Jul. 15, 2022
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	2942	Nov. 06, 2020	Nov. 05, 2021
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	Aug. 18, 2021	Aug. 17, 2022
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911176	Aug. 18, 2021	Aug. 17, 2022
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1804003	Oct. 21, 2020	Oct. 20, 2021
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1726150	Oct. 21, 2020	Oct. 20, 2021
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	N9010A	MY53470118	Jan. 15, 2021	Jan. 14, 2022
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 19, 2021	Aug. 18, 2022
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	6418	Oct. 21, 2020	Oct. 20, 2021
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	479102029	Sep. 06, 2021	Sep. 05, 2022
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 1	

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.

9. System Verification

9.1 Tissue Verification

The tissue dielectric parameters of tissue-equivalent media used for SAR measurements must be characterized within a temperature range of 18℃ to 25℃, measured with calibrated instruments and apparatuses, such as network analyzers and temperature probes. The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium during SAR measurement must also be within 18℃ to 25℃ and within ± 2℃ of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The tissue dielectric measurement system must be calibrated before use. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements.
The liquid tissue depth was at least 15cm in the phantom for all SAR testing

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	22.5	0.885	42.243	0.89	41.90	-0.56	0.82	±5	2021/9/17
835	22.5	0.888	42.368	0.90	41.50	-1.33	2.09	±5	2021/9/17
835	22.7	0.879	40.816	0.90	41.50	-2.33	-1.65	±5	2021/9/18
1900	22.7	1.394	39.167	1.40	40.00	-0.43	-2.08	±5	2021/9/21
2450	22.5	1.814	39.847	1.80	39.20	0.78	1.65	±5	2021/9/26
2600	22.7	1.998	39.089	1.96	39.00	1.94	0.23	±5	2021/9/21
2600	22.6	1.993	39.260	1.96	39.00	1.68	0.67	±5	2021/9/23
5250	22.2	4.559	36.601	4.71	35.95	-3.21	1.81	±5	2021/10/8
5600	22.2	4.899	36.047	5.07	35.50	-3.37	1.54	±5	2021/10/8
5600	22.3	5.180	36.332	5.07	35.50	2.17	2.34	±5	2021/10/9
5750	22.2	5.045	35.929	5.22	35.35	-3.35	1.64	±5	2021/10/8

9.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Test Site	Date	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
SAR08	2021/9/17	750	250	D750V3-1107	EX3DV4 - SN7590	DAE4 Sn1424	2.08	8.32	8.32	0.00
SAR08	2021/9/17	835	250	D835V2-4d167	EX3DV4 - SN7590	DAE4 Sn1424	2.38	9.55	9.52	-0.31
SAR08	2021/9/18	835	250	D835V2-4d167	EX3DV4 - SN7590	DAE4 Sn1424	2.34	9.55	9.36	-1.99
SAR08	2021/9/21	1900	250	D1900V2-5d185	EX3DV4 - SN7590	DAE4 Sn1424	9.12	39.40	36.48	-7.41
SAR08	2021/9/26	2450	250	D2450V2-929	EX3DV4 - SN7590	DAE4 Sn1424	13.40	53.10	53.6	0.94
SAR08	2021/9/21	2600	250	D2600V2-1078	EX3DV4 - SN7590	DAE4 Sn1424	14.30	57.60	57.2	-0.69
SAR08	2021/9/23	2600	50	D2600V2-1078	EX3DV4 - SN7590	DAE4 Sn1424	2.77	57.60	55.4	-3.82
SAR09	2021/10/8	5250	50	D5GHzV2-1128-5250	EX3DV4 - SN7439	DAE4 Sn699	4.01	80.00	80.2	0.25
SAR09	2021/10/8	5600	50	D5GHzV2-1128-5600	EX3DV4 - SN7439	DAE4 Sn699	4.41	82.40	88.2	7.04
SAR11	2021/10/9	5600	50	D5GHzV2-1128-5600	EX3DV4 - SN7625	DAE4 Sn1512	4.17	82.40	83.4	1.21
SAR09	2021/10/8	5750	50	D5GHzV2-1128-5750	EX3DV4 - SN7439	DAE4 Sn699	3.78	79.10	75.6	-4.42

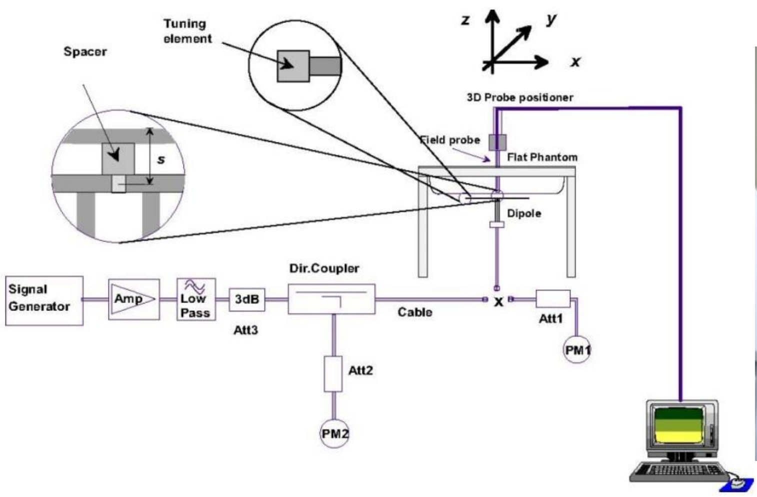


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

10. RF Exposure Positions

10.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M,” the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE,” and the right ERP is marked “RE.” Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

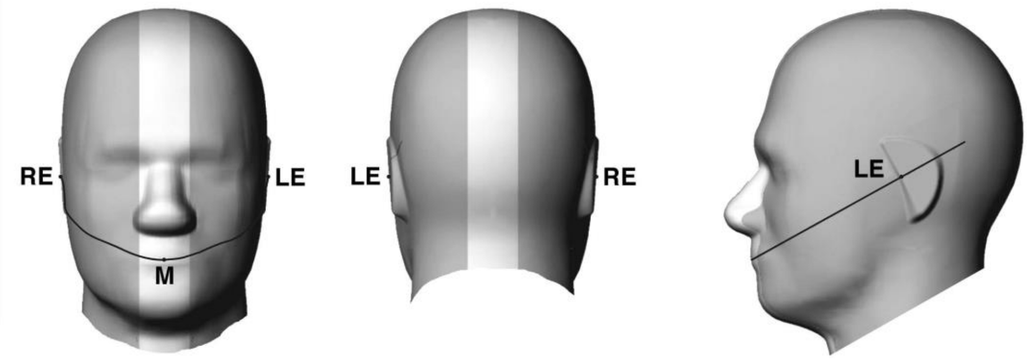


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

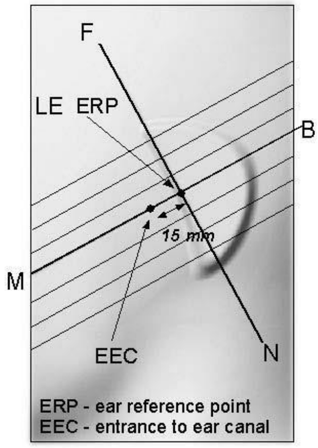


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

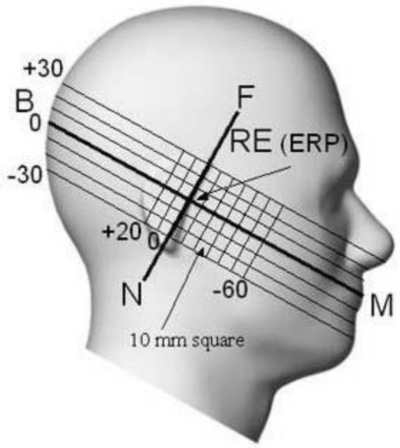


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

10.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

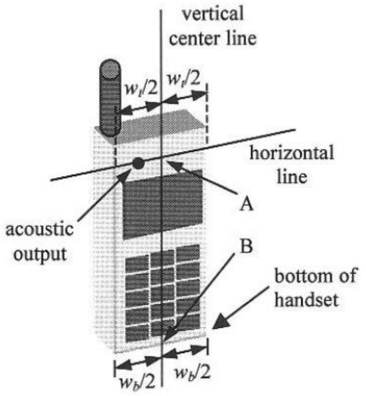


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

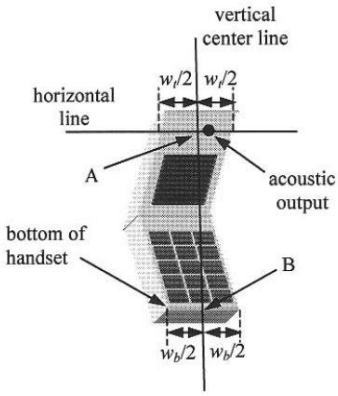


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

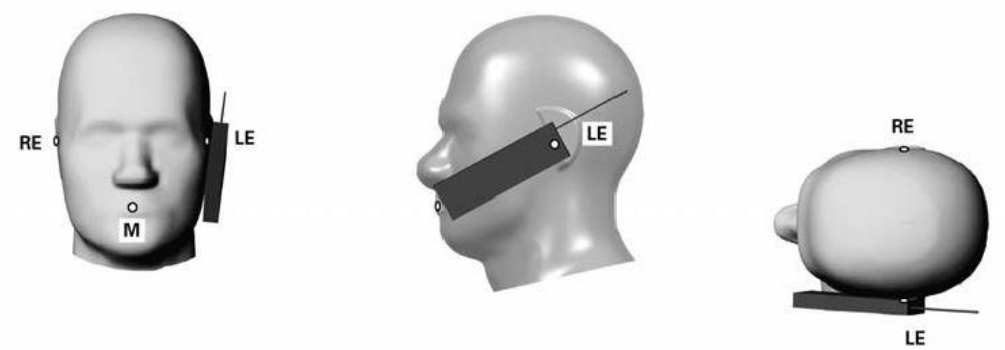


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

10.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

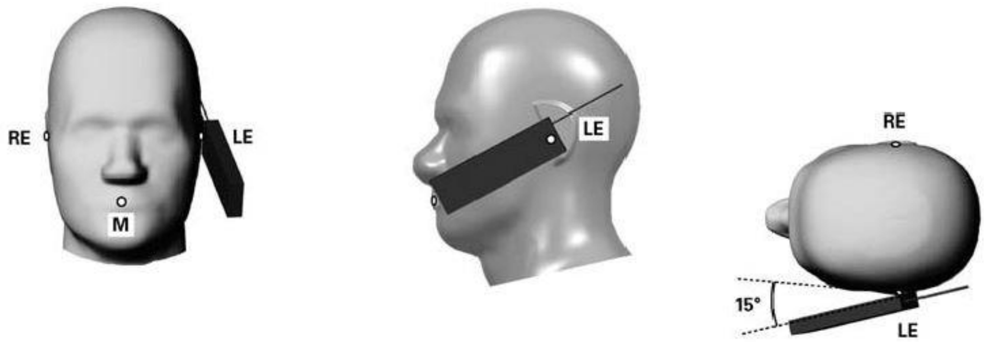


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

10.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

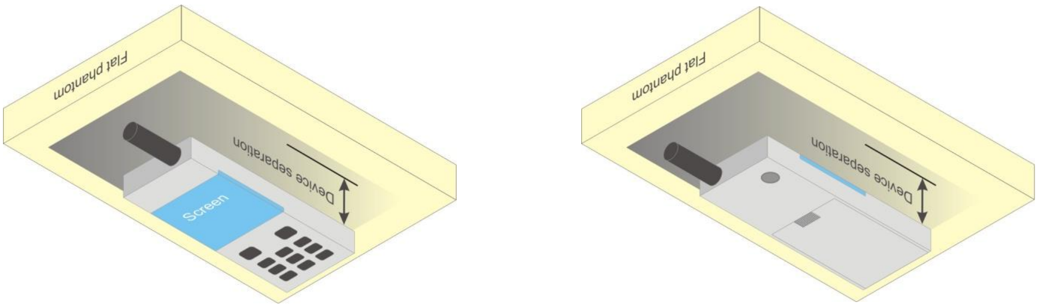


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

10.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The “Portable Hotspot” feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

11. GSM/UMTS/LTE Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot	31.83	31.94	31.93	34.00	22.83	22.94	22.93	25.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot	31.75	31.92	32.06	34.00	22.75	22.92	23.06	25.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots	28.53	28.65	28.60	30.50	22.53	22.65	22.60	24.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	27.50	27.52	27.51	29.50	23.24	23.26	23.25	25.24
GPRS 4 Tx slots	24.93	24.79	25.61	26.50	21.93	21.79	22.61	23.50

GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot	28.99	29.42	29.56	31.00	19.99	20.42	20.56	22.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot	29.07	29.51	29.41	31.00	20.07	20.51	20.41	22.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots	27.26	27.50	27.58	29.00	21.26	21.50	21.58	23.00
GPRS 3 Tx slots	26.33	26.44	26.25	28.00	22.07	22.18	21.99	23.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	24.65	24.73	24.51	26.50	21.65	21.73	21.51	23.50

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
   ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
   vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d *(SF)*	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} *(Note1, Note 2)*	CM (dB) *(Note 3)*	MPR (dB) *(Note 3)*
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 *(Note 4)*	15/15 *(Note 4)*	64	12/15 *(Note 4)*	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
    i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
    ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
    iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
    iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
    v. Set UE Target Power
    vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
    vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
    viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d *(SF)*	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} *(Note1)*	β_{ec}	β_{ed} *(Note 4) (Note 5)*	β_{ed} *(SF)*	β_{ed} *(Codes)*	CM (dB) *(Note 2)*	MPR (dB) *(Note 2) (Note 6)*	AG Index *(Note 5)*	E-TFCI
1	11/15 *(Note 3)*	15/15 *(Note 3)*	64	11/15 *(Note 3)*	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed}1: 47/15 β_{ed}2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 5/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

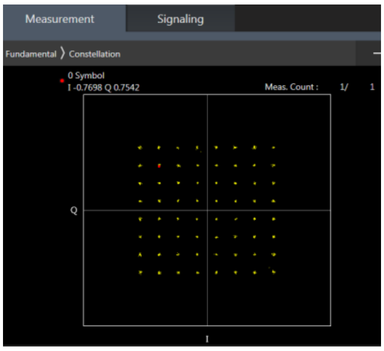
Band		WCDMA V			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		4132	4182	4233	
Rx Channel		4357	4407	4458	
Frequency (MHz)		826.4	836.4	846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	24.28	24.19	24.10	25.70
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	24.30	24.20	24.15	25.70
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	23.26	23.27	23.16	24.70
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	23.28	23.27	23.14	24.70
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	22.79	22.73	22.67	24.20
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	22.47	22.77	22.68	24.20
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	23.33	23.25	23.12	24.70
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	21.27	21.28	21.15	22.70
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	22.27	22.25	22.17	23.70
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.25	21.23	21.15	22.70
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	23.20	23.30	23.20	24.70

<LTE Conducted Power>

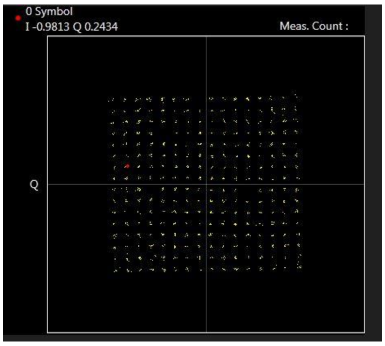
General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B5/B12/B17/B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. LTE band 17 SAR test was covered by Band 12; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
   a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
   b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
10. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.

16QAM



64QAM



256QAM

<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.97	23.10	22.99	24.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.65	23.05	22.92		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.95	22.96	22.84		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.07	22.11	22.09	23.5	1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.96	22.06	22.05		
20	QPSK	50	50	22.10	22.03	22.01		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.93	22.05	22.05		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.35	22.39	22.37	23.5	1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.99	22.38	22.25		
20	16QAM	1	99	22.34	22.33	22.26		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.09	21.09	21.13	22.5	2
20	16QAM	50	24	20.97	21.09	21.07		
20	16QAM	50	50	21.10	21.04	21.02		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.99	21.08	21.07		
20	64QAM	1	0	20.61	21.23	21.23	22.5	2
20	64QAM	1	49	20.18	21.25	21.11		
20	64QAM	1	99	21.06	21.14	21.03		
20	64QAM	50	0	19.73	20.12	20.11	21.5	3
20	64QAM	50	24	19.16	20.11	20.09		
20	64QAM	50	50	19.31	20.05	20.05		
20	64QAM	100	0	19.14	20.08	20.07		
Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.82	23.03	22.95	24.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.43	23.01	22.92		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.81	22.96	22.83		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.01	22.11	22.11	23.5	1
15	QPSK	36	20	21.68	22.09	22.02		
15	QPSK	36	39	21.89	22.07	22.03		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.67	22.09	22.06		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.17	22.46	22.35	23.5	1
15	16QAM	1	37	21.77	22.38	22.27		
15	16QAM	1	74	22.18	22.41	22.30		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.05	21.12	21.10	22.5	2
15	16QAM	36	20	20.74	21.10	21.09		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.93	21.08	21.04		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.74	21.14	21.07		
15	64QAM	1	0	20.44	21.28	21.25	22.5	2
15	64QAM	1	37	19.88	21.28	21.18		
15	64QAM	1	74	20.33	21.20	21.09		
15	64QAM	36	0	19.59	20.17	20.15	21.5	3
15	64QAM	36	20	18.90	20.14	20.13		
15	64QAM	36	39	19.12	20.11	20.08		
15	64QAM	75	0	18.88	20.13	20.08		
Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.89	23.05	23.03	24.5	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.36	23.04	23.05		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.88	23.03	23.02		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.05	22.21	22.16	23.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.59	22.18	22.12		

10	QPSK	25	25	21.87	22.08	22.05		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.67	22.15	22.11		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.23	22.46	22.42	23.5	1
10	16QAM	1	25	21.69	22.44	22.32		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.20	22.37	22.38		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.10	21.20	21.18	22.5	2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.67	21.21	21.15		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.95	21.13	21.10		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.75	21.19	21.16		
10	64QAM	1	0	20.63	21.43	21.33	22.5	2
10	64QAM	1	25	19.79	21.37	21.19		
10	64QAM	1	49	20.45	21.26	21.25		
10	64QAM	25	0	19.59	20.25	20.21	21.5	3
10	64QAM	25	12	18.81	20.22	20.18		
10	64QAM	25	25	19.11	20.17	20.11		
10	64QAM	50	0	18.91	20.20	20.17		
Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.84	23.08	23.08	24.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.80	23.09	23.06		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.00	23.07	23.04		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.93	22.18	22.14	23.5	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.95	22.19	22.12		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.03	22.07	22.03		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.98	22.12	22.08		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.15	22.55	22.39	23.5	1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.11	22.54	22.39		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.35	22.44	22.27		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.00	21.24	21.17	22.5	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.07	21.19	21.15		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.09	21.13	21.05		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.11	21.19	21.10		
5	64QAM	1	0	20.42	21.33	21.27	22.5	2
5	64QAM	1	12	20.42	21.33	21.20		
5	64QAM	1	24	20.79	21.22	21.20		
5	64QAM	12	0	19.39	20.27	20.20	21.5	3
5	64QAM	12	7	19.49	20.23	20.20		
5	64QAM	12	13	19.63	20.14	20.09		
5	64QAM	25	0	19.48	20.19	20.14		
Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.82	23.09	23.06	24.5	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.85	23.08	23.06		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.83	23.05	22.99		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.91	22.19	22.11	23.5	1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.93	22.23	22.09		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.91	22.16	22.02		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.92	22.13	22.07		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.09	22.49	22.42	23.5	1
3	16QAM	1	8	22.20	22.60	22.45		
3	16QAM	1	14	22.19	22.41	22.25		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.99	21.23	21.14	22.5	2
3	16QAM	8	4	21.05	21.31	21.16		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.01	21.20	21.05		
3	16QAM	15	0	21.01	21.19	21.12		
3	64QAM	1	0	20.34	21.35	21.38	22.5	2

3	64QAM	1	8	20.50	21.44	21.27		
3	64QAM	1	14	20.55	21.36	21.22		
3	64QAM	8	0	19.34	20.29	20.19	21.5	3
3	64QAM	8	4	19.43	20.34	20.18		
3	64QAM	8	7	19.46	20.23	20.11		
3	64QAM	15	0	19.39	20.22	20.13		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.55	23.09	22.91	24.5	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.66	23.06	23.08		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.56	22.99	22.83		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.56	23.09	23.00		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.58	23.08	23.02		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.59	23.07	22.95		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.71	22.18	22.01	23.5	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.89	22.50	22.34	23.5	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.98	22.47	22.36		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.89	22.33	22.24		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.72	22.20	22.07		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.75	22.26	22.14		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.73	22.18	22.02		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.80	21.28	21.11	22.5	2
1.4	64QAM	1	0	20.05	21.44	21.26	22.5	2
1.4	64QAM	1	3	20.19	21.43	21.27		
1.4	64QAM	1	5	20.16	21.35	21.19		
1.4	64QAM	3	0	20.08	21.34	21.17		
1.4	64QAM	3	1	20.15	21.33	21.20		
1.4	64QAM	3	3	20.14	21.30	21.13		
1.4	64QAM	6	0	19.06	20.15	20.03	21.5	3

<u><LTE Band 5></u>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20450	20525	20600		
Frequency (MHz)				829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.60	23.39	23.38	25	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.44	23.35	23.43		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.25	23.45	23.28		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.45	22.31	22.37	24	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.50	22.39	22.39		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.44	22.46	22.42		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.56	22.34	22.41		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.91	22.75	22.56	24	1
10	16QAM	1	25	23.08	22.78	22.75		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.84	22.90	22.72		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.49	21.44	21.48	23	2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.56	21.57	21.46		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.58	21.51	21.35		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.55	21.49	21.35		
10	64QAM	1	0	21.72	21.36	21.29	23	2
10	64QAM	1	25	21.53	21.72	21.45		
10	64QAM	1	49	21.74	21.63	21.71		
10	64QAM	25	0	20.54	20.50	20.38	22	3
10	64QAM	25	12	20.55	20.59	20.46		

10	64QAM	25	25	20.46	20.66	20.48		
10	64QAM	50	0	20.56	20.50	20.47		
Channel				20425	20525	20625	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				826.5	836.5	846.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.59	23.47	23.36	25	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.48	23.45	23.32		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.47	23.47	23.29		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.54	22.40	22.30	24	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.51	22.51	22.29		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.48	22.49	22.36		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.50	22.43	22.32		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.93	22.75	22.65	24	1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.65	22.76	22.56		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.78	22.88	22.62		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.59	21.45	21.33	23	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.55	21.55	21.30		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.51	21.53	21.38		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.54	21.46	21.31		
5	64QAM	1	0	21.76	21.58	21.45	23	2
5	64QAM	1	12	21.59	21.55	21.42		
5	64QAM	1	24	21.67	21.68	21.47		
5	64QAM	12	0	20.63	20.46	20.35	22	3
5	64QAM	12	7	20.59	20.56	20.33		
5	64QAM	12	13	20.55	20.54	20.39		
5	64QAM	25	0	20.56	20.42	20.30		
Channel				20415	20525	20635	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				825.5	836.5	847.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	23.58	23.41	23.38	25	0
3	QPSK	1	8	23.55	23.48	23.32		
3	QPSK	1	14	23.53	23.44	23.32		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.55	22.38	22.30	24	1
3	QPSK	8	4	22.50	22.51	22.33		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.52	22.46	22.35		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.50	22.37	22.30		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.79	22.72	22.57	24	1
3	16QAM	1	8	22.89	22.83	22.72		
3	16QAM	1	14	22.72	22.80	22.58		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.57	21.44	21.36	23	2
3	16QAM	8	4	21.61	21.56	21.39		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.53	21.50	21.34		
3	16QAM	15	0	21.53	21.42	21.36		
3	64QAM	1	0	21.72	21.57	21.54	23	2
3	64QAM	1	8	21.70	21.67	21.51		
3	64QAM	1	14	21.66	21.68	21.54		
3	64QAM	8	0	20.63	20.44	20.36	22	3
3	64QAM	8	4	20.62	20.56	20.38		
3	64QAM	8	7	20.56	20.53	20.38		
3	64QAM	15	0	20.58	20.46	20.39		
Channel				20407	20525	20643	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				824.7	836.5	848.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.30	23.24	23.11	25	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.48	23.34	23.17		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.29	23.26	23.13		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.46	23.33	23.21		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.45	23.43	23.25		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.39	23.34	23.23		

1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.47	22.39	22.23	24	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.76	22.65	22.51	24	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.71	22.72	22.57		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.64	22.64	22.49		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.46	22.38	22.25		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.50	22.42	22.26		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	22.48	22.40	22.23		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.56	21.46	21.29	23	2
1.4	64QAM	1	0	21.68	21.53	21.43	23	2
1.4	64QAM	1	3	21.74	21.57	21.47		
1.4	64QAM	1	5	21.67	21.55	21.38		
1.4	64QAM	3	0	21.57	21.44	21.34		
1.4	64QAM	3	1	21.60	21.54	21.39		
1.4	64QAM	3	3	21.63	21.52	21.40		
1.4	64QAM	6	0	20.47	20.38	20.23	22	3

<u><LTE Band 7></u>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.83	22.68	22.69	24.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.95	22.70	22.79		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.85	22.80	22.85		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.03	21.87	21.88	23.5	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.08	21.89	21.93		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.99	21.93	22.01		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.98	21.90	21.92		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.15	22.05	22.04	23.5	1
20	16QAM	1	49	22.23	22.05	22.14		
20	16QAM	1	99	22.24	22.18	22.21		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.03	20.90	20.88	22.5	2
20	16QAM	50	24	21.08	20.94	20.93		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.97	20.93	20.99		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.98	20.92	20.89		
20	64QAM	1	0	21.07	20.91	20.88	22.5	2
20	64QAM	1	49	21.11	20.96	21.02		
20	64QAM	1	99	21.06	21.04	21.07		
20	64QAM	50	0	20.06	19.90	19.90	21.5	3
20	64QAM	50	24	20.11	19.94	19.95		
20	64QAM	50	50	20.03	19.94	20.01		
20	64QAM	100	0	20.01	19.95	19.93		
Channel				20825	21100	21375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.87	22.72	22.73	24.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.88	22.68	22.79		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.94	22.80	22.90		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.05	21.90	21.92	23.5	1
15	QPSK	36	20	22.02	21.96	22.04		
15	QPSK	36	39	22.03	21.95	22.04		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.03	21.95	21.95		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.25	22.10	22.11	23.5	1
15	16QAM	1	37	22.22	22.03	22.14		
15	16QAM	1	74	22.29	22.14	22.24		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.08	20.91	20.92	22.5	2

15	16QAM	36	20	21.05	20.94	21.03		
15	16QAM	36	39	21.02	20.95	21.01		
15	16QAM	75	0	21.07	20.96	20.95		
15	64QAM	1	0	21.10	20.92	20.94	22.5	2
15	64QAM	1	37	21.13	21.02	21.11		
15	64QAM	1	74	21.09	21.06	21.13		
15	64QAM	36	0	20.13	19.93	19.95	21.5	3
15	64QAM	36	20	20.06	19.97	20.06		
15	64QAM	36	39	20.07	19.98	20.06		
15	64QAM	75	0	20.08	19.96	19.97		
Channel				20800	21100	21400	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.90	22.90	22.89	24.5	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.93	22.87	22.91		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.94	22.88	22.92		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.18	21.99	22.03	23.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.21	22.05	22.05		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.13	22.02	22.12		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.12	22.01	22.02		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.36	22.19	22.33	23.5	1
10	16QAM	1	25	22.40	22.23	22.40		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.45	22.31	22.37		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.23	21.04	21.03	22.5	2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.24	21.09	21.08		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.15	21.06	21.10		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.14	21.05	21.06		
10	64QAM	1	0	21.29	21.11	21.15	22.5	2
10	64QAM	1	25	21.24	21.06	21.26		
10	64QAM	1	49	21.28	21.24	21.35		
10	64QAM	25	0	20.21	20.06	20.07	21.5	3
10	64QAM	25	12	20.24	20.08	20.11		
10	64QAM	25	25	20.17	20.09	20.15		
10	64QAM	50	0	20.15	20.08	20.09		
Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.91	22.88	22.90	24.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.93	22.90	22.92		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.94	22.90	22.92		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.14	21.95	22.00	23.5	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.21	22.05	22.09		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.22	22.08	22.11		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.19	22.02	22.04		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.38	22.23	22.31	23.5	1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.51	22.23	22.45		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.47	22.28	22.44		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.17	20.99	21.05	22.5	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.26	21.08	21.14		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.28	21.10	21.15		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.21	21.04	21.09		
5	64QAM	1	0	21.28	21.14	21.23	22.5	2
5	64QAM	1	12	21.26	21.11	21.19		
5	64QAM	1	24	21.36	21.22	21.30		
5	64QAM	12	0	20.17	20.01	20.07	21.5	3
5	64QAM	12	7	20.29	20.10	20.16		
5	64QAM	12	13	20.30	20.10	20.17		
5	64QAM	25	0	20.21	20.05	20.11		

<LTE Band 12>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				23060	23095	23130		
Frequency (MHz)				704	707.5	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.70	22.68	22.68	24.5	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.67	22.73	22.72		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.80	22.81	22.80		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.70	21.75	21.79	23.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.80	21.80	21.86		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.86	21.89	21.85		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.80	21.76	21.79		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.01	21.92	21.98	23.5	1
10	16QAM	1	25	22.01	22.00	22.07		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.14	22.17	22.03		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.74	20.80	20.80	22.5	2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.83	20.84	20.85		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.79	20.90	20.89		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.84	20.80	20.81		
10	64QAM	1	0	20.48	20.84	20.83	22.5	2
10	64QAM	1	25	20.87	20.88	20.98		
10	64QAM	1	49	21.02	21.02	21.01		
10	64QAM	25	0	19.76	19.81	19.83	21.5	3
10	64QAM	25	12	19.85	19.85	19.86		
10	64QAM	25	25	19.88	19.92	19.91		
10	64QAM	50	0	19.86	19.81	19.84		
Channel				23035	23095	23155	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				701.5	707.5	713.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.64	22.72	22.74	24.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.73	22.80	22.79		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.69	22.73	22.79		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.78	21.74	21.81	23.5	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.78	21.78	21.82		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.74	21.81	21.86		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.78	21.72	21.82		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.99	22.07	22.17	23.5	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.96	22.16	22.10		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.04	22.04	22.19		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.80	20.76	20.83	22.5	2
5	16QAM	12	7	20.79	20.78	20.88		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.77	20.80	20.89		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.77	20.72	20.85		
5	64QAM	1	0	20.57	20.87	20.92	22.5	2
5	64QAM	1	12	20.72	20.88	20.96		
5	64QAM	1	24	20.87	20.99	20.95		
5	64QAM	12	0	19.59	19.79	19.84	21.5	3
5	64QAM	12	7	19.76	19.84	19.90		
5	64QAM	12	13	19.77	19.83	19.91		
5	64QAM	25	0	19.70	19.75	19.82		
Channel				23025	23095	23165	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				700.5	707.5	714.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.75	22.76	22.79	24.5	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.74	22.79	22.80		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.70	22.73	22.79		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.81	21.76	21.82	23.5	1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.81	21.93	21.91		

3	QPSK	8	7	21.74	21.79	21.85		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.75	21.76	21.80		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.09	22.09	22.13	23.5	1
3	16QAM	1	8	22.12	22.16	22.17		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.96	22.09	22.03		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.84	20.78	20.85	22.5	2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.86	20.88	20.94		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.75	20.85	20.84		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.77	20.79	20.79		
3	64QAM	1	0	20.59	20.88	20.93	22.5	2
3	64QAM	1	8	20.76	21.07	21.00		
3	64QAM	1	14	20.80	20.98	20.94		
3	64QAM	8	0	19.55	19.81	19.86	21.5	3
3	64QAM	8	4	19.72	19.93	20.01		
3	64QAM	8	7	19.64	19.86	19.90		
3	64QAM	15	0	19.60	19.82	19.87		
Channel				23017	23095	23173	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				699.7	707.5	715.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.60	22.63	22.61	24.5	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.73	22.75	22.64		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.54	22.60	22.52		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.71	22.67	22.73		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.75	22.70	22.73		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.64	22.66	22.74		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.70	21.75	21.75	23.5	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.99	21.99	21.97	23.5	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.02	22.00	22.05		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.93	21.99	21.98		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.78	21.70	21.79		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.81	21.75	21.79		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.68	21.71	21.74		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.74	20.77	20.87	22.5	2
1.4	64QAM	1	0	20.56	20.91	21.00	22.5	2
1.4	64QAM	1	3	20.58	21.00	20.95		
1.4	64QAM	1	5	20.71	20.89	20.88		
1.4	64QAM	3	0	20.46	20.79	20.86		
1.4	64QAM	3	1	20.46	20.81	20.90		
1.4	64QAM	3	3	20.52	20.87	20.82		
1.4	64QAM	6	0	19.34	19.76	19.78	21.5	3

<LTE Band 17>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				23780	23790	23800		
Frequency (MHz)				709	710	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.95	22.87	22.93	24.5	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.93	22.92	22.88		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.99	23.01	22.99		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.90	21.93	21.93	23.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.08	21.99	22.07		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.07	22.07	22.05		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.99	21.93	21.91		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.17	22.11	22.24	23.5	1
10	16QAM	1	25	22.29	22.26	22.31		

10	16QAM	1	49	22.29	22.28	22.28		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.91	20.95	20.92	22.5	2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.11	21.02	21.08		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.08	21.06	21.08		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.04	20.96	20.92		
10	64QAM	1	0	21.10	21.07	21.06	22.5	2
10	64QAM	1	25	21.09	21.07	21.11		
10	64QAM	1	49	21.21	21.19	21.21		
10	64QAM	25	0	19.95	19.92	19.96	21.5	3
10	64QAM	25	12	20.09	20.04	20.10		
10	64QAM	25	25	20.11	20.10	20.08		
10	64QAM	50	0	20.06	19.99	19.98		
Channel				23755	23790	23825	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				706.5	710	713.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.86	22.88	22.90	24.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.91	22.96	22.99		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.90	22.97	23.00		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.87	21.92	21.93	23.5	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.98	21.96	21.95		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.98	22.00	21.98		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.94	21.90	21.96		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.24	22.24	22.28	23.5	1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.28	22.39	22.31		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.28	22.35	22.31		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.91	20.94	20.97	22.5	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.01	20.98	21.00		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.97	21.03	21.05		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.97	20.93	20.97		
5	64QAM	1	0	20.96	21.08	21.11	22.5	2
5	64QAM	1	12	21.03	21.09	21.14		
5	64QAM	1	24	21.13	21.15	21.18		
5	64QAM	12	0	19.90	19.98	19.99	21.5	3
5	64QAM	12	7	20.02	19.98	20.03		
5	64QAM	12	13	19.99	20.03	20.07		
5	64QAM	25	0	19.99	19.95	19.95		

<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
b. “special subframe S” contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

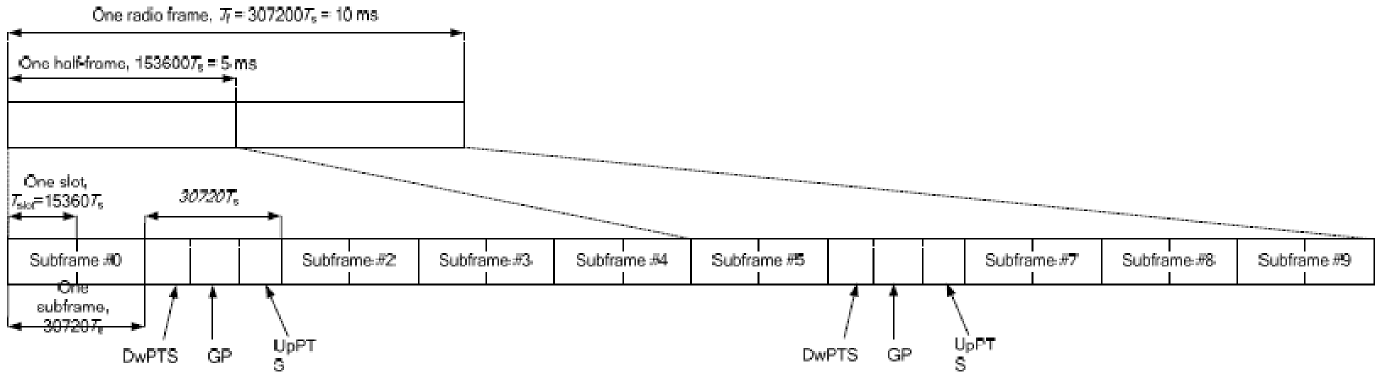


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$			$7680 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$20480 \cdot T_s$		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-

Special subframe (30720·T_s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	**Normal cyclic prefix in uplink**	**Extended cyclic prefix in uplink**
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	**0~4**	7.13%	8.33%
	5~9	14.3%	16.7%

Special subframe(30720·T_s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	**Normal cyclic prefix in uplink**	**Extended cyclic prefix in uplink**
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	**0~3**	7.13%	8.33%
	4~7	14.3%	16.7%

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.167)/5 = 63.3%
iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.143)/5 = 62.9%
v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

<LTE Band 38>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				37850	38000	38150		
Frequency (MHz)				2580	2595	2610		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.00	23.00	23.13	25	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.02	23.13	23.20		
20	QPSK	1	99	23.13	23.11	23.13		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.01	22.11	22.14	24	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.14	22.16	22.18		
20	QPSK	50	50	22.13	22.22	22.21		
20	QPSK	100	0	22.13	22.12	22.15		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.10	22.12	22.27	24	1
20	16QAM	1	49	22.11	22.22	22.25		
20	16QAM	1	99	22.28	22.26	22.32		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.03	21.14	21.16	23	2
20	16QAM	50	24	21.18	21.18	21.23		
20	16QAM	50	50	21.20	21.25	21.25		
20	16QAM	100	0	21.13	21.15	21.18		
20	64QAM	1	0	20.75	20.82	20.94	23	2
20	64QAM	1	49	20.83	20.94	20.92		
20	64QAM	1	99	20.96	20.95	20.99		
20	64QAM	50	0	20.07	20.14	20.14	22	3
20	64QAM	50	24	20.19	20.21	20.20		
20	64QAM	50	50	20.17	20.27	20.25		
20	64QAM	100	0	20.13	20.15	20.16		
Channel				37825	38000	38175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2577.5	2595	2612.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.96	23.01	23.09	25	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.04	23.04	23.14		
15	QPSK	1	74	23.02	23.10	23.16		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.99	22.10	22.14	24	1
15	QPSK	36	20	22.13	22.15	22.19		
15	QPSK	36	39	22.10	22.18	22.18		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.10	22.12	22.15		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.10	22.18	22.27	24	1
15	16QAM	1	37	22.12	22.21	22.26		
15	16QAM	1	74	22.22	22.31	22.34		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.97	21.08	21.12	23	2
15	16QAM	36	20	21.08	21.14	21.17		
15	16QAM	36	39	21.10	21.17	21.22		
15	16QAM	75	0	21.13	21.15	21.17		
15	64QAM	1	0	20.72	20.82	20.94	23	2
15	64QAM	1	37	20.86	20.97	21.03		
15	64QAM	1	74	20.88	20.98	21.03		
15	64QAM	36	0	20.01	20.15	20.16	22	3
15	64QAM	36	20	20.16	20.18	20.19		
15	64QAM	36	39	20.10	20.21	20.18		
15	64QAM	75	0	20.12	20.13	20.16		
Channel				37800	38000	38200	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2575	2595	2615		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.09	23.15	23.14	25	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.13	23.13	23.15		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.12	23.16	23.15		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.16	22.19	22.26	24	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.14	22.23	22.27		

10	QPSK	25	25	22.15	22.27	22.29		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.16	22.19	22.25		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.17	22.29	22.33	24	1
10	16QAM	1	25	22.10	22.23	22.25		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.17	22.32	22.31		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.23	21.25	21.28	23	2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.21	21.25	21.33		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.19	21.32	21.34		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.20	21.23	21.30		
10	64QAM	1	0	20.93	20.98	21.05	23	2
10	64QAM	1	25	20.90	21.05	21.08		
10	64QAM	1	49	20.97	21.10	21.11		
10	64QAM	25	0	20.25	20.27	20.36	22	3
10	64QAM	25	12	20.24	20.29	20.34		
10	64QAM	25	25	20.23	20.39	20.37		
10	64QAM	50	0	20.23	20.27	20.29		
Channel				37775	38000	38225	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2572.5	2595	2617.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.09	23.16	23.15	25	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.15	23.16	23.14		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.06	23.11	23.12		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.14	22.21	22.28	24	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.17	22.30	22.30		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.13	22.27	22.27		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.14	22.18	22.28		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.21	22.33	22.34	24	1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.17	22.32	22.29		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.22	22.38	22.35		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.10	21.14	21.26	23	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.13	21.27	21.26		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.11	21.26	21.26		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.16	21.24	21.33		
5	64QAM	1	0	20.97	21.02	21.06	23	2
5	64QAM	1	12	20.96	21.12	21.15		
5	64QAM	1	24	20.99	21.13	21.09		
5	64QAM	12	0	20.15	20.21	20.32	22	3
5	64QAM	12	7	20.18	20.34	20.35		
5	64QAM	12	13	20.15	20.33	20.33		
5	64QAM	25	0	20.18	20.25	20.34		

12. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)

General Note:

1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures. For "Not required", SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, Sec. 2.1, b), 1) when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, additional output power measurements were not necessary.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
3. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
4. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
5. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
    a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
    b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
    c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	19.00	19.00	99.20
		6	2437	18.70	19.00	
		11	2462	18.90	19.00	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	19.00	19.00	98.30
		6	2437	18.60	19.00	
		11	2462	18.40	19.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	18.40	19.00	98.20
		6	2437	18.60	19.00	
		11	2462	17.90	19.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	3	2422	16.90	18.00	95.00
		6	2437	17.90	18.00	
		9	2452	16.30	18.00	

<5GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	18.80	19.00	98.20
		40	5200	18.70	19.00	
		44	5220	18.70	19.00	
		48	5240	18.90	19.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180	18.70	19.00	98.10
		40	5200	18.60	19.00	
		44	5220	18.90	19.00	
		48	5240	18.70	19.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	15.40	16.00	96.30
		46	5230	18.70	19.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	18.60	19.00	98.10
		40	5200	18.50	19.00	
		44	5220	18.80	19.00	
		48	5240	18.60	19.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	15.30	16.00	96.30
		46	5230	18.60	19.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	15.90	16.00	92.60

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	19.00	19.00	98.20
		56	5280	18.90	19.00	
		60	5300	19.00	19.00	
		64	5320	18.90	19.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	18.80	19.00	98.10
		56	5280	18.70	19.00	
		60	5300	18.80	19.00	
		64	5320	18.70	19.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	18.70	19.00	96.30
		62	5310	13.70	14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	18.70	19.00	98.10
		56	5280	18.60	19.00	
		60	5300	18.70	19.00	
		64	5320	18.60	19.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	18.60	19.00	96.30
		62	5310	13.60	14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	13.60	14.00	92.60

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	18.90	19.00	98.20
		116	5580	19.00	19.00	
		124	5620	18.90	19.00	
		132	5660	18.70	19.00	
		140	5700	18.80	19.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	18.70	19.00	98.10
		116	5580	18.90	19.00	
		124	5620	18.80	19.00	
		132	5660	18.70	19.00	
		140	5700	19.00	19.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	17.50	19.00	96.30
		110	5550	18.80	19.00	
		126	5630	18.70	19.00	
		134	5670	18.90	19.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	18.60	19.00	98.10
		116	5580	18.80	19.00	
		124	5620	18.70	19.00	
		132	5660	18.60	19.00	
		140	5700	18.90	19.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510	17.40	19.00	96.30
		110	5550	18.70	19.00	
		126	5630	18.60	19.00	
		134	5670	18.80	19.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530	15.10	16.00	92.60
		122	5610	18.70	19.00	

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

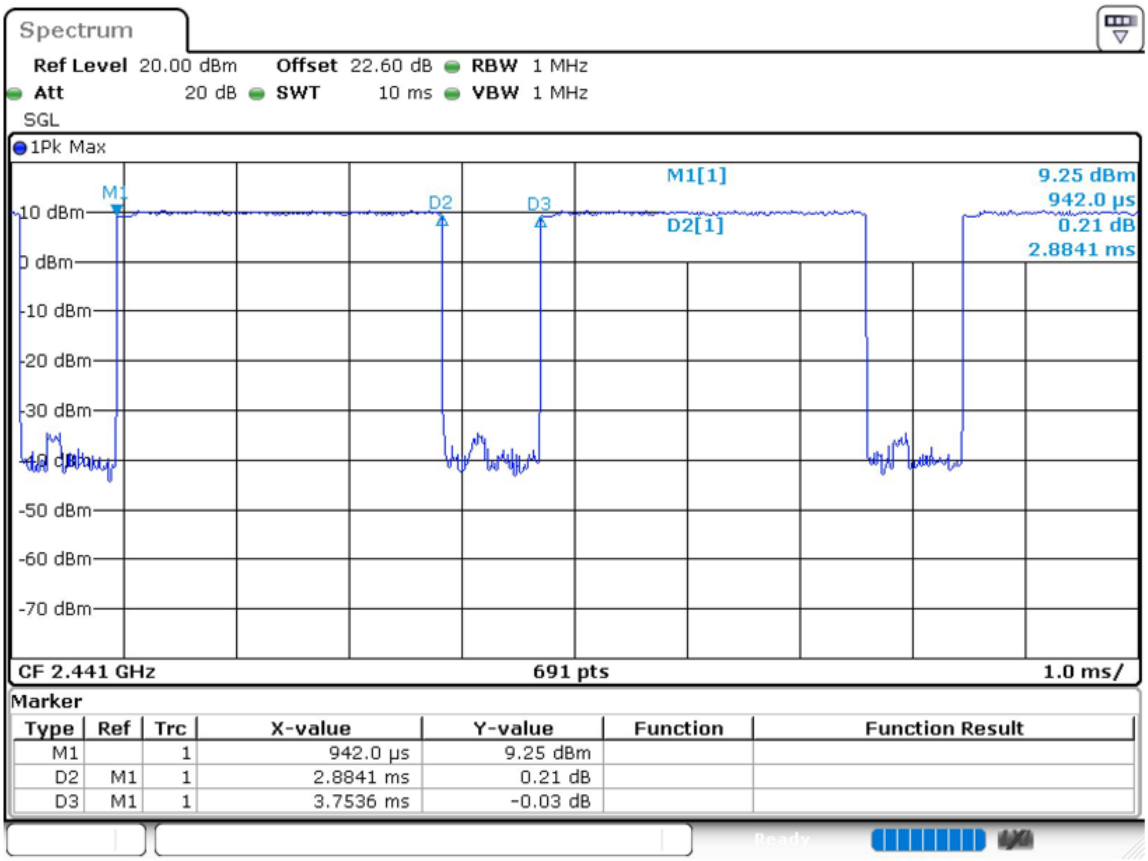
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)		
			1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
BR / EDR	CH 00	2402	12.29	9.90	9.96
	CH 39	2441	12.18	9.74	9.78
	CH 78	2480	11.95	9.48	9.54
Tune-up Limit			12.90	11.00	11.00

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	
			1Mbps	2Mbps
LE	CH 00	2402	5.00	4.90
	CH 19	2440	5.80	5.70
	CH 39	2480	7.00	6.90
Tune-up Limit			7.50	7.50

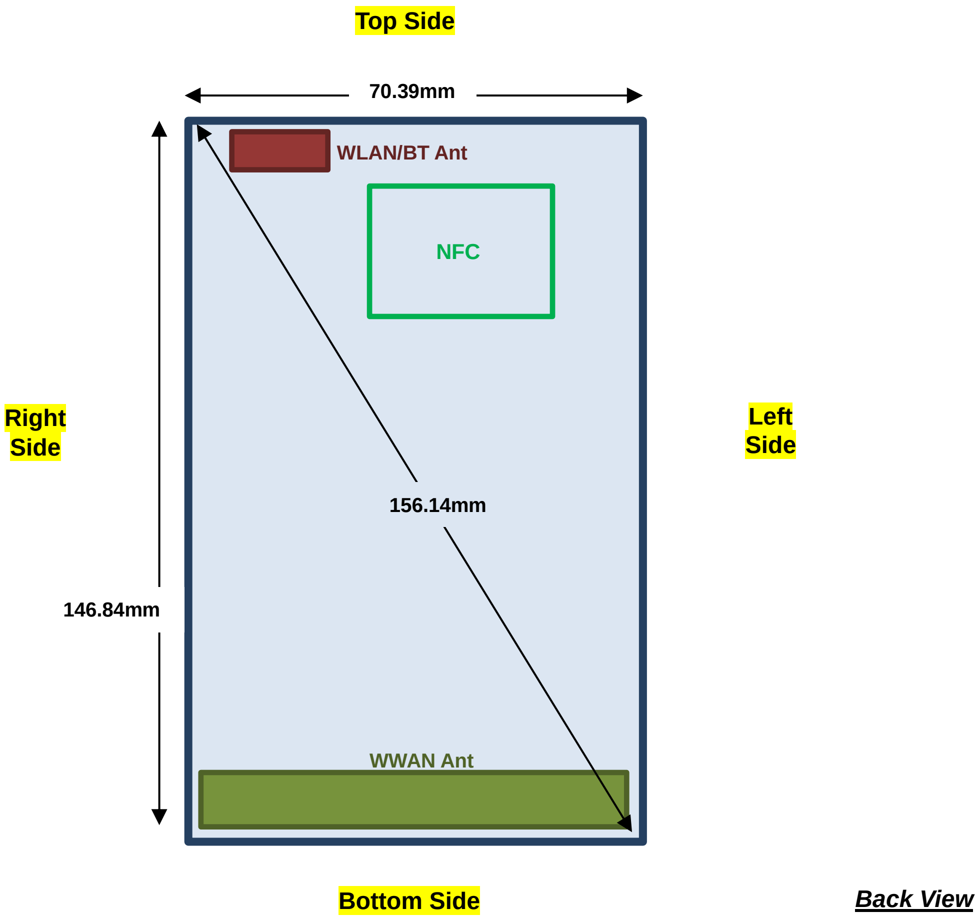
General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps due to its highest average power and duty cycle is 76.83% considered in SAR testing, and the duty cycle would be scaled to theoretical 83.3% in reported SAR calculation.

BT Duty cycle



13. Antenna Location



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

General Note:

1. Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
   a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
   b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
   c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
   d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
   e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
   - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
   - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
   - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

UMTS Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B5/B12/B17/B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
7. LTE band 17 SAR test was covered by Band 12; according to TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
   a. The maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion.
   b. The channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band.

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, WLAN5.2GHz SAR testing is not required when the WLAN5.3GHz band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for WLAN5.2GHz band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

14.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	189	836.4	27.52	29.50	1.578	-0.15	0.192	0.303
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	189	836.4	27.52	29.50	1.578	-0.13	0.149	0.235
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	189	836.4	27.52	29.50	1.578	0.19	0.175	0.276
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	189	836.4	27.52	29.50	1.578	0.03	0.129	0.203
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	661	1880	26.44	28.00	1.432	-0.05	0.074	0.106
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	661	1880	26.44	28.00	1.432	-0.09	0.049	0.070
02	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	661	1880	26.44	28.00	1.432	0.11	0.112	0.160
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	661	1880	26.44	28.00	1.432	-0.01	0.048	0.069

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
03	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	4132	826.4	24.30	25.70	1.380	-0.12	0.281	0.388
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	4132	826.4	24.30	25.70	1.380	-0.14	0.216	0.298
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	4132	826.4	24.30	25.70	1.380	-0.18	0.253	0.350
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	4132	826.4	24.30	25.70	1.380	0.19	0.193	0.266

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	18900	1880	23.10	24.50	1.380	0.03	0.088	0.121
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	18900	1880	22.11	23.50	1.377	-0.04	0.073	0.101
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	18900	1880	23.10	24.50	1.380	0.12	0.042	0.058
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	18900	1880	22.11	23.50	1.377	0.12	0.001	0.001
04	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	18900	1880	23.10	24.50	1.380	-0.14	0.124	0.171
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	18900	1880	22.11	23.50	1.377	-0.07	0.105	0.145
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	18900	1880	23.10	24.50	1.380	-0.01	0.057	0.079
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	18900	1880	22.11	23.50	1.377	-0.13	0.049	0.067
05	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	23.45	25.00	1.429	-0.06	0.195	0.279
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Right Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	22.46	24.00	1.426	-0.11	0.158	0.225
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	23.45	25.00	1.429	-0.18	0.136	0.194
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Right Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	22.46	24.00	1.426	0.19	0.118	0.168
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	23.45	25.00	1.429	-0.1	0.177	0.254
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	22.46	24.00	1.426	-0.14	0.148	0.211
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	23.45	25.00	1.429	-0.18	0.121	0.173
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	22.46	24.00	1.426	0.02	0.107	0.152
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	20850	2510	22.95	24.50	1.429	0.15	0.137	0.196
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	0mm	20850	2510	22.08	23.50	1.387	-0.13	0.114	0.158
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	20850	2510	22.95	24.50	1.429	-0.03	0.116	0.166
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	0mm	20850	2510	22.08	23.50	1.387	0	0.099	0.137
06	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	20850	2510	22.95	24.50	1.429	0.16	0.298	0.426
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	0mm	20850	2510	22.08	23.50	1.387	0.12	0.254	0.352
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	20850	2510	22.95	24.50	1.429	0.1	0.087	0.124
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	0mm	20850	2510	22.08	23.50	1.387	0.03	0.074	0.103

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	22.81	24.50	1.476	-0.17	0.155	0.228
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Right Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	21.89	23.50	1.449	-0.05	0.124	0.179
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	22.81	24.50	1.476	0.11	0.089	0.131
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Right Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	21.89	23.50	1.449	0.13	0.074	0.107
07	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	22.81	24.50	1.476	-0.15	0.165	0.244
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	21.89	23.50	1.449	0.18	0.128	0.186
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	22.81	24.50	1.476	0.05	0.097	0.143
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	21.89	23.50	1.449	0.02	0.076	0.111

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	38000	2595	23.13	25.00	1.538	62.9	1.006	-0.13	0.148	0.228
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	50	Right Cheek	0mm	38000	2595	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	-0.03	0.127	0.192
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	38000	2595	23.13	25.00	1.538	62.9	1.006	-0.18	0.117	0.181
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	50	Right Tilted	0mm	38000	2595	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	0.19	0.093	0.142
08	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	38000	2595	23.13	25.00	1.538	62.9	1.006	0.14	0.261	0.403
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	50	Left Cheek	0mm	38000	2595	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	-0.14	0.224	0.339
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	38000	2595	23.13	25.00	1.538	62.9	1.006	-0.18	0.076	0.118
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	50	Left Tilted	0mm	38000	2595	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	0	0.055	0.084

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	1	2412	19.00	19.00	1.000	99.20	1.008	-0.09	0.116	0.117
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	1	2412	19.00	19.00	1.000	99.20	1.008	-0.06	0.114	0.115
09	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	1	2412	19.00	19.00	1.000	99.20	1.008	0.04	0.265	0.267
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	1	2412	19.00	19.00	1.000	99.20	1.008	-0.12	0.196	0.198
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	54	5270	18.70	19.00	1.072	96.30	1.038	-0.05	0.295	0.328
10	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	54	5270	18.70	19.00	1.072	96.30	1.038	-0.12	0.355	0.395
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	54	5270	18.70	19.00	1.072	96.30	1.038	-0.06	0.351	0.390
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	54	5270	18.70	19.00	1.072	96.30	1.038	-0.16	0.338	0.376
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	122	5610	18.70	19.00	1.072	92.60	1.080	-0.09	0.419	0.485
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	122	5610	18.70	19.00	1.072	92.60	1.080	-0.05	0.433	0.501
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	122	5610	18.70	19.00	1.072	92.60	1.080	-0.17	0.355	0.411
11	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	122	5610	18.70	19.00	1.072	92.60	1.080	-0.07	0.495	0.573

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	0	2402	12.29	12.90	1.151	76.83	1.084	-0.1	0.018	0.022
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	0	2402	12.29	12.90	1.151	76.83	1.084	-0.09	0.019	0.024
12	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	0	2402	12.29	12.90	1.151	76.83	1.084	-0.11	0.033	0.041
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	0	2402	12.29	12.90	1.151	76.83	1.084	-0.08	0.032	0.040

14.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	189	836.4	27.52	29.50	1.578	-0.15	0.156	0.246
13	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	189	836.4	27.52	29.50	1.578	-0.16	0.244	0.385
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Side	10mm	189	836.4	27.52	29.50	1.578	0.14	0.135	0.213
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Side	10mm	189	836.4	27.52	29.50	1.578	0.04	0.223	0.352
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	189	836.4	27.52	29.50	1.578	-0.13	0.118	0.186
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	661	1880	26.44	28.00	1.432	-0.07	0.203	0.291
14	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	661	1880	26.44	28.00	1.432	-0.03	0.206	0.295
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Side	10mm	661	1880	26.44	28.00	1.432	-0.13	0.158	0.226
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Side	10mm	661	1880	26.44	28.00	1.432	-0.19	0.051	0.073
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	661	1880	26.44	28.00	1.432	-0.19	0.194	0.278

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	4132	826.4	24.30	25.70	1.380	-0.16	0.310	0.428
15	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	4132	826.4	24.30	25.70	1.380	-0.14	0.439	0.606
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	4132	826.4	24.30	25.70	1.380	-0.14	0.231	0.319
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	4132	826.4	24.30	25.70	1.380	-0.13	0.358	0.494
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	4132	826.4	24.30	25.70	1.380	-0.14	0.174	0.240

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
16	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	18900	1880	23.10	24.50	1.380	-0.09	0.226	0.312
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	18900	1880	22.11	23.50	1.377	-0.07	0.181	0.249
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	18900	1880	23.10	24.50	1.380	-0.09	0.222	0.306
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	18900	1880	22.11	23.50	1.377	-0.05	0.181	0.249
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	18900	1880	23.10	24.50	1.380	-0.13	0.202	0.279
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10mm	18900	1880	22.11	23.50	1.377	-0.06	0.165	0.227
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10mm	18900	1880	23.10	24.50	1.380	-0.1	0.079	0.109
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10mm	18900	1880	22.11	23.50	1.377	-0.19	0.063	0.087
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	18900	1880	23.10	24.50	1.380	-0.02	0.205	0.283
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	18900	1880	22.11	23.50	1.377	-0.05	0.168	0.231
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	23.45	25.00	1.429	-0.03	0.172	0.246
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	22.46	24.00	1.426	-0.1	0.151	0.215
17	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	23.45	25.00	1.429	-0.14	0.218	0.311
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	22.46	24.00	1.426	-0.18	0.183	0.261
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10mm	20525	836.5	23.45	25.00	1.429	-0.15	0.082	0.117
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.46	24.00	1.426	-0.14	0.077	0.110
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10mm	20525	836.5	23.45	25.00	1.429	-0.09	0.215	0.307
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Right Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.46	24.00	1.426	-0.12	0.190	0.271
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10mm	20525	836.5	23.45	25.00	1.429	-0.12	0.132	0.189
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Bottom Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.46	24.00	1.426	-0.12	0.114	0.163

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
18	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	20850	2510	22.95	24.50	1.429	-0.09	0.350	0.500
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	20850	2510	22.08	23.50	1.387	-0.11	0.298	0.413
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	20850	2510	22.95	24.50	1.429	-0.14	0.325	0.464
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	20850	2510	22.08	23.50	1.387	-0.06	0.278	0.386
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10mm	20850	2510	22.95	24.50	1.429	-0.11	0.173	0.247
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Side	10mm	20850	2510	22.08	23.50	1.387	-0.01	0.148	0.205
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10mm	20850	2510	22.95	24.50	1.429	-0.16	0.085	0.121
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Side	10mm	20850	2510	22.08	23.50	1.387	-0.01	0.073	0.101
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10mm	20850	2510	22.95	24.50	1.429	-0.12	0.289	0.413
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	10mm	20850	2510	22.08	23.50	1.387	-0.12	0.248	0.344
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	22.81	24.50	1.476	-0.09	0.207	0.305
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	21.89	23.50	1.449	-0.17	0.166	0.240
19	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	22.81	24.50	1.476	-0.11	0.258	0.381
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	21.89	23.50	1.449	-0.16	0.209	0.303
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.81	24.50	1.476	-0.11	0.084	0.124
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Side	10mm	23095	707.5	21.89	23.50	1.449	-0.13	0.067	0.097
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.81	24.50	1.476	-0.09	0.233	0.344
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Right Side	10mm	23095	707.5	21.89	23.50	1.449	-0.15	0.190	0.275
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.81	24.50	1.476	-0.1	0.080	0.118
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Bottom Side	10mm	23095	707.5	21.89	23.50	1.449	-0.08	0.063	0.091

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	38000	2595	23.13	25.00	1.538	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.238	0.368
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	50	Front	10mm	38000	2595	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.199	0.302
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	38000	2595	23.13	25.00	1.538	62.9	1.006	-0.19	0.189	0.292
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	10mm	38000	2595	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.161	0.244
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10mm	38000	2595	23.13	25.00	1.538	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.163	0.252
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	50	Left Side	10mm	38000	2595	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	-0.19	0.131	0.199
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10mm	38000	2595	23.13	25.00	1.538	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.068	0.105
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	50	Right Side	10mm	38000	2595	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	-0.18	0.056	0.085
20	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10mm	38000	2595	23.13	25.00	1.538	62.9	1.006	-0.12	0.275	0.426
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	50	Bottom Side	10mm	38000	2595	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	-0.15	0.223	0.338

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	1	2412	19.00	19.00	1.000	99.20	1.008	0.02	0.079	0.080
21	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	1	2412	19.00	19.00	1.000	99.20	1.008	-0.01	0.221	0.223
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	10mm	1	2412	19.00	19.00	1.000	99.20	1.008	-0.14	0.059	0.059
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10mm	1	2412	19.00	19.00	1.000	99.20	1.008	0	0.056	0.056

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	10mm	0	2402	12.29	12.90	1.151	76.83	1.084	-0.17	0.011	0.014
22	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10mm	0	2402	12.29	12.90	1.151	76.83	1.084	-0.14	0.027	0.034
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Side	10mm	0	2402	12.29	12.90	1.151	76.83	1.084	-0.15	0.011	0.014
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Top Side	10mm	0	2402	12.29	12.90	1.151	76.83	1.084	-0.12	0.010	0.012

14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	15mm	189	836.4	27.52	29.50	1.578	-0.06	0.161	0.254
23	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	15mm	189	836.4	27.52	29.50	1.578	-0.18	0.227	0.358
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	15mm	661	1880	26.44	28.00	1.432	-0.14	0.132	0.189
24	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	15mm	661	1880	26.44	28.00	1.432	-0.07	0.151	0.216

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	4132	826.4	24.30	25.70	1.380	-0.11	0.302	0.417
25	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	15mm	4132	826.4	24.30	25.70	1.380	-0.14	0.411	0.567

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
26	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	18900	1880	23.10	24.50	1.380	-0.09	0.127	0.175
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	15mm	18900	1880	22.11	23.50	1.377	0.06	0.104	0.143
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	18900	1880	23.10	24.50	1.380	-0.16	0.123	0.170
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	15mm	18900	1880	22.11	23.50	1.377	-0.15	0.107	0.147
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Front	15mm	20525	836.5	23.45	25.00	1.429	0.02	0.182	0.260
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Front	15mm	20525	836.5	22.46	24.00	1.426	-0.12	0.159	0.227
27	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	15mm	20525	836.5	23.45	25.00	1.429	-0.12	0.225	0.322
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Back	15mm	20525	836.5	22.46	24.00	1.426	-0.12	0.197	0.281
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	15mm	20850	2510	22.95	24.50	1.429	-0.06	0.207	0.296
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	15mm	20850	2510	22.08	23.50	1.387	-0.1	0.177	0.245
28	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	15mm	20850	2510	22.95	24.50	1.429	-0.1	0.211	0.301
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	15mm	20850	2510	22.08	23.50	1.387	-0.19	0.173	0.240
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Front	15mm	23095	707.5	22.81	24.50	1.476	-0.18	0.175	0.258
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Front	15mm	23095	707.5	21.89	23.50	1.449	-0.11	0.140	0.203
29	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	15mm	23095	707.5	22.81	24.50	1.476	-0.12	0.208	0.307
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Back	15mm	23095	707.5	21.89	23.50	1.449	-0.14	0.160	0.232

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
30	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	15mm	38000	2595	23.13	25.00	1.538	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.176	0.272
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	50	Front	15mm	38000	2595	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.144	0.218
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	15mm	38000	2595	23.13	25.00	1.538	62.9	1.006	-0.09	0.169	0.262
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	15mm	38000	2595	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	-0.15	0.140	0.212

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	15mm	1	2412	19.00	19.00	1.000	99.20	1.008	-0.01	0.044	0.044
31	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	15mm	1	2412	19.00	19.00	1.000	99.20	1.008	0.04	0.113	0.114
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	15mm	54	5270	18.70	19.00	1.072	96.30	1.038	-0.07	0.081	0.090
32	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	15mm	54	5270	18.70	19.00	1.072	96.30	1.038	-0.09	0.275	0.306
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	15mm	122	5610	18.70	19.00	1.072	92.60	1.080	-0.11	0.054	0.062
33	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	15mm	122	5610	18.70	19.00	1.072	92.60	1.080	0.12	0.158	0.183

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	15mm	0	2402	12.29	12.90	1.151	76.83	1.084	0.17	0.006	0.008
34	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	15mm	0	2402	12.29	12.90	1.151	76.83	1.084	-0.19	0.015	0.019

15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
1.	WWAN + 2.4GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	WWAN + 5GHz WLAN + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	
3.	WWAN + Bluetooth			Yes

General Note:

1. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports Hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
2. The worst case WLAN reported SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation. Therefore, the following summations represent the absolute worst cases for simultaneous transmission with WLAN.
3. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
4. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
   i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
   ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
   iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
   iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1 WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2 2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	3 5GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	4 Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Right Cheek	0.303	0.117	0.485	0.022	**0.420**	**0.810**
	Right Tilted	0.235	0.115	0.501	0.024	**0.350**	**0.760**
	Left Cheek	0.276	0.267	0.411	0.041	**0.543**	**0.728**
	Left Tilted	0.203	0.198	0.573	0.040	**0.401**	**0.816**
GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.106	0.117	0.485	0.022	**0.223**	**0.613**
	Right Tilted	0.070	0.115	0.501	0.024	**0.185**	**0.595**
	Left Cheek	0.160	0.267	0.411	0.041	**0.427**	**0.612**
	Left Tilted	0.069	0.198	0.573	0.040	**0.267**	**0.682**
WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.388	0.117	0.485	0.022	**0.505**	**0.895**
	Right Tilted	0.298	0.115	0.501	0.024	**0.413**	**0.823**
	Left Cheek	0.350	0.267	0.411	0.041	**0.617**	**0.802**
	Left Tilted	0.266	0.198	0.573	0.040	**0.464**	**0.879**
LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.121	0.117	0.485	0.022	**0.238**	**0.628**
	Right Tilted	0.058	0.115	0.501	0.024	**0.173**	**0.583**
	Left Cheek	0.171	0.267	0.411	0.041	**0.438**	**0.623**
	Left Tilted	0.079	0.198	0.573	0.040	**0.277**	**0.692**
LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.279	0.117	0.485	0.022	**0.396**	**0.786**
	Right Tilted	0.194	0.115	0.501	0.024	**0.309**	**0.719**
	Left Cheek	0.254	0.267	0.411	0.041	**0.521**	**0.706**
	Left Tilted	0.173	0.198	0.573	0.040	**0.371**	**0.786**
LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.196	0.117	0.485	0.022	**0.313**	**0.703**
	Right Tilted	0.166	0.115	0.501	0.024	**0.281**	**0.691**
	Left Cheek	0.426	0.267	0.411	0.041	**0.693**	**0.878**
	Left Tilted	0.124	0.198	0.573	0.040	**0.322**	**0.737**
LTE Band 12	Right Cheek	0.228	0.117	0.485	0.022	**0.345**	**0.735**
	Right Tilted	0.131	0.115	0.501	0.024	**0.246**	**0.656**
	Left Cheek	0.244	0.267	0.411	0.041	**0.511**	**0.696**
	Left Tilted	0.143	0.198	0.573	0.040	**0.341**	**0.756**
LTE Band 38	Right Cheek	0.228	0.117	0.485	0.022	**0.345**	**0.735**
	Right Tilted	0.181	0.115	0.501	0.024	**0.296**	**0.706**
	Left Cheek	0.403	0.267	0.411	0.041	**0.670**	**0.855**
	Left Tilted	0.118	0.198	0.573	0.040	**0.316**	**0.731**

15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1 WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2 2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	4 Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.246	0.080	0.014	**0.326**	**0.260**
	Back	0.385	0.223	0.034	**0.608**	**0.419**
	Left side	0.213			**0.213**	**0.213**
	Right side	0.352	0.059	0.014	**0.411**	**0.366**
	Top side		0.056	0.012	**0.056**	**0.012**
	Bottom side	0.186			**0.186**	**0.186**
GSM1900	Front	0.291	0.080	0.014	**0.371**	**0.305**
	Back	0.295	0.223	0.034	**0.518**	**0.329**
	Left side	0.226			**0.226**	**0.226**
	Right side	0.073	0.059	0.014	**0.132**	**0.087**
	Top side		0.056	0.012	**0.056**	**0.012**
	Bottom side	0.278			**0.278**	**0.278**
WCDMA V	Front	0.428	0.080	0.014	**0.508**	**0.442**
	Back	0.606	0.223	0.034	**0.829**	**0.640**
	Left side	0.319			**0.319**	**0.319**
	Right side	0.494	0.059	0.014	**0.553**	**0.508**
	Top side		0.056	0.012	**0.056**	**0.012**
	Bottom side	0.240			**0.240**	**0.240**
LTE Band 2	Front	0.312	0.080	0.014	**0.392**	**0.326**
	Back	0.306	0.223	0.034	**0.529**	**0.340**
	Left side	0.279			**0.279**	**0.279**
	Right side	0.109	0.059	0.014	**0.168**	**0.123**
	Top side		0.056	0.012	**0.056**	**0.012**
	Bottom side	0.283			**0.283**	**0.283**
LTE Band 5	Front	0.246	0.080	0.014	**0.326**	**0.260**
	Back	0.311	0.223	0.034	**0.534**	**0.345**
	Left side	0.117			**0.117**	**0.117**
	Right side	0.307	0.059	0.014	**0.366**	**0.321**
	Top side		0.056	0.012	**0.056**	**0.012**
	Bottom side	0.189			**0.189**	**0.189**
LTE Band 7	Front	0.500	0.080	0.014	**0.580**	**0.514**
	Back	0.464	0.223	0.034	**0.687**	**0.498**
	Left side	0.247			**0.247**	**0.247**
	Right side	0.121	0.059	0.014	**0.180**	**0.135**
	Top side		0.056	0.012	**0.056**	**0.012**
	Bottom side	0.413			**0.413**	**0.413**
LTE Band 12	Front	0.305	0.080	0.014	**0.385**	**0.319**
	Back	0.381	0.223	0.034	**0.604**	**0.415**
	Left side	0.124			**0.124**	**0.124**
	Right side	0.344	0.059	0.014	**0.403**	**0.358**
	Top side		0.056	0.012	**0.056**	**0.012**
	Bottom side	0.118			**0.118**	**0.118**
LTE Band 38	Front	0.368	0.080	0.014	**0.448**	**0.382**
	Back	0.292	0.223	0.034	**0.515**	**0.326**
	Left side	0.252			**0.252**	**0.252**
	Right side	0.105	0.059	0.014	**0.164**	**0.119**
	Top side		0.056	0.012	**0.056**	**0.012**
	Bottom side	0.426			**0.426**	**0.426**

15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1 WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2 2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	3 5GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	4 Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.254	0.044	0.090	0.008	**0.298**	**0.352**
	Back	0.358	0.114	0.306	0.019	**0.472**	**0.683**
GSM1900	Front	0.189	0.044	0.090	0.008	**0.233**	**0.287**
	Back	0.216	0.114	0.306	0.019	**0.330**	**0.541**
WCDMA V	Front	0.417	0.044	0.090	0.008	**0.461**	**0.515**
	Back	0.567	0.114	0.306	0.019	**0.681**	**0.892**
LTE Band 2	Front	0.175	0.044	0.090	0.008	**0.219**	**0.273**
	Back	0.170	0.114	0.306	0.019	**0.284**	**0.495**
LTE Band 5	Front	0.260	0.044	0.090	0.008	**0.304**	**0.358**
	Back	0.322	0.114	0.306	0.019	**0.436**	**0.647**
LTE Band 7	Front	0.296	0.044	0.090	0.008	**0.340**	**0.394**
	Back	0.301	0.114	0.306	0.019	**0.415**	**0.626**
LTE Band 12	Front	0.258	0.044	0.090	0.008	**0.302**	**0.356**
	Back	0.307	0.114	0.306	0.019	**0.421**	**0.632**
LTE Band 38	Front	0.272	0.044	0.090	0.008	**0.316**	**0.370**
	Back	0.262	0.114	0.306	0.019	**0.376**	**0.587**

Test Engineer： Chris Yang, Shane Song, Wilson Lin, Fred Hsu and Charles Shen

16. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be ≤ 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

Declaration of Conformity:
The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.
Comments and Explanations:
The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

17. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”

[2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992

[3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, Sep 2013

[4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

[5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, “SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters”, Oct 2015.

[6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Oct 2015

[7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets”, Oct 2015.

[8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, “3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES”, Oct 2015

[9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices”, Dec 2015

[10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.

[11] FCC KDB 941225 D07 v01r02, " SAR Evaluation Procedures for UMPC Mini-Tablet Devices", Oct 2015.

[12] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.

[13] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations” Oct 2015.