

SAR TEST REPORT

for

Harman International Industries, Inc.

BLUETOOTH HEADSET

Model No.: LIVE PRO+ TWS

Trade Mark: JBL

FCC ID: APILIVEPROTWSP

IC: 6132A-LIVEPROTWSP

The MAX SAR(1g)				
Head SAR	0.7975W/Kg			

Prepared for : Harman International Industries, Inc. 8500 Balboa Boulevard, Northridge, CA 91329, UNITED STATES

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SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant
Product
Trade Mark
FCC ID
IC

Harman International Industries, Inc. BLUETOOTH HEADSET JBL APILIVEPROTWSP

6132A-LIVEPROTWSP

(A) Model No.

(B) Test Voltage

: LIVE PRO+ TWS : DC 3.7V (built-in battery)

Measurement Standard Used:

· FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

•

- · IEEE C95.1-1999
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- · IEC62209-1:2016
- IEC62209-2:2010
- · FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- · RSS-102 ISSUE 5: 2015
- · FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06
- · FCC KDB 865664 D01/D02

The device described above is tested by Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. to determine the maximum emission levels emanating from the device and the severe levels of the device can endure and its performance criterion. The test results are contained in this test report and Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. is assumed full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of test. This report contains data that are not covered by the NVLAP accreditation. Also, this report shows that the EUT is technically compliant with the FCC and RSS-102 requirements.

This report applies to above tested sample only. This report shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government.

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Description of Equipment Under Test

Applicant	Harman International Industries, Inc. 8500 Balboa Boulevard, Northridge, CA 91329, UNITED STATES
Manufacturer	Harman International Industries, Inc. 8500 Balboa Boulevard, Northridge, CA 91329, UNITED STATES
Product	BLUETOOTH HEADSET
Model No.	LIVE PRO+ TWS
Trade Mark	JBL
FCC ID	APILIVEPROTWSP
IC	6132A-LIVEPROTWSP
Sample Type	Prototype production
Date of Receipt	Aug.20, 2020
Date of Test	Aug.20, 2020



1.2. Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature & Specification					
Product	BLUETOOTH HEADSET	BLUETOOTH HEADSET			
Model No.	LIVE PRO+ TWS				
FCC ID	APILIVEPROTWSP				
IC	6132A-LIVEPROTWSP				
Radio	Bluetooth BDR+EDR; BLE				
Power Source	Commercial Power	AC 100 ~ 240V			
	External Power Source	DC 5V			
	Polymer Li-ion battery DC 3.7V				
	UM battery DC V				
Bluetooth					
Frequency Range	2402-2480MHz				
Type of Modulation	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK				
Data Rate	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps				
Quantity of Channels	79/40				
Channel Separation	1MHz/2MHz				

Antenna System

Bluetooth	
Type of Antenna	LDS Antenna
Antenna Peak Gain	Left side: -2.13dBi
	Right side: 0.65dBi



2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2.1. Product Description For EUT [None]

2.2. Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
 IEEE C95.1-1999
 IEEE 1528-2013
 IEC62209-1:2016
 IEC62209-2:2010
- · FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- · RSS-102 ISSUE 5: 2015
- · FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06
- · FCC KDB 865664 D01/D02

2.3. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

2.4. Test Conditions

2.4.1. Ambient Condition

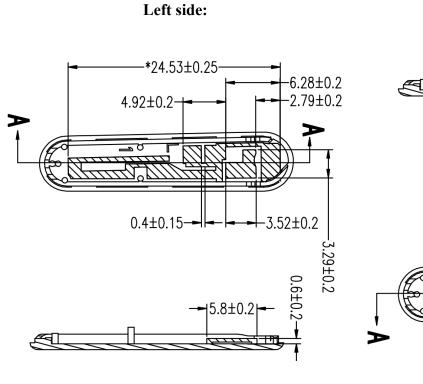
Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 ℃
Humidity	< 60 %

2.4.2. Test Configuration

The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.



2.5. Exposure Positions Consideration



Right side:
5.8±0.25
3.29±0.2
0.4±0.15 -− −− − 3.5±0.2
4.9±0.2 - 2.8±0.2
24.52±0.25

Antenna	Description	
antenna Bluetooth BDR+EDR; BLE		
	Sides for SAR tests	

Test distance: 0 mm(Head)						
Head						
Band	Тор	Front	Cochlea	Bottom	Left	Right
Bluetooth	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark



2.6. Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

According to RSS-102 Table 1, the SAR test exclusion threshold for 2450MHz at 5mm test separation distances is 4mW.

Frequency		nW)				
(MHz)	At separation distance of	At separation At separation distance of distance of		At separation distance of	At separation distance of	
	≤5 mm	10 mm	15 mm	20 mm	25 mm	
≤300	71 mW	101 mW	132 mW	162 mW	193 mW	
450	52 mW	70 mW	88 mW	106 mW	123 mW	
835	17 mW	30 mW	42 mW	55 mW	67 mW	
1900	7 mW	10 mW	18 mW	34 mW	60 mW	
2450	4 mW	7 mW	15 mW	30 mW	52 mW	
3500	2 mW	6 mW	16 mW	32 mW	55 mW	
5800	1 mW	6 mW	15 mW	27 mW	41 mW	

Frequency		mption Limits (n	nits (mW)			
(MHz)	At separation distance of 30 mm	At separation distance of 35 mm	At separation distance of 40 mm	At separation distance of 45 mm	At separation distance of ≥50 mm	
≤300	223 mW	254 mW	284 mW	315 mW	345 mW	
450	141 mW	159 mW	177 mW	195 mW	213 mW	
835	80 mW	92 mW	105 mW	117 mW	130 mW	
1900	99 mW	153 mW	225 mW	316 mW	431 mW	
2450	83 mW	123 mW	173 mW	235 mW	309 mW	
3500	86 mW	124 mW	170 mW	225 mW	290 mW	
5800	56 mW	71 mW	85 mW	97 mW	106 mW	

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [\checkmark f(GHz)] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR, where

- \bullet f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison



According to the KDB447498 appendix A, the SAR test exclusion threshold for 2450MHz at 5mm test separation distances is 10 mW.

Appendix A

SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz – 6 GHz and \leq 50 mm

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm
150	39	77	116	155	194	
300	27	55	82	110	137	
450	22	45	67	89	112	
835	16	33	49	66	82	
900	16	32	47	63	79	
1500	12	24	37	49	61	SAR Test Exclusion
1900	11	22	33	44	54	Threshold (mW)
2450	10	19	29	38	48	
3600	8	16	24	32	40	
5200	7	13	20	26	33	
5400	6	13	19	26	32	
5800	6	12	19	25	31	





2.7. EUT Configuration and operation conditions for test.



(EUT: BLUETOOTH HEADSET)

2.8. Test Equipments

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal Date	Validity Date	Cal. Agency
1.	DASY5 SAR Test System	Speag	TX60 L speag	F09/5B1H1/01	NCR	NCR	N/A
2.	Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	GB443002433	2020.04.11	2021.04.11	CCIC
3.	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00003262	2020.04.11	2021.04.11	CCIC
4.	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	033005	2020.04.11	2021.04.11	CCIC
5.	Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMB100A	181375	2020.04.11	2021.04.11	CCIC
6.	Amplifier	Milmega	ZHL-42W	C620601316	NCR	NCR	N/A
7.	Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D2450V2	862	2020.06.15	2023.06.15	SPEAG
8.	Attenuator	N/A	1527	001	2019.10.13	2020.10.13	CCIC
9.	Date Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	899	2020.03.18	2021.03.18	CCTL
10.	E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3767	2020.04.01	2021.04.01	CCTL
11.	ENA Series Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42403549	2020.04.11	2021.04.11	CCIC
12.	Test Software	Schmid&Partner Englinnering AG	DASY5	52.8.7.1137	NCR	NCR	NCR
13.	Radio Communication Analyzer	ANRITSU	MT8820C	6201091003	2019.10.12	2020.10.12	CCIC
14.	Radio Communication Analyzer	R&S	CMW500	103249	2019.10.12	2020.10.12	CCIC

Note: Dipole antenna calibration interval is 3 year, annual check result to be follow (Refer to KDB 865664, Dipole calibration)



2.9. Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min:20°C,Max.25°C			
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%			
Note: Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.				

2.10. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Uncertainty
Uncertainty for SAR test	1g: 21.14 10g: 20.64
Uncertainty for test site temperature and humidity	0.6°C



Source	Туре	Uncertainly Value (%)	Probability Distribution	к	C1(1g)	C1(10g)	Standard uncertaint y ul(%)1g	Standard uncertaint y ul(%)10g	Degree of freedom Veff or Vi
Measurement system	А	0.5	N	1		1	0.5	0.5	9
repetivity Probe calibration	В	5.9	N	1	1	1	5.9	5.9	∞
Isotropy	B	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Linearity	В	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	В	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Detection limits	В	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Boundary effect	В	1.9	R	√3	1	1	1.1	1.1	∞
Readout electronics	В	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	В	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration time	В	4.32	R	√3	1	1	2.5	2.5	∞
RF ambient conditions – noise	В	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
RF ambient conditions – reflections	В	3	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mech. restrictions	В	0.4	R	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.9	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Post-processing	В	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
			Test sar	nple re	lated				
Device holder uncertainty	А	2.94	N	1	1	1	2.94	2.94	M-1
Test sample positioning	А	4.1	N	1	1	1	4.1	4.1	M-1
Power scaling	В	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Drift of output power (measured SAR drift)	В	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
			Phanton	n and s	et-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	В	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.1	∞
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	В	1.9	N	1	1	0,84	1,9	1,6	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	А	0.55	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.24	0.21	M-1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	А	0.19	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.09	0.06	М
Liquid permittivity – temperature uncertainty	А	5.0	R	√3	0,78	0,71	1.4	1.1	∞
Liquid conductivity – temperature uncertainty	А	5.0	R	√3	0.23	0,26	1.2	0.8	∞
Combined standard uncertainty	u' =	$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{23} c_i^2 u_i^2}$		<u>. </u>	1	I	10.57	10.32	
Expanded uncertainty (95 % conf. interval)	и	<u> </u>	N		K=	2	21.14	20.64	



The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients					Frequen	cy (MHz)		. 23a	1	
(% by weight)	4	50	8	35	9	15	. 19	00	24	50
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCI)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

$$\label{eq:Water: De-ionized, 16 M} \begin{split} & \text{Water: De-ionized, 16 M} \Omega + \text{resistivity} & \text{HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose} \\ & \text{DGBE: 99+\% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]} \end{split}$$

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

Simulating Liquids for 5 GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)		
Water	78		
Mineral oil	11		
Emulsifiers	9		
Additives and Salt	2		



3. MEASURE PROCEDURES

3.1. General description of test procedures

This is a BLUETOOTH HEADSET and it is appropriate for head SAR test, each side of the EUT should be tested. Choose the channel which has the maximum power as the priority test channel, if the test result less than 0.8W/Kg, then other channel can be excluded, otherwise, the channel which has a secondary highest power should be tested instead.

Please apply the following guidance for SAR testing:

- 1. Please use a 0 mm test separation distance on the flat phantom during SAR testing of this device. This separation distance is based on the guidance found in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, Section 5.2.3 3)
- 2. Please utilize a head tissue simulating liquid (TSL) of the appropriate frequency during SAR testing.
- 3. Please use the guidance found in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 to determine which sides of the device need to be tested for SAR.



4. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM

4.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- (1) A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- (2) A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage It issue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- (3) A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- (4) A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- (5) The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- (6) The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.
- (7) DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- (8) Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- (9) The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- (10) The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- (11)Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- (12)System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

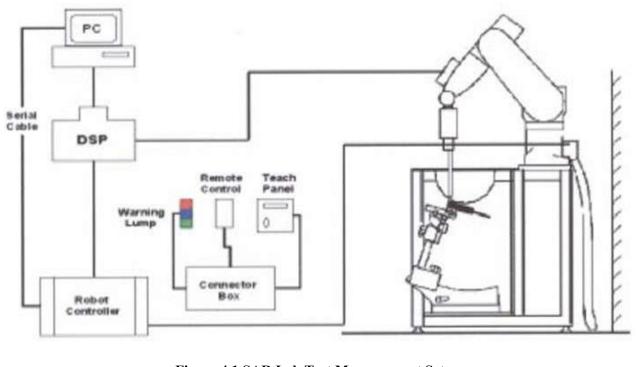


Figure 4.1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up



4.2. ELI Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.



Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.

Figure 6.2 Top View of Twin Phantom A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters.

On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

*Water-sugar based liquid *Glycol based liquids



4.3. Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the Phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. An accurate device position is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurement. The position in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon_r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Figure 4.3 Device Holder



4.4. DASY5 E-field Probe System The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangul -ar configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

4.4.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification



Figure 4.4 EX3DV4 E-field Probe

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to $>$ 6 GHz Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	\pm 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: PRS-T2 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.



4.5. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta \mathbf{T}}{\Delta \mathbf{t}}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds), C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure. Or

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{|\mathbf{E}|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m3).



4.6. Scanning procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the EUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles.

The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the Probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^{\circ}$.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged.

After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained. **Zoom Scan**

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.



Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- · maximum search
- \cdot extrapolation
- \cdot boundary correction
- \cdot peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.



5. DATA STORAGE AND EVALUATION

5.1. Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for thedata evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity		Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2			
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi			
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi			
Device parameters	: - Frequency - Crest factor	f cf			
Media parameters: - Conductivity					

- Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$Vi = Ui + Ui2 \cdot c f / d c pi$$



With $Vi = con$	mpensated signal of channel i $(i = x, y, z)$
<i>Ui</i> = inp	but signal of channel i $(i = x, y, z)$
cf = cres	st factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
<i>dcp</i> i = d	iode compression point (DASY parameter)
From the comp	ensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:
E-field probes:	$Ei = (Vi / Normi \cdot ConvF) 1/2$
H-field probes:	$Hi = (Vi)1/2 \cdot (ai0 + ai1 f + ai2f2)/f$
With Vi	= compensated signal of channel i $(i = x, y, z)$
Normi	= sensor sensitivity of channel i $(i = x, y, z)$
ConvF	= sensitivity enhancement in solution
aij	= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f	= carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei	= electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi	= magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m
The RSS value	of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

Etot = (Ex2 + EY2 + Ez2)1/2

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

 $SAR = (Etot2 \cdot) / (\cdot 1000)$

with

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

Ppwe = Etot2 / 3770 or **Ppwe** = $Htot2 \cdot 37.7$

with *Ppwe* = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m



6. SYSTEM CHECK

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulates, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the ANNEX A.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (± 10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.

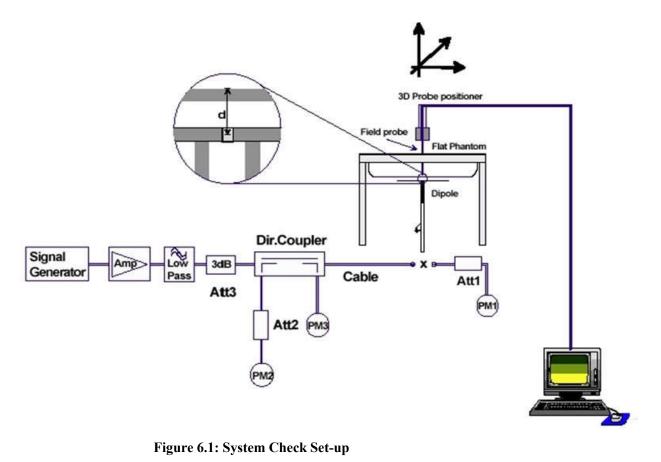






Figure 6.3: photos of system



7. TEST RESULTS

7.1. Output power

Left side:

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle	Maximum Tune-up Power (dBm)
DH5	2402	10.04	0.58	10.50
DH5	2441	11.23		11.50
DH5	2480	9.81		10.00
2DH5	2402	10.03		10.50
2DH5	2441	11.18		11.50
2DH5	2480	9.87		10.00
3DH5	2402	9.98		10.00
3DH5	2441	11.21		11.50
3DH5	2480	9.87		10.00

(BLE)

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle	Maximum Tune-up Power (dBm)
	2402	2.12		2.50
GFSK	2440	40 2.98 0.	0.62	3.00
	2480	2.56		3.00

Note: Use the data rate with the maximum output level for the SAR test.



Right side: (Bluetooth BER+EDR)

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle	Maximum Tune-up Power (dBm)
DH5	2402	11.17		11.50
DH5	2441	11.78		12.00
DH5	2480	10.39		10.50
2DH5	2402	11.21		11.50
2DH5	2441	11.75	0.58	12.00
2DH5	2480	10.37		10.50
3DH5	2402	11.14		11.50
3DH5	2441	11.71		12.00
3DH5	2480	10.35		10.50

(BLE)

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle	Maximum Tune-up Power (dBm)
	2402	2.98		3.00
GFSK	GFSK 2440		0.62	3.50
	2480	3.01		3.50

Note: Use the data rate with the maximum output level for the SAR test.



Image: state in the s	Frequency	Description	SAR((1g±18.8% 10g±18.7%		g liquid Dielectric Parameters (±12.1% window)		
value 42.7924 - 62.606 19.6746 - 28.7254 34.4568 - 43.9432 1.5822 - 2.0178 / Value Measurement value 51.6 22.92 39.15 1.81 22.02 Source: Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used 1.5822 - 2.0178			1g	10g	εr	σ(s/m)	°C
Value 42.7924 - 62.606 19.6746 - 28.7254 34.4568 - 43.9432 1.5822 - 2.0178 Value 51.6 22.92 39.15 1.81 22.01 Note: Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used		Recommended					,
value 2020-08-2051.622.9239.151.8122.02Note: Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used			42.7924 - 62.606	19.6746 - 28.7254	34.4568 - 43.9432	1.5822 - 2.0178	/
Note: Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used	2450MHz	value	51.6	22.92	39.15	1.81	22.03



7.3. Test Results

		Dielectric Parameters (±12.1% window)					
Frequency			er	σ(s	s/m)		
		Measurement	Recommended	Measurement	Recommended		
		value	value value		value		
	2402MHz 2441MHz	38.913		1.828			
		-0.73%		1.56%			
2450MHz		38.734	39.20	1.878	1.80		
2450101112		-1.19%	39.20	4.33%	1.00		
	2480MHz	38.579		1.917			
	240UMHZ	-1.58%		6.50%			



Figure 4.4: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom



		•								
		Output Power		Measured Results		Scaled-1		Scaled-Final		Power
Freq.	Test Position	Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm)	Measured AV Power (dBm)	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR10g (W/kg)	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR10g (W/kg)	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR10g (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
2402	Front	10.50	10.04	0.257	0.078	0.2857	0.0867	0.4926	0.1495	0.19
	Тор			0.021	0.00974	0.0223	0.0104	0.0385	0.0179	0.16
	Right			0.046	0.018	0.0490	0.0192	0.0844	0.0330	0.16
2441	Left	11.50	11.23	0.028	0.011	0.0298	0.0117	0.0514	0.0202	0.16
2441	Front			0.269	0.082	0.2863	0.0873	0.4935	0.1504	0.12
	Cochlea			0.046	0.016	0.0490	0.0170	0.0844	0.0294	0.15
	Bottom			0.037	0.014	0.0394	0.0149	0.0679	0.0257	-0.01
2480	Front	10.00	9.81	0.279	0.085	0.2915	0.0888	0.5025	0.1531	0.16
Conclusion: PASS										
Note :										
		Factor					ver(W)			
							\ \			
·	2402	2402 Front 2402 Front Top Right Left Front Cochlea Bottom	Freq. Test Position Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm) 2402 Front 10.50 Top Right Left Left 11.50 Front 2480 Front 10.00 Factor	Freq. Test Position Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm) Measured AV Power (dBm) 2402 Front 10.50 10.04 2402 Front 10.50 10.04 Right Image: Constant of the second sec	Freq.Test PositionMax. Scaled AV Power (dBm)Measured AV Power (dBm)SAR1g (W/kg)2402Front10.5010.040.2572402Front10.5010.040.257Right LeftLeft11.5011.23Front0.028Cochlea0.046Bottom0.0372480Front10.009.81ConclusionFactor= Max. Scaled AV Pov Scaled SAR-1= Me Scaled Final= Scaled S	Freq. Test Position Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm) Measured AV Power (dBm) SAR1g (W/kg) SAR10g (W/kg) 2402 Front 10.50 10.04 0.257 0.078 2402 Front 10.50 10.04 0.257 0.078 2402 Front 0.021 0.00974 0.00974 Right 11.50 11.23 0.028 0.011 2441 Left 11.50 11.23 0.028 0.011 2441 Eft 11.50 11.23 0.0269 0.082 Cochlea 0.037 0.014 0.037 0.014 2480 Front 10.00 9.81 0.279 0.085 Scaled SAR-1= Measured SAR Scaled SAR-1= Measured SAR	Freq. Test Position Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm) Measured AV Power (dBm) SAR1g (W/kg) SAR10g (W/kg) SAR11g (W/kg) 2402 Front 10.50 10.04 0.257 0.078 0.2857 2402 Front 10.50 10.04 0.257 0.078 0.2857 2402 Front 0.021 0.00974 0.0223 Right 11.50 11.23 0.046 0.018 0.0490 2441 Left 11.50 11.23 0.0269 0.082 0.2863 Cochlea 0.046 0.016 0.0490 0.037 0.014 0.0394 2480 Front 10.00 9.81 0.279 0.085 0.2915 Sconclusion: PASS Sconclusion: PASS Scaled SAR-1= Measured SAR*Factor Scaled SAR-1= Measured SAR*Factor	Freq. Test Position Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm) Measured AV Power (dBm) SAR1g (W/kg) SAR10g (W/kg) SAR10g (W/kg) SAR10g (W/kg) 2402 Front 10.50 10.04 0.257 0.078 0.2857 0.0867 2402 Front 10.50 10.04 0.257 0.078 0.2857 0.0867 2401 Top 0.021 0.00974 0.0223 0.0104 2441 Left 0.028 0.011 0.0298 0.0117 2441 Left 0.0269 0.0822 0.2863 0.0873 Cochlea 0.046 0.016 0.0490 0.0170 Bottom 0.279 0.085 0.2915 0.0888 2480 Front 0.279 0.085 0.2915 0.0888 Stactor= Max. Scaled AV Power(W)/Measured Power(W) <td>Treq. Test Position Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm) Measured AV Power (dBm) SAR1g (W/kg) SAR10g (W/kg) <th< td=""><td>Treq. Test Position Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm) Measured AV Power (dBm) SAR1g (W/kg) SAR1g (W/g) SAR1g (W/g)</td></th<></td>	Treq. Test Position Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm) Measured AV Power (dBm) SAR1g (W/kg) SAR10g (W/kg) SAR10g (W/kg) <th< td=""><td>Treq. Test Position Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm) Measured AV Power (dBm) SAR1g (W/kg) SAR1g (W/g) SAR1g (W/g)</td></th<>	Treq. Test Position Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm) Measured AV Power (dBm) SAR1g (W/kg) SAR1g (W/g) SAR1g (W/g)

		Right sid	le:		-						
		_	Output	Power	Measure	d Results	Scal	ed-1	Scale	l-Final	Power
Band	Freq.	Test Position	Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm)	Measured AV Power (dBm)	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR10g (W/kg)	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR10g (W/kg)	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR10g (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
	2402	Front	11.50	11.17	0.417	0.122	0.4499	0.1316	0.7757	0.2270	0.05
		Тор			0.031	0.015	0.0326	0.0158	0.0562	0.0272	0.17
		Right			0.100	0.041	0.1052	0.0431	0.1814	0.0744	0.11
BDR	2441	Left	12.00	11 79	0.186	0.070	0.1957	0.0736	0.3374	0.1270	0.10
+EDR (DH5)	2441	Front	12.00	11.78	0.430	0.126	0.4523	0.1325	0.7799	0.2285	0.19
		Cochlea			0.025	0.014	0.0263	0.0147	0.0453	0.0254	-0.13
		Bottom			0.030	0.014	0.0316	0.0147	0.0544	0.0254	0.17
	2480	Front	10.50	10.39	0.451	0.132	0.4626	0.1354	0.7975	0.2334	0.05
					Conclusi	on: PASS					
			5	= Max. Scal Scaled SA Scaled-Final Max. Repo	AR-1= Me l= Scaled S	wer(W)/Me asured SAF SAR-1*(1/I	R*Factor Duty Cycle)			



ANNEX A: SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS

Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 20/08/2020

CW 2450 DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:862 Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz, $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.15$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3767; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 01/04/2020;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 18/03/2020
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CW 2450MHz/Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

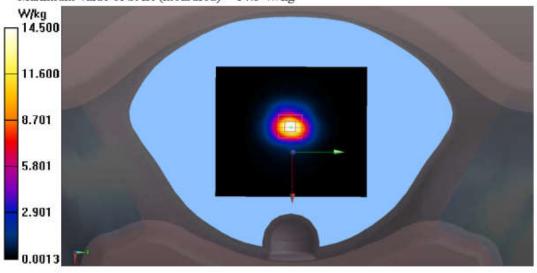
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.7 W/kg

Configuration/CW 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.10 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.73 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg

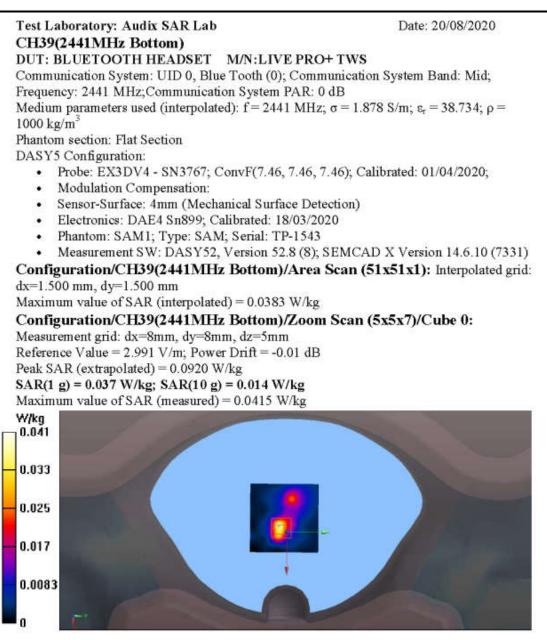




ANNEX B: TEST PLOTS

Left side: (BDR+EDR) Date: 20/08/2020 Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab CH0(2402MHz Front) DUT: BLUETOOTH HEADSET M/N:LIVE PRO+ TWS Communication System: UID 0, Blue Tooth (0); Communication System Band: Mid; Frequency: 2402 MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; $\sigma = 1.828$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.913$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 01/04/2020; Modulation Compensation: Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) . Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 18/03/2020 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543 • Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331) Configuration/CH0(2402MHz Front)/Area Scan (51x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.275 W/kg Configuration/CH0(2402MHz Front)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.109 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.881 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.257 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.303 W/kg W/kg 0.303 0.242 0.182 0.121 0.061

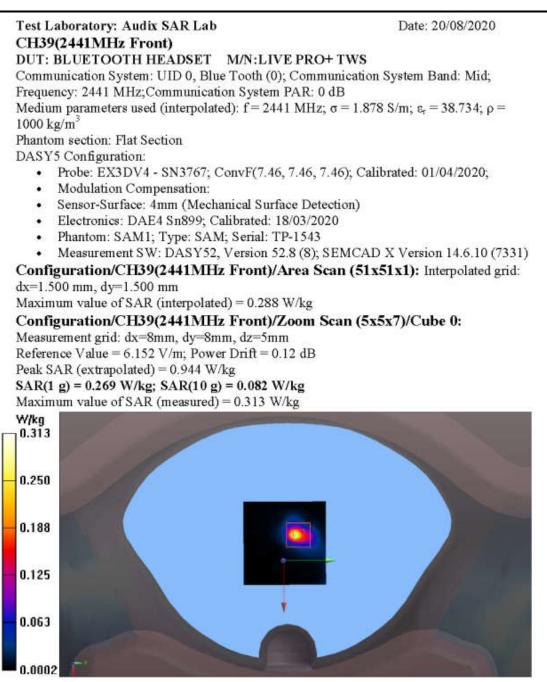




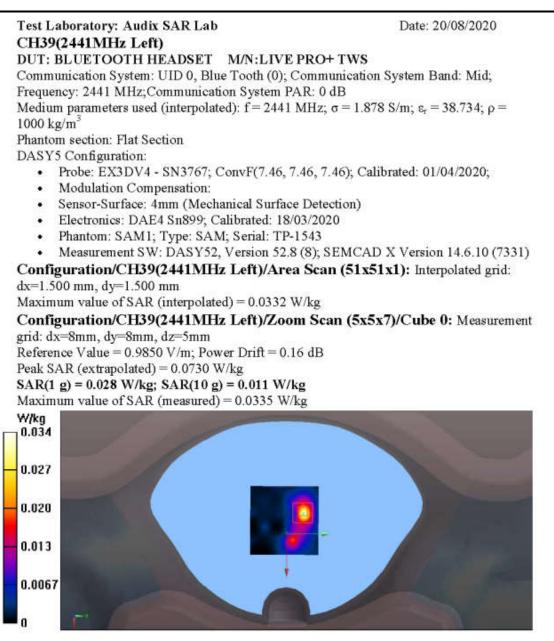


Date: 20/08/2020 Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab CH39(2441MHz Cochlea Side) DUT: BLUETOOTH HEADSET M/N:LIVE PRO+ TWS Communication System: UID 0, Blue Tooth (0); Communication System Band: Mid; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2441 MHz; $\sigma = 1.878$ S/m; $e_r = 38.734$; $\rho =$ 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 01/04/2020; Modulation Compensation: . Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) . Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 18/03/2020 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331) Configuration/CH39(2441MHz Cochlea Side)/Area Scan (51x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0305 W/kg Configuration/CH39(2441MHz Cochlea Side)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.790 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.153 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.046 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0463 W/kg W/kg 0.046 0.037 0.028 0.019 0.0093 6.12e-

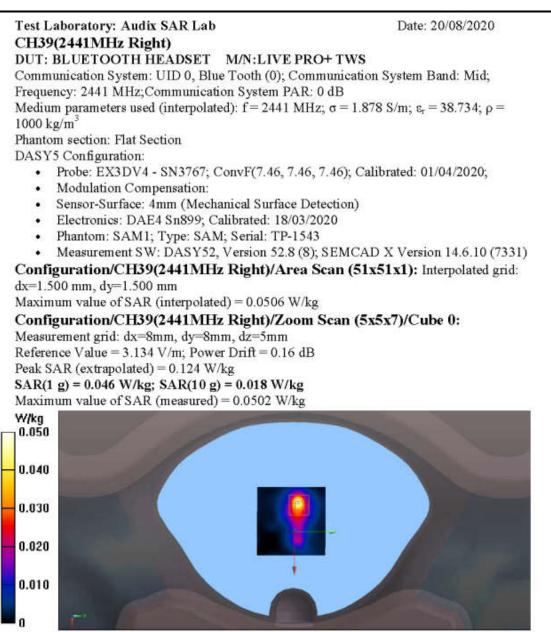




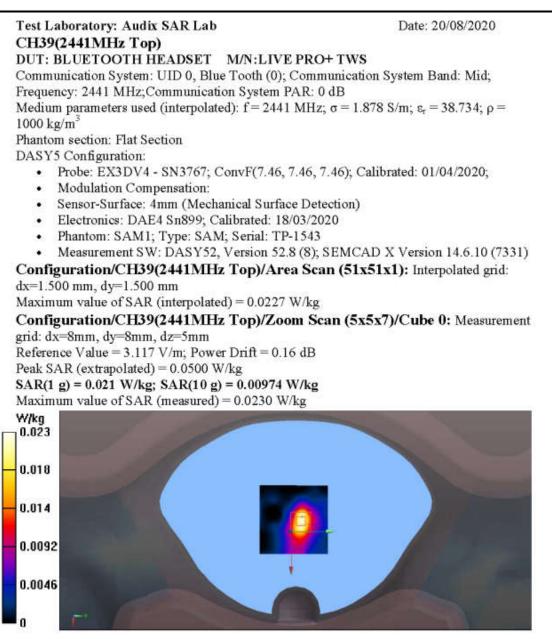




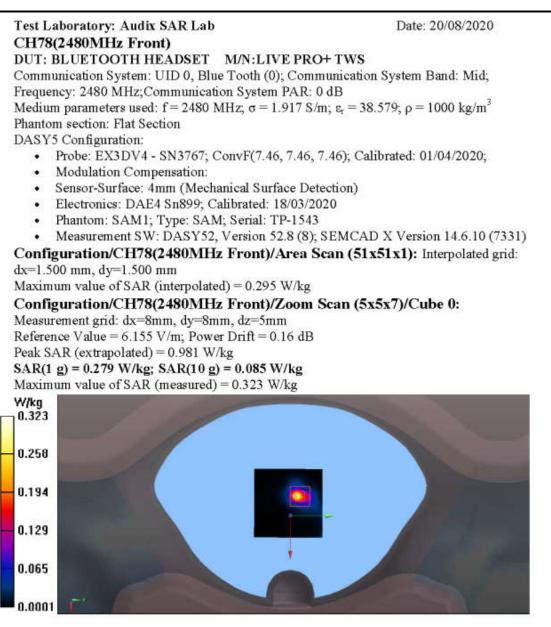




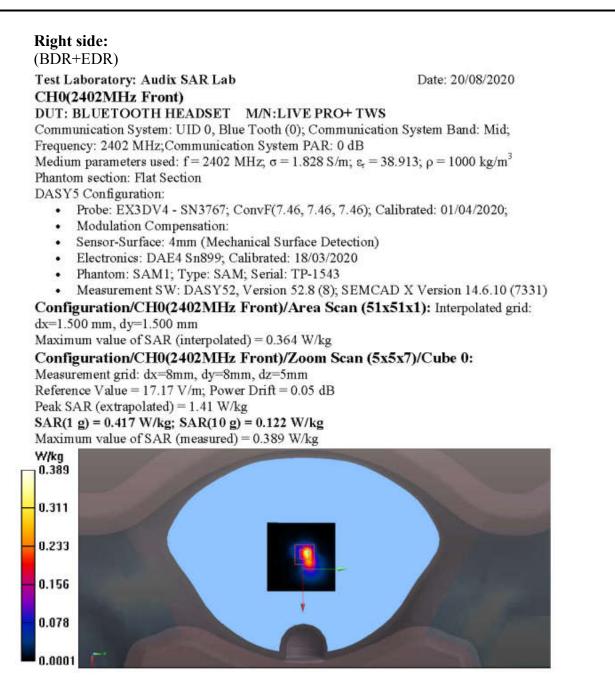




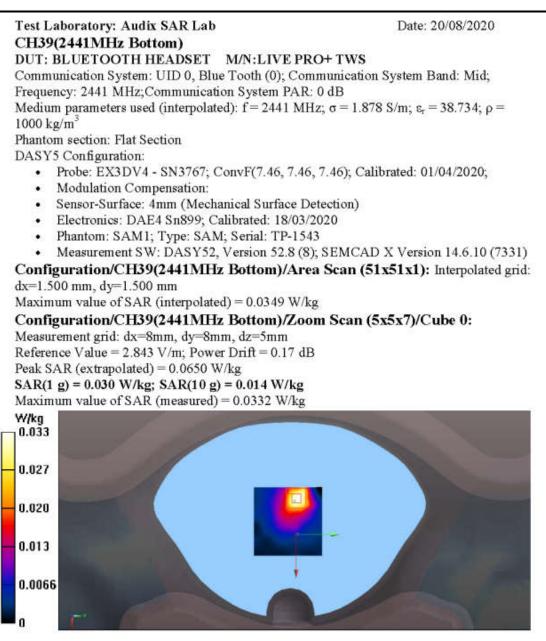








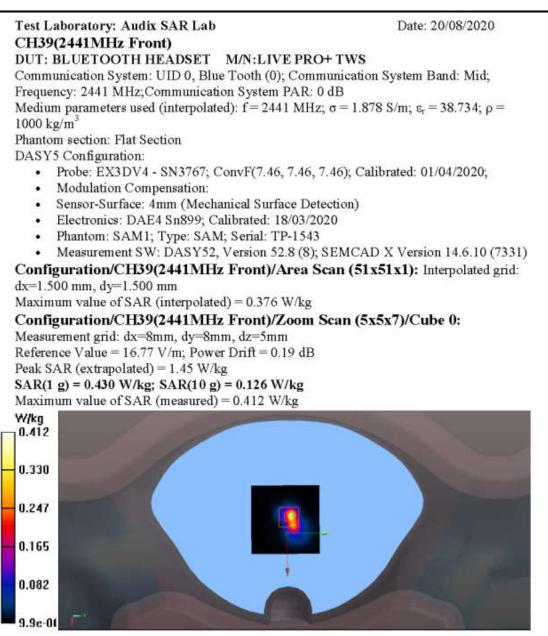




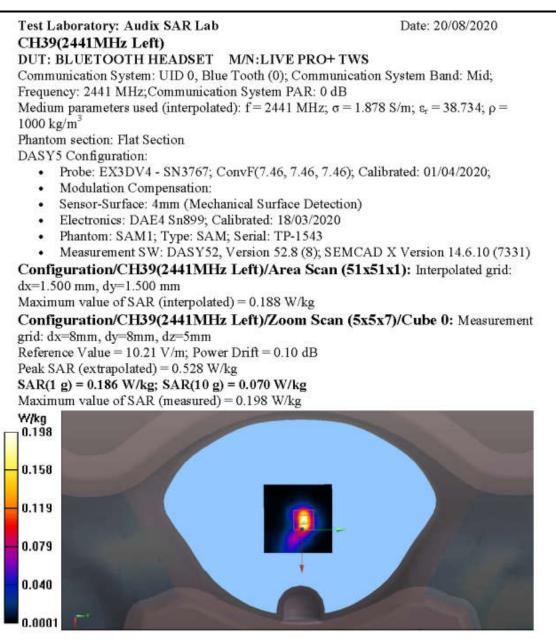


Date: 20/08/2020 Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab CH39(2441MHz Cochlea Side) DUT: BLUETOOTH HEADSET M/N:LIVE PRO+ TWS Communication System: UID 0, Blue Tooth (0); Communication System Band: Mid; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2441 MHz; $\sigma = 1.878$ S/m; $e_r = 38.734$; $\rho =$ 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 01/04/2020; Modulation Compensation: Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) . Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 18/03/2020 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331) Configuration/CH39(2441MHz Cochlea Side)/Area Scan (51x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0296 W/kg Configuration/CH39(2441MHz Cochlea Side)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.547 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0640 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.025 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0263 W/kg W/kg 0.026 0.021 0.016 0.011 0.0052

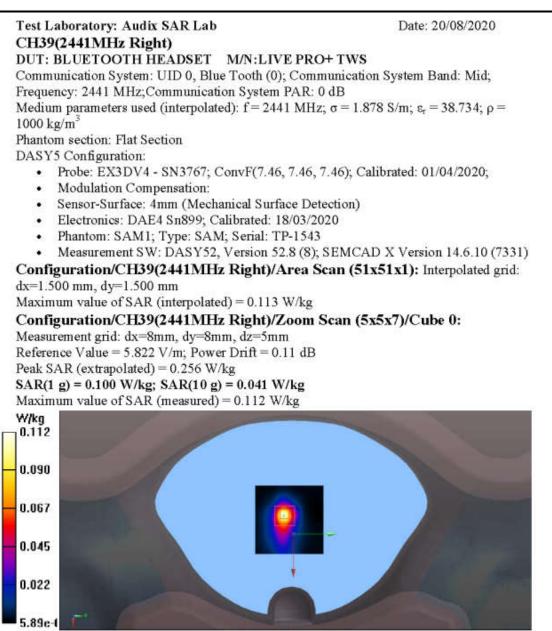




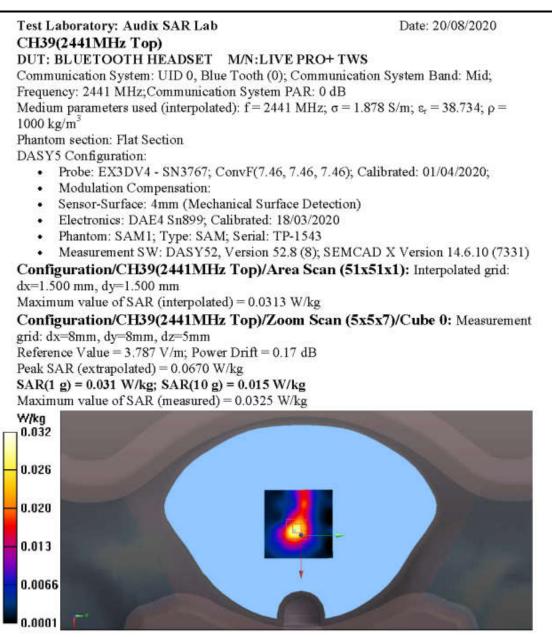




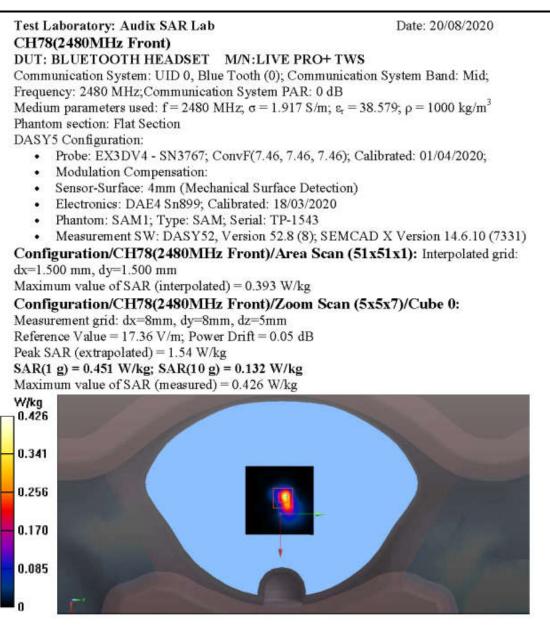














ANNEX C: DASY CABLIBRATION CERTIFICATE

	CALIBRAT		NAS国际互认
Add: No.51 Xueyua Tel: +86-10-623046 E-mail: cttl@chinatt	33-2079 Fax: +	trict, Beijing, 100191, China 86-10-62304633-2504 www.chinattl.cn	CALIBRATION CNAS L0570
Client Audi	x	Certificate No: Z2	20-60216
CALIBRATION CE	ERTIFICAT	E	111111
Object	D2450	/2 - SN: 862	
Calibration Procedure(s)			
		-003-01 tion Procedures for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:			
calibration date.	June 1	5, 2020	
bages and are part of the ce	ertificate.		temperature/22+2\%2 and
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Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2	(M&TE critical for ID # 106277 104291	the closed laboratory facility: environment or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-20
All calibrations have been numidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP8S	(M&TE critical for ID # 106277 104291	the closed laboratory facility: environment or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825) 04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-20 Sep-20
All calibrations have been numidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP8S Reference Probe EX3DV4	ID # 106277 104291 SN 7514	the closed laboratory facility: environment or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825) 04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825) 27-Sep-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60306)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-20 Sep-20 Sep-20
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP8S Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C	ertificate. conducted in (M&TE critical for ID # 106277 104291 SN 7514 SN 1555	the closed laboratory facility: environment or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825) 04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825) 27-Sep-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60306) 22-Aug-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-20 Sep-20 Sep-20 Aug-20 Scheduled Calibration Feb-21
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP8S Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ertificate. conducted in (M&TE critical for ID # 106277 104291 SN 7514 SN 1555 ID #	the closed laboratory facility: environment or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825) 04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825) 27-Sep-19 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60306) 22-Aug-19 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-20 Sep-20 Sep-20 Aug-20 Scheduled Calibration
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP8S Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C	ertificate. conducted in (M&TE critical for 10 # 106277 104291 SN 7514 SN 1555 ID # ID # MY49071430	the closed laboratory facility: environment or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825) 04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825) 27-Sep-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60306) 22-Aug-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-20 Sep-20 Sep-20 Aug-20 Scheduled Calibration Feb-21
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP8S Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	ertificate. conducted in (M&TE critical for ID # 106277 104291 SN 7514 SN 7514 SN 1555 ID # MY49071430 MY46107873	the closed laboratory facility: environment or calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825) 04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825) 27-Sep-19 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60306) 22-Aug-19 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516) 10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-20 Sep-20 Aug-20 Scheduled Calibration Feb-21 Feb-21
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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z20-60216

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In Collaboration with
SDEAG

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.7 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.05 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.2 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)	

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.3 ± 6 %	1.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.8 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.3 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.94 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.8 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z20-60216

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		In Co	llabora	tion wit	h				
	"I'L	S	p	e	a	g			
		CALI	BRATIC	ON LAP	ORATO	DRY			
Tel: +86-10-	Xueyuan Road, H 62304633-2079 @chinattl.com	Fax	: +86-1	Beijing, 0-62304 v.chinatt	633-250				
Appendix (Ac	dditional as	sessi	ment	s out	side t	he sco	ope o	CNAS	L0570)
Antenna Para	meters with	n Hea	d TS	L					

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.8Ω+ 2.09 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.0dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.3Ω+ 3.17 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.4dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.021 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

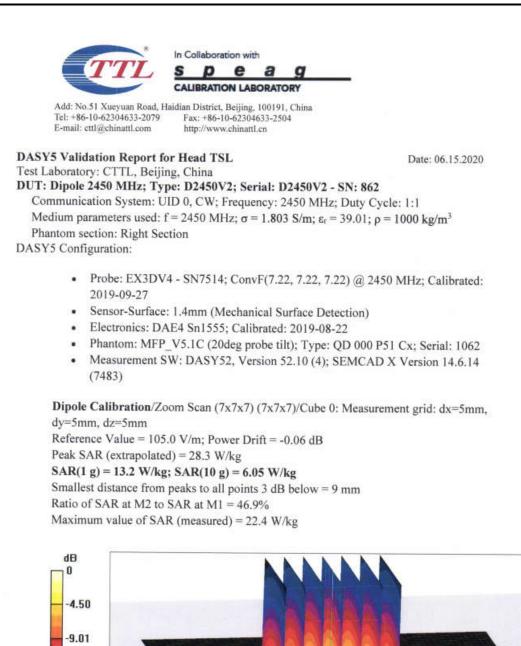
Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z20-60216

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-22.52 0 dB = 22.4 W/kg = 13.50 dBW/kg

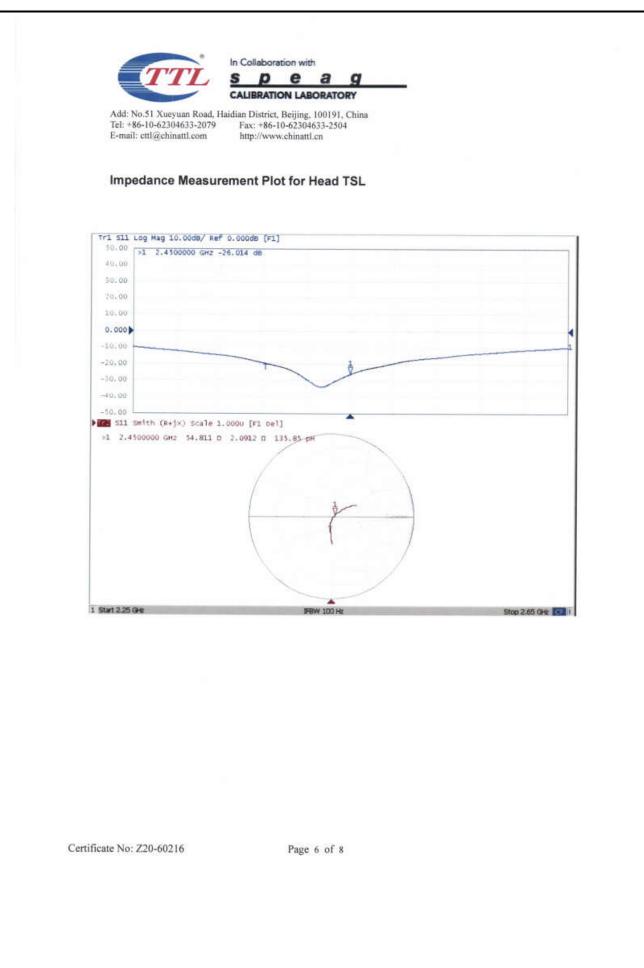
Certificate No: Z20-60216

-13.51

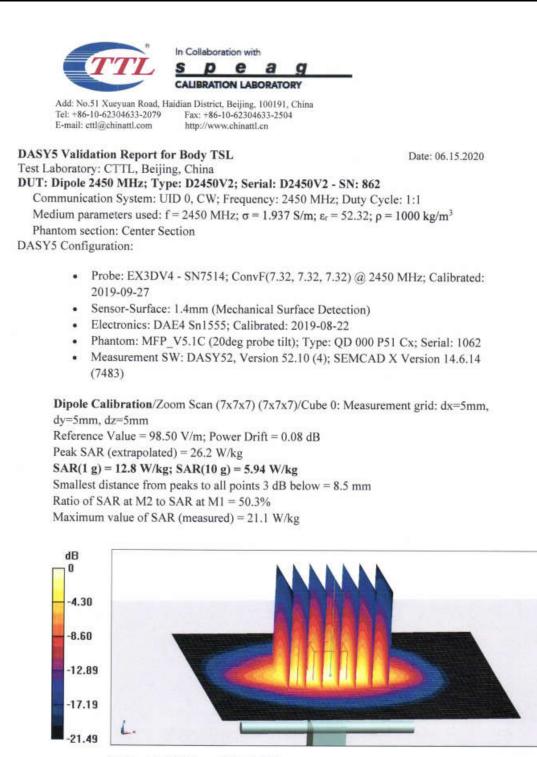
-18.02

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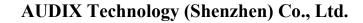




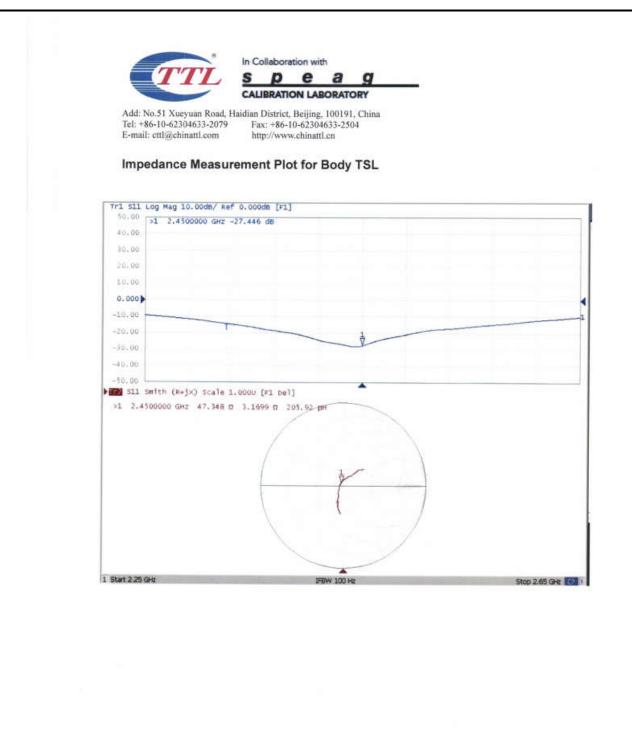
0 dB = 21.1 W/kg = 13.24 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z20-60216

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Certificate No: Z20-60216

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AUDIX Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Client : Aud	lix	And the Party of Concerning Street	ate No: Z20-60111
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICAT	E	all the states
Object	DAE4 -	SN: 899	No. of Concession, Name
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-Z11- Calibrati (DAEx)	002-01 ion Procedure for the Data Ad	cquisition Electronics
Calibration date:	March 1	8, 2020	
pages and are part of the	certificate.		probability are given on the following
Calibration Equipment us	ed (M&TE critical fo	r calibration)	
Primary Standards	ID # Cal	Date(Calibrated by, Certificate N	o.) Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018 2	24-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05126) Jun-20
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	Anto
Paulound hu	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	二 林光
neviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
ELTO PLAT	the second se	Contraction of the second s	Issued: March 20, 2020
Reviewed by: Approved by:			133000. Walch 20, 2020
Approved by:	shall not be reprodu	uced except in full without written	approval of the laboratory.





Glossary: DAE Connector angle

data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: Z20-60111

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DC Voltage Measurement

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1µV,	full range =	-100+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV .	full range =	-1+3mV

Calibration Factors	x	Y	z
High Range	402.285 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.043 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.034 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97978 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97684 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98312 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system

350°±1°

Certificate No: Z20-60111

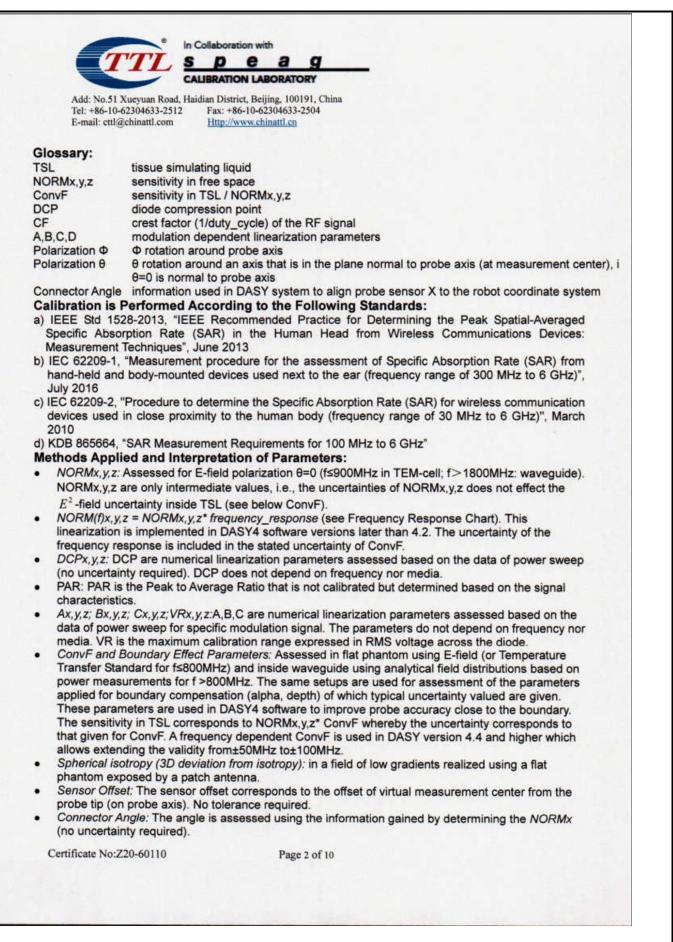
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AUDIX Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

CALIBRATION C		Certificate No:	
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICAT		and the second
Object	EX3DV4 - S	N : 3767	
Calibration Procedure(s)			
••	FF-Z11-004	-01 Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes	
	Calibration	Flocedules for Dosimetric E-field Probes	
Calibration date:	April 01, 202	20	
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use	d (M&TE critical for ca		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)	
-		And the second second second second	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20 Jun-20
	101548 tor 18N50W-10dB	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenua	101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525)	Jun-20 Jun-20 Feb-22 Feb-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenua Reference 20dBAttenua	101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526)	Jun-20 Jun-20 Feb-22 Feb-22 19/2) May-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenua Reference 20dBAttenua Reference Probe EX3D	101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB V4 SN 7307	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 24-May-19(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May	Jun-20 Jun-20 Feb-22 Feb-22 19/2) May-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenua Reference 20dBAttenua Reference Probe EX3D DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG370	tor 101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB V4 SN 7307 SN 1525 ID # 00A 6201052605	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 24-May-19(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May 26-Aug-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1525_Aug	Jun-20 Jun-20 Feb-22 Feb-22 19/2) May-20 g19) Aug-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenua Reference 20dBAttenua Reference Probe EX3D DAE4 Secondary Standards	101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB V4 SN 7307 SN 1525 ID # 00A 6201052605 IC MY46110673	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 24-May-19(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May 26-Aug-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1525_Aug Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05127) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Jun-20 Jun-20 Feb-22 Feb-22 19/2) May-20 g19) Aug-20 Scheduled Calibration Jun-20 Feb-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenua Reference 20dBAttenua Reference Probe EX3D DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG370 Network Analyzer E507	tor 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB V4 SN 7307 SN 1525 ID # 00A 6201052605 IC MY46110673 Name	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 24-May-19(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May 26-Aug-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1525_Aug Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05127) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00515) Function	Jun-20 Jun-20 Feb-22 Feb-22 19/2) May-20 g19) Aug-20 Scheduled Calibration Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenua Reference 20dBAttenua Reference Probe EX3D DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG370 Network Analyzer E507	101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB V4 SN 7307 SN 1525 ID # 00A 6201052605 IC MY46110673	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 24-May-19(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May 26-Aug-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1525_Aug Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05127) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Jun-20 Jun-20 Feb-22 Feb-22 19/2) May-20 g19) Aug-20 Scheduled Calibration Jun-20 Feb-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenua Reference 20dBAttenua Reference Probe EX3D DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG370	tor 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB V4 SN 7307 SN 1525 ID # 00A 6201052605 IC MY46110673 Name	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 24-May-19(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May 26-Aug-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1525_Aug Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05127) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00515) Function	Jun-20 Jun-20 Feb-22 Feb-22 19/2) May-20 g19) Aug-20 Scheduled Calibration Jun-20 Feb-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenua Reference 20dBAttenua Reference Probe EX3D DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG370 Network Analyzer E507 Calibrated by:	tor 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB V4 SN 7307 SN 1525 ID # 00A 6201052605 IC MY46110673 Name Yu Zongying	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 24-May-19(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May 26-Aug-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1525_Aug Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05127) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00515) Function SAR Test Engineer	Jun-20 Jun-20 Feb-22 Feb-22 19/2) May-20 g19) Aug-20 Scheduled Calibration Jun-20 Feb-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenua Reference 20dBAttenua Reference Probe EX3D DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG370 Network Analyzer E507 Calibrated by: Reviewed by: Approved by:	tor 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7307 SN 1525 ID # 00A 6201052605 IC MY46110673 Name Yu Zongying Lin Hao Qi Dianyuan	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 24-May-19(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May 26-Aug-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1525_Aug Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05127) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00515) Function SAR Test Engineer SAR Test Engineer	Jun-20 Jun-20 Feb-22 Feb-22 19/2) May-20 g19) Aug-20 Scheduled Calibration Jun-20 Feb-21 Signature
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenua Reference 20dBAttenua Reference Probe EX3D DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG370 Network Analyzer E507 Calibrated by: Reviewed by: Approved by:	tor 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7307 SN 1525 ID # 00A 6201052605 IC MY46110673 Name Yu Zongying Lin Hao Qi Dianyuan	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 24-May-19(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May 26-Aug-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1525_Aug Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05127) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00515) Function SAR Test Engineer SAR Test Engineer SAR Project Leader Issued: April 0	Jun-20 Jun-20 Feb-22 Feb-22 19/2) May-20 g19) Aug-20 Scheduled Calibration Jun-20 Feb-21 Signature









DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:3767

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.55	0.57	0.48	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ⁸	101.3	100.7	103.7	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	173.8	±2.3%
	Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		175.2		
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		160.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4 and Page 5). ^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Certificate No:Z20-60110

Page 3 of 10



In Collaboration with S D E A G CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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 Http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe : EX3DV4 – SN:3767

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.81	9.81	9.81	0.40	0.80	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	9.53	9.53	9.53	0.14	1.49	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	9.55	9.55	9.55	0.16	1.30	±12.1%
1640	40.3	1.29	8.41	8.41	8.41	0.20	1.04	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.26	8.26	8.26	0.20	1.14	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.02	8.02	8.02	0.25	1.05	±12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.19	1.19	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.79	7.79	7.79	0.47	0.77	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.46	7.46	7.46	0.53	0.74	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.31	7.31	7.31	0.64	0.68	±12.1%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.40	7.40	7.40	0.66	0.68	±13.3%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.98	6.98	6.98	0.52	0.80	±13.3%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.60	6.60	6.60	0.47	0.88	±13.3%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.50	6.50	6.50	0.40	1.15	±13.3%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.43	6.43	6.43	0.40	1.20	±13.3%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.32	6.32	6.32	0.35	1.33	±13.3%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.15	6.15	6.15	0.45	1.40	±13.3%
4800	36.4	4.25	5.98	5.98	5.98	0.40	1.65	±13.3%
4950	36.3	4.40	5.80	5.80	5.80	0.40	1.60	±13.3%
5200	36.0	4.66	5.55	5.55	5.55	0.40	1.45	±13.3%
5300	35.9	4.76	5.14	5.14	5.14	0.40	1.70	±13.3%
5500	35.6	4.96	4.82	4.82	4.82	0.45	1.65	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.45	1.55	±13.3%
5800	35.3	5.27	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.50	1.40	±13.3%

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe : EX3DV4 – SN:3767

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.91	9.91	9.91	0.40	0.80	±12.1%
835	55.2	0.97	9.60	9.60	9.60	0.15	1.51	±12.1%
900	55.0	1.05	9.53	9.53	9.53	0.22	1.16	±12.1%
1640	53.8	1.40	8.15	8.15	8.15	0.23	1.18	±12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	7.87	7.87	7.87	0.18	1.25	±12.1%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.17	1.33	±12.1%
2000	53.3	1.52	7.70	7.70	7.70	0.20	1.38	±12.1%
2300	52.9	1.81	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.51	0.83	±12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.59	7.59	7.59	0.57	0.78	±12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.37	7.37	7.37	0.68	0.69	±12.1%
3300	51.6	3.08	6.82	6.82	6.82	0.43	1.00	±13.3%
3500	52.3	3.31	6.35	6.35	6.35	0.40	1.25	±13.3%
3700	52.1	3.55	6.19	6.19	6.19	0.40	1.25	±13.3%
3900	50.8	3.78	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.40	1.40	±13.3%
4100	50.5	4.01	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.35	1.40	±13.3%
4400	50.1	4.37	5.97	5.97	5.97	0.35	1.70	±13.3%
4600	49.8	4.60	5.63	5.63	5.63	0.40	1.55	±13.3%
4800	49.6	4.83	5.48	5.48	5.48	0.40	1.65	±13.3%
4950	49.4	5.01	5.24	5.24	5.24	0.45	1.65	±13.3%
5200	49.0	5.30	5.07	5.07	5.07	0.45	1.50	±13.3%
5300	48.9	5.42	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.45	1.50	±13.3%
5500	48.6	5.65	4.36	4.36	4.36	0.45	1.60	±13.3%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.32	4.32	4.32	0.50	1.50	±13.3%
5800	48.2	6.00	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.50	1.44	±13.3%

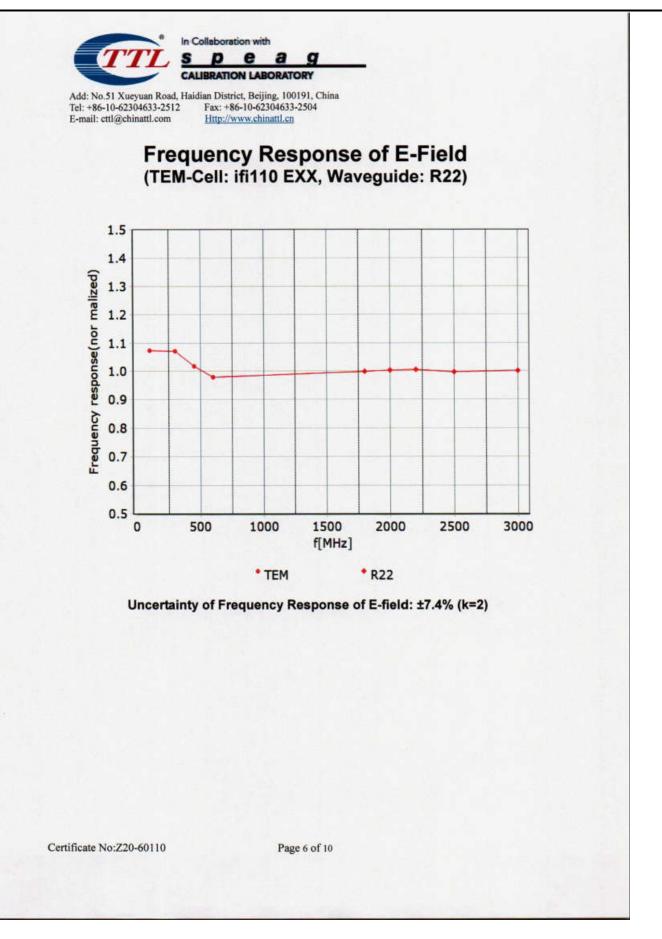
^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

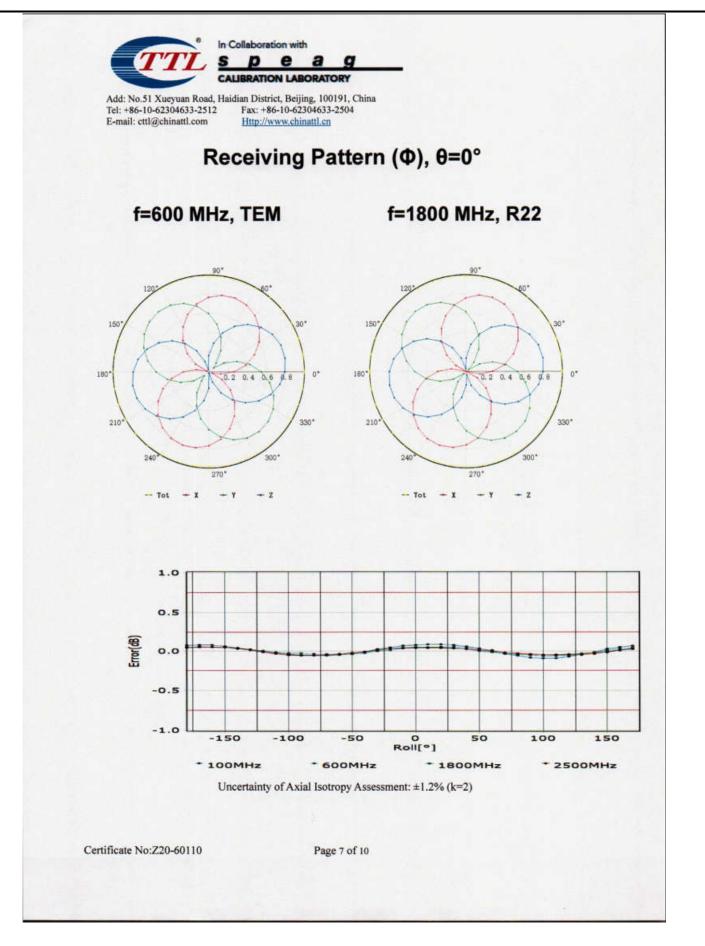
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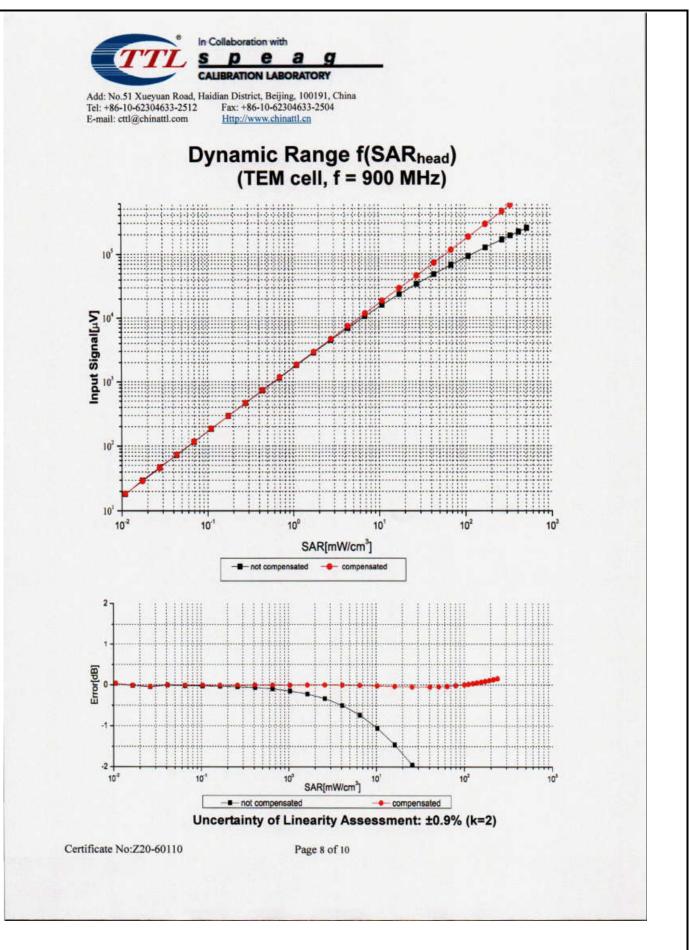


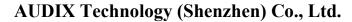




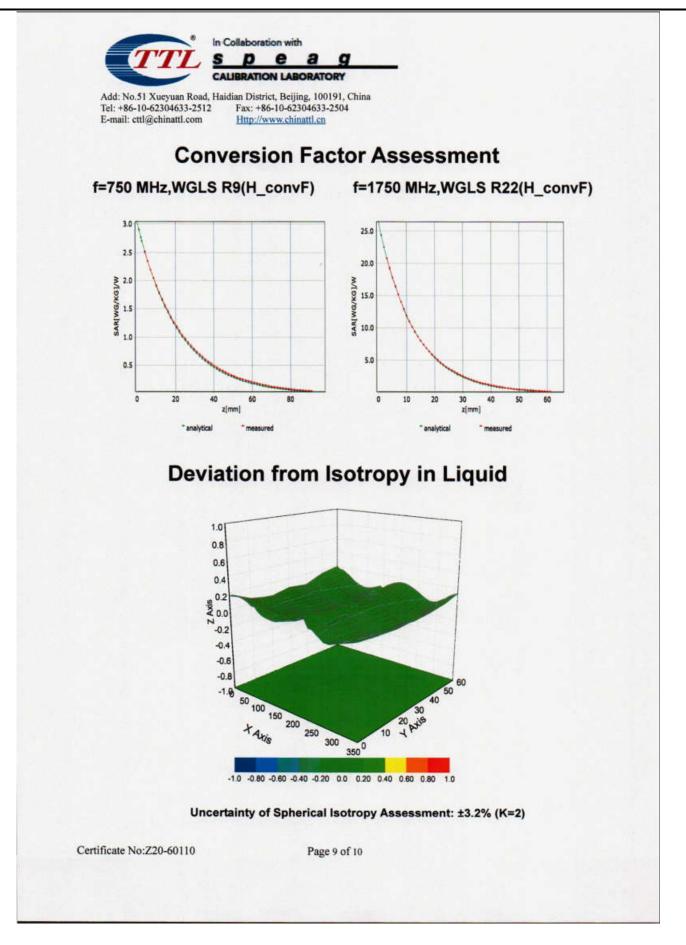








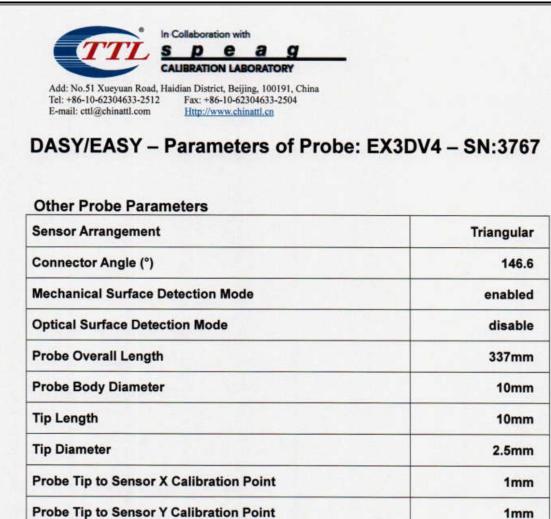




1mm

1.4mm





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Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point

Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface

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