



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID : APYHRO00277 Equipment : Smart phone

Brand Name: SHARP

Applicant : SHARP CORPORATION

2-13-1, Hachihonmatsu-lida,

Higashi-hiroshima-shi, Hiroshima pref. 739-0192, Japan

Manufacturer: SHARP CORPORATION

1 Takumi-Cho, Sakai-Ku, Sakai-Shi, Osaka 590-8522, Japan

Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

The product was received on Sep. 06, 2019 and testing was started from Sep. 16, 2019 and completed on Sep. 25, 2019. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

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History of this test report

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA990231	01	Initial issue of report	Oct. 04, 2019

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for SHARP CORPORATION, Smart phone, are as follows.

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		ŀ	у	Highest	
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	0.19	0.22	0.32	
	GSM1900	0.08	0.52	0.81	
Licensed	WCDMA V	0.16	0.19	0.26	0.89
	LTE Band 5	0.12	0.14	0.19	
	LTE Band 12 / 17	0.09	0.14	0.14	
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.35	0.04	0.04	0.81
NII	5GHz WLAN	0.44	0.07		0.89
DSS	Bluetooth	0.21			0.89
Date o	of Testing:	2019/09/16 ~ 2019/09/25			

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Wan Liu</u>

2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

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3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

3.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Smart phone
Brand Name	SHARP
FCC ID	APYHRO00277
IMEI Code	004401116844024
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	GSM/GPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20 / HT40 / VHT20 / VHT40 / VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	

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^{1.} This device has two antennas. The Primary Cellular Antenna (LAT) is location on the bottom edge of the device and the Secondary Cellular Antenna (UAT) is location on the top edge of the device.

^{2.} This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports Hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.

3.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

		Sun	nmarize	d neces	sarv ite	ms addre	ssed in KD	B 9412	225 D05 v02r	05		
FCC	: ID			1	O00277							
Equi	ipment Name			Smart phone								
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band				LTE Bar LTE Bar	nd 5: 82 nd 12: 6	99.7 MHz	848.3 MHz ~ 715.3 MH ~ 713.5 MH	z				
Channel Bandwidth				LTE Bar	nd 12:1.4		Hz, 5MHz, 1 Hz, 5MHz, 1 Hz					
uplir	nk modulations	used		QPSK /	16QAM	/ 64QAM						
LTE	Voice / Data re	equirements		Voice ar	nd Data							
				Tab	ole 6.2.3	3-1: Maxim	num Power	Reduc	ction (MPR) f	or Power (Class 1,	2 and 3
				Modu	lation	Cha	annel bandw	idth / T	ransmission l	andwidth (N _{RB})	MPR (dB)
						1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20	
					014	MHz	MHz	MHz		MHz	MHz	- 14
LTE	MPR permane	ently built-in by de	sign	QP		> 5 ≤ 5	> 4 ≤ 4	> 8 ≤ 8	> 12 ≤ 12	> 16 ≤ 16	> 18 ≤ 18	≤ 1 ≤ 1
				16 0		> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
				64 0		≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2
				64 C		> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3
				256 (QAM				≥ 1			≤ 5
Spe	ctrum plots for	RB configuration Transm		not inclu	ıded in t	he SAR re I numbers	port. s and frequ		each RB allo s in each LTE		offset co	onfiguration are
	December 2 de	- 4 A NALL-		Daniel de Ad	ul- O MILI	LTE Bar		L. Zaldi.	5 N. I		and decided	40 MIL
-		h 1.4 MHz		Bandwid 					5 MHz			10 MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		n. #	_	(MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)	Ch.		Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	_	415		25.5	20425		826.5	204		829
M	20525	836.5		525		36.5	20525		836.5	205		836.5
Н	20643	848.3	20	635	84	17.5	20625		846.5	206	00	844
	Bandwidt	h 1.4 MHz		Bandwid	th 3 MH	LTE Ban		lwidth	5 MHz	B:	andwidth	10 MHz
E	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		า. #		(MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)	Ch.		Freq. (MHz)
	23017	699.7		025		00.5	23035		701.5	230		704
М	23095	707.5		095		07.5	23095		707.5	230		707.5
Н	23173	715.3		165		14.5	23155		713.5	231		707.3
11	23173	710.0	23	100	/	LTE Ban			7 10.0	231.		/ 11
		Bandwid	th 5 MH	7			u-17		Bandwis	lth 10 MHz		
E	Char	nnel #	III J IVIII.		(MHz)		Bandwidth 1		ILIT TO IVITIZ	n 10 MHz Freq. (MHz)		
		755		•	(IVIITZ) 6.5		Channel #			70:	,	
M		790			0.5 10		1 11					
							23790 710 23800 711					
H 23825			71	3.5			23800	J		71		

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4. RF Exposure Limits

4.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

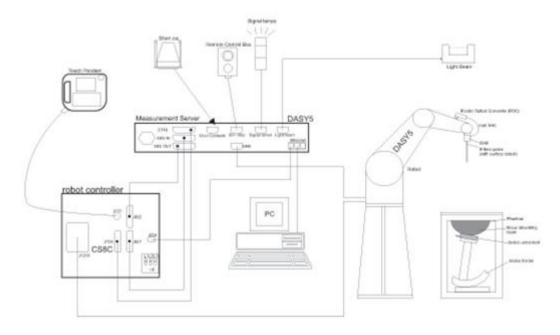
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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6. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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6.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core
	Interleaved sensors
	Built-in shielding against static charges
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz;
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)
	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g;
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm)
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm



<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core
	Built-in shielding against static charges
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1
	mm



6.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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6.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

VEET I Halltonia		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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6.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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7. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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7.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

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7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8. Test Equipment List

Manufacture	Name of Emilian aut	Turno (04 o al ol	Carial Nevaluar	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1107	Mar. 08, 2019	Mar. 07, 2020
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d167	Mar. 08, 2019	Mar. 07, 2020
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d185	Mar. 07, 2019	Mar. 06, 2020
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	929	Mar. 06, 2019	Mar. 05, 2020
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	Sep. 27, 2018	Sep. 26, 2019
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1128	Mar. 05, 2019	Mar. 04, 2020
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	316	Jan. 03, 2019	Jan. 02, 2020
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	360	Oct. 29, 2018	Oct. 28, 2019
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3124	Jan. 15, 2019	Jan. 14, 2020
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7346	Apr. 25, 2019	Apr. 24, 2020
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM685-1	Nov. 12, 2018	Nov. 11, 2019
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM560-2	Nov. 12, 2018	Nov. 11, 2019
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201341950	Apr. 21, 2019	Apr. 20, 2020
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267236	Apr. 01, 2019	Mar. 31, 2020
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT32	100522	Mar. 18, 2019	Mar. 17, 2020
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
R&S	Signal Generator	SMA100A	101091	Jul. 03, 2019	Jul. 02, 2020
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46104758	Sep. 06, 2019	Sep. 05, 2020
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1146	Jul. 16, 2019	Jul. 15, 2020
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	2942	Dec. 07, 2018	Dec. 06, 2019
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218006	Oct. 08, 2018	Oct. 07, 2019
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207363	Oct. 08, 2018	Oct. 07, 2019
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	May. 29, 2019	May. 28, 2020
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339124	May. 29, 2019	May. 28, 2020
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jun. 27, 2019	Jun. 26, 2020
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	070501814	Oct. 08, 2018	Oct. 07, 2019
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	715701915	May. 10, 2019	May. 09, 2020
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Not	te 1
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Not	te 1
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Not	te 1

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General Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

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9. System Verification

9.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.







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Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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9.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	22.6	0.890	41.481	0.89	41.90	0.00	-1.00	±5	2019/9/17
835	22.6	0.878	41.198	0.90	41.50	-2.44	-0.73	±5	2019/9/17
835	22.9	0.881	41.318	0.90	41.50	-2.11	-0.44	±5	2019/9/18
1900	22.6	1.407	40.285	1.40	40.00	0.50	0.71	±5	2019/9/16
2450	22.2	1.739	39.226	1.80	39.20	-3.39	0.07	±5	2019/9/25
5250	22.4	4.505	37.640	4.71	35.95	-4.35	4.70	±5	2019/9/25
5600	22.4	4.850	37.110	5.07	35.50	-4.34	4.54	±5	2019/9/25

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9.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2019/9/17	750	250	D750V3-1107	ES3DV3 - SN3124	DAE4 Sn316	2.11	8.32	8.44	1.44
2019/9/17	835	250	D835V2-4d167	ES3DV3 - SN3124	DAE4 Sn316	2.37	9.50	9.48	-0.21
2019/9/18	835	250	D835V2-4d167	ES3DV3 - SN3124	DAE4 Sn316	2.39	9.50	9.56	0.63
2019/9/16	1900	250	D1900V2-5d185	ES3DV3 - SN3124	DAE4 Sn316	9.47	39.40	37.88	-3.86
2019/9/25	2450	250	D2450V2-929	ES3DV3 - SN3124	DAE4 Sn316	12.26	52.10	49.04	-5.87
2019/9/25	5250	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5250	EX3DV4 - SN7346	DAE3 Sn360	7.71	80.70	77.1	-4.46
2019/9/25	5600	100	D5GHzV2-1128-5600	EX3DV4 - SN7346	DAE3 Sn360	8.36	79.90	83.6	4.63

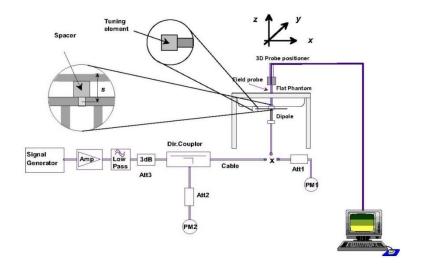




Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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10. RF Exposure Positions

10.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

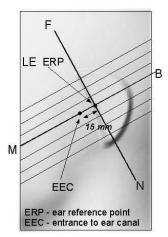


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

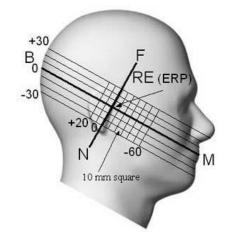


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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10.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the
 cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

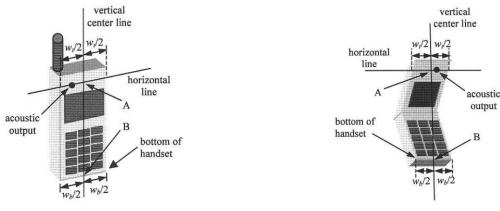


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

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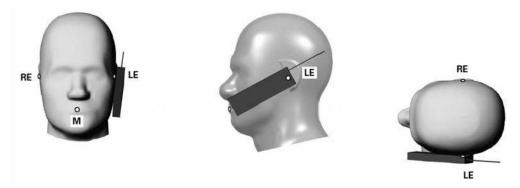


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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10.3 Definition of the tilt position

 Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

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- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

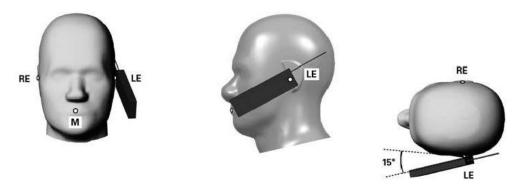


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

10.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

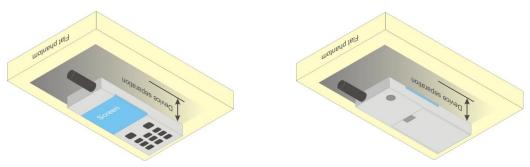


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

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10.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \ge 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

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When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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11. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- 3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

GSM850	Burst Av	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-A	verage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Tune-up Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM 1 Tx slot	32.25	32.22	32.09	33.50	23.25	23.22	23.09	24.50
GPRS 1 Tx slot	32.27	32.23	32.10	33.50	23.27	23.23	23.10	24.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots	30.51	30.51	30.61	31.50	24.51	24.51	24.61	25.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	28.70	28.73	28.70	29.70	24.44	24.47	24.44	25.44
GPRS 4 Tx slots	27.30	27.35	27.38	28.50	24.30	24.35	24.38	25.50

GSM1900	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	Tune-up		
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GSM 1 Tx slot	29.03	28.87	29.00	30.50	20.03	19.87	20.00	21.50
GPRS 1 Tx slot	29.09	28.93	29.07	30.50	20.09	19.93	20.07	21.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots	27.13	27.04	27.07	28.50	21.13	21.04	21.07	22.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	25.15	25.08	25.22	26.70	20.89	20.82	20.96	22.44
GPRS 4 Tx slots	23.71	23.77	23.77	25.50	20.71	20.77	20.77	22.50

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

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A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βd	βd (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1: \triangle_{ACK} , \triangle_{NACK} and $\triangle_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.
- Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and \triangle CQI = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .
- Note 3: CM = 1 for β_d/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_d/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15

Setup Configuration

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βd	βd (SF)	βс/βа	Внs (Note1)	Вес	β _{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c . For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 5/15 with β_{hs} = 5/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{he}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the βc/βa ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 10/15 and βd = 15/15.
- Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 5: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
- Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

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< WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

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2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

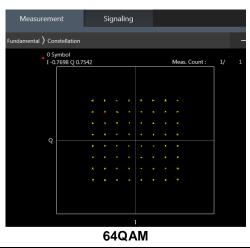
	Band		WCDMA V		
Т	X Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up
F	Rx Channel	4357	4407	4458	Limit (dBm)
Free	quency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	, , ,
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.72	23.78	23.70	24.50
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.74	23.80	23.71	24.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.77	22.78	22.72	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.80	22.83	22.72	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	22.30	22.34	22.21	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	22.31	22.33	22.23	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.74	22.75	22.72	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.71	20.77	20.66	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.73	21.76	21.71	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.75	20.75	20.67	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.80	22.80	22.70	23.50

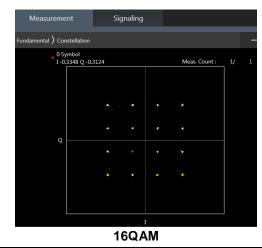
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<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

- 1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B5 / B12 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 9. LTE band 17 SAR test was covered by Band 12; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
- 10. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.





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<LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		20450	20525	20600	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequenc			829	836.5	844	1	
10	QPSK	1	0	22.77	22.84	22.85		
10	QPSK	1	25	22.84	22.95	22.74	24	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.90	22.80	22.73	1	
10	QPSK	25	0	21.91	21.95	21.87		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.99	21.95	21.79	1	
10	QPSK	25	25	21.95	21.89	21.84	23	1
10	QPSK	50	0	21.98	21.92	21.89	1	
10	16QAM	1	0	22.10	22.10	22.17		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.09	22.21	22.11	23	1
10	16QAM	1	49	22.20	22.16	22.11	1	
10	16QAM	25	0	20.97	21.03	20.96		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.07	21.04	20.87		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.99	20.97	20.88	22	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.05	21.01	20.97		
10	64QAM	1	0	21.02	21.05	21.11		
10	64QAM	1	25	21.05	21.13	21.02	22	2
10	64QAM	1	49	21.17	21.10	21.05		
10	64QAM	25	0	20.02	20.07	20.00		
10	64QAM	25	12	20.07	20.06	19.91	1	
10	64QAM	25	25	20.04	20.00	19.91	21	3
10	64QAM	50	0	20.07	20.04	20.03	1	
	Cha		Ü	20425	20525	20625	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequence			826.5	836.5	846.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.80	22.93	22.72	,	,
5	QPSK	1	12	22.84	22.87	22.76	24	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.82	22.87	22.77	<u> </u>	ŭ
5	QPSK	12	0	21.93	21.94	21.79		
5	QPSK	12	7	21.92	21.96	21.80	1	
5	QPSK	12	13	21.88	21.90	21.82	23	1
5	QPSK	25	0	21.92	21.94	21.80	1	
5	16QAM	1	0	22.12	22.23	22.08		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.12	22.19	22.12	23	1
5	16QAM	1	24	22.09	22.17	22.12		•
5	16QAM	12	0	21.01	21.01	20.90		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.00	21.06	20.93		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.97	20.98	20.91	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.01	21.03	20.89		
5	64QAM	1	0	21.04	21.18	21.03		
5	64QAM	1	12	21.04	21.14	21.06	22	2
5	64QAM	1	24	21.06	21.12	21.04	I	_
5	64QAM	12	0	20.09	20.11	19.96		
5	64QAM	12	7	20.07	20.11	20.00		
5	64QAM	12	13	20.05	20.07	19.97	21	3
5	64QAM	25	0	20.01	20.04	19.91		
	Cha			20415	20525	20635	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequence			825.5	836.5	847.5	(dBm)	(dB)
3	QPSK	1	0	22.78	22.89	22.72		
3	QPSK	1	8	22.73	22.85	22.73	24	0
3	QPSK	1	14	22.82	22.84	22.73		•
3	QPSK	8	0	21.80	21.90	21.76		
3	QPSK	8	4	21.92	21.90	21.79	23	1
J	या जार	0	7	21.32	41.54	21.13		

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3	QPSK	8	7	21.87	21.91	21.81		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.91	21.91	21.78		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.04	22.16	22.12		
3	16QAM	1	8	22.06	22.18	22.12	23	1
3	16QAM	1	14	22.10	22.14	22.12		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.96	21.00	20.92		
3	16QAM	8	4	21.03	21.05	20.97	00	0
3	16QAM	8	7	20.99	21.03	20.95	22	2
3	16QAM	15	0	20.98	21.02	20.88		
3	64QAM	1	0	21.06	21.13	21.05		
3	64QAM	1	8	20.96	21.13	21.03	22	2
3	64QAM	1	14	21.07	21.10	21.03		
3	64QAM	8	0	19.98	20.06	19.94		
3	64QAM	8	4	20.06	20.06	19.97	24	3
3	64QAM	8	7	20.00	20.04	19.97	- 21 -	
3	64QAM	15	0	20.03	20.03	19.90		
	Chai	nnel		20407	20525	20643	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		824.7	836.5	848.3	(dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.73	22.79	22.64		
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.80	22.85	22.73		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.71	22.76	22.66	24	0
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.77	22.84	22.72	24	U
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.79	22.88	22.72		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.74	22.84	22.69		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.79	21.85	21.71	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.00	22.07	22.04		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.05	22.14	22.06		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.98	22.05	22.01	23	1
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.83	21.89	21.81	20	•
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.86	21.95	21.83		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.79	21.88	21.80		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.92	20.98	20.88	22	2
1.4	64QAM	1	0	20.97	21.05	20.98		
1.4	64QAM	1	3	21.01	21.08	21.03		
1.4	64QAM	1	5	20.95	21.03	20.97	22	2
1.4	64QAM	3	0	20.95	21.03	20.95		_
1.4	64QAM	3	1	21.02	21.10	21.00		
1.4	64QAM	3	3	20.97	21.02	20.98		
1.4	64QAM	6	0	19.86	19.92	19.81	21	3

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<LTE Band 12>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR	
	Cha	nnel		23060	23095	23130	(dBm)	(dB)	
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		704	707.5	711			
10	QPSK	1	0	22.96	22.92	22.90			
10	QPSK	1	25	22.98	22.99	22.91	24	0	
10	QPSK	1	49	22.93	22.90	22.96			
10	QPSK	25	0	21.98	21.94	21.91			
10	QPSK	25	12	22.00	22.01	21.96	23	1	
10	QPSK	25	25	21.97	21.94	21.94	23	'	
10	QPSK	50	0	21.99	21.98	21.96			
10	16QAM	1	0	22.30	22.30	22.29			
10	16QAM	1	25	22.33	22.31	22.30	23	1	
10	16QAM	1	49	22.29	22.27	22.24			
10	16QAM	25	0	21.09	21.10	21.05			
10	16QAM	25	12	21.13	21.09	21.06	20	0	
10	16QAM	25	25	21.09	21.07	21.04	22	2	
10	16QAM	50	0	21.09	21.09	21.07			
10	64QAM	1	0	21.27	21.21	21.22			
10	64QAM	1	25	21.30	21.26	21.23	22	2	
10	64QAM	1	49	21.25	21.24	21.22			
10	64QAM	25	0	20.15	20.12	20.07			
10	64QAM	25	12	20.16	20.12	20.09	24	0	
10	64QAM	25	25	20.12	20.11	20.05	21	3	
10	64QAM	50	0	20.13	20.10	20.08			
	Cha	nnel		23035	23095	23155	Tune-up limit	MPR	
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		701.5	707.5	713.5	(dBm)	(dB)	
5	QPSK	1	0	22.86	22.95	22.77			
5	QPSK	1	12	22.87	22.93	22.86	24	0	
5	QPSK	1	24	22.85	22.91	22.84			
5	QPSK	12	0	21.90	21.95	21.81			
5	QPSK	12	7	21.95	22.01	21.93			
5	QPSK	12	13	21.92	21.95	21.93	23	1	
5	QPSK	25	0	21.94	21.96	21.82			
5	16QAM	1	0	22.21	22.27	22.15			
5	16QAM	1	12	22.24	22.30	22.26	23	1	
5	16QAM	1	24	22.22	22.28	22.14			
5	16QAM	12	0	21.07	21.12	20.95			
5	16QAM	12	7	21.07	21.13	21.08	1		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.05	21.09	21.02	22	2	
5	16QAM	25	0	21.04	21.08	20.92			
5	64QAM	1	0	21.16	21.23	21.08			
5	64QAM	1	12	21.21	21.24	21.18	22	2	
5	64QAM	1	24	21.18	21.20	21.12			
5	64QAM	12	0	20.11	20.16	20.00			
5	64QAM	12	7	20.16	20.18	20.13			
5	64QAM	12	13	20.12	20.16	20.10	21	3	
5	64QAM	25	0	20.06	20.09	19.92			
	Cha			23025	23095	23165	Tune-up limit	MPR	
	Frequenc			700.5	707.5	714.5	(dBm)	(dB)	
3	QPSK	1	0	22.96	22.91	22.87			
3	QPSK	1	8	22.98	22.93	22.85	24	0	
3	QPSK	1	14	22.96	22.89	22.84		,	
3	QPSK	 8	0	22.90	21.93	21.88			
3	QPSK	0	U	22.00	21.00	21.91	23	1	

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3	QPSK	8	7	22.03	21.94	21.88		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.02	21.95	21.89		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.24	22.27	22.22		
3	16QAM	1	8	22.30	22.29	22.19	23	1
3	16QAM	1	14	22.34	22.26	22.12		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.18	21.12	21.07		
3	16QAM	8	4	21.21	21.13	21.08	22	2
3	16QAM	8	7	21.18	21.09	21.02	22	2
3	16QAM	15	0	21.15	21.08	21.02		
3	64QAM	1	0	21.21	21.18	21.16		
3	64QAM	1	8	21.17	21.20	21.13	22	2
3	64QAM	1	14	21.17	21.24	21.12		
3	64QAM	8	0	20.18	20.14	20.06		
3	64QAM	8	4	20.11	20.15	20.09	21	3
3	64QAM	8	7	20.14	20.12	20.07	21	
3	64QAM	15	0	20.12	20.08	20.04		
	Channel			23017	23095	23173	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		699.7	707.5	715.3	(dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.82	22.83	22.77		0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.89	22.90	22.85		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.83	22.83	22.78	24	
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.87	22.87	22.85		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.90	22.91	22.86		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.89	22.89	22.83		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.89	21.90	21.82	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.15	22.21	22.09		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.24	22.31	22.13		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.16	22.21	22.04	23	1
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.96	21.99	21.93		•
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.99	22.03	21.94		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.94	22.00	21.86		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.04	21.07	20.99	22	2
1.4	64QAM	1	0	21.10	21.16	21.07		
1.4	64QAM	1	3	21.19	21.22	21.14		
1.4	64QAM	1	5	21.10	21.14	21.03	22	2
1.4	64QAM	3	0	21.11	21.14	21.06		2
1.4	64QAM	3	1	21.15	21.19	21.10		
1.4	64QAM	3	3	21.11	21.15	21.04		
1.4	64QAM	6	0	20.01	20.02	19.97	21	3

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<LTE Band 17>

D) 4 / (1) 4 1	** ***	DD 0'	55.0%	Power	Power	Power		
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Ch. / Freq.	Middle Ch. / Freq.	High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel	<u> </u>	23780	23790	23800	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen			709	710	711	-	
10	QPSK	1	0	22.86	22.85	22.86		
10	QPSK	1	25	22.93	22.94	22.84	24	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.92	22.92	22.81		Ü
10	QPSK	25	0	21.97	21.99	21.91		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.03	22.01	21.89	1	1
10	QPSK	25	25	21.96	21.98	21.89	23	
10	QPSK	50	0	21.98	21.97	21.88	_	
10	16QAM	1	0	22.20	22.19	22.15		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.26	22.19	22.16	23	1
10	16QAM	1	49	22.25	22.23	22.10	- 25	'
10	16QAM	25	0	21.09	21.07	21.00		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.09	21.07	21.00		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.13	21.10	20.98	22	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.00	21.08	20.99		
10	64QAM	1	0	21.15	21.15	21.09		
10	64QAM	1	25	21.13	21.13	21.13	22	2
10	64QAM	1	49	21.20	21.18	21.06	1 22	
10	64QAM	25	0	20.13	20.11	20.01		
10	64QAM	25	12	20.13	20.11	20.01	_	
10	64QAM	25	25	20.13	20.14	19.99	21	3
10	64QAM	50	0	20.10	20.09	20.02		
10	Cha		U	23755	23790	23825	True a con line it	MDD
	Frequen			706.5	710	713.5	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.88	22.90	22.87	(aBIII)	(42)
5	QPSK	1	12	22.93	22.87	22.85	24	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.92	22.89	22.87		U
5	QPSK	12	0	21.92	21.97	21.94		
5	QPSK	12	7	22.05	21.98	21.94	_	
5	QPSK	12	13	22.03	21.99	21.96	23	1
5	QPSK	25	0	22.02	21.95	21.92	-	
5	16QAM	1	0	22.02	22.26	22.26		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.27	22.25	22.22	23	1
5	16QAM	1	24	22.27	22.25	22.14	20	
5	16QAM	12	0	21.05	21.09	21.07		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.03	21.10	21.07		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.14	21.10	21.06	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.14	21.06	21.07		
	64QAM	1	0	21.11	21.19	21.07		
<u> 5</u>	UTQ/NIVI		12	21.13	21.19	21.09	22	2
5 5	640AM			21.20	21.10	21.00		_
5	64QAM 64QAM	1		21 22	21.20	21 04		
5 5	64QAM	1	24	21.22	21.20	21.04		
5 5 5	64QAM 64QAM	1 12	24 0	20.10	20.16	20.11		
5 5	64QAM	1	24				- 21	3

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<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		1	2412	13.70	14.00	
	802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	13.70	14.00	99.11
2.4GHz WLAN		11	2462	13.90	14.00	
2.46112 WLAIN	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	11.90	12.00	94.61
		6	2437	11.80	12.00	
		11	2462	11.90	12.00	
		1	2412	11.80	12.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	6	2437	11.70	12.00	94.36
		11	2462	11.70	12.00	

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<5GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		36	5180	11.60	12.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	40	5200	11.50	12.00	95.39
	602.11a divibps	44	5220	11.60	12.00	95.39
		48	5240	11.80	12.00	
		36	5180	11.60	12.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	40	5200	11.50	12.00	94.61
		44	5220	11.60	12.00	
5.2GHz WLAN		48	5240	11.80	12.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.80	12.00	90.91
		46	5230	11.80	12.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20	36	5180	11.70	12.00	05.40
		40	5200	11.60	12.00	
	MCS0	44	5220	11.70	12.00	95.10
		48	5240	11.90	12.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40	38	5190	11.90	12.00	89.62
	MCS0	46	5230	11.90	12.00	09.02
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	11.80	12.00	88.89

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		52	5260	11.60	12.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	56	5280	11.70	12.00	95.39
	002.11a 0101bps	60	5300	11.70	12.00	95.59
		64	5320	11.70	12.00	
		52	5260	11.80	12.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	56	5280	11.70	12.00	94.61
		60	5300	11.80	12.00	
5.3GHz WLAN		64	5320	11.70	12.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	11.60	12.00	90.91
		62	5310	11.80	12.00	
		52	5260	11.90	12.00	95.10
	802.11ac-VHT20	56	5280	11.80	12.00	
	MCS0	60	5300	11.90	12.00	95.10
		64	5320	11.80	12.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40	54	5270	11.70	12.00	89.62
	MCS0	62	5310	11.90	12.00	09.02
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	11.30	12.00	88.89

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	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		100	5500	11.80	12.00	
		116	5580	11.80	12.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	124	5620	11.70	12.00	95.39
		132	5660	11.70	12.00	
		144	5720	11.80	12.00	
		100	5500	11.80	12.00	
		116	5580	11.80	12.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	124	5620	11.70	12.00	94.61
	Wicco	132	5660	11.70	12.00	
		144	5720	11.80	12.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.70	12.00	
		110	5550	11.80	12.00	
5.5GHz WLAN		126	5630	11.60	12.00	90.91
		134	5670	11.80	12.00	
		142	5710	11.80	12.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	11.90	12.00	
		116	5580	11.90	12.00	
		124	5620	11.80	12.00	95.10
	Wicco	132	5660	11.80	12.00	
		144	5720	11.90	12.00	
		102	5510	11.80	12.00	
		110	5550	11.90	12.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	126	5630	11.70	12.00	89.62
	IVIOOO	134	5670	11.90	12.00	
		142	5710	11.80	12.00	
		106	5530	11.90	12.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	122	5610	11.90	12.00	88.89
	Wioco	138	5690	11.80	12.00	

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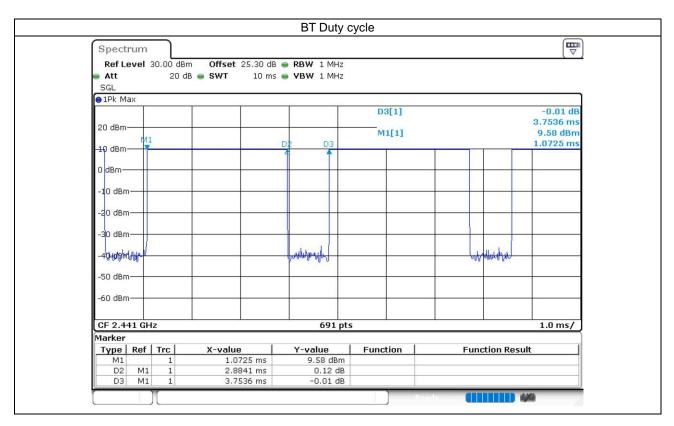
<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

Mode	Channel	Frequency	А	Average power (dBm)					
iviode	Channel	(MHz)	1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps				
	CH 00	2402	9.78	7.26	7.29				
BR / EDR	CH 39	2441	10.50	7.70	7.68				
	CH 78	2480	9.78	7.37	7.40				
	Tune-up Limit		11.5	11.5	11.5				

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)			
Mode	Channel	(MHz)	1Mbps	2Mbps		
	CH 00	2402	4.50	4.50		
LE	CH 19	2440	5.10	5.00		
	CH 39	2480	4.90	4.80		
	Tune-up Limit		6.1	6.1		

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth head SAR testing was selected 1Mbps due to its highest average power and duty cycle is 76.84% considered in SAR testing, and the duty cycle would be scaled to theoretical 83.3% in reported SAR calculation.



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12. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied for hotspot / body-worn condition

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Mode Band	Max Average	Max Average power(dBm)								
Mode Ballu	BR/EDR	LE								
2.4GHz Bluetooth	11.5	6.1								

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
11.5	10	2.48	2.23

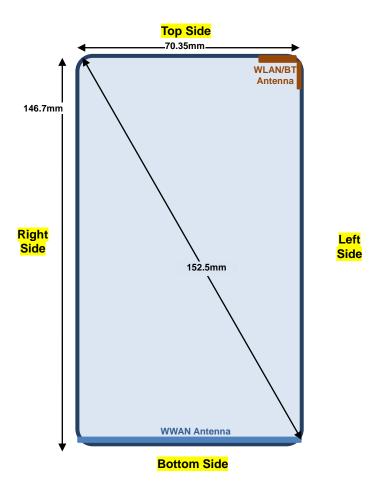
Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, hotspot and body-worn SAR test separation distance is 10 mm, is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 2.23 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

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13. Antenna Location

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Back View

	Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge													
Antennas	Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm								
BT&WLAN ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm >25mm >25mm ≤ 25mm														

	Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode													
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side														
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes								
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes								

General Note:

 Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

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14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

GSM Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode
- Power reduction which is triggered by hotspot mode is implemented in GSM1900 band, for hotspot mode SAR testing EUT
 was set in reduced power mode and GPRS 3Tx slot due to its highest frame-average power.

UMTS Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ½ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

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LTE Note:

 Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. For LTE B12 / B5 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 7. LTE band 17 SAR test was covered by Band 12; according to TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. The maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion.
 - b. The channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band.

WLAN Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

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14.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	251	848.8	27.38	28.50	1.294	-0.07	0.149	0.193
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	251	848.8	27.38	28.50	1.294	-0.11	0.053	0.069
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	251	848.8	27.38	28.50	1.294	-0.09	0.145	0.188
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	251	848.8	27.38	28.50	1.294	-0.01	0.063	0.082
02	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	810	1909.8	23.77	25.50	1.489	0.07	0.056	0.083
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	810	1909.8	23.77	25.50	1.489	0.15	0.055	0.082
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	810	1909.8	23.77	25.50	1.489	-0.11	0.031	0.046
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	810	1909.8	23.77	25.50	1.489	0.15	0.056	0.083

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
03	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	4182	836.4	23.80	24.50	1.175	-0.02	0.135	0.159
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	4182	836.4	23.80	24.50	1.175	-0.07	0.054	0.063
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	4182	836.4	23.80	24.50	1.175	-0.06	0.127	0.149
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	4182	836.4	23.80	24.50	1.175	-0.07	0.065	0.076

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.1	0.092	0.117
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.05	0.074	0.094
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	0.02	0.035	0.045
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.07	0.028	0.036
04	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.09	0.092	0.117
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.1	0.075	0.096
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	0.04	0.041	0.052
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.08	0.033	0.042
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	22.99	24.00	1.262	-0.03	0.064	0.081
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	22.01	23.00	1.256	-0.06	0.052	0.065
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	22.99	24.00	1.262	-0.07	0.034	0.043
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	22.01	23.00	1.256	-0.03	0.028	0.035
05	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	22.99	24.00	1.262	-0.06	0.069	0.087
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	22.01	23.00	1.256	-0.06	0.056	0.070
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	22.99	24.00	1.262	-0.06	0.041	0.052
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	22.01	23.00	1.256	-0.14	0.033	0.041

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<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cyclo	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
06	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	11	2462	13.90	14.00	1.023	99.11	1.009	-0.04	0.340	0.351
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	11	2462	13.90	14.00	1.023	99.11	1.009	-0.08	0.258	0.266
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	11	2462	13.90	14.00	1.023	99.11	1.009	0.08	0.195	0.201
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	11	2462	13.90	14.00	1.023	99.11	1.009	-0.06	0.162	0.167
07	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	58	5290	11.30	12.00	1.175	88.89	1.125	-0.06	0.334	0.441
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	58	5290	11.30	12.00	1.175	88.89	1.125	0.05	0.231	0.305
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	58	5290	11.30	12.00	1.175	88.89	1.125	-0.09	0.142	0.188
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	58	5290	11.30	12.00	1.175	88.89	1.125	-0.06	0.110	0.145
08	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	122	5610	11.90	12.00	1.023	88.89	1.125	0.12	0.276	0.318
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	122	5610	11.90	12.00	1.023	88.89	1.125	-0.02	0.204	0.235
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	122	5610	11.90	12.00	1.023	88.89	1.125	-0.1	0.054	0.062
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	122	5610	11.90	12.00	1.023	88.89	1.125	0.02	0.049	0.056

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<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle		Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	39	2441	10.50	11.50	1.258	76.84	1.084	-0.05	0.146	0.199
09	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	39	2441	10.50	11.50	1.258	76.84	1.084	-0.1	0.150	0.205
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	39	2441	10.50	11.50	1.258	76.84	1.084	0.01	0.076	0.104
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	39	2441	10.50	11.50	1.258	76.84	1.084	-0.03	0.091	0.124

14.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	251	848.8	27.38	28.50	1.294	-0.18	0.171	0.221
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	251	848.8	27.38	28.50	1.294	-0.06	0.158	0.204
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Side	10mm	251	848.8	27.38	28.50	1.294	-0.04	0.160	0.207
10	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Side	10mm	251	848.8	27.38	28.50	1.294	-0.05	0.247	0.320
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	251	848.8	27.38	28.50	1.294	-0.18	0.088	0.114
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	810	1909.8	23.77	25.50	1.489	-0.04	0.352	0.524
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	810	1909.8	23.77	25.50	1.489	-0.13	0.158	0.235
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Side	10mm	810	1909.8	23.77	25.50	1.489	0.07	0.081	0.121
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Side	10mm	810	1909.8	23.77	25.50	1.489	-0.09	0.040	0.060
11	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	810	1909.8	23.77	25.50	1.489	-0.17	0.545	0.812
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	512	1850.2	23.71	25.50	1.510	-0.12	0.469	0.708
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	661	1880	23.77	25.50	1.489	-0.19	0.455	0.678

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	4182	836.4	23.80	24.50	1.175	-0.06	0.164	0.193
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	4182	836.4	23.80	24.50	1.175	-0.04	0.149	0.175
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	4182	836.4	23.80	24.50	1.175	-0.03	0.156	0.183
12	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	4182	836.4	23.80	24.50	1.175	-0.05	0.217	0.255
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	4182	836.4	23.80	24.50	1.175	-0.09	0.066	0.078

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<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.03	0.112	0.143
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.1	0.089	0.113
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.04	0.109	0.139
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.06	0.085	0.108
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.02	0.103	0.131
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Side	10mm	20525	836.5	21.95	23.00	1.274	0.05	0.083	0.106
13	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	0.13	0.145	0.185
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Side	10mm	20525	836.5	21.95	23.00	1.274	0	0.119	0.152
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Bottom Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.1	0.051	0.065
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Bottom Side	10mm	20525	836.5	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.17	0.050	0.064
14	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	22.99	24.00	1.262	0	0.108	0.136
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	22.01	23.00	1.256	-0.05	0.088	0.111
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	22.99	24.00	1.262	0.01	0.078	0.098
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	22.01	23.00	1.256	0	0.064	0.080
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.99	24.00	1.262	0.06	0.066	0.083
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.01	23.00	1.256	0.01	0.054	0.068
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.99	24.00	1.262	-0.03	0.102	0.129
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.01	23.00	1.256	0.03	0.083	0.104
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Bottom Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.99	24.00	1.262	-0.17	0.036	0.045
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Bottom Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.01	23.00	1.256	-0.04	0.030	0.038

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cyclo	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
15	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	11	2462	13.90	14.00	1.023	99.11	1.009	0.11	0.040	0.041
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	11	2462	13.90	14.00	1.023	99.11	1.009	0.11	0.030	0.031
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	10mm	11	2462	13.90	14.00	1.023	99.11	1.009	0.09	0.020	0.021
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10mm	11	2462	13.90	14.00	1.023	99.11	1.009	-0.14	0.026	0.027

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14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
16	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	251	848.8	27.38	28.50	1.294	-0.18	0.171	0.221
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	251	848.8	27.38	28.50	1.294	-0.06	0.158	0.204
17	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	810	1909.8	23.77	25.50	1.489	-0.04	0.352	0.524
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	810	1909.8	23.77	25.50	1.489	-0.13	0.158	0.235

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
18	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	4182	836.4	23.80	24.50	1.175	-0.06	0.164	0.193
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	4182	836.4	23.80	24.50	1.175	-0.04	0.149	0.175

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
19	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.03	0.112	0.143
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.1	0.089	0.113
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.04	0.109	0.139
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.06	0.085	0.108
20	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	22.99	24.00	1.262	0	0.108	0.136
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	22.01	23.00	1.256	-0.05	0.088	0.111
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	22.99	24.00	1.262	0.01	0.078	0.098
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	12	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	22.01	23.00	1.256	0	0.064	0.080

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cyclo	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
21	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	11	2462	13.90	14.00	1.023	99.11	1.009	0.11	0.040	0.041
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	11	2462	13.90	14.00	1.023	99.11	1.009	0.11	0.030	0.031
22	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	10mm	58	5290	11.30	12.00	1.175	88.89	1.125	0.1	0.049	0.065
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	10mm	58	5290	11.30	12.00	1.175	88.89	1.125	-0.09	0.012	0.016
23	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	10mm	122	5610	11.90	12.00	1.023	88.89	1.125	-0.1	0.016	0.018
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	10mm	122	5610	11.90	12.00	1.023	88.89	1.125	-0.02	0.016	0.018

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15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission		Portable Handset	t
NO.	Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
1.	WWAN + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	WWAN + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WWAN + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	WWAN + WLAN5GHz + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes

General Note:

- This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports Hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 2. 2.4GHz WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 4. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.

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- 5. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
 - Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- 7. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Hotspot / Body worn
Max Power	Test separation	10 mm
11.5dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.297 W/kg

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15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4	1+3+4
WWA	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	Summed 1g SAR	Summed 1g SAR	Summed 1g SAR	Summed 1g SAR
		1 0311011	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		Right Cheek	0.193	0.351	0.441	0.199	0.544	0.634	0.392	0.833
	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.069	0.266	0.305	0.205	0.335	0.374	0.274	0.579
	GSIVIOSU	Left Cheek	0.188	0.201	0.188	0.104	0.389	0.376	0.292	0.480
GSM		Left Tilted	0.082	0.167	0.145	0.124	0.249	0.227	0.206	0.351
GSIVI		Right Cheek	0.083	0.351	0.441	0.199	0.434	0.524	0.282	0.723
	GSM1900	Right Tilted	0.082	0.266	0.305	0.205	0.348	0.387	0.287	0.592
	GSWIT900	Left Cheek	0.046	0.201	0.188	0.104	0.247	0.234	0.150	0.338
		Left Tilted	0.083	0.167	0.145	0.124	0.250	0.228	0.207	0.352
		Right Cheek	0.159	0.351	0.441	0.199	0.510	0.600	0.358	0.799
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Right Tilted	0.063	0.266	0.305	0.205	0.329	0.368	0.268	0.573
WCDIVIA	WCDIVIA V	Left Cheek	0.149	0.201	0.188	0.104	0.350	0.337	0.253	0.441
		Left Tilted	0.076	0.167	0.145	0.124	0.243	0.221	0.200	0.345
		Right Cheek	0.117	0.351	0.441	0.199	0.468	0.558	0.316	0.757
	LTE Band 5	Right Tilted	0.045	0.266	0.305	0.205	0.311	0.350	0.250	0.555
	LIE Band 5	Left Cheek	0.117	0.201	0.188	0.104	0.318	0.305	0.221	0.409
LTE		Left Tilted	0.052	0.167	0.145	0.124	0.219	0.197	0.176	0.321
LIE		Right Cheek	0.081	0.351	0.441	0.199	0.432	0.522	0.280	0.721
	LTE Band 12	Right Tilted	0.043	0.266	0.305	0.205	0.309	0.348	0.248	0.553
	LIE Band 12	Left Cheek	0.087	0.201	0.188	0.104	0.288	0.275	0.191	0.379
		Left Tilted	0.052	0.167	0.145	0.124	0.219	0.197	0.176	0.321

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15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

			1	2	4	4.0	
WWA	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+4 Summed
			1g SAR	1g SAR	Estimated	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Front	(W/kg) 0.221	(W/kg) 0.041	1g SAR (W/kg) 0.297	0.262	0.518
						0.262	0.518
		Back	0.204	0.031	0.297		
	GSM850	Left side	0.207	0.021	0.297	0.228	0.504
		Right side	0.320		0.007	0.320	0.320
		Top side		0.027	0.297	0.027	0.297
GSM		Bottom side	0.114			0.114	0.114
		Front	0.524	0.041	0.297	0.565	0.821
		Back	0.235	0.031	0.297	0.266	0.532
	GSM1900	Left side	0.121	0.021	0.297	0.142	0.418
		Right side	0.060			0.060	0.060
		Top side		0.027	0.297	0.027	0.297
		Bottom side	0.812			0.812	0.812
	WCDMA V	Front	0.193	0.041	0.297	0.234	0.490
		Back	0.175	0.031	0.297	0.206	0.472
WCDMA		Left side	0.183	0.021	0.297	0.204	0.480
VVCDIVIA	WCDIVIA V	Right side	0.255			0.255	0.255
		Top side		0.027	0.297	0.027	0.297
		Bottom side	0.078			0.078	0.078
		Front	0.143	0.041	0.297	0.184	0.440
		Back	0.139	0.031	0.297	0.170	0.436
	1750 15	Left side	0.131	0.021	0.297	0.152	0.428
	LTE Band 5	Right side	0.185			0.185	0.185
		Top side		0.027	0.297	0.027	0.297
		Bottom side	0.065			0.065	0.065
LTE		Front	0.136	0.041	0.297	0.177	0.433
		Back	0.098	0.031	0.297	0.129	0.395
		Left side	0.083	0.021	0.297	0.104	0.380
	LTE Band 12	Right side	0.129			0.129	0.129
		Top side		0.027	0.297	0.027	0.297
		Bottom side	0.045			0.045	0.045

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15.3 <u>Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions</u>

			1	2	3	4				
\Λ/\Λ/ Δ	N Band	Exposure	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed	1+4 Summed	1+3+4 Summed
*****	IV Bana	Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	Front	0.221	0.041	0.065	0.297	0.262	0.286	0.518	0.583
GSM	GSIVIOSU	Back	0.204	0.031	0.018	0.297	0.235	0.222	0.501	0.519
GSIVI	GSM1900	Front	0.524	0.041	0.065	0.297	0.565	0.589	0.821	0.886
	G3W1900	Back	0.235	0.031	0.018	0.297	0.266	0.253	0.532	0.550
MODMA	WCDMA V	Front	0.193	0.041	0.065	0.297	0.234	0.258	0.490	0.555
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Back	0.175	0.031	0.018	0.297	0.206	0.193	0.472	0.490
	LTC David C	Front	0.143	0.041	0.065	0.297	0.184	0.208	0.440	0.505
	LTE Band 5	Back	0.139	0.031	0.018	0.297	0.170	0.157	0.436	0.454
LTE	LTC Dond 10	Front	0.136	0.041	0.065	0.297	0.177	0.201	0.433	0.498
	LTE Band 12	Back	0.098	0.031	0.018	0.297	0.129	0.116	0.395	0.413

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16. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

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17. References

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- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
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- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.

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