



#### 8. OUTPUT POWER TEST

#### 8.1.Test Equipments

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
1.	PXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9030A	MY51380221	Apr.01,23	1 Year
2.	Power meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00003262	Jun.26,23	1 Year
3.	Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	0332516	Jun.26,23	1 Year
4.	RF Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLE X-106	505238/6	Apr.02,23	1 Year

#### 8.2.Limit (FCC Part 15C 15.247 b(3))

For systems using digital modulation in the 2400—2483.5MHz, The Peak output Power shall not exceed 1W(30dBm), As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level.

#### 8.3.Test Procedure

- 1, Connected the EUT's antenna port to measure device by 20dB attenuator.
- 2, Use the test method descried in ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 11.9.2.2.2 Method AVGSA-1.
  - 1) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
  - 2) Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.
  - 3) Set  $VBW > [3 \times RBW]$ .
  - 4) Number of points in sweep  $\geq$  [2 × span / RBW]. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing  $\leq$  RBW / 2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
  - 5) Sweep time = auto.
  - 6) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
  - 7) If transmit duty cycle < 98%, use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. The transmitter shall operate at the maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no OFF intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98%, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run."
  - 8) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.
  - 9) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function, with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

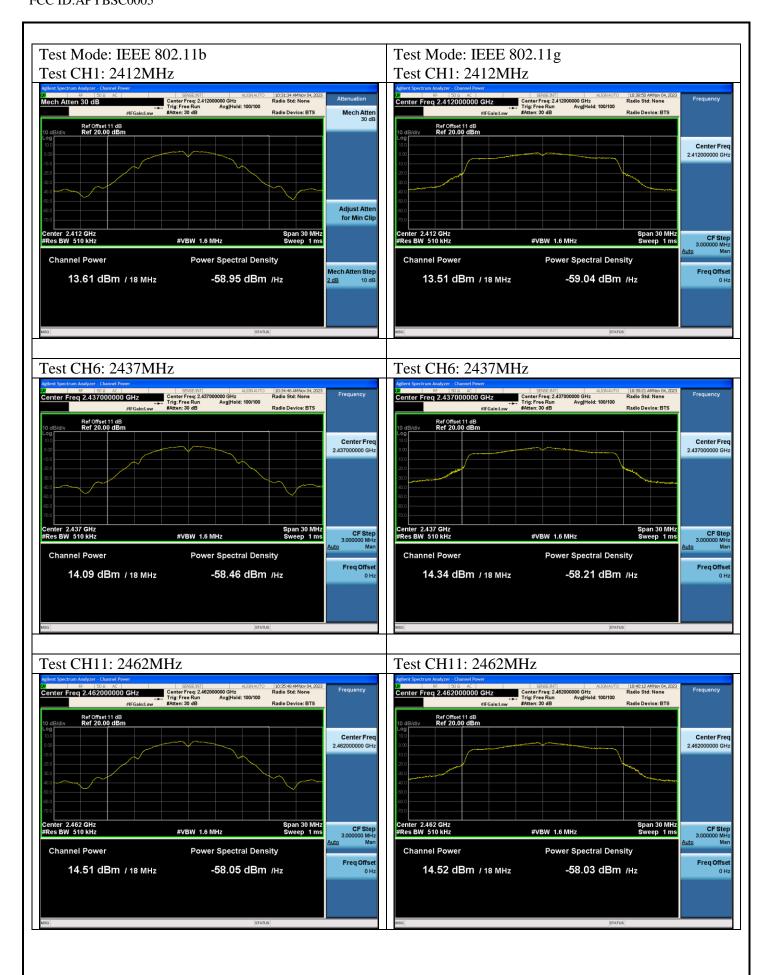
Note: The cable loss and attenuator loss were offset into measure device as an amplitude offset.

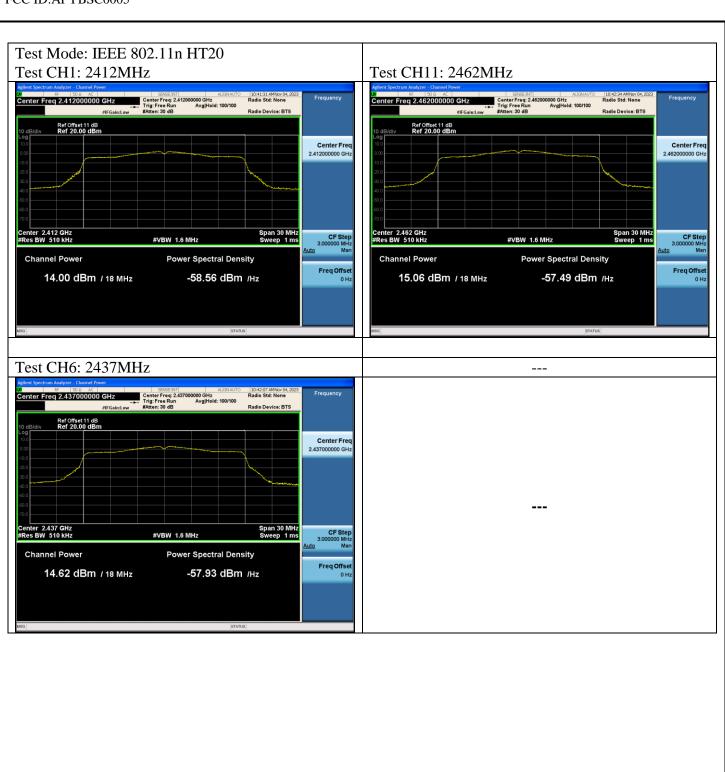


### 8.4.Test Results

EUT: Electronic paper display				
M/N: EP-C251				
Test date: 2023-11-04	Pressure: 103.1±1.0 kpa	Humidity: 51.5±3.0%		
Tested by: Jason	Test site: RF site	Temperature:22.5±0.6 °C		

Test Mode	СН	Power Setting	Duty factor(dB)	Output Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)
	CH1	Default	0	13.61	
11b	СН6	Default	0	14.09	30
	CH11	Default	0	14.51	
11g	CH1	Default	0	13.51	
	CH6	Default	0	14.34	30
	CH11	Default	0	14.52	
11n HT20	CH1	Default	0	14.00	
	СН6	Default	0	14.62	30
	CH11	Default	0	15.06	
Conclusion: PASS					







#### 9. POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

## 9.1.Test Equipments

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
1.	PXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9030A	MY51380221	Apr.01,23	1 Year
2.	RF Cable	HUBER+SUH NER	SUCOFLEX-106	505238/6	Apr.02,23	1 Year

#### 9.2.Limit

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

#### 9.3.Test Procedure

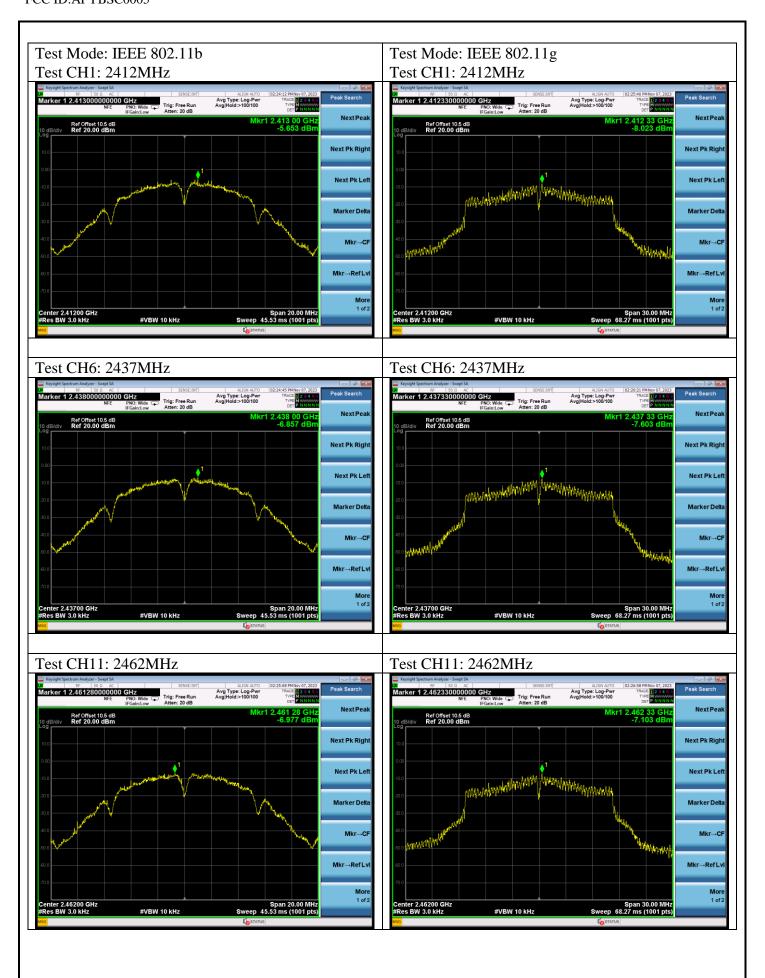
- a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to 1.5 DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \le \text{RBW} \le 100 \text{ kHz}$ .
- d) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3 × RBW].
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

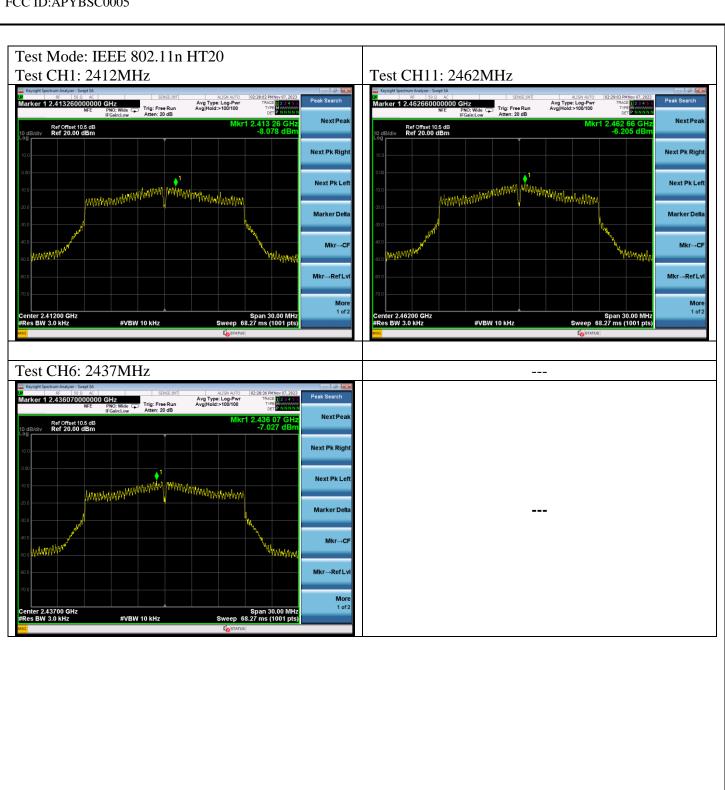


### 9.4.Test Results

EUT: Electronic paper display		
M/N: EP-C251		
Test date: 2023-11-07	Pressure: 102.5±1.0 kpa	Humidity: 53.6±3.0%
Tested by: Jason	Test site: RF site	Temperature: 22.4±0.6 ℃

Test Mode	СН	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3KHz)	Limit (dBm/3KHz)
	CH1	-5.653	
11b	CH6	-6.857	8
	CH11	-6.977	
	CH1	-8.023	
11g	CH6	-7.603	8
	CH11	-7.103	
11	CH1	-8.078	
11n HT20	CH6	-7.027	8
П120	CH11	-6.205	
Conclusion: F	PASS		







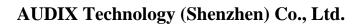
## 10. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

#### 10.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

#### 10.2. Antenna Connected Construction

The antennas used for this product is shrapnel Antenna, that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device, the maximum peak gain of the transmit antenna is DTS Band: 2.69dBi.





11.	DEVIATION TO TEST SPECIFICATIONS
	[NONE]
•••••	THE END