



# Compliance Testing, LLC

Previously Flom Test Lab

EMI, EMC, RF Testing Experts Since 1963

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## Test Report

Prepared for: Kenwood USA Corporation

Model: NX-240-K, NX-240-M, NX-240-M2, NX-240V-K, and NX-240-P

Description: VHF Digital Transceiver

FCC ID: ALH443700

IC: 282D-443700

To

FCC Part 90

Date of Issue: July 24, 2013

On the behalf of the applicant:

Kenwood USA Corporation  
Communications Division  
3970 Johns Creek Court  
Suite 100  
Suwanee, GA 30024

Attention of:

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Project No: p1370018

**Alex Macon**  
Project Test Engineer

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All results contained herein relate only to the sample tested



### Test Report Revision History

Revision	Date	Revised By	Reason for Revision
1.0	July 24, 2013	Alex Macon	Original Document



## Table of Contents

<u>Description</u>	<u>Page</u>
Standard Test Conditions and Engineering Practices	6
Test Result Summary	7
Carrier Output Power (Conducted)	8
Conducted Spurious Emissions	9
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	14
Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)	17
Transient Frequency Behavior	24
Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)	26
Audio Frequency Response	27
Modulation Limiting	28
Frequency Stability	29
Necessary Bandwidth Calculations	30
Test Equipment Utilized	32



## ILAC / A2LA

Compliance Testing, LLC, has been accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated January 2009)

The tests results contained within this test report all fall within our scope of accreditation, unless noted below.

Please refer to <http://www.compliancetesting.com/labscope.html> for current scope of accreditation.

Testing Certificate Number: **2152.01**



FCC OATS Reg, #933597

IC Reg. #2044A-1

**Non-accredited tests contained in this report:**

**N/A**



**The Applicant has been cautioned as to the following:**

**15.21: Information to the User**

The user's manual or instruction manual for an intentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

**15.27(a): Special Accessories**

Equipment marketed to a consumer must be capable of complying with the necessary regulations in the configuration in which the equipment is marketed. Where special accessories, such as shielded cables and/or special connectors are required to enable an unintentional or intentional radiator to comply with the emission limits in this part, the equipment must be marketed with, i.e. shipped and sold with, those special accessories. However, in lieu of shipping or packaging the special accessories with the unintentional or intentional radiator, the responsible party may employ other methods of ensuring that the special accessories are provided to the consumer, without an additional charge.

Information detailing any alternative method used to supply the special accessories for a grant of equipment authorization or retained in the verification records, as appropriate. The party responsible for the equipment, as detailed in § 2.909 of this chapter, shall ensure that these special accessories are provided with the equipment. The instruction manual for such devices shall include appropriate instructions on the first page of text concerned with the installation of the device that these special accessories must be used with the device. It is the responsibility of the user to use the needed special accessories supplied with the equipment.



## Test and Measurement Data

All tests and measurement data shown were performed in accordance with FCC Rules and Regulations, Volume II, Part 2, Subpart J, Sections 2.947, 2.1033(c), 2.1041, 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, and the following individual Parts of 22 and 90.

## Standard Test Conditions and Engineering Practices

Except as noted herein, the following conditions and procedures were observed during the testing.

In accordance with ANSI/TIA 603C, and unless otherwise indicated in the specific measurement results, the ambient temperature of the actual EUT was maintained within the range of 10° to 40°C (50° to 104°F) unless the particular equipment requirements specify testing over a different temperature range. Also, unless otherwise indicated, the humidity levels were in the range of 10% to 90% relative humidity.

Environmental Conditions		
Temp (°C)	Humidity (%)	Pressure (mbar)
27.4 – 37.8	41.9 – 63.0	963.7 – 969.5

Measurement results, unless otherwise noted, are worst-case measurements.

## EUT Description

**Model:** NX-240-K, NX-240-M, NX-240-M2, NX-240V-K, and NX-240-P

**Description:** VHF Digital Transceiver

**Additional Information:** The EUT is a push to talk occupational radio

## EUT Operation during Tests

The EUT was in a normal operating condition for testing. Both a radiated and conducted sample were provided.

**Accessories:** None

**Cables:** None

**Modifications:** None



## Test Result Summary

Specification	Test Name	Pass, Fail, N/A	Comments
2.1046	Carrier Output Power (Conducted)	Pass	
2.1051	Unwanted Emissions (Transmitter Conducted)	Pass	
2.1053	Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	Pass	
90.210, 2.1049	Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)	Pass	
2.1047	Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)	Pass	
2.1047	Audio Frequency Response	Pass	
2.1047(a)	Modulation Limiting	Pass	
90.213	Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)	Pass	
90.213	Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)	Pass	
90.214	Transient Frequency Behavior	Pass	
2.202	Necessary Bandwidth Calculation	Pass	



**Carrier Output Power (Conducted)**

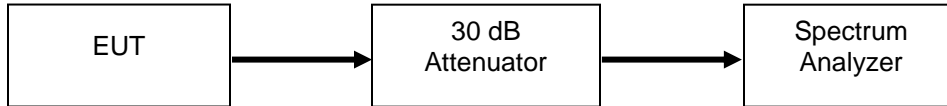
**Name of Test:** Carrier Output Power (Conducted)  
**Test Equipment Utilized:** i00054, i00118, i00379

**Engineer:** Alex Macon  
**Test Date:** 7/19/13

**Measurement Procedure**

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was connected to a spectrum analyzer through a 30 dB Power attenuator. All cable and attenuator losses were input into the spectrum analyzer as a reference level offset to ensure accurate readings were obtained.

**Test Setup**



**High Power Transmitter Peak Output Power**

Tuned Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Measurement (dBm)	Result
138.0475	36.95	Pass
150.0500	37	Pass
162.0475	36.95	Pass
173.95	37	Pass





**Conducted Spurious Emissions**

**Name of Test:**

Conducted Spurious Emissions

**Engineer:** Alex Macon

**Test Equipment Utilized:**

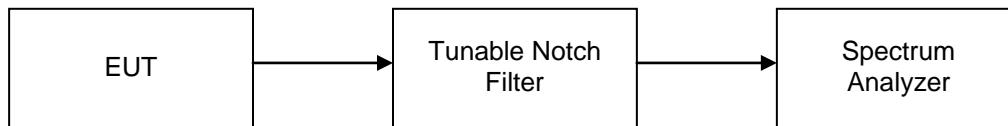
i00054, i00118, i00379

**Test Date:** 7/19/13

**Test Procedure**

The EUT was connected directly to a spectrum analyzer to verify that the UUT met the requirements for spurious emissions. A tunable notch filter was utilized to ensure the fundamental did not put the spectrum analyzer into compression. The resolution bandwidth set for 1 MHz and the reference level was adjusted to ensure the system had sufficient dynamic range to measure spurious emissions. The frequency range from 30 MHz to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the fundamental transmitter was observed and plotted.

**Test Setup**



**High Power Conducted Spurious Emissions Summary Test Table**

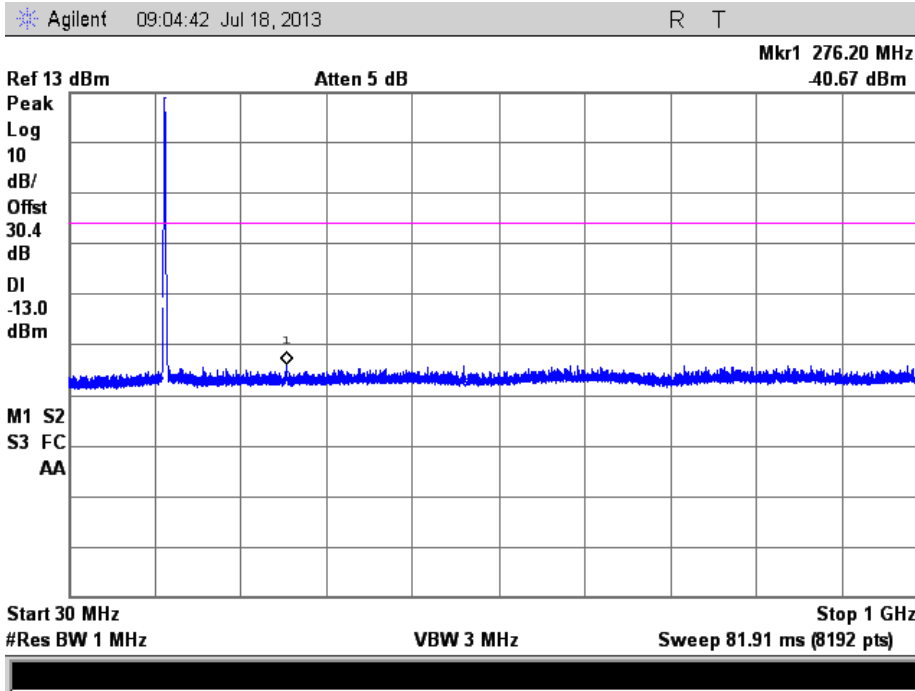
Tuned Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Frequency (MHz)	Measured Spurious Level (dBm)	Specification Limit (dBm)	Result
138.05	2997.3	-37.57	-25	Pass
150.05	2994.4	-37.53	-25	Pass
162.05	2998.3	-38.42	-25	Pass
173.95	2844.5	-38.55	-25	Pass

\*The limit was set for -25 dBm for comparison to RSS-119 which is the more stringent limit.

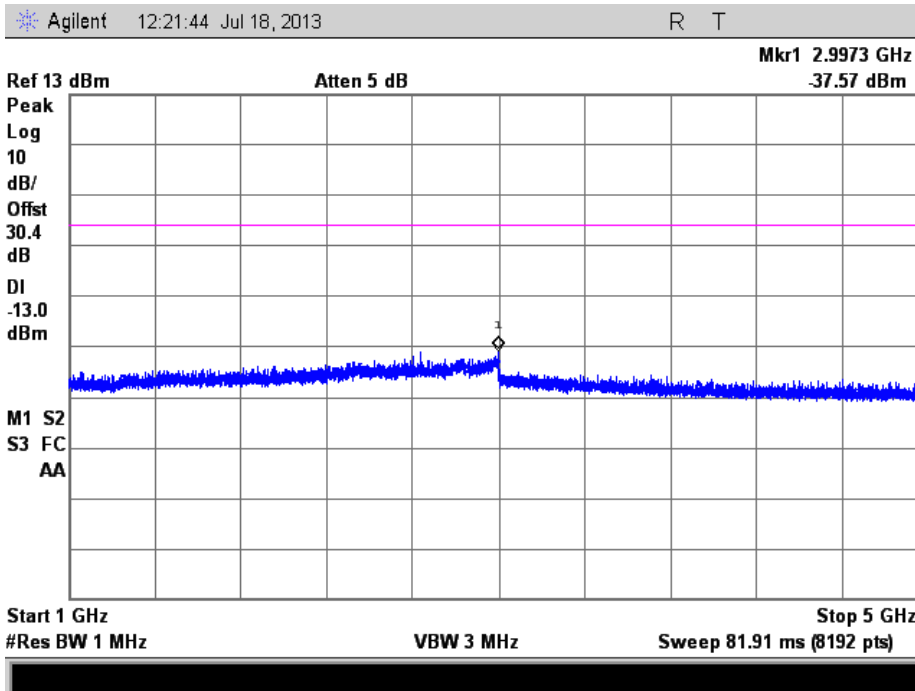


### 138.05 MHz

### 30 MHz – 1000 MHz



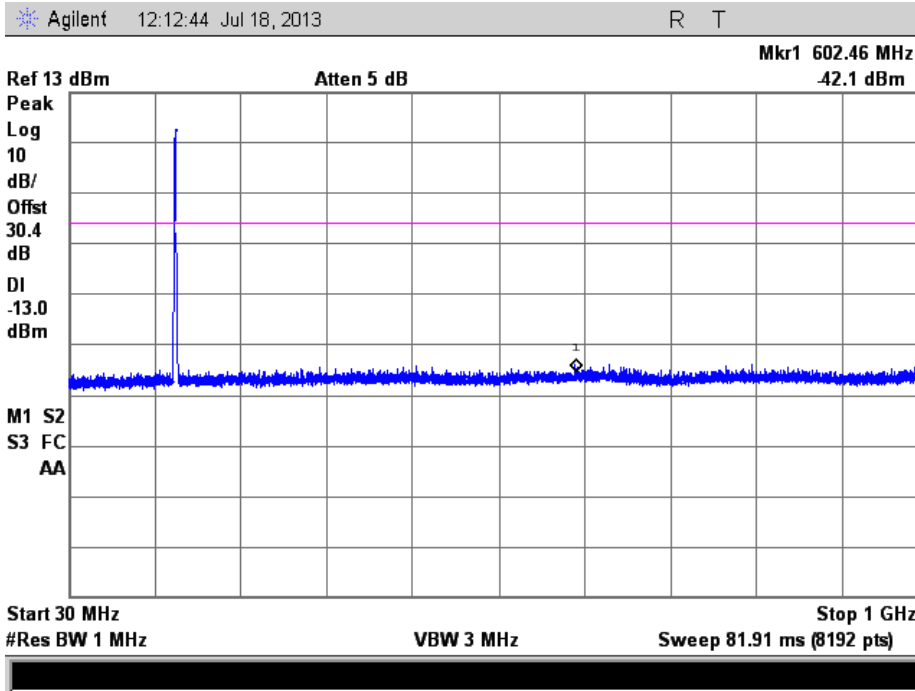
### 1 GHz – 5 GHz



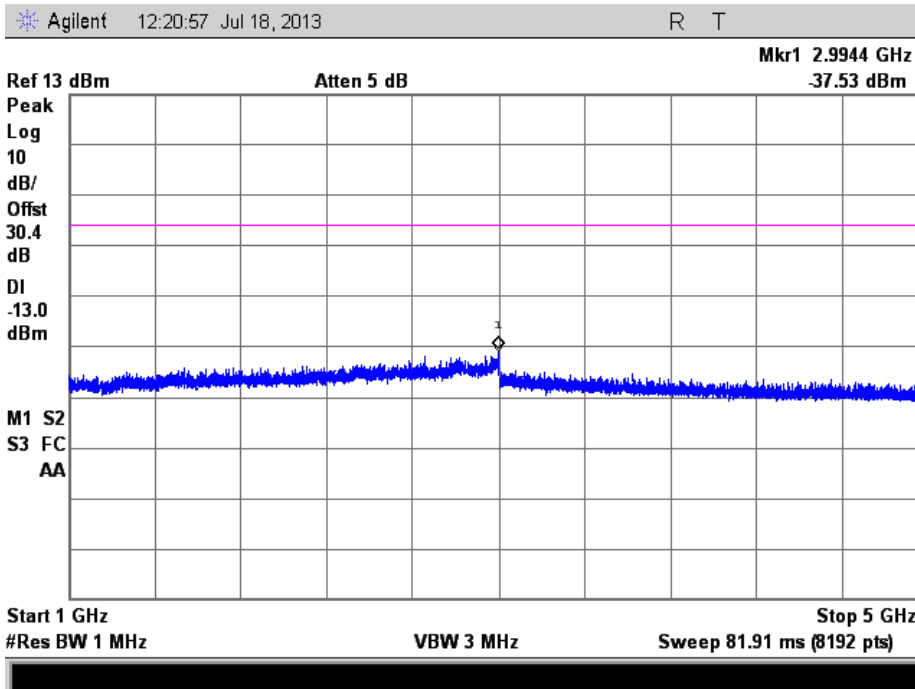


### 150.05 MHz

### 30 MHz – 1000 MHz



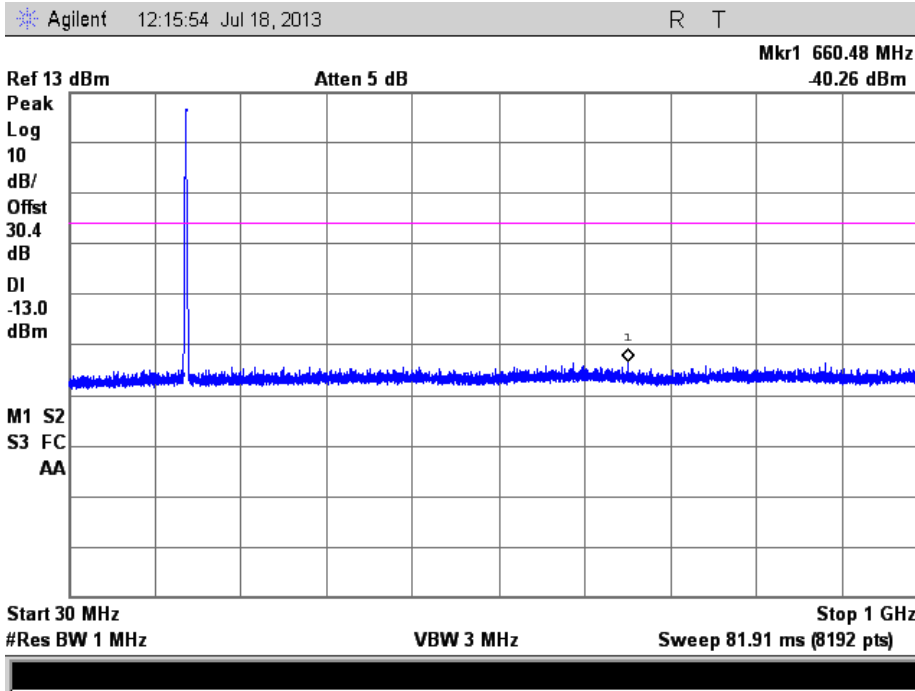
### 1 GHz – 5 GHz



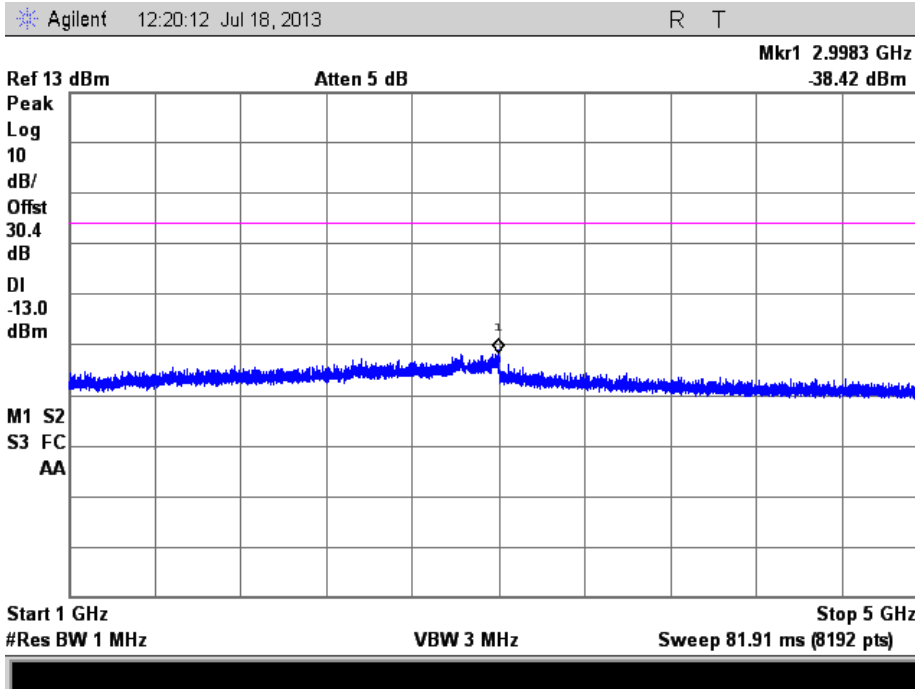


### 162.05 MHz

### 30 MHz – 1000 MHz



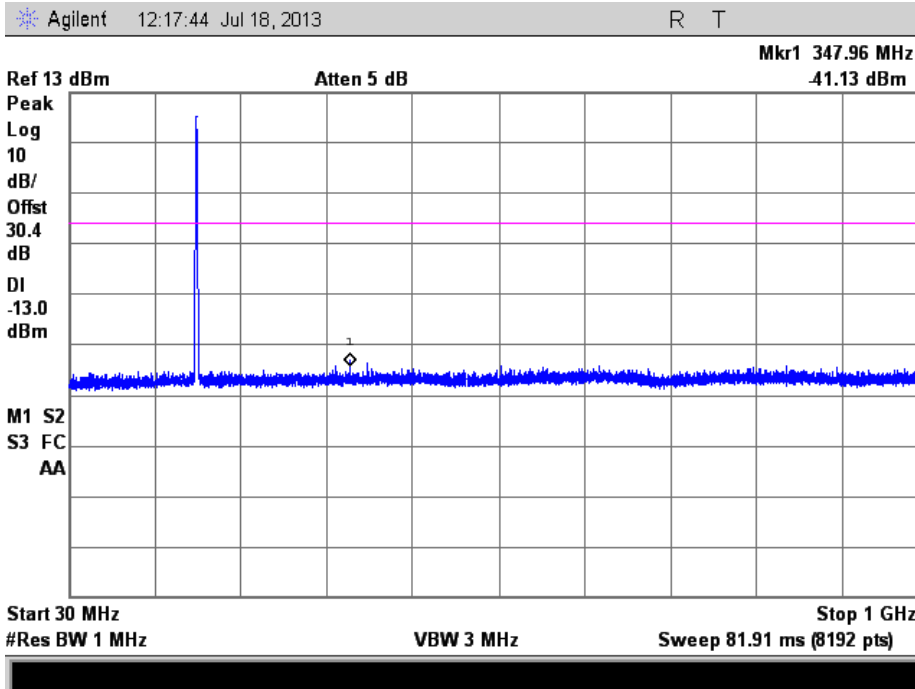
### 1 GHz – 5 GHz



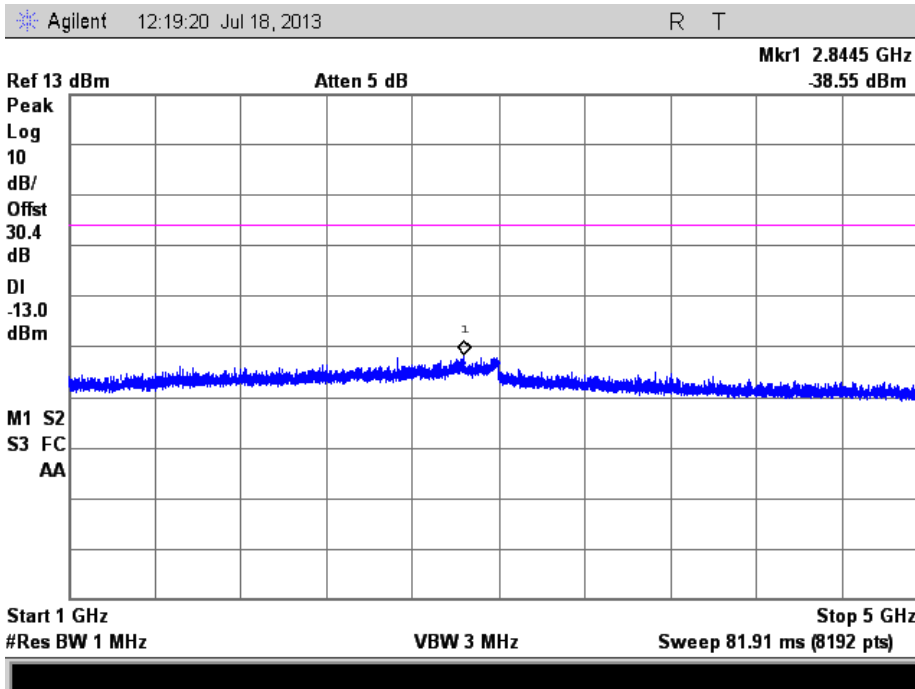


### 173.95 MHz

### 30 MHz – 1000 MHz



### 1 GHz – 5 GHz





## Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

**Name of Test:** Field Strength of Spurious Radiation  
**Test Equipment Utilized:** i00267, i00271, i00379

**Engineer:** Alex Macon  
**Test Date:** 7/23/13

### Test Procedure

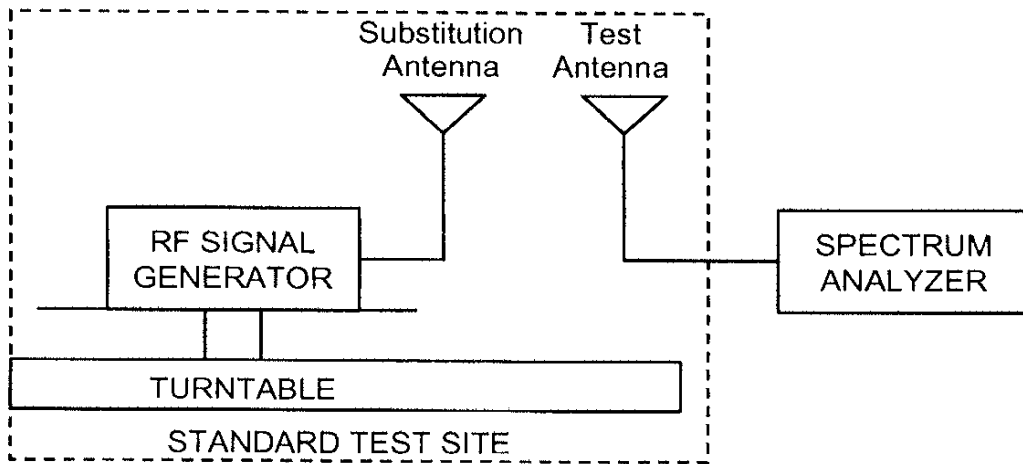
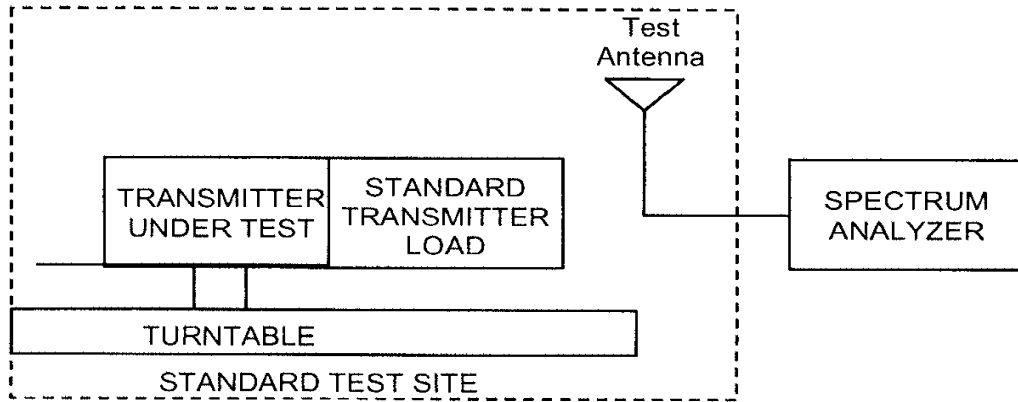
- A) Connect the equipment as illustrated below.
- B) Adjust the spectrum analyzer to the following settings:
  - 1) Resolution Bandwidth 100 kHz (< 1 GHz), 1 MHz (> 1GHz)
  - 2) Video Bandwidth  $\geq 3$  times Resolution Bandwidth, or 30 kHz
  - 3) Sweep Speed  $\leq 2000$  Hz/second
  - 4) Detector Mode = Mean or Average Power
- C) Place the transmitter to be tested on the turntable in the standard test site. The transmitter is transmitting into a non-radiating load that is placed on the turntable. The RF cable to this load should be of minimum length.
- D) For each spurious measurement the test antenna should be adjusted to the correct length for the frequency involved. This length may be determined from a calibration ruler supplied with the equipment. Measurements shall be made from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment to the tenth harmonic of the carrier, except for the region close to the carrier equal to  $\pm$  the test bandwidth (see Section 1.3.4.4).
- E) For each spurious frequency, raise and lower the test antenna from 1 m to 4 m to obtain a maximum reading on the spectrum analyzer with the test antenna at horizontal polarity. Repeat this procedure to obtain the highest possible reading. Record this maximum reading.
- F) Repeat Step E) for each spurious frequency with the test antenna polarized vertically.
- G) Reconnect the equipment as illustrated.
- H) Keep the spectrum analyzer adjusted as in Step B).
- I) Remove the transmitter and replace it with a substitution antenna (the antenna should be half wavelength for each frequency involved). The center of the substitution antenna should be approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter. At lower frequencies, where the substitution antenna is very long, this will be impossible to achieve when the antenna is polarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna should be 0.3 m above the ground.
- J) Feed the substitution antenna at the transmitter end with a signal generator connected to the antenna by means of a non-radiating cable. With the antennas at both ends horizontally polarized and with the signal generator tuned to a particular spurious frequency, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at the spectrum analyzer. Adjust the level of the signal generator output until the previously recorded maximum reading for this set of conditions is obtained. This should be done carefully repeating the adjustment of the test antenna and generator output.
- K) Repeat Step J) with both antennas vertically polarized for each spurious frequency.
- L) Calculate power in dBm into a reference ideal half-wave dipole antenna by reducing the readings obtained in Steps J) and K) by the power loss in the cable between the generator and the antenna and further corrected for the gain of the substitution antenna used relative to an ideal half-wave dipole antenna.
- M) The levels recorded in Step L) are absolute levels of radiated spurious emissions in dBm. The radiated spurious emissions in dB can be calculated by the following:

$$\text{Radiated spurious emissions dB} = 10\log_{10} (\text{TX power in watts}/0.001) - \text{the levels in Step I)}$$

*NOTE: It is permissible that the other antennas provided can be referenced to a dipole.*



### Test Setup





### Test Results

#### 138.05 MHz

Emission Frequency (MHz)	Measured Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
276.096	-56.24	-25	Pass
414.152	-50.96	-25	Pass
552.195	-47.47	-25	Pass

#### 150.05 MHz

Emission Frequency (MHz)	Measured Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
300.093	-59.88	-25	Pass
450.155	-51.70	-25	Pass
600.2038	-45.79	-25	Pass

#### 162.05 MHz

Emission Frequency (MHz)	Measured Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
324.085	-55.20	-25	Pass
486.146	-56.54	-25	Pass
648.198	-55.87	-25	Pass

#### 173.95 MHz

Emission Frequency (MHz)	Measured Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
347.903	-59.49	-25	Pass
521.853	-49.13	-25	Pass

\*The limit was set for -25 dBm for comparison to RSS-119 which is the more stringent limit. No other emissions were detected. All emissions were less than -25 dBm.





### Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)

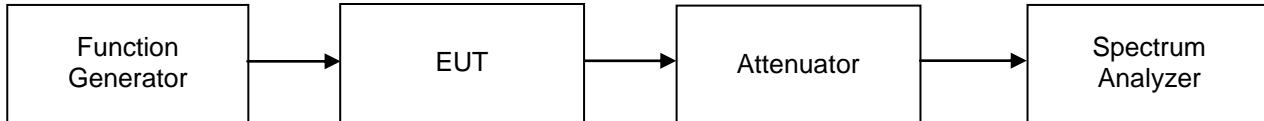
**Name of Test:** Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)  
**Test Equipment Utilized:** i00054, i00118, i00379

**Engineer:** Alex Macon  
**Test Date:** 7/19/13

### Measurement Procedure

The EUT was connected directly to a spectrum analyzer to verify that the EUT meets the required emissions mask. A reference level plot is provided to verify that the peak power was established prior to testing the mask. A modulation frequency of 2.5 kHz at a level of 100 mVPP was input into the EUT.

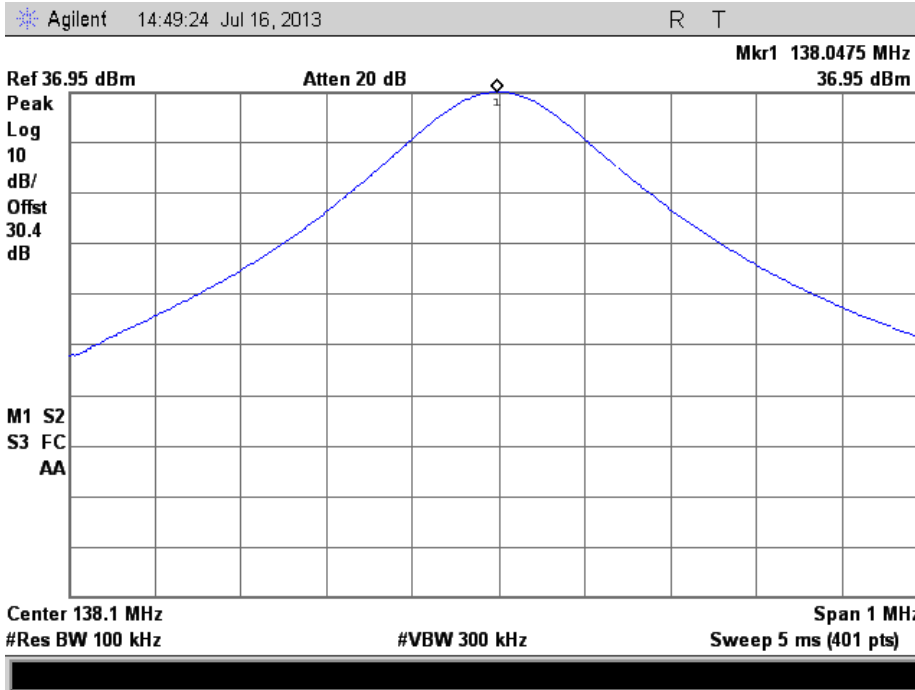
### Test Setup



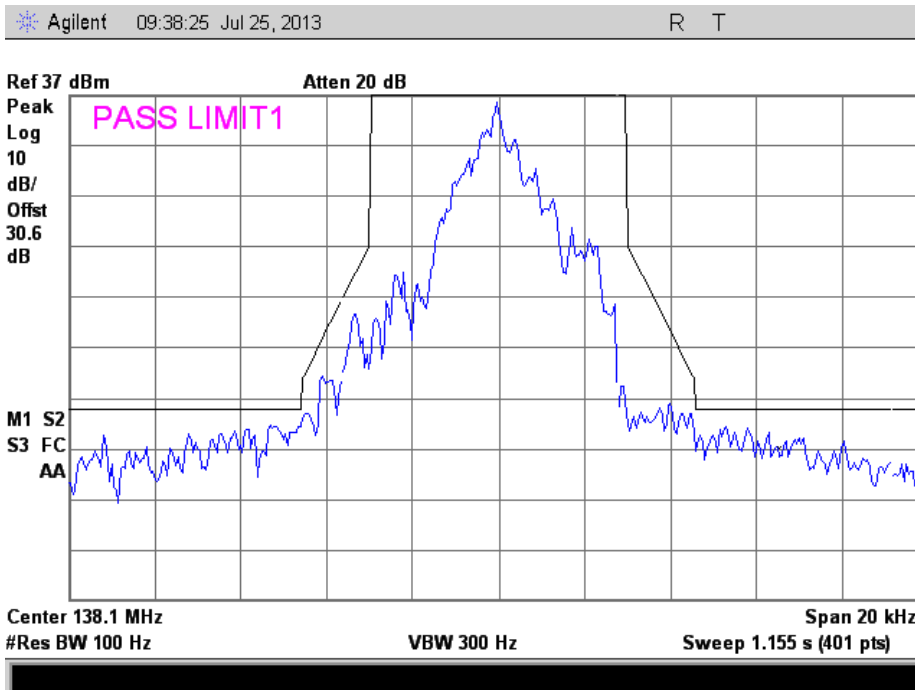


### 138.05 MHz

#### Reference

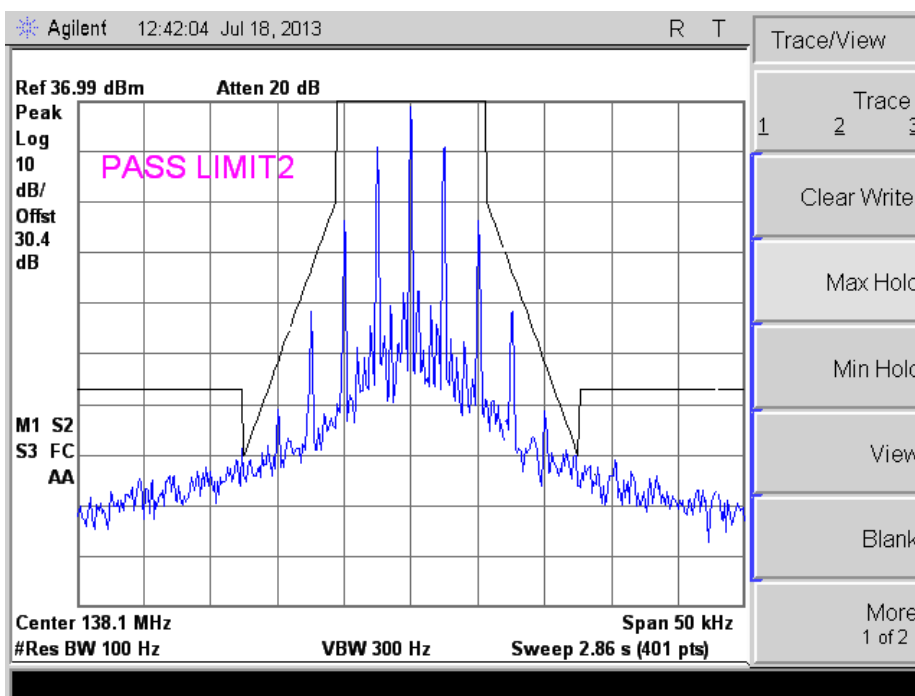


#### Mask E



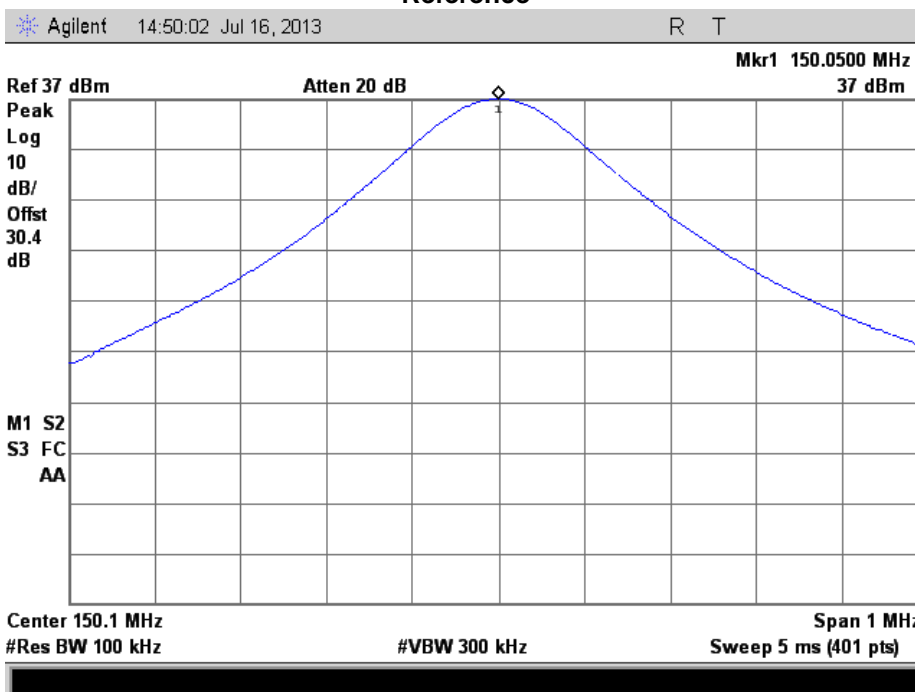


### Mask D



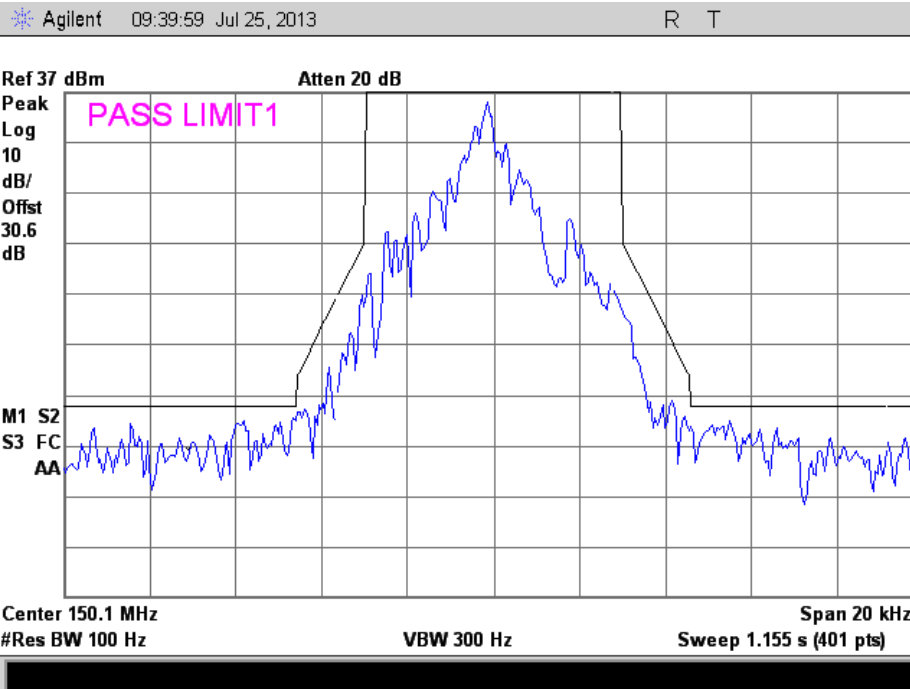
150.05 MHz

### Reference

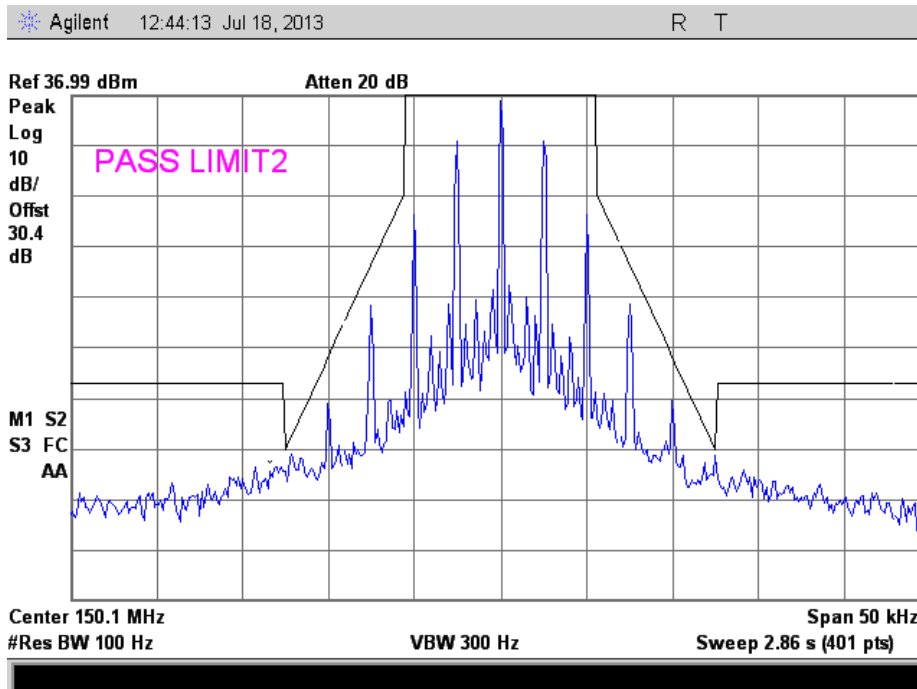




### Mask E



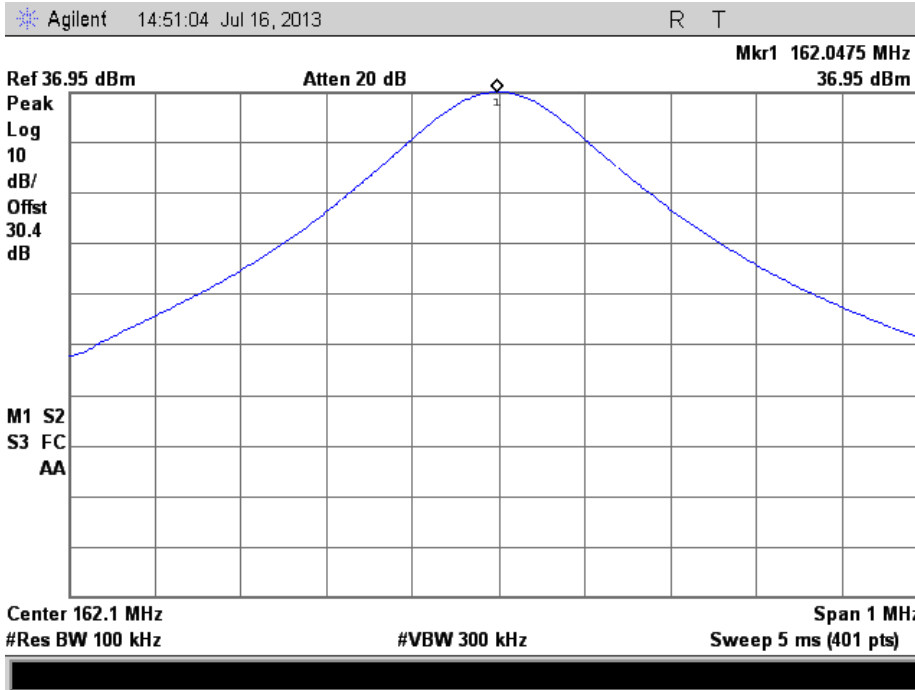
### Mask D



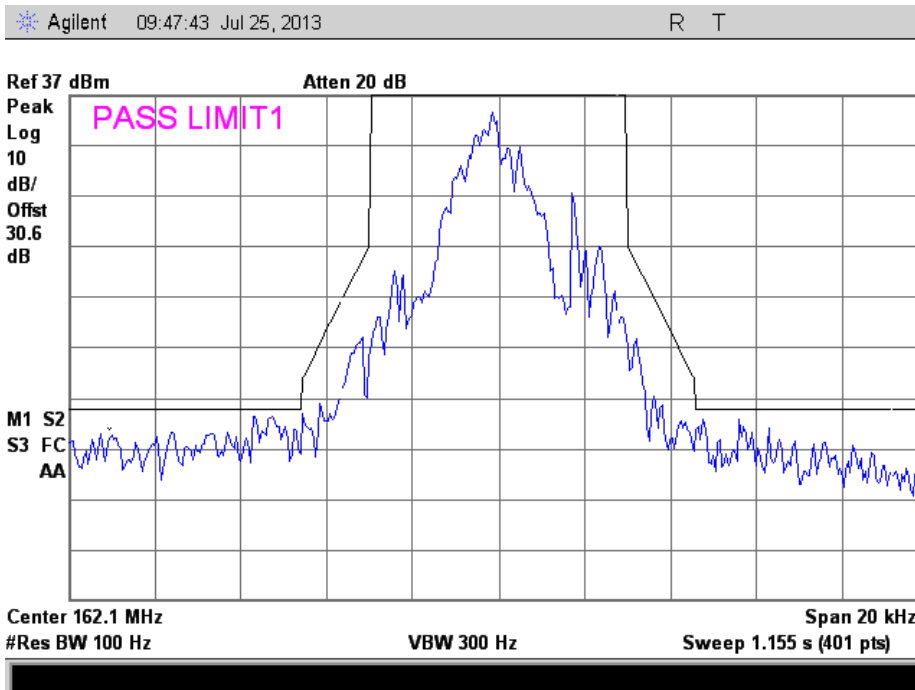


### 162.05 MHz

#### Reference

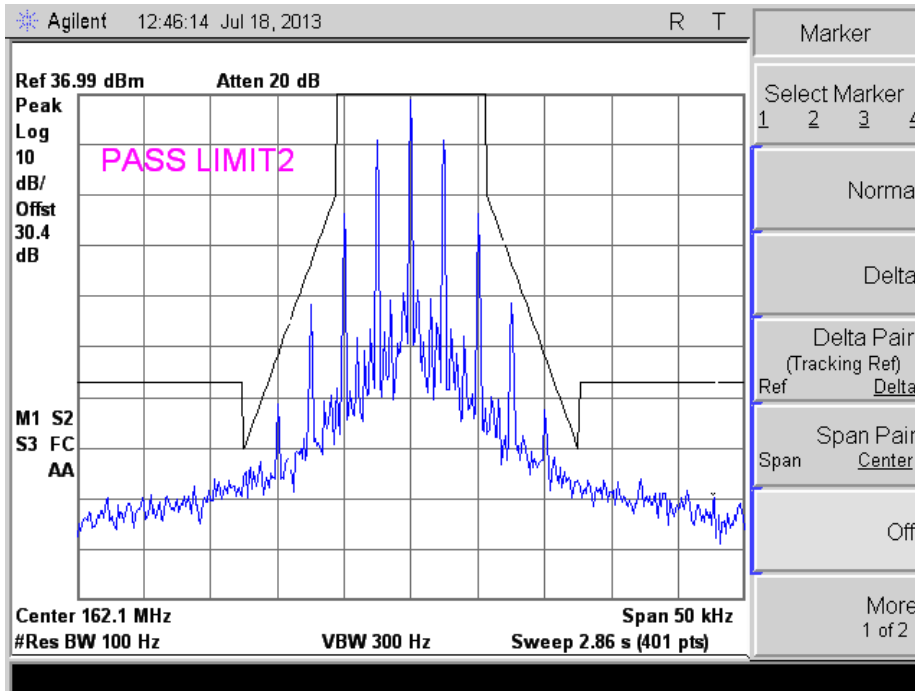


#### Mask E



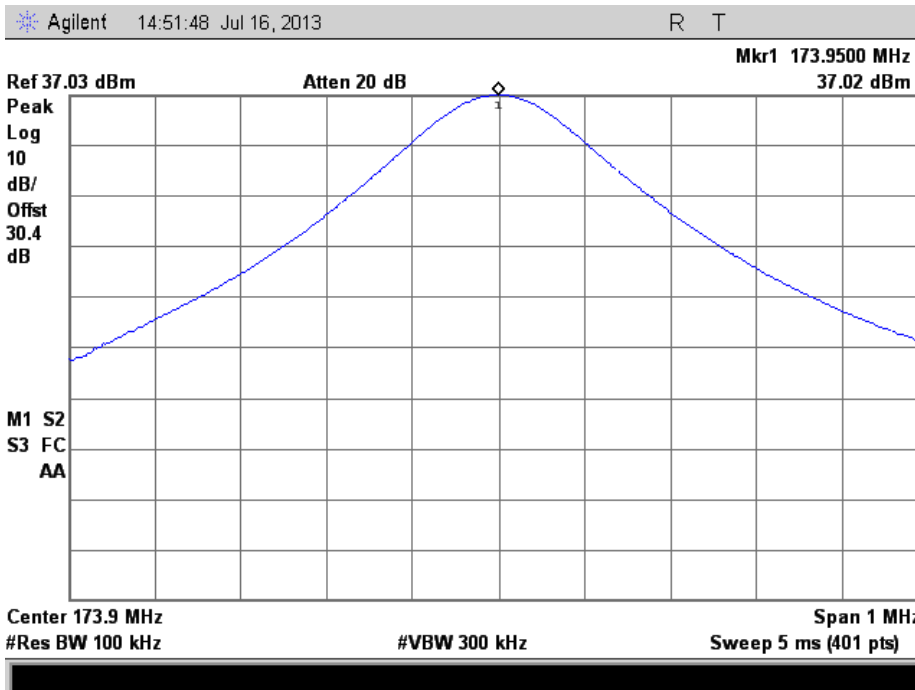


### Mask D



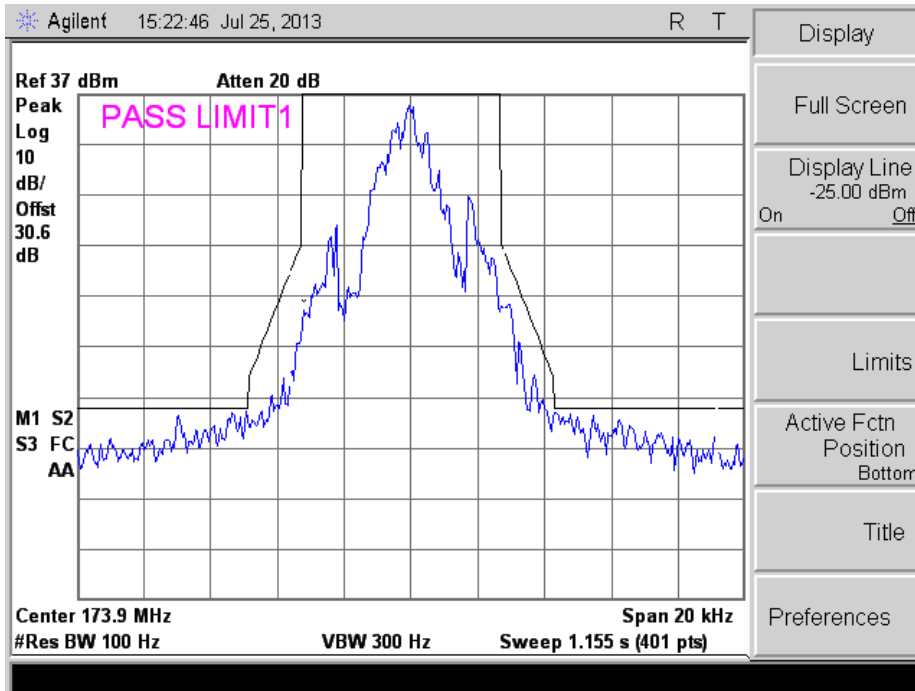
173.95 MHz

### Reference

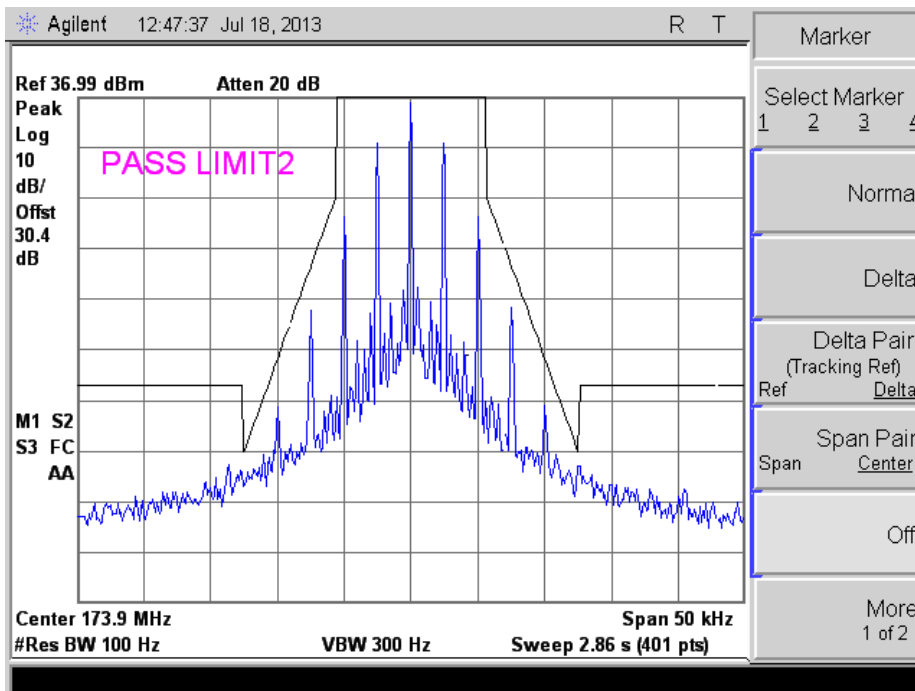




### Mask E



### Mask D





**Transient Frequency Behavior**

**Name of Test:**

Transient Frequency Behavior

**Engineer:** Alex Macon

**Test Equipment Utilized:**

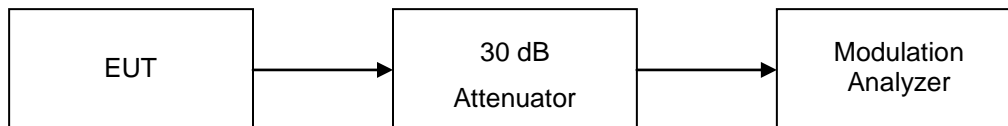
i00345

**Test Date:** 7/23/13

**Measurement Procedure**

The EUT was connected directly to a modulation analyzer through a 30 dB attenuator to verify that the EUT meets the required Transient Frequency Behavior response per the specification. The modulation analyzer is a real time spectrum analyzer with integrated demodulation, audio measurement capabilities, and timing analysis. The turn on and turn off transient timing was measured and recorded.

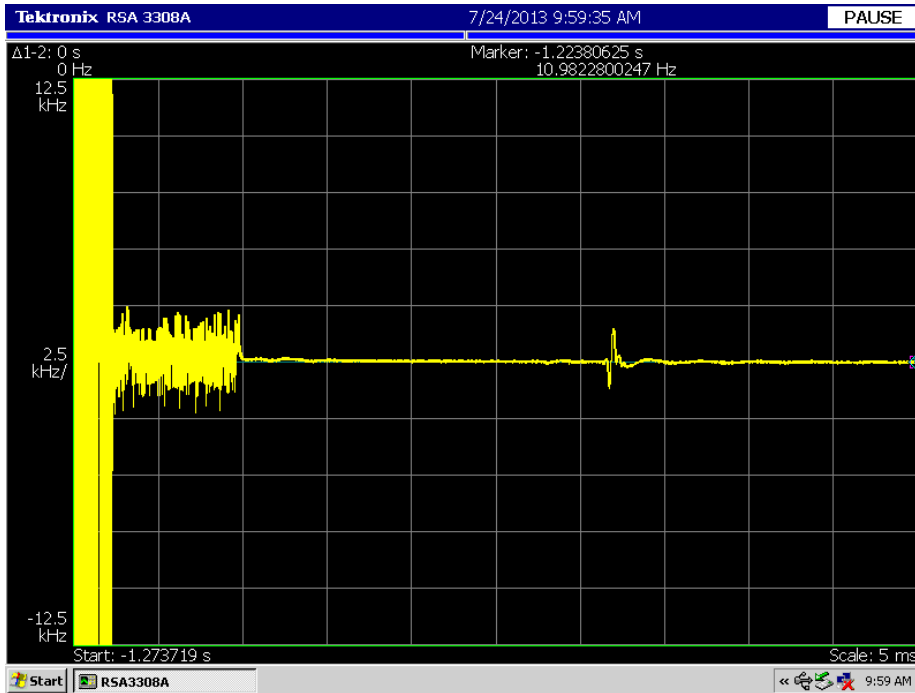
**Test Setup**



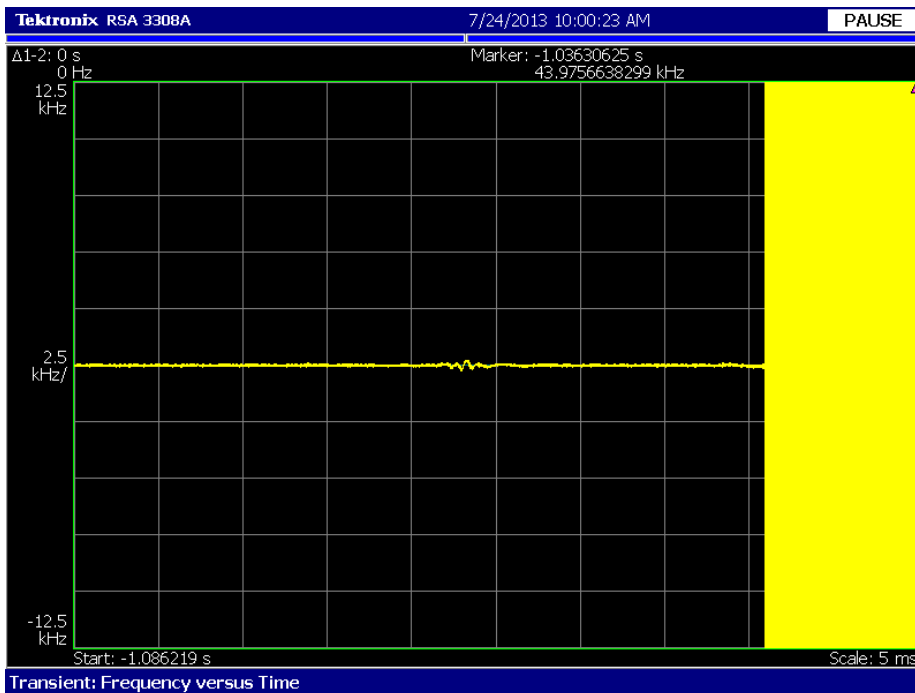




### Test Results On Time



### Test Results Off Time





### Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)

**Name of Test:**

Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)

**Engineer:** Alex Macon

**Test Equipment Utilized:**

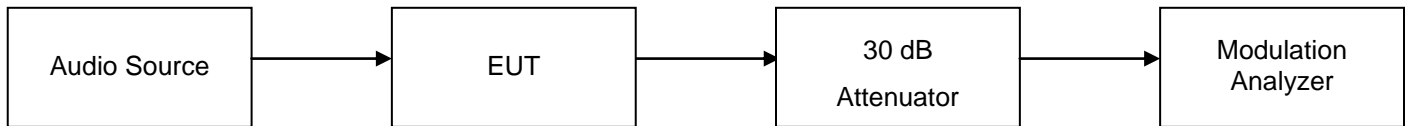
i00118, i00345

**Test Date:** 7/22/13

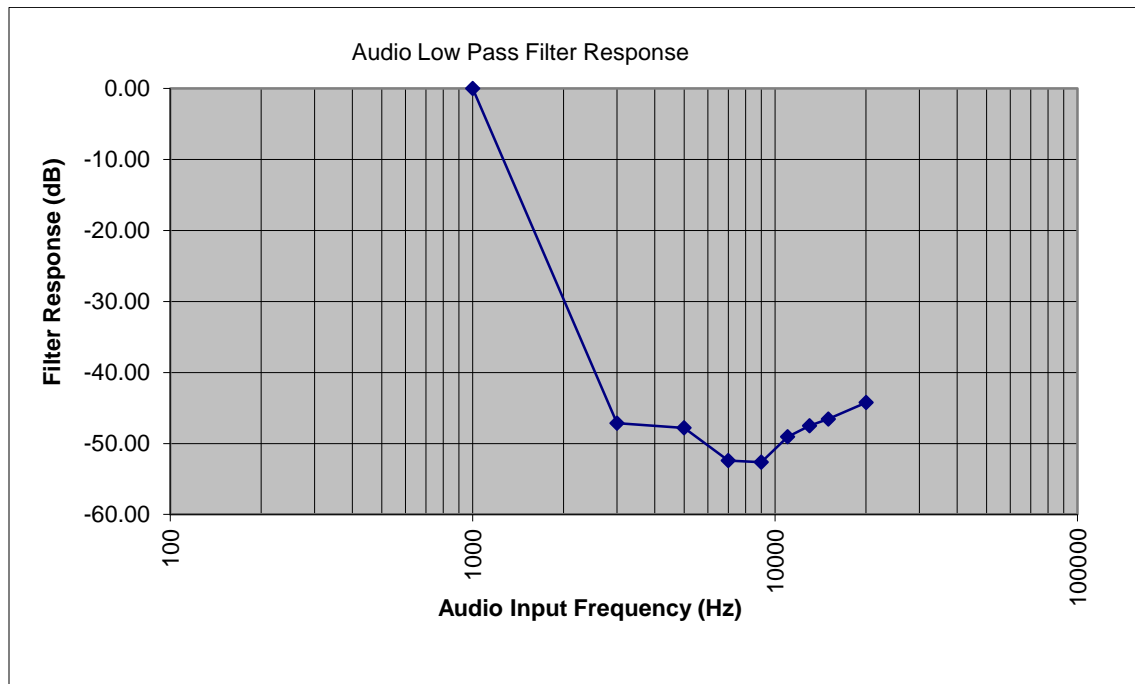
### Measurement Procedure

The EUT was connected directly to a modulation analyzer through an attenuator. The audio source was tuned across the required audio frequency range and the audio low pass filter response was measured and plotted. The modulation analyzer is a real time spectrum analyzer with integrated demodulation, audio measurement capabilities, and timing analysis.

### Test Setup



### Measurement Results



This unit is a digital radio and the roll-off for the filter is very linear in the operational band and sharp out of band.



## Audio Frequency Response

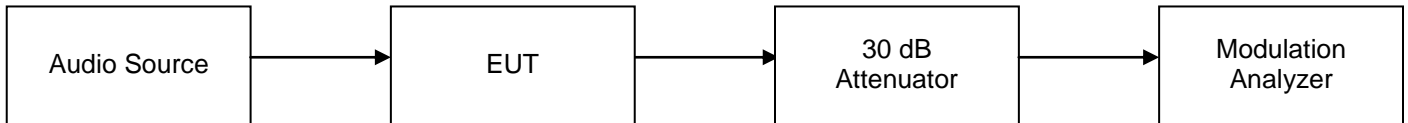
**Name of Tests:** Audio Frequency Response  
**Test Equipment Utilized:** i00118, i00345

**Engineer:** Alex Macon  
**Test Date:** 7/22/13

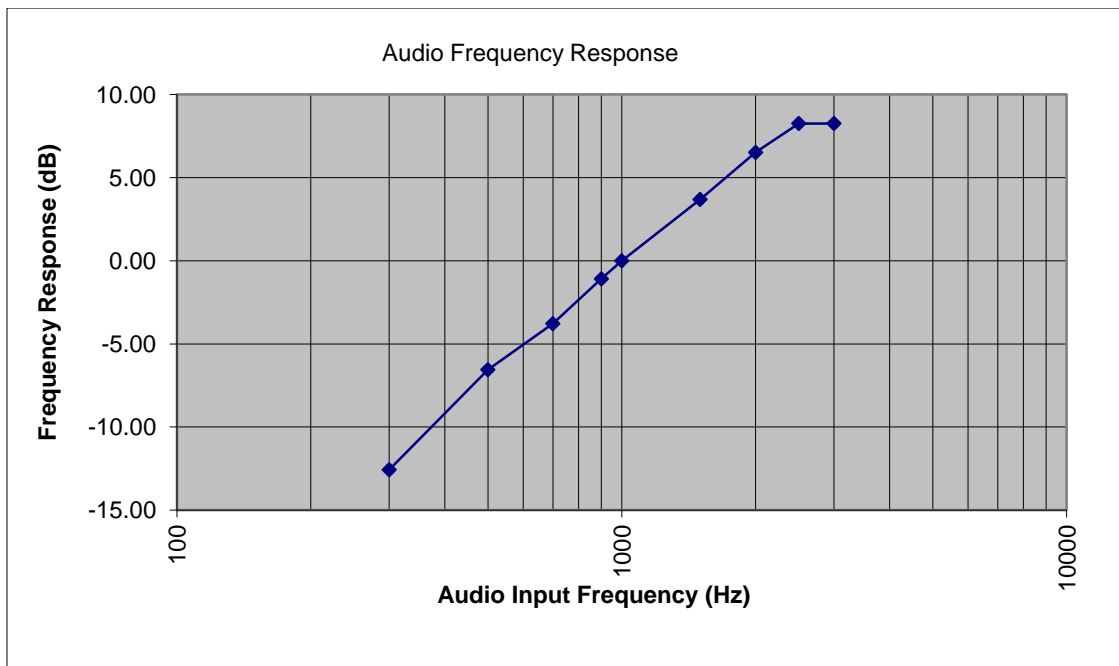
### Measurement Procedure

The EUT was connected directly to a modulation analyzer through an attenuator. The audio source was tuned across the required audio frequency range and the audio frequency response was measured and plotted. The modulation analyzer is a real time spectrum analyzer with integrated demodulation, audio measurement capabilities, and timing analysis.

### Test Setup



### Test Results





### Modulation Limiting

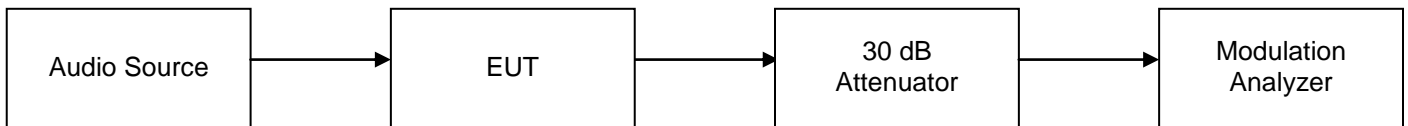
**Name of Test:** Modulation Limiting  
**Test Equipment Utilized:** i00118, i00345

**Engineer:** Alex Macon  
**Test Date:** 7/22/13

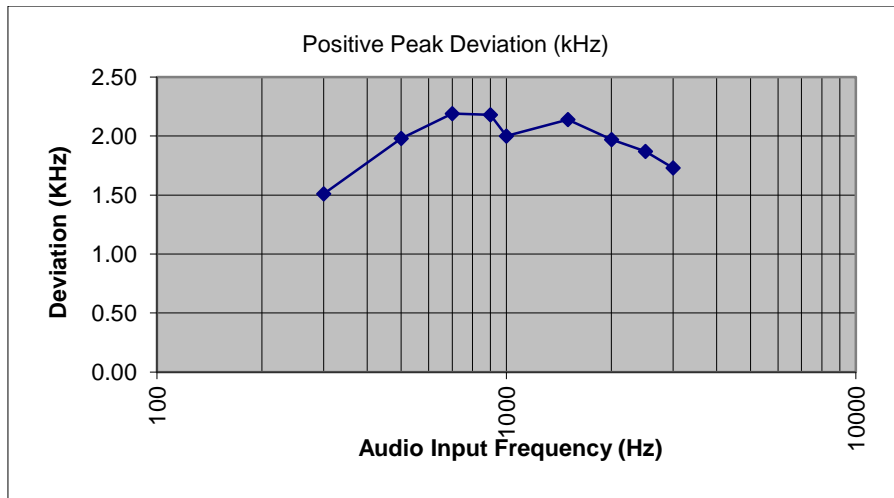
### Measurement Procedure

The EUT was connected directly to a modulation analyzer through an attenuator. The audio source was tuned across the required audio frequency range and the modulation limiting response was measured and plotted. The modulation analyzer is a real time spectrum analyzer with integrated demodulation, audio measurement capabilities, and timing analysis.

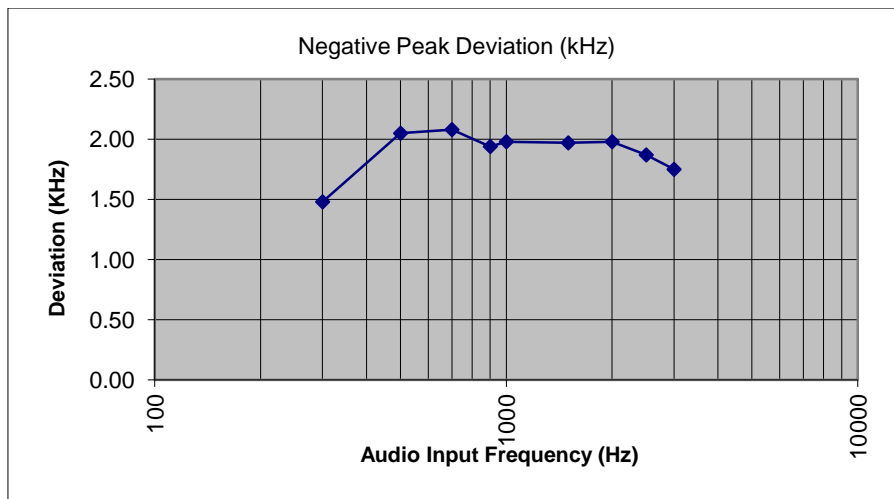
### Test Setup



### Positive Peak Deviation



### Negative Peak Deviation





### Frequency Stability

Name of Test: Frequency Stability  
Test Equipment Utilized: i00054, i00027, i00320, i00343, i00379

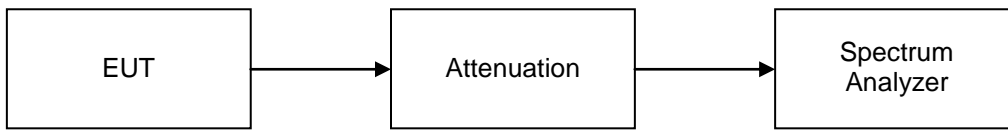
Engineer: Alex Macon  
Test Date: 7/22/13

### Measurement Procedure

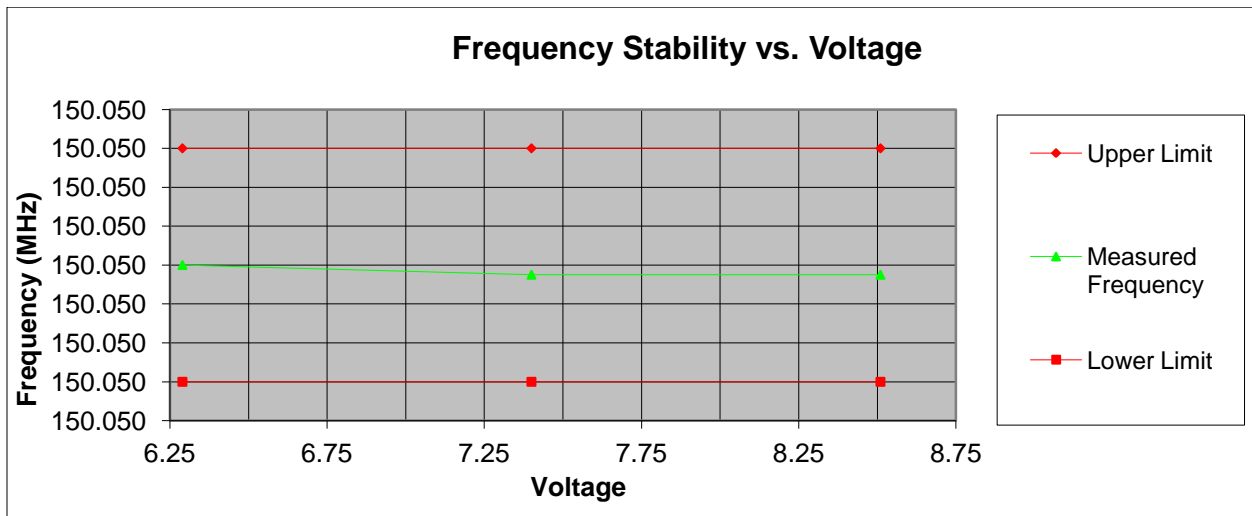
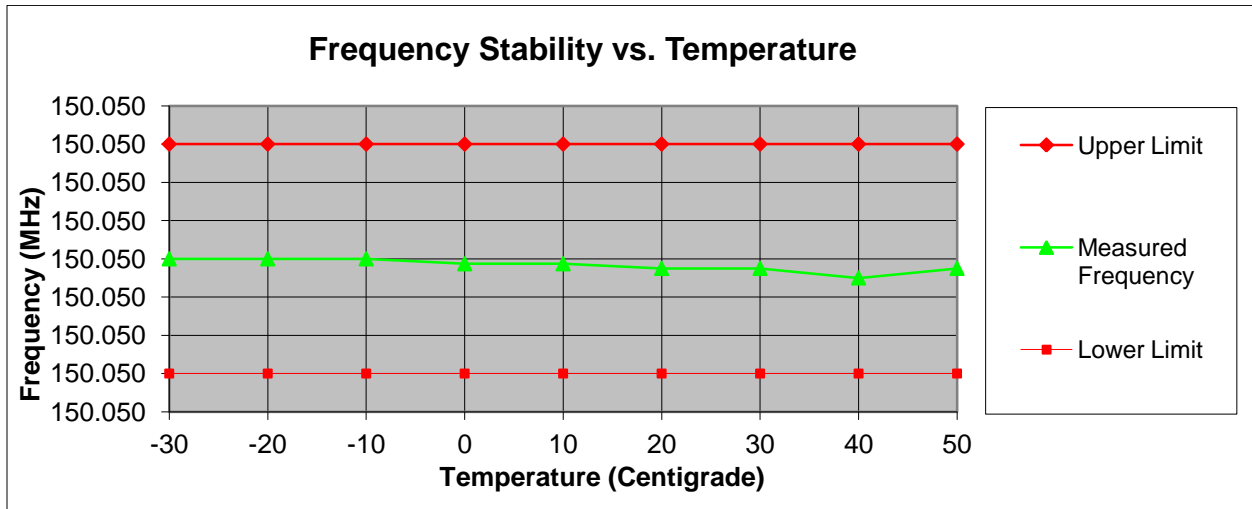
The EUT was placed in an environmental test chamber and the RF output was connected directly to a spectrum analyzer. The temperature was varied from -30°C to 50°C in 10°C increments. After a sufficient time for temperature stabilization the RF output frequency was measured. At 20°C the power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value and the RF output was measured

Tuned Frequency –  
Tolerance – 2ppm  
Upper Limit – 150.049700  
Lower Limit-150.050300

### Measurement Setup



### Measurement Results





**Necessary Bandwidth Calculations**

**Name of Test:** Necessary Bandwidth Calculations  
**Test Specification:** 2.202

**Engineer:** Alex Macon  
**Test Date:** 7/23/13

Modulation = 11K0F3E		
<b>Necessary Bandwidth Calculation:</b>		
Maximum Modulation (M), kHz	=	3
Maximum Deviation (D), kHz	=	2.5
Constant Factor (K)	=	1
Necessary Bandwidth (B <sub>N</sub> ), kHz	=	(2xM)+(2xDxK)
	=	11.0

Modulation =4K00F1E		
<b>Necessary Bandwidth Calculation:</b>		
Maximum Modulation (M), kHz	=	.75
Maximum Deviation (D), kHz	=	1.25
Constant Factor (K)	=	1
Necessary Bandwidth (B <sub>N</sub> ), kHz	=	(2xM)+(2xDxK)
	=	4.0

Modulation =4K00F1D		
<b>Necessary Bandwidth Calculation:</b>		
Data Rate (R) Kbps	=	1.0
Maximum Deviation (D), kHz	=	1.25
Necessary Bandwidth (B <sub>N</sub> ), kHz	=	2.4D+1.0R
	=	4.0



Modulation =4K00F7W		
<b>Necessary Bandwidth Calculation:</b>		
Data Rate (R) Kbps	=	1.806
Maximum Deviation (D), kHz	=	1.25
Signaling States	=	4
Constant Factor (K)	=	1
Necessary Bandwidth (B <sub>N</sub> ), kHz	=	$(R/\log_2 S)+2DK$
	=	8.3

Modulation =4K00F2D		
<b>Necessary Bandwidth Calculation:</b>		
Data Rate (R) Kbps	=	1.0
Maximum Deviation (D), kHz	=	1.25
Necessary Bandwidth (B <sub>N</sub> ), kHz	=	$2.4D+1.0R$
	=	4.0



## Test Equipment Utilized

Description	MFG	Model Number	CT Asset Number	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
Power Supply	HP	6286A	i00054	NCR	NCR
Temperature Chamber	Tenney	Tenney Jr.	i00027	Verified on: 7/22/13	
Function Generator	HP	33120A	i00118	Verified on: 7/22/13	
Tunable Notch Filter	Eagle	TNF-1-(250-850MHz)	i00124	NCR	NCR
Bi-Log Antenna	Schaffner	CBL611C	i00267	12/19/11	12/19/13
Horn Antenna, Amplified	ARA	DRG-118/A	i00271	4/19/12	4/19/14
Humidity / Temp Meter	Newport	IBTHX-W-5	i00282	12/4/12	12/4/13
Voltmeter	Fluke	75III	i00320	2/1/13	2/1/14
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	i00331	4/23/13	4/23/14
Data Logger	Fluke	Hydra Data Bucket	i00343	12/19/12	12/19/13
Spectrum Analyzer	Tektronix	RSA3308A	i00345	10/16/12	10/16/13
EMI Analyzer	Agilent	E7405A	i00379	11/21/12	11/21/13
Thermo Hygrometer	Omega	RH81	i00408	4/15/13	4/15/15

In addition to the above listed equipment standard RF connectors and cables were utilized in the testing of the described equipment. Prior to testing these components were tested to verify proper operation.

END OF TEST REPORT