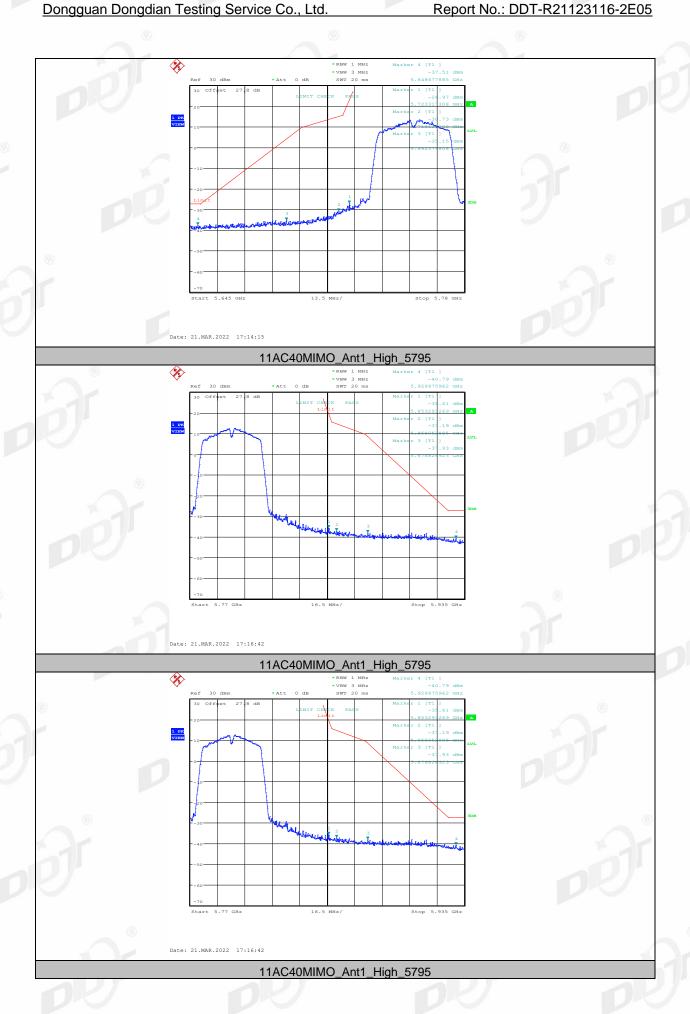
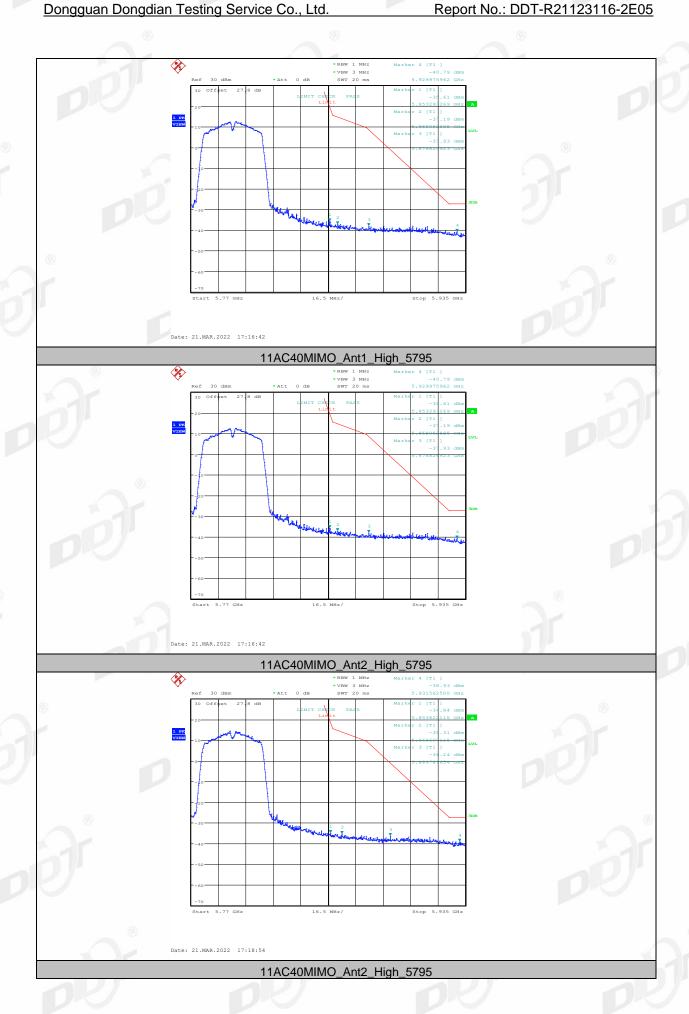
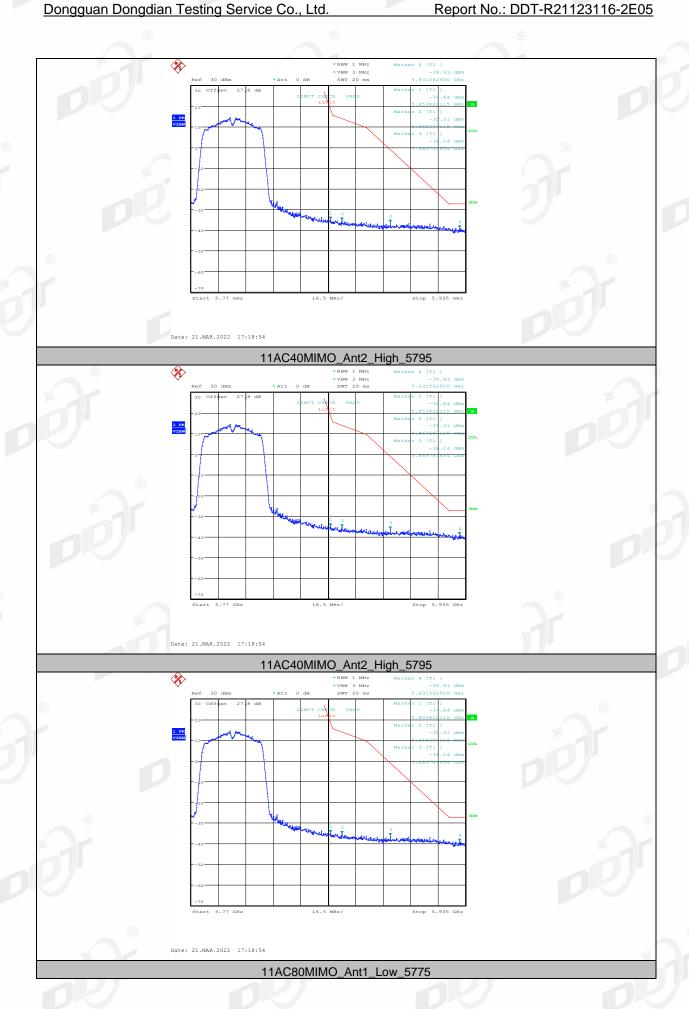


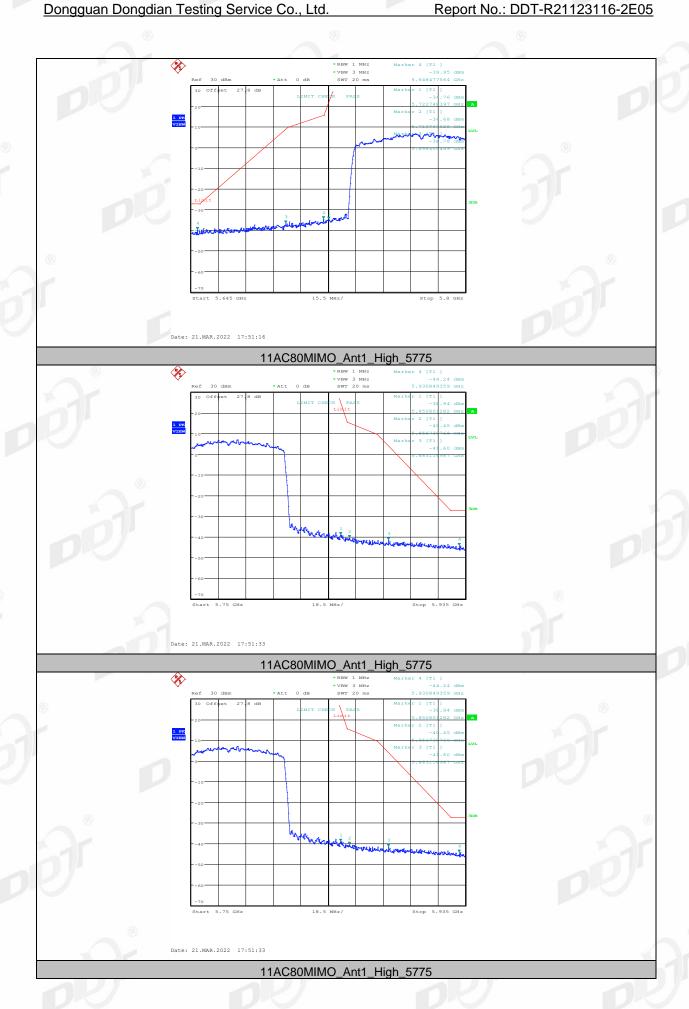
Report No.: DDT-R21123116-2E05

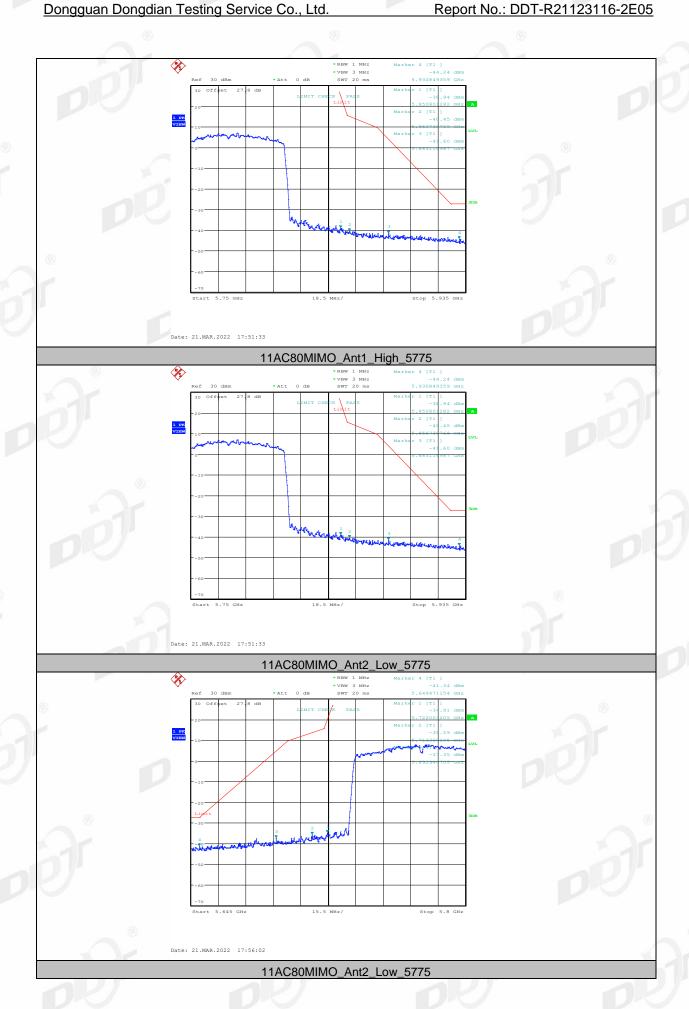




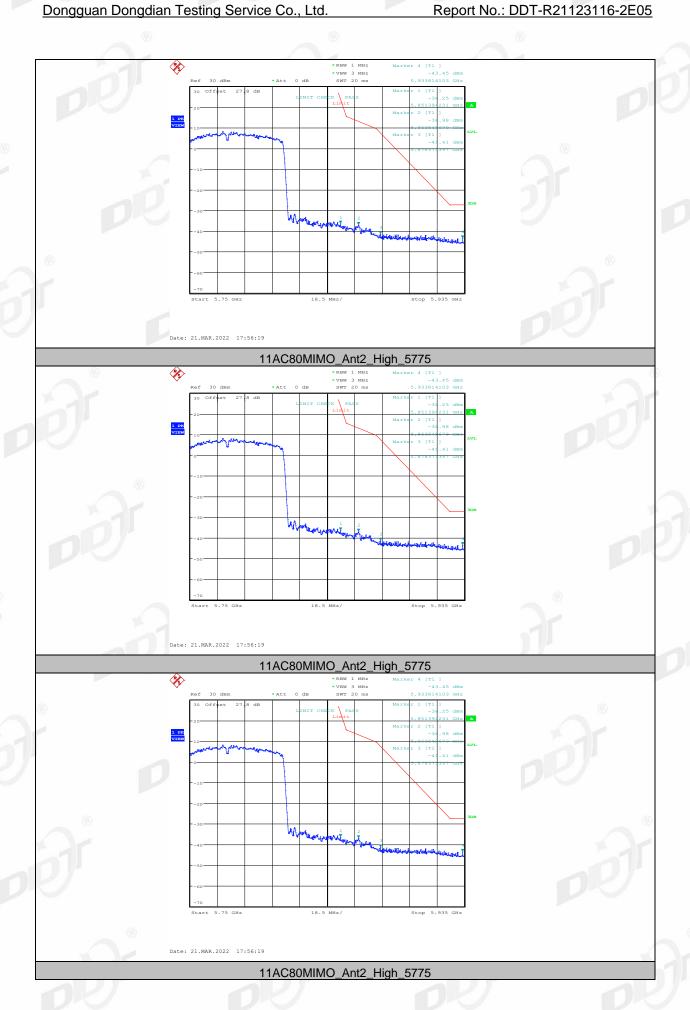


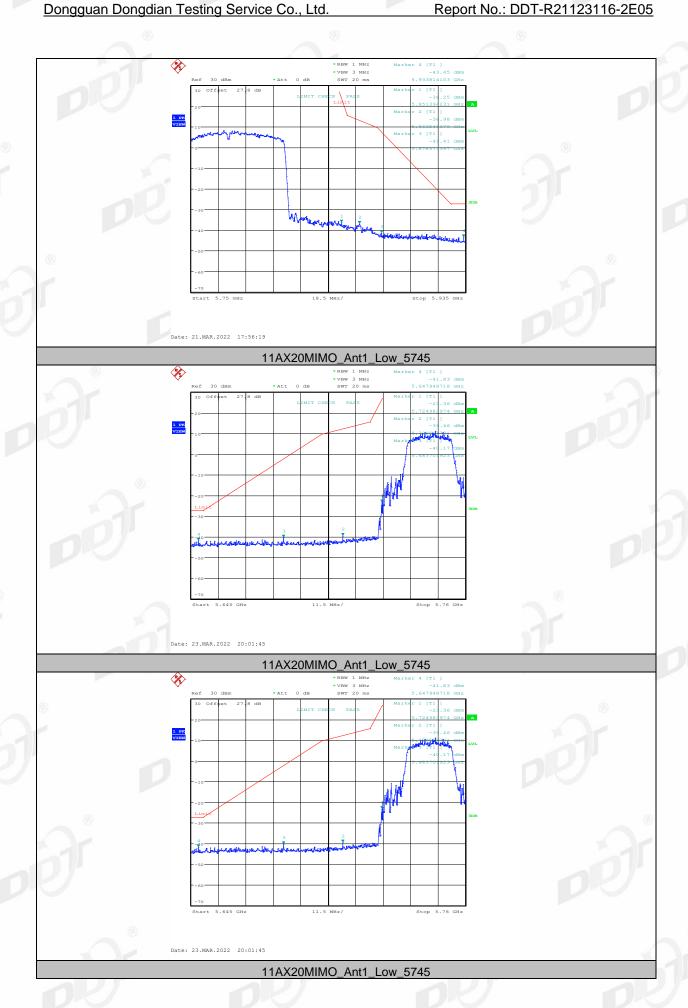


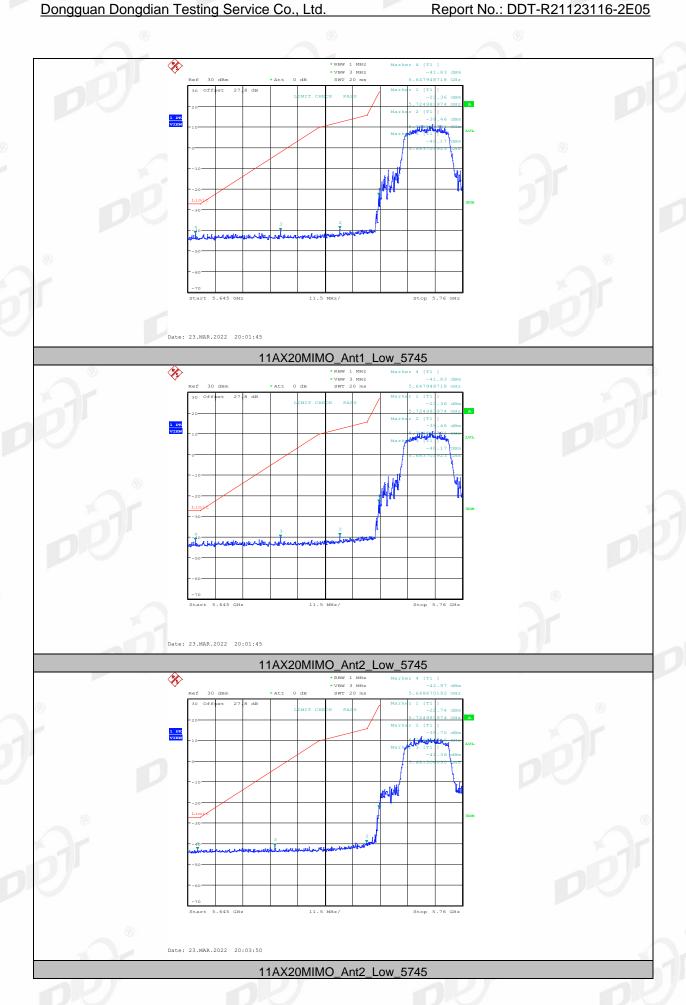


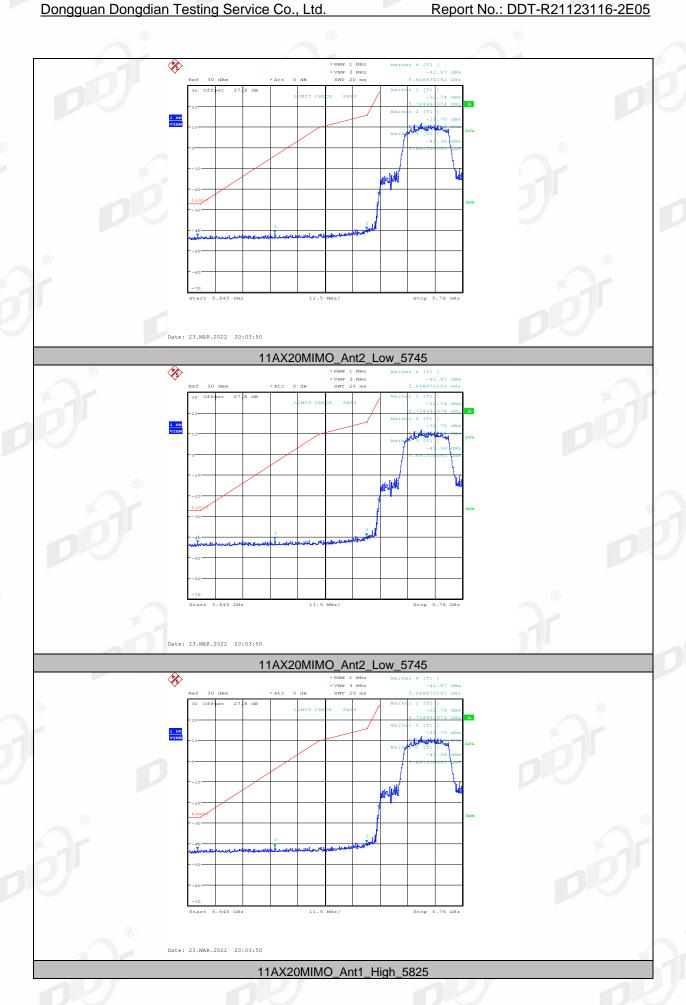


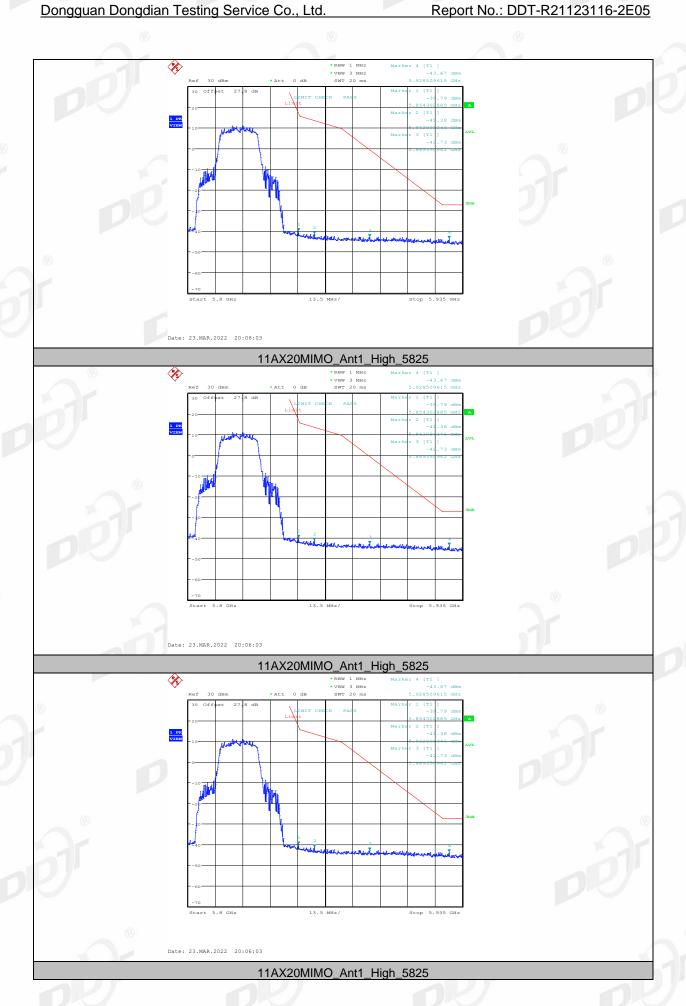


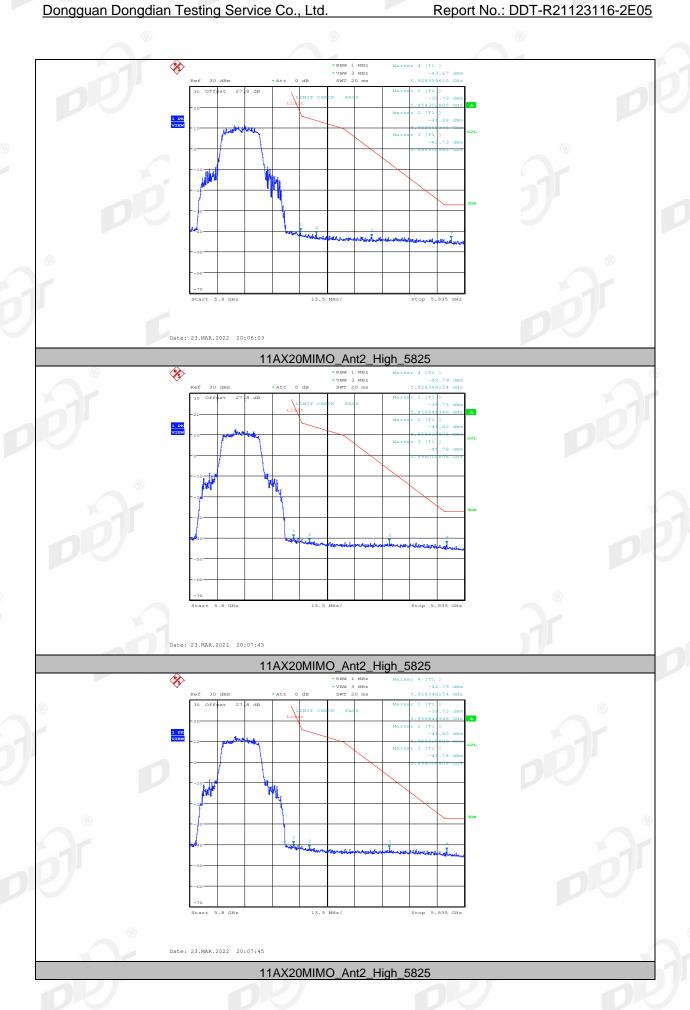


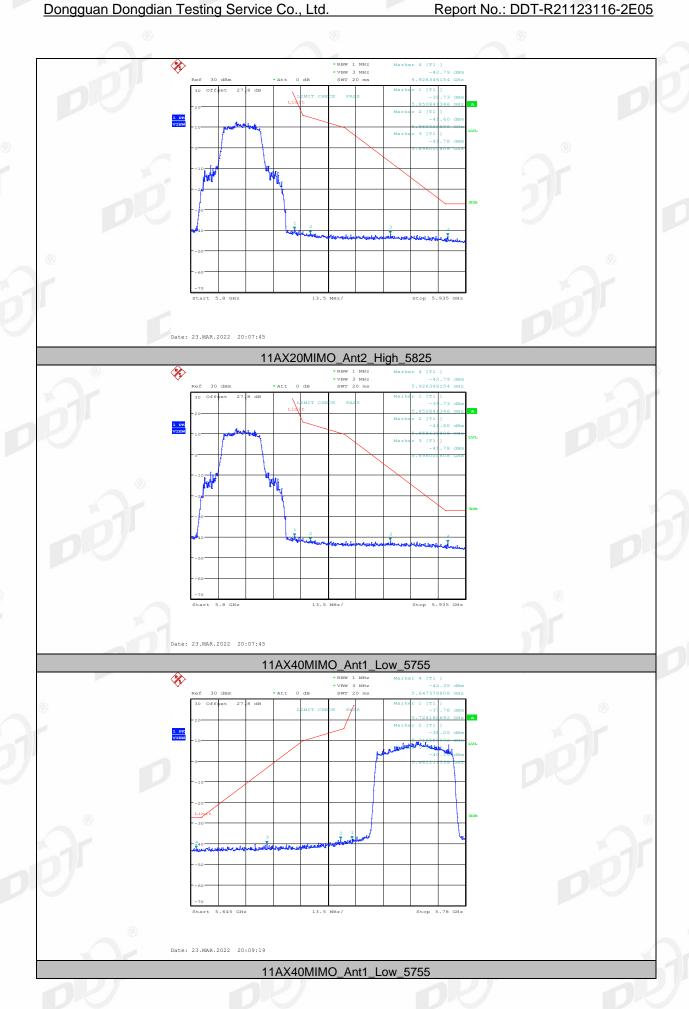


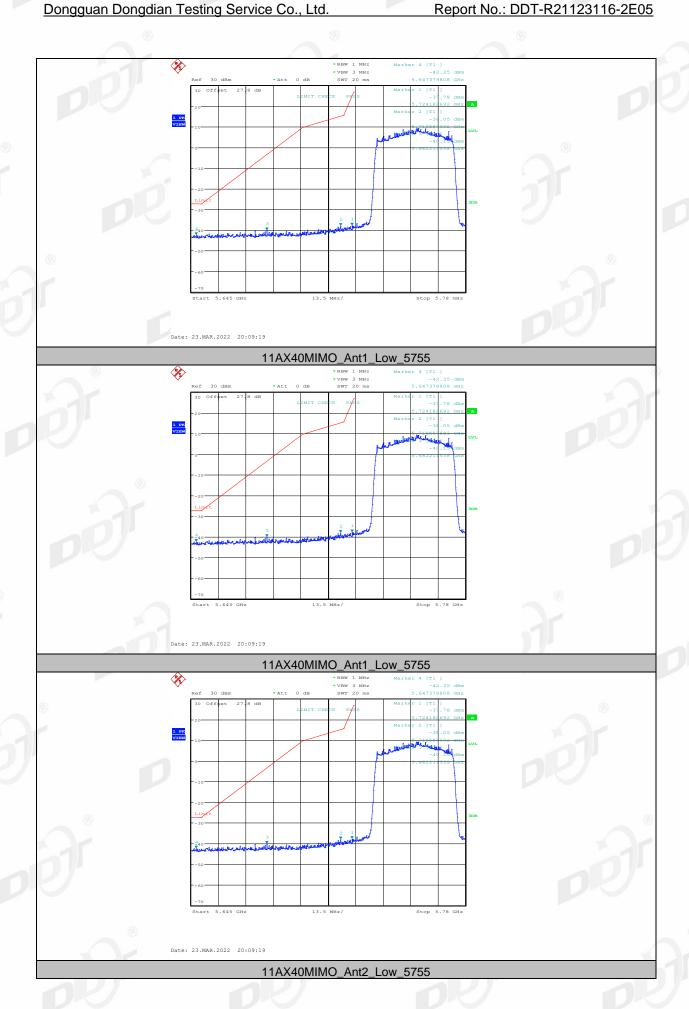


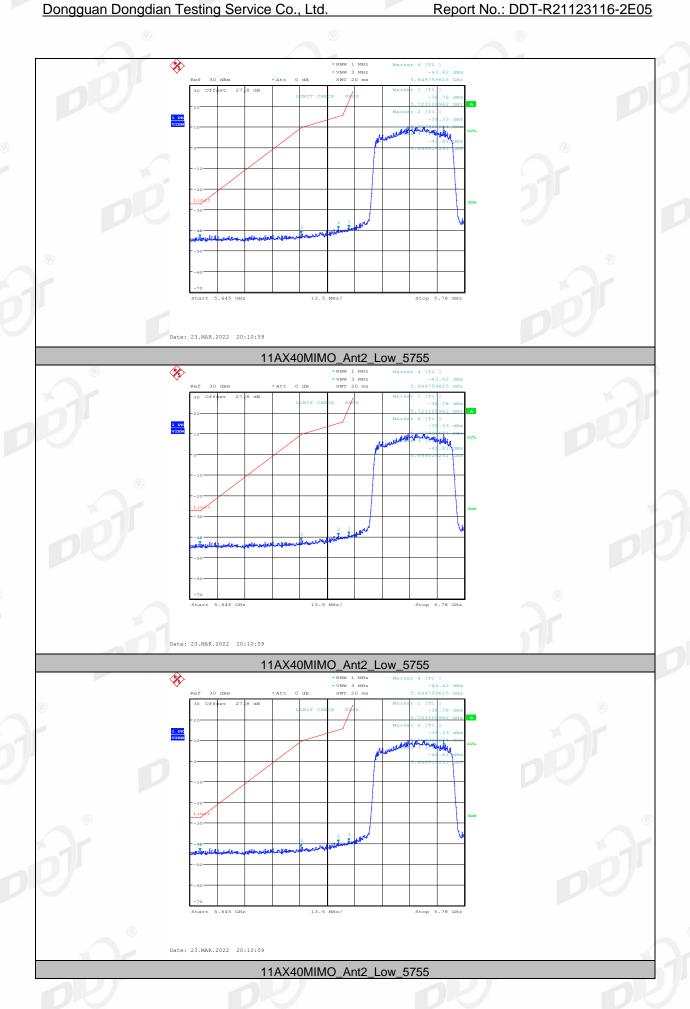


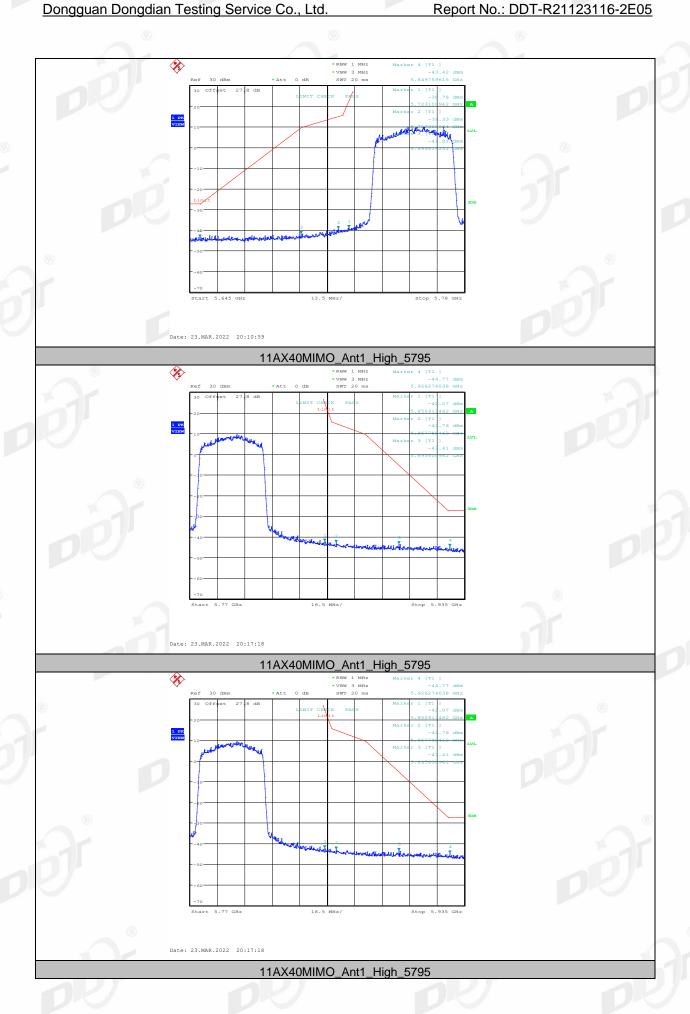


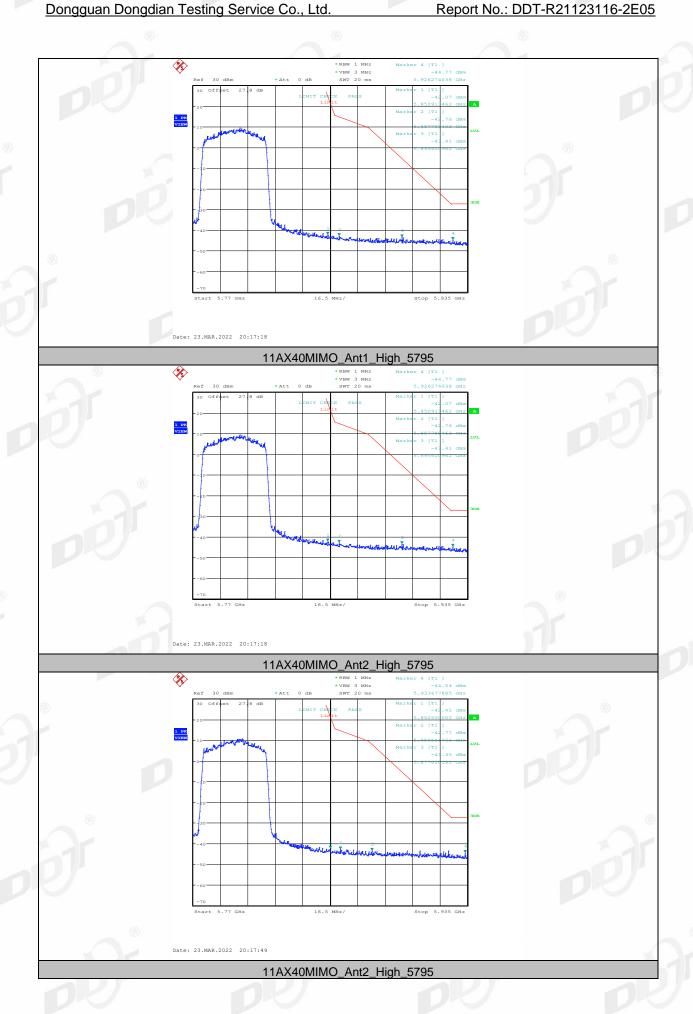


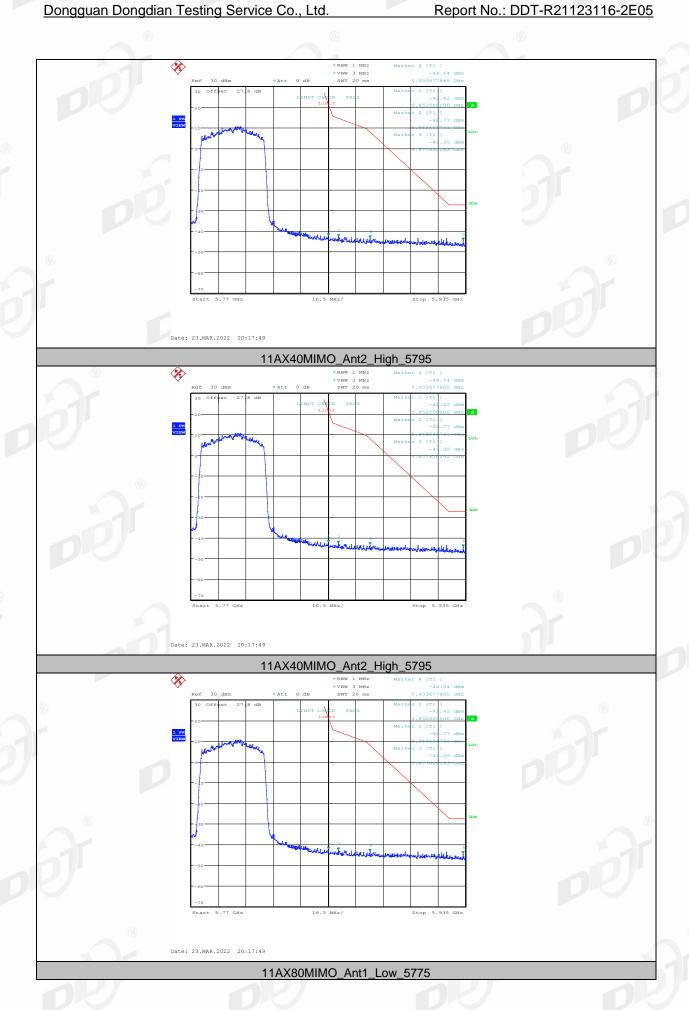


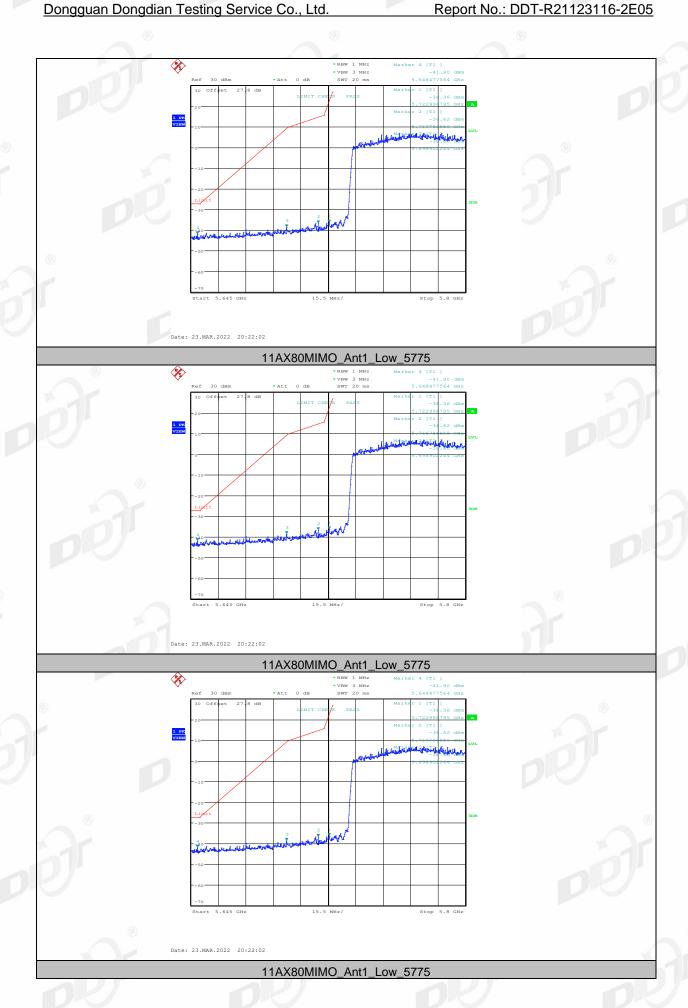


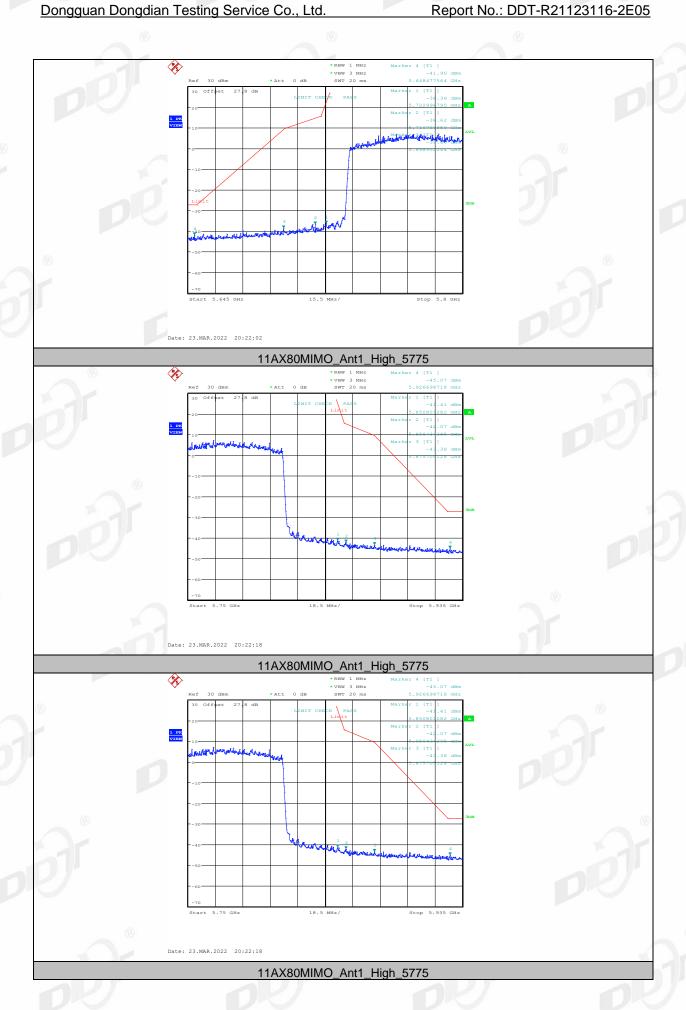


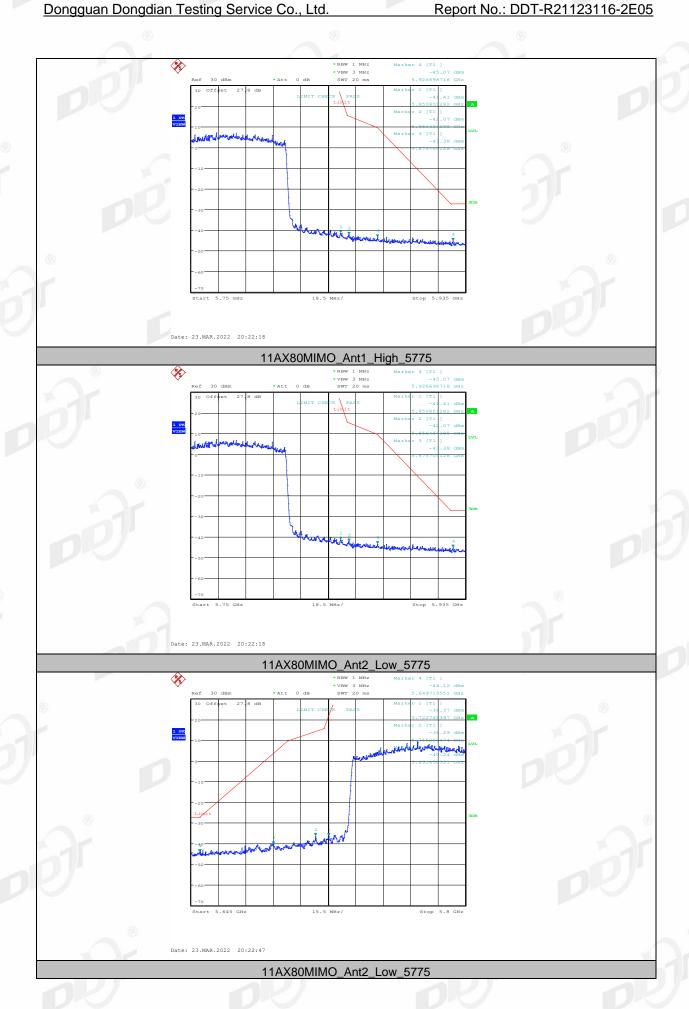




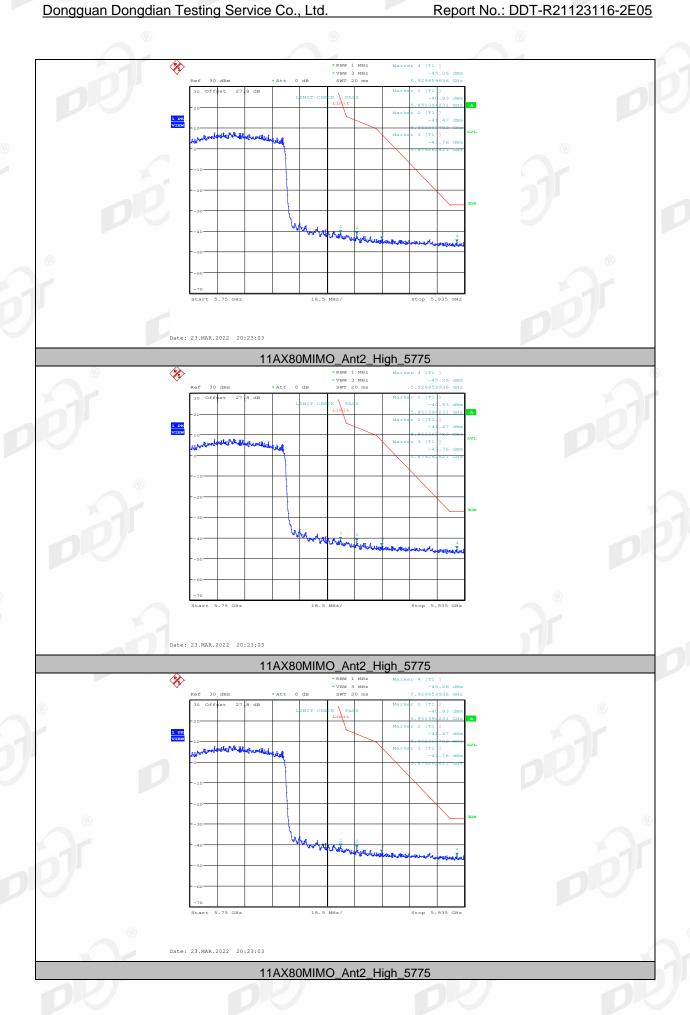


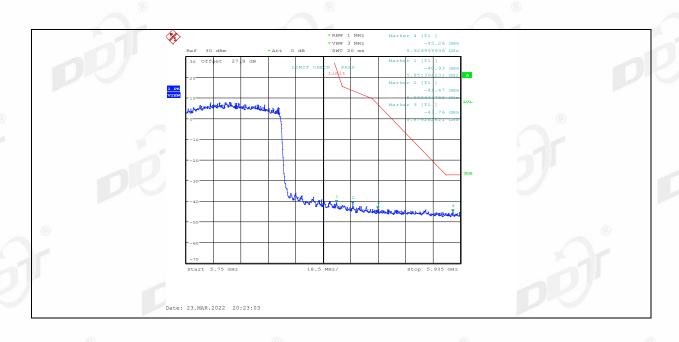






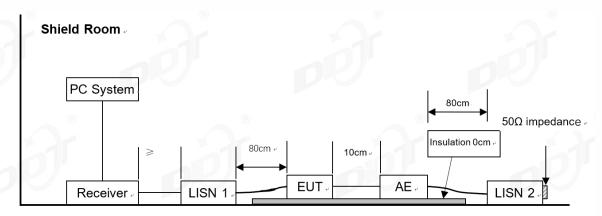






# 10. Power Line Conducted Emission

# 10.1. Block diagram of test setup



Report No.: DDT-R21123116-2E05

# 10.2. Power Line Conducted Emission Limits (Class B)

Frequency		ency	Quasi-Peak Level dB(μV)	Average Level dB(μV)	
150 kHz	~	500 kHz	66 ~ 56*	56 ~ 46*	
500 kHz	~	5 MHz	56	46	
5 MHz	~	30 MHz	60	50	

Note 1: \* Decreasing linearly with logarithm of frequency.

Note 2: The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

#### 10.3. Test Procedure

The EUT and Support equipment, if needed, were put placed on a non-metallic table, 80cm above the ground plane.

Configuration EUT to simulate typical usage as described in clause 2.3 and test equipment as described in clause 10.2 of this report.

All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.4.

All support equipment power received from a second LISN.

Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using an EMI Test Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT.

The Receiver scanned from 150 kHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.

During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.

The test mode(s) described in clause 2.3 were scanned during the preliminary test.

After the preliminary scan, we found the test mode producing the highest emission level.

The EUT configuration and worse cable configuration of the above highest emission levels were recorded for reference of the final test.

EUT and support equipment were set up on the test bench as per the configuration with highest

emission level in the preliminary test.

A scan was taken on both power lines, Neutral and Line, recording at least the six highest emissions.

Emission frequency and amplitude were recorded into a computer in which correction factors were used to calculate the emission level and compare reading to the applicable limit.

Report No.: DDT-R21123116-2E05

The test data of the worst-case condition(s) was recorded.

The bandwidth of test receiver is set at 9 kHz.

#### 10.4. Test Result

# Pass. (See below detailed test result)

Note1: All emissions not reported below are too low against the prescribed limits.

Note2: "----" means peak detection; "----" means average detection Note3: Pre-test AC conducted emission at both voltage AC 120V/60Hz and AC 240V/50Hz, recorded worse case (AC 120V/60Hz).

# **TR-4-E-010 Conducted Emission Test Result**

Report No.: DDT-R21123116-2E05

Test Site : DDT 1# Shield Room D:\2022 CE report date\Q21123116-2E Bar1000\FCC.EM6

Test Date : 2022-04-18 Tested By : James Gan

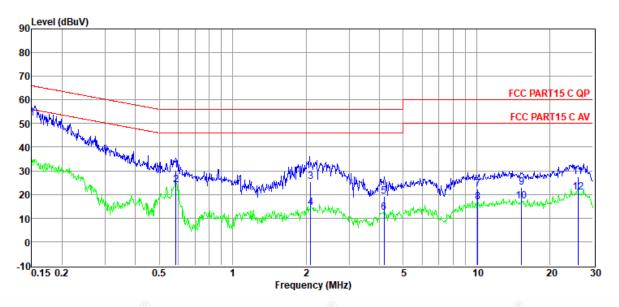
EUT Multi-Channel Soundbar with wireless subwoofer BAR 1000

Power Supply : AC 120V/60Hz Test Mode : TX Mode

**Condition** : TEMP:24.3°C, RH:53.0%, BP:101.0kPa **LISN** : 2021 1# ENV216/LINE

Memo : 5G WIFI

Data: 14



Item	Freq.	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Pulse Limiter	Result Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Detector	Phase
(Mark)	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	Factor (dB)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB)		
1	0.59	10.71	9.55	0.02	9.91	30.19	56.00	-25.81	QP	LINE
2	0.59	4.62	9.55	0.02	9.91	24.10	46.00	-21.90	Average	LINE
3	2.09	5.95	9.51	0.04	9.89	25.39	56.00	-30.61	QP	LINE
48	2.09	-4.97	9.51	0.04	9.89	14.47	46.00	-31.53	Average	UNE
5	4.18	-0.25	9.59	0.06	9.92	19.32	56.00	-36.68	QP	LINE
6	4.18	-7.24	9.59	0.06	9.92	12.33	46.00	-33.67	Average	LINE
7	10.13	2.91	9.51	0.11	9.94	22.47	60.00	-37.53	QP	LINE
8	10.13	-2.86	9.51	0.11	9.94	16.70	50.00	-33.30	Average	LINE
9	15.31	2.97	9.79	0.15	9.93	22.84	60.00	-37.16	QP	LINE
10	15.31	-2.88	9.79	0.15	9.93	16.99	50.00	-33.01	Average	LINE
11	26.00	7.46	9.66	0.19	9.99	27.30	60.00	-32.70	QP	LINE
12	26.00	1.03	9.66	0.19	9.99	20.87	50.00	-29.13	Average	LINE

#### Note:

- 1. Result Level = Read Level +LISN Factor + Pulse Limiter Factor + Cable loss.
- 2. If QP Result complies with AV limit, AV Result is deemed to comply with AV limit.
- 3. Test setup: RBW: 200 Hz (9 kHz—150 kHz), 9 kHz (150 kHz—30 MHz).
- 4. Step size: 80Hz (0.009MHz-0.15MHz), 4 kHz (0.15MHz-30MHz), Scan time: auto.

# **TR-4-E-010 Conducted Emission Test Result**

Report No.: DDT-R21123116-2E05

Test Site : DDT 1# Shield Room D:\2022 CE report date\Q21123116-2E Bar1000\FCC.EM6

Test Date : 2022-04-18 Tested By : James Gan

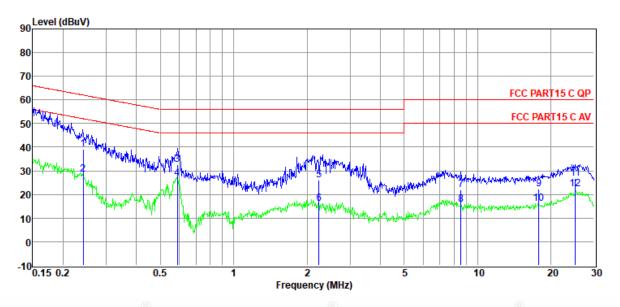
EUT Multi-Channel Soundbar with wireless subwoofer Model Number : BAR 1000

Power Supply : AC 120V/60Hz Test Mode : TX Mode

Condition : TEMP:24.3°C, RH:53.0%, BP:101.0kPa LISN : 2021 1# ENV216/NEUTRAL

Memo : 5G WIFI

Data: 16



Item	Freq.	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable	Pulse Limiter	Result Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Detector	Phase
		Level	ractor	Loss	Factor	Level	Line	Lillit		
(Mark)	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB)		
1	0.24	19.59	9.74	0.02	9.92	39.27	62.04	-22.77	QP	NEUTRAL
2	0.24	8.95	9.74	0.02	9.92	28.63	52.04	-23.41	Average	NEUTRAL
3	0.59	13.01	9.65	0.02	9.91	32.59	56.00	-23.41	QP	NEUTRAL
4	0.59	7.19	9.65	0.02	9.91	26.77	46.00	-19.23	Average	®NEUTRAL
5	2.24	6.45	9.63	0.05	9.89	26.02	56.00	-29.98	QP	NEUTRAL
6	2.24	-3.32	9.63	0.05	9.89	16.25	46.00	-29.75	Average	NEUTRAL
7	8.55	2.05	9.71	0.10	9.94	21.80	60.00	-38.20	QP	NEUTRAL
8	8.55	-4.08	9.71	0.10	9.94	15.67	50.00	-34.33	Average	NEUTRAL
9	17.85	2.58	9.72	0.16	9.95	22.41	60.00	-37.59	QP	NEUTRAL
10	17.85	-3.75	9.72	0.16	9.95	16.08	50.00	-33.92	Average	NEUTRAL
11	25.19	6.91	9.86	0.19	9.98	26.94	60.00	-33.06	QP	NEUTRAL
12	25.19	2.23	9.86	0.19	9.98	22.26	50.00	-27.74	Average	NEUTRAL

#### Note:

- 1. Result Level = Read Level +LISN Factor + Pulse Limiter Factor + Cable loss.
- 2. If QP Result complies with AV limit, AV Result is deemed to comply with AV limit.
- 3. Test setup: RBW: 200 Hz (9 kHz—150 kHz), 9 kHz (150 kHz—30 MHz).
- 4. Step size: 80Hz (0.009MHz-0.15MHz), 4 kHz (0.15MHz-30MHz), Scan time: auto.

# 11. Dynamic Frequency Selection

# 11.1. Applicability of DFS requirements

Table 1: Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel

	Operational Mode				
Requirement	□Master	⊠Client Without Radar Detection	□Client with Radar Detection		
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes 🦱		
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes		

Report No.: DDT-R21123116-2E05

Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

	Operational Mode			
Requirement	□Master Device or Client with Radar Detection	⊠Client Without Radar Detection		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes		
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required		

Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	□Master Device or Client with Radar Detection	⊠Client Without Radar Detection
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required

Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.

#### 11.2. Limit

#### **DFS Detection Thresholds**

Table 3: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices with Radar Detection

Report No.: DDT-R21123116-2E05

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1, 2, and 3)
EIRP ≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power	-64 dBm
spectral density requirement	8

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.

## **DFS** Response Requirements

Table 4: DFS Response Requirement Values

Parameter	Value		
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes		
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds		
Channel Move Time	10 seconds		
Charmer Move Time	See Note 1.		
	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 millisecond		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	over		
Charmer Closing Transmission Time	remaining 10 second period.		
	See Notes 1 and 2.		
LL NIII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	power bandwidth. See Note 3.		

Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst. Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required facilitating a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions

Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

#### 11.3. Parameters of radar test waveforms

This section provides the parameters for required test waveforms, minimum percentage of successful detections, and the minimum number of trials that must be used for determining DFS conformance. Step intervals of 0.1 microsecond for Pulse Width, 1 microsecond for PRI, 1 MHz for chirp width and 1 for the number of pulses will be utilized for the random determination of specific test

waveforms.

Table 5 Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Report No.: DDT-R21123116-2E05

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
		Test A	$\left[\left(\underline{1}\right),\right]$		
1	1	Test B	Roundup $ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 360 \end{array} \right\} $ $ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 19 \cdot 10^6 \\ \hline PRI_{\mu sec} \end{array} \right\} $	60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (F	Radar Types 1-	4)		80%	120

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.

Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a

Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Type 1, then each additional waveform is generated with Test B and must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms in Tests A or B. Test aggregate is average of the percentage of successful detections of short pulse radar types 1-4

## 11.4. Calibration of radar waveform

Radar Waveform Calibration Procedure:

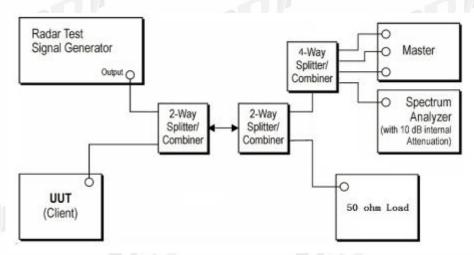
A 50 ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected to place of the master

The interference Radar Detection Threshold Level is -62dBm + 0dBi +1dB = -61dBm that had been taken into account the output power range and antenna gain.

The following equipment setup was used to calibrate the conducted radar waveform. A vector signal generator was utilized to establish the test signal level for radar type 0. During this process there were no transmissions by either the master or client device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero spans (time domain) at the frequency of the radar waveform generator. Peak detection was used. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to 3 MHz. The spectrum analyzer had offset -1.0dB to compensate RF cable loss 1.0dB.

The vector signal generator amplitude was set so that the power level measured at the spectrum analyzer was - -62dBm + 0dBi +1dB = -61dBm. Capture the spectrum analyzer plots on short pulse radar waveform.

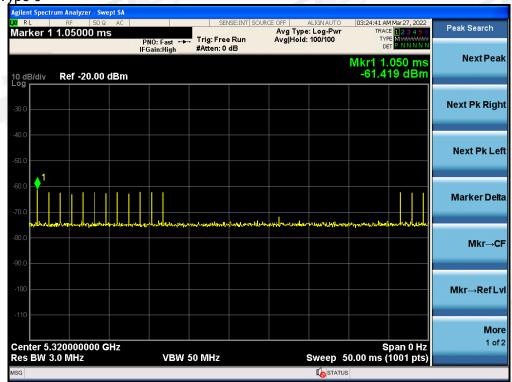
# Conducted Calibration Setup:

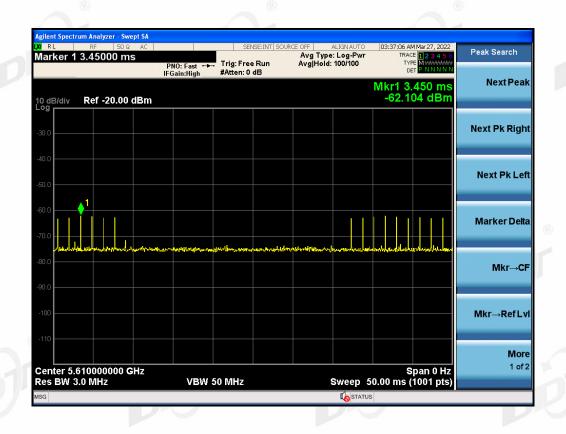


- Note: 1. Use the software "Web" to set the frequency channel.
  - 2. EUT is not support TPC and not with Radar detection.

Radar Waveform Calibration Result:

Radar Type 0





# 11.5. Channel closing transmission time, channel move time and non-occupancy period

Block diagram of test setup Test Procedure:

The radar pulse generator is setup to provide a pulse at frequency that the master and client are operating. A type 0 radar pulse with a 1us pulse width and a 1428us PRI is used for the testing. The vector signal generator is adjusted to provide the radar burst (18 pulses) at the level of approximately -61dBm at the antenna port of the master device.

Report No.: DDT-R21123116-2E05

A trigger is provided from the pulse generator to the DFS monitoring system in order to capture the traffic and the occurrence of the radar pulse.

EUT will associate with the master at channel. The file "iperf.exe" specified by the FCC is streamed from the PC 2 through the master and the client device to the PC 1 and played in full motion video using Test Software in order to properly load the network for the entire period of the test.

When radar burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold +1dB is generated on the operating channel of the U-NII device. At time T0 the radar waveform generator sends a burst of pulse of the radar waveform at Detection Threshold +1dB.

Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel. Measure and record the transmissions from the UUT during the observation time (Channel Move Time). One 15 seconds plot is reported for the Short Pulse Radar Type 0. The plot for the Short Pulse Radar Types start at the end of the radar burst. The Channel Move Time will be calculated based on the zoom in 600ms plot of the Short Pulse Radar Type.

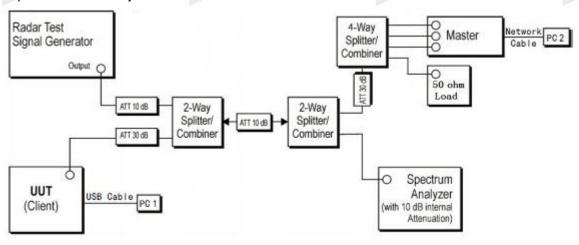
Measurement of the aggregate duration of the Channel Closed Transmission Time method. With the

spectrum analyzer set to zero span tuned to the center frequency of the EUT operating channel at the radar simulated frequency, peak detection, and max hold, the dwell time per bin is given by: Dwell (0.3ms) =S (12000ms) / B (4000); where Dwell is the dwell time per spectrum analyzer sampling bin, S is sweep time and B is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins. An upper bound of the aggregate duration of the intermittent control signals of Channel Closing Transmission Time is calculated by: C (ms)= N X Dwell (0.3ms); where C is the Closing Time, N is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins (intermittent control signals) showing a U-NII transmission and Dwell is the dwell time per bin.

Measurement the EUT for more than 30 minutes following the channel move time to verify that no transmission or beacons occur on this channel.

# 11.6. Test setup

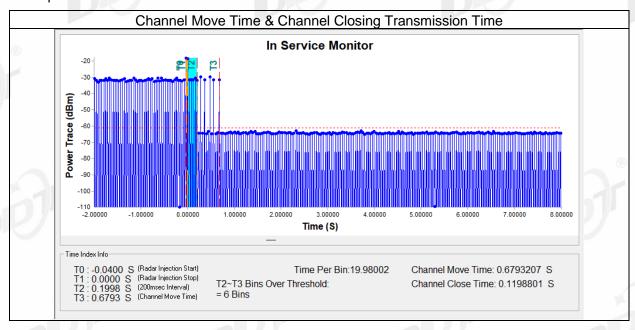
Setup for Client with injection at the Master

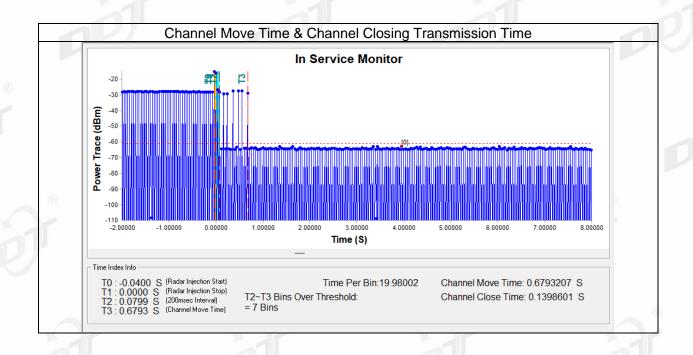


## 11.7. Test result

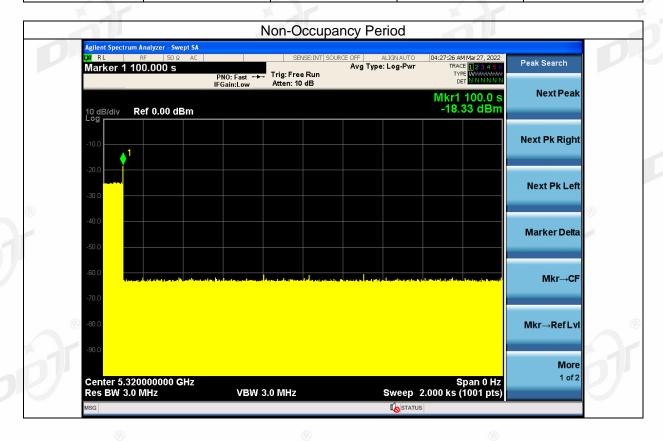
BW/Channel	Test Item	Test Result	Limit	Results
	Channel Move Time	0.679s	<10s	pass
20M/5320MHz	Channel Closing Transmission Time	0.120s	<0.26s	pass
DIE	Channel Move Time	0.679s	<10s	pass
80M/5610MHz	Channel Closing Transmission Time	0.140s	<0.26s	® pass

## Test plots as follows:





BW/Channel	Test Item	Test Result	Limit	Results
20M/5320MHz	Non-Occupancy Period	>30min	30min	pass



# 12. Antenna Requirements

# 12.1. Limit

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

Report No.: DDT-R21123116-2E05

## 12.2. Result

The antenna used for this product and no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device, maximum antenna ANT1 gain is 3.64 dBi and maximum antenna ANT2 gain is 3.64 dBi.