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# CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Kenwood USA Corporation 3970 Johns Creek Court, Suite 100 Suwanee, GA 30024 Dates of Test: Control Test Report Number:

June 17 & 23, 2009

SAR.20090601

FCC ID: ALH413603 Model(s): TK-3300-2

Test Sample: Engineering Unit Same as Production

Serial No.: 000000

Equipment Type: Push to Talk Transmitter

Classification: Portable Transmitter Held to Face and Next to Body

TX Frequency Range: 450 – 470 MHz
Frequency Tolerance: ± 2.5 ppm
Maximum RF Output: 33.0 dBm

Signal Modulation: FM

Antenna Type (Length): Models KRA17M

Battery: Ni-MH Model KNB-29N; Ni-Cd Model KNB-30A

Application Type: Certification FCC Rule Parts: Part 2

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1999 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003, OET Bulletin 65 Supp. C, RSS-102 and Safety Code 6 (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application has been denied FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Jay M. Moulton Vice President ACCREDITED
Certificate # 2387 01



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## 1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Kenwood USA Corporation Model TK-3300-2 FCC ID: ALH413603 with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices. The FCC have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supp. C – 2001 [4], IEEE Std.1528 – 2003 Recommended Practice [5], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

## **SAR Definition [5]**

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)





# 2. SAR Measurement Setup

## **Robotic System**

The measurements are conducted utilizing the ALSAS-10-U automated dosimetric assessment system. The ALSAS-10-U is designed and manufactured by Aprel Laboratories in Nepean, Ontario, Canada. The system utilizes a Robcomm 3 robot manufactured by ThermoCRS located in Michigan USA.

## **System Hardware**

The system consists of a six axis articulated arm, controller for precise probe positioning (0.05 mm repeatability), a power supply, a teach pendent for teaching area scans, near field probe, an IBM Pentium  $4^{\text{TM}}$  2.66 GHz PC with Windows XP  $\text{Pro}^{\text{TM}}$ , and custom software developed to enable communications between the robot controller software and the host operating system.

An amplifier is located on the articulated arm, which is isolated from the custom designed end effector and robot arm. The end effector provides the mechanical touch detection functionality and probe connection interface. The amplifier is functionally validated within the manufacturer's site and calibrated at NCL Calibration Laboratories. A Data Acquisition Card (DAC) is used to collect the signal as detected by the isotropic e-field probe. The DAC manufacturer calibrates the DAC to NIST standards. A formal validation is executed using all mechanical and electronic components to prove conformity of the measurement platform as a whole.

# **System Description**

The ALSAS-10-U has been designed to measure devices within the compliance environment to meet all recognized standards. The system also conforms to standards, which are currently being developed by the scientific and manufacturing community.

The course scan resolution is defined by the operator and reflects the requirements of the standard to which the device is being tested. Precise measurements are made within the predefined course scan area and the values are logged.

The user predefines the sample rate for which the measurements are made so as to ensure that the full duty-cycle of a pulse modulation device is covered during the sample. The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output for the probe.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \bullet \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$



The Aprel E-Field probe is evaluated to establish the diode compression point.

A complex algorithm is then used to calculate the values within the measured points down to a resolution of 1mm. The data from this process is then used to provide the co-ordinates from which the cube scan is created for the determination of the 1 g and 10 g averages.

Cube scan averaging consists of a number of complex algorithms, which are used to calculate the one, and ten gram averages. The basis for the cube scan process is centered on the location where the maximum measured SAR value was found. When a secondary peak value is found which is within 60% of the initial peak value, the system will report this back to the operator who can then assess the need for further analysis of both the peak values prior to the one and ten-gram cube scan averaging process. The algorithm consists of 3D cubic Spline, and Lagrange extrapolation to the surface, which form the matrix for calculating the measurement output for the one and ten gram average values. The resolution for the physical scan integral is user defined with a final calculated resolution down to 1mm.

In-depth analysis for the differential of the physical scanning resolution for the cube scan analysis has been carried out, to identify the optimum setting for the probe positioning steps, and this has been determined at 8mm increments on the X, & Y planes. The reduction of the physical step increment increased the time taken for analysis but did not provide a better uncertainty or return on measured values.

The final output from the system provides data for the area scan measurements, physical and splined (1mm resolution) cube scan with physical and calculated values (1mm resolution).

The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the ALSAS-10-U used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left( e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2} \right)$$

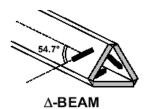
The probe used during the measurement process has been assessed to provide values for diode compression. These values are calculated during the probe calibration exercise and are used in the mathematical calculations for the assessment of SAR.

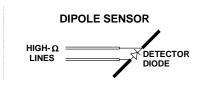
#### **E-Field Probe**

The E-field probe used by RF Exposure Lab, LLC, has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropic, and boundary effect. The probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below right.









The SAR is assessed with the probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (Z height). The diagram above right shows how the center of the sensor is defined with the location of the diode placed at the center of the dipole. The 5mm default in the Z axis is the optimum height for assessing SAR where the boundary effect is at its least, with the probe located closest to the phantom surface (boundary).

The manufacturer specified precision of the robot is  $\pm$  0.05 mm and the precision of the APREL bottom detection device is  $\pm$  0.1 mm. These precisions are calibrated and tested in the manufacturing process of the bottom detection device. A constant distance is maintained because the surface of the phantom is dynamically detected for each point. The surface detection algorithm corrects the position of the robot so that the probe rests on the surface of the phantom. The probe is then moved to the measurement location 2.44 mm above the phantom surface resulting in the probe center location to be at 4.0 mm above the phantom surface. Therefore, the probe sensor will be at 4.0 mm above the phantom surface  $\pm$  0.1 mm for each SAR location for frequencies below 3 GHz. The probe is moved to the measurement location 1.44 mm above the phantom surface resulting in the probe center location to be at 2.0 mm above the phantom surface. Therefore, the probe sensor will be at 2.0 mm above the phantom surface  $\pm$  0.1 mm for each SAR location for frequencies above 3 GHz.

The probe boundary effect compensation cannot be disabled in the ALSAS-10U testing system. The probe tip will always be at least half a probe tip diameter from the phantom surface. For frequencies up to 3 GHz, the probe diameter is 5 mm. With the sensor offset set at 1.54 mm (default setting), the sensor to phantom gap will be 4.0 mm which is greater than half the probe tip diameter. For frequencies greater than 3 GHz, the probe diameter is 3 mm. With the sensor offset set at 0.56 mm (default setting), the sensor to phantom gap will be 3.0 mm which is greater than half the probe tip diameter.

The separation of the first 2 measurement points in the zoom scan is specified in the test setup software. For frequencies below 3 GHz, the user must specify a zoom scan resolution of less than 6 mm in the z-axis to have the first two measurements within 1 cm of the surface. The z-axis is set to 4 mm as shown on each of the data sheets in Appendix B. For frequencies above 3 GHz, the user must specify a zoom scan resolution of less than 3 mm in the z-axis to have the first two measurements within 5 mm of the surface. The z-axis is set to 2 mm as shown on each of the data sheets in Appendix B.

The zoom scan volume for devices  $\leq 3$  GHz with a cube scan of 5x5x8 yields a volume of 32x32x28 mm<sup>3</sup>. For devices > 3 GHz and < 4.5 GHz, the cube scan of 9x9x9 yields a volume of 32x32x24 mm<sup>3</sup>. For devices  $\geq 4.5$  GHz, the cube scan of 7x7x12 yields a volume of 24x24x22 mm<sup>3</sup>.





# 3. Robot Specifications

## **Specifications**

Positioner: ThermoCRS, Robot Model: Robocomm 3

Repeatability: 0.05 mm

No. of axis: 6

## **Data Acquisition Card (DAC) System**

#### **Cell Controller**

Processor: Pentium 4<sup>™</sup> Clock Speed: 2.66 GHz

Operating System: Windows XP Pro™

#### **Data Converter**

Features: Signal Amplifier, End Effector, DAC

Software: ALSAS 10-U Software

## E-Field Probe

Model: Various See Probe Calibration Sheet
Serial Number: Various See Probe Calibration Sheet
Construction: Triangular Core Touch Detection System

Frequency: 10MHz to 6GHz

#### **Phantom**

Phantom: Uniphantom, Right Phantom, Left Phantom







# 4. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.



# 5. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

#### **SAM Phantom**



The Aprel system utilizes three separate phantoms. Each phantom for SAR assessment testing is a low loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropomorphic data of the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM phantom shell is bisected along the mid sagittai plane into right and left halves. The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom half is extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth of 15 cm that is sufficient to minimize reflections from the upper surface [5]. See photos in Appendix C.

## **Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization**

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a glycol based chemical and saline solution. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following tables. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

**Table 5.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue** 

Ingradianta		Simulating Tissue			
Ingredients		450 MHz Brain	450 MHz Muscle		
Mixing Percentage					
Water		38.56	51.16		
Sugar		56.32	46.78		
Salt		3.95	1.49		
HEC		0.98	0.52		
Bactericide		0.19	0.05		
DGBE		0.00	0.00		
Dielectric Constant	Target	43.50	56.70		
Conductivity (S/m) Target		0.87	0.94		

#### **Device Holder**



In combination with the SAM phantom, the mounting device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can easily, accurately, and repeatably be positioned according to the FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and uni-phantom).



## 6. Definition of Reference Points

#### **Ear Reference Point**

Figure 6.2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 6.1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

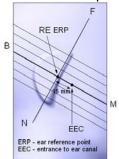


Figure 6.1 Close-up side view of ERP's



Figure 6.2 Front, back and side view of SAM

#### **Device Reference Points**

Two imaginary lines on the device need to be established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device is placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 6.3). The "test device reference point" is than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device is positioned so that the "vertical centerline" is bisecting the front surface of the device at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point [5].

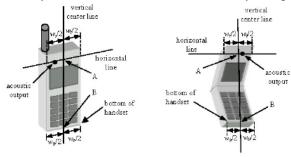


Figure 6.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points



# 7. Test Configuration Positions

## Positioning for Cheek/Touch [5]

1. Position the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 7.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the device is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Figure 7.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

- 2. Translate the device towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the device touches the ear.
- 3. While maintaining the device in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).
- 4. Rotate the device around the vertical centerline until the device (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- 5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE and maintaining the device contact with the ear, rotate the device about the line NF until any point on the device is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). See Figure 7.2.

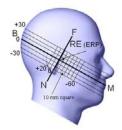


Figure 7.2 Side view w/ relevant markings





## Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt [5]

With the test device aligned in the Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the device, retracted the device parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degrees.
- 2. Rotate the device around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the device, move the device parallel to the reference plane until any part of the device touches the head. (In this position, point A is located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the device shall be reduced. The tilted position is obtained when any part of the device is in contact with the ear as well as a second part of the device is in contact with the head (see Figure 7.3).



Figure 7.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position





## **Body Worn Configurations**

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the accessories attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then, when multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration where a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. All test position spacings are documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worst-case positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements are included in the user's manual.





# 8. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1999 RF Exposure Limits [2]

#### **Uncontrolled Environment**

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

#### **Controlled Environment**

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Table 8.1 Human Exposure Limits** 

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>1</sup> Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR <sup>2</sup> Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>3</sup> Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.





# 9. Measurement Uncertainty

Exposure Assessment Measurement Uncertainty

		sessment M			01100	rtainty	
Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c <sub>i</sub> 1 (1- g)	c <sub>i</sub> <sup>1</sup> (10- g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	•3	(1-	(1-	1.5	1.5
		J		cp) 1/2	cp) 1/2		
Hemispherical	10.9	rectangular	•3	•cp	•cp	4.4	4.4
Isotropy		_		_	_		
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	•3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	•3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	•3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	•3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	•3	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition	3.0	rectangular	•3	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	rectangular	•3	1	1	0.2	0.2
Mech.							
Restriction		_					
Probe Positioning	2.9	rectangular	•3	1	1	1.7	1.7
with respect to							
Phantom Shell						0 1	0 1
Extrapolation and	3.7	rectangular	•3	1	1	2.1	2.1
Integration	4 0	normal	1	1	1	4 0	4 0
Test Sample Positioning	4.0	normai	1	1	1	4.0	4.0
Device Holder	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Uncertainty	2.0	HOLINAL	1			2.0	2.0
Drift of Output	4.2	rectangular	• 3	1	1	2.4	2.4
Power	4.2	rectangular				2.4	2.4
10,01							
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom	3.4	rectangular	•3	1	1	2.0	2.0
Uncertainty(shape &							
thickness tolerance)							
Liquid	5.0	rectangular	•3	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4
Conductivity(target)							
Liquid	0.5	normal	1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3
Conductivity(meas.)							
Liquid	5.0	rectangular	•3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4
Permittivity(target)							
Liquid	1.0	normal	1	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5
Permittivity(meas.)							
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.6	9.4
Combined Uncertainty		Normal(k=2)				19.1	18.8
(coverage factor=2)							



# 10. System Validation

#### **Tissue Verification**

**Table 10.1 Measured Tissue Parameters** 

Table 10:1 Medodred 1100de i didilictero								
		450 N	1Hz Head	450 MHz Body				
Date(s)	June 17, 2009			June 23, 2009				
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured			
Dielectric Constant: ε	43.50	43.27	56.70	56.29				
Conductivity: σ	0.87	0.87	0.94	0.95				

See Appendix A for data printout.

# **Test System Verification**

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the  $\pm 10\%$  of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is extrapolated to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 10.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Measure SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
17-Jun-2009	450 MHz	5.06	4.93	- 2.57
23-Jun-2009	450 MHz	5.05	5.05	+ 0.00

See Appendix A for data plots.

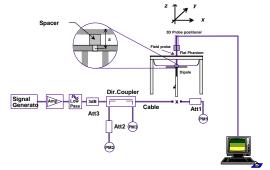


Figure 10.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup





# 11. SAR Test Data Summary See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

## **Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal**

The device was placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. When test modes are not available or inappropriate for testing a device, the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

#### **Device Test Condition**

The device is battery operated. Each SAR measurement was taken with a fully charged battery.

The testing was conducted with the device 2.5 cm face up from the phantom with head tissue in the phantom. The device was also tested with the belt clip and the mic in place with the clip set up to the phantom. The device was tested at mid channel with the antenna in combination with each battery. If the highest SAR was over 3 db less than the limit, the low and high channel was tested on only the high SAR configuration.

Channel	Measured Power
Low (1)	33.10
Mid (2)	33.08
High (3)	33.15





# SAR Data Summary –450 MHz Face Position

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
0	Amtowno	Frequ	ency		End Power	Dattama		SAR	(W/kg)	
Gap	Antenna	MHz	Ch.	Modulation	(dBm)	Battery	Measured	Drift (%)	Calculated	50% Duty Cycle
		450	1	FM	33.10		2.804	-1.607	2.849	1.43
25	KRA-17M	462	2	FM	33.08	KNB-30A	2.937	-3.985	3.054	1.53
mm	nm KRA-17W	470	3	FM	33.15		3.124	-3.900	3.246	1.62
		462	2	FM	33.08	KNB-29N	2.784	-2.341	2.849	1.43

Tissue Depth is 15 cm  $\pm$  0.5 cm.

Vice President

Brain 8.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	Battery is fully charged for a Power Measured	ll tests.  Conducted	⊠ERP	□EIRP
2.	SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration	☐Left Head ☑Head	⊠Uniphantom □Body	Right Head
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	Base Station Simu	lator
4.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A
/ N/I	Moulton			



# SAR Data Summary – 450 MHz Body With Microphone

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
	<b>A</b>	Frequ	ency	Mandadatan	End Power	D-44		SAR	(W/kg)	
Gap	Accessory	MHz	Ch.	Modulation	(dBm)	Battery	Measured	Drift (%)	Calculated	50% Duty Cycle
	Mic	462	2	FM	33.08	KNB-29N	4.654	-4.087	4.844	2.42
		450	1	FM	33.10		4.592	-4.339	4.791	2.40
0	IVIIC	462	2	FM	33.08	KNB-30A	5.125	-4.424	5.352	2.68
mm		470	3	FM	33.15		5.676	-3.561	5.878	2.94
	Headset	462	2	FM	33.08	KNB-29N	4.723	-2.615	4.847	2.42
		462	2	FM	33.08	KNB-30A	4.613	-1.974	4.704	2.35

Tissue Depth is 15 cm ± 0.5 cm.

Vice President

Brain 8.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1. Battery is fully charged for	all tests.		
Power Measured	Conducted	⊠ERP	EIRP
2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration	☐Left Head ☐Head	⊠Uniphantom ⊠Body	Right Head
3. Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Simu	ılator
4. Test Configuration	⊠With Belt Clip	Without Belt Clip	□N/A
Jay M. Moulton			





# **12.1 Test Equipment List**

**Table 12.1 Equipment Specifications** 

Туре	Calibration Due Date	Serial Number
ThermoCRS Robot	N/A	RAF0338198
ThermoCRS Controller	N/A	RCF0338224
ThermoCRS Teach Pendant (Joystick)	N/A	STP0334405
IBM Computer, 2.66 MHz P4	N/A	8189D8U KCPR08N
Aprel E-Field Probe ALS-E020	11/03/2009	RFE-215
Aprel Dummy Probe	N/A	023
Aprel Left Phantom	N/A	RFE-267
Aprel Right Phantom	N/A	RFE-268
Aprel UniPhantom	N/A	RFE-273
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-450-S-2	06/01/2011	RFE-362
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-835-S-2	02/22/2010	RFE-274
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-1900-S-2	02/21/2010	RFE-277
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-2450-S-2	02/20/2010	RFE-278
Agilent (HP) 437B Power Meter	12/01/2009	3125U08837
Agilent (HP) 8481B Power Sensor	12/02/2009	3318A05384
Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer	12/02/2009	31720068
Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator	12/01/2009	2749A10226
Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In	12/01/2009	2647A01172
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	12/01/2009	3135A01724
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	12/01/2009	2904A00595
Agilent (HP) E55125C Base Station Sim.	10/30/2010	MY48360364
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	0011
Brain Equivalent Matter (450 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Brain Equivalent Matter (835 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Brain Equivalent Matter (1900 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Brain Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (450 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (835 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (1900 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (5200 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (5800 MHz)	N/A	N/A





## 13.1 Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]





## 14.1 References

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1999, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [4] Federal Communications Commission, OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01), Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, July 2001.
- [5] IEEE Standard 1528 2003, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, October 2003.
- [6] Industry Canada, RSS 102e, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), November 2005.
- [7] Industry Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 1999.





# Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

```
****************
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Wed 17/Jun/2009 07:08:46
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH FCC OET 65 Supplement C (June 2001) Limits for Head Epsilon
        FCC OET 65 Supplement C (June 2001) Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_sH
       Epsilon of UIM
Test_e
        Sigma of UIM
Test s
*****************
                FCC_sH
0.87
        FCC_eH
Freq
                           Test_e
                                     Test_s
0.4200
        43.86
                           43.53
                                     0.85
                0.87
0.87
0.4300
        43.74
                           43.47
                                     0.85
       43.62
0.4400
                            43.39
                                     0.86
                0.87
                          43.27
       43.50
0.4500
                                    0.87
0.4600
         43.45
                  0.87
                            43.19
                                      0.88
0.4700
        43.40
                  0.87
                           43.10
                                     0.89
0.4800
        43.34
                 0.87
                           43.01
                                     0.90
```

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

```
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Tue 23/Jun/2009 07:03:25
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH FCC Bulletin 65 Supplement C ( June 2001) Limits for Head Epsilon
         FCC Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_sH
        FCC Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC Limits for Body Sigma
FCC_eB
FCC_sB
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test s
         Sigma of UIM
*****************
Freq
         FCC_eB
                    FCC sB
                              Test_e
                                         Test_s
0.4200
                    0.94
                              56.62
          57.00
                                          0.93
0.4300
          56.90
                    0.94
                               56.54
                                          0.94
                    0.94
0.4400
          56.80
                               56.41
                                          0.95
       56.70
                 0.94
0.4500
                              56.29
                                        0.95
0.4600
          56.66 0.94
                               55.21
                                          0.96
0.4700
          56.62
                     0.94
                               55.15
                                          0.97
0.4800
         56.58
                    0.94
                               55.12
                                          0.98
```





### SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 17-Jun-2009

Starting Time : 17-Jun-2009 07:14:37 AM End Time : 17-Jun-2009 07:31:39 AM Scanning Time : 1022 secs

Product Data

Device Name : Validation
Serial No. : 450
Type : Dipole
Model : ALS-D-450-S-2
Frequency : 450.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W Drift Time : 0 min(s) Length : 270 mm
Width : 3.6 mm
Depth : 166.7 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Touch

Power Drift-Start: 0.526 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.538 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : 2.278

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : HEAD Serial No. : 450 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 17-Jun-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 43.27 F/m

Sigma : 0.87 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^{2}$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV

: 1.56 mm Offset



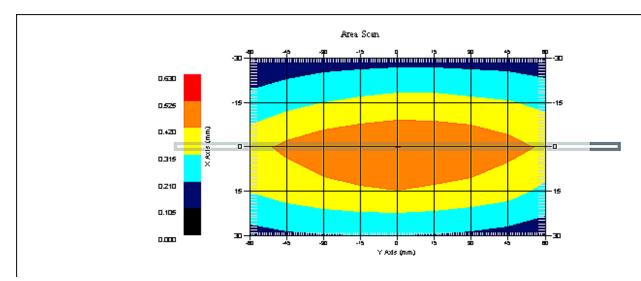
Measurement Data Crest Factor :

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 17-Jun-2009
Set-up Time : 11:01:10 AM

Area Scan : 5x9x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

DUT Position : Touch Separation : 15 mm Channel : Mid

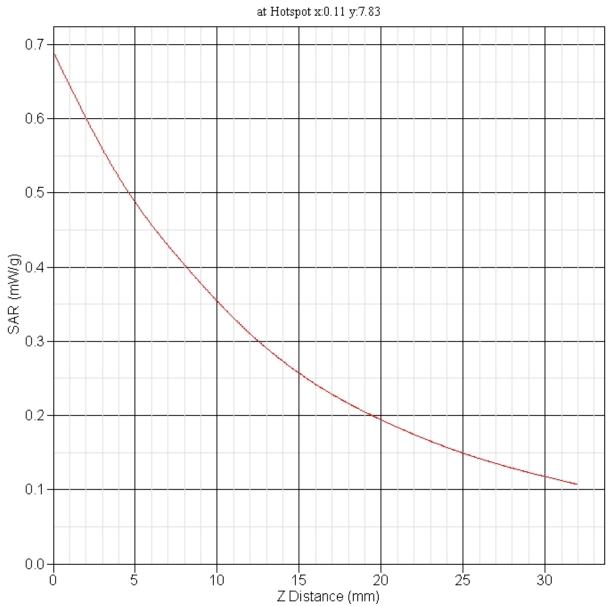


1 gram SAR value : 0.493 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.333 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.526 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.690 W/kg





# SAR-Z Axis







### SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 23-Jun-2009

Starting Time : 23-Jun-2009 07:13:02 AM End Time : 23-Jun-2009 07:29:56 AM Scanning Time : 1014 secs

Product Data

Device Name : Validation
Serial No. : 450
Type : Dipole
Model : ALS-D-450-S-2
Frequency : 450.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)

Length : 270 mm
Width : 3.6 mm
Depth : 166.7 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Touch Power Drift-Start: 0.520 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.524 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : 0.748

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : BODY
Serial No. : 450
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date : 23-Jun-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 56.29 F/m

Sigma : 0.95 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6.3

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^2$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV

: 1.56 mm Offset



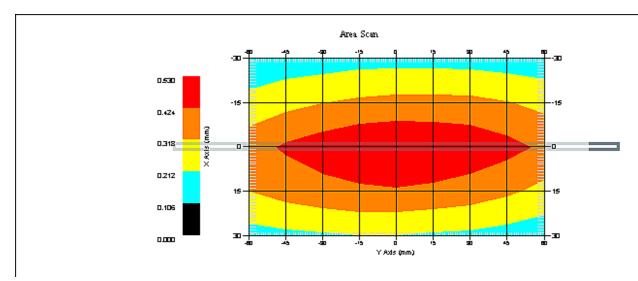
Measurement Data Crest Factor :

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 23-Jun-2009
Set-up Time : 11:01:10 AM

Area Scan : 5x9x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

DUT Position : Touch Separation : 15 mm Channel : Mid

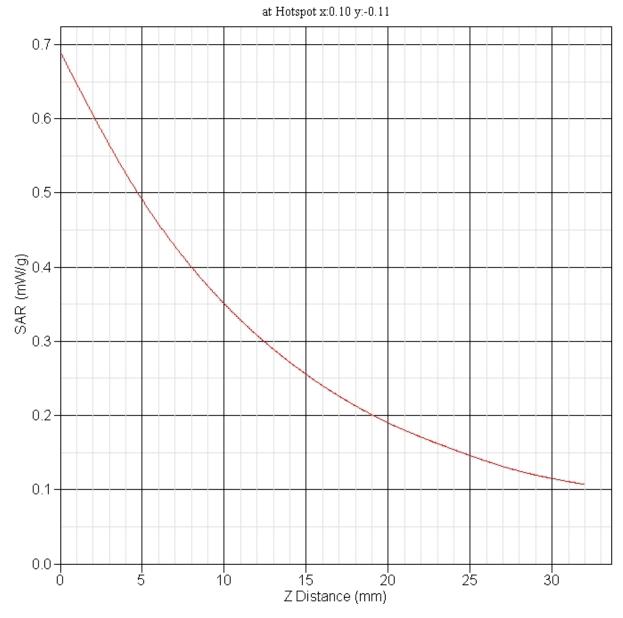


1 gram SAR value : 0.505 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.350 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.529 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.690 W/kg





SAR-Z Axis







# Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots





### SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 17-Jun-2009

Starting Time : 17-Jun-2009 02:10:42 PM End Time : 17-Jun-2009 02:31:33 PM Scanning Time : 1251 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Kenwood
Serial No. : 00000000
Mode : Wideband
Model : TK-3300-2
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 2 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)

Length : 125 mm

Width : 59 mm

Depth : 42 mm

Antenna Type : Stub - KRA-17M

Orientation : Rotated Left 90°

Power Drift-Start: 2.873 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 2.827 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -1.607

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : HEAD Serial No. : 450 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 17-Jun-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 43.27 F/m

Sigma : 0.87 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^{2}$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV

: 1.56 mm Offset



Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

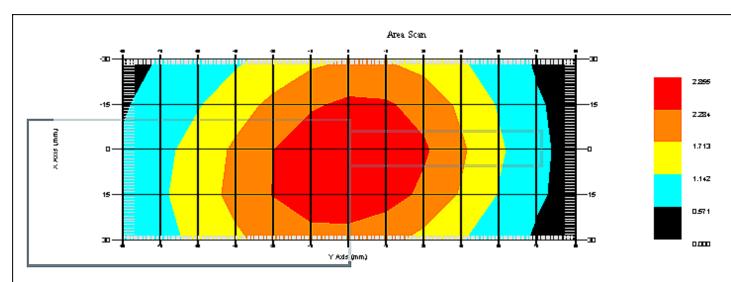
Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C Set-up Date : 17-Jun-2009 Set-up Time : 9:17:25 AM

Area Scan : 5x13x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

Battery Used : KNB-30A Separation : 25 mm Channel : Low



1 gram SAR value : 2.804 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 2.069 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 2.855 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 3.653 W/kg





### SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 17-Jun-2009

Starting Time : 17-Jun-2009 01:47:35 PM End Time : 17-Jun-2009 02:08:14 PM Scanning Time : 1239 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Kenwood
Serial No. : 00000000
Mode : Wideband
Model : TK-3300-2
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 2 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)

Length : 125 mm

Width : 59 mm

Depth : 42 mm

Antenna Type : Stub - KRA-17M

Orientation : Rotated Left 90°

Power Drift-Start: 3.118 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 2.994 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -3.985

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : HEAD Serial No. : 450 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 17-Jun-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 43.27 F/m

Sigma : 0.87 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008

Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^{2}$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV

: 1.56 mm Offset



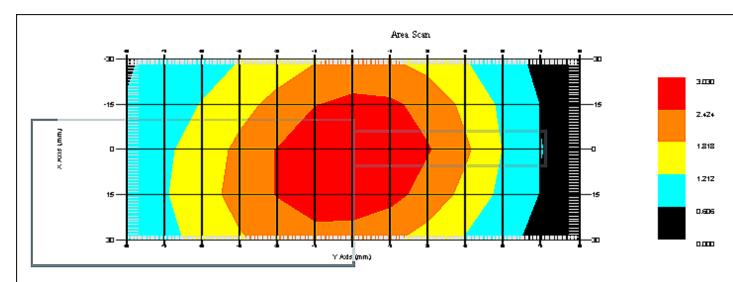
Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 17-Jun-2009
Set-up Time : 9:17:25 AM

Area Scan : 5x13x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

Battery Used : KNB-30A Separation : 25 mm Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 2.937 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 2.159 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 3.030 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 3.853 W/kg





### SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 17-Jun-2009

Starting Time : 17-Jun-2009 02:38:37 PM End Time : 17-Jun-2009 03:00:13 PM Scanning Time : 1296 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Kenwood
Serial No. : 00000000
Mode : Wideband
Model : TK-3300-2
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 2 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)

Length : 125 mm

Width : 59 mm

Depth : 42 mm

Antenna Type : Stub - KRA-17M

Orientation : Rotated Left 90°

Power Drift-Start: 3.921 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 3.768 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -3.900

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : HEAD Serial No. : 450 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 17-Jun-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 43.27 F/m

Sigma : 0.87 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^{2}$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV

: 1.56 mm Offset



Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 17-Jun-2009
Set-up Time : 7:09:33 AM

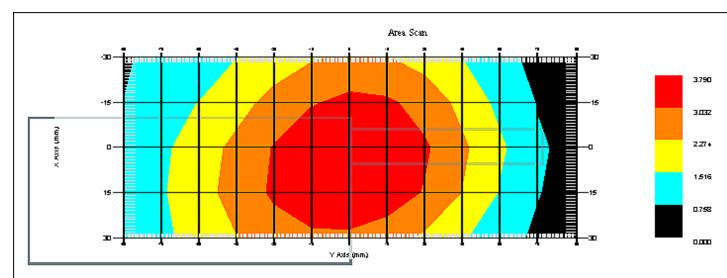
Set-up Time : 7:09:33 AM

Area Scan : 5x13x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm

Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

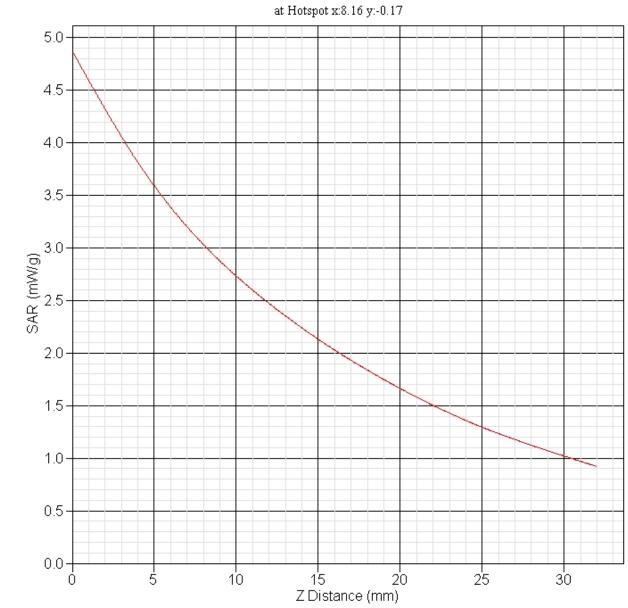
Battery Used : KNB-30A Separation : 25 mm Channel : High



1 gram SAR value : 3.124 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 2.443 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 3.790 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 4.874 W/kg



SAR-Z Axis







By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 17-Jun-2009

Starting Time : 17-Jun-2009 01:22:51 PM End Time : 17-Jun-2009 01:43:35 PM Scanning Time : 1244 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Kenwood
Serial No. : 00000000
Mode : Wideband
Model : TK-3300-2
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 2 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)

Length : 125 mm

Width : 59 mm

Depth : 42 mm

Antenna Type : Stub - KRA-17M

Orientation : Rotated Left 90°

Power Drift-Start: 2.854 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 2.787 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -2.341

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : HEAD Serial No. : 450 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 17-Jun-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 43.27 F/m

Sigma : 0.87 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^{2}$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV



Measurement Data

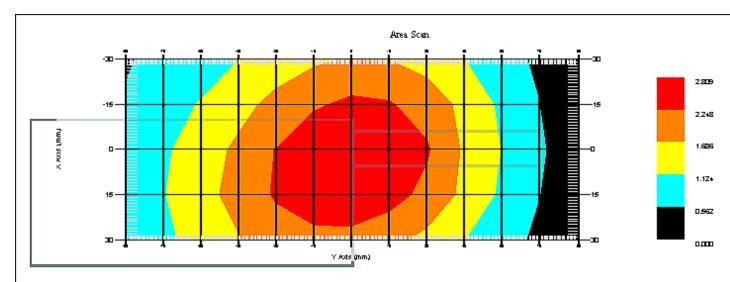
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 17-Jun-2009
Set-up Time : 9:17:25 AM

Area Scan : 5x13x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

Battery Used : KNB-29N Separation : 25 mm Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 2.784 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 2.045 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 2.809 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 3.663 W/kg





By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 23-Jun-2009

Starting Time : 23-Jun-2009 09:24:31 AM End Time : 23-Jun-2009 09:45:37 AM Scanning Time : 1266 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Kenwood
Serial No. : 00000000
Mode : Wideband
Model : TK-3300-2
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 2 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)

Length : 125 mm

Width : 59 mm

Depth : 42 mm

Antenna Type : Stub - KRA-17M

Orientation : Rotated Left 90°

Power Drift-Start: 5.100 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 4.892 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -4.078

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : BODY
Serial No. : 450
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 23-Jun-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 56.29 F/m

Sigma : 0.95 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008

Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6.3

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^2$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV



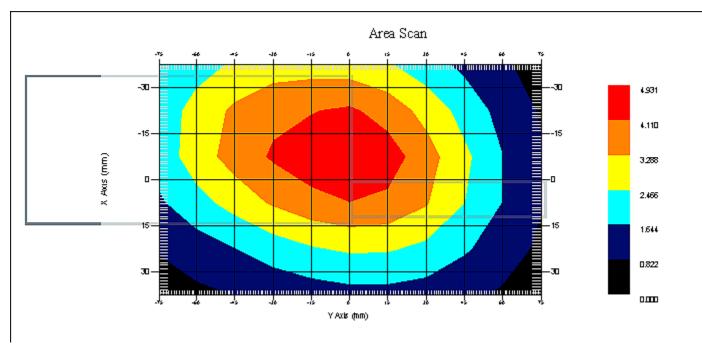
Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 23-Jun-2009
Set-up Time : 7:09:33 AM

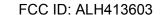
Area Scan : 6x11x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

Battery Used : KNB-29N Accessory Used : Mic Separation : 0 mm Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 4.654 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 3.357 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 4.931 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 6.265 W/kg





By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 23-Jun-2009

Starting Time : 23-Jun-2009 11:12:15 AM End Time : 23-Jun-2009 11:33:19 AM Scanning Time : 1264 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Kenwood
Serial No. : 00000000
Mode : Wideband
Model : TK-3300-2
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 2 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)

Length : 125 mm

Width : 59 mm

Depth : 42 mm

Antenna Type : Stub - KRA-17M

Orientation : Rotated Left 90°

Power Drift-Start : 5.070 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 4.850 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -4.339

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : BODY
Serial No. : 450
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date : 23-Jun-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 56.29 F/m

Sigma : 0.95 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6.3

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^2$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV



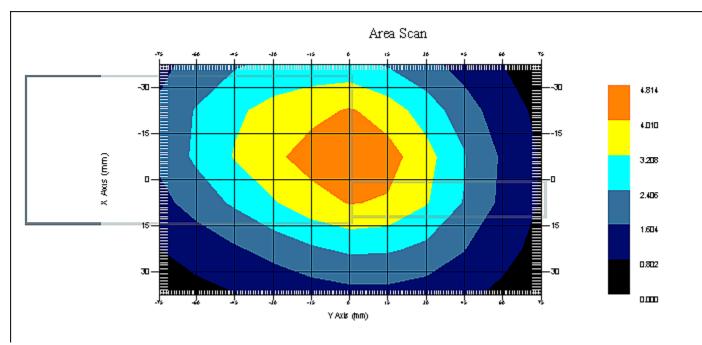
Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 23-Jun-2009
Set-up Time : 7:09:33 AM

Area Scan : 6x11x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

Battery Used : KNB-30A Accessory Used : Mic Separation : 0 mm Channel : Low



1 gram SAR value : 4.592 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 3.299 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 4.814 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 6.185 W/kg





By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 23-Jun-2009

Starting Time : 23-Jun-2009 08:42:21 AM End Time : 23-Jun-2009 09:03:35 AM Scanning Time : 1274 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Kenwood
Serial No. : 00000000
Mode : Wideband
Model : TK-3300-2
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 2 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)

Length : 125 mm

Width : 59 mm

Depth : 42 mm

Antenna Type : Stub - KRA-17M

Orientation : Rotated Left 90°

Power Drift-Start: 5.012 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 4.790 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -4.424

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : BODY
Serial No. : 450
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 23-Jun-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 56.29 F/m

Sigma : 0.95 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6.3

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^2$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV



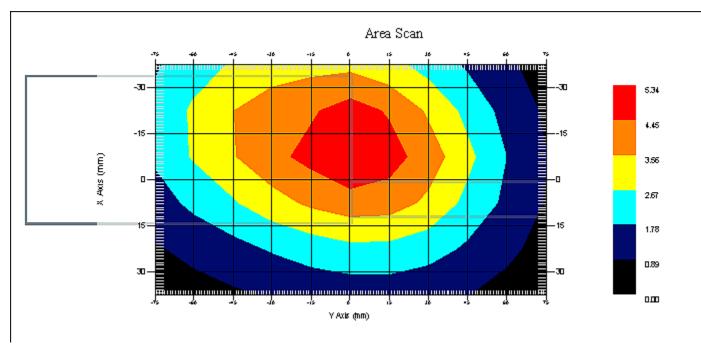
Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 23-Jun-2009
Set-up Time : 7:09:33 AM

Area Scan : 6x11x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

Battery Used : KNB-30A Accessory Used : Mic Separation : 0 mm Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 5.125 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 3.658 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 5.339 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 6.926 W/kg





By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 23-Jun-2009

Starting Time : 23-Jun-2009 12:29:25 PM End Time : 23-Jun-2009 12:50:33 PM Scanning Time : 1268 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Kenwood
Serial No. : 00000000
Mode : Wideband
Model : TK-3300-2
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 2 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)

Length : 125 mm

Width : 59 mm

Depth : 42 mm

Antenna Type : Stub - KRA-17M

Orientation : Rotated Left 90°

Power Drift-Start: 6.197 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 5.976 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -3.561

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 450
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 23-Jun-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 56.29 F/m

Sigma : 0.95 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6.3

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^2$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV



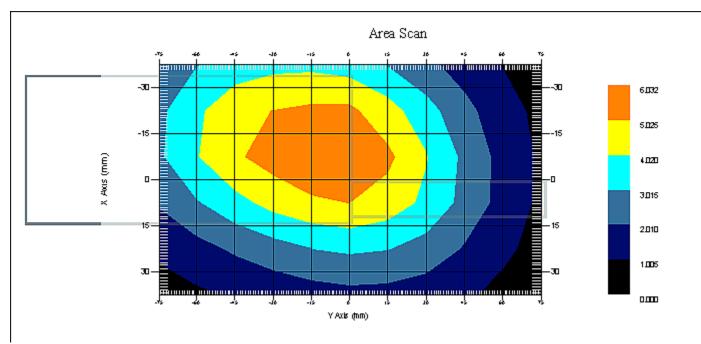
Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 23-Jun-2009
Set-up Time : 7:09:33 AM

Area Scan : 6x11x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

Battery Used : KNB-30A Accessory Used : Mic Separation : 0 mm Channel : High

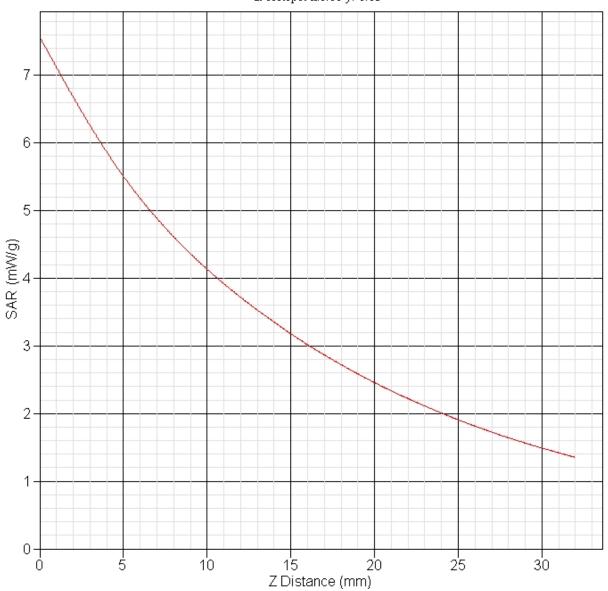


1 gram SAR value : 5.676 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 4.128 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 6.032 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 7.567 W/kg





SAR-Z Axis at Hotspot x:0.06 y:-8.13







By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 23-Jun-2009

Starting Time : 23-Jun-2009 09:48:52 AM End Time : 23-Jun-2009 10:09:45 AM Scanning Time : 1253 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Kenwood
Serial No. : 00000000
Mode : Wideband
Model : TK-3300-2
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 2 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)

Length : 125 mm

Width : 59 mm

Depth : 42 mm

Antenna Type : Stub - KRA-17M

Orientation : Rotated Left 90°

Power Drift-Start: 5.018 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 4.887 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -2.615

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : BODY
Serial No. : 450
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 23-Jun-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 56.29 F/m

Sigma : 0.95 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008

Frequency : 450.00 MHz Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6.3

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^2$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV



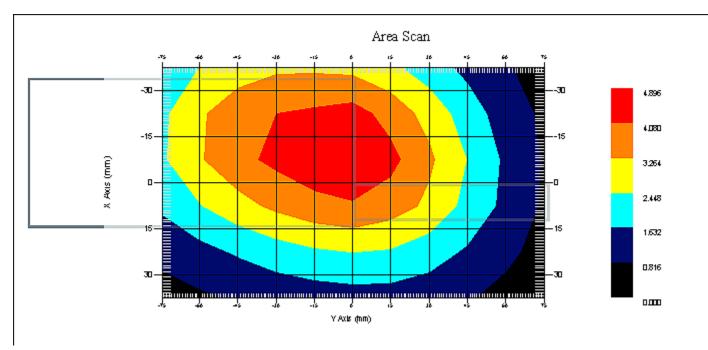
Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 23-Jun-2009
Set-up Time : 7:09:33 AM

Area Scan : 6x11x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

Battery Used : KNB-29N Accessory Used : Headset Separation : 0 mm Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 4.723 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 3.408 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 4.896 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 6.335 W/kg





By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 23-Jun-2009

Starting Time : 23-Jun-2009 10:13:30 AM End Time : 23-Jun-2009 10:34:29 AM Scanning Time : 1259 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Kenwood
Serial No. : 00000000
Mode : Wideband
Model : TK-3300-2
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 2 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)

Length : 125 mm

Width : 59 mm

Depth : 42 mm

Antenna Type : Stub - KRA-17M

Orientation : Rotated Left 90°

Power Drift-Start: 4.890 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 4.794 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -1.974

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : BODY
Serial No. : 450
Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date : 23-Jun-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 56.29 F/m

Sigma : 0.95 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6.3

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^2$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV



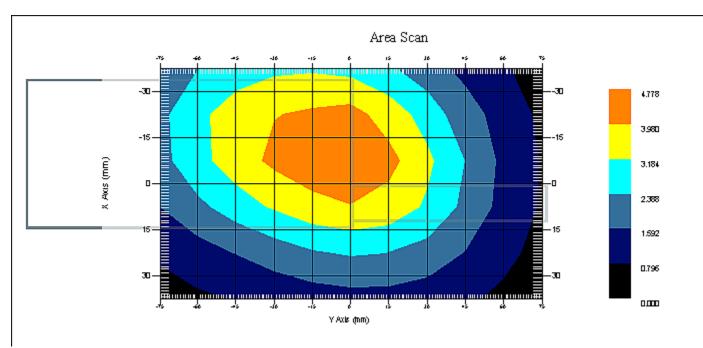
Measurement Data Crest Factor :

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 23-Jun-2009
Set-up Time : 7:09:33 AM

Area Scan : 6x11x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

Battery Used : KNB-30A Accessory Used : Headset Separation : 0 mm Channel : Mid



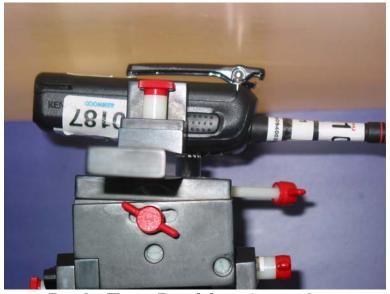
1 gram SAR value : 4.613 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 3.331 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 4.778 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 6.215 W/kg



# **Appendix C – SAR Test Setup Photos**



Held to Face Test Position 2.5 cm Gap



**Body Test Position 0 cm Gap** 





**Front of Device** 

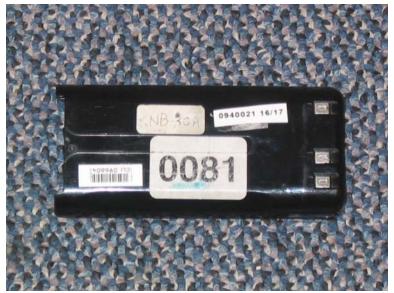


**Back Of Device** 





Ni-MH Battery KNB-29N



**Ni-CD Battery KNB-30A** 





**Microphone Accessory** 



**Headset Accessory** 





**KRA-17M Antenna** 





# **Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets**

### **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Calibration File No.: CP-926

Client.: RFEL

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe 450 MHz

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 215

**Head Calibration** 

Calibration Procedure: SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2

Project No: RFEL-00150-CAL-5367

Calibrated: 3<sup>rd</sup> November 2008 Released on: 3<sup>rd</sup> November 2008

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary
This calibration has been conducted in line with the SCC SO-IEC 17025 Scope of Accreditation
Accredited Laboratory Number 48

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

51 SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA K2R 1E6 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 820-4161

#### Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure. The results contained within this report are for APREL E-Field Probe E-020 215.

#### References

SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure

IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

IEEE 1309 "IEEE Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9 KHz to 40 GHz" 2005

SSI-TP-011 Tissue Calibration Procedure

IEC 62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from handheld and body-mounted wireless communication devices –Human models, instrumentation and procedures Part 1 & 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 200MHz to 3GHz)"

#### **Conditions**

Probe 215 was a re-calibration and received in good order.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5 °C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this probe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

**Stuart Nicol** 

Jesse Hones

## **Calibration Results Summary**

**Probe Type**: E-Field Probe E-020

Serial Number: 215

Frequency: 450 MHz

Sensor Offset: 1.56 mm

Sensor Length: 2.5 mm

Tip Enclosure: Ertalyte\*

**Tip Diameter:** <5 mm

**Tip Length:** 60 mm

Total Length: 290 mm

## Sensitivity in Air

 Channel X:
  $1.2 \, \mu V/(V/m)^2$  

 Channel Y:
  $1.2 \, \mu V/(V/m)^2$  

 Channel Z:
  $1.2 \, \mu V/(V/m)^2$ 

**Diode Compression Point:** 95 mV

<sup>\*</sup>Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

## **Sensitivity in Head Tissue Measured**

Frequency: 450 MHz

**Epsilon:** 43.33 (+/-5%) **Sigma:** 0.84 S/m (+/-5%)

ConvF

Channel X: 6.0

Channel Y: 6.0

Channel Z: 6.0

Tissue sensitivity values were calculated using the load impedance of the APREL Laboratories Daq-Paq.

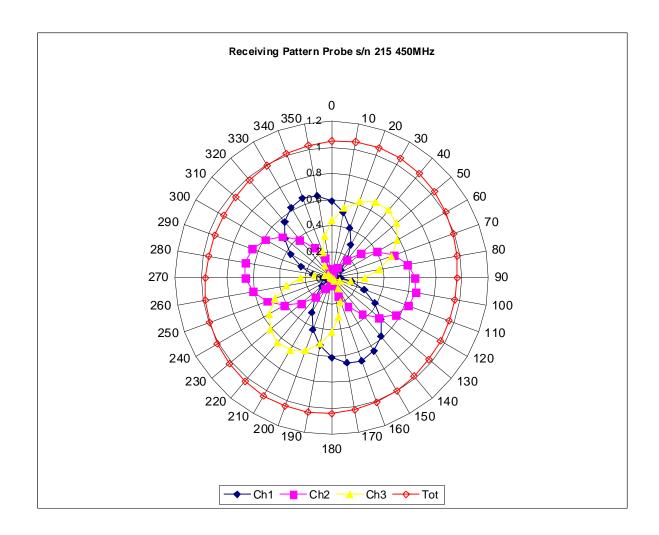
## **Boundary Effect:**

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 2.44mm.

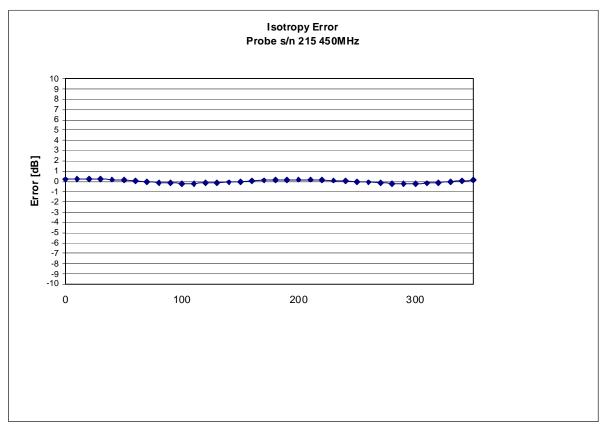
# **Spatial Resolution:**

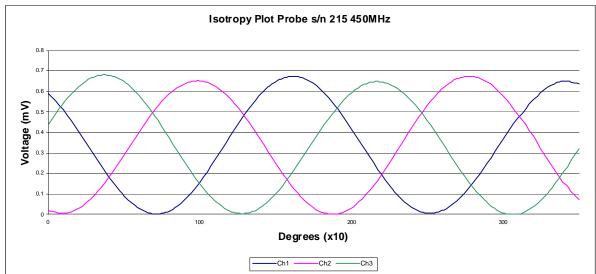
The measured probe tip diameter is 5 mm (+/- 0.01 mm) and therefore meets the requirements of SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032 for spatial resolution.

# Receiving Pattern 450 MHz (Air)



# Isotropy Error 450 MHz (Air)

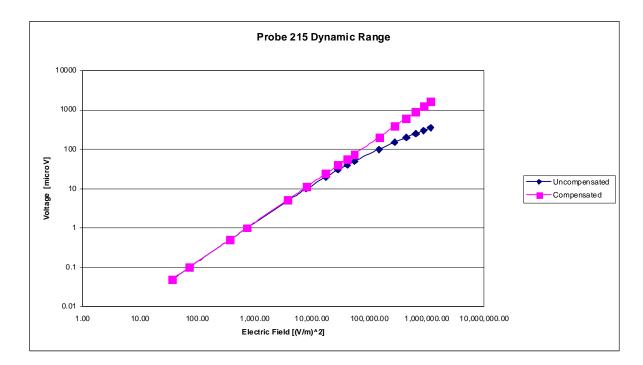




**Isotropicity Tissue:** 

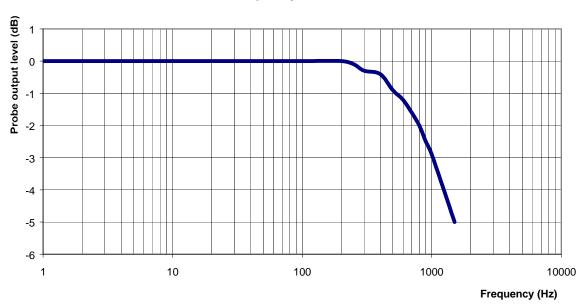
0.10 dB

# **Dynamic Range**



## **Video Bandwidth**

### **Probe Frequency Characteristics**



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

## **Conversion Factor Uncertainty Assessment Measured**

Frequency: 450 MHz

**Epsilon:** 43.33 (+/-5%) **Sigma:** 0.84 S/m (+/-5%)

ConvF

**Channel X:** 6.0 7%(K=2)

**Channel Y:** 6.0 7%(K=2)

**Channel Z:** 6.0 7%(K=2)

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M $\Omega$ .

## **Boundary Effect:**

For a distance of 2.5mm the evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2%.

## **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2008.

### **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Calibration File No.: CP-927

Client.: RFEL

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe 450 MHz

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 215

**Body Calibration** 

Calibration Procedure: SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2

Project No: RFEL-00150-CAL-5367

Calibrated: 3<sup>rd</sup> November 2008 Released on: 3<sup>rd</sup> November 2008

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary
This calibration has been conducted in line with the SCC SO-IEC 17025 Scope of Accreditation
Accredited Laboratory Number 48

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

51 SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA K2R 1E6 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 820-4161

#### Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure. The results contained within this report are for APREL E-Field Probe E-020 215.

#### References

SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure

IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

IEEE 1309 "IEEE Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9 KHz to 40 GHz" 2005

SSI-TP-011 Tissue Calibration Procedure

IEC 62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from handheld and body-mounted wireless communication devices –Human models, instrumentation and procedures Part 1 & 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 200MHz to 3GHz)"

### **Conditions**

Probe 215 was a re-calibration and was received in good order.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5 °C

Temperature of the Tissue:  $21 \,^{\circ}\text{C} + /- 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this probe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

Jesse Hones

## **Calibration Results Summary**

**Probe Type**: E-Field Probe E-020

Serial Number: 215

Frequency: 450 MHz

Sensor Offset: 1.56 mm

Sensor Length: 2.5 mm

Tip Enclosure: Ertalyte\*

**Tip Diameter:** <5 mm

**Tip Length:** 60 mm

Total Length: 290 mm

## Sensitivity in Air

 Channel X:
  $1.2 \, \mu V/(V/m)^2$  

 Channel Y:
  $1.2 \, \mu V/(V/m)^2$  

 Channel Z:
  $1.2 \, \mu V/(V/m)^2$ 

**Diode Compression Point:** 95 mV

<sup>\*</sup>Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

## **Sensitivity in Body Tissue Measured**

Frequency: 450 MHz

**Epsilon:** 56.38 (+/-5%) **Sigma:** 0.94 S/m (+/-5%)

ConvF

Channel X: 6.3

Channel Y: 6.3

Channel Z: 6.3

Tissue sensitivity values were calculated using the load impedance of the APREL Laboratories Daq-Paq.

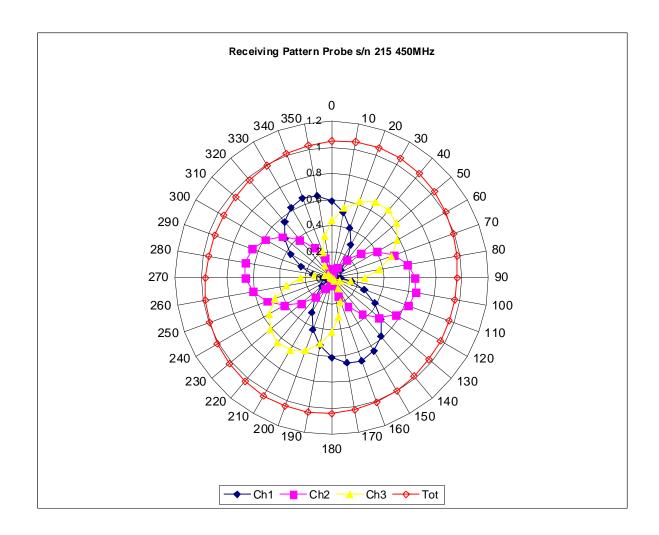
## **Boundary Effect:**

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 2.44mm.

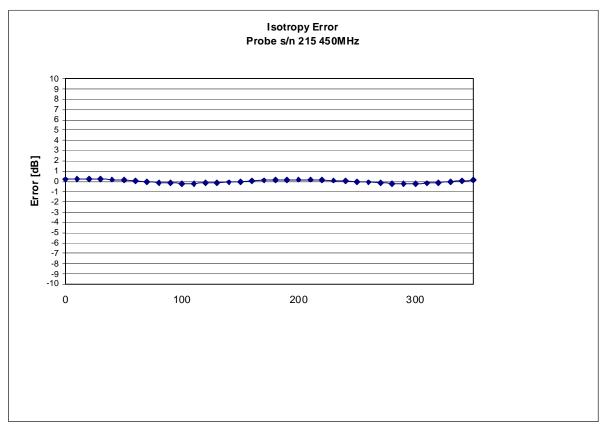
# **Spatial Resolution:**

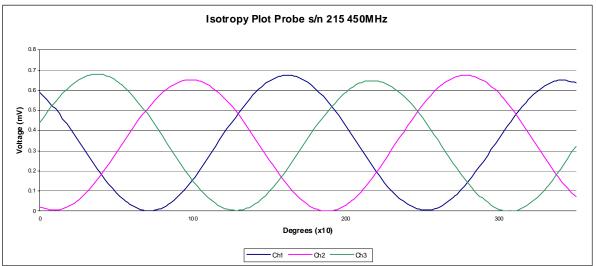
The measured probe tip diameter is 5 mm (+/- 0.01 mm) and therefore meets the requirements of SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032 for spatial resolution.

# Receiving Pattern 450 MHz (Air)



# Isotropy Error 450 MHz (Air)

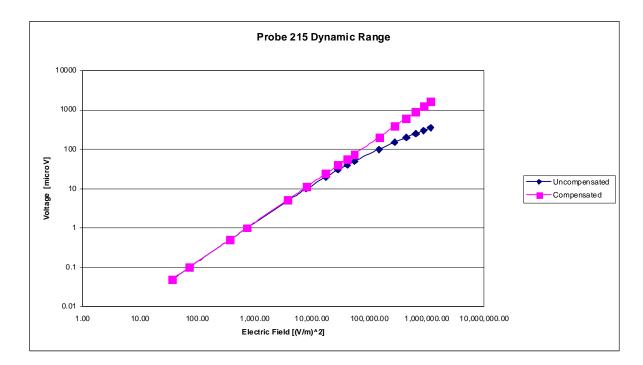




**Isotropicity Tissue:** 

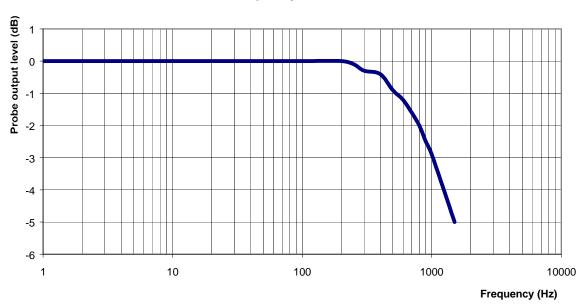
0.10 dB

# **Dynamic Range**



# **Video Bandwidth**

### **Probe Frequency Characteristics**



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

# **Conversion Factor Uncertainty Assessment Measured**

Frequency: 450 MHz

**Epsilon:** 56.38 (+/-5%) **Sigma:** 0.94 S/m (+/-5%)

ConvF

**Channel X:** 6.3 7%(K=2)

**Channel Y:** 6.3 7%(K=2)

**Channel Z:** 6.3 7%(K=2)

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M $\Omega$ .

### **Boundary Effect:**

For a distance of 2.5mm the evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2%.

# **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2008.





# **Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets**

### RF Exposure Lab, LLC

Calibration File No: CAL.20090601

### CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated at RF Exposure Lab, LLC by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

## **Validation Dipole**

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Part Number: ALS-D-450-S-2

Frequency: 450 MHz

Serial No: RFE-362

Manufactured: 12 January 2005 Calibrated: 01 June 2009

Calibrated By: Signature on File

Jay Moulton - Technical Manager

Approved By: Signature on File

Tamara Moulton – Quality Manager

Measurement Uncertainty:

Repeatability: 2.3% Tissue Uncertainty: 3.2% Network Analyzer: 2.5%



2867 Progress Place, Suite 4D Escondido, CA 92029

Tel: (760) 737-3131 FAX: (760) 737-9131



## **Calibration Results Summary**

The following results relate to the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

#### **Mechanical Dimensions**

**Length:** 270.0 mm **Height:** 166.7 mm

### **Electrical Specifications**

### **Head**

SWR: 1.1536 U Return Loss: -29.626 dB Impedance: 55.436  $\Omega$ 

### **System Validation Results**

Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram
450 MHz	5.06	3.51

### **Body**

SWR: 1.1732 U Return Loss: -28.654 dB Impedance:  $56.135 \Omega$ 

#### **System Validation Results**

Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram
450 MHz	5.05	3.50



#### **Head Measurement Conditions**

The measurements were performed in the Uni-Phantom filled with head simulating liquid of the following electrical parameters at 450 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	43.20	± 5%
Conductivity	0.89 mho/m	± 5%

The APREL Laboratories ALSAS system with a dosimetric E-field probe E-020 (SN:215, Conversion factor 6.0 at 450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from the dipole center to the solution surface.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. The dipole input power (forward power) was  $100mW \pm 3\%$ . The results are normalized to 1W input power.

The laboratories environmental conditions were as follows during the calibration sequence.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 23 °C  $\pm$  1.0 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C  $\pm$  1.0 °C

Relative Humidity: 49%



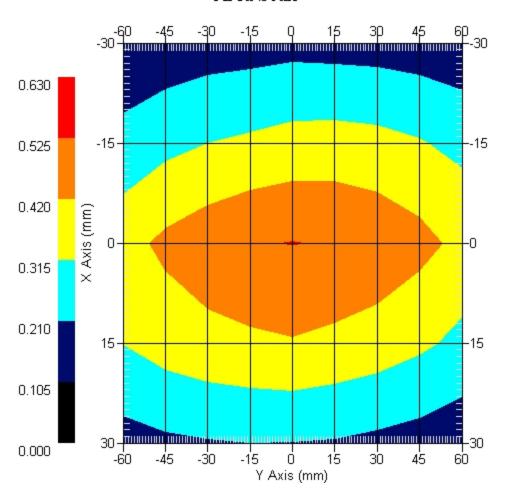
#### **SAR Measurement**

Standard SAR measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described above. The results have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR values measured with the dosimetric probe E-020 SN:215 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

Averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue: 5.06 mW/g  $\pm$  18.5% (k=2)<sup>1</sup>

Averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue:  $3.51 \text{ mW/g} \pm 18.2\% \text{ (k=2)}^1$ 

#### Area Scan



1 gram SAR value : 0.506 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.351 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.527 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.700 W/kg

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> validation uncertainty



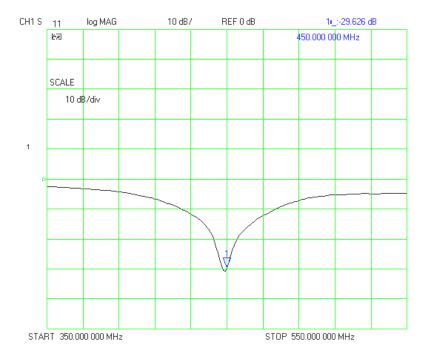
## **Dipole Impedance and Return Loss**

The impedance was measured at the SMA connector with a network analyzer. The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to measurement conditions stated above during impedance measurements.

Test	Result
S11 R/L	-29.626 dB
SWR	1.1536 U
Impedance	55.436 Ω

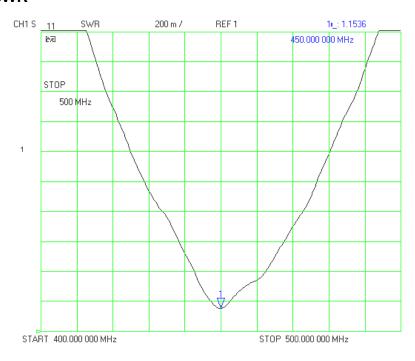
The following graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

#### **S11 Parameter Return Loss**

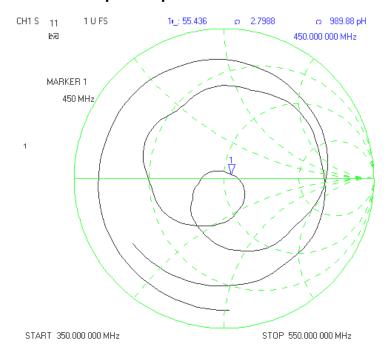




### **SWR**



# **Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**





### **Body Measurement Conditions**

The measurements were performed in the Uni-Phantom filled with body simulating liquid of the following electrical parameters at 450 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	56.51	± 5%
Conductivity	0.96 mho/m	± 5%

The APREL Laboratories ALSAS system with a dosimetric E-field probe E-020 (SN:215, Conversion factor 6.3 at 450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from the dipole center to the solution surface.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. The dipole input power (forward power) was  $100mW \pm 3\%$ . The results are normalized to 1W input power.

The laboratories environmental conditions were as follows during the calibration sequence.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 23 °C  $\pm$  1.0 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C  $\pm$  1.0 °C

Relative Humidity: 49%

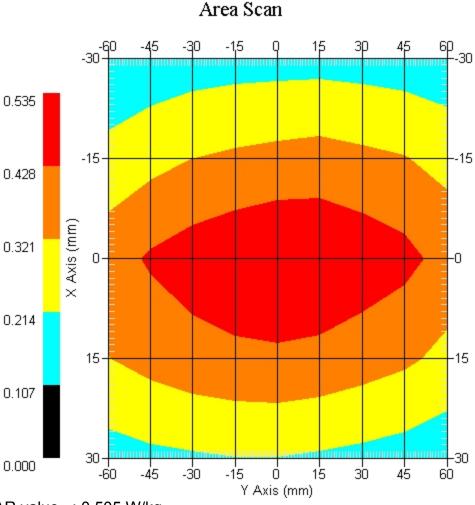


#### **SAR Measurement**

Standard SAR measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described above. The results have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR values measured with the dosimetric probe E-020 SN:215 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

Averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue:  $5.05 \text{ mW/g} \pm 19.0\% \text{ (k=2)}^{1}$ 

Averaged over 10 cm $^{3}$  (10 g) of tissue: 3.50 mW/g ± 18.7% (k=2) $^{1}$ 



1 gram SAR value : 0.505 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.350 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.533 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.690 W/kg

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> validation uncertainty



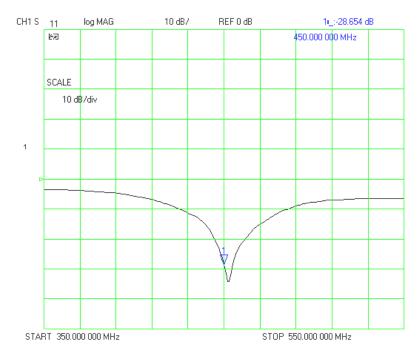
### **Dipole Impedance and Return Loss**

The impedance was measured at the SMA connector with a network analyzer. The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to measurement conditions stated above during impedance measurements.

Test	Result
S11 R/L	-28.654 dB
SWR	1.1732 U
Impedance	56.135 Ω

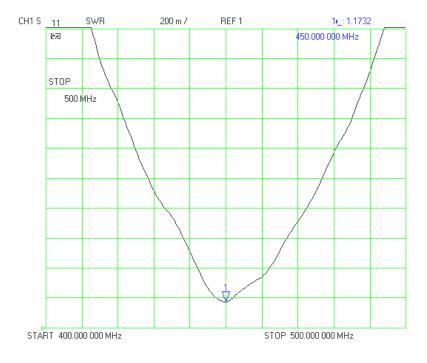
The following graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

#### **S11 Parameter Return Loss**

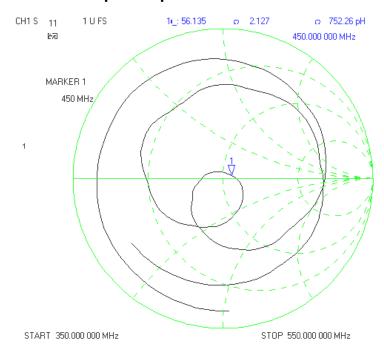


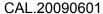


### **SWR**



# **Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**







# **Test Equipment List**

The test equipment used during Dipole Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the RF Exposure Lab, LLC system computer C:\Test Equipment\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List April 2009.





# **Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets**

# RF EXPOSURE LAB, LLC

Calibration File No.: CAL.20080601

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **RF Exposure Lab, LLC** facility by qualified personnel following recognized Procedures and using transfer standards traceable to National Standards.

Thickness of the Phantom is 6 mm ± 10%
Size: 600 mm x 450 mm x 200 mm
Ellipse of 2mm Thickness: 350 mm x 200 mm
Material: High Density Polyethylene

Resolution: 0.01 mm Calibrated to: 0.0 mm Stablity: OK Accuracy: < 0.1 mm

Calibrated by: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: June 10, 2008



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