## **Transmitter Certification**

of

FCC ID: ALH36923210 Model: TK-3202-1

to

#### **Federal Communications Commission**

Rule Part(s) 2, 22, 74, 90, 90.210, 95, Confidentiality

Date of report: December 3, 2003

## On the Behalf of the Applicant:

Kenwood USA Corporation

At the Request of:
P.O. JB-F-006

Kenwood USA Corporation Communications Division

3975 Johns Creek Court, Suite 300

Suwanee, GA 30024

Attention of: Joel E. Berger, Research & Development

JBerger@kenwoodusa.com (678) 474-4722; FAX: -4731

Supervised by: Morton Flom, P. Eng.

## **List of Exhibits**

(FCC **Certification** (Transmitters) - Revised 9/28/98)

Applicant: Kenwood USA Corporation

FCC ID: ALH36923210

# By Applicant:

1. Letter of Authorization	X	
2. Identification Drawings, 2.1033(c)(11)  x Label x Location of Label x Compliance Statement x Location of Compliance Statement		
3. Photographs, 2.1033(c)(12)	X	
4. Documentation: 2.1033(c)		
(3) User Manual	X	
(9) Tune Up Info	Х	
(10) Schematic Diagram	Х	
(10) Circuit Description	Х	
Block Diagram	Х	
Active Devices	Х	
5. Part 90.203(e) & (g) Attestation		
6. SAR Report by Celltech Labs Inc.		

## By M.F.A. Inc.:

A. Testimonial & Statement of Certification

## The Applicant has been cautioned as to the following:

#### 15.21 **Information to the User**.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### 15.27(a) **Special Accessories**.

Equipment marketed to a consumer must be capable of complying with the necessary regulations in the configuration in which the equipment is marketed. Where special accessories, such as shielded cables and/or special connectors are required to enable an unintentional or intentional radiator to comply with the emission limits in this part, the equipment must be marketed with, i.e. shipped and sold with, those special accessories. However, in lieu of shipping or packaging the special accessories with the unintentional or intentional radiator, the responsible party may employ other methods of ensuring that the special accessories are provided to the consumer, without additional charge.

Information detailing any alternative method used to supply the special accessories for a grant of equipment authorization or retained in the verification records, as appropriate. The party responsible for the equipment, as detailed in § 2.909 of this chapter, shall ensure that these special accessories are provided with the equipment. The instruction manual for such devices shall include appropriate instructions on the first page of text concerned with the installation of the device that these special accessories must be used with the device. It is the responsibility of the user to use the needed special accessories supplied with the equipment.

# **Table of Contents**

Rule	Description	Page
	Test Report	1
2.1033(c)	General Information Required	2
2.1033(c)(14)	Rule Summary	6
	Standard Test Conditions and Engineering Practices	7
2.1046(a)	Carrier Output Power (Conducted)	8
2.1046(a)	ERP Carrier Power (Radiated)	10
2.1051	Unwanted Emissions (Transmitter Conducted)	11
2.1053(a)	Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	15
2.1049(c)(1)	Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)	19
90.214	Transient Frequency Behavior	24
2.1047(a)	Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)	30
2.1047(a)	Audio Frequency Response	33
2.1047(b)	Modulation Limiting	35
2.1055(a)(1)	Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)	38
2.1055(b)(1)	Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)	41
2.202(g)	Necessary Bandwidth and Emission Bandwidth	42

Page Number 1 of 42.

Required information per ISO/IEC Guide 25-1990, paragraph 13.2:

a) Test Report

b) Laboratory: M. Flom Associates, Inc.

(FCC: 31040/SIT) 3356 N. San Marcos Place, Suite 107

(Canada: IC 2044) Chandler, AZ 85225

c) Report Number: d03c0015

d) Client: Kenwood USA Corporation

Communications Division

3975 Johns Creek Court, Suite 300

Suwanee, GA 30024

e) Identification: TK-3202-1

FCC ID: ALH36923210

EUT Description: UHF/FM Transceiver

f) EUT Condition: Not required unless specified in individual tests.

g) Report Date: December 3, 2003 EUT Received: November 5, 2003

h, j, k): As indicated in individual tests.

i) Sampling method: No sampling procedure used.

I) Uncertainty: In accordance with MFA internal quality manual.

m) Supervised by:

Morton Flom, P. Eng.

n) Results: The results presented in this report relate only to the item tested.

o) Reproduction: This report must not be reproduced, except in full, without written

permission from this laboratory.

2 of 42.

## **List of General Information Required for Certification**

In Accordance with FCC Rules and Regulations, Volume II, Part 2 and to

2, 22, 74, 90, 90.210, 95

Sub-part 2.1033

 $\overline{(c)(1)}$ : Name and Address of Applicant:

Kenwood USA Corporation Communications Division 3975 Johns Creek Court, Suite 300 Suwanee, GA 30024

Manufacturer:

Kenwood Electronics Technologies PTE Ltd. 1 Ang Mo Kio Street 63 Singapore 569110

(c)(2): <b>FCC ID</b> :	ALH36923210
Model Number:	TK-3202-1
(c)(3): Instruction Manual(s):	
Please see attached exhibits	
(c)(4): <b>Type of Emission</b> :	16K0F3E, 11K0F3E
(c)(5): Frequency Range, MHz:	450 to 490
(c)(6): <b>Power Rating, Watts</b> : Switchable x Variable	1 to 4 N/A
FCC Grant Note:	BF - The output power is continuously variable from the value listed in this entry to 20%-25% of the value listed.
(c)(7): Maximum Power Rating, Watts:	300
DUT Results:	Passes x Fails

3 of 42.

#### **Information for Push-To-Talk Devices**

Type and number of antenna to be used for this device:

2 Stubby, Whip

Maximum antenna gain for antenna indicated above:

0 dBd

Can this device sustain continuous operation with respect to its hardware capabilities and allowable operating functions?

No, 50% Duty Cycle Factor

Other hardware or operating restrictions that could limit a person's RF Exposure:

See Manual

Source-based time-averaging (see 2.1093 of rules) applicable to reduce the average output power:

Nο

If device has headset and belt-clip accessories that would allow body-worn operations, what is the minimum separation distance between the antenna and the user's body in this operating configuration?

1.5 cm

Can device access wire-line services to make phone calls, either directly or through an operator?

No

Can specific operating instructions be given to users to eliminate any potential RF Exposure concerns for both front-of-the-face and body-worn operating configurations?

See Owner's Manual

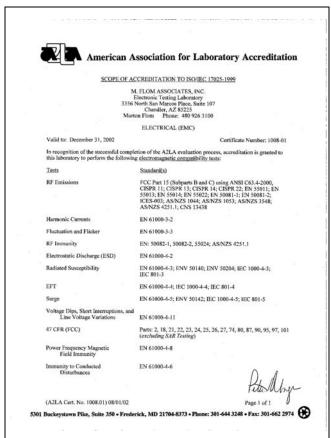
Other applicable information the applicant may provide that can serve as effective means for ensuring RF Exposure compliance:

See Owner's Manual

4 of 42.

M. Flom Associates, Inc. is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Association (A2LA) as shown in the scope below.





"This laboratory is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) and the results shown in this report have been determined in accordance with the laboratory's terms of accreditation unless stated otherwise in the report."

Should this report contain any data for tests for which we are not accredited, or which have been undertaken by a subcontractor that is not A2LA accredited, such data would not covered by this laboratory's A2LA accreditation.

5 of 42.

## Subpart 2.1033 (continued)

(c)(8): Voltages & currents in all elements in final RF stage, <u>including final transistor or solid-state</u> <u>device</u>:

Collector Current, A = 1.8 Collector Voltage, Vdc = 7.5 Supply Voltage, Vdc = 7.5

## (c)(9): **Tune-Up Procedure**:

Please see attached exhibits

## (c)(10): **Circuit Diagram/Circuit Description**:

Including description of circuitry & devices provided for determining and stabilizing frequency, for suppression of spurious radiation, for limiting modulation and limiting power.

Please see attached exhibits

#### (c)(11): Label Information:

Please see attached exhibits

#### (c)(12): **Photographs**:

Please see attached exhibits

#### (c)(13): **Digital Modulation Description**:

\_\_\_\_ Attached Exhibits x N/A

## (c)(14): **Test and Measurement Data**:

**Follows** 

Page Number 6 of 42.

Sub-part 2.1033(c)(14):

## Test and Measurement Data

All tests and measurement data shown were performed in accordance with FCC Rules and Regulations, Volume II; Part 2, Sub-part J, Sections 2.947, 2.1033(c), 2.1041, 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1079, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057 and the following individual Parts:

	21 - Domestic Public Fixed Radio Services
X	22 – Public Mobile Services
	22 Subpart H - Cellular Radiotelephone Service
	22.901(d) - Alternative technologies and auxiliary services
	22.901(d) - Alternative technologies and auxiliary services 23 - International Fixed Public Radiocommunication services 24 - Personal Communications Services
	24 – Personal Communications Services
X	74 Subpart H - Low Power Auxiliary Stations
	80 – Stations in the Maritime Services
	80 Subpart E - General Technical Standards
	80 Subpart F - Equipment Authorization for Compulsory Ships
	80 Subpart K - Private Coast Stations and Marine Utility Stations
	80 Subpart S - Compulsory Radiotelephone Installations for Small Passenger Boats
	80 Subpart T - Radiotelephone Installation Required for Vessels on the Great Lakes
	80 Subpart U - Radiotelephone Installations Required by the Bridge-to-Bridge Act
	80 Subpart E - General Technical Standards 80 Subpart F - Equipment Authorization for Compulsory Ships 80 Subpart K - Private Coast Stations and Marine Utility Stations 80 Subpart S - Compulsory Radiotelephone Installations for Small Passenger Boats 80 Subpart T - Radiotelephone Installation Required for Vessels on the Great Lakes 80 Subpart U - Radiotelephone Installations Required by the Bridge-to-Bridge Act 80 Subpart V - Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacons (EPIRB'S) 80 Subpart W - Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS)
	80 Subpart W - Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS)
	80 Subpart X - Voluntary Radio Installations
	80 Subpart W - Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS) 80 Subpart X - Voluntary Radio Installations 87 - Aviation Services 90 - Private Land Mobile Radio Services
X	
	94 – Private Operational-Fixed Microwave Service
X	95 Subpart A - General Mobile Radio Service (GMRS)
	95 Subpart C - Radio Control (R/C) Radio Service
	95 Subpart D - Citizens Band (CB) Radio Service
	95 Subpart E - Family Radio Service
	95 Subpart F - Interactive Video and Data Service (IVDS)
	97 - Amateur Radio Service
	101 – Fixed Microwave Services

7 of 42.

# Standard Test Conditions and Engineering Practices

Except as noted herein, the following conditions and procedures were observed during the testing:

In accordance with ANSI C63.4-1992/2000 Draft, section 6.1.9, and unless otherwise indicated in the specific measurement results, the ambient temperature of the actual EUT was maintained within the range of  $10^\circ$  to  $40^\circ$ C ( $50^\circ$  to 104 °F) unless the particular equipment requirements specify testing over a different temperature range. Also, unless otherwise indicated, the humidity levels were in the range of 10% to 90% relative humidity.

Prior to testing, the EUT was tuned up in accordance with the manufacturer's alignment procedures. All external gain controls were maintained at the position of maximum and/or optimum gain throughout the testing.

Measurement results, unless otherwise noted, are worst-case measurements.

Page Number 8 of 42.

Name of Test: Carrier Output Power (Conducted)

**Specification**: 47 CFR 2.1046(a)

**Guide**: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.1

**Test Equipment**: As per attached page

#### **Measurement Procedure**

- 1. The EUT was connected to a resistive coaxial attenuator of normal load impedance, and the unmodulated output power was measured by means of an RF Power Meter.
- 2. Measurement accuracy is  $\pm 3\%$ .

### **Measurement Results**

(Worst case)

Frequency of Carrier, MHz = 470.1, 450.1, 489.9Ambient Temperature =  $22^{\circ}\text{C}$  +/-  $3^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Power Setting	RF Power, Watts
Low	1
High	4

Performed by:

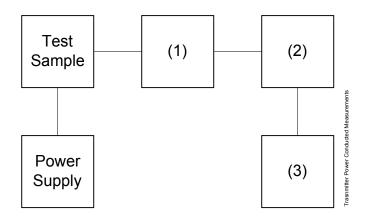
Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Damif M. Oith

9 of 42.

#### **Transmitter Power Conducted Measurements**

Test A. RF Power Output Test B. Frequency Stability



Asset Description s/n

## (1) Coaxial Attenuator

X i00231/2 PASTERNACK PE7021-30 (30 dB) 231 or 232 i00122/3 NARDA 766 (10 dB) 7802 or 7802A

## (2) **Power Meters**

X i00020 HP 8901A Power Mode 2105A01087

## (3) Frequency Counter

X i00020 HP 8901A Frequency Mode 2105A01087

Page Number 10 of 42.

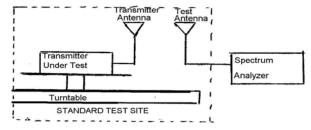
**Name of Test**: ERP Carrier Power (Radiated)

**Specification**: TIA/EIA 603A (Substitution Method)

**2.2.17.1 Definition**: The average radiated power of a licensed device is the equivalent power required, when delivered to a half-wave dipole or horn antenna, to produce at a distant point the same average received power as produced by the licensed device.

#### 2.2.17.2 Method of Measurement:

a) Connect the equipment as illustrated. Place the transmitter to be tested on the turntable in the standard test site.



- b) Raise and lower the test antenna from 1m to 6 m with the transmitter facing the antenna and record the highest received signal in dB as LVL.
- c) Repeat step b) for seven additional readings at 45° interval positions of the turntable.
- d) Replace the transmitter under test with a half-wave or horn vertically polarized antenna. The center of the antenna should be at the same location as the transmitter under test. Connect the antenna to a signal generator with a known output power and record the path loss in dB or LOSS.
- e) Calculate the average radiated output power from the readings in step c) and d) by the following:

average radiated power =  $10 \log_{10} \Sigma 10(LVL - LOSS)/10 (dBm)$ 

Results								
	450.100 MHz		470.100 MHz		470.100 MHz		489.9	900 MHz
	LVL, dbm	Path Loss, db	LVL, dbm	Path Loss, db	LVL, dbm	Path Loss, db		
0°	37.7	-2.4	37.6	-1.3	36.7	0.5		
45°	38.0	-2.4	35.7	-1.3	37.1	0.5		
90°	37.5	-2.4	37.7	-1.3	38.7	0.5		
135°	37.7	-2.4	37.3	-1.3	37.3	0.5		
180°	40.3	-2.4	37.7	-1.3	36.7	0.5		
225°	37.8	-2.4	36.3	-1.3	36.3	0.5		
270°	39.4	-2.4	38.9	-1.3	36.0	0.5		
315°	37.6	-2.4	36.8	-1.3	36.0	0.5		

 450.100 MHz
 470.100 MHz
 489.900 MHz

 Av. Radiated Power:
 35.85 dbm
 35.95 dbm
 37.35 dbm

Page Number 11 of 42.

Name of Test: Unwanted Emissions (Transmitter Conducted)

**Specification**: 47 CFR 2.1051

**Guide**: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.13

**Test Equipment**: As per attached page

#### **Measurement Procedure**

1. The emissions were measured for the worst case as follows:

- (a): within a band of frequencies defined by the carrier frequency plus and minus one channel.
- (b): from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT and to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency, or 40 GHz, whichever is lower.
- 2. The magnitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

3. Measurement Results: Attached for worst case

Frequency of carrier, MHz = 470.1, 450.1, 489.9

Spectrum Searched, GHz =  $0 \text{ to } 10 \text{ x } F_C$ 

Maximum Response, Hz = 2820

All Other Emissions = ≥ 20 dB Below Limit

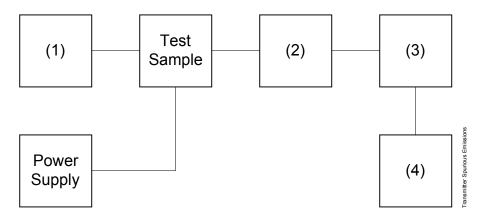
Performed by: Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

David M. Oille

12 of 42.

## **Transmitter Spurious Emission**

Test A. Occupied Bandwidth (In-Band Spurious) Test B. Out-Of-Band Spurious



3213A00104

	Asset	Description	s/n
(1) X	Audio Oso i00017	cillator/Generator	2216401752
^	i00017	HP 8903A Audio Analyzer HP 3336B Synthesizer / Level Gen.	2216A01753 1931A01465
(2)	Coaxial At	tenuator	
χ̈́		PASTERNACK PE7021-30 (30 dB)	231 or 232
	i0012/3	NARDA 766 (10 dB)	7802 or 7802A
(3)	Filters; No	tch, HP, LP, BP	
	i00126	Eagle TNF-1 Notch Filter	100-250
	i00125	Eagle TNF-1 Notch Filter	50-60
	i00124	Eagle TNF-1 Notch Filter	250-850
(4)	Spectrum	Analyzer	
X	i00048	HP 8566B Spectrum Analyzer	2511A01467

HP 8563E Spectrum Analyzer

i00029

Page Number 13 of 42.

Name of Test: Unwanted Emissions (Transmitter Conducted)

Limit(s), dBc  $-(50+10 \times LOG P) = -50 (1 \text{ Watt})$  $-(50+10 \times LOG P) = -54.8 (3 \text{ Watts})$ 

g03b0082: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 09:13:00

State: 1:Low Power		emperature: 22°C +	./ <b>-</b> 3ºC
Frequency Tuned, MHz	Frequency Emission, MHz	Level, dBm	Level, dBc
450.100000	900.206000	-36.9	-66.7
470.100000	940.201000	-37.1	-66.9
489.900000	979.810000	-41.2	-71
450.100000	1350.086000	-42.5	-72.3
470.100000	1410.232000	-53.6	-83.4
489.900000	1469.569500	-43.3	-73.1
450.100000	1800.467000	-41.6	-71.4
470.100000	1880.307000	-53	-82.8
489.900000	1959.747000	-42.5	-72.3
450.100000	2250.376000	-42.2	-72
470.100000	2350.306000	-50.9	-80.7
489.900000	2449.541000	-42.1	-71.9
450.100000	2700.775500	-43.2	-73
470.100000	2820.449000	-54.6	-84.4
489.900000	2939.449000	-44.4	-74.2
450.100000	3150.817500	-43.8	-73.6
470.100000	3290.482000	-54.3	-84.1
489.900000	3429.412000	-43.7	-73.5
450.100000	3600.887500	-43.8	-73.6
470.100000	3760.896000	-54	-83.8
489.900000	3919.138000	-44.8	-74.6
450.100000	4051.108000	-45	-74.8
470.100000	4230.655000	-54.3	-84.1
489.900000	4409.269500	-43.4	-73.2
450.100000	4500.860500	-44.6	-74.4
470.100000	4700.910500	-54.6	-84.4
489.900000	4898.972000	-44.1	-73.9
450.100000	4951.147000	-44.4	-74.2
470.100000	5171.330500	-54.1	-83.9
489.900000	5388.818500	-44.3	-74.1 -73.0
450.100000	5401.430000	-44.1	-73.9
470.100000	5641.061500	-53.3	-83.1
450.100000 489.900000	5851.101500	-37.1	-66.9
470.100000	5878.680500 6111.517000	-37.6 -47.8	-67.4 -77.6
450.100000	6301.202500	-47.6 -38.5	
489.90000	6368.757500	-36.5 -37.9	-68.3 -67.7
470.100000	6581.550500	-37.9 -47.8	-07.7 -77.6
450.100000	6751.475000	-47.8 -37.8	-77.6 -67.6
489.90000	6858.846500	-37.6 -38.5	-68.3
470.100000	7051.646500	-48.3	-78.1
489.900000	7348.743000	-46.3 -38.1	-76.1 -67.9
409.900000	/ 340./ 43000	-20.1	-07.3

Page Number 14 of 42.

Name of Test: Unwanted Emissions (Transmitter Conducted)

> $-(50+10\times LOG P) = -50 (1 Watt)$  $-(50+10\times LOG P) = -54.8 (3 Watts)$ Limit(s), dBc

g0380056: 2003-Aug-08 Fri 13:46:00 State: 2:High Power Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C

State: 2: flight Power			- 3-C
Frequency Tuned, MHz	Frequency Emission, MHz	Level, dBm	Level, dBc
450.100000	900.429000	-64.3	-75.6
460.100000	920.008000	-63.3	-74.6
469.900000	939.552000	-64.7	-76
450.100000	1350.384000	-64.2	-75.5
460.100000	1380.205000	-63	-74.3
469.900000	1409.600500	-63.6	-74.9
450.100000	1800.228000	-62.6	-73.9
460.100000	1840.158000	-63.6	-74.9
469.900000	1879.354000	-62.4	-73.7
450.100000	2250.619500	-62.4	-73.7
460.100000	2300.681000	-61	-72.3
469.900000	2349.264500	-61.6	-72.9
450.100000	2700.814500	-64.5	-75.8
460.100000	2760.761000	-64.1	-75.4
469.900000	2819.175000	-64.7	-76
450.100000	3150.767500	-65.1	-76.4
460.100000	3220.905000	-64.6	-75.9
469.900000	3289.313500	-65.2	-76.5
450.100000	3600.924000	-63.9	-75.2
460.100000	3680.962000	-65.8	-77.1
469.900000	3759.377000	-65.2	-76.5
450.100000	4050.896500	-64.7	-76
460.100000	4140.954000	-64.9	-76.2
469.900000	4228.906000	-64.9	-76.2
450.100000	4500.980500	-64	-75.3
460.100000	4600.789500	-64.6	-75.9
469.900000	4699.058000	-64.7	-76
450.100000	4951.158000	-64	-75.3
460.100000	5061.027000	-63.9	-75.2
469.900000	5168.866000	-64.1	-75.4
450.100000	5401.360000	-64.9	-76.2
460.100000	5521.262000	-65.4	-76.7
469.900000	5638.723500	-63.9	-75.2
450.100000	5851.159500	-57.8	-69.1
460.100000	5981.435500	-58	-69.3
469.900000	6108.808000	-58.6	-69.9
450.100000	6301.418000	-58	-69.3
460.100000	6441.413500	-58.7	-70
469.900000	6578.389500	-58.3	-69.6
450.100000	6751.621500	-58.2	-69.5
460.100000	6901.719000	-59	-70.3
469.900000	7048.464500	-59.1	-70.4

15 of 42.

Name of Test:

Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

Specification:

47 CFR 2.1053(a)

Guide:

ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992/2001, Paragraph 1.2.12 and Table 16, 47

CFR 22.917

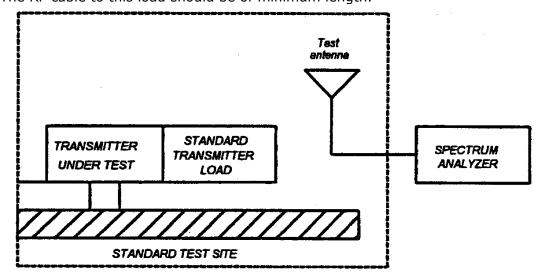
#### **Measurement Procedure**

1.2.12.1 Definition: Radiated spurious emissions are emissions

from the equipment when transmitting into a non-radiating load on a frequency or frequencies which are outside an occupied band sufficient to ensure transmission of information of required quality for the class of communications desired.

#### 1.2.12.2 Method of Measurement

- A) Connect the equipment as illustrated
- B) Adjust the spectrum analyzer for the following settings:
  - 1) Resolution Bandwidth 100 kHz (<1 GHZ), 1 MHZ (> 1GHz).
  - 2) Video Bandwidth ≥ 3 times Resolution Bandwidth, or 30 kHz (22.917)
  - 3) Sweep Speed ≤2000 Hz/second
  - 4) Detector Mode = Mean or Average Power
- C) Place the transmitter to be tested on the turntable in the standard test site. The transmitter is transmitting into a non-radiating load which is placed on the turntable. The RF cable to this load should be of minimum length.

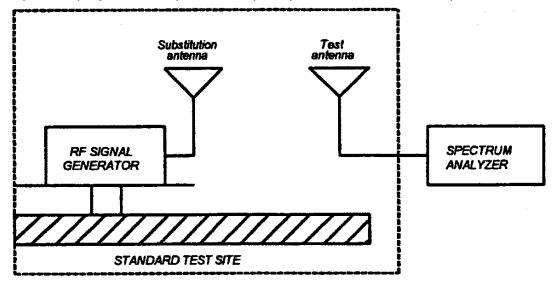


16 of 42.

Name of Test:

Field Strength of Spurious Radiation (Cont.)

- D) For each spurious measurement the test antenna should be adjusted to the correct length for the frequency involved. This length may be determined from a calibration ruler supplied with the equipment. Measurements shall be made from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment to the tenth harmonic of the carrier, except for the region close to the carrier equal to  $\pm$  the test bandwidth (see section 1.3.4.4).
- E) For each spurious frequency, raise and lower the test antenna from 1 m to 4 m to obtain a maximum reading on the spectrum analyzer with the test antenna at horizontal polarity. Repeat this procedure to obtain the highest possible reading. Record this maximum reading.
- F) Repeat step E) for each spurious frequency with the test antenna polarized vertically.



- G) Reconnect the equipment as illustrated.
- H) Keep the spectrum analyzer adjusted as in step B).
- I) Remove the transmitter and replace it with a substitution antenna (the antenna should be half-wavelength for each frequency involved). The center of the substitution antenna should be approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter. At lower frequencies, where the substitution antenna is very long, this will be impossible to achieve when the antenna is polarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna should be 0.3 m above the ground.

Page Number 17 of 42.

**Name of Test**: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation (Cont.)

- J) Feed the substitution antenna at the transmitter end with a signal generator connected to the antenna by means of a non-radiating cable. With the antennas at both ends horizontally polarized and with the signal generator tuned to a particular spurious frequency, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at the spectrum analyzer. Adjust the level of the signal generator output until the previously recorded maximum reading for this set of conditions is obtained. This should be done carefully repeating the adjustment of the test antenna and generator output.
- K) Repeat step J) with both antennas vertically polarized for each spurious frequency.
- L) Calculate power in dBm into a reference ideal half-wave dipole antenna by reducing the readings obtained in steps J) and K) by the power loss in the cable between the generator and the antenna and further corrected for the gain of the substitution antenna used relative to an ideal half-wave dipole antenna.
- M) The levels recorded in step L) are absolute levels of radiated spurious emissions in dBm. The radiated spurious emissions in dB can be calculated by the following:

Radiated spurious emissions dB =

 $10\log_{10}(TX \text{ power in watts}/0.001)$  – the levels in step I)

NOTE: It is permissible that other antennas provided can be referenced to a dipole.

	Test Equipment:						
	Asset	Description	s/n	Cycle	Last Cal		
Tra	nsducer						
•••	i00088	EMCO 3109-B 25MHz-300MHz	2336	12 mo.	Sep-03		
Χ	i00089	Aprel 2001 200MHz-1GHz	001500	12 mo.	Sep-03		
Χ	i00103	EMCO 3115 1GHz-18GHz	9208-3925	12 mo.	Jan-03		
Δm	plifier						
Χ	i00028	HP 8449A	2749A00121	12 mo.	May-03		
Spe	ectrum An	alyzer					
X	i00029	HP 8563E	3213A00104	12 mo.	May-03		
Χ	i00033	HP 85462A	3625A00357	12 mo.	Aug-03		
Sul	ostitution (	Generator					
Χ	i00067	HP 8920A Communication TS	3345U01242	12 mo.	Oct-03		
	i00207	HP 8753D Network Analyzer	3410A08514	12 mo.	Jul-03		
Mic	•	Antenna Port, and Cabling					
	Microphor		Cable Length				
		Port Terminated Yes/No	Load	Antenna	Gain		
	All Ports Terminated by Load Peripheral						

Page Number 18 of 42.

Name of Test: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

g03b0072: 2003-Nov-06 Thu 15:35:00

STATE: 2:High Power Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C

Frequency Tuned,	Frequency Emission,	ERP, dBm	ERP, dbc
MHz	MHz	,	,
450.100000	900.205000	-34.1	≤ -70.5
450.100000	1350.298630	-48.3	≤ -70.5
450.100000	1800.395000	-50.2	≤ -70.5
450.100000	2250.495000	-46.9	≤ -70.5
450.100000	2700.597500	-48.3	≤ -70.5
450.100000	3150.705833	-53.9	≤ -70.5
450.100000	3600.805833	-58	≤ -70.5
450.100000	4050.905833	-51	≤ -70.5
450.100000	4501.005833	-52.3	≤ -70.5

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 19 of 42.

Name of Test: Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)

**Specification**: 47 CFR 2.1049(c)(1)

**Guide**: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.11

**Test Equipment**: As per previous page

#### **Measurement Procedure**

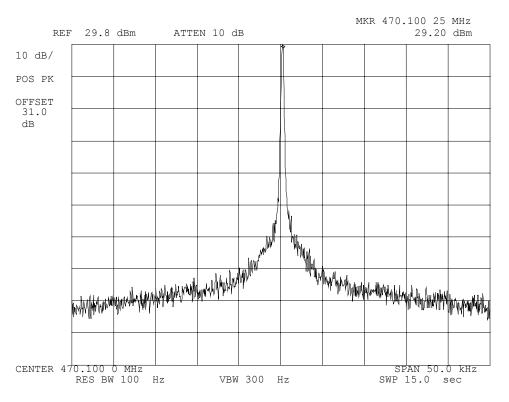
- 1. The EUT and test equipment were set up as shown on the following page, with the Spectrum Analyzer connected.
- 2. For EUTs supporting audio modulation, the audio signal generator was adjusted to the frequency of maximum response and with output level set for  $\pm 2.5/\pm 1.25$  kHz deviation (or 50% modulation). With level constant, the signal level was increased 16 dB.
- 3. For EUTs supporting digital modulation, the digital modulation mode was operated to its maximum extent.
- 4. The Occupied Bandwidth was measured with the Spectrum Analyzer controls set as shown on the test results.
- 5. Measurement Results: Attached

Page Number 20 of 42.

Name of Test: Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)

g03b0079: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 09:01:00

State: 1:Low Power Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C



Power: LOW Modulation: NONE

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

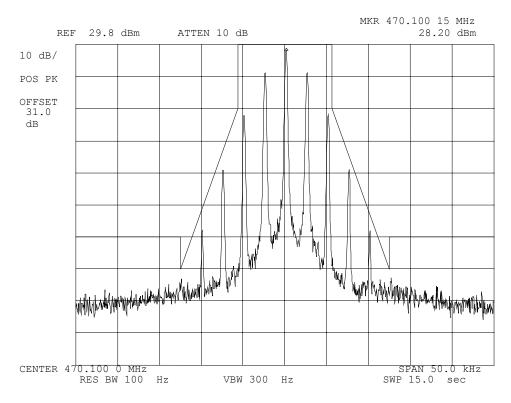
Osmif M. O. Mr.

Page Number 21 of 42.

Name of Test: Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)

g03b0081: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 09:08:00

State: 1:Low Power Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C



Power: LOW

Modulation: VOICE: 2500 Hz SINE WAVE

MASK: D, VHF/UHF 12.5kHz BW

Performed by:

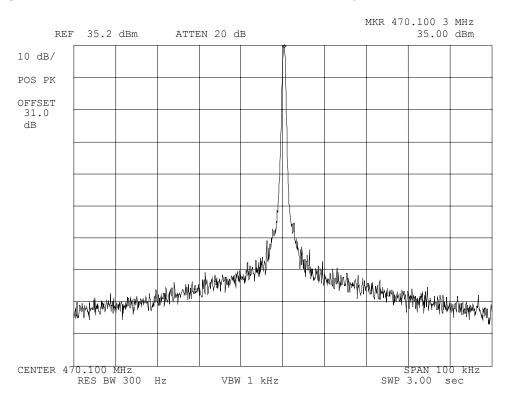
Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 22 of 42.

Name of Test: Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)

g03b0078: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 09:00:00

State: 2:High Power Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C



Power: HIGH Modulation: NONE

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

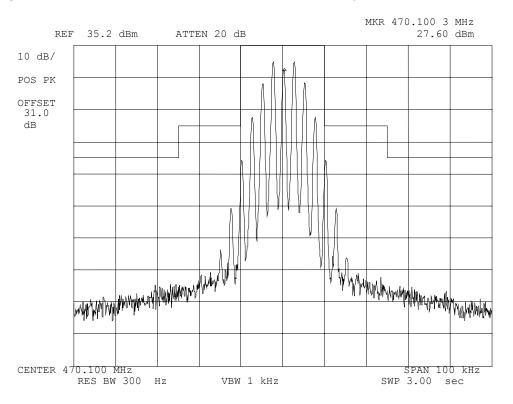
Osmif M. O. Mr.

Page Number 23 of 42.

Name of Test: Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)

g03b0080: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 09:04:00

State: 2:High Power Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C



Power: HIGH

Modulation: VOICE: 2500 Hz SINE WAVE

MASK: B, VHF/UHF 25kHz, w/LPF

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Osmif M. O. Mr.

Page Number 24 of 42.

Name of Test: Transient Frequency Behavior

**Specification**: 47 CFR 90.214

**Guide**: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.19

**Test Equipment**: As per attached page

#### **Measurement Procedure**

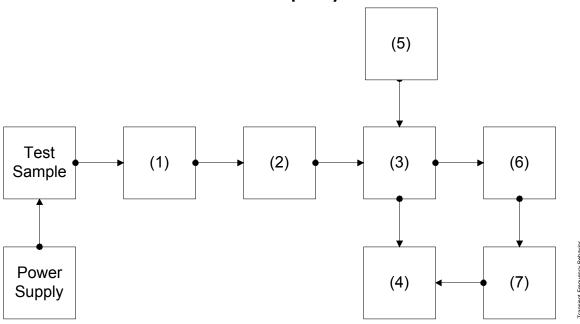
- A) The EUT was setup as shown on the attached page, following TIA/EIA-603 steps a, b, and c as a *guide*.
- B) The transmitter was turned on.
- C) Sufficient attenuation was provided so that the transmitter carrier level measured at the output of the combiner was 40 dB below the maximum input level of the test receiver. This level was recorded.
- D) The transmitter was turned off.
- E) An RF signal generator (1) modulated with a 1 kHz tone at either 25, 12.5, or 6.25 kHz deviation, and set to the same frequency as the assigned transmitter frequency, (2) was adjusted to a level -20 dB below the level recorded for step C) above, measured at the output of the combiner. This level was then fixed for the remainder of the test.
- F) The oscilloscope was setup using TIA/EIA-603 steps j and k as a guide, and to either 10 ms/div (UHF) or 5 ms/div (VHF).
- G) The 30 dB attenuator was removed, the transmitter was turned on, and the level of the carrier at the output of the combiner was recorded.
- H) The <u>carrier on-time</u> as referenced in TIA/EIA-603 steps m, n, and o was captured and plotted. The <u>carrier off-time</u> as referenced in TIA/EIA-603 steps p, q, r, and s was captured and plotted.

Performed by: Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Omil M. O.th

25 of 42.

# **Transient Frequency Behavior**



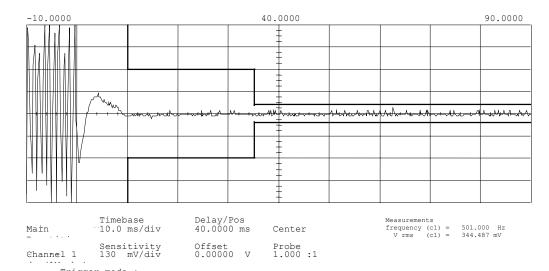
	Asset	Description	s/n
		r (Removed after 1st step) PASTERNACK PE7021-30 (30 dB)	231 or 232
X	<b>Attenuato</b> i00231/2 i00122/3	PASTERNACK PE7021-30 (30 dB)	231 or 232 7802 or 7802A
(3) <b>C</b>	Combiner	$4 \times 25 \Omega$ Combiner	154
` '	Crystal De i00159	coder HP 8470B Crystal Detector	1822A10054
. ,	_	<b>Generator</b> HP 8920A Communication TS	3345U01242
` '		n <b>Analyzer</b> HP 8901A Modulation Meter	2105A01087
. ,	<b>Dscillosco</b> i00030	<b>pe</b> HP 54502A Digital Oscilloscope	2927A00209

Page Number 26 of 42.

Name of Test: Transient Frequency Behavior

g03b0083: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 09:45:00

State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C



Trigger mode :
On Negative Edge Of
Trigger
- Chan2 = -25.000 mV (noise
Holdoff-=-40.000

Power: n/a

Modulation: Ref Gen=25 kHz Deviation Description: CARRIER ONT TIME

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

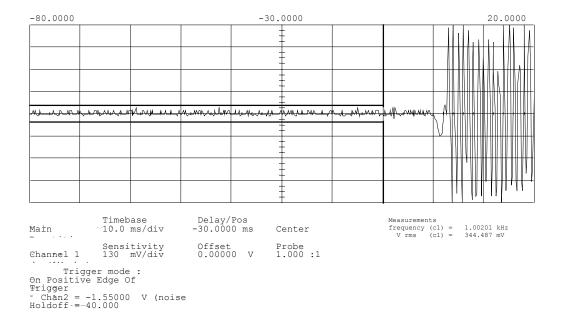
Down M. O. Mr.

Page Number 27 of 42.

Name of Test: Transient Frequency Behavior

g03b0084: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 09:48:00

State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C



Power: n/a

Modulation: Ref Gen=25 kHz Deviation

Description: CARRIER OFF TIME

Performed by: Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

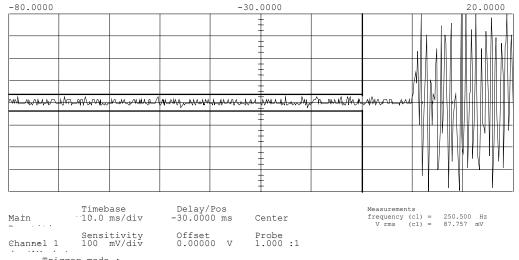
Osmif M. O. Mr.

Page Number 28 of 42.

Name of Test: Transient Frequency Behavior

g03b0085: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 09:52:00

State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C



Trigger mode:
On Positive Edge Of
Trigger
- Chan2 = -775.000 mV (noise
Holdoff-=-40.000

Power: n/a

Modulation: Ref Gen=12.5 kHz Deviation

Description: CARRIER OFF TIME

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

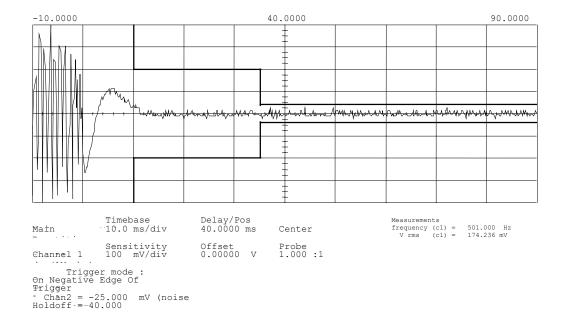
Osmif M. O. Mr.

Page Number 29 of 42.

Name of Test: Transient Frequency Behavior

g03b0086: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 09:55:00

State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C



Power: n/a

Modulation: Ref Gen=12.5 kHz Deviation

Osmif M. O. Mr.

Description: CARRIER ON TIME

Performed by: Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 30 of 42.

Name of Test: Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)

**Specification**: 47 CFR 2.1047(a)

**Guide**: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.15

**Test Equipment**: As per attached page

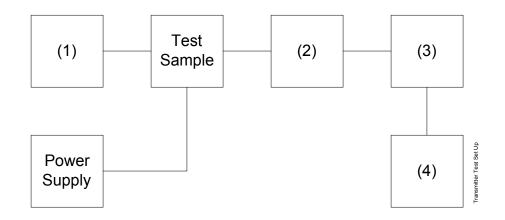
#### **Measurement Procedure**

- 1. The EUT and test equipment were set up such that the audio input was connected at the input to the modulation limiter, and the modulated stage.
- 2. The audio output was connected at the output to the modulated stage.
- 3. Measurement Results: Attached

31 of 42.

## **Transmitter Test Set-Up**

Response of Low Pass Filter Modulation Limiting



Asset Description s/n

## (1) Audio Oscillator

X i00002 HP 3336B Synthesizer / Level Gen. 1931A01465

## (2) Coaxial Attenuator

i00122/3 NARDA 766 (10dB)10 7802 or 7802A X i00231/2 PASTERNACK PE7021-30 (30 dB) 231 or 232

## (3) Modulation Analyzer

X i00020 HP 8901A Modulation Meter 2105A01087

## (4) Audio Analyzer

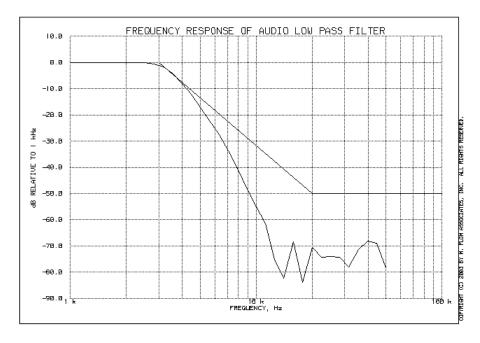
X i00001 HP 3586B Selective Level Meter 1928A01360

Page Number 32 of 42.

Name of Test: Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)

g03b0017: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 10:23:00

State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C



Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

David M. O. Mr.

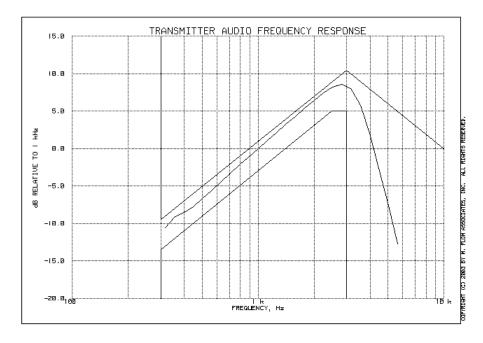
				FCC ID: ALH36923210
Page Number		33 of 42.		
Name of Test:		Audio Frequency Response		
Specification:		47 CFR 2.1047(a)		
Guide:		ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.6		
Test Equipment:		As per previous page		
		Measuremen	t Procedure	
1.	The EUT and test equipment were set up as shown on the following page.			
2.	The audio signal generator was connected to the audio input circuit/microphone of the EUT.			
3.	The audio signal input was adjusted to obtain 20% modulation at 1 kHz, and this point was taken as the 0 dB reference level.			
4.	With input levels held constant and below limiting at all frequencies, the audio signal generator was varied from 100 Hz to 50 kHz.			
5.	The response in dB relative to 1 kHz was then measured, using the HP 8901A Modulation Analyzer.			
6.	Measurement Result	s:	Attached	

Page Number 34 of 42.

Name of Test: Audio Frequency Response

g03b0018: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 10:29:00

State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C



Frequency of Maximum Audio Response, Hz = 2820

## Additional points:

Frequency, Hz	Level, dB	
300	-11.07	
20000	-22.06	
30000	-21.98	
50000	-22.02	

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Omif M. O.M.

Page Number 35 of 42.

Name of Test: Modulation Limiting

**Specification**: 47 CFR 2.1047(b)

**Guide**: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.3

**Test Equipment**: As per previous page

#### **Measurement Procedure**

- 1. The signal generator was connected to the input of the EUT as for "Frequency Response of the Modulating Circuit."
- 2. The modulation response was measured for each of three frequencies (one of which was the frequency of maximum response), and the input voltage was varied and was observed on an HP 8901A Modulation Analyzer.
- 3. The input level was varied from 30% modulation ( $\pm 1.5$  kHz deviation) to at least 20 dB higher than the saturation point.
- 4. Measurements were performed for both negative and positive modulation and the respective results were recorded.
- 5. Measurement Results: Attached

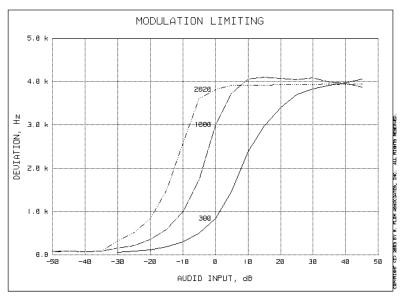
Page Number 36 of 42.

Name of Test: Modulation Limiting

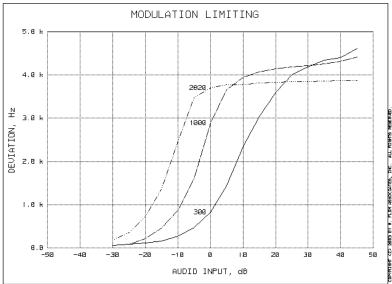
g03b0019: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 10:32:00

State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C

Positive Peaks:



Negative Peaks:



Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Down M. O. Mr.

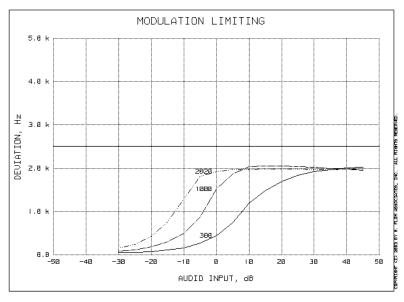
Page Number 37 of 42.

Name of Test: Modulation Limiting

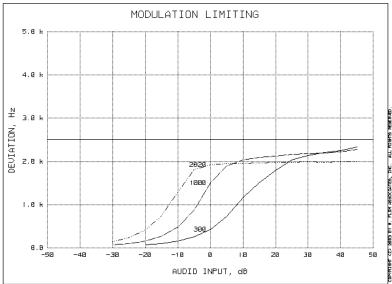
g03b0020: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 10:36:00

State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C

Positive Peaks:



Negative Peaks:



Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Down M. O. Mr.

Page Number 38 of 42.

**Name of Test**: Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)

**Specification**: 47 CFR 2.1055(a)(1)

**Guide**: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.2

**Test Conditions**: As Indicated

**Test Equipment**: As per previous page

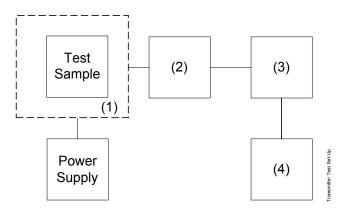
#### **Measurement Procedure**

- 1. The EUT and test equipment were set up as shown on the following page.
- 2. With all power removed, the temperature was decreased to -30°C and permitted to stabilize for three hours. Power was applied and the maximum change in frequency was noted within one minute.
- 3. With power OFF, the temperature was raised in 10°C steps. The sample was permitted to stabilize at each step for at least one-half hour. Power was applied and the maximum frequency change was noted within one minute.
- 4. The temperature tests were performed for the worst case.
- 5. Measurement Results: Attached

39 of 42.

# **Transmitter Test Set-Up**

Frequency Stability: Temperature Variation Frequency Stability: Voltage Variation



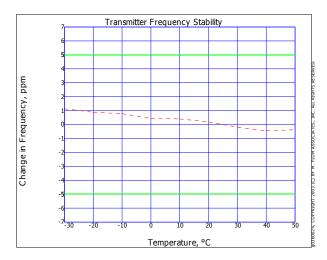
	Asset	Description	s/n			
(1) X		<b>ure, Humidity, Vibration</b> Tenney Temp. Chamber	9083-765-234			
• •	•	t <b>tenuator</b> PASTERNACK PE7021-30 (30 dB) NARDA 766 (10 dB)	231 or 232 7802 or 7802A			
(3) X	RF Power i00067	HP 8920A Communications TS	3345U01242			
(4) Frequency Counter X i00067 HP 8920A Communications TS 3345U01242						

Page Number 40 of 42.

Name of Test: Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)

g03b0024: 2003-Nov-13 Thu 13:27:26

State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C



Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

David M. O. Mr.

Page Number 41 of 42.

**Name of Test**: Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)

**Specification**: 47 CFR 2.1055(d)(1)

**Guide**: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.2

**Test Equipment**: As per previous page

#### **Measurement Procedure**

- 1. The EUT was placed in a temperature chamber at  $25\pm5^{\circ}$ C and connected as for "Frequency Stability Temperature Variation" test.
- 2. The power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value measured at the input to the EUT.
- 3. The variation in frequency was measured for the worst case.

**Results**: Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)

g03b0087: 2003-Nov-12 Wed 10:06:19

State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 22°C +/- 3°C

Limit, ppm = 5 Limit, Hz = 2351 Battery End Point (Voltage) = 6.2

% of STV	Voltage	Frequency, MHz	Change, Hz	Change, ppm
115	8.6	470.100010	10	0.02
100	7.5	470.100040	40	0.09
85	6.4	470.100060	60	0.13
83	6.2	470.100005	5	0.01

Performed by: Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 42 of 42.

Name of Test: Necessary Bandwidth and Emission Bandwidth

**Specification**: 47 CFR 2.202(g)

Modulation = 16K0F3E

### **Necessary Bandwidth Calculation:**

Maximum Modulation (M), kHz = 3 Maximum Deviation (D), kHz = 5 Constant Factor (K) = 1

Necessary Bandwidth ( $B_N$ ), kHz = (2xM)+(2xDxK)

= 16.0

Modulation = 11K0F3E

## **Necessary Bandwidth Calculation:**

Maximum Modulation (M), kHz = 3 Maximum Deviation (D), kHz = 2.5 Constant Factor (K) = 1

Necessary Bandwidth ( $B_N$ ), kHz = (2xM)+(2xDxK)

= 11.0

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

**END OF TEST REPORT** 

# Testimonial and Statement of Certification

## This is to Certify:

- 1. **That** the application was prepared either by, or under the direct supervision of, the undersigned.
- 2. **That** the technical data supplied with the application was taken under my direction and supervision.
- 3. **That** the data was obtained on representative units, randomly selected.
- 4. **That**, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the facts set forth in the application and accompanying technical data are true and correct.

Certifying Engineer:

Morton Flom, P. Eng.